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This notebook is demo ETL job that:
extraxts data from Bulgarian government data for registered
vehicles(01.01.2022 to 39.10.2022),
transforms da data and saves/visualizes desired vehicle type and age total
number of registrations.
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from pyspark.sql.functions import col, sum
import pandas as pd
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
def extract_from_blob(path):
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    Extracting data from mounted blob storage in Azure
    args: path to csv file
    returns: DataFrame
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    df = spark.read.csv(path, inferSchema=True, header=True)
    return df
def transform_replace_dots_in_schema(df):
    This transformation function is replacing "." with "_" in col names
    args: DataFrame with "."(dot) in column names
    returns: DataFrame with "."(dot) replaced with "_"(dash) in column names
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    clean_df = df.toDF(*(c.replace('.', '_') for c in df.columns))
    return clean_df
def transform_get_top_15_registrations_data(df, col_type, col_age):
    This transformation function is filtering DF for desired vehicles, and
desired age (brand-new or used)
    and it is ranking the 15 most registered used or brand_new models in
Bulgaria
    args: DataFrame with all registered car brands
    args: col_type type of desired vehicles
    args: col_age age of desired vehicles brand-new or used
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returns: DataFrame 15 most registered models in Bulgaria
    df new auto = (df
                   .filter(col("ВИД МПС") == col type)
                   .select(col("ВИД МПС"), col("MAPKA"), col(col_age))
                   .groupby(col("MAPKA"))
                   .agg(sum(col(col_age)).alias(col_age))
                   .orderBy(col(col_age).desc())
                   .limit(15)
                   )
    return df_new_auto
def visualize(df, col_type, col_age):
    This visualization function displaying desired vehicle type and age
registrations
    args: DataFrame transformed for visualization top 15 most registered
vehicles in Bulgaria
    args: col_type type of desired vehicles
    args: col_age age of desired vehicles brand-new or used
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    df1 = df.toPandas()
    color = (np.random.random(), np.random.random())
    ax = df1.plot(kind='bar',x='MAPKA',y=col_age, color = color, figsize=
(24, 7), rot=0)
    plt.title(f'{col_age} регистрирации на {col_type} в България от
01.01.2022 до 31.10.2022')
    for container in ax.containers:
        ax.bar_label(container)
class VehicleSales():
    Vehicle calss etl class that directs the etl process
    args: path to csv table
    args: col_type type of desired vehicles
    args: col_age age of desired vehicles brand-new or used
    returns: visualization of top 15 most registered vehicles of desired
type and desired age
    11 11 11
    def __init__(self, path, col_type, col_age):
        self.path = path
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self.col_type = col_type
        self.col_age = col_age
    def run(self):
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        This function runs all etl functions in the class
        df1 = self.extract_data()
        df_updated = self.transform_data(df1)
        df_load = self.load_visualizations(df_updated)
    def extract_data(self):
        Callint the extraxt function with provided path
        returns: DataFrame
        df = extract_from_blob(self.path)
        return df
    def transform_data(self, df):
        Calling the transformation function
        args: DataFrame
        returns: DataFrame transfored and ready for visualization witf
provided desired parameters
        11 11 11
        valid_df = transform_replace_dots_in_schema(df)
        df_updated = transform_get_top_15_registrations_data(valid_df,
self.col_type, self.col_age)
        return df_updated
    def load_visualizations(self, df):
        Calling the Visualization function with desired parameters
        visualize(df, self.col_type, self.col_age)
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