

New Beginnings – Summer 2018

C++ Programming - Queue/Stack Practice

Create a new Palindrome checker using two data structures

1. One queue
2. One stack

The code **should** be broken into two functions with:

1. `bool isPalindrome(char *);`
 - a. Takes a pointer to a character array
 - b. Returns a bool.
 - i. True if the character array is a palindrome
 - ii. False if not
 - c. Use a Stack and a Queue to implement the checker
 - i. The Stack and Queue should be in their own classes
 1. `stack.cpp/stack.hpp`
 - a. Methods:
 - i. `void push(char);`
 - ii. `char pop();`
 2. `queue.cpp/queue.hpp`
 - a. Methods:
 - i. `void enqueue(char);`
 - ii. `char dequeue();`
 - d. The dequeue and pop functions should free the node memory as we saw in class today. To check for memory leaks, use valgrind by running
 - i. `%valgrind -leak-check=full <program name>`
 2. `int main();`
 - a. Asks the user for a file name.
 - b. Opens the file and reads it line by line. Each line contains:
 - i. `<word> <0/1 flag>`
 - ii. 0 if the word is NOT a palindrome
 - iii. 1 if the word IS a palindrome
 - c. Call the `isPalindrome()` function with the word as the parameter and compare the output of the function to the 0/1 flag from the file.
 - d. For each word, output the word, if it is a palindrome(per your function) and if it matches the 0/1 flag.