

Experiment: Data Engineering Pipeline

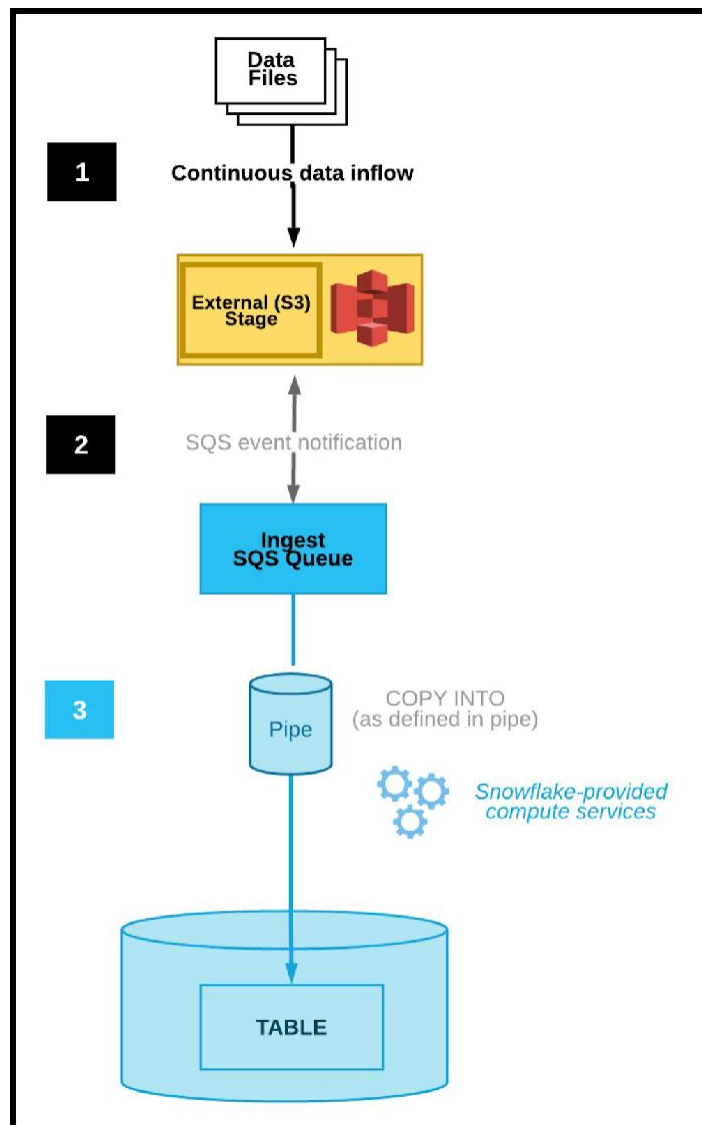
Overview

This experiment demonstrates Snowflake features specifically aligned to “Data Engineering” workload to build modern data pipelines. Data pipelines automate many of the manual steps involved in transforming and optimizing continuous data loads. Frequently, the “raw” data is first loaded temporarily into a staging table used for interim storage and then transformed using a series of SQL statements before it is inserted into the destination reporting tables. The most efficient workflow for this process involves transforming only data that is new or modified.

Experiment 22: Snowpipe

22.1 Leverage Snowpipe to Populate Table using S3 Event Notifications

This section describes the most common option for triggering Snowpipe data loads automatically using Amazon SQS (Simple Queue Service) notifications for an S3 bucket. The following diagram shows the Snowpipe auto-ingest process flow:



1. Data files are loaded in a stage.
2. An S3 event notification informs Snowpipe via an SQS queue that files are ready to load. Snowpipe copies the files into a queue.
3. A Snowflake-provided virtual warehouse loads data from the queued files into the target table based on parameters defined in the specified pipe.

22.1.1 Create a table that Snowpipe will use to write the incoming data. The data being loaded is JSON formatted so create a table using the VARIANT data type.

```
create or replace table trips_raw (v variant);
```

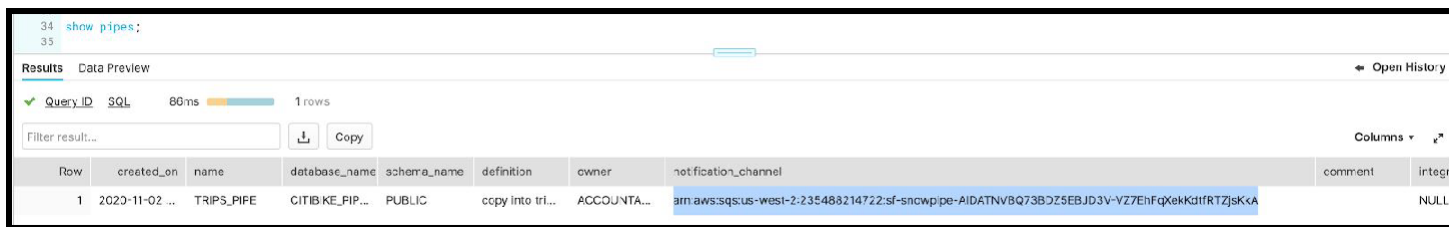
22.1.2 Create a PIPE definition to tell Snowpipe to load the JSON records in the STAGE into the table you just created.

```
create or replace pipe trips_pipe auto_ingest=true as copy into
trips_raw from@streaming_data/;
```

22.1.3 Confirm PIPE definition to tell Snowpipe to load the JSON records in the STAGE into the table you just created.

```
show pipes;
```

Make a note of the ARN of the SQS queue for the stage in the *notification_channel* column. Copy the ARN to a convenient location.

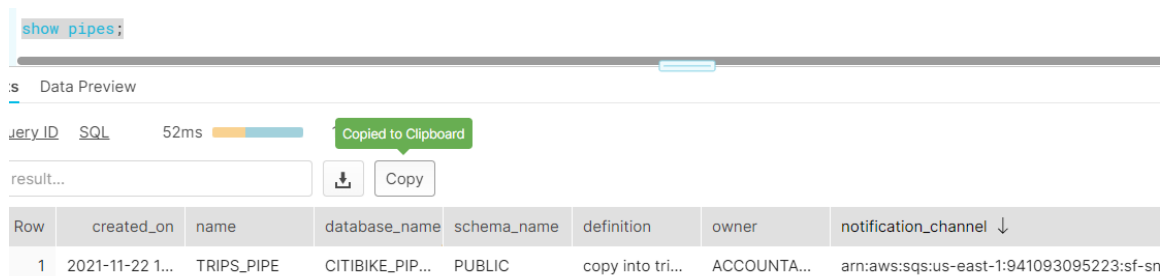


Row	created_on	name	database_name	schema_name	definition	owner	notification_channel	comment	integrity
1	2020-11-02 ...	TRIPS_PIPE	CITIBIKE_PIP...	PUBLIC	copy into tri...	ACCOUNTA...	arn:aws:sqs:us-west-2:235488214722:sf-snowpipe-AIDATNVBQ73BDZ5EBJD3V-YZ7EhFqXekKd1fRTZjsKKA		NULL

22.1.4 Configuring Event Notifications. Complete the below configuration in your S3 bucket to automatically invoke Snowpipe when files are written there. This is the mechanism that is used to automatically load the streaming data files. Snowpipe relies on notifications from your S3 bucket to achieve this. Instructions for completing this configuration are found in the Snowflake documentation [link](https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-load-snowpipe-auto-s3.html#step-4-configure-event-notifications) below. **Perform only Step 4- Configure Event Notifications and come back to this document.**

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-load-snowpipe-auto-s3.html#step-4-configure-event-notifications>

From the Snowflake console when we execute “show pipes” it will provide the SQS queue that is the notification channel.



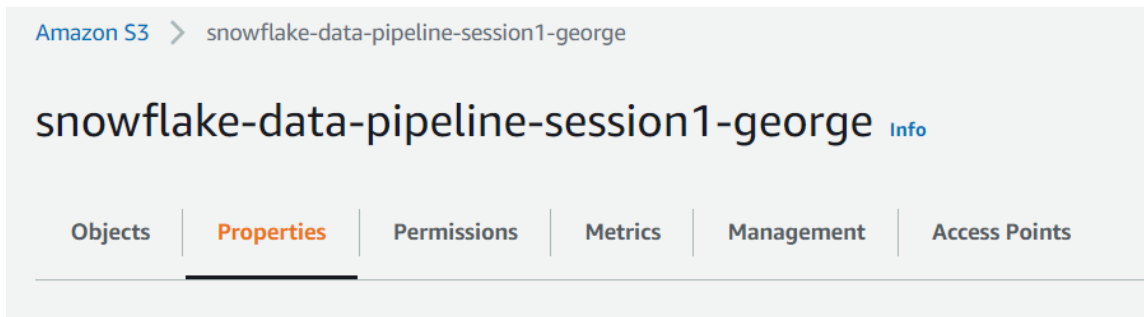
Row	created_on	name	database_name	schema_name	definition	owner	notification_channel	integrity
1	2021-11-22 1...	TRIPS_PIPE	CITIBIKE_PIP...	PUBLIC	copy into tri...	ACCOUNTA...	arn:aws:sqs:us-east-1:941093095223:sf-sn	

That SQS ARN is available by clicking the Copy button on the results pane and pasting that into a text file or other editor.

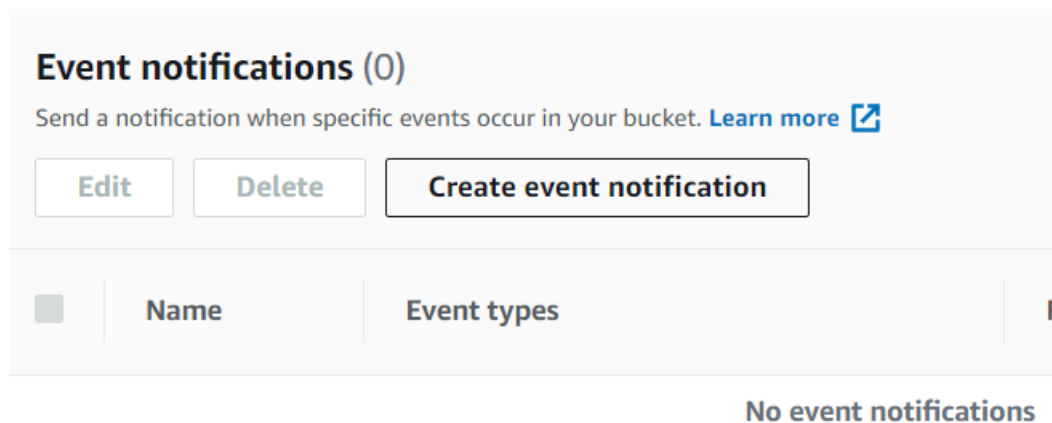
arn:aws:sqs:us-east-1:941093095223:sf-snowpipe-AIDA5WHMFA43YOTSXNQ7J--ZFTKNPCWky2PyrpnYtzsg

Sample screenshots of the S3 bucket enabling & configuring of event notifications below

View the S3 Console and choose the bucket that we created in our previous work



Choose the **Properties** tab and Scroll down to the **Event Notifications** section



Choose **Create event notification**

Create event notification [Info](#)

To enable notifications, you must first add a notification configuration that identifies the event to publish and the destinations where you want Amazon S3 to send the notifications.

General configuration

Event name

Event name can contain up to 255 characters.

Prefix - *optional*

Limit the notifications to objects with key starting with specified characters.

Suffix - *optional*

Limit the notifications to objects with key ending with specified characters.

Enter **Auto-ingest Snowflake** for the Event name

Event types

Specify at least one event for which you want to receive notifications. For each group, you can choose an event type or you can choose one or more individual events.

Object creation

☒ **All object create events**
s3:ObjectCreated:*

☐ **Put**
s3:ObjectCreated:Put

☐ **Post**
s3:ObjectCreated:Post

☐ **Copy**
s3:ObjectCreated:Copy

☐ **Multipart upload completed**
s3:ObjectCreated:CompleteMultipartUpload

22.2.1 Under Event Types and Object creation check the box for **All object create events**

22.2.2 Under Destination choose radio for SQS Queue and SQS Queue ARN and past the arn for the SQS queue that we retrieved with the “show pipes” result.

Destination

Destination

Choose a destination to publish the event. [Learn more](#)

- ☐ Lambda function
Run a Lambda function script based on S3 events.
- ☐ SNS topic
Send notifications to email, SMS, or an HTTP endpoint.
- ☒ SQS queue
Send notifications to an SQS queue to be read by a server.

Specify SQS queue

- ☐ Choose from your SQS queues
- ☒ Enter SQS queue ARN

SQS queue

arn:aws:sqs:us-east-1:941093095223:sf-snowpipe-AIDA5WHMFA43YOTSXNQ7J--ZFTI

Cancel

Save changes

22.2.3 Choose **Save changes**

✔ Successfully created event notification "Auto-ingest Snowflake".
Operation successfully completed.

Event notifications (1)

Send a notification when specific events occur in your bucket. [Learn more](#)

Edit

Delete

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Event types	Filters	Destination
<input type="checkbox"/>	Auto-ingest Snowflake	All object create events	-	SQS queue

22.2.4 Under Event Types and Object creation check the box for **All object create events**

New Worksheet

Run All Queries Saved 1 minute ago

```
47 -- 2.1.5 Call the Stored procedure that generates data (1 row)
48 call stream_data('2010-01-01', '2019-01-01');
49
50 -- 2.1.6 Verify if there are any files already in the bucket/folder
51 list @streaming_data;
52
53 -- 2.1.6 Check the status of the pipe.
54 select system$pipe_status('trips_pipe');
55
56 -- 2.1.6 Check if the data is loaded to the trips_raw table.
57 select count(*) from trips_raw;
58
59 -- 2.1.6 Review sample data from trips_raw table.
60 select * from trips_raw limit 100;
```

Results Data Preview

Query ID: SQL: 8 Rows

Copy

Row	name	size	md5	last modified
1	s3://sf-ctblike-pipeline/streaming-data/2010-01-01-0...	200B	c6459e0bb-c4eb3f50c7c548f1e11e	Sun, 8 Nov 2020 23:10:04 GMT
2	s3://sf-ctblike-pipeline/streaming-data/2018-01-01-0...	40587	f9596f03ad5c77a442ca7754a69a651	Sun, 8 Nov 2020 23:10:04 GMT
3	s3://sf-ctblike-pipeline/streaming-data/2018-01-01-0...	81615	4bc7a9348a3688f6c7757bc2577b903	Sun, 8 Nov 2020 23:10:04 GMT
4	s3://sf-ctblike-pipeline/streaming-data/2018-01-01-0...	37615	1e606318bc9f5a2e66a3e322343aa12	Sun, 8 Nov 2020 23:10:04 GMT
5	s3://sf-ctblike-pipeline/streaming-data/2018-01-01-0...	36533	d2b2734b350dc023d3d0c070e5d0d7	Sun, 8 Nov 2020 23:10:04 GMT
6	s3://sf-ctblike-pipeline/streaming-data/2018-01-01-0...	37323	d6cc28d6c204c5f561ee4d883a00e5	Sun, 8 Nov 2020 23:10:04 GMT
7	s3://sf-ctblike-pipeline/streaming-data/2018-01-01-0...	40242	9bc24c42e33d90944c376c16dad575	Sun, 8 Nov 2020 23:10:04 GMT
8	s3://sf-ctblike-pipeline/streaming-data/2018-01-01-0...	40244	170a498170327708a1c12541a786f82a	Sun, 8 Nov 2020 23:10:04 GMT

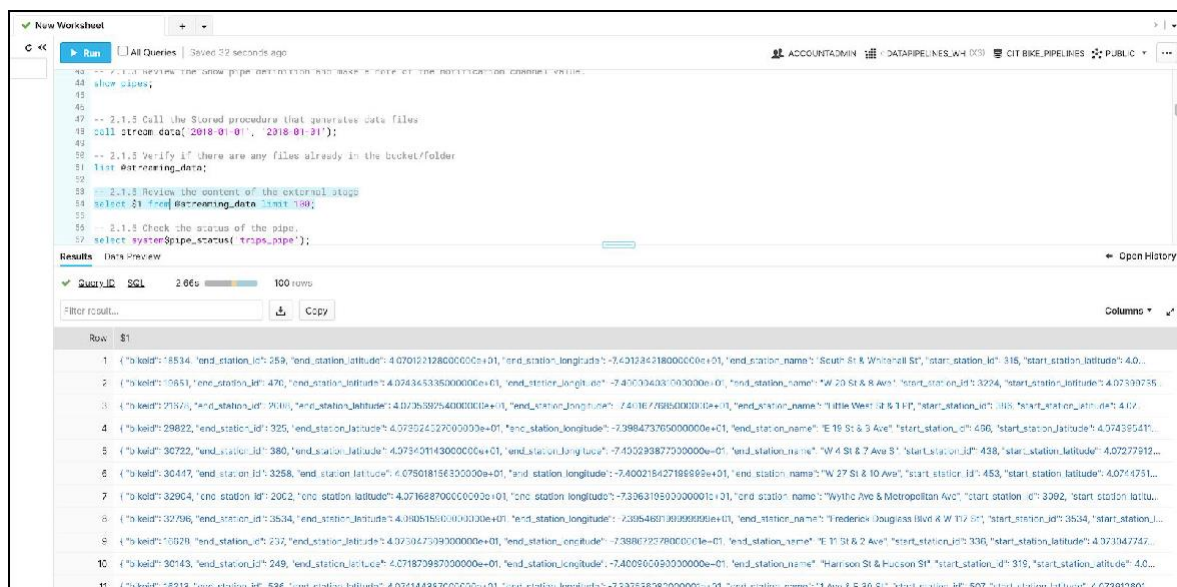
22.1.5 Confirm the setup is working by running the below steps.

Load 1 day of data to test the ingestion by calling the `STREAM_DATA` stored procedure.

```
call stream_data('2018-01-01', '2018-01-01');
```

22.1.6 Verify if there are any files already in the bucket/folder.

```
list @streaming_data;
```



The screenshot shows a Snowflake SQL query editor with a query that lists files from an external stage. The query is:

```
-- 2.1.3 Review the snow pipe destination to make sure it has the destination column value.
show pipes;

-- 2.1.3 Call the Stored procedure that generates data files
call stream_data('2018-01-01', '2018-01-01');

-- 2.1.5 Verify if there are any files already in the bucket/folder
list @streaming_data;
```

The results pane shows a list of files with columns: Row, \$1. The files are listed in a table format:

Row	\$1
1	(["keyid": "8534", "end_station_id": 259, "end_station_latitude": 4.070121280000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.431234218000000e+01, "end_station_name": "South St & Whittell St", "start_station_id": 315, "start_station_latitude": 4.0...
2	(["keyid": "10651", "end_station_id": 470, "end_station_latitude": 4.074345335000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.400304331000000e+01, "end_station_name": "W 20 St & 8 Ave", "start_station_id": 3224, "start_station_latitude": 4.07390758...
3	(["keyid": "21571", "end_station_id": 2000, "end_station_latitude": 4.073539754000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.401677995000000e+01, "end_station_name": "Little West St & 1 St", "start_station_id": 1115, "start_station_latitude": 4.07...
4	(["keyid": "29822", "end_station_id": 325, "end_station_latitude": 4.073524222000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.398473765000000e+01, "end_station_name": "E 16 St & 3 Ave", "start_station_id": 430, "start_station_latitude": 4.074355411...
5	(["keyid": "30722", "end_station_id": 380, "end_station_latitude": 4.074301143000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.400293877000000e+01, "end_station_name": "W 4 St & 7 Ave S", "start_station_id": 438, "start_station_latitude": 4.07277912...
6	(["keyid": "30447", "end_station_id": 3258, "end_station_latitude": 4.075018156100000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.400218427188888e+01, "end_station_name": "W 27 St & 10 Ave", "start_station_id": 453, "start_station_latitude": 4.0714751...
7	(["keyid": "32004", "end_station_id": 2002, "end_station_latitude": 4.071668706000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.336319502000000e+01, "end_station_name": "Wythe Ave & Metropolitan Ave", "start_station_id": 3392, "start_station_latitude":...
8	(["keyid": "32706", "end_station_id": 3534, "end_station_latitude": 4.080515500000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.395468136000000e+01, "end_station_name": "Frederick Douglas Blvd & W 17 St", "start_station_id": 3534, "start_station_latitude":...
9	(["keyid": "33529", "end_station_id": 237, "end_station_latitude": 4.075047539000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.398672278000000e+01, "end_station_name": "E 17 St & 2 Ave", "start_station_id": 336, "start_station_latitude": 4.073047742...
10	(["keyid": "30143", "end_station_id": 249, "end_station_latitude": 4.071879987000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.400900090000000e+01, "end_station_name": "Harrison St & Fulton St", "start_station_id": 319, "start_station_latitude": 4.0...
11	(["keyid": "3313", "end_station_id": 536, "end_station_latitude": 4.071144887000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.337338382000000e+01, "end_station_name": "11 Ave & E 30 St", "start_station_id": 507, "start_station_latitude": 4.073912801...

22.1.7 Review the contents of the external stage

```
select $1 from @streaming_data limit 100;
```

New Worksheet

Run All Queries Saved 4 minutes ago

ACCOUNT ADMIN | DATA PIPELINES (X5) | CATALOG | PIPELINES | PUBLIC

```

47 -- 2.1.5 Call the Stored procedure that generates data files
48 call stream_data('2018-01-01', '2018-01-01');
49
50 -- 2.1.5 Verify if there are any files already in the bucket/folder
51 list @streaming_data;
52
53 -- 2.1.5 Check the status of the pipe
54 select system$pipe_status('trips_pipe');
55
56 -- 2.1.5 Check if the data is loaded to the trips_raw table
57 select count(*) from trips_raw;
58
59 -- 2.1.5 Review sample data from trips_raw table
60 select * from trips_raw limit 100;

```

Results Data Preview

Query ID: SQL 940ms 100 rows

Filter results... Copy

Row	V
1	{ "clickid": 14538, "end_station_id": 3070, "end_station_latitude": 4.070810918000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.354407278000000e+01, "end_station_name": "McKee St & Marquette Ave", "start_station_id": 3071, "start_station_latitude": 4.070810918000000e+01, "start_station_longitude": -7.354407278000000e+01, "start_station_name": "McKee St & Marquette Ave", "trip_id": 14538 }
2	{ "clickid": 30465, "end_station_id": 3427, "end_station_latitude": 4.072289920000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.380016550000000e+01, "end_station_name": "Columbia St & Lexington St", "start_station_id": 2014, "start_station_latitude": 4.072289920000000e+01, "start_station_longitude": -7.380016550000000e+01, "start_station_name": "Columbia St & Lexington St", "trip_id": 30465 }
3	{ "clickid": 33284, "end_station_id": 3530, "end_station_latitude": 4.072751150000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.381158450000000e+01, "end_station_name": "Chesapeake St & Duane St", "start_station_id": 3526, "start_station_latitude": 4.072751150000000e+01, "start_station_longitude": -7.381158450000000e+01, "start_station_name": "Chesapeake St & Duane St", "trip_id": 33284 }
4	{ "clickid": 26424, "end_station_id": 73, "end_station_latitude": 4.071915520000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.400666610000000e+01, "end_station_name": "Franklin St & W Broadway", "start_station_id": 626, "start_station_latitude": 4.071915520000000e+01, "start_station_longitude": -7.400666610000000e+01, "start_station_name": "Franklin St & W Broadway", "trip_id": 26424 }
5	{ "clickid": 20758, "end_station_id": 3182, "end_station_latitude": 4.078339810000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.396093130000000e+01, "end_station_name": "W 78 St & Broadway", "start_station_id": 3293, "start_station_latitude": 4.078339810000000e+01, "start_station_longitude": -7.396093130000000e+01, "start_station_name": "W 78 St & Broadway", "trip_id": 20758 }
6	{ "clickid": 17772, "end_station_id": 5043, "end_station_latitude": 4.068143980000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.389343030000000e+01, "end_station_name": "Lewis Ave & Decatur St", "start_station_id": 344, "start_station_latitude": 4.068143980000000e+01, "start_station_longitude": -7.389343030000000e+01, "start_station_name": "Lewis Ave & Decatur St", "trip_id": 17772 }
7	{ "clickid": 32081, "end_station_id": 365, "end_station_latitude": 4.074971723000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.400295034000000e+01, "end_station_name": "W 20 St & 10 Ave", "start_station_id": 525, "start_station_latitude": 4.074971723000000e+01, "start_station_longitude": -7.400295034000000e+01, "start_station_name": "W 20 St & 10 Ave", "trip_id": 32081 }
8	{ "clickid": 25418, "end_station_id": 3653, "end_station_latitude": 4.075820464000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.392832160000000e+01, "end_station_name": "31 St & 35 Ave", "start_station_id": 3593, "start_station_latitude": 4.075820464000000e+01, "start_station_longitude": -7.392832160000000e+01, "start_station_name": "31 St & 35 Ave", "trip_id": 25418 }
9	{ "clickid": 31102, "end_station_id": 3126, "end_station_latitude": 4.073452335000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.398753759000000e+01, "end_station_name": "W 64 St & West End Ave", "start_station_id": 3107, "start_station_latitude": 4.073452335000000e+01, "start_station_longitude": -7.398753759000000e+01, "start_station_name": "W 64 St & West End Ave", "trip_id": 31102 }
10	{ "clickid": 31616, "end_station_id": 3176, "end_station_latitude": 4.077452335000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.398753759000000e+01, "end_station_name": "W 64 St & West End Ave", "start_station_id": 3360, "start_station_latitude": 4.077452335000000e+01, "start_station_longitude": -7.398753759000000e+01, "start_station_name": "W 64 St & West End Ave", "trip_id": 31616 }
11	{ "clickid": 31608, "end_station_id": 505, "end_station_latitude": 4.074501270000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.394040085000000e+01, "end_station_name": "E Ave & W 11 St", "start_station_id": 456, "start_station_latitude": 4.074501270000000e+01, "start_station_longitude": -7.394040085000000e+01, "start_station_name": "E Ave & W 11 St", "trip_id": 31608 }
12	{ "clickid": 32594, "end_station_id": 380, "end_station_latitude": 4.073401130000000e+01, "end_station_longitude": -7.400295034000000e+01, "end_station_name": "W 4 St & 7 Ave St", "start_station_id": 497, "start_station_latitude": 4.073401130000000e+01, "start_station_longitude": -7.400295034000000e+01, "start_station_name": "W 4 St & 7 Ave St", "trip_id": 32594 }

22.1.8 Check the status of the Snow Pipe

New Worksheet

Run All Queries Saved 2 minutes ago

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```

47 -- 2.1.5 Call the Stored procedure that generates data files
48 call stream_data('2018-01-01', '2018-01-01');
49
50 -- 2.1.5 Verify if there are any files already in the bucket/folder
51 list @streaming_data;
52
53 -- 2.1.5 Check the status of the pipe
54 select system$pipe_status('trips_pipe');
55
56 -- 2.1.5 Check if the data is loaded to the trips_raw table
57 select count(*) from trips_raw;
58
59 -- 2.1.5 Review sample data from trips_raw table
60 select * from trips_raw limit 100;

```

Results Data Preview

Query ID: SQL 80ms 1 rows

Filter results... Copy

Row	SYSTEM\$PIPE_STATUS('TRIPS_PIPE')
1	{ "executionState": "RUNNING", "pendingFileCount": 0, "notificationChannelName": "arcaws-arcaws-west-2-23540614722-at-snow-pipe-AIDATN-VBO7JDD2SLJDDV-VZ7EHF0xakKedRTZakKdA77-um-OutstandingMessagesOnChannel": 0, "lastReceivedMessage": null }

22.1.9 Further check the status


```
select system$pipe_status('trips_pipe');
```

Snowpipe copies the data into our raw table. Review the table data.

```
select count(*) from
trips_raw; select * from
trips_raw limit 100;
```

Clean up the stage by calling the purge_files function.

The screenshot shows the Snowflake SQL Editor interface. At the top, there's a 'Details' header. Below it, a query is displayed in a text area, with line numbers 55 through 68. The query includes comments and SQL commands for checking pipe status, loading data, and purging files. Below the query editor, the 'Results' tab is active, showing a 'Data Preview' of the query results. The results table has two columns: 'Row' and 'PURGE_FILES'. The first row shows '1' and '0' respectively. A 'Done' button is visible at the bottom right of the interface.

```
-- 55 select * from streaming_data limit 100;
56 -- 2.1.5 Check the status of the pipe.
57 select system$pipe_status('trips_pipe');
58
59 -- 2.1.5 Check if the data is loaded to the trips_raw table.
60 select count(*) from trips_raw;
61
62 -- 2.1.5 Review sample data from trips_raw table.
63 select * from trips_raw limit 100;
64
65 -- 2.1.5 Clean up the stage by calling the purge_files function.
66 call purge_files('trips_raw', '@streaming_data/');
67
68
```

Row	PURGE_FILES
1	0

```
call purge_files('trips_raw', '@streaming_data/');
```

Truncate table.

```
truncate table trips_raw;
```

22.2 Troubleshooting Snowpipe

If data isn't written to the table you can use the following commands to see where the process is broken.

Verify data was in fact written to your STAGE by the stored procedure.

```
list @streaming_data;
```

Next check the status of the PIPE using the [system\\$pipe_status](#) call. Make sure the result shows status 'RUNNING' and there are no errors present.

Details

```
1  {"executionState": "RUNNING", "pendingFileCount": 0, "notificationChannelName": "arn:aws:sqs:us-west-2:235488214722:sf-snowpipe-AIDATNVBQ73BDZ5EBJD3V-VZ7EhFqXekKdtfRTZjsKkA", "numOutstandingMessagesOnChannel": 0, "lastReceivedMessageTimestamp": "2020-11-08T23:10:22.319Z", "lastForwardedMessageTimestamp": "2020-11-08T23:10:22.389Z"}
```

Done

```
select system$pipe_status('trips_pipe');
```

Lastly, check the `information_schema.copy_history` to see if there were any problems encountered while writing records to the `trips_raw` table. Parsing errors or permissions errors could accidentally affect your load jobs. You can find the details for each of the files you are loading. Play with the `dateadd` function to adjust the size of the window when looking at processed files.

```
select *
from
table(information_schema.copy_history(
table_name=>'citibike_pipelines.public.trips_raw', start_time=>dateadd(hour, -1,
current_timestamp)));
```

Note: the above commands aren't strictly used for troubleshooting purposes. You can use these anytime to gain insight into the status or jobs and track the velocity of arriving data.