

Explore some functions Relevant to Quantum Statistics, their Generalizations , and Mathematical functions with similar properties

Part 1

$$\sum_{N=0}^r ((E^(-Nb)))$$

$$\frac{e^{-b r} (-1 + e^{b + b r})}{-1 + e^b}$$

$$\text{Assuming}[b > 0, \text{Limit}\left[\frac{1}{-1 + e^b} - \frac{1 + r}{-1 + e^{b(1+r)}}, r \rightarrow \text{Infinity}\right]]$$

$$\text{Assuming}[b < 0, \text{Limit}\left[\frac{1}{-1 + e^b} - \frac{1 + r}{-1 + e^{b(1+r)}}, r \rightarrow \text{Infinity}\right]]$$

$$\frac{1}{-1 + e^b}$$

∞

$$\left(\frac{1}{\left(\beta \frac{-1 + e^{-(1+r) \beta (e\theta - \mu)}}{-1 + e^{-\beta (e\theta - \mu)}}\right)}\right) \left(\partial_{\mu} \left(\frac{-1 + e^{-(1+r) \beta (e\theta - \mu)}}{-1 + e^{-\beta (e\theta - \mu)}}\right)\right) // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$\frac{1}{-1 + e^{\beta (e\theta - \mu)}} - \frac{1 + r}{-1 + e^{(1+r) \beta (e\theta - \mu)}}$$

$$\frac{1}{-1 + e^{\beta (e\theta - \mu)}} - \frac{1 + r}{-1 + e^{(1+r) \beta (e\theta - \mu)}} /. (\beta (e\theta - \mu)) \rightarrow b$$

$$\frac{1}{-1 + e^b} - \frac{1 + r}{-1 + e^{b(1+r)}}$$

$$\text{Assuming}[b > 0, \text{Limit}\left[\frac{-1 + e^{-(1+r) b}}{-1 + e^{-b}}, r \rightarrow \text{Infinity}\right]]$$

$$\text{Assuming}[b < 0, \text{Limit}\left[\frac{-1 + e^{-(1+r) b}}{-1 + e^{-b}}, r \rightarrow \text{Infinity}\right]]$$

$$\frac{e^b}{-1 + e^b}$$

$$\frac{\infty}{-1 + e^{-b}}$$

$$\sum_{N=1}^r (N^k) // \text{FullSimplify}$$

HarmonicNumber[r, -k]

FunctionExpand[HarmonicNumber[r, -k]] // FullSimplify

-HurwitzZeta[-k, 1 + r] + Zeta[-k]

HarmonicNumber[r, -k] = Zeta[-k] - Zeta[-k, 1 + r]

HarmonicNumber[r, -k]; (* is equivalent to: *)

Zeta[-k] - Zeta[-k, 1 + r];

HarmonicNumber[r, 1]

Zeta[1] - Zeta[1, 1 + r]

HarmonicNumber[r]

Infinity::indet: Indeterminate expression ComplexInfinity + ComplexInfinity encountered. >>

Indeterminate

Zeta[-k] - Zeta[-k, 1 + r] // FullSimplify

Zeta[-k] - Zeta[-k, 1 + r]

Zeta[-k] - Zeta[-k, 2]

1

Solve[Zeta[-k] - Zeta[-k, q] == Zeta[k], q]

Solve::nsmet: This system cannot be solved with the methods available to Solve. >>

Solve[Zeta[-k] - Zeta[-k, q] == Zeta[k], q]

HarmonicNumber[1, -k]

1

TrigToExp[Sinh[b N]]

$$-\frac{1}{2} e^{-b N} + \frac{e^{b N}}{2}$$

$$\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} (\text{Exp}[b N] - \text{Exp}[-b N]) // \text{FullSimplify}$$

Sum::div: Sum does not converge. >>

$$\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} (-e^{-b N} + e^{b N})$$

Assuming $\left[b > 0, \sum_{N=0}^{\infty} (\text{Exp}[b N] - \text{Exp}[-b N])\right] // \text{FullSimplify}$

Assuming $\left[b < 0, \sum_{N=0}^{\infty} (\text{Exp}[b N] - \text{Exp}[-b N])\right] // \text{FullSimplify}$

Simplify::time : Number of seconds 300 is not a positive machine-sized number or Infinity. >>

Simplify::time : Number of seconds 300 is not a positive machine-sized number or Infinity. >>

$$-\text{Coth}\left[\frac{b}{2}\right]$$

Simplify::time : Number of seconds 300 is not a positive machine-sized number or Infinity. >>

Simplify::time : Number of seconds 300 is not a positive machine-sized number or Infinity. >>

$$-\text{Coth}\left[\frac{b}{2}\right]$$

TrigToExp $\left[-\text{Coth}\left[\frac{b}{2}\right]\right]$

$$-\frac{e^{-b/2} + e^{b/2}}{-e^{-b/2} + e^{b/2}}$$

Simplify $\left[-\frac{e^{-b/2} + e^{b/2}}{-e^{-b/2} + e^{b/2}}\right]$

$$\frac{1 + e^b}{1 - e^b}$$

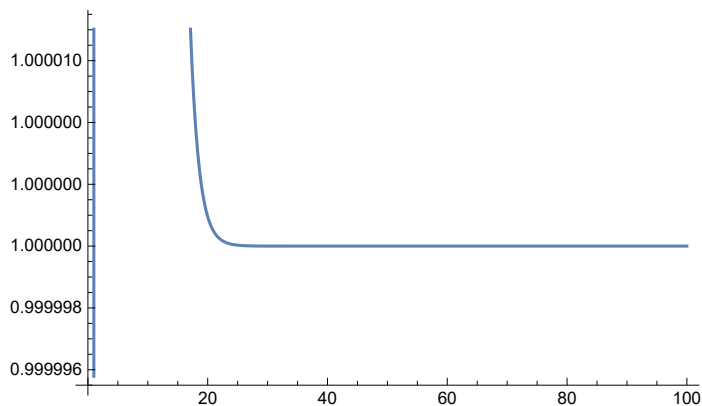
$\sum_{N=0}^{\infty} (\text{Exp}[b N]) // \text{FullSimplify}$

$\sum_{N=0}^{\infty} (\text{Exp}[-b N]) // \text{FullSimplify}$

$$\frac{1}{1 - e^b}$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{-1 + e^b}$$

Plot $[\text{Zeta}[z], \{z, 0, 100\}]$

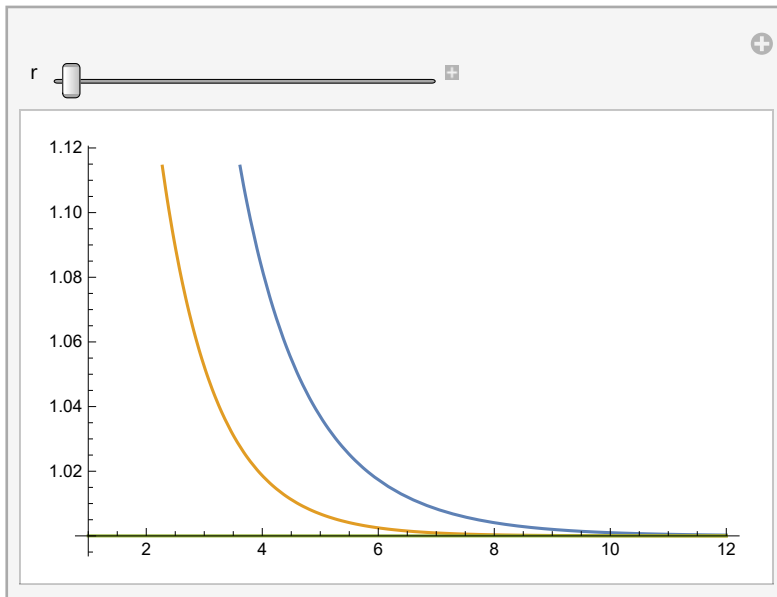


`Solve[$\frac{1}{1 - e^{-b}}$ == Zeta[b], b]`

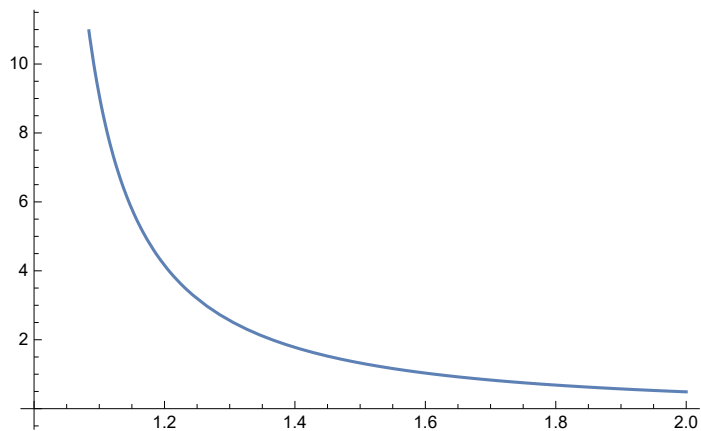
`Solve::nsmet`: This system cannot be solved with the methods available to Solve. >>

`Solve[$\frac{1}{1 - e^{-b}}$ == Zeta[b], b]`

`Manipulate[Plot[{Zeta[b], $\frac{1}{1 - e^{-b}}$, $\frac{-1 + e^{-(1+r)b}}{-1 + e^{-b}}$ }, {b, 1, 12}], {r, 0, 100}]`



`Plot[Zeta[b] - $\frac{1}{1 - e^{-b}}$, {b, 1, 2}]`



`Zeta[b] - $\frac{-1 + e^{-(1+r)b}}{-1 + e^{-b}}$`
`- $\frac{-1 + e^{b(-1-r)}}{-1 + e^{-b}}$ + Zeta[b]`

$$(*\partial_b \left(-\frac{-1+e^b (-1-r)}{-1+e^{-b}} + \text{Zeta}[b] \right) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\left(\frac{((-b)^k \text{HarmonicNumber}[r, -k])}{(k-1)!} \right) - \left(\frac{(\text{Log}[k])}{(k^b)} \right) \right) *)$$

(*VALID ONLY FOR b>1*)

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\left(\frac{((-b)^k \text{HarmonicNumber}[r, -k])}{(k-1)!} \right) - \left(\frac{(\text{Log}[k])}{(k^b)} \right) \right)$$

\$Aborted

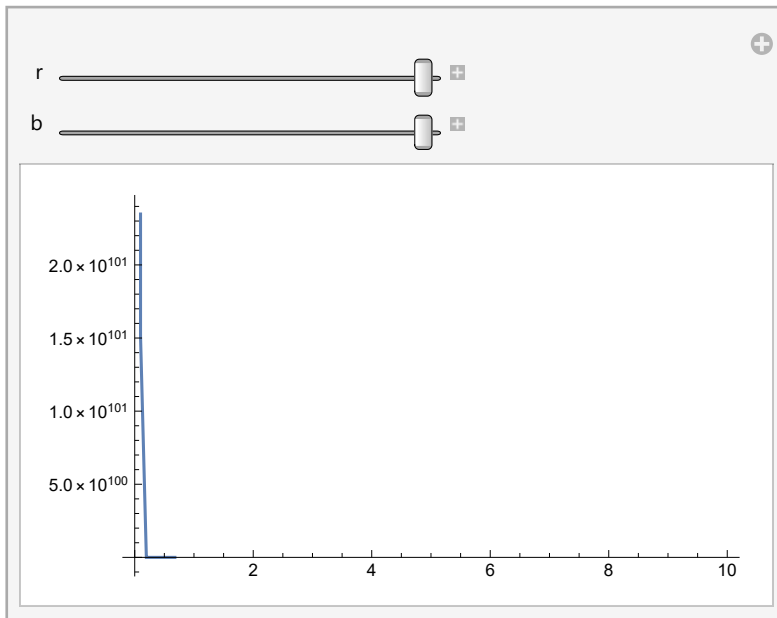
$$\left(\left(\frac{((-b)^k \text{HarmonicNumber}[r, -k])}{(k-1)!} \right) - \left(\frac{(\text{Log}[k])}{(k^b)} \right) \right) // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$\frac{(-b)^k \text{HarmonicNumber}[r, -k]}{\text{Gamma}[k]} - k^{-b} \text{Log}[k]$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(-b)^k \text{HarmonicNumber}[r, -k]}{\text{Gamma}[k]} - k^{-b} \text{Log}[k] \right) dr // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$-k^{-b} r \text{Log}[k] + \frac{(-b)^k (-\text{HurwitzZeta}[-1-k, 1+r] + (1+k) r \text{Zeta}[-k])}{(1+k) \text{Gamma}[k]}$$

Manipulate[Plot[$\frac{(-b)^k \text{HarmonicNumber}[r, -k]}{\text{Gamma}[k]} - k^{-b} \text{Log}[k]$, {k, 0, 10}],
{r, 0, 10, 1}, {b, 1, 100}]



```

fddelb1 = Table[ $\frac{(-b)^k \text{HarmonicNumber}[1, -k]}{\text{Gamma}[k]} - k^{-b} \text{Log}[k]$ , {k, 1, 20}] // MatrixForm;

fddelb2 = Table[N[ $\frac{(-b)^k \text{HarmonicNumber}[1, -k]}{\text{Gamma}[k]} - k^{-b} \text{Log}[k]$ ], {k, 1, 20}] // MatrixForm;

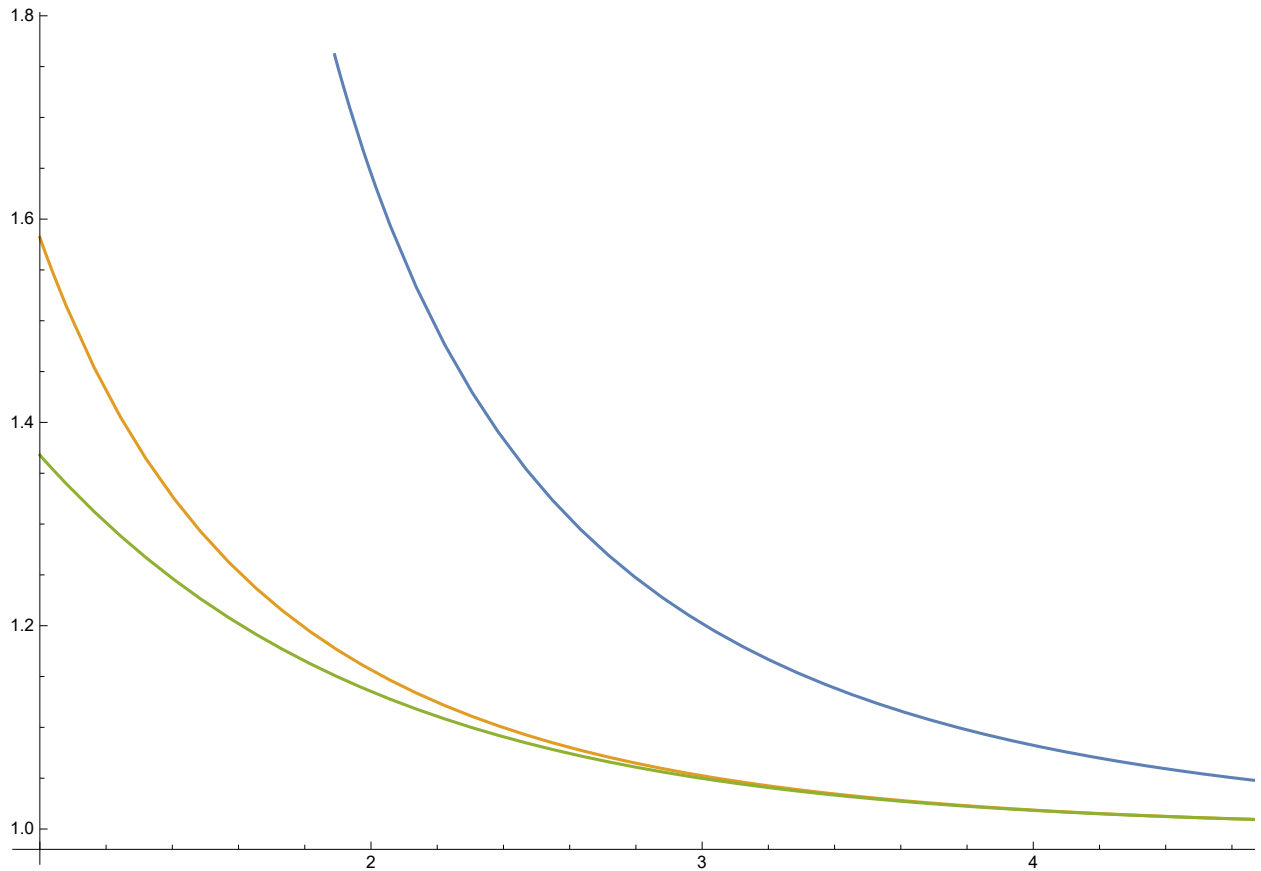
bedelb1 = Table[ $\frac{(-b)^k \text{Zeta}[-k]}{\text{Gamma}[k]} - k^{-b} \text{Log}[k]$ , {k, 1, 20}] // MatrixForm;

bedelb2 = Table[N[ $\frac{(-b)^k \text{Zeta}[-k]}{\text{Gamma}[k]} - k^{-b} \text{Log}[k]$ ], {k, 1, 20}] // MatrixForm;

Total[fddelb1] // FullSimplify;
Total[fddelb2] // FullSimplify;
Total[bedelb1] // FullSimplify;
Total[bedelb2] // FullSimplify;

Plot[{Zeta[b],  $\frac{1}{1 - e^{-b}}$ ,  $1 + e^{-b}$ }, {b, 1, 5}] (* b =  $\epsilon - \mu$  here *)

```



```

(*plot1 = Animate[Plot[{ $\frac{-1}{-1 + e^{-b}}$ ,  $\frac{-1 + e^{-(1+r)b}}{-1 + e^{-b}}$ }, {b, -12, 12}], {r, 0, 2}] *)

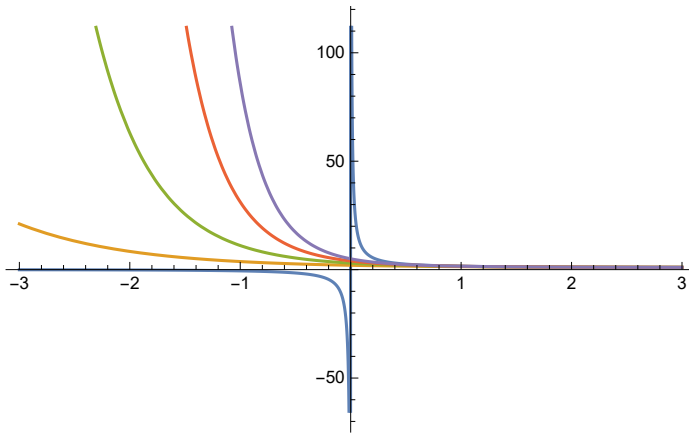
(*Animate[Plot[{Zeta[b],  $\frac{-1 + e^{-(1+r)b}}{-1 + e^{-b}}$ }, {b, 1, 12}], {r, 0, 2}] *)

(*plot3=Animate[Plot[{Zeta[-b]-Zeta[-b, 1+r],  $\frac{-1 + e^{-(1+r)b}}{-1 + e^{-b}}$ }, {b, 1, 12}], {r, 0, 3}] *)

```

```
plotimg1 =
```

```
Plot[{ $\frac{-1}{-1 + e^{-b}}$ ,  $\frac{-1 + e^{-(1+1)b}}{-1 + e^{-b}}$ ,  $\frac{-1 + e^{-(1+2)b}}{-1 + e^{-b}}$ ,  $\frac{-1 + e^{-(1+3)b}}{-1 + e^{-b}}$ ,  $\frac{-1 + e^{-(1+4)b}}{-1 + e^{-b}}$ }, {b, -3, 3}]
```



```
Cell[BoxData[
```

```
RowBox[{ "plotimg2", " ", "=",
```

```
RowBox[{ "Plot", "[",
```

```
RowBox[{
```

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RowBox[{ "{",
```

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RowBox[{
```

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FractionBox[
```

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RowBox[{ "-", "1" }],
```

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RowBox[{
```

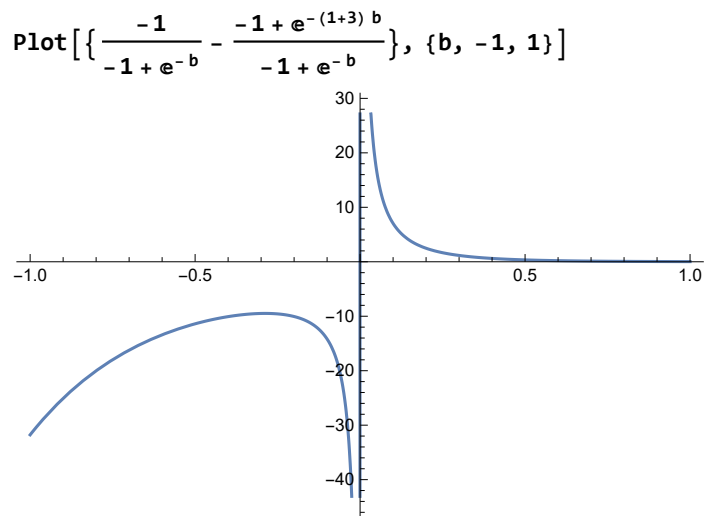
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RowBox[{ "-", "1" }], "+",
```

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Su
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```
riptBox["\[ExponentialE]",
```

```
RowBox[{ "-", " ", "b" }]]]]], ",",
```

```
Fraction
```



```
`*^9}}, {
  3.6588833218745365`*^9, 3.658883331693214*^9}, {3.6597471250591826`*^9,
  3.6597471297939606`*^9}}]
}, Open  ]],
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Cell[CellGroupData[{
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Cell[BoxData[
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RowBox[{ "plotimg2", " ", "=",
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```

```
RowBox[{ {
```

```
RowBox[{ "{",
```

```
RowBox[{ {
```

```
FractionBox[
```

```
RowBox[{ "-", "1"}],
```

```
Box[
```

```
RowBox[{ {
```

```
RowBox[{ "-", "1"}], "+",
```

```
SuperscriptBox["\[ExponentialE]",
```

```
RowBox[{ {
```

```
RowBox[{ "-",
```



```

RowBox[{{"(",
  RowBox[{{"1", "+", "1"}], ")"}]}], " ", "b"}]]],
RowBox[{
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    RowBox[{"-", " ", "b"}]]}], ",",
FractionBox[
  RowBox[{
    RowBox[{"-", "1"}], "+",
    SuperscriptBox["\[ExponentialE]",
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          RowBox[{"(",
            RowBox[{{"1", "+", "2"}], ")"}]}], " ", "b"}]]}],
RowBox[{
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  SuperscriptBox["\[ExponentialE]",
    RowBox[{"-", " ", "b"}]]}], ",",
FractionBox[
  RowBox[{
    RowBox[{"-", "1"}], "+",
    SuperscriptBox["\[ExponentialE]",
      RowBox[{
        RowBox[{"-",
          RowBox[{"(",
            RowBox[{{"1", "+", "3"}], ")"}]}], " ", "b"}]]}],
RowBox[{
  RowBox[{"-", "1"}], "+",
  SuperscriptBox["\[ExponentialE]",
    RowBox[{"-", " ", "b"}]]}],

```

```

FractionBox[
  RowBox[{
    RowBox[{ "-", "1" }], "+",
    SuperscriptBox["\[ExponentialE]",
      RowBox[{
        RowBox[{ "-",
          RowBox[{ "(",
            RowBox[{ "1", "+", "4" }], ")"}]]], " ", "b" }]]]],
    RowBox[{
      RowBox[{ "-", "1" }], "+",
      SuperscriptBox["\[ExponentialE]",
        RowBox[{ "-", " ", "b" }]]]]]], "}" ]], " ",
    RowBox[{ "(",
      RowBox[{ "b", " ", "0", " ", "3" }], "}" ]]]], "}" ]]]], "Input",

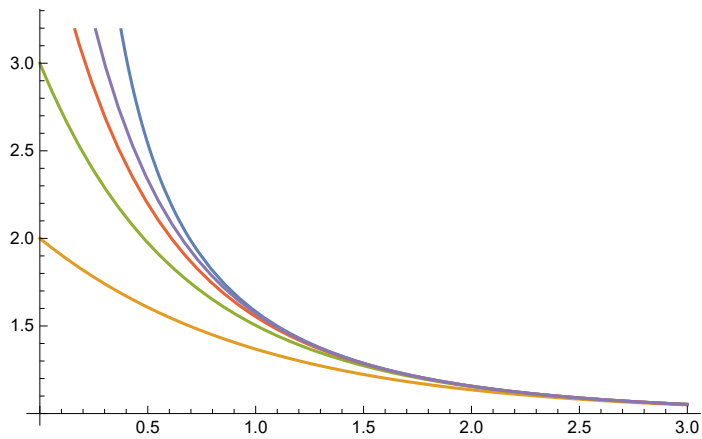
```

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CellChangeTimes->{
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```

3.658881924683209*^9, {3.6588819676391764`*^9, 3.658881971447855*^9}, {
3.6588836753254766`*^9, 3.6588836786991477`*^9}]]

```



$$\sum_{N=0}^{\infty} (E^{-Nb})$$

$$\frac{e^b}{-1 + e^b}$$

$$\sum_{N=0}^{r-1} (E^(-N b)) // FullSimplify$$

$$\frac{e^b - e^{b-b r}}{-1 + e^b}$$

$$b - b r = b (1 - r) = -b (r - 1)$$

Part 2

$$\sum_{i=0}^{r-1} (E^(-b i))$$

$$\frac{e^{b-b r} (-1 + e^{b r})}{-1 + e^b}$$

$$\text{Simplify}\left[\frac{e^{b-b r} (-1 + e^{b r})}{-1 + e^b}\right]$$

$$\frac{e^b - e^{b-b r}}{-1 + e^b}$$

$$\frac{1 - e^{-b r}}{1 - e^{-b}}$$

$$\text{Plot}\left[\left\{\frac{1 - e^{-b^2}}{1 - e^{-b}}, \frac{1 - e^{-b^3}}{1 - e^{-b}}, \frac{1 - e^{-b^4}}{1 - e^{-b}}, \frac{1}{1 - e^{-b}}\right\}, \{b, -1, 1\}\right]$$

