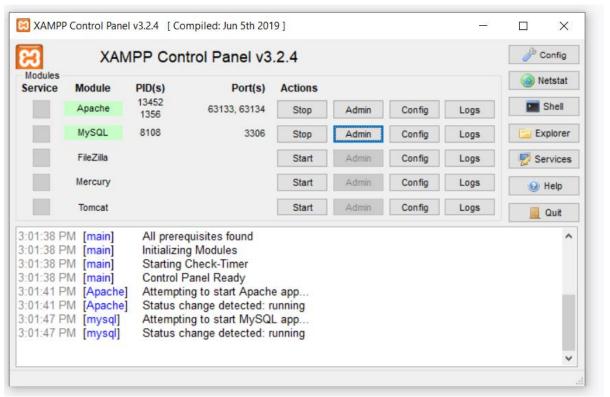


Working with phpMyAdmin

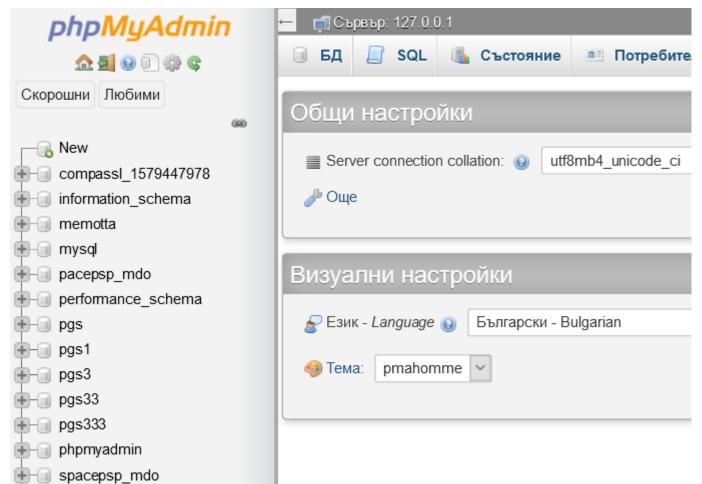
Start phMyAdmin

- a. Click START button in front of MySQL
- b. After the MySQL process starts, click **ADMIN** button



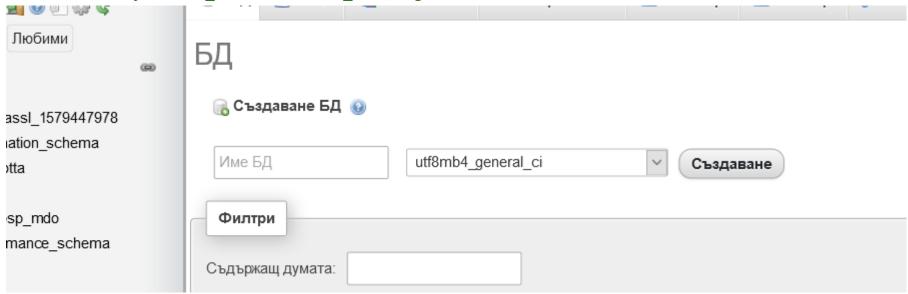


To create a new database click **NEW**





Enter the name of the new_database - snake_case, english words!

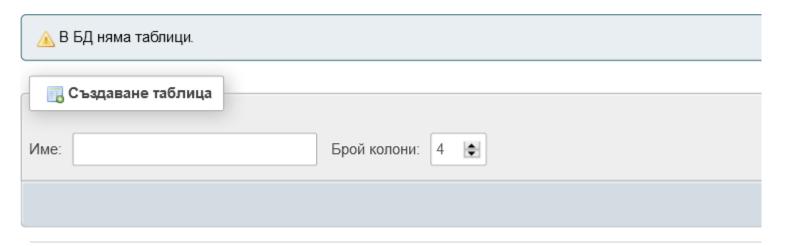


The newly created database - recipes, appears in the column on the left





Click on **the name** of the newly created database



The recipes database is still **empty**. You are ready to **create** recipes tables. You can **add and edit** the database tables **now or later** if needed.

We can add the first table of The Recipes database design - the **products** table

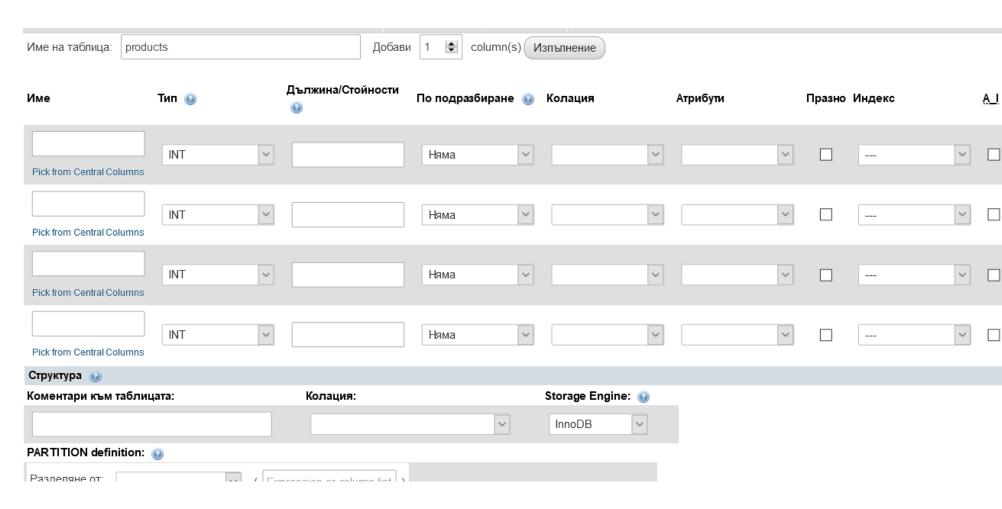


Име:	products	Брой колони: 4
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You can set the **number of columns** in the table. You can increase/decrease the number of columns later if needed.



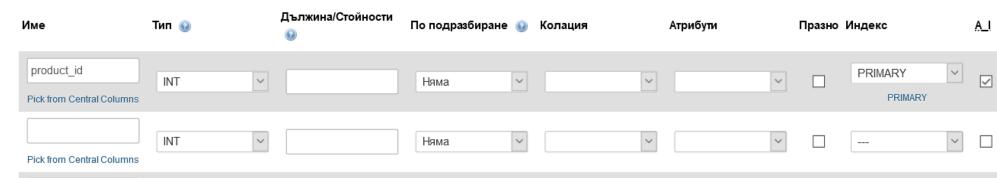
After the first table is set, it is the time to set **the names and other attributes of the table's columns**.





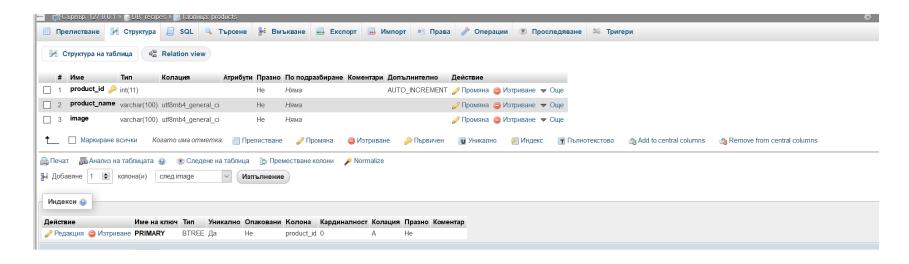
Always start with the first column - set it to be the table PRIMARY KEY -

- c. set INDEX to be PRIMARY
- d. check the column **AUTO INCREMENT** /AI/





After all columns` attributes have been filled in, you can see the newly created table`s structure in the STRUCTURE tab.



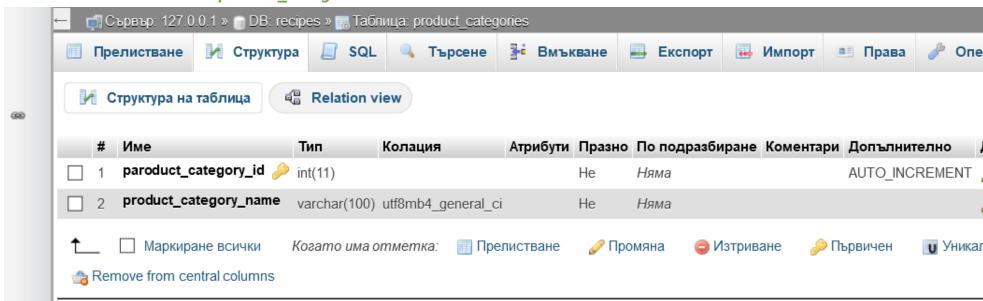
From this tab you can view or edit table's columns.



In the column **on the left** of the screen after you click the **+sign** in front of the database name - you can see the list of existing tables in the database.

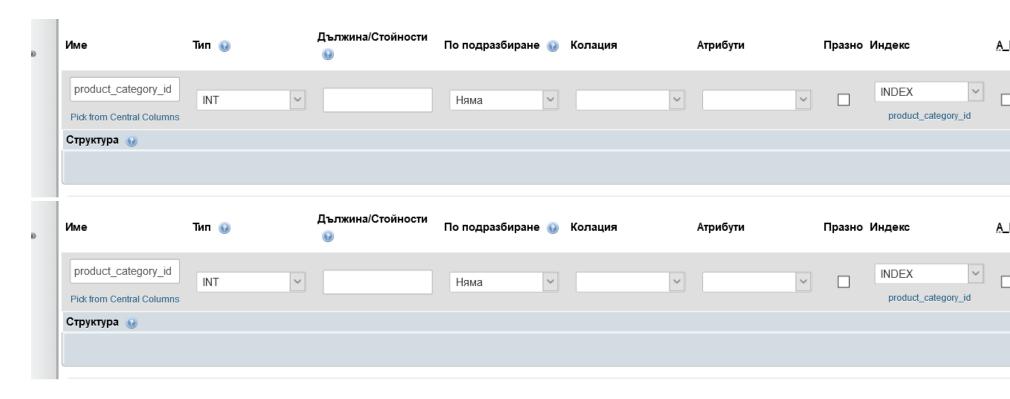


Let's create a second table - product_categories



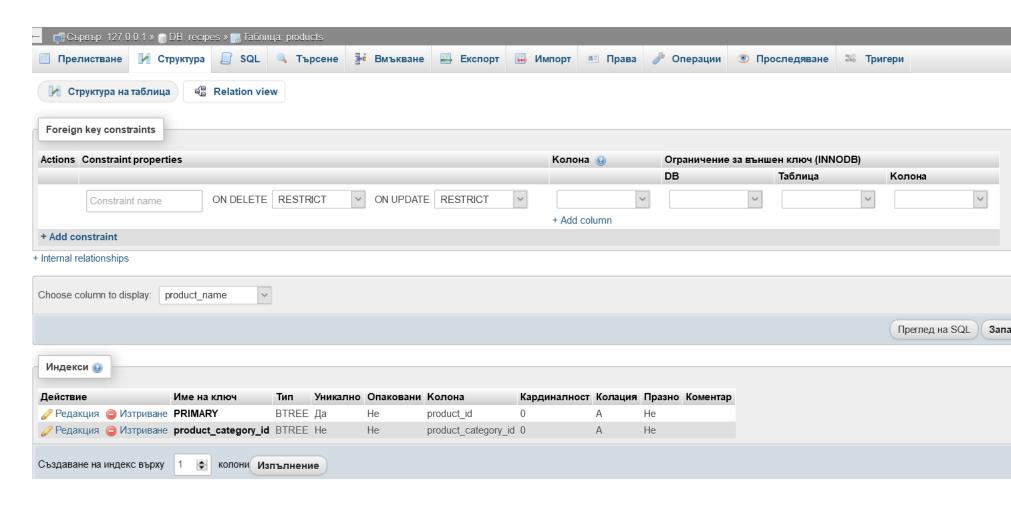


In order **to connect the two tables** - in the recipes design the two tables are related via the product_category_id column, which presents in the both tables - we have to add such a column in the products table and to set it an index for faster querying.



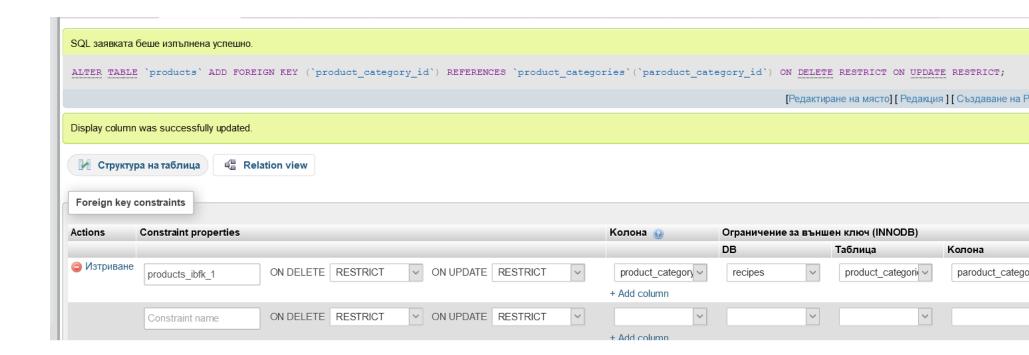


The product_category_id column in the product table is a **FOREIGN KEY /FK/** and we have to set the foreign key constraint for the related tables.



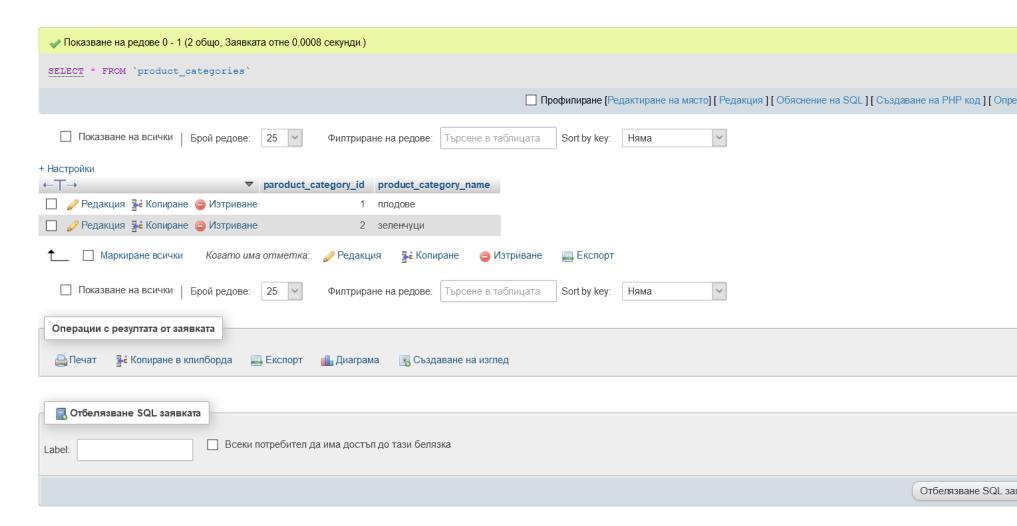


We can insert manually data in the database tables from the **INSERT** tab.

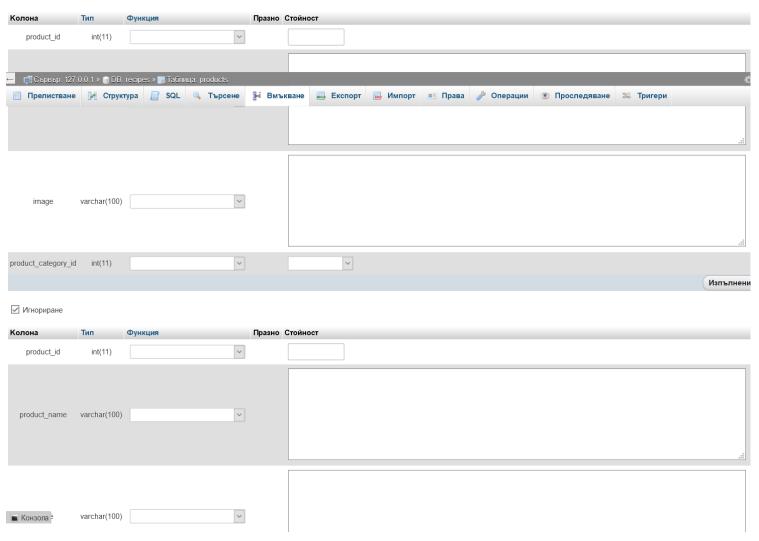




From the **VIEW** tab you can see the data you've entered. You can change the data if you need to.



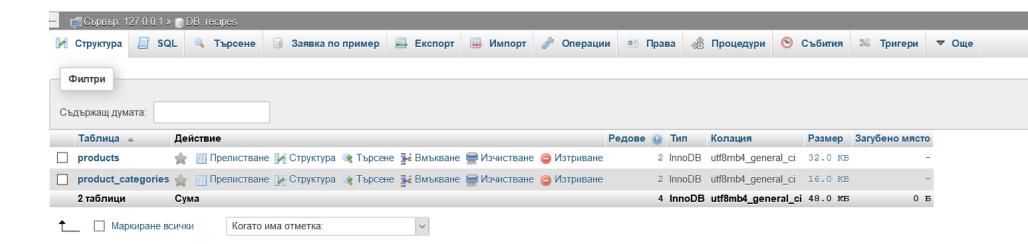




From the **STRUCTURE** tab of the database you can see the list of existing tables.

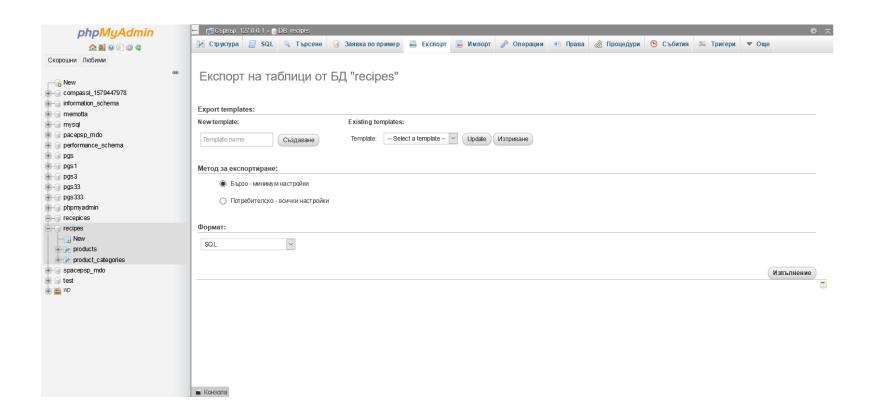


You can **delete** a table from here if you have to.





To export an existing database from phpMyAdmin - click on tha **database name** you are going to export, then go to **EXPORT** tab. You will see a title - **EXPORTING TABLES FROM DATABASE RECIPES**

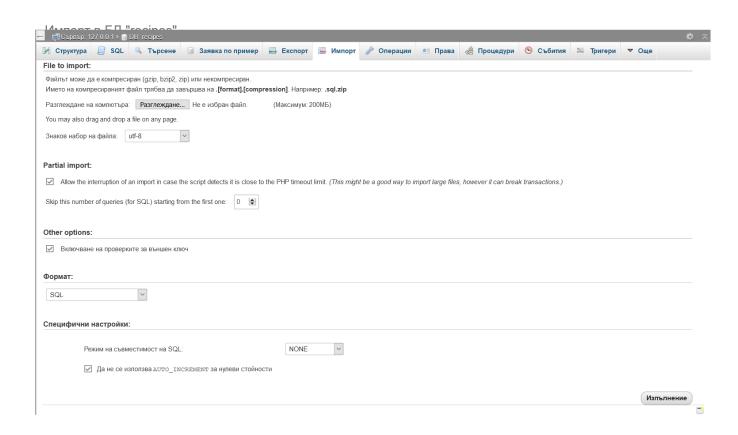


To export **a table** from the database - click on **table name** and go to **EXPORT** tab.



You should see a title **EXPORTING ROWS FROM TABLE TABLE_NAME**

To import a .sql file containing an exported database or table - go to IMPORT tab of an EXISTING DATABASE!



Be careful not to import already existing tables in the database!



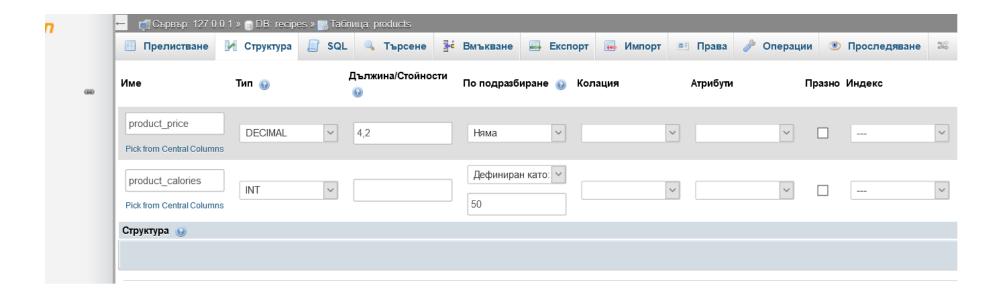
To import a database - create empty database.

To **import a table** - check if table with the **same name exists** - **delete** the table and import the desired table from a file.

Let's **add new columns** to the products table.

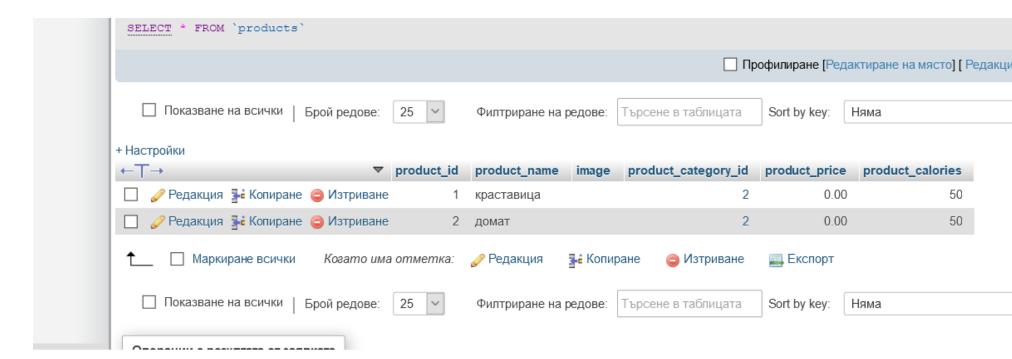
Price table will store data of decimal type.

Product_calories column will have a **default value of 50** /when we expect a value not to be required from the user when filling out a form, it is a good idea to set a default value - predefined, or NULL/



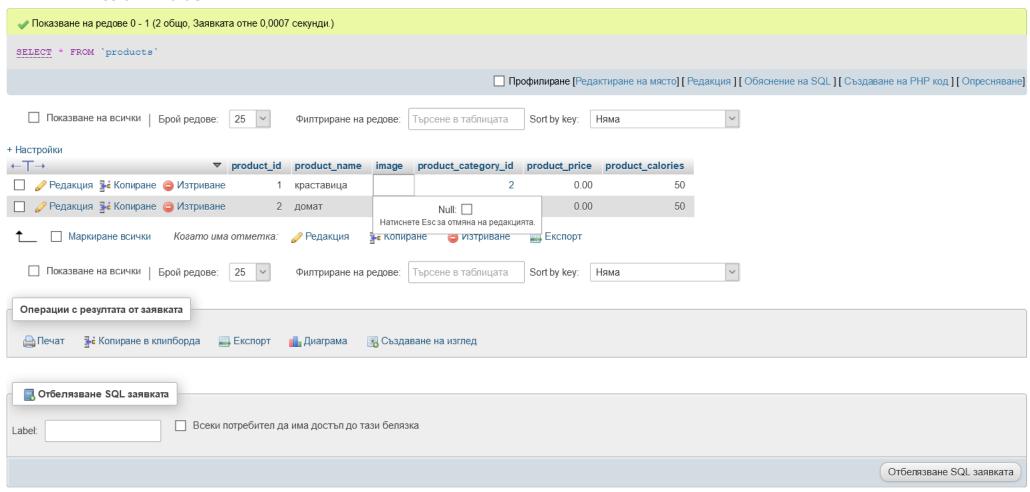


The default values can be set later, though you should try to develop the final design of the database as much as you can.





If you've changed the column to have a **default value** - **do not forget to change the empty value** to the desired default column value.





A view of a table in a database in phpMyAdmin - here you can view the data type expected to be stored in each columns, default values if present, th PK, FK, indexes.

	#	Име	Тип	Колация	Атрибути	Празно	По подразбиране	Коментари	Допълнително	Действие		
	1	product_id 🔑	int(11)			Не	Няма		AUTO_INCREMENT	🥜 Промяна	Озтриване	4
	2	product_name	varchar(100)	utf8mb4_general_ci		Не	Няма			<i>②</i> Промяна	Изтриване	~
	3	image	varchar(100)	utf8mb4_general_ci		Не	Няма			🧷 Промяна	Озтриване	4
	4	product_category_id	int(11)			Не	Няма			<i>②</i> Промяна	Озтриване	4
	5	product_price	decimal(4,2)			Не	Няма			🥜 Промяна	Озтриване	~



✓ Показване на редове 0 - 1 (2 общо, Заявката отне 0,0007 секунди.)
SELECT * FROM `products`
□ Профилиране [Редактиране на място] [Редакция] [Обяснение на SQL] [Създаване на РНР код] [Опре
<pre>UPDATE `products` SET `image` = NULL WHERE `products`.`product_id` = 2;</pre>
[Редактиране на място] [Редакция] [Създаване на Г
□ Показване на всички Брой редове: 25 ∨ Филтриране на редове: Търсене в таблицата Sort by key: Няма ∨
+ Настройки
← T→ product_id product_name image product_category_id product_price product_calories
<u>↑</u> Маркиране всички <i>Когато има отметка: ⊘</i> Редакция ≩• Копиране ⊜ Изтриване Щ Експорт
□ Показване на всички Брой редове: 25 ∨ Филтриране на редове: Търсене в таблицата Sort by key: Няма ∨
Операции с резултата от заявката
Печат
■ Отбелязване SQL заявката
Label: Всеки потребител да има достъп до тази белязка
Отбелязване SQL за: