Experiment - Creating an alert to monitor an Azure storage account

We can create an alert on multiple available metrics to monitor an Azure storage account. To create an alert, we need to define the trigger condition and the action to be performed when the alert is triggered. In this recipe, we'll create an alert to send an email if the used capacity metrics for an Azure storage account exceed 5 MB. The used capacity threshold of 5 MB is not a standard and is deliberately kept low to explain the alert functionality.

Getting ready

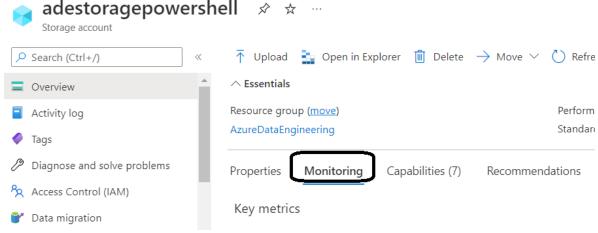
Before you start, perform the following steps: 1. Open a web browser and log in to the Azure portal at https://portal.azure.com

2. Make sure you have an existing storage account from our previous experiment (adestoragepowershell)

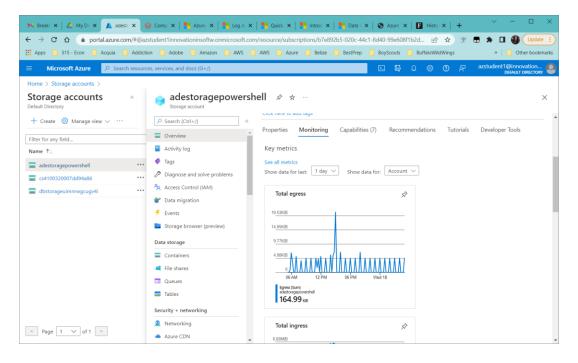
How to do it...

Follow the given steps to create an alert:

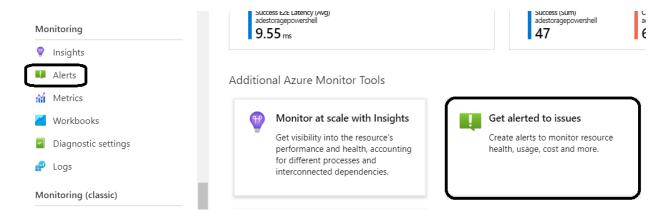
1. In the Azure portal, locate and open the storage account. In our case, the storage account is **adestoragepowershell**. On the storage account page, click the Monitoring tab along the bottom and scroll to **Alerts** under the **Monitoring** section:



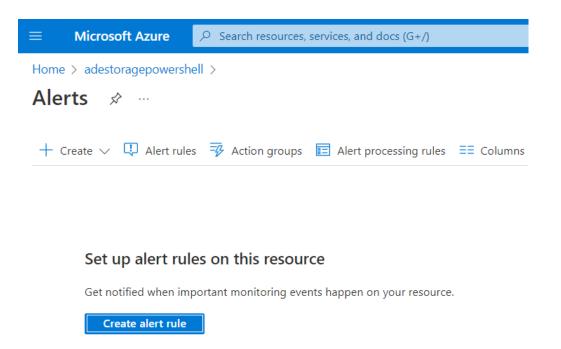
2. Over time we'll see data in our Monitoring, but of course right after a resource is created this will be pretty sparse.



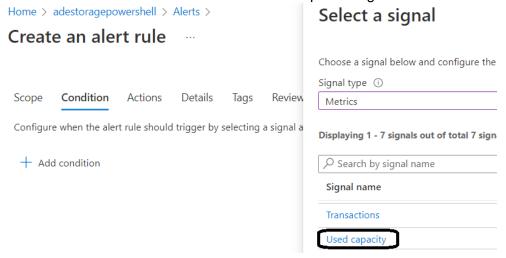
3. Select Alerts



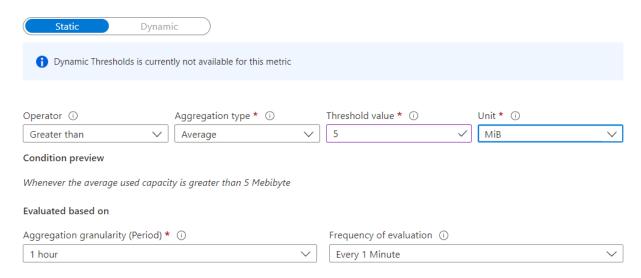
4. On the Alerts page, click on Create alert rule:



3. On the **Alerts** | **Create rule** page, observe that the storage account is listed by default under the **RESOURCE** section. You can add multiple storage accounts in the same alert.

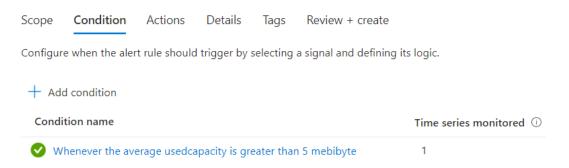


4. On the Configure signal logic page, select Used capacity under Signal name:



- 5. On the **Configure signal logic** page, under **Alert logic**, scroll down and set **Operator** as **Greater than**, **Aggregation type** as **Average**, and configure the threshold to 5 MB. We need to provide the value in bytes:
- 6. Click **Done** to configure the trigger. The condition is added, and we'll be taken back to the **Configure alerts rule** page:

Create an alert rule ...



7. The next step is to add an action to perform when the alert condition is reached, select Next: Actions >. On the Configure alerts rule page, under the ACTIONS GROUPS section, click Create action group:

Create an alert rule ...



An action group is a set of actions that can be applied to an alert rule. Learn more

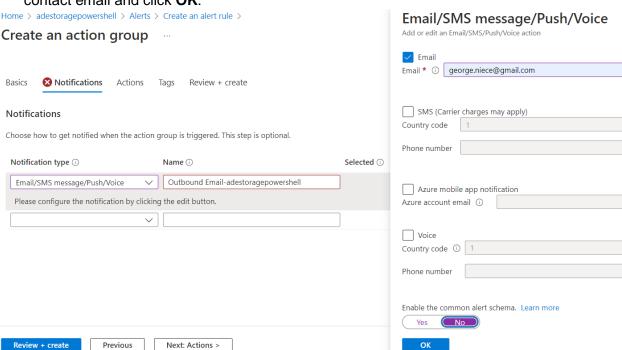
+ Select action groups + Create action group

8. On the **Add action group** page, provide the action group name, short name, and resource group, select **Next: Notifications** >.

Project details

Select a subscription to manage deployed	resources and costs. Use resource groups like fold
Subscription * ①	Azure subscription 1
Resource group * ①	AzureDataEngineering
	Create new
Instance details	
Action group name * ①	Email
Display name * ①	Email
	This display name is limited to 12 characters

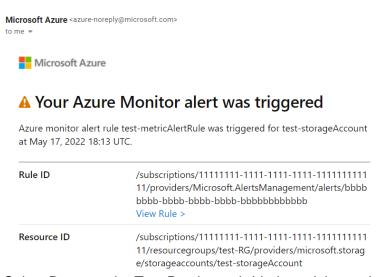
9. As we set Notification Type as Email/SMS/Push/Voice, a new sub-blade opens. Enter the Name of the Notification as Outbound Email-adestoragepowershell. In the Email/SMS/Push/Voice sub-blade, check the box for Email, and specify your desired contact email and click OK:



- 10. Select Next: Actions >
- 11. Click the action dropdown and review the possible additional actions that can be taken. We won't select an additional action beyond the notification we've already configured. Select Next: Tags >
- 12. For tags, enter **project** for Name and **azure-data-engineering** for Value. Select **Next:** Review + create >
- 13. Select Review + create

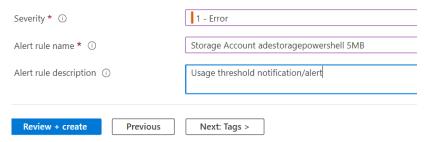
14. We can select to test the alert by configuring in the review screen Review + create This is a summary of your action group. Please review to ensure the information is correct and Test this action group to see how it works. Test action group (preview) 15. Select Test action group **Test Email** Run a test on this action group using a sample alert to see how it works. Learn more Metric alert - Static threshold Select sample type * ① Select notifications + actions ✓ Notification type Notification name Details ✓ Email Outbound Email-adestoragepowershell george.niece@gmail.com Test Cancel 16. Select Metric alert - Static threshold and select Test Test Email ← Back to test setup Test completed successfully Notification type Notification name Status Email Outbound Email-adestoragepowershell ✓ Success View details

17. Once the test completed as seen in the screenshot we should have an email from Azure for the notification in our inbox as seen below

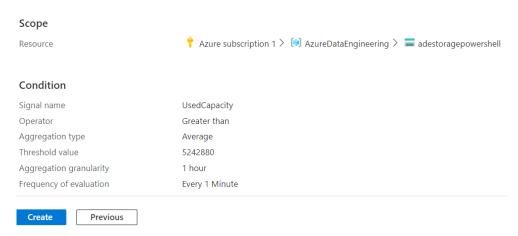


18. Select **Done** on the Test Preview sub-blade and then select **Create** to finish the Alert/Notification creation activity for our Storage Account Usage Threshold. **Select Next: Details>**

Alert rule details



- Enter the detail for the Severity, Name and Description for our Alert rule details, select Next: Tags>
- 20. Enter **project** for Tag Name and **azure-data-engineering** for the Tag Value, select **Next: Review + create>**



- 21. Click the **Create** button to create the alert.
- 22. The next step is to trigger the alert. To do that, upload any large 5MB+ file to the Azure storage account following the steps noted in the previous experiment, with Logfiles.

1. Execute the following commands if you've closed the original window that you did the previous experiments in:

\$storageaccountname="adestoragepowershellxx"
\$containername="logfiles"
\$resourcegroup="AzureDataEngineeringxx"
#Get the Azure Storage account context
\$storagecontext = (Get-AzStorageAccount -ResourceGroupName
\$resourcegroup -Name \$storageaccountname).Context;

Note: Substitute for the student number for xx, (student1 would be adestoragepowershell01, student12 would be adestoragepowershell12). Similarly as we did earlier for the AzureDataEngineeringxx ResourceGroupName (student1 would be AzureDataEngineering01, student12 would be AzureDataEngineering12).

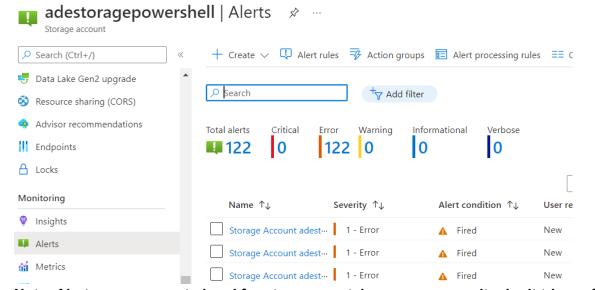
The file noted below, **BoatFileAlertTest.pdf**, is in the labs subfolder for the GitHub course repo or you can use any file that is larger than 5MB to cause the notification to fire.

Set-AzStorageBlobContent -File "BoatFileAlertTest.pdf" -Context \$storagecontext - Blob BoatFileAlertTest.pdf -Container \$containername

23. We can verify the uploaded files that we've placed in our Storage Container

PS C:\Users\kubernetes\Downloads> Get-AzStorageBlob -Container \$containername - Context \$storagecontext

24. The triggered alerts are listed on the **Alerts** page, as shown in the following screenshot:



Note: Alerts are aggregated and for storage container usage capacity don't trigger for 6 hours. So we'll have that alert later today or by tomorrow after the uploads (ensuring from our Get-AzStorageBlob output that we have over 5MB

An email is sent to the email ID specified in the email action group. The email appears as shown in the following snapshot:



A Your Azure Monitor alert was triggered

Azure monitor alert rule Storage Account adestoragepowershell 5MB was triggered for adestoragepowershell at May 18, 2022 8:18 UTC.

Alert rule description	Usage threshold notification/alert
Rule ID	/subscriptions/b7e892b5-020c-44c1-8d40-99e608f1b2 d6/resourceGroups/AzureDataEngineering/providers/m icrosoft.insights/metricAlerts/Storage Account adestora gepowershell 5MB View Rule >

How it works...

Setting up an alert is easy. At first, we need to define the alert condition (trigger or signal). An alert condition defines the metrics and the threshold that, when breached, the alert is to be triggered. We can define more than one condition on multiple metrics for one alert.

We then need to define the action to be performed when the alert condition is reached. We can define more than one action for an alert. In our example, in addition to sending an email when the used capacity is more than 5 MB, we can configure Azure Automation to delete the old blobs/files so as to maintain the Azure storage capacity within 5 MB.

There are other signals such as transactions, Ingress, Egress, Availability, Success Server Latency, and Success E2E Latency on which alerts can be defined. Detailed information on monitoring Azure storage is available at https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-monitoring-diagnosingtroubleshooting.

How it works...

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