### **Functions**

#### **Functions**

```
Dag[A_{]} := Transpose[Conjugate[A]];
(*Dagger and bar ONLY same in Dirac Basis, otherwise Bar[A_{]} = Dag[A_{]}.\gamma0*)
```

#### Dirac + Pauli Matrices

## Guage Covariant Derivative & 4-Derivative

```
(-+++) convention used
```

```
 \label{eq:QFTMetric} QFTMetric = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}; \\ COOD = \{x0, x1, x2, x3\}; \\ Bar[A_] := Transpose[Conjugate[A]]. \\ \gamma0 \\ GDer[A_] := i \left(\gamma0.\left(D[A, x0]\right) + \gamma1.\left(D[A, x1]\right) + \gamma2.\left(D[A, x2]\right) + \gamma3.\left(D[A, x3]\right)\right); \\ (*If EM is included need to put in EM potential terms*) \\ FourDer[A_] := D[A, x0] + D[A, x1] + D[A, x2] + D[A, x3]; \\ FourDerSQ[A_] := \\ Sum[Sum[QFTMetric[[i, i]] ((D[A, COOD[[i]]])^2), \{i, 1, 4\}][[j]], \{j, 1, 4\}][[1]] \\
```

```
FourLap[A_] := Sum \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{Abs[Det[QFTMetric]]}}D[\sqrt{Abs[Det[QFTMetric]]}\right]
         QFTMetric[[i, i]] D[A[[i]], COOD[[i]]], COOD[[i]]], {i, 1, 4}][[1]];
FourLap2[A_] := Sum \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{\text{Abs}[\text{Det}[\text{QFTMetric}]]}}D\right[
       \sqrt{\text{Abs}[\text{Det}[\text{QFTMetric}]]} QFTMetric[[i, i]] D[A[[i]], COOD[[i]]], COOD[[i]]], {i, 1, 4}];
(* Metric = metric in 4D Spacetime
     FourLapGen[A_]:=
    Sum\Big[\frac{1}{\sqrt{Abs[Det[Metric]]}}D\Big[\sqrt{Abs[Det[Metric]]}\ Metric[[i,i]]\ D[A[[i]],COOD[[i]]],COOD[[i]]\Big],
LaplaceBeltrami[A_, Metric_] :=
  Sum \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{Abs[Det[Metric]]}} D\left[ \sqrt{Abs[Det[Metric]]} \ Metric[[i,i]] D[A[[i]], COOD[[i]]], \right] \right]
       COOD[[i]]], {i, 1, Dimensions[Metric][[1]]}];
This LaplaceBeltrami function applies the Lapace
 Beltrami operator (tensor version of Laplacian) to some vector A
 which is in a spacetime described geometrically by a given metric
For instance, for the laplacian of a vector \phi in 4 Dimensional
 AdS space do LaplaceBeltrami [\phi, AdSMetric4]
This fn is only for vector A though
For matrix M, it should do something like
 D\left[\sqrt{-\text{Det[metric]}} \text{ metric.D[M, COOD[[i]]], COOD[[i]]]} \middle/ \left(\sqrt{-\text{Det[metric]}}\right), \{i, 1, 4\}\right]
```

#### AdS Math Stuff

#### **AdS Metrics**

$$AdSMetric5 = \begin{pmatrix} -L^2 \left(1 + (r^2)\right) & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & (L^2) \left(r^2\right) & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & (L^2) \left(r^2\right) \left(Sin[\alpha]^2\right) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & (L^2) \left(r^2\right) \left(Sin[\alpha]^2\right) \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$COOD5 = \{x0, x1, x2, x3, r\};$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -L^2 \left( 1 + \left( r^2 \right) \right) & \emptyset & \emptyset & \emptyset \\ \emptyset & \left( L^2 \right) \left( r^2 \right) & \emptyset & \emptyset \\ \emptyset & \emptyset & \left( L^2 \right) \left( r^2 \right) \left( \sin \left[ \alpha \right]^2 \right) & \emptyset \\ \emptyset & \emptyset & \emptyset & \left( L^2 \right) \left( 1 + \left( r^2 \right) \right)^2 \left( -1 \right) \end{pmatrix};$$

$$(* D = 4, g_{rr} = g_{33} 3rd row *)$$
  
COOD4 =  $\{x0, x1, x2, r\};$ 

$$\mbox{AdSMetric3} = \left( \begin{array}{cccc} -\mbox{L}^2 \left( 1 + \left( r^2 \right) \right) & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \left( L^2 \right) \left( r^2 \right) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \left( L^2 \right) \left( 1 + \left( r^2 \right) \right) ^2 \left( -1 \right) \end{array} \right);$$

$$COOD3 = \{x0, x1, r\};$$

#### AdS Laplacian Operators

Use Laplace-Beltrami operator:

FourLapAdS1[A\_] := Sum 
$$\left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\text{Abs}[\text{Det}[\text{AdSMetric1}]]}} \right]$$

D[ $\sqrt{\text{Abs}[\text{Det}[\text{AdSMetric1}]]}$  AdSMetric1D[A, COOD1[[i]]], COOD1[[i]]], {i, 1, 1}];

FourLapAdS2[A\_] := Sum  $\left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\text{Abs}[\text{Det}[\text{AdSMetric2}]]}} \right]$ 

AdSMetric2[[i, i]] D[A[[i]], COOD2[[i]]], COOD2[[i]]], {i, 1, 2}][[1]];

FourLapAdS3[A\_] := Sum  $\left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\text{Abs}[\text{Det}[\text{AdSMetric3}]]}} \right]$ 

AdSMetric3[[i, i]] D[A[[i]], COOD3[[i]]], COOD3[[i]]], {i, 1, 3}][[1]];

FourLapAdS4[A\_] := Sum  $\left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\text{Abs}[\text{Det}[\text{AdSMetric4}]]}} \right]$ 

AdSMetric4[[i, i]] D[A[[i]], COOD4[[i]]], COOD4[[i]]], {i, 1, 4}][[1]];

FourLapAdS5[A\_] := Sum  $\left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\text{Abs}[\text{Det}[\text{AdSMetric5}]]}} \right]$ 

AdSMetric5[[i, i]] D[A[[i]], COOD5[[i]]], COOD5[[i]]], {i, 1, 5}][[1]];

FourLapAdS5Scalar[A\_] := Sum  $\left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\text{Abs}[\text{Det}[\text{AdSMetric5}]]}} \right]$ 

AdSMetric5[[i, i]] D[A, COOD5[[i]]], COOD5[[i]]], {i, 1, 5}][[1]];

```
 \sqrt{Abs[Det[AdSMetric1]]} \  // FullSimplify \\ \sqrt{Abs[Det[AdSMetric2]]} \  // FullSimplify \\ \sqrt{Abs[Det[AdSMetric3]]} \  // FullSimplify \\ \sqrt{Abs[Det[AdSMetric4]]} \  // FullSimplify \\ \sqrt{Abs[Det[AdSMetric5]]} \  // FullSimplify \\ \sqrt{Abs[Det[\frac{L^2}{1+r^2}]]} \\ Abs[L]^2 \\ Abs[L]^2 \\ Abs[L^3 r] \\ Abs[L^4 r^2 Sin[\alpha]] \\ Abs[L^5 r^3 Sin[\alpha]^2 Sin[\beta]]
```

# Lagrangian

```
LScalar[\phi_{-}, \psi_{-}] :=
     \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) FourDerSQ[\phi] + Bar[\psi].GDer[\psi] + Bar[\psi].\psi.\phi - \left(\frac{a}{2}\left(\phi^2\right) + \frac{b}{3!}\left(\phi^3\right) + \frac{c}{4!}\left(\phi^4\right)\right)
\phi = \{ \{ \phi0[x0, x1, x2, x3] \}, \{ \phi1[x0, x1, x2, x3] \}, \{ \phi2[x0, x1, x2, x3] \}, \{ \phi3[x0, x1, x2, x3] \} \};
\phi 5 = \{ \{ \phi 0 [x0, x1, x2, x3, r] \}, \{ \phi 1 [x0, x1, x2, x3, r] \}, \}
            \{\phi 2[x0, x1, x2, x3, r]\}, \{\phi 3[x0, x1, x2, x3, r]\}, \{\phi r[x0, x1, x2, x3, r]\}\};
\psi = \{\{\psi 0[x0, x1, x2, x3]\}, \{\psi 1[x0, x1, x2, x3]\}, \{\psi 2[x0, x1, x2, x3]\}, \{\psi 3[x0, x1, x2, x3]\}\};
FourDerSQ[\phi]
FourLap[\phi] (*To check the code *)
\phi \Theta^{(0,0,0,1)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]<sup>2</sup> + \phi 1^{(0,0,0,1)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]<sup>2</sup> +
   \phi 2^{(0,0,0,1)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]^2 + \phi 3^{(0,0,0,1)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]^2 +
   \phi \theta^{(0,0,1,0)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]<sup>2</sup> + \phi 1^{(0,0,1,0)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]<sup>2</sup> + \phi 2^{(0,0,1,0)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]<sup>2</sup> +
   \phi 3^{(0,0,1,0)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]<sup>2</sup> + \phi 0^{(0,1,0,0)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]<sup>2</sup> + \phi 1^{(0,1,0,0)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]<sup>2</sup> +
    \phi 2^{(0,1,0,0)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]^2 + \phi 3^{(0,1,0,0)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]^2 - \phi 0^{(1,0,0,0)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]^2 - \phi 0^{(1,0
    \phi 1^{(1,0,0,0)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]^2 - \phi 2^{(1,0,0,0)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]^2 - \phi 3^{(1,0,0,0)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]^2
\phi 3^{(0,0,0,2)} [x0, x1, x2, x3] + \phi 2^{(0,0,2,0)} [x0, x1, x2, x3] +
   \phi \mathbf{1}^{(0,2,0,0)} [x0, x1, x2, x3] - \phi \mathbf{0}^{(2,0,0,0)} [x0, x1, x2, x3]
After applying Euler-Lagrange Eqn it becomes
FourLap[\phic] - Bar[\psi] \cdot \psi + (a (\phic) + \frac{b}{2} (\phic^2) + \frac{c}{6} (\phic^3)) = 0
FourLap[\phic] - Bar[\psi].\psi - ((m^2) (\phiAdS) + \beta (\phiAdS^2) + (2\lambda) (\phiAdS^3)) = 0
Potential U min occurs at \phi=0 and at \phic
```

$$\phi$$
cplus =  $-\frac{3b}{2c}\left(1-\sqrt{1-\frac{(8ac)}{(3b^2)}}\right);$ 

$$\phi$$
 cminus =  $-\frac{3 b}{2 c} \left[ 1 + \sqrt{1 - \frac{(8 a c)}{(3 b^2)}} \right];$ 

FourLap2[
$$\phi$$
cplus] - Bar[ $\psi$ ]. $\psi$  +  $\left(a\left(\phi$ cplus\right) +  $\frac{b}{2}\left(\phi$ cplus^2\right) +  $\frac{c}{6}\left(\phi$ cplus^3\right)\right) // FullSimplify (\* =0 \*)

FourLap2[
$$\phi$$
cminus] - Bar[ $\psi$ ]. $\psi$  +  $\left(a\left(\phi$ cminus\right) +  $\frac{b}{2}\left(\phi$ cminus^2\right) +  $\frac{c}{6}\left(\phi$ cminus^3\right)\right] //

$$\{-Abs[\psi 0[x0, x1, x2, x3]]^2 - Abs[\psi 1[x0, x1, x2, x3]]^2 + Abs[\psi 2[x0, x1, x2, x3]]^2 + Abs[\psi 3[x0, x1, x2, x3]]^2\}\}$$

$$\{ \{-Abs[\psi 0[x0, x1, x2, x3]]^2 - Abs[\psi 1[x0, x1, x2, x3]]^2 + Abs[\psi 2[x0, x1, x2, x3]]^2 + Abs[\psi 3[x0, x1, x2, x3]]^2 \} \}$$

As would be expected. So even if a,b,c depend on the  $x\mu$ , we have the constraint

FourLap[ $\phi$ cminus] = Bar[ $\psi$ ]. $\psi$ 

Which would govern how they depend on the  $x\mu$ 

$$\phi AdS = Exp[-i\Delta x0] (1 + (r^2))^(-\Delta/2);$$

$$\Delta = \left(\frac{\text{Dim}}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\left(\frac{\text{Dim}^2}{4}\right) + (\text{m L})^2};$$

FourLapAdS5Scalar[
$$\phi$$
AdS] -  $((m^2) (\phi AdS))$  /. Dim  $\rightarrow$  4 /. m  $\rightarrow$  0  
FourLapAdS5Scalar[ $\phi$ AdS] -  $((m^2) (\phi AdS))$  /. Dim  $\rightarrow$  4 /. m  $\rightarrow$   $(L^{(-1)})$  // FullSimplify

$$\frac{16 \, \operatorname{\mathbb{e}}^{-4 \, \operatorname{i} \, x\emptyset} \, L^2}{1 + r^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{L^{2}}e^{-i\,\left(2+\sqrt{5}\,\right)\,x0}\,\left(1+r^{2}\right)^{-1-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}}\,\left(-1+\left(9+4\,\sqrt{5}\,\right)\,L^{4}\,\left(1+r^{2}\right)\right)$$

#### FourLapAdS5 [ $\phi$ 5]

$$\left( -\frac{1}{\left( 1 + r^2 \right)^2} 2 \, L^2 \, r \, \sqrt{\mathsf{Abs}} \left[ -\frac{L^{10} \, r^6 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{1 + r^2} - \frac{L^{10} \, r^8 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{1 + r^2} \right] \\ \phi r^{(\theta,\theta,\theta,\theta,1)} \left[ \mathsf{x} \theta, \, \mathsf{x} 1, \, \mathsf{x} 2, \, \mathsf{x} 3, \, r \right] + \left( L^2 \left( \frac{2 \, L^{10} \, r^7 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{\left( 1 + r^2 \right)^2} + \frac{2 \, L^{10} \, r^9 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{\left( 1 + r^2 \right)^2} - \frac{6 \, L^{10} \, r^5 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{1 + r^2} - \frac{8 \, L^{10} \, r^7 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{1 + r^2} \right) \\ - \left( 2 \, L^{10} \, r^6 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{1 + r^2} - \frac{L^{10} \, r^8 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{1 + r^2} \right] \, \phi r^{(\theta,\theta,\theta,0,1)} \left[ \mathsf{x} \theta, \, \mathsf{x} 1, \, \mathsf{x} 2, \, \mathsf{x} 3, \, r \right] \right) \\ - \left( 2 \, \left( 1 + r^2 \right) \, \sqrt{\mathsf{Abs}} \left[ -\frac{L^{10} \, r^6 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{1 + r^2} - \frac{L^{10} \, r^8 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{1 + r^2} \right] \right) + \frac{1}{1 + r^2} \\ - L^2 \, \sqrt{\mathsf{Abs}} \left[ -\frac{L^{10} \, r^6 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{1 + r^2} - \frac{L^{10} \, r^8 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{1 + r^2} \right) \phi r^{(\theta,\theta,\theta,\theta,2)} \left[ \mathsf{x} \theta, \, \mathsf{x} 1, \, \mathsf{x} 2, \, \mathsf{x} 3, \, r \right] \right) \\ - \left( \sqrt{\mathsf{Abs}} \left[ -\frac{L^{10} \, r^6 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{1 + r^2} - \frac{L^{10} \, r^8 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{1 + r^2} \right) \phi r^{(\theta,\theta,\theta,\theta,2)} \left[ \mathsf{x} \theta, \, \mathsf{x} 1, \, \mathsf{x} 2, \, \mathsf{x} 3, \, r \right] \right) \right) \\ - r^2 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^2 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^2 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{1 + r^2} - \frac{L^{10} \, r^8 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{1 + r^2} \right] \right) + L^2 \\ - r^2 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^2 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^2 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^3 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{1 + r^2} - \frac{L^{10} \, r^8 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^4 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^2}{1 + r^2} \right] \right) + L^2 \\ - r^2 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^2 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^3 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^3 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^3 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^3 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \beta \right]^3 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \alpha \right]^3 \, \mathsf{Sin} \left[$$

$$e^{-3 \, \mathrm{i} \, \left(2 + \sqrt{5} \,\right) \, \times \emptyset} \, \left(1 + r^2\right)^{-\frac{3}{2} \, \left(2 + \sqrt{5} \,\right)} \, \left(B \, e^{\mathrm{i} \, \left(2 + \sqrt{5} \,\right) \, \times \emptyset} \, \left(1 + r^2\right)^{1 + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}} + 2 \, \lambda \right)$$

FourLapAdS5Scalar[ $\phi$ AdS] - ((m^2) ( $\phi$ AdS) + B ( $\phi$ AdS^2) + (2 $\lambda$ ) ( $\phi$ AdS^3)) /. Dim  $\rightarrow$  4 /. m  $\rightarrow$  0 // **FullSimplify** 

$$\frac{1}{\left(1+\,r^{2}\right)^{\,6}}\mathbb{e}^{-12\,\mathrm{i}\,\,x\theta}\,\,\left(-\,B\,\,\mathbb{e}^{4\,\mathrm{i}\,\,x\theta}\,\,\left(1+\,r^{2}\right)^{\,2}\,+\,16\,\,\mathbb{e}^{8\,\mathrm{i}\,\,x\theta}\,\,L^{2}\,\,\left(1+\,r^{2}\right)^{\,5}\,-\,2\,\,\lambda\right)$$

$$\phi$$
50r = {{ $\phi$ 0[x0]}, {0}, {0}, { $\phi$ r[r]}};

Assuming[ $\{L > 0, r > 0, \alpha \in Reals, \beta \in Reals\}$ , FourLapAdS5[ $\phi$ 50r] // FullSimplify] Solve  $[FourLapAdS5[\phi50r] - ((m^2)(\phi50r) + B(\phi50r^2) + (2\lambda)(\phi50r^3)) = 0, {\phi0[x0]}]$  // FullSimplify // MatrixForm

$$\frac{1}{r\,\left(1+r^2\right)^2}L^2\,\left(\left(-\,2\,\,r^2\,+\,3\,\,\left(1+r^2\right)\,\,\text{Sign}\left[\,\text{Sin}\left[\,\alpha\,\right]\,\right]^4\right)\,\,\phi r'\left[\,r\,\right]\,+\,r\,\left(1+r^2\right)\,\,\left(-\,\left(1+r^2\right)^2\,\phi\theta''\left[\,x\theta\,\right]\,+\,\phi r''\left[\,r\,\right]\,\right)\right)$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{c} \phi \mathbf{0} \left[ \mathbf{x} \mathbf{0} \right] \rightarrow \mathbf{0} \\ \phi \mathbf{0} \left[ \mathbf{x} \mathbf{0} \right] \rightarrow -\frac{\mathbf{B} + \sqrt{\mathbf{B}^2 - \mathbf{8} \, \mathbf{m}^2 \, \lambda}}{4 \, \lambda} \\ \phi \mathbf{0} \left[ \mathbf{x} \mathbf{0} \right] \rightarrow \frac{-\mathbf{B} + \sqrt{\mathbf{B}^2 - \mathbf{8} \, \mathbf{m}^2 \, \lambda}}{4 \, \lambda} \end{array} \right)$$

Assuming[ $\{L > 0, r > 0, \alpha \in Reals, \beta \in Reals\}$ , FourLapAdS5[ $\phi$ 5] // FullSimplify] Solve [FourLapAdS5[ $\phi$ 5] - ((m^2) ( $\phi$ 5) + B ( $\phi$ 5^2) + (2 $\lambda$ ) ( $\phi$ 5^3)) == 0, { $\phi$ 0[x0]}] // FullSimplify // MatrixForm

$$\frac{1}{\left(1+r^2\right)^2} \, L^2 \left( \frac{1}{r} \left( -2\,r^2 + 3\,\left(1+r^2\right)\, \text{Sign}[\text{Sin}[\alpha]\,]^4 \right) \, \phi r^{(\theta,\theta,\theta,\theta,1)} \left[ \text{x0, x1, x2, x3, r} \right] + \\ \left( 1+r^2 \right) \, \left( \phi r^{(\theta,\theta,\theta,\theta,\theta,2)} \left[ \text{x0, x1, x2, x3, r} \right] + \left( 1+r^2 \right) \\ \left( r^2 \, \left( \text{Sin}[\alpha]\,^2 \, \left( \text{Sin}[\beta]\,^2 \, \phi 3^{(\theta,\theta,\theta,2,\theta)} \left[ \text{x0, x1, x2, x3, r} \right] + \phi 2^{(\theta,\theta,2,\theta,\theta)} \left[ \text{x0, x1, x2, x3, r} \right] \right) + \\ \left. \phi 1^{(\theta,2,\theta,\theta,\theta)} \left[ \text{x0, x1, x2, x3, r} \right] \right) - \left( 1+r^2 \right) \, \phi 0^{(2,\theta,\theta,\theta,\theta)} \left[ \text{x0, x1, x2, x3, r} \right] \right) \right) \right)$$

( { } )

Solve [FourLapAdS5 [ $\phi$ 5] - (( $m^2$ ) ( $\phi$ 5) + B ( $\phi$ 5 $^2$ ) + (2 $\lambda$ ) ( $\phi$ 5 $^3$ ) == 0,  $\{\phi0[x0, x1, x2, x3, r], \phi1[x0, x1, x2, x3, r], \phi2[x0, x1, x2, x3, r],$  $\phi$ 3[x0, x1, x2, x3, r],  $\phi$ r[x0, x1, x2, x3, r]}] // FullSimplify // MatrixForm

 $Solve::ivar: \{\{\phi0[x0, x1, x2, x3, r]\}, \{\phi1[x0, x1, x2, x3, r]\}, \{\phi2[x0, x1, x2, x3, r]\}, \{\phi3[x0, x1, x2, x3, r]\}, \{\phi7[x0, x1, x2, x3, r]\}\} is not a validation of the property of the proper$ variable. >>

\$Aborted