Answers to Questions from TT1.2

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1. Desk Check Task: Calculate Bill Total

Required Variables:

Integer: appetizer_price, main_price, dessert_price

Real (floating point): total_price

Pseudocode:

Read the value of appetizer_price (in cents)

Read the value of main_price (in cents)

Read the value of dessert_price (in cents)

total_price = appetizer_price + main_price + dessert_price

total_price = total_price / 100 #Comment: convert to dollars

Print '\$' then the value of total_price to the terminal showing two decimal places.

Test Data:

appetizer_price
main_price
dessert_price

| First data set | Second data set |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 1030 | 1240 |
| 3400 | 4100 |
| 850 | 980 |

Expected Result:

Output:

| First data set | Second data set |
|----------------|-----------------|
| \$52.80 | \$63.20 |

Desk check:

| | | | | | <u> </u> | |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------|---------|----------|---------|
| | Statement | appetizer | main | dessert | total | output |
| | | _price | _price | _price | _price | |
| First Pass | Read the value of appetizer_price | 1030 | | | | |
| | Read the value of main_price | ; | 3400 | | | |
| | Read the value of dessert_price | | | 850 | | |
| | Calculate the total_price | | | | 5280 | |
| | Convert to dollars | | | | | 52.80 |
| | Output the total_price | | | | | \$52.80 |
| Second Pass | Read the value of appetizer_price | 1240 | | | | |
| | Read the value of main_price | - | 4100 | | | |
| | Read the value of dessert_price | , | | 980 | | |
| | Calculate the total_price | | | | 6320 | |
| | Convert to dollars | | | | | 63.20 |
| | Output the total_price | | | | | \$63.20 |

2. Short Answer Questions:

Focus in the following on using the correct computing terminology.

Here are some terms that may help you: Assignment, evaluate, increment,

1. Using a few sentences explain why it may be important to execute statements in the correct sequence. (eg: what might happen if the last statement in Program 2 was executed earlier)

If the last statement in program 2 (printf("\$%.2f\n", total_price)) was executed earlier then the total_price would be incorrectly evaluated

2: The code main_price = 10 is an example of which kind of programming statement?

This is an assignment statement.

3: What actions does the computer perform when it executes $\mathbf{a} = \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$?

The computer first reads the value for a and the value for b

Then it will calculate the sum of values a and b. It will then assign said sum to a

4: How would the value of variable i change in the statement i = i + 1?

The value of i will be read by the computer then increased by a value of 1 and then assign the new value to i

5: What sort of types will Ruby use to store the following variables (given the associated variable values)?

| Data | Туре |
|--|---------|
| A person's name e.g: "Fred Smith" | String |
| Number of students in a class e.g. 23 | Integer |
| Average age of a group of people e.g: 23.5 | Float |
| A temperature in Celsius e.g: 45.7 | Float |
| True or false e.g: 1 == 2 | Boolean |

Note: possible types include: Integer, String, Float, Boolean

6: Variables have a scope – what are two different scopes variables can have in Ruby? Global Variables; Begin with a Dollar Sign '\$'. Assignment to Global variables changes global

Local Variables; Begin with a lowercase letter or an underscore. Scope can vary from class, module, def and more

For help with Question 6 you could also see:

https://www.tutorialspoint.com/ruby/ruby_variables.htm