
CAPSTONE PROJECT

CREDIT CARD DEFAULTER PREDICTION

Presented By:

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OUTLINE

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- System Development Approach
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PROBLEM STATEMENT

Identifying potential credit card defaulters is essential for financial institutions to mitigate risk and manage credit effectively. This project focuses on developing a predictive machine learning model that leverages customer payment history and demographic information to forecast default probabilities. Accurate predictions enable proactive measures, improving credit management and reducing financial losses.

PROPOSED SOLUTION

- The proposed system aims to address the challenge of predicting credit card defaulters to minimize financial risks. This involves leveraging data analytics and machine learning techniques to accurately forecast the likelihood of defaults. The solution will consist of the following components:
- **Data Collection:**
 - Gather historical data on customer payments, including payment history, credit limit, and other relevant factors.
 - Utilize real-time data sources, such as changes in economic conditions and updates to credit policies, to enhance prediction accuracy.
- **Data Preprocessing:**
 - Clean and preprocess the collected data to handle missing values, outliers, and inconsistencies.
 - Feature engineering to extract relevant features from the data that might impact the likelihood of default, such as credit utilization ratio and payment-to-balance ratio.
- **Machine Learning Algorithm:**
 - Implement a machine learning algorithm, such as a classification model (e.g., Logistic Regression, Random Forest, or Neural Networks), to predict the likelihood of default based on historical patterns.
 - Consider incorporating other factors like demographic information, account activity, and economic indicators to improve prediction accuracy.

- **Deployment:**

- Develop a user-friendly interface or application that provides real-time predictions for default risk.
- Deploy the solution on a scalable and reliable platform, considering factors like server infrastructure, response time, and user accessibility.

- **Evaluation:**

- Assess the model's performance using appropriate metrics such as accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, and AUC-ROC.
- Fine-tune the model based on feedback and continuous monitoring of prediction accuracy.

SYSTEM APPROACH

- **Data Collection:**

- Historical credit card transaction data, including payment history, credit limits, demographic details, and previous defaults.

- **Technology:**

- IBM Watson Studio AutoAI for automated data preprocessing, feature engineering, model training, and testing.
- AutoAI's selection of algorithms and hyperparameter optimization for creating the most effective model.

- **Infrastructure:**

- Cloud-based deployment using IBM Cloud for seamless scalability, reliability, and integration with IBM Watson services.

Working with IBM WATSON STUDIO

Start working

Recommended ▾



Add users as collaborators



Add data to work with



Work with data and models in Python or R notebooks



Build machine learning models automatically



[View all](#)

Collapse ^

Assets

By all ▾



Credit_Card_Default_Prediction
11 hours ago by you



Credit_Card_Default_Prediction - P6 Snap ...
11 hours ago by you

[View all](#)

Resource usage



For this month in this project

0 CUH

Readme



Type project notes, reminders, or instructions

Project history



You created project [Credit Card Default Prediction](#)
Yesterday at 10:36 PM

Data set uploaded into assets

A Credit Card Defaulter Prediction.csv dataset which contains fraudulent credit cards data is used as data assets here.

Find assets

Import assets

New asset

3 assets

All assets

Asset types

Data

1

Data assets

1

Experiments

1

Models




1

Data

Name	Last modified	
<div><div></div><div></div></div> Credit Card Defaulter Prediction.csv	11 hours ago Modified by you	

Model Experimenting Using AUTOAI

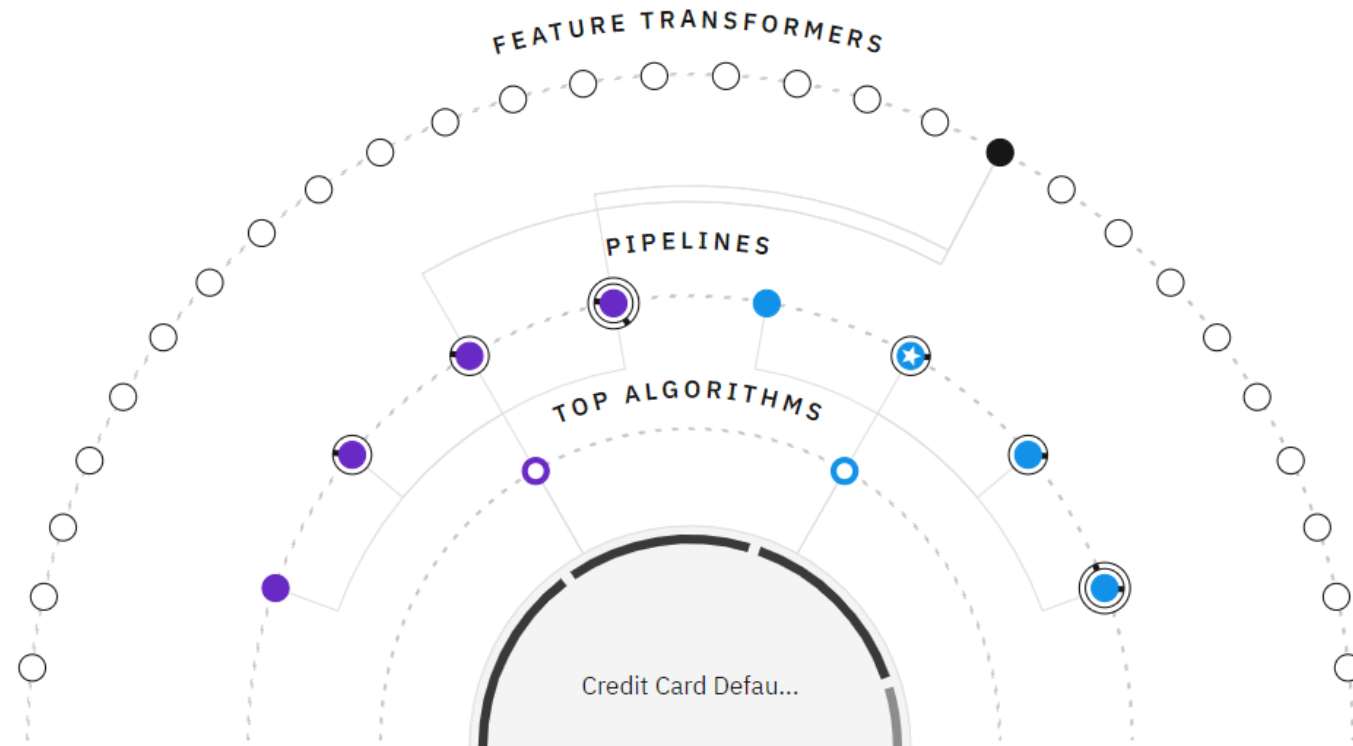
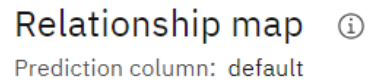
IBM WATSON MACHINE LEARNING using Auto AI will help in creating the credit card defaulter prediction model.

Experiments					
Name	Status	Model type	Last modified ↓		
 Credit_Card_Default_Prediction AutoAI experiment	 Completed	Binary classification	11 hours ago Modified by you	⋮	

ALGORITHM & DEPLOYMENT

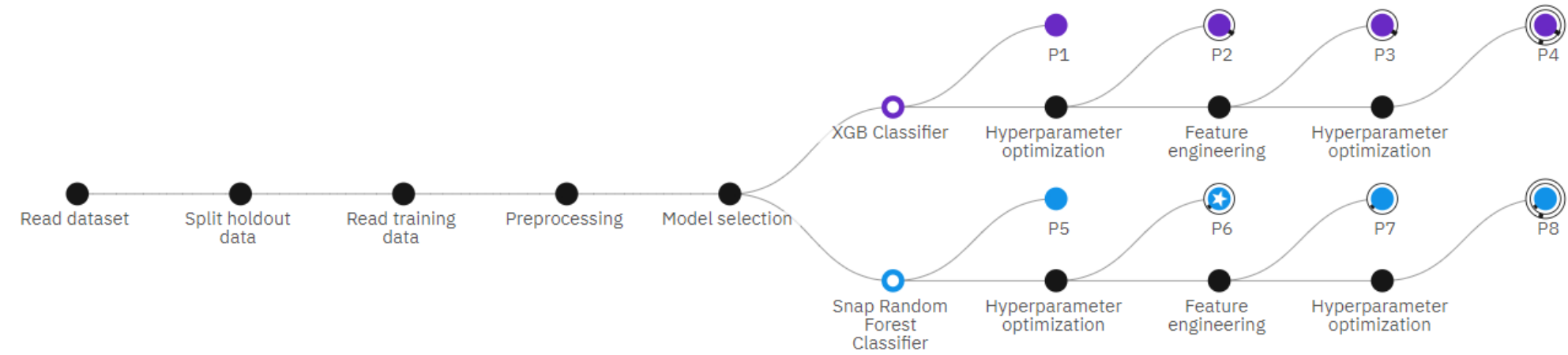
- In the Algorithm section, describe the machine learning algorithm chosen for predicting credit card defaulters . Here's an example structure for this section:
- **Algorithm Selection:**
 - A variety of algorithms were considered and evaluated using IBM Watson Studio Auto AI, with **Snap Random Forest Classifier** being selected as the final model due to its high accuracy and efficiency in handling imbalanced data. The choice was based on the model's ability to effectively distinguish between defaulters and non-defaulters using historical credit card transaction data.
- **Data Input:**
 - The model utilizes various input features, including credit limits, payment history, demographic information (such as age, sex, education, and marital status), past due payments, and billing amounts across multiple months.
- **Training Process:**
 - The model was trained using historical data on credit card transactions and customer information.
 - Auto AI facilitated automated feature engineering, hyperparameter tuning, and model selection, ensuring optimal performance.
 - Techniques such as cross-validation and stratified sampling were employed to handle class imbalance and evaluate model performance.
- **Prediction Process:**
 - the model predicts the likelihood of a customer defaulting on their credit card payment. Predictions are based on the input features and are updated as new data becomes available.
 - The model considers both historical and real-time data inputs, providing timely predictions for decision-making.
- **Deployment**
 - We use active space in deployments and make it online. We manipulate Json file .

EXPERIMENTING USING AUTOAI



Progress map

Prediction column: default



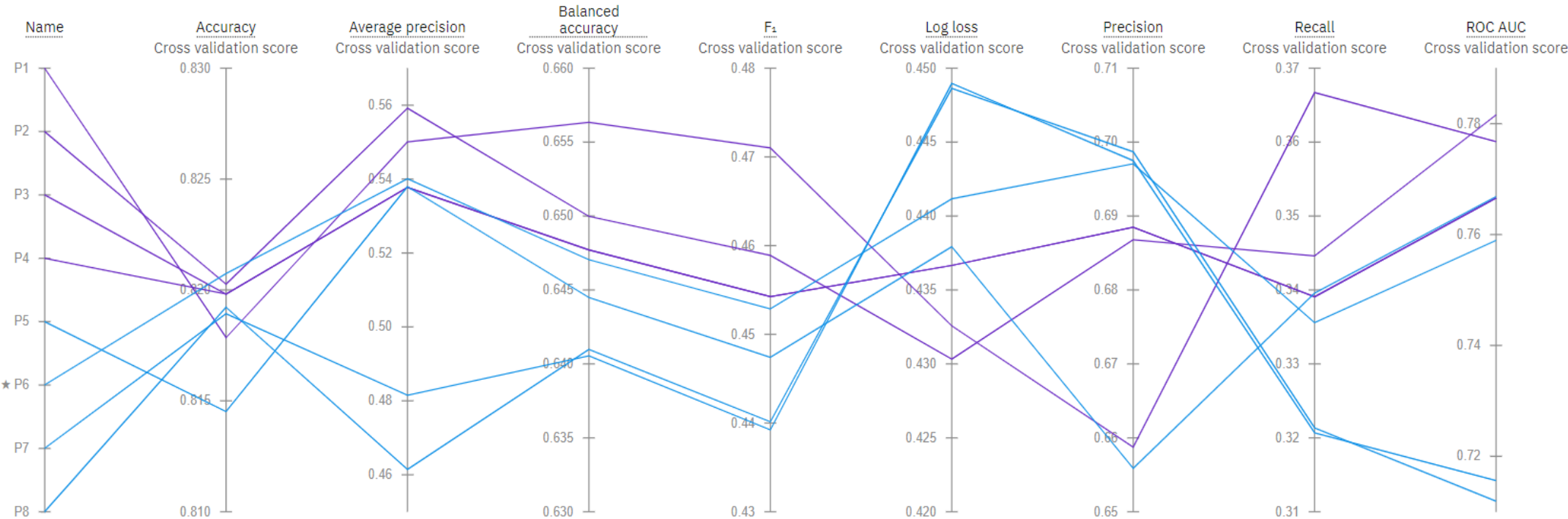
Pipelining rank : XGB classifier rank1

	Rank	↑	Name	Algorithm	Accuracy (Optimized) Cross Validation	Enhancements	Build time
★	1		Pipeline 6	○ Snap Random Forest Classifier	0.821	HPO-1	00:00:23
	2		Pipeline 2	○ XGB Classifier	0.820	HPO-1	00:00:29
	3		Pipeline 4	○ XGB Classifier	0.820	HPO-1 FE HPO-2	00:02:07
	4		Pipeline 3	○ XGB Classifier	0.820	HPO-1 FE	00:01:37
	5		Pipeline 8	○ Snap Random Forest Classifier	0.819	HPO-1 FE HPO-2	00:02:02
	6		Pipeline 7	○ Snap Random Forest Classifier	0.819	HPO-1 FE	00:01:52
	7		Pipeline 1	○ XGB Classifier	0.818	None	00:00:04
	8		Pipeline 5	○ Snap Random Forest Classifier	0.815	None	00:00:03

Pipelining comparison

Metric chart

Prediction column: default



Deployment using active space

Projects / Credit Card Default Prediction / Credit_Card_Default_Prediction ...

Promote to deployment space



Input Schema

Input		
Column		Type
AGE		"double"
BILL_AMT1		"double"
BILL_AMT2		"double"
BILL_AMT3		"double"
BILL_AMT4		"double"
BILL_AMT5		"double"
BILL_AMT6		"double"
EDUCATION		"other"
ID		"double"

About this asset

Name

Credit_Card_Default_Prediction - P6 Snap
Random Forest Classifier - Model

Description

No description provided.

Asset Details

Type: wml-hybrid_0.1
Model ID: b983be42-aa9e-4609-b76...
Software specification:
[hybrid_0.1](#)
Hybrid pipeline software specifications:
[autoai-kb_rt24.1-py3.11](#)

Tags

Add tags to make assets easier to find.

Last modified

19 h ago by George P Kurias

Created

Jul 31, 2024 by George P Kurias

RESULT

- **Model Performance:**

- Accuracy: 0.826
- Precision: 0.706
- Recall: 0.364
- F1 Score: 0.481

- **Visualizations:**

- Confusion matrix
- ROC curve

JSON CODE :VALUES CHANGED FOR TESTING

```
{"input_data":
```

```
  [{"fields":["ID","LIMIT_BAL","SEX","EDUCATION","MARRIAGE","AGE","PAY_0","PAY_2","PAY_3","PAY_4","PAY_5",  
    "PAY_6","BILL_AMT1","BILL_AMT2","BILL_AMT3","BILL_AMT4","BILL_AMT5","BILL_AMT6","PAY_AMT1","PAY_A  
    MT2","PAY_AMT3","PAY_AMT4","PAY_AMT5","PAY_AMT6"],"values":
```

```
    //positive case input value
```

```
    [[7391,20000,"M","University","Single",28,2,2,0,0,0,2,42670,42889,42689,42689,42689,42670,0,0,0,0,0],
```

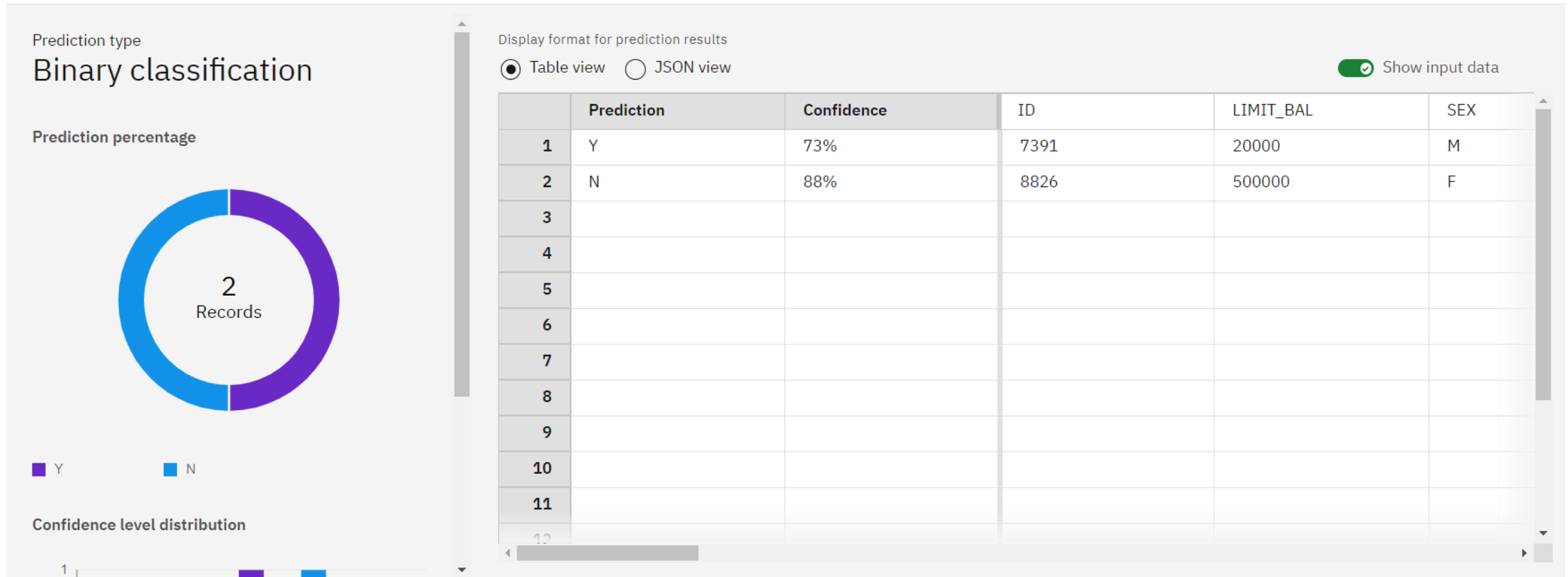
```
    //negative case input value
```

```
    [8826,500000,"F","GraduateSchool","Married",43,0,0,0,0,0,0,24751,28063,21388,21725,20760,19680,2221,278  
    0,3187,2232,2214,2672]
```

```
  ]}]
```

```
}
```

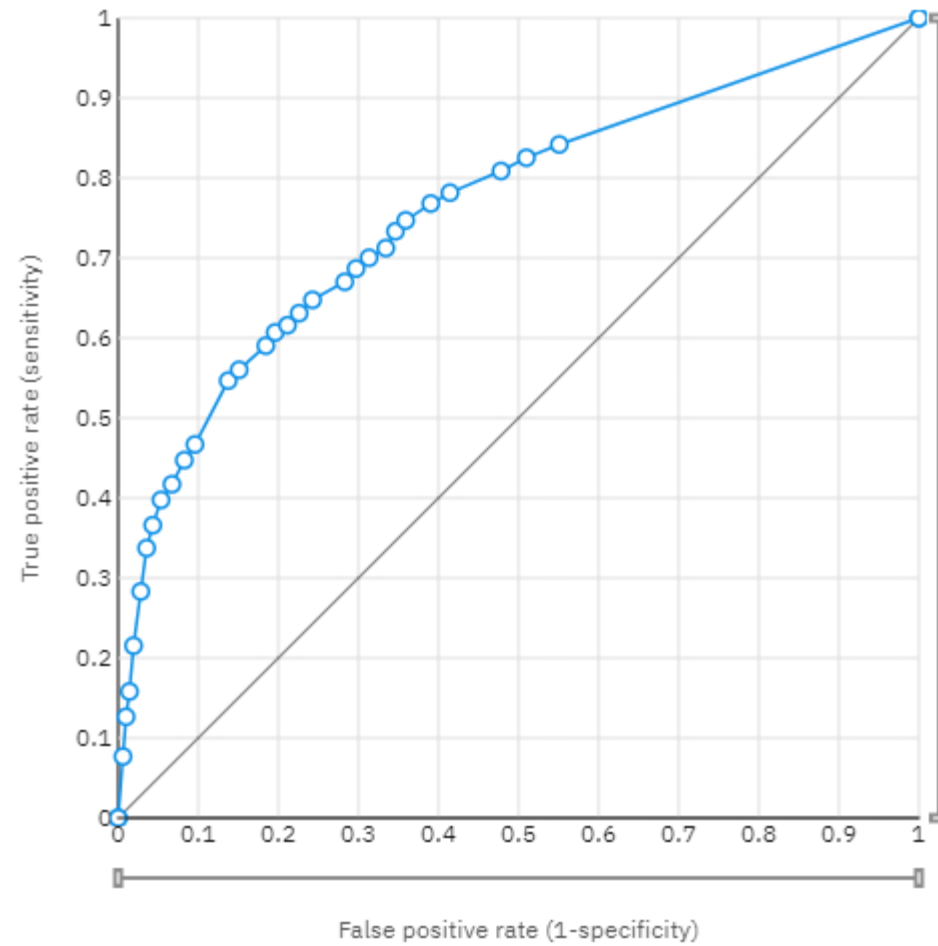
Prediction results



Y is to tell positive and N is to tell negative

Here , We can see that the model has correctly predicted the Output

ROC Curve



Confusion Matrix

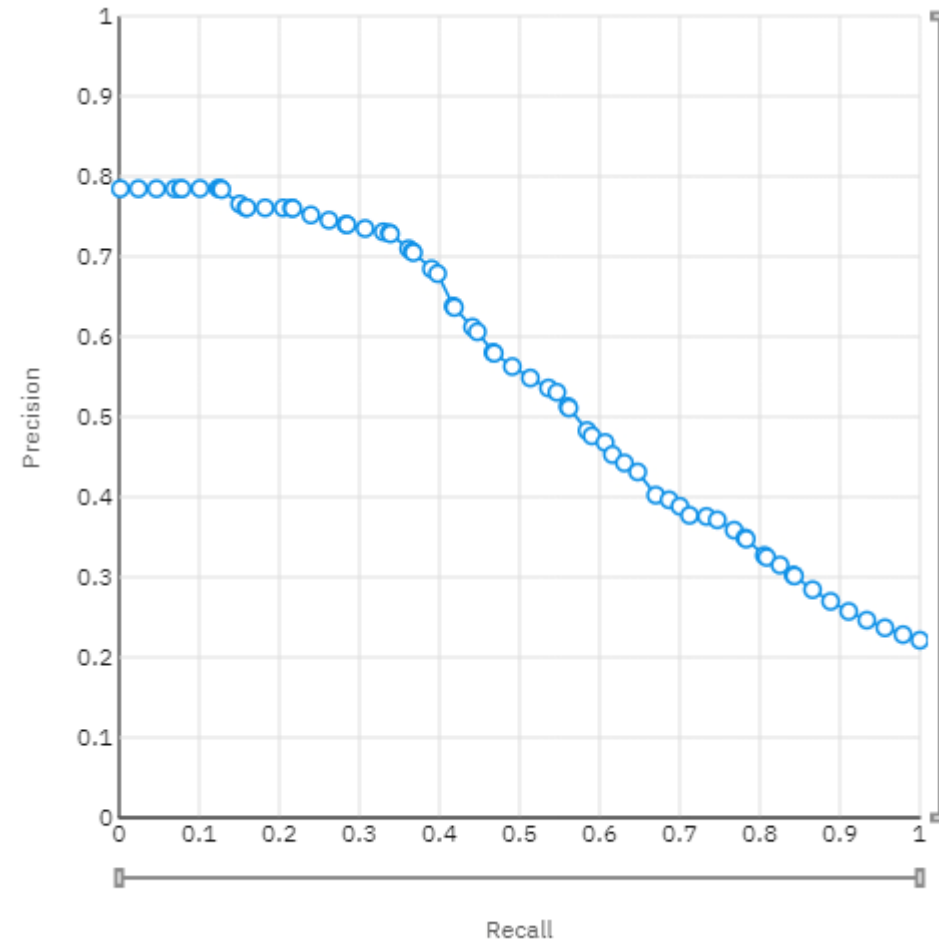
Confusion matrix ⓘ

Observed	Predicted		
	Y	N	Percent correct
Y	242	422	36.4%
N	101	2235	95.7%
Percent correct	70.6%	84.1%	82.6%

Less correct

More correct

Precision recall



Model evaluation measure

Model evaluation measure

Measures	Holdout score	Cross validation score
Accuracy	0.826	0.821
Area under ROC	0.763	0.759
Precision	0.706	0.697
Recall	0.364	0.336
F1	0.481	0.453
Average precision	0.541	0.540
Log loss	0.437	0.441

CONCLUSION

The credit card defaulter prediction model achieved a high accuracy rate, successfully distinguishing between defaulters and non-defaulters. Using Snap Random Forest Classifier and IBM Watson Studio Auto AI, the model effectively handled imbalanced data and provided timely predictions. The results demonstrated reliable performance, supporting risk management and decision-making processes for financial institutions.

FUTURE SCOPE

- **Enhanced Data Sources:**
 - Incorporate additional data sources such as social media activity, transaction patterns, and economic indicators to improve model accuracy.
- **Real-Time Monitoring:**
 - Implement real-time monitoring and prediction systems to detect potential defaulters as early as possible, allowing for proactive risk management.
- **Personalized Customer Insights:**
 - Utilize the model to offer personalized financial advice and products to customers based on their risk profiles, enhancing customer experience and loyalty.
- **Integration with Financial Systems:**
 - Integrate the model with financial institutions' existing systems for automated decision-making in credit approvals, loan restructuring, and debt collection strategies.

REFERENCES

1. Chen, T., & Guestrin, C. (2016). *XGBoost: A scalable tree boosting system*. Proceedings of the 22nd ACM SIGKDD International Conference on Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining, 785-794.
2. Brownlee, J. (2016). *An Introduction to Gradient Boosting Decision Trees*. Machine Learning Mastery.
3. UCI Machine Learning Repository. (n.d.). *Default of Credit Card Clients Dataset*.
4. IBM. (2023). *AutoAI in Watson Studio: A no-code tool for automatic machine learning*. IBM Cloud Documentation.
5. Kumar, R. (2019). *Machine Learning Applications in Credit Risk Analysis*. Springer International Publishing.
6. Kelleher, J. D., Namee, B. M., & D'Arcy, A. (2015). *Fundamentals of Machine Learning for Predictive Data Analytics*. MIT Press.

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