

Explore Lagrangians with Exponentials in them

$D[f, \{t, 3\}] + (D[f, \{t, 2\}])^2 + 1$ gives

$$f[t] = \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\text{PolyLog}\left[2, -E^{\left((2I) (t - \text{Subscript}[c, 1]) \right)} \right] + \right. \\ \left. (t - \text{Subscript}[c, 1]) \left(t + (2I) \text{Log}\left[1 + E^{\left((2I) (t - \text{Subscript}[c, 1]) \right)} \right] \right) - \right. \\ \left. (2I) \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[t - \text{Subscript}[c, 1]]] - \text{Subscript}[c, 1] \right) + \\ \text{Subscript}[c, 2] + t \text{Subscript}[c, 3] // \text{FullSimplify}$$

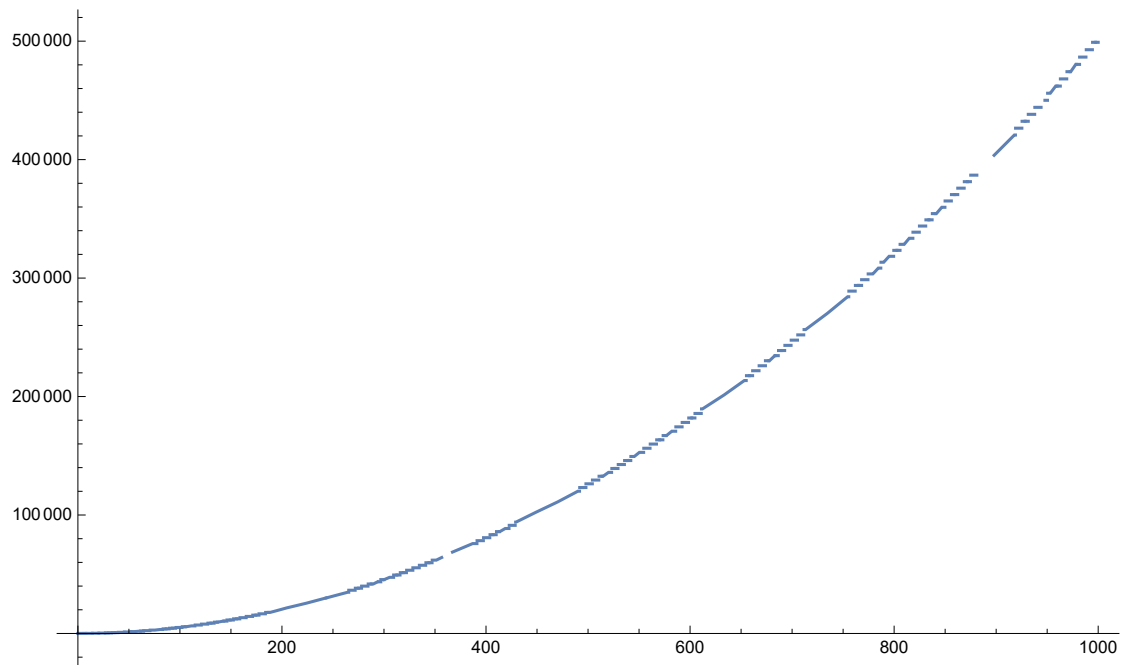
$$\frac{1}{2} i \left(\text{PolyLog}\left[2, -e^{2i(t-c_1)}\right] + (t - c_1) \left(t + 2i \text{Log}\left[1 + e^{2i(t-c_1)}\right] - 2i \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[t - c_1]] - c_1 \right) + \right. \\ \left. c_2 + t c_3 \right)$$

Second eqn: $(D[g, \{t, 3\}] + (D[g, \{t, 2\}])^2) \text{Exp}[D[g, \{t, 1\}] - g] + 1$

$$\text{Table}\left[\frac{1}{2} i \left(\text{PolyLog}\left[2, -e^{2i(t)}\right] + (t) \left(t + 2i \text{Log}\left[1 + e^{2i(t)}\right] - 2i \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[t]] \right) \right), \{t, 0, 5\}\right] // \\ \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$\left\{ -\frac{i \pi^2}{24}, -\text{Log}\left[1 + e^{2i}\right] + \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[1]] + \frac{1}{2} i \left(1 + \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -e^{2i}\right] \right), \right. \\ \frac{1}{2} i \left(-4 + 8\pi + 4i \text{Log}[2] + \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -e^{4i}\right] \right), \\ \frac{1}{2} i \left(9 + 6\pi + 6i \text{Log}\left[1 + e^{6i}\right] - 6i \text{Log}[-\text{Cos}[3]] + \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -e^{6i}\right] \right), \\ 8i + 2i \pi + \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{(1 + e^{8i})^4}\right] + \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[4]^4] + \frac{1}{2} i \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -e^{8i}\right], \\ \left. -5 \text{Log}\left[1 + e^{10i}\right] + 5 \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[5]] + \frac{1}{2} i \left(25 + \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -e^{10i}\right] \right) \right\}$$

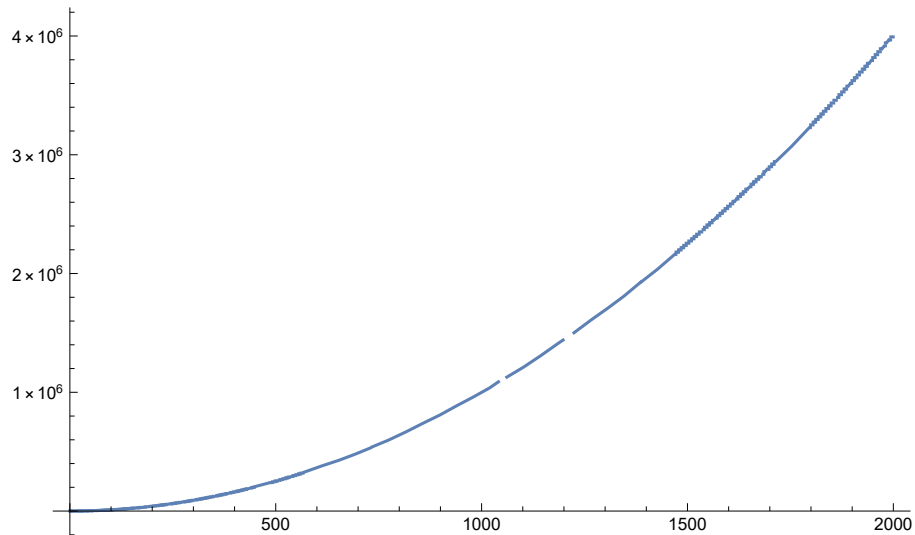
Plot[
 Abs[$\frac{1}{2} \Im \left(\text{PolyLog}[2, -e^{2 \Im(t)}] + (t) (t + 2 \Im \text{Log}[1 + e^{2 \Im(t)}] - 2 \Im \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[t]]) \right)$], {t, 0, 1000}]



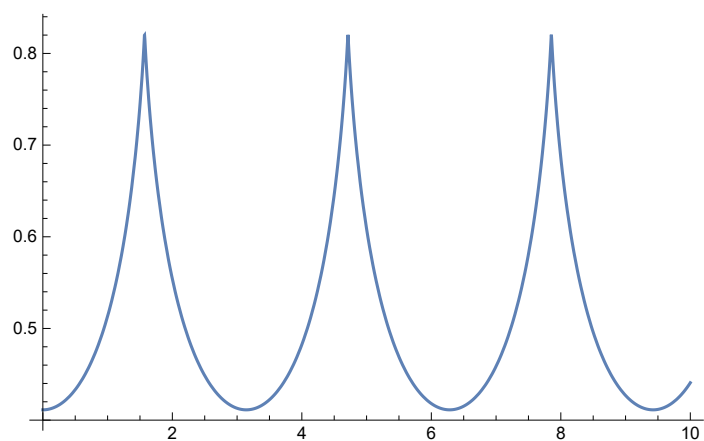
$E^2 // N$

7.38906

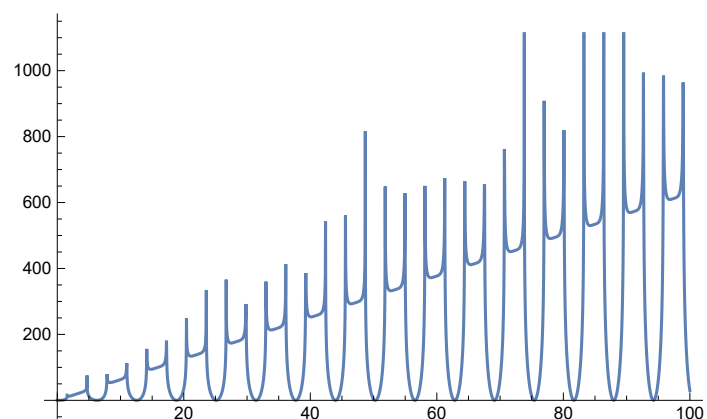
Plot[{Abs[(t) (t + 2 $\Im \text{Log}[1 + e^{2 \Im(t)}]$ - 2 $\Im \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[t]]$)]}, {t, 0, 2000}]



```
Plot[{Abs[ $\frac{1}{2} i$  (PolyLog[2,  $-e^{2 i (t)}$ ])]], {t, 0, 10}]
```



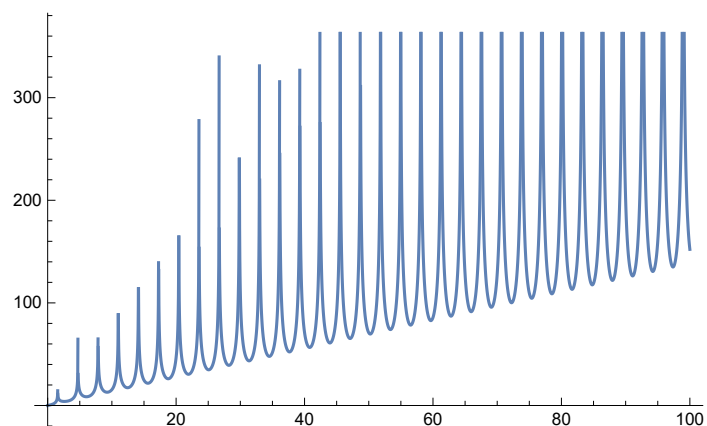
```
Plot[{Abs[(t) (-2 i Log[Cos[t]])]], {t, 0, 100}]
```



```
Cos[2 π]
```

```
1
```

```
Plot[{Abs[(t) (2 i Log[1 +  $e^{2 i (t)}$ ])]], {t, 0, 100}]
```



```
EulerEquations[f, u[x], x]
```

```
DSolve[(D[f[t], {t, 3}] + (D[f[t], {t, 2}])^2) + 1 == 0, f[t], t]
```

```
{ {f[t] →
```



```
  C[2] + t C[3] +  $\frac{1}{2} i \left( (t - C[1]) (t - C[1] + 2 i \operatorname{Log}[1 + e^{2 i (t - C[1])}] - 2 i \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[t - C[1]]]) + \right.$   
  PolyLog[2, -e^{2 i (t - C[1])}] ) }
```

```
DSolve[(D[g[t], {t, 3}] + (D[g[t], {t, 2}])^2) Exp[D[g[t], {t, 1}] - g[t]] + 1 == 0, g[t], t]
```

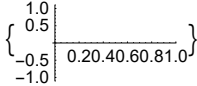
```
DSolve[1 + e^{-g[t] + g'[t]} (g''[t]^2 + g^{(3)}[t]) == 0, g[t], t]
```

```
NDSolve[{(D[g[t], {t, 3}] + (D[g[t], {t, 2}])^2) Exp[D[g[t], {t, 1}] - g[t]] + 1 == 0,  
  g[0] == 1, g'[0] == .1, g''[0] == .2}, g, {t, 0, 3}]
```

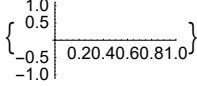
NDSolve::npsz: At t == 0.9841176613637623, step size is effectively zero; singularity or stiff system suspected. >>

```
{ {g → InterpolatingFunction[  Domain: {{0., 0.984}}  
  Output: scalar ] ] }
```

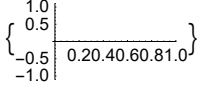
```
Plot[Evaluate[g[t] /. %], {t, 0.1, 0.9841176613637623}]
```

ReplaceAll::reps:  is neither a list of replacement rules nor a valid dispatch table, and so cannot be used for

replacing. >>

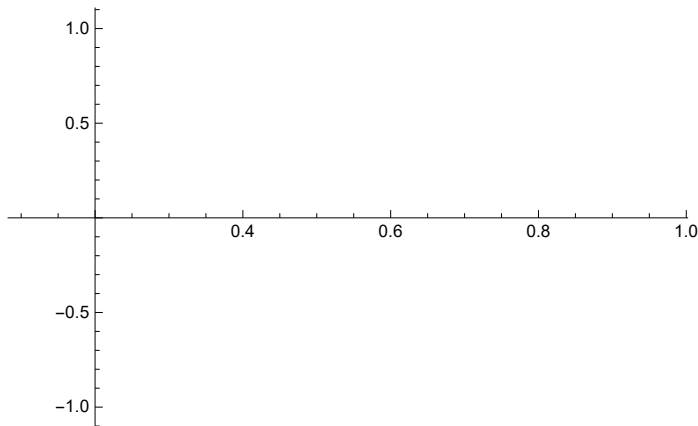
ReplaceAll::reps:  is neither a list of replacement rules nor a valid dispatch table, and so cannot be used for

replacing. >>

ReplaceAll::reps:  is neither a list of replacement rules nor a valid dispatch table, and so cannot be used for

replacing. >>

General::stop: Further output of ReplaceAll::reps will be suppressed during this calculation. >>



```
NDSolve[{(D[g[t], {t, 3}] + (D[g[t], {t, 2}])^2) Exp[D[g[t], {t, 1}] - g[t]] + 1 == 0,
  g[0] == .001, g[.5] == .5, g[1] == 1}, g, {t, 0, 1}]
```

```
{ {g -> InterpolatingFunction[
```



Domain: {{0., 1.}}

Output: scalar

```
] ] }
```