Risk Assessment

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IT Security Management: overview (1)

Is the formal process of answering the questions:

- Ensure that asset are sufficiently protected in a cost-effective manner;
- Security risk assessment is needed for each asset in the organization; that require protection;
- Provide the information necessary to decide what management, operational and technical controls are needed to reduce the risk identified

IT Security Management: overview (2)

Definition:

A process used to achieve and maintain appropriate levels of confidentiality, integrity, availability, accountability, authenticity, and reliability. IT security management functions include:

- determining organizational IT security objectives, strategies, and policies
- determining organizational IT security requirements
- identifying and analyzing security threats to IT assets
- identifying and analyzing risks
- specifying appropriate safeguards
- monitoring the implementation and operation of safeguards
- developing and implementing a security awareness program
- detecting and reacting to incidents



IT Security Management: a cyclic process

It is important to emphasize that:

- IT security management needs to be a key part of an organizations overall management plan.
- IT security risk assessment process should be incorporated into the wider risk assessment of all the organizations assets and business processes.
- IT security management is a cyclic process that must be repeated constantly (as specified in [ISO27001]).

Figure 14.2

Figure 14.1

Evolution and consensus

The discipline of IT security management has evolved considerably over the last few decades. This has occurred in response to the rapid growth of, and dependence on networked computer systems and the associated rise in risks to these systems. In the last decade a number of national and international standards have been published. These represent a consensus on the best practice in the field. The International Standards Organization (ISO) has revised and consolidated a number of these standards into the 27000 series.

ISO 27000 series of Standards on IT Security Techniques

	Information security management systemsOverview and vocabulary provides an
27000:2012	overview of information security management systems, and defines the vocabulary and
	definitions used in the 27000 family of standards.
	Information security management systemsRequirements specifies the requirements for
27001:2005	establishing, implementing, operating, monitoring, reviewing, maintaining, and improving a
	documented Information Security Management System.
	Code of practice for information security management provides guidelines for informa-
27002:2005	tion security management in an organization and contains a list of best-practice security
	controls. It was formerly known as ISO17799.
	Information security management system implementation guidance details the process
27003:2010	from inception to the production of implementation plans of an Information Security
	Management System specification and design.
	Information security managementMeasurement provides guidance to help organiza-
27004:2009	tions measure and report on the effectiveness of their Information Security Management
	System processes and controls.
27005:2011	Information security risk management provides guidelines on the information security
	risk management process. It supersedes ISO13335-3/4.
27006:2007	Requirements for bodies providing audit and certification of information security
	management systems specifies requirements and provides guidance for these bodies.

Organizational Context and Security Policy

In IT security management process comprises an examination of the organization's IT security **object, strategies and policies**. This can only occur in the wider context of the organization's management. IMMAGINE SLIDE 8

Security Objectives

- What key aspects of the organization require IT support in order to function efficiently?
- What tasks can only be performed with IT support?
- Which essential decisions depend on the accuracy, currency, integrity, or availability of data managed by the IT systems?
- What data created, managed, processed, and stored by the IT systems need protection?
- What are the consequences to the organization of a security failure in their IT systems?

Security Strategy

Once the objectives are listed, some broad strategy statements can be developed. These outline in general terms how the identified objectives will be met in a consistent manner across the organization:

- The topics and details in the strategy statements depend on the identified objectives, the size of the organization, and the importance of the IT systems to the organization.
- The strategy statements should address the approaches the organization will use to manage the security of its IT systems. Given the organizational security objectives and strategies, an organizational

Security Policy

Given the organizational security objectives and strategies, an organizational security policy is developed that describes what the objectives and strategies are and the process used to achieve them. INSERIRE FLENCO PUNTATO

Management Support

IT security policy must be supported by senior management Need IT security officer

- To provide consistent overall supervision
- Liaison with senior management
- Maintenance of IT security objectives, strategies, policies
- Handle incidents
- Management of IT security awareness and training programs
- Interaction with IT project security officers

Large organizations need separate IT project security officers associated with major projects and systems



Security Risk Assessment

IMMAGINE SLIDE 11

Baseline Approach

- Goal is to implement agreed controls to provide protection against the most common threats
- Forms a good base for further security measures
- Use industry best practice
 - Easy, cheap, can be replicated
 - Gives no special consideration to variations in risk exposure
 - May give too much or too little security
- Generally recommended only for small organizations without the resources to implement more structured approaches