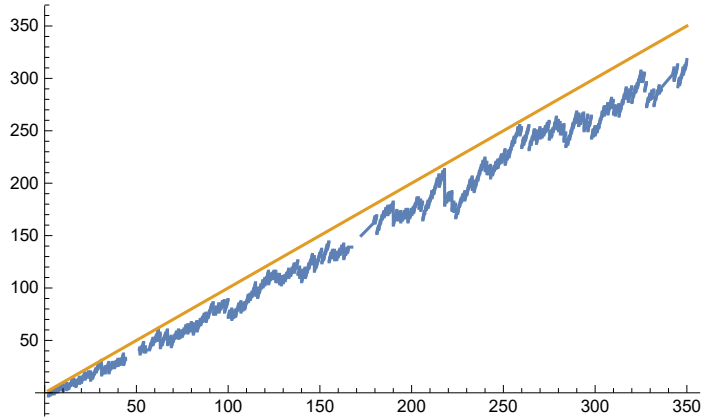


From Dusert ' s inequality we have that

$\text{Prime}[x] < x \log[x] + x \log[\log[x]]$, for $x > 6$

`Plot[{(Floor[x Log[x] + x Log[Log[x]]) - Prime[Floor[x]]), x}, {x, 2, 350}]`



`F[x_] := x - (Floor[x Log[x] + x Log[Log[x]]) - Prime[Floor[x]]`

`DusList = Table[F[i], {i, 2, 4000}];`

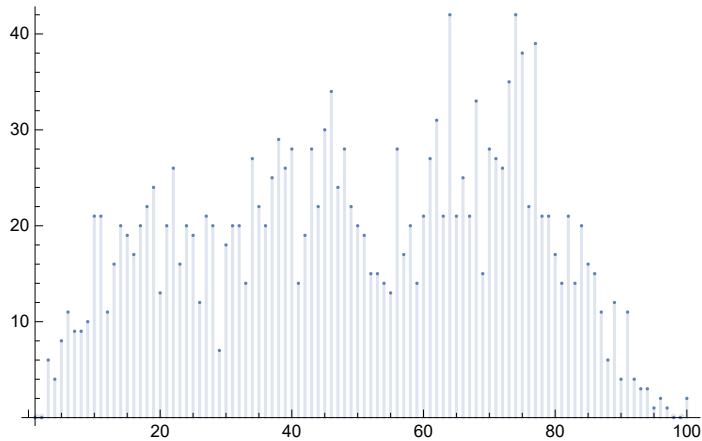
`Table[Count[DusList, Prime[i]], {i, 1, 50}]`

{0, 0, 6, 4, 8, 11, 9, 9, 10, 21, 21, 11, 16, 20, 19, 17, 20, 22, 24, 13, 20, 26, 16, 20, 19, 12, 21, 20, 7, 18, 14, 17, 13, 25, 21, 20, 24, 25, 21, 23, 11, 14, 14, 14, 13, 16, 12, 11, 6, 5}

`xMAX = 10000;`

`DusList = Table[F[i], {i, 2, xMAX}];`

`DiscretePlot[Count[DusList, Prime[i]], {i, 1, 100}]`



```

iMAX = 4000;
DusList = Table[F[i], {i, 2, iMAX}];
Table[{i, Count[DusList, i]}, {i, 1, 50}]
(* Gives a list of {i, n} which means that integer i appears n times in DusList *)
{{1, 0}, {2, 0}, {3, 0}, {4, 0}, {5, 6}, {6, 4}, {7, 4}, {8, 6}, {9, 6}, {10, 2},
{11, 8}, {12, 6}, {13, 11}, {14, 9}, {15, 7}, {16, 12}, {17, 9}, {18, 12},
{19, 9}, {20, 9}, {21, 19}, {22, 5}, {23, 10}, {24, 11}, {25, 15}, {26, 12},
{27, 13}, {28, 16}, {29, 21}, {30, 16}, {31, 21}, {32, 17}, {33, 17}, {34, 4},
{35, 14}, {36, 9}, {37, 11}, {38, 7}, {39, 12}, {40, 7}, {41, 16}, {42, 9},
{43, 20}, {44, 18}, {45, 22}, {46, 12}, {47, 19}, {48, 20}, {49, 17}, {50, 18}}

{5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15} - {5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15}
{5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15} [[-1]] (*Gives last element of the list *)
(*Just to show what these operations do on lists *)
{0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0}

```

15

```

Union[Table[F[i], {i, 2, 400}]] (*List of the integers created by this function *)
{5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25,
26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45,
46, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 66, 69, 72}

```

```
Range[5, 200];
```

```

iMAX = 4000;
maxint = Union[Table[F[i], {i, 2, iMAX}]] [[-1]];
(*Gives last element of this list *)
Length[Union[Table[F[i], {i, 2, iMAX}]]] + 4
Union[Table[F[i], {i, 2, iMAX}]]

```

281

```

{5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27,
28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49,
50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71,
72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93,
94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111,
112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128,
129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145,
146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162,
163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179,
180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196,
197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213,
214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230,
231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248,
249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 263, 264, 265, 268,
269, 270, 272, 274, 276, 282, 283, 284, 285, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 295, 296}

```

Most Integers >5 seem to occur in this list, not clear if all of them do, but we can see that raising the imax often fills in some missing integers

i.e. 47 doesn't appear in Union[Table[F[i],{i,2,400}]] but does appear once we go to 4000

```
Union[Table[F[i],{i,2,4000}]]
```

```
Union[Table[F[i], {i, 2, 5000}]] - Range[5, 340]
```

```
Union[Union[Table[F[i], {i, 2, 5000}]] - Range[5, 340]]
```

(*So Union[Table[F[i],{i,2,5000}]] contains all integers from 5 to 340

```
iff this last list only consists of a single zero, which it does so check*)
```

[illegible] $\{\emptyset\}$

```
iMAX = 5000;
```

$$(\text{Length}[\text{Union}[\text{Table}[F[i], \{i, 2, i\text{MAX}}\}]] + 4) - (\text{Union}[\text{Table}[F[i], \{i, 2, i\text{MAX}}\}]] [[-1]])$$

```
(*All integers above 5 included in this list only if and only if this =0*)
```

0

Note that the +4 is included since Union[Table[F[i],{i,2,iMAX}]] starts at 5

From the way

$$(\text{Length}[\text{Union}[\text{Table}[F[i], \{i, 2, i\text{MAX}}\}]] + 4) -$$

```
(Union[Table[F[i], {i, 2, iMAX}]] [[-1]])
```

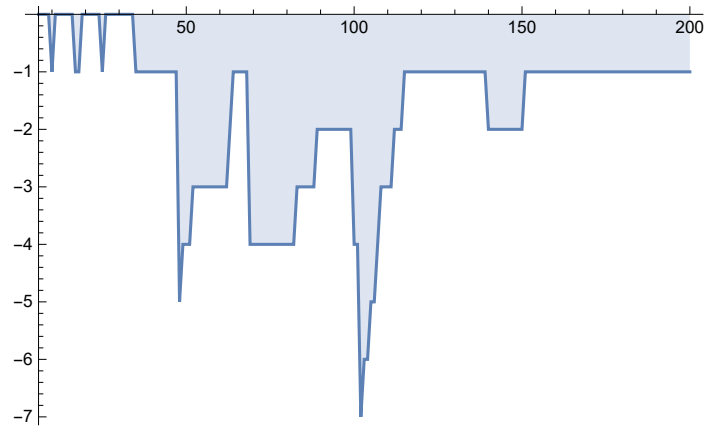
is structured the function `Union[Table[F[i], {i, 2, iMAX}]]`

contains all integers up to its last element if and only if

$$(\text{Length}[\text{Union}[\text{Table}[F[i], \{i, 2, i\text{MAX}}]]] + 4) -$$
$$(\text{Union}[\text{Table}[F[i], \{i, 2, i\text{MAX}\}]] [[-1]]) = 0$$

Which we can see is true for instances such as $i_{MAX} = 5000$

```
DiscretePlot[(Length[Union[Table[F[i], {i, 2, k}]]] + 4) -
  (Union[Table[F[i], {i, 2, k}]] [[-1]]), {k, 6, 200}]
```



```
iMAX = 150000;
(Length[Union[Table[F[i], {i, 2, iMAX}]]] + 4) - (Union[Table[F[i], {i, 2, iMAX}]] [[-1]])
(*All integers above 5 included in this list only if and only if this =0*)
-41
```

[illegible]

```
ListPlot[AAA1]
```

```
ListPlot[AAA2]
```

