# Keysight Technologies B2900 Series Precision Source/Measure Unit



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# In This Manual

This manual provides the information for controlling the Keysight Technologies B2900 by using an external computer, and consists of the following chapters.

1. "Controlling the Keysight B2900"

Describes how to control the B2900 on a task basis.

2. "Programming Examples"

Introduces example programs for controlling the B2900.

See Keysight B2900 User's Guide for information about the B2900 itself.

Refer to *Keysight B2900 SCPI Command Reference* for the SCPI messages and conventions, data output format, error code, and the details on Keysight B2900 SCPI commands.

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Controlling the Keysight B2900



This chapter describes basic information to control the Keysight B2900, and consists of the following sections.

- "Before Starting"
- "Controlling Various Functions"
- "Controlling the Source Output"
- "Controlling the Measurement Function"
- "Using the Math Function"
- "Performing the Limit Test"
- "Using the Trace Buffer"
- "Using Program Memory"

The following conventions are used in this document for expressing SCPI commands.

Convention	Description
Angle brackets <>	Items within angle brackets are parameter abbreviations. For example, <nr1> indicates a specific form of numerical data.</nr1>
Vertical bar	Vertical bars separate alternative parameters. For example, <volt curr> indicates that either VOLT or CURR must be placed there.</volt curr>
Square brackets [ ]	Items within square brackets are optional. The representation [SOURce:]VOLTage means that SOURce: may be omitted.
Parentheses ( )	Items within parentheses are used in place of the usual parameter types to specify a channel list. The notation (@1:3) specifies a channel list that includes channels 1, 2, and 3. The notation (@1,3) specifies a channel list that includes only channels 1 and 3.
Braces { }	Braces indicate parameters that may be repeated zero or more times. It is used especially for representing arrays. The notation <a>{,<b>} shows that parameter "A" must be entered, while parameter "B" omitted or may be entered one or more times.</b></a>

# **Before Starting**

This section describes the information needed before starting programming.

- "Software Requirements"
- "Connecting to the Interface"
- "Starting the Instrument Control"

# **Software Requirements**

Programming examples described in this manual use the following software. Install the software to your computer to execute the programming examples.

- Keysight IO Libraries Suite software
- Microsoft Visual Basic .NET software

# **Connecting to the Interface**

Keysight B2900 supports GPIB, LAN, and USB interfaces. All three interfaces are live at power-on. Select the interface used for controlling the B2900. Connect your interface cable to the appropriate interface connector.

For the information on configuring the interfaces, see *Keysight B2900 Series User's Guide*.

# **Starting the Instrument Control**

The following program code is one of the simple program template for starting and ending the communication between the computer and the instrument. For using the code, the instrument address must be set to the address variable correctly.

The address value depends on the interface as shown below.

• For using the GPIB interface

The address value is the VISA GPIB Connect String displayed on the GPIB Configuration dialog box opened by pressing the More > I/O > GPIB function keys.

Example:

```
address = "GPIB0::23::INSTR"
```

• For using the USB interface

The address value is the VISA USB Connect String displayed on the USB Status dialog box opened by pressing the More > I/O > USB function keys.

Example:

```
address = "USB0::2391::12345::XY00001234::0::INSTR"
```

For using the LAN interface

The address value is as follows.

```
address = "TCPIP0::xxx.yyy.zzz.aaa::5025::SOCKET"
```

Where, *xxx.yyy.zzz.aaa* is the IP Address displayed on the LAN Configuration dialog box opened by pressing the More > I/O > LAN > Config function keys.

```
address = "TCPIP0::192.168.0.1::5025::SOCKET"
```

# **Controlling Various Functions**

This section describes how to control various functions apart from the source output and measurement functions.

- "Setting the Power Frequency"
- "Resetting to the Initial Settings"
- "Setting the Beeper"
- "Setting the Date and Time"
- "Performing the Self-Test"
- "Performing the Self-Calibration"
- "Setting the Operations at Power On"
- "Reading an Error Message"
- "Clearing the Error Buffer"
- "Reading Timestamp"
- "Clearing Timestamp"
- "Setting the Automatic Clear of Timestamp"
- "Confirming the Firmware Revision"
- "Setting the Remote Display Mode"
- "Making a Screen Dump"
- "Performing a File Operation"

# **Setting the Power Frequency**

Power line frequency is set by the :SYST:LFR command.

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SYST:LFR 50") '50 Hz
ioObj.WriteString(":SYST:LFR 60") '60 Hz
```

Controlling the Keysight B2900 Controlling Various Functions

# **Resetting to the Initial Settings**

The initial settings are applied by the \*RST command

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString("*RST")
```

For the initial settings, see SCPI Command Reference.

# **Setting the Beeper**

Beeper is enabled/disabled by the :SYST:BEEP:STAT command. And a beep sound of the specified frequency and duration is generated by the :SYST:BEEP command.

#### **Example**

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SYST:BEEP:STAT ON") 'Enables beep
ioObj.WriteString(":SYST:BEEP 200,1") '200 Hz, 1 s
```

# **Setting the Date and Time**

Date is set by the :SYST:DATE command. And time is set by the :SYST:TIME command.

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SYST:DATE 2011,1,1") 'Y,M,D
ioObj.WriteString(":SYST:TIME 23,59,59") 'H,M,S
```

# **Performing the Self-Test**

Self-test is performed by the \*TST? command. The \*TST? command also returns the execution result. Before performing the self-test, disconnect test leads and cables from the channel terminals.

#### **Example**

```
ioObj.WriteString("*TST?")
Dim d As String = ioObj.ReadString()
If d = 0 Then
    Console.WriteLine("PASS")
Else
    Console.WriteLine("FAIL")
Fnd If
```

This example performs the self-test, and displays the test result, pass or fail.

# **Performing the Self-Calibration**

Self-calibration is performed by the \*CAL? command. The \*CAL? command also returns the execution result. Before performing the self-calibration, disconnect test leads and cables from the channel terminals.

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString("*CAL?")
Dim d As String = ioObj.ReadString()
If d = 0 Then
   Console.WriteLine("PASS")
Else
   Console.WriteLine("FAIL")
End If
```

This example performs the self-calibration, and displays the result, pass or fail.

# **Setting the Operations at Power On**

Operations at power-on are decided by the memory program specified by the :PROG:PON:COPY command. And the power-on program execution is enabled/disabled by the :PROG:PON:RUN command. The specified program must be previously defined in the program memory.

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":PROG:PON:COPY ""program1""")
ioObj.WriteString(":PROG:PON:RUN ON")
```

This example sets *program1* to the power-on program and enables the function.

# Reading an Error Message

Error message is read one by one by using the :SYST:ERR? command. This command reads and removes the top item in the error buffer, and returns the code and message.

# Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SYST:ERR?")
Dim d As String = ioObj.ReadString()
Console.WriteLine(d)
```

If the error buffer is empty, the response is +0, "No error".

# **Clearing the Error Buffer**

Error buffer is cleared by the :SYST:ERR:ALL? command. This command reads and returns all items in the error buffer, and clears the buffer.

# Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SYST:ERR:ALL?")
Dim d As String = ioObj.ReadString()
Console.WriteLine(d)
```

If the error buffer is empty, the response is +0,"No error".

Controlling the Keysight B2900 Controlling Various Functions

# **Reading Timestamp**

Timestamp is read by the :SYST:TIME:TIM:COUN? command.

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SYST:TIME:TIM:COUN?")
Dim d As String = ioObj.ReadString()
Console.WriteLine(d)
```

# **Clearing Timestamp**

Timestamp is cleared by the :SYST:TIME:TIM:COUN:RES command.

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SYST:TIME:TIM:COUN:RES")
```

# **Setting the Automatic Clear of Timestamp**

Automatic clear of timestamp is enabled/disabled by the :SYST:TIME:TIM:COUN:RES:AUTO command. If this function is enabled, the timestamp is cleared when the initiate action occurs.

#### **Example**

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SYST:TIME:TIM:COUN:RES:AUTO ON")
```

# **Confirming the Firmware Revision**

Instrument's (mainframe) identification and firmware revision are read by the \*IDN? command.

#### **Example**

```
ioObj.WriteString("*IDN?")
Dim d As String = ioObj.ReadString()
Console.WriteLine(d)
```

The returned value will be as follows.

Keysight Technologies, model, serial, revision

model: mainframe model numberserial: mainframe serial numberrevision: firmware revision number

# **Setting the Remote Display Mode**

Front panel display under remote operation is enabled or disabled by the :DISP:ENAB command.

#### Example

ioObj.WriteString(":DISP:ENAB ON")

# Making a Screen Dump

Screen dump of the front panel display is made by the :HCOP:SDUM commands.

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":DISP:ENAB ON")
ioObj.WriteString(":DISP:VIEW GRAP")
ioObj.WriteString(":HCOP:SDUM:FORM JPG")
ioObj.WriteString("*OPC?") : s = ioObj.ReadString()
ioObj.WriteString(":HCOP:SDUM:DATA?")

Dim data As Object
data = ioObj.ReadIEEEBlock(Ivi.Visa.Interop.IEEEBinaryType.Binary
Type_UI1, False, True)

Dim dataSize As Integer = data.Length
Dim dumpname As String = "C:/temp/screendump1.jpg"
Using stream As New FileStream(dumpname, FileMode.Create,
FileAccess.Write)
stream.Write(data, 0, dataSize)
End Using
```

# **Performing a File Operation**

File operation is effective for the USB memory connected to the front panel USB connector, and performed by the :MMEM commands. Error occurs if an USB memory is not connected.

# **Controlling the Source Output**

This section describes how to control the source output of Keysight B2900.

- "Enabling the Source Output"
- "Setting the Source Output Mode"
- "Applying the DC Voltage/Current"
- "Stopping the Source Output"
- "Setting the Limit/Compliance Value"
- "Setting the Output Range"
- "Setting the Pulse Output"
- "Setting the Sweep Operation"
- "Setting the Sweep Output"
- "Setting the Ranging Mode of the Sweep Source"
- "Setting the List Sweep Output"
- "Setting the Source Output Trigger"
- "Setting the Source Wait Time"
- "Setting the Output Filter"
- "Setting the Connection Type"
- "Setting the Low Terminal State"
- "Enabling or Disabling the High Capacitance Mode"
- "Enabling or Disabling the Over Voltage/Current Protection"
- "Specifying the Output-Off Status"
- "Enabling or Disabling the Automatic Output-On Function"
- "Enabling or Disabling the Automatic Output-Off Function"

NOTE

The string : SOUR in the command string described in this manual can be omitted. For example, : SOUR : VOLT can be : VOLT.

# **Enabling the Source Output**

Source output is enabled by the :OUTP ON command.

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":OUTP ON")
```

# **Setting the Source Output Mode**

Source output mode is set by the :SOUR:FUNC:MODE command.

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SOUR:FUNC:MODE CURR") 'Current output
ioObj.WriteString(":SOUR:FUNC:MODE VOLT") 'Voltage output
```

# **Applying the DC Voltage/Current**

DC current/voltage is immediately applied by the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT> command during the source output is enabled.

If you want to control the DC current/voltage output timing using a trigger, use the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT>:TRIG command. See Figure 1-2.

#### **Example**

# **Stopping the Source Output**

Source output is stopped and disabled by the :OUTP OFF command.

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":OUTP OFF")
```

# **Setting the Limit/Compliance Value**

Limit/compliance is set by the :SENS:<CURR|VOLT>:PROT command.

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SENS:CURR:PROT 0.1") '100 mA compliance
ioObj.WriteString(":SENS:VOLT:PROT 10") '10 V compliance
```

#### NOTE

#### To set the positive limit and the negative limit individually

This is for the B2900 with the license "SWS" and the firmware revision 3.1 or later.

Controlling the Keysight B2900 Controlling the Source Output

Use the :SENS:<CURR|VOLT>:PROT:POS command to set the positive limit and the :SENS:<CURR|VOLT>:PROT:NEG command to set the negative limit. Do not use the :SENS:<CURR|VOLT>:PROT command.

# **Setting the Output Range**

Output range is set by the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT>:RANG command. And the auto range operation is enabled/disabled by the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT>:RANG:AUTO command. The lower limit for the auto range operation is set by the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT>:RANG:AUTO:LLIM command.

#### Example

# **Setting the Pulse Output**

Pulse output is set by the :SOUR:FUNC:SHAP PULS, :SOUR:PULS:DEL, and :SOUR:PULS:WIDT commands. See Figure 1-2.

Pulse base and peak values are set by the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT> command and the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT>:TRIG command respectively.

#### Example

#### NOTE

#### Outputting the pulse voltage/current

Execute the :OUTP ON command to start outputting the pulse base value.

Execute the :INIT to perform the specified pulse output and measurement.

# **Setting the Sweep Operation**

For the variety of sweep output operation, see Figure 1-1.

Sweep direction, upward or downward is set by the :SOUR:SWE:DIR command.

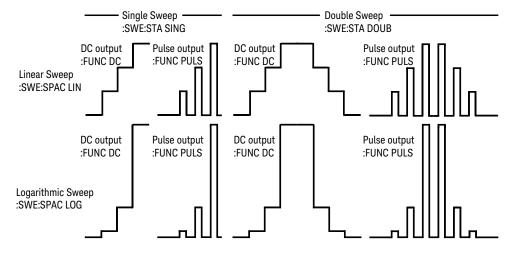
Sweep mode, single or double is set by the :SOUR:SWE:STA command.

Sweep spacing, linear or log is set by the :SOUR:SWE:SPAC command.

#### **Example**

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SOUR:SWE:DIR DOWN")
ioObj.WriteString(":SOUR:SWE:STA DOUB")
ioObj.WriteString(":SOUR:SWE:SPAC LOG")
```

#### Figure 1-1 Variety of Sweep Outputs



# **Setting the Sweep Output**

Staircase sweep output is set by the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT>:MODE SWE command, the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT>:<POIN|STEP> or :SOUR:SWE:POIN command, and the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT>:<STAR|STOP> or :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT>:<CENT|SPAN> command. See Figure 1-3.

Before performing the pulsed sweep output, it is necessary to set the staircase sweep output and pulse output. For details on setting the pulse output, see "Setting the Pulse Output" on page 1-12. Also see Figure 1-4.

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SOUR:VOLT:MODE SWE")
ioObj.WriteString(":SOUR:VOLT:STAR 0") 'Start 0 V
ioObj.WriteString(":SOUR:VOLT:STOP 1") 'Stop 1 V
ioObj.WriteString(":SOUR:VOLT:POIN 11") '11 points
```

#### NOTE

#### Outputting the sweep voltage/current

Execute the :OUTP ON command to start outputting the value set by the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT> command.

Execute the :INIT to perform the specified sweep output and measurement.

# **Setting the Ranging Mode of the Sweep Source**

Ranging mode of sweep source is set by the :SOUR:SWE:RANG command.

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SOUR:SWE:RANG BEST") 'Covers all LIN steps
ioObj.WriteString(":SOUR:SWE:RANG FIX") 'Not change
ioObj.WriteString(":SOUR:SWE:RANG AUTO") 'Auto for each step
```

# **Setting the List Sweep Output**

List sweep output is set by the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT>:MODE LIST command and the :SOUR:LIST:<CURR|VOLT> command

#### **Example**

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SOUR:VOLT:MODE LIST")
ioObj.WriteString(":SOUR:LIST:VOLT 0,2,4,6,8,10,0")
```

#### NOTE

#### Outputting the list sweep voltage/current

Execute the :OUTP ON command to start outputting the value set by the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT> command.

Execute the :INIT to perform the specified list sweep output and measurement.

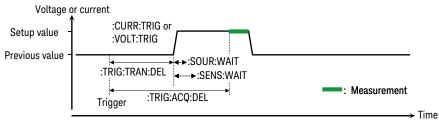
# **Setting the Source Output Trigger**

Source output trigger is simply set by the :TRIG<:TRAN | [:ALL]>:SOUR, :TRIG<:TRAN | [:ALL]>:TIM, :TRIG<:TRAN | [:ALL]>:COUN, and :TRIG<:TRAN | [:ALL]>:DEL commands. See Figure 1-2.

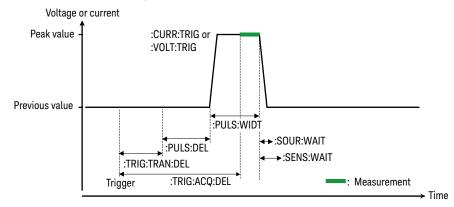
#### Example

### Figure 1-2 To Perform DC and Pulse Output and Spot Measurement

Constant source :FUNC DC, :CURR:MODE FIX or :VOLT:MODE FIX



Pulse source :FUNC PULS, :CURR:MODE FIX or :VOLT:MODE FIX



#### NOTE

If you want to use arm trigger, use the :ARM<:TRAN | [:ALL]>:SOUR, :ARM<:TRAN | [:ALL]>:TIM, :ARM<:TRAN | [:ALL]>:COUN, and :ARM<:TRAN | [:ALL]>:DEL commands. For more details, see *SCPI Command Reference*.

#### NOTE

If source channels are set as shown below, the source output starts simultaneously.

- Trigger source is set to the same mode.
- Delay time is set to the same value.
- Source output ranging mode is set to the fixed mode.
- Source wait time control is set to OFF.
- Measurement wait time control is set to OFF.
- Measurement ranging mode is set to the fixed mode.

# **Setting the Source Wait Time**

Source wait time is set by the :SOUR:WAIT commands. See Figures 1-3 and 1-4 for the wait time.

#### Example

# **Setting the Output Filter**

Output filter is set by the :OUTP:FILT command, the :OUTP:FILT:AUTO command, and the :OUTP:FILT:<FREQ|TCON> command.

#### **Example**

```
ioObj.WriteString(":OUTP:FILT ON")
ioObj.WriteString(":OUTP:FILT:AUTO OFF")
ioObj.WriteString(":OUTP:FILT:FREQ 10E+3") '10 kHz
```

# **Setting the Connection Type**

Connection type, 2-wire or 4-wire is set by the :SENS:REM command.

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SENS:REM ON") '4-wire
```

# **Setting the Low Terminal State**

Low terminal state, ground or floating is set by the :OUTP:LOW command.

#### Example

# **Enabling or Disabling the High Capacitance Mode**

High capacitance mode is set by the :OUTP:HCAP command.

#### **Example**

```
ioObj.WriteString(":OUTP:HCAP ON")
```

# **Enabling or Disabling the Over Voltage/Current Protection**

Over voltage/current protection is set by the :OUTP:PROT command.

#### **Example**

```
ioObj.WriteString(":OUTP:PROT ON")
```

# **Specifying the Output-Off Status**

Output-off status is set by the :OUTP:OFF:MODE command.

#### **Example**

# **Enabling or Disabling the Automatic Output-On Function**

Automatic output-on function is set by the :OUTP:ON:AUTO command.

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":OUTP:ON:AUTO ON")
```

# **Enabling or Disabling the Automatic Output-Off Function**

Automatic output-off function is set by the :OUTP:OFF:AUTO command.

```
ioObj.WriteString(":OUTP:OFF:AUTO ON")
```

# **Controlling the Measurement Function**

This section describes how to control the measurement function of Keysight B2900.

- "Enabling the Measurement Channel"
- "Setting the Measurement Mode"
- "Setting the Resistance Measurement Mode"
- "Enabling or Disabling the Resistance Compensation"
- "Performing Spot Measurement"
- "Setting the Measurement Speed"
- "Setting the Measurement Range"
- "Setting the Measurement Auto Range Operation"
- "Setting the Measurement Trigger"
- "Setting the Measurement Wait Time"
- "Performing Sweep Measurement"
- "Stopping Measurement"

# **Enabling the Measurement Channel**

Measurement channel is enabled by the :OUTP ON command.

#### **Example**

```
ioObj.WriteString(":OUTP ON")
```

# **Setting the Measurement Mode**

Measurement mode is set by the :SENS:FUNC commands.

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SENS:FUNC:ALL")
ioObj.WriteString(":SENS:FUNC:OFF ""RES""")
ioObj.WriteString(":SENS:FUNC:OFF:ALL")
ioObj.WriteString(":SENS:FUNC ""RES""")
```

# **Setting the Resistance Measurement Mode**

Resistance measurement mode, manual or auto is set by the :SENS:RES:MODE command.

#### **Example**

# **Enabling or Disabling the Resistance Compensation**

Resistance compensation is set by the :SENS:RES:OCOM command.

#### **Example**

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SENS:RES:OCOM ON") 'Enables compensation
```

# **Performing Spot Measurement**

Spot measurement is performed by the :MEAS:<CURR|VOLT|RES>? command or the :MEAS? command. See Figure 1-2 for the spot measurement.

#### **Example**

```
ioObj.WriteString(":MEAS:RES?")
ioObj.WriteString(":FORM:ELEM:SENS RES,STAT")
ioObj.WriteString(":MEAS?")
```

#### NOTE

For the :MEAS? command, the measurement parameters are specified by :SENS:FUNC and the returned data is specified by :FORM:ELEM:SENS.

# **Setting the Measurement Speed**

Measurement speed is set by the :SENS:<CURR|VOLT|RES>:APER or :SENS:<CURR|VOLT|RES>:NPLC command.

#### **Example**

# **Setting the Measurement Range**

Measurement range is set by the :SENS:<CURR|VOLT|RES>:RANG command. And the auto range operation is enabled/disabled by the :SENS:<CURR|VOLT|RES>:RANG:AUTO command. The lower limit for the auto range operation is set by the :SENS:<CURR|VOLT|RES>:RANG:AUTO:LLIM command. The upper limit for the resistance measurement auto range operation is set by the :SENS:RES:RANG:AUTO:ULIM command.

Controlling the Keysight B2900 Controlling the Measurement Function

For current measurement and voltage measurement, the maximum measurement range depends on the limit/compliance value.

#### Example

# **Setting the Measurement Auto Range Operation**

Automatic measurement ranging operation mode, normal, resolution, or speed is set by the :SENS:<CURR|VOLT>:RANG:AUTO:MODE command. And the threshold rate for the operation is set by the :SENS:<CURR|VOLT>:RANG:AUTO:THR command.

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":SENS:CURR:RANG:AUTO:MODE NORM") 'Normal
ioObj.WriteString(":SENS:CURR:RANG:AUTO:THR 80")
ioObj.WriteString(":SENS:CURR:RANG:AUTO:MODE RES") 'Resolution
ioObj.WriteString(":SENS:CURR:RANG:AUTO:THR 80")
ioObj.WriteString(":SENS:CURR:RANG:AUTO:MODE SPE") 'Speed
ioObj.WriteString(":SENS:CURR:RANG:AUTO:THR 80")
```

# **Setting the Measurement Trigger**

Measurement trigger is simply set by the :TRIG<:ACQ | [:ALL]>:SOUR, :TRIG<:ACQ | [:ALL]>:TIM, :TRIG<:ACQ | [:ALL]>:COUN, and :TRIG<:ACQ | [:ALL]>:DEL commands. See Figures 1-2, 1-3, and 1-4.

#### **Example**

#### NOTE

If measurement channels are set as shown below, the measurement starts simultaneously.

- Trigger source is set to the same mode.
- Delay time is set to the same value.
- Measurement wait time control is set to OFF.
- Measurement ranging mode is set to the fixed mode.

**NOTE** 

If you want to use arm trigger, use the :ARM<:ACQ | [:ALL]>:SOUR, :ARM<:ACQ | [:ALL]>:TIM, :ARM<:ACQ | [:ALL]>:COUN, and :ARM<:ACQ | [:ALL]>:DEL commands. For more details, see  $SCPI\ Command\ Reference$ .

Figure 1-3 To Perform Staircase Sweep Output and Measurement

Staircase sweep source :FUNC DC, :CURR:MODE SWE or :VOLT:MODE SWE

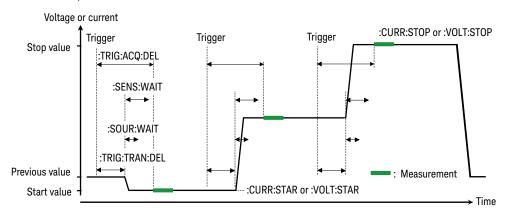
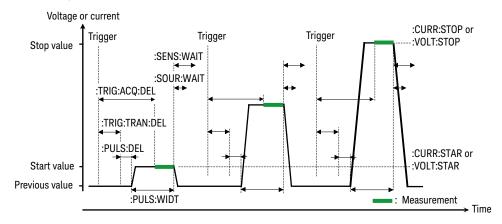


Figure 1-4 To Perform Pulsed Sweep Output and Measurement

Pulsed sweep source :FUNC PULS, :CURR:MODE SWE or :VOLT:MODE SWE



# **Setting the Measurement Wait Time**

Measurement wait time is set by the :SENS:WAIT commands. See Figures 1-3 and 1-4 for the wait time.

#### Example

# **Performing Sweep Measurement**

Staircase sweep measurement is performed as shown below.

- 3. Set the staircase sweep source and the required source functions. For details, see "Controlling the Source Output" on page 1-10.
- 4. Set the required measurement functions. For details, see previous topics in this section.
- 5. Set the trigger condition. See "Setting the Source Output Trigger" on page 1-15 and "Setting the Measurement Trigger" on page 1-20.
- 6. Enable the channel. See "Enabling the Measurement Channel" on page 1-18.

  The channel starts output set by the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT> command.
- 7. Execute the :INIT command to start measurement.

For the programming example, see "Staircase Sweep Measurements" on page 2-13.

#### NOTE

To get measurement result data, use a :FETC subsystem command. For example, the :FETC:CURR? command returns the latest current measurement data. The :FETC?command returns the latest data for the parameters specified by the :FORM:ELEM:SENS command.

For details on the :FETC subsystem commands, see SCPI Command Reference.

# **Stopping Measurement**

Measurement is stopped by the :OUTP OFF command.

```
ioObj.WriteString(":OUTP OFF")
```

# **Using the Math Function**

This section describes how to use the math function.

- "Defining a Math Expression"
- "Deleting an User Defined Math Expression"
- "Enabling or Disabling the Math Function"
- "Reading Math Result Data"

# **Defining a Math Expression**

Math expression is defined by the :CALC:MATH[:EXPR] commands.

#### **Example**

```
ioObj.WriteString(":CALC:MATH:NAME ""DiffV""")
ioObj.WriteString(":CALC:MATH:DEF (SOUR-VOLT)")
ioObj.WriteString(":CALC:MATH:UNIT ""V""")
```

# **Deleting an User Defined Math Expression**

Math expression is deleted by the :CALC:MATH[:EXPR]:DEL commands. The commands do not delete the predefined math expression.

#### Example

# **Enabling or Disabling the Math Function**

Math function is set by the :CALC:MATH:STAT command.

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":CALC:MATH:STAT ON")
```

# **Reading Math Result Data**

Math result data is read by the :CALC:MATH:DATA? commands.

#### Example

#### NOTE

To specify the data to obtain, use the :FORM:ELEM:CALC command.

# **Performing the Limit Test**

Limit test is performed as shown below.

- 1. Set the required source condition. For details, see "Controlling the Source Output" on page 1-10.
- 2. Set the required measurement condition. For details, see "Controlling the Measurement Function" on page 1-18.
- 3. Set the composite limit test. See "Setting the Composite Limit Test" on page 1-25.
- 4. Set the individual limit tests. See "Setting Individual Limit Tests" on page 1-25.
- 5. Set the trigger condition. See "Setting the Source Output Trigger" on page 1-15 and "Setting the Measurement Trigger" on page 1-20.
- 6. Enable the channel. See "Enabling the Measurement Channel" on page 1-18.

  The channel starts output set by the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT> command.
- 7. Execute the :INIT command to start limit test.
  - Note that the DC source channel applies the value set by the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT>:TRIG command when it is triggered, even if the channel is applying the value set by the :SOUR:<CURR|VOLT> command.
- 8. Read limit test result. See "Reading Limit Test Result" on page 1-25.

For the programming example, see "Pass/Fail Judgement and Math Function" on page 2-33.

# **Setting the Composite Limit Test**

Composite limit test is set by the :CALC:CLIM commands and enabled by the :CALC:CLIM:STAT ON command. To perform a limit test, at least one individual limit test must be set and enabled.

#### **Example**

#### NOTE

If you want to use the GPIO port for sending a pass/fail bit pattern, use the :CALC:DIG commands to specify the output port. See *SCPI command reference*.

If you want to use the null offset function for cancelling the offset value from the measurement data automatically, use the :CALC:OFFS commands. See *SCPI* command reference.

# **Setting Individual Limit Tests**

Individual limit test is set by the :CALC:LIM commands and the :CALC:FEED command. And each limit test is enabled by the :CALC:LIM:STAT ON command.

#### Example

# **Reading Limit Test Result**

Limit test result is read by the :CALC:DATA? commands.

Fail status of the individual limit test is read by the :CALC:LIM:FAIL? command.

#### Example

#### NOTE

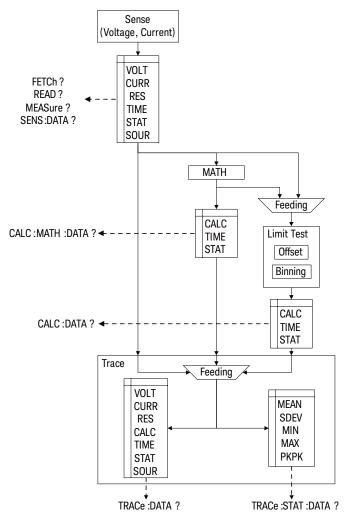
To specify the data to obtain, use the :FORM:ELEM:CALC command.

# **Using the Trace Buffer**

This section describes how to use the trace buffer.

- "Setting the Trace Buffer"
- "Reading the Trace Data"

Figure 1-5 Trace Buffer and Data Flow



# **Setting the Trace Buffer**

Trace buffer is set by the :TRAC commands.

#### Example

#### NOTE

The :TRAC:TST:FORM command is used to specify the timestamp data format, delta (DELT) or absolute (ABS).

To specify the data to collect, use the :FORM:ELEM:SENS command for the measurement data or the :FORM:ELEM:CALC command for the calculation data.

# **Reading the Trace Data**

All data in the trace buffer is read by the :TRAC:DATA? command.

Statistical data of the data stored in the trace buffer is read by the :TRAC:STAT:DATA? command. Previously, the type of the statistical data to read must be selected by the :TRAC:STAT:FORM command.

The :TRAC:STAT:FORM command selects one from the following statistical data.

- MEAN: Mean value
- SDEV: Standard deviation
- PKPK: Peak to peak value
- MIN: Minimum value
- MAX: Maximum value

# **Using Program Memory**

This section describes how to use program memory.

- "Defining a Memory Program"
- "Deleting a Program"
- "Controlling the Program Operation"

# **Defining a Memory Program**

Memory program is defined by the :PROG:NAME and :PROG:DEF commands.

#### Example

```
ioObj.WriteString(":PROG:NAME ""sample""")
ioObj.WriteString(":PROG:DEF #213:OUTP:STAT ON") 'Definite length
ioObj.WriteString(":PROG:NAME ""sample1""")
ioObj.WriteString(":PROG:DEF #0:OUTP:STAT ON") 'Indefinite length
```

# **Deleting a Program**

Memory program is deleted by the :PROG:DEL commands.

#### Example

# **Controlling the Program Operation**

Memory program is controlled by the :PROG:NAME command and the :PROG:EXEC or :PROG:STAT command. The :PROG[:SEL]:STAT command needs a parameter used to control the operation or change the status. The parameter must be RUN to change the status to running, PAUS to change it to paused, CONT to change it from paused to running, STOP to change it to stopped, or STEP to perform step execution.

```
ioObj.WriteString(":PROG:NAME ""sample""")
ioObj.WriteString(":PROG:EXEC")
ioObj.WriteString("*OPC?") : s = ioObj.ReadString()
ioObj.WriteString(":PROG:NAME ""sample""")
ioObj.WriteString(":PROG:STAT RUN")
ioObj.WriteString("*OPC?") : s = ioObj.ReadString()
ioObj.WriteString(":PROG:STAT STOP")
```

2 Programming Examples



This chapter provides the following sections which explain programming example.

- "Preparations"
- "Spot Measurements"
- "Pulsed Spot Measurements"
- "Staircase Sweep Measurements"
- "Pulsed Sweep Measurements"
- "List Sweep Measurements"
- "Pulsed List Sweep Measurements"
- "Sampling Measurements"
- "Pass/Fail Judgement and Math Function"
- "Using Program Memory"
- "Reading Binary Data"
- "Performing MOSFET Id-Vd Measurements"

#### NOTE

#### **About Numeric Suffix**

Command header may be accompanied by a numeric suffix c for specifying the SMU (source/measure unit) channel. c must be 1 for using the channel 1, or 2 for using the channel 2. Abbreviating c gives the same result as specifying 1.

For example, the :OUTP ON command and the :OUTP1 ON command enable the channel 1, and the :OUTP2 ON command enables the channel 2.

### **NOTE**

### About Example Program Code

Example programs described in this section have been written in the Microsoft Visual Basic .NET language. The examples are provided as a subprogram that can be run with the project template shown in Table 2-1. To run the program, insert the example subprogram or your subprogram instead of the B2900control subprogram in the template.

#### NOTE

#### To Start Program

If you create the measurement program by using the example code shown in Table 2-1, the program can be run by clicking the Run button on the Visual Basic main window.

### **Preparations**

This section provides the basic information for programming of the automatic measurement using the Keysight B2900, Keysight IO Libraries, and Microsoft Visual Basic .NET.

- "To Create Your Project Template"
- "To Create Measurement Program"

#### NOTE

To execute the example programs in this chapter, you need to install Keysight GPIB interface, Keysight IO Libraries Suite, and Microsoft Visual Basic .NET on your computer.

### **To Create Your Project Template**

Before starting programming, create your project template, and keep it as your reference. It will remove the conventional task in the future programming. This section explains how to create a project template.

- Step 1. Connect Keysight B2900 (e.g. GPIB address 23) to the computer via GPIB.
- **Step 2.** Launch Visual Basic .NET and create a new project. The project type should be Console Application to simplify the programming.
- Step 3. Add the following references to the project.
  - VISA COM 3.0 Type Library
  - · Ivi.Visa.Interop
  - · System.IO
- **Step 4.** Open a module (e.g. Module1.vb) in the project. And enter a program code as template. See Table 2-1 for example.
- **Step 5.** Save the project as your template (e.g. \test\my\_temp).

### **To Create Measurement Program**

Create the measurement program as shown below. The following procedure needs your project template. If the procedure does not fit your programming environment, arrange it to suit your environment.

- **Step 1.** Plan the automatic measurements. Then decide the following items:
  - Measurement devices

Discrete, packaged, on-wafer, and so on.

• Parameters/characteristics to be measured

h<sub>FF</sub>, Vth, sheet resistance, and so on.

Measurement method

Spot measurement, staircase sweep measurement, and so on.

- **Step 2.** Make a copy of your project template (e.g. \test\my\_temp to \test\dev\_a\my\_temp).
- **Step 3.** Rename the copy (e.g.  $\test\dev_a\my_temp to \test\dev_a\spot1V$ ).
- **Step 4.** Launch Visual Basic .NET.
- **Step 5.** Open the project (e.g.  $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc test}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc dev}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc open}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc op$
- **Step 6.** Open the module that contains the template code as shown in Table 2-1. On the code window, complete the B2900control subprogram.
- **Step 7.** Insert the code to display, store, or calculate data into the subprogram.
- **Step 8.** Save the project (e.g.  $\text{test} \cdot \text{dev}_a \cdot \text{spot} 1V$ ).

Table 2-1 Example Template Program Code

```
Module Module1
                                                                                     1
  Sub Main()
    Dim rm As Ivi. Visa. Interop. Resource Manager
    Dim ioObj As Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488
    Dim ifAddress As String = "23"
    Dim filename As String = ""
    Dim filedata As String = "Result: "
    Dim s As String = ""
                                                                                     19
    Try
      rm = New Ivi.Visa.Interop.ResourceManager
      ioObj = New Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488
        ioObj.IO = rm.Open("GPIBO::" + ifAddress + "::INSTR")
        ioObj.IO.Timeout = 60000
        ioObj.IO.TerminationCharacter = 10
        ioObj.IO.TerminationCharacterEnabled = True
      Catch ex As Exception
        Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
      End Trv
      B2900control(ioObj, s, filename)
                                                                                    121
      Console.Write(filedata + s)
      MsgBox("Click OK to close the console window.", vbOKOnly, "")
      FileOpen(1, filename, OpenMode.Output, OpenAccess.Write,
                                                                                    125
OpenShare.LockReadWrite)
      Print(1, filedata + s)
      FileClose(1)
      ioObj.IO.Close()
                                                                                    <sup>'</sup> 29
      System.Runtime.InteropServices.Marshal.ReleaseComObject(ioObj)
      System.Runtime.InteropServices.Marshal.ReleaseComObject(rm)
    Catch ex As Exception
      Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
    End Try
  End Sub
  Sub B2900control(ByVal ioObj As Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488, ByRef s As
                                                                                    ′37
String, ByRef filename As String)
  filename = "C:/temp/resultdata1.txt"
  End Sub
End Module
  Line
                                            Description
  1 to 8
           Beginning of the Main subprogram. And defines the variables used in this program.
 9 to 20
           Establishes the connection with the B2900 specified by the GPIB address if Address=23 on
           the interface GPIBO.
```

```
Module Module1
                                                                                     1'
  Sub Main()
    Dim rm As Ivi. Visa. Interop. Resource Manager
    Dim ioObj As Ivi. Visa. Interop. Formatted IO488
    Dim ifAddress As String = "23"
    Dim filename As String = ""
    Dim filedata As String = "Result: "
    Dim s As String = ""
                                                                                     19
    Try
      rm = New Ivi.Visa.Interop.ResourceManager
      ioObj = New Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488
        ioObj.IO = rm.Open("GPIBO::" + ifAddress + "::INSTR")
        ioObi.IO.Timeout = 60000
        ioObj.IO.TerminationCharacter = 10
        ioObj.IO.TerminationCharacterEnabled = True
      Catch ex As Exception
        Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
      End Try
                                                                                    121
      B2900control(ioObj, s, filename)
      Console.Write(filedata + s)
      MsgBox("Click OK to close the console window.", vbOKOnly, "")
      FileOpen(1, filename, OpenMode.Output, OpenAccess.Write,
OpenShare.LockReadWrite)
                                                                                    25
      Print(1, filedata + s)
      FileClose(1)
      ioObj.IO.Close()
                                                                                    29
      System.Runtime.InteropServices.Marshal.ReleaseComObject(ioObj)
      System.Runtime.InteropServices.Marshal.ReleaseComObject(rm)
    Catch ex As Exception
      Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
    End Try
  End Sub
  Sub B2900control(ByVal ioObj As Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488, ByRef s As
                                                                                    137
String, ByRef filename As String)
  filename = "C:/temp/resultdata1.txt"
  End Sub
End Module
  Line
                                            Description
21 to 23
          Calls the B2900control subprogram. And displays the result data in a console window.
25 to 27
          Saves the result data to a file specified by filename.
29 to 35
          Breaks the connection with the B2900.
```

B2900control subprogram. Measurement program code should be entered here.

37 to 39

### **Spot Measurements**

A program example of spot measurements is shown in Table 2-2. This example is used to apply voltage and measure current.

Spot measurements can be performed by using the following commands.

Function	Command
Selects source function	[:SOUR[c]]:FUNC:MODE v-or-c
Sets source output range	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:RANG:AUTO <on off=""  =""></on>
	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:RANG value
Sets source output value	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c value
Sets measurement function	:SENS[c]:FUNC "func"[, "func"[, "func"]]
Sets measurement range	:SENS[c]:func:RANG:AUTO <on off=""  =""></on>
	:SENS[c]:func:RANG value
Sets aperture time in seconds	:SENS[c]:func:APER time
or by using NPLC value	:SENS[c]:func:NPLC value
Sets limit (compliance) value	:SENS[c]:v-or-c:PROT value
Enables/disables channel	:OUTP[c] <on off=""  =""></on>
Initiates measurement and	:MEAS? [chanlist]
reads result data (latest data)	:MEAS:func? [chanlist]

*v-or-c* is VOLT for voltage source or limit (compliance), or CURR for current source or limit (compliance).

*func* is VOLT for voltage measurement, CURR for current measurement, or RES for resistance measurement.

chanlist is (@1) for selecting the channel 1 only, (@2) for selecting the channel 2 only, or (@1,2), (@1:2), (@2,1), or (@2:1) for selecting both channels 1 and 2. Abbreviating this parameter sets *chanlist*=(@1) for the 1-channel models, and *chanlist*=(@1,2) for the 2-channel models.

### Table 2-2 Spot Measurement Example

```
Sub B2900control(ByVal ioObj As Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488, ByRef s As String,
ByRef filename As String)
  filename = "C:/temp/FixedDc1.txt"
                                                                                   <sup>'</sup> 2
  ioObj.WriteString("*RST") ' Reset
  Try ' Set voltage output to 0.1 V
                                                                                   ′ 6
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:func:mode volt")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt 0.1")
    ' Set auto-range current measurement
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:func ""curr""")
                                                                                  111
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:rang:auto on")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:nplc 0.1")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:prot 0.1")
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
  ' Turn on output switch
  ioObj.WriteString(":outp on")
                                                                                  121
  Try ' Initiate measurement and retrieve measurement result
                                                                                  123
    ioObj.WriteString(":meas:curr? (@1)")
    s = ioObj.ReadString()
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
End Sub
```

Line	Description
2	Defines the file name used for saving the result data.
4	Resets the B2900.
6 to 8	Sets the voltage source function. And sets the source value to 0.1 V.
11 to 14	Sets the current measurement function and the auto range measurement. And sets the aperture time to 0.1 PLC and the current limit (compliance) value to 0.1 A.
21	Enables the channel. And starts source output.
23 to 25	Reads the measurement result data.

### Measurement Result Example

Result: +3.034160E-02

## **Pulsed Spot Measurements**

A program example of pulsed spot measurements is shown in Table 2-3. This example is used to apply pulsed voltage and measure current three times.

Pulsed spot measurements can be performed by using the following commands.

Function	Command
Selects source function	[:SOUR[c]]:FUNC:MODE v-or-c
Sets pulse output	[:SOUR[c]]:FUNC[:SHAP] PULS
Sets source output range	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:RANG:AUTO <on off=""  =""></on>
	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:RANG value
Sets source output value	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c value
Sets pulse peak value	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:TRIG value
Sets pulse delay time	[:SOUR[c]]:PULS:DEL time
Sets pulse width	[:SOUR[c]]:PULS:WIDT time
Sets measurement function	:SENS[c]:FUNC "func"[, "func"[, "func"]]
Sets measurement range	:SENS[c]:func:RANG:AUTO <on off=""  =""></on>
	:SENS[c]:func:RANG value
Sets aperture time in seconds	:SENS[c]:func:APER time
or by using NPLC value	:SENS[c]:func:NPLC value
Sets limit (compliance) value	:SENS[c]:v-or-c:PROT value
Selects trigger source	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:SOUR source
Sets interval of timer trigger	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:TIM time
Sets trigger count	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:COUN value
Sets trigger delay time	$: TRIG[c] <: ACQ \mid : TRAN \mid [:ALL] >: DEL \textit{ time}$

Function	Command
Enables/disables channel	:OUTP[c] <on off=""  =""></on>
Initiates specified action	:INIT<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]> [chanlist]
Reads result data (latest data)	:FETC[:SCAL]? [chanlist]
	:FETC[:SCAL]:type? [chanlist]
Reads result data (array data)	:FETC:ARR? [chanlist]
	:FETC:ARR:type? [chanlist]

*v-or-c* is VOLT for voltage source or limit (compliance), or CURR for current source or limit (compliance).

*func* is VOLT for voltage measurement, CURR for current measurement, or RES for resistance measurement.

*source* is AINT for the automatic trigger, BUS for the remote interface trigger command, TIM for the internal timer, INTn for a signal from the internal bus (n=1 or 2), EXTm for a signal from the GPIO pin m (m=1 to 14), or LAN for the LXI trigger.

*type* is VOLT for voltage data, CURR for current data, RES for resistance data, SOUR for source output data, STAT for status data, or TIME for time data.

*chanlist* is (@1) for selecting the channel 1 only, (@2) for selecting the channel 2 only, or (@1,2), (@1:2), (@2,1), or (@2:1) for selecting both channels 1 and 2. Abbreviating this parameter sets *chanlist*=(@1) for the 1-channel models, and *chanlist*=(@1,2) for the 2-channel models.

Table 2-3 Pulsed Spot Measurement Example

Sub B2900control(ByVal ioObj As Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488, ByRef s As String, ByRef filename As String) filename = "C:/temp/FixedPulse1.txt" '2		
ioObj.WriteString("*RST") ' Reset		
Try ' Set voltage pulse output ioObj.WriteString(":sour:func:mode volt") ioObj.WriteString(":sour:func:shap puls")		7
ioObj.Wri	re/peak voltages to 0.0/0.1 V teString(":sour:volt 0") '11 teString(":sour:volt:trig 0.1")	L
ioObj.Wri	' Set delay/width to 500 us/1 ms ioObj.WriteString(":sour:puls:del 0.5e-3") ioObj.WriteString(":sour:puls:widt 1.0e-3")	
ioObj.Wri ioObj.Wri ioObj.Wri ioObj.Wri	<pre>' Set 100 mA fixed-range current measurement ioObj.WriteString(":sens:func ""curr""")</pre>	
ioObj.Wri	<pre>trigger timing parameters teString(":trig:tran:del 1.5e-3") teString(":trig:acq:del 2.9e-3")</pre>	5
Line	Description	
2	Defines the file name used for saving the result data.	
4	Resets the B2900.	
7 to 8	7 to 8 Sets the voltage source function. And sets the pulse output function.	
11 to 12	Sets the pulse base voltage and the pulse peak voltage.	
15 to 16	Sets the pulse delay time and the pulse width.	
19 to 23	Sets the current measurement function and the 100 mA fixed range measurement. And sets the aperture time to 0.1 ms and the current limit (compliance) value to 0.1 A.	l
26 to 27	Sets the transient (source) delay time and the acquire (measurement) delay time.	

# Programming Examples Pulsed Spot Measurements

```
' Generate 3 triggers in 4 ms period
                                                                                      130
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:sour tim")
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:tim 4e-3")
ioObj.WriteString(":trig:coun 3")
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
  ' Turn on output switch
                                                                                      139
  ioObj.WriteString(":outp on")
  ' Initiate transition and acquire
  ioObj.WriteString(":init (@1)")
                                                                                      42
                                                                                      44
  Try ' Retrieve measurement result
    ioObj.WriteString(":fetc:arr:curr? (@1)")
    s = ioObj.ReadString()
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
End Sub
```

Line	Description
30 to 32	Sets the timer trigger source. And sets the trigger interval to 4 ms, and the trigger count to 3. The B2900 will perform the pulsed spot measurement three times.
39	Enables the channel. And starts source output.
42	Starts pulse output and pulsed spot measurement.
44 to 46	Reads the measurement result data.

### Measurement Result Example

Result: +3.033990E-02,+3.034060E-02,+3.034120E-02

## **Staircase Sweep Measurements**

A program example of staircase sweep measurements is shown in Table 2-4. This example is used to apply sweep voltage and measure current at each sweep step.

Staircase sweep measurements can be performed by using the following commands.

Function	Command
Selects source function	[:SOUR[c]]:FUNC:MODE v-or-c
Sets sweep output	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:MODE SWE
Sets output range when starting sweep	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:RANG value
Sets source output value	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c value
Sets sweep start or stop value	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c: <star stop=""  =""> value</star>
Sets sweep center or span value	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c: <cent span=""  =""> value</cent>
Sets sweep step value	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:STEP value
Sets number of sweep steps	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:POIN value
	[:SOUR[c]]:SWE:POIN value
Selects sweep source ranging mode	[:SOUR[c]]:SWE:RANG <best fix=""  =""  <br="">AUTO&gt;</best>
Selects sweep direction	[:SOUR[c]]:SWE:DIR <up down=""  =""></up>
Selects sweep linear or log	[:SOUR[c]]:SWE:SPAC <lin log=""  =""></lin>
Selects sweep single or double	[:SOUR[c]]:SWE:STA <sing doub=""  =""></sing>
Sets measurement function	:SENS[c]:FUNC "func"[, "func"[, "func"]]
Sets measurement range	:SENS[c]:func:RANG:AUTO <on off=""  =""></on>
	:SENS[c]:func:RANG value
Sets aperture time in seconds or by	:SENS[c]:func:APER time
using NPLC value	:SENS[c]:func:NPLC value

Function	Command
Sets limit (compliance) value	:SENS[c]:v-or-c:PROT value
Selects trigger source	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:SOUR source
Sets interval of timer trigger	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:TIM time
Sets trigger count	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:COUN value
Sets trigger delay time	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:DEL time
Enables/disables channel	:OUTP[c] <on off=""  =""></on>
Initiates specified action	:INIT<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]> [chanlist]
Reads result data (array data)	:FETC:ARR? [chanlist]
	:FETC:ARR:type? [chanlist]

*v-or-c* is VOLT for voltage source or limit (compliance), or CURR for current source or limit (compliance).

*func* is VOLT for voltage measurement, CURR for current measurement, or RES for resistance measurement.

*source* is AINT for the automatic trigger, BUS for the remote interface trigger command, TIM for the internal timer, INTn for a signal from the internal bus (n=1 or 2), EXTm for a signal from the GPIO pin m (m=1 to 14), or LAN for the LXI trigger.

*type* is VOLT for voltage data, CURR for current data, RES for resistance data, SOUR for source output data, STAT for status data, or TIME for time data.

*chanlist* is (@1) for selecting the channel 1 only, (@2) for selecting the channel 2 only, or (@1,2), (@1:2), (@2,1), or (@2:1) for selecting both channels 1 and 2. Abbreviating this parameter sets *chanlist*=(@1) for the 1-channel models, and *chanlist*=(@1,2) for the 2-channel models.

## Measurement Result Example

Result: +1.842730E-07,+6.775910E-03,+1.519010E-02,+2.277660E-02,+3.036230E-02

### Table 2-4 Staircase Sweep Measurement Example

```
ByRef filename As String)
  filename = "C:/temp/StaircaseSweep1.txt"
  ioObj.WriteString("*RST") ' Reset
  Try ' Set voltage output from 0 V to 0.1 V, 5 steps
                                                                                      6′
    ioObi.WriteString(":sour:func:mode volt")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:mode swe")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:star 0")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:stop 0.1")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:poin 5")
    ' Set auto-range current measurement
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:func ""curr""")
                                                                                    114
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:nplc 0.1")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:prot 0.1")
    ' Generate 5 triggers by automatic internal algorithm
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:sour aint")
                                                                                    19
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:coun 5")
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
  ' Turn on output switch
  ioObj.WriteString(":outp on")
                                                                                    127
  ' Initiate transition and acquire
  ioObj.WriteString(":init (@1)")
                                                                                    130
  Try ' Retrieve measurement result
                                                                                    132
    ioObj.WriteString(":fetc:arr:curr? (@1)")
    s = ioObj.ReadString()
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
End Sub
    Line
                                              Description
     2
               Defines the file name used for saving the result data.
     4
               Resets the B2900.
   6 to 11
               Sets the voltage sweep output function. And sets the sweep output from 0 to 0.1 V in
               0.02 V step (5 points).
  14 to 16
               Sets the current measurement function. And sets the aperture time to 0.1 PLC and the
```

Sub B2900control(ByVal ioObj As Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488, ByRef s As String,

current limit (compliance) value to 0.1 A. Auto range is ON with the default setting.

```
Sub B2900control(ByVal ioObj As Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488, ByRef s As String,
ByRef filename As String)
  filename = "C:/temp/StaircaseSweep1.txt"
                                                                                   <sup>'</sup> 2
  ioObj.WriteString("*RST") ' Reset
                                                                                   ' 6
  Try ' Set voltage output from 0 V to 0.1 V, 5 steps
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:func:mode volt")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:mode swe")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:star 0")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:stop 0.1")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:poin 5")
    ' Set auto-range current measurement
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:func ""curr""")
                                                                                  114
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:nplc 0.1")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:prot 0.1")
    ' Generate 5 triggers by automatic internal algorithm
                                                                                  119
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:sour aint")
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:coun 5")
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
  ' Turn on output switch
                                                                                  127
  ioObj.WriteString(":outp on")
  ' Initiate transition and acquire
  ioObj.WriteString(":init (@1)")
                                                                                  130
  Try ' Retrieve measurement result
                                                                                  132
    ioObj.WriteString(":fetc:arr:curr? (@1)")
    s = ioObj.ReadString()
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
End Sub
```

Line	Description
19 to 20	Sets the trigger source to AINT (automatic trigger). And sets the trigger count to 5 to perform a 5-step staircase sweep measurement.
27	Enables the channel. And starts source output (0 V with the default setting).
30	Starts staircase sweep measurement.
32 to 34	Reads the measurement result data.

## **Pulsed Sweep Measurements**

A program example of pulsed sweep measurements is shown in Table 2-5. This example is used to apply pulsed sweep voltage and measure current at each sweep step.

Pulsed sweep measurements can be performed by using the following commands.

Function	Command
Selects source function	[:SOUR[c]]:FUNC:MODE v-or-c
Sets pulse output	[:SOUR[c]]:FUNC[:SHAP] PULS
Sets sweep output	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:MODE SWE
Sets output range when starting sweep	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:RANG value
Sets source output value	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c value
Sets sweep start or stop value	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c: <star stop=""  =""> value</star>
Sets sweep center or span value	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c: <cent span=""  =""> value</cent>
Sets sweep step value	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:STEP value
Sets number of sweep steps	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:POIN value
	[:SOUR[c]]:SWE:POIN value
Sets pulse delay time	[:SOUR[c]]:PULS:DEL time
Sets pulse width	[:SOUR[c]]:PULS:WIDT time
Selects sweep source ranging mode	[:SOUR[c]]:SWE:RANG <best fix=""  =""  <br="">AUTO&gt;</best>
Selects sweep direction	[:SOUR[c]]:SWE:DIR <up down=""  =""></up>
Selects sweep linear or log	[:SOUR[c]]:SWE:SPAC <lin log=""  =""></lin>
Selects sweep single or double	[:SOUR[c]]:SWE:STA <sing doub=""  =""></sing>
Sets measurement function	:SENS[c]:FUNC "func"[, "func"[, "func"]]

Function	Command
Sets measurement range	:SENS[c]:func:RANG:AUTO <on off=""  =""></on>
	:SENS[c]:func:RANG value
Sets aperture time in seconds or by	:SENS[c]:func:APER time
using NPLC value	:SENS[c]:func:NPLC value
Sets limit (compliance) value	:SENS[c]:v-or-c:PROT value
Selects trigger source	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:SOUR source
Sets interval of timer trigger	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:TIM time
Sets trigger count	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:COUN value
Sets trigger delay time	:TRIG[ <i>c</i> ]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:DEL <i>time</i>
Enables/disables channel	:OUTP[c] <on off=""  =""></on>
Initiates specified action	:INIT<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]> [chanlist]
Reads result data (array data)	:FETC:ARR? [chanlist]
	:FETC:ARR:type? [chanlist]

*v-or-c* is VOLT for voltage source or limit (compliance), or CURR for current source or limit (compliance).

*func* is VOLT for voltage measurement, CURR for current measurement, or RES for resistance measurement.

*source* is AINT for the automatic trigger, BUS for the remote interface trigger command, TIM for the internal timer, INTn for a signal from the internal bus (n=1 or 2), EXTm for a signal from the GPIO pin m (m=1 to 14), or LAN for the LXI trigger.

*type* is VOLT for voltage data, CURR for current data, RES for resistance data, SOUR for source output data, STAT for status data, or TIME for time data.

chanlist is (@1) for selecting the channel 1 only, (@2) for selecting the channel 2 only, or (@1,2), (@1:2), (@2,1), or (@2:1) for selecting both channels 1 and 2. Abbreviating this parameter sets *chanlist*=(@1) for the 1-channel models, and *chanlist*=(@1,2) for the 2-channel models.

Table 2-5 Pulsed Sweep Measurement Example

```
Sub B2900control(ByVal ioObj As Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488, ByRef s As String,
ByRef filename As String)
  filename = "C:/temp/StaircasePulsedSweep1.txt"
  ioObj.WriteString("*RST") ' Reset
  Try ' Set voltage output from 0 V to 0.1 V, 5 steps
                                                                                          6′
    ioObi.WriteString(":sour:func:mode volt")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:func:shap puls")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:mode swe")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:star 0")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:stop 0.1")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:poin 5")
    ' Set base voltage to 0.0
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt 0")
    ' Set delay/width to 500 us/1 ms
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:puls:del 0.5e-3")
                                                                                         117
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:puls:widt 1.0e-3")
    ' Set 100 mA fixed-range current measurement
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:func ""curr""")
                                                                                         121
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:rang:auto off")
ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:rang 100e-3")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:aper 1e-4")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:prot 0.1")
    ' Adjust trigger timing parameters
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:tran:del 1.5e-3")
                                                                                         128
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:acg:del 2.9e-3")
    Line
                                                 Description
               Defines the file name used for saving the result data.
      4
               Resets the B2900.
   6 to 14
                Sets the voltage pulse sweep output function. And sets the sweep output from 0 to 0.1
                V in 0.02 V step (5 points). Also sets the pulse base voltage to 0 V.
   17 to 18
                Sets the pulse delay time and the pulse width.
  21 to 25
                Sets the current measurement function and the 100 mA fixed range measurement. And
                sets the aperture time to 0.1 ms and the current limit (compliance) value to 0.1 A.
  28 to 29
                Sets the transient (source) delay time and the acquire (measurement) delay time.
```

# Programming Examples Pulsed Sweep Measurements

```
' Generate 5 triggers in 4 ms period
                                                                                      132
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:sour tim")
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:tim 4e-3")
ioObj.WriteString(":trig:coun 5")
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
  ' Turn on output switch
                                                                                      41
  ioObj.WriteString(":outp on")
  ' Initiate transition and acquire
  ioObj.WriteString(":init (@1)")
                                                                                      444
                                                                                      46
  Try ' Retrieve measurement result
    ioObj.WriteString(":fetc:arr:curr? (@1)")
    s = ioObj.ReadString()
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
End Sub
```

Line	Description
32 to 34	Sets the timer trigger source. And sets the trigger interval to 4 ms, and the trigger count to 5 to perform a 5-step pulsed sweep measurement.
41	Enables the channel. And starts source output (0 V with the default setting).
44	Starts pulsed sweep measurement.
46 to 48	Reads the measurement result data.

### Measurement Result Example

Result: +1.520000E-05,+7.599400E-03,+1.519220E-02,+2.276880E-02,+3.035860E-02

## **List Sweep Measurements**

A program example of list sweep measurements is shown in Table 2-6. This example is used to apply sweep voltage and measure current at each sweep step.

List sweep measurements can be performed by using the following commands.

Function	Command
Selects source function	[:SOUR[c]]:FUNC:MODE v-or-c
Sets list sweep output	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:MODE LIST
Sets source output range	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:RANG:AUTO <on off=""  =""></on>
	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:RANG value
Sets source output value	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c value
Sets list sweep output values	[:SOUR[c]]:LIST:v-or-c values
Adds list sweep output values to the end of the present setting	[:SOUR[c]]:LIST:v-or-c:APP values
Specifies the list sweep start point	[:SOUR[c]]:LIST:v-or-c:STAR start_index
Asks the number of sweep points	[:SOUR[c]]:LIST:v-or-c:POIN?
Sets measurement function	:SENS[c]:FUNC "func"[, "func"[, "func"]]
Sets measurement range	:SENS[c]:func:RANG:AUTO <on off=""  =""></on>
	:SENS[c]:func:RANG value
Sets aperture time in seconds or	:SENS[c]:func:APER time
by using NPLC value	:SENS[c]:func:NPLC value
Sets limit (compliance) value	:SENS[c]:v-or-c:PROT value
Selects trigger source	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:SOUR source
Sets interval of timer trigger	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:TIM time

# Programming Examples List Sweep Measurements

Function	Command
Sets trigger count	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:COUN value
Sets trigger delay time	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:DEL time
Enables/disables channel	:OUTP[c] <on off=""  =""></on>
Initiates specified action	:INIT<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]> [chanlist]
Reads result data (array data)	:FETC:ARR? [chanlist]
	:FETC:ARR:type? [chanlist]

*v-or-c* is VOLT for voltage source or limit (compliance), or CURR for current source or limit (compliance).

*func* is VOLT for voltage measurement, CURR for current measurement, or RES for resistance measurement.

*source* is AINT for the automatic trigger, BUS for the remote interface trigger command, TIM for the internal timer, INTn for a signal from the internal bus (n=1 or 2), EXTm for a signal from the GPIO pin m (m=1 to 14), or LAN for the LXI trigger.

*type* is VOLT for voltage data, CURR for current data, RES for resistance data, SOUR for source output data, STAT for status data, or TIME for time data.

chanlist is (@1) for selecting the channel 1 only, (@2) for selecting the channel 2 only, or (@1,2), (@1:2), (@2,1), or (@2:1) for selecting both channels 1 and 2. Abbreviating this parameter sets *chanlist*=(@1) for the 1-channel models, and *chanlist*=(@1,2) for the 2-channel models.

### Table 2-6 List Sweep Measurement Example

```
Sub B2900control(ByVal ioObj As Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488, ByRef s As String,
ByRef filename As String)
  filename = "C:/temp/ListSweep1.txt"
                                                                                  ′2
  ioObj.WriteString("*RST") ' Reset
  Try 'Set voltage output to 0.03, 0.06, and 0.1 V
                                                                                  6′
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:func:mode volt")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:mode list")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:list:volt 0.03,0.06,0.1")
    ' Set auto-range current measurement
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:func ""curr""")
                                                                                 12
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:nplc 0.1")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:prot 0.1")
    ' Generate 3 triggers by automatic internal algorithm
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:sour aint")
                                                                                 117
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:coun 3")
 Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
  ' Turn on output switch
 ioObj.WriteString(":outp on")
                                                                                 125
  ' Initiate transition and acquire
                                                                                 128
  ioObj.WriteString(":init (@1)")
 Try ' Retrieve measurement result
                                                                                 130
    ioObj.WriteString(":fetc:arr:curr? (@1)")
    s = ioObj.ReadString()
 Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
 End Try
End Sub
```

Line	Description
2	Defines the file name used for saving the result data.
4	Resets the B2900.
6 to 9	Sets the voltage list sweep output function. And sets the list sweep output 0.03 V, 0.06 V, and 0.1 V (3 points).
12 to 14	Sets the current measurement function. And sets the aperture time to 0.1 PLC and the current limit (compliance) value to 0.1 A. Auto range is ON with the default setting.

```
Sub B2900control(ByVal ioObj As Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488, ByRef s As String,
ByRef filename As String)
  filename = "C:/temp/ListSweep1.txt"
                                                                                   <sup>'</sup> 2
  ioObj.WriteString("*RST") ' Reset
                                                                                   ' 6
  Try 'Set voltage output to 0.03, 0.06, and 0.1 V
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:func:mode volt")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:mode list")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:list:volt 0.03,0.06,0.1")
    ' Set auto-range current measurement
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:func ""curr""")
                                                                                  12
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:nplc 0.1")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:prot 0.1")
    ' Generate 3 triggers by automatic internal algorithm
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:sour aint")
                                                                                  117
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:coun 3")
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
  ' Turn on output switch
                                                                                  125
  ioObj.WriteString(":outp on")
  ' Initiate transition and acquire
  ioObj.WriteString(":init (@1)")
                                                                                  128
  Try ' Retrieve measurement result
                                                                                  130
    ioObj.WriteString(":fetc:arr:curr? (@1)")
    s = ioObj.ReadString()
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
End Sub
```

Line	Description
17 to 18	Sets the trigger source to AINT (automatic trigger). And sets the trigger count to 3 to perform a 3-point list sweep measurement.
25	Enables the channel. And starts source output (0 V with the default setting).
28	Starts list sweep measurement.
30 to 32	Reads the measurement result data.

### Measurement Result Example

Result: +9.121600E-03,+1.822320E-02,+3.036130E-02

## **Pulsed List Sweep Measurements**

A program example of pulsed list sweep measurements is shown in Table 2-7. This example is used to apply pulsed sweep voltage and measure current at each sweep step.

Pulsed list sweep measurements can be performed by using the following commands.

Function	Command
Selects source function	[:SOUR[c]]:FUNC:MODE v-or-c
Sets pulse output	[:SOUR[c]]:FUNC[:SHAP] PULS
Sets list sweep output	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:MODE LIST
Sets source output range	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:RANG:AUTO <on off=""  =""></on>
	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:RANG value
Sets source output value	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c value
Sets list sweep output values	[:SOUR[c]]:LIST:v-or-c values
Adds list sweep output values to the end of the present setting	[:SOUR[c]]:LIST:v-or-c:APP values
Specifies the list sweep start point	[:SOUR[c]]:LIST:v-or-c:STAR start_index
Asks the number of sweep points	[:SOUR[c]]:LIST:v-or-c:POIN?
Sets pulse delay time	[:SOUR[c]]:PULS:DEL time
Sets pulse width	[:SOUR[c]]:PULS:WIDT time
Sets measurement function	:SENS[c]:FUNC "func"[, "func"[, "func"]]
Sets measurement range	:SENS[c]:func:RANG:AUTO <on off=""  =""></on>
	:SENS[c]:func:RANG value
Sets aperture time in seconds or	:SENS[c]:func:APER time
by using NPLC value	:SENS[c]:func:NPLC value

# Programming Examples Pulsed List Sweep Measurements

Function	Command
Sets limit (compliance) value	:SENS[c]:v-or-c:PROT value
Selects trigger source	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:SOUR source
Sets interval of timer trigger	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:TIM time
Sets trigger count	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:COUN value
Sets trigger delay time	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:DEL time
Enables/disables channel	:OUTP[c] <on off=""  =""></on>
Initiates specified action	:INIT<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]> [chanlist]
Reads result data (array data)	:FETC:ARR? [chanlist]
	:FETC:ARR:type? [chanlist]

*v-or-c* is VOLT for voltage source or limit (compliance), or CURR for current source or limit (compliance).

*func* is VOLT for voltage measurement, CURR for current measurement, or RES for resistance measurement.

*source* is AINT for the automatic trigger, BUS for the remote interface trigger command, TIM for the internal timer, INTn for a signal from the internal bus (n=1 or 2), EXTm for a signal from the GPIO pin m (m=1 to 14), or LAN for the LXI trigger.

*type* is VOLT for voltage data, CURR for current data, RES for resistance data, SOUR for source output data, STAT for status data, or TIME for time data.

chanlist is (@1) for selecting the channel 1 only, (@2) for selecting the channel 2 only, or (@1,2), (@1:2), (@2,1), or (@2:1) for selecting both channels 1 and 2. Abbreviating this parameter sets *chanlist*=(@1) for the 1-channel models, and *chanlist*=(@1,2) for the 2-channel models.

Table 2-7 Pulsed List Sweep Measurement Example

```
Sub B2900control(ByVal ioObj As Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488, ByRef s As String,
ByRef filename As String)
  filename = "C:/temp/ListPulsedSweep1.txt"
  ioObj.WriteString("*RST") ' Reset
  Try 'Set voltage output to 0.03, 0.06, and 0.1 V
                                                                                             6′
    ioObi.WriteString(":sour:func:mode volt")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:func:shap puls")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:mode list")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:list:volt 0.03,0.06,0.1")
    ' Set base voltage to 0.0
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt 0")
    ' Set delay/width to 500 us/1 ms
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:puls:del 0.5e-3")
                                                                                            115
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:puls:widt 1.0e-3")
    ' Set 100 mA fixed-range current measurement
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:func ""curr""")
ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:rang:auto off")
                                                                                            19
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:rang 100e-3")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:aper 1e-4")
ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:prot 0.1")
     ' Adjust trigger timing parameters
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:tran:del 1.5e-3")
                                                                                            126
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:acq:del 2.9e-3")
    Line
                                                  Description
      2
                Defines the file name used for saving the result data.
      4
                Resets the B2900.
   6 to 12
                Sets the voltage pulse list sweep output function. And sets the pulsed list sweep output
                0.03 V, 0.06 V, and 0.1 V (3 points). Also sets the pulse base voltage to 0 V.
   15 to 16
                Sets the pulse delay time and the pulse width.
   19 to 23
                Sets the current measurement function and the 100 mA fixed range measurement. And
                sets the aperture time to 0.1 ms and the current limit (compliance) value to 0.1 A.
   26 to 27
                Sets the transient (source) delay time and the acquire (measurement) delay time.
```

# Programming Examples Pulsed List Sweep Measurements

```
' Generate 3 triggers in 4 ms period
                                                                                      130
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:sour tim")
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:tim 4e-3")
ioObj.WriteString(":trig:coun 3")
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
  ' Turn on output switch
                                                                                      139
  ioObj.WriteString(":outp on")
  ' Initiate transition and acquire
  ioObj.WriteString(":init (@1)")
                                                                                      42
                                                                                      44
  Try ' Retrieve measurement result
    ioObj.WriteString(":fetc:arr:curr? (@1)")
    s = ioObj.ReadString()
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
End Sub
```

Line	Description
30 to 32	Sets the timer trigger source. And sets the trigger interval to 4 ms, and the trigger count to 3 to perform a 3-point pulsed list sweep measurement.
39	Enables the channel. And starts source output (0 V with the default setting).
42	Starts pulsed list sweep measurement.
44 to 46	Reads the measurement result data.

### Measurement Result Example

Result: +9.123000E-03,+1.822410E-02,+3.036380E-02

## **Sampling Measurements**

A program example of sampling measurements is shown in Table 2-8. This example is used to apply constant voltage and measure current six times.

Sampling measurements can be performed by using the following commands.

Function	Command
Selects source function	[:SOUR[c]]:FUNC:MODE v-or-c
Sets source output range	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:RANG:AUTO <on off=""  =""></on>
	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:RANG value
Sets source output value	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c value
Sets triggered source output value	[:SOUR[c]]:v-or-c:TRIG value
Sets measurement function	:SENS[c]:FUNC "func"[, "func"[, "func"]]
Sets measurement range	:SENS[c]:func:RANG:AUTO <on off=""  =""></on>
	:SENS[c]:func:RANG value
Sets aperture time in seconds or	:SENS[c]:func:APER time
by using NPLC value	:SENS[c]:func:NPLC value
Sets limit (compliance) value	:SENS[c]:v-or-c:PROT value
Selects trigger source	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:SOUR source
Sets interval of timer trigger	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:TIM time
Sets trigger count	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:COUN value
Sets trigger delay time	:TRIG[c]<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]>:DEL time
Enables/disables channel	:OUTP[c] <on off=""  =""></on>

# Programming Examples Sampling Measurements

Function	Command
Initiates specified action	:INIT<:ACQ   :TRAN   [:ALL]> [chanlist]
Reads result data (array data)	:FETC:ARR? [chanlist]
	:FETC:ARR:type? [chanlist]

*v-or-c* is VOLT for voltage source or limit (compliance), or CURR for current source or limit (compliance).

*func* is VOLT for voltage measurement, CURR for current measurement, or RES for resistance measurement.

*source* is AINT for the automatic trigger, BUS for the remote interface trigger command, TIM for the internal timer, INTn for a signal from the internal bus (n=1 or 2), EXTm for a signal from the GPIO pin m (m=1 to 14), or LAN for the LXI trigger.

*type* is VOLT for voltage data, CURR for current data, RES for resistance data, SOUR for source output data, STAT for status data, or TIME for time data.

*chanlist* is (@1) for selecting the channel 1 only, (@2) for selecting the channel 2 only, or (@1,2), (@1:2), (@2,1), or (@2:1) for selecting both channels 1 and 2. Abbreviating this parameter sets *chanlist*=(@1) for the 1-channel models, and *chanlist*=(@1,2) for the 2-channel models.

### Table 2-8 Sampling Measurement Example

```
Sub B2900control(ByVal ioObj As Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488, ByRef s As String,
ByRef filename As String)
 filename = "C:/temp/Sampling1.txt"
  ioObj.WriteString("*RST") ' Reset
  Try ' Set voltage output
                                                                                  6
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:func:mode volt")
    ' Set triggered voltage to 0.1 V
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:trig 0.1")
    ' Set auto-range current measurement
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:func ""curr""")
                                                                                 111
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:nplc 0.1")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:prot 0.1")
    ' Adjust trigger timing parameters
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:acq:del 2.0e-3")
                                                                                 115
    ' Generate 6 triggers in 4 ms period
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:sour tim")
                                                                                 117
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:tim 4e-3")
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:coun 6")
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
  ' Turn on output switch
                                                                                 126
  ioObj.WriteString(":outp on")
  ' Initiate transition and acquire
 ioObj.WriteString(":init (@1)")
                                                                                 129
 Try ' Retrieve measurement result
                                                                                 131
    ioObj.WriteString(":fetc:arr:curr? (@1)")
    s = ioObj.ReadString()
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
End Sub
```

Line	Description
2	Defines the file name used for saving the result data.
4	Resets the B2900.
6 to 9	Sets the voltage output function. And sets the bias voltage to 0.1 V.
11 to 13	Sets the current measurement function and the auto range measurement. And sets the aperture time to 0.1 PLC and the current limit (compliance) value to 0.1 A.
15	Sets the acquire (measurement) delay time.

```
Sub B2900control(ByVal ioObj As Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488, ByRef s As String,
ByRef filename As String)
  filename = "C:/temp/Sampling1.txt"
                                                                                   <sup>'</sup> 2
  ioObj.WriteString("*RST") ' Reset
                                                                                   ' 6
  Try ' Set voltage output
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:func:mode volt")
    ' Set triggered voltage to 0.1 V
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:trig 0.1")
    ' Set auto-range current measurement
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:func ""curr""")
                                                                                  111
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:nplc 0.1")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:prot 0.1")
    ' Adjust trigger timing parameters
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:acg:del 2.0e-3")
                                                                                  115
    ' Generate 6 triggers in 4 ms period
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:sour tim")
                                                                                  117
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:tim 4e-3")
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:coun 6")
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
  ' Turn on output switch
                                                                                  126
  ioObj.WriteString(":outp on")
  ' Initiate transition and acquire
                                                                                  129
  ioObj.WriteString(":init (@1)")
  Try ' Retrieve measurement result
                                                                                  131
    ioObj.WriteString(":fetc:arr:curr? (@1)")
    s = ioObj.ReadString()
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
End Sub
```

Line	Description
17 to 19	Sets the timer trigger source. And sets the timer interval to 4 ms, and the trigger count to 6 to perform a 6-point sampling measurement.
26	Enables the channel. And starts source output (0 V with the default setting).
29	Starts sampling measurement.
31 to 33	Reads the measurement result data.

## Measurement Result Example

Result: +3.036250E-02,+3.036240E-02,+3.036190E-02,+3.036210E-02,+3.036300E-02,+3.036270E-02

### Pass/Fail Judgement and Math Function

A program example of pass/fail judgements is shown in Table 2-9. This example is used to perform power vs voltage sweep measurement and performs pass/fail judgement. Power is calculated by using the built-in math function.

Math function can be set by using the following commands.

Function	Command
Specifies math expression	:CALC[c]:MATH:NAME "name"
Defines math expression	:CALC[c]:MATH:DEF definition
Sets unit for the math expression	:CALC[c]:MATH:UNIT
Enables/disables math function	:CALC[c]:MATH:STAT <on off=""  =""></on>

Pass/fail judgements can be performed by using the following commands.

Function	Command	
Sets composite limit test mode to grading or sorting	$: CALC[c]: CLIM: MODE < GRAD \mid SORT >$	
Specifies test result output timing for the grading mode, end or immediate	:CALC[c]:CLIM:UPD <end imm=""  =""></end>	
Enables/disables composite limit test	:CALC[c]:CLIM:STAT <on off=""  =""></on>	
Specifies limit test feed data	:CALC[c]:FEED type	
Sets compliance check or limit test	:CALC[c]:LIM:FUNC <comp lim=""  =""></comp>	
Sets limit test lower or upper limit	:CALC[c]:LIM: <low upp=""  =""> value</low>	
Sets compliance fail condition	:CALC[c]:LIM:COMP:FAIL <out in=""  =""></out>	
Enables/disables limit test	:CALC[c]:LIM:STAT <on off=""  =""></on>	
Asks limit test result pass or fail	:CALC[c]:LIM:FAIL?	

*type* is VOLT for voltage measurement data, CURR for current measurement data, RES for resistance measurement data, or MATH for math result data.

### Table 2-9 Pass/Fail Judgement Example

```
Sub B2900control(ByVal ioObj As Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488, ByRef s As String,
ByRef filename As String)
  filename = "C:/temp/Judgement1.txt"
  ioObi.WriteString("*RST") ' Reset
  Try 'Set voltage sweep from 0.0 V to 0.1 V, 201 linear steps
                                                                                        6′
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:func:mode volt")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:mode swe")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:star 0.0")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:stop 0.1")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:volt:poin 201")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:swe:spac lin")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour:swe:sta sing")
    ' Set current limit to 100 mA
                                                                                       116
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens:curr:prot 0.1")
    ' Enable predefined math expression power (voltage * current)
    ioObj.WriteString(":calc:math:name ""POWER""")
                                                                                       119
    ioObj.WriteString(":calc:math:stat on")
    ' Set limit test mode to "Grading"
    ioObj.WriteString(":calc:clim:mode grad")
                                                                                       123
    ioObj.WriteString(":calc:clim:upd end")
    ioObj.WriteString(":calc:clim:stat on")
    ' Feed math result and judge it is in +/-5 mW or not
    ioObj.WriteString(":calc:feed math")
ioObj.WriteString(":calc:lim1:stat on")
                                                                                       128
    ioObj.WriteString(":calc:lim1:func lim")
    ioObj.WriteString(":calc:lim1:low -5.0e-3")
    ioObj.WriteString(":calc:lim1:upp +5.0e-3")
    Line
                                                Description
      2
               Defines the file name used for saving the result data.
      4
               Resets the B2900.
   6 to 13
               Sets the voltage sweep output function. And sets the sweep output from 0 to 0.1 V, 201
               points. Also sets the linear increment and single sweep.
     16
               Sets the current limit (compliance) value to 0.1 A.
   19 to 20
               Enables POWER math function.
   23 to 25
               Enables composite limit test of grading mode.
  28 to 32
               Enables limit test 1 which judges if POWER is between -5 mW and +5 mW.
```

```
' Set arm count to 1, trigger count to 201
    ioObj.WriteString(":arm:coun 1")
                                                                                 135
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig:coun 201")
 Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
  ' Turn on output switch
  ioObj.WriteString(":outp on")
                                                                                 43
  ' Initiate transition and acquire
 ioObj.WriteString(":init (@1)")
                                                                                 46
  ' Wait for operation complete
  ioObj.WriteString("*OPC?")
                                                                                 49
  Dim d As String = ioObj.ReadString()
  Console.Write("*OPC?: " + d)
 Console.WriteLine()
 Try 'Retrieve measurement result (not bin numbers)
                                                                                 154
    ioObj.WriteString(":calc:data?")
    s = ioObj.ReadString()
    ioObj.WriteString(":calc:lim1:fail?")
                                                                                 158
    d = ioObj.ReadString()
    If d = 0 Then
      Console.WriteLine("PASS")
      Console.WriteLine("FAIL")
    End If
    Console.WriteLine()
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
 End Try
End Sub
```

Line	Description		
35 to 36	Sets the arm count to 1, and the trigger count to 201 to perform a 201-step staircase sweep measurement.		
43	Enables the channel. And starts source output (0 V with the default setting).		
46	Starts staircase sweep measurement.		
49 to 52	Waits for operation complete. And write "*OPC?: 1" on the console window when the operation is completed.		
54 to 56	Reads the measurement result data.		
58 to 65	Reads the judgement result. And write "PASS" or "FAIL" on the console window.		

### Measurement Result Example

Result: -2.341916E-10,+8.687035E-08,+3.241116E-07,+7.134239E-07,+ 1.258200E-06,+1.947869E-06,+2.790977E-06,+3.793277E-06,+4.929483E -06, +6.228402E-06, +7.677595E-06, +9.279485E-06, +1.103210E-05, +1.293916E-05,+1.499512E-05,+1.721203E-05,+1.957131E-05,+2.207869E-05, +2.467268E-05,+2.755153E-05,+3.052130E-05,+3.363800E-05,+3.691760 E-05,+4.033103E-05,+4.390036E-05,+4.762392E-05,+5.151573E-05,+5.5 53805E-05,+5.972507E-05,+6.405285E-05,+6.851899E-05,+7.315973E-05 ,+7.794760E-05,+8.288631E-05,+8.796509E-05,+9.320610E-05,+9.86047 9E-05,+1.041754E-04,+1.098613E-04,+1.157115E-04,+1.215744E-04,+1. 278577E-04, +1.341738E-04, +1.406063E-04, +1.472060E-04, +1.539637E-01, +1.472060E-04, +1.539637E-01, +1.472060E-04, +1.47204,+1.608716E-04,+1.679319E-04,+1.751681E-04,+1.825232E-04,+1.9004 83E-04,+1.977296E-04,+2.055358E-04,+2.135138E-04,+2.216522E-04,+2 .298863E-04,+2.383193E-04,+2.468891E-04,+2.556029E-04,+2.645003E-04, +2.735255E-04, +2.826991E-04, +2.919260E-04, +3.015675E-04, +3.112219E-04,+3.209985E-04,+3.309458E-04,+3.410295E-04,+3.512634E-04,+ 3.616291E-04,+3.720819E-04,+3.827504E-04,+3.936007E-04,+4.045787E -04, +4.157298E-04, +4.270301E-04, +4.384635E-04, +4.501420E-04, +4.618862E-04,+4.738464E-04,+4.859040E-04,+4.981206E-04,+5.104463E-04, +5.229651E-04,+5.356430E-04,+5.484076E-04,+5.614119E-04,+5.744722 E-04, +5.877991E-04, +6.011935E-04, +6.148205E-04, +6.285388E-04, +6.424530E-04,+6.564842E-04,+6.706918E-04,+6.850603E-04,+6.995474E-04 ,+7.141454E-04,+7.289117E-04,+7.438255E-04,+7.589229E-04,+7.74165 5E-04,+7.895723E-04,+8.051391E-04,+8.208203E-04,+8.367055E-04,+8. 526876E-04,+8.688672E-04,+8.852325E-04,+9.016407E-04,+9.182453E-0 4,+9.349851E-04,+9.518914E-04,+9.689457E-04,+9.861478E-04,+1.0035 23E-03,+1.021063E-03,+1.038796E-03,+1.056637E-03,+1.074605E-03,+1 .092708E-03, +1.110964E-03, +1.129434E-03, +1.147996E-03, +1.166662E-03,+1.185524E-03,+1.204595E-03,+1.223783E-03,+1.243249E-03,+1.262 697E-03,+1.282301E-03,+1.302063E-03,+1.321965E-03,+1.342132E-03,+ 1.362347E-03,+1.382697E-03,+1.403252E-03,+1.424084E-03,+1.444900E -03, +1.465962E-03, +1.487102E-03, +1.508430E-03, +1.529923E-03, +1.551453E-03,+1.573165E-03,+1.595088E-03,+1.617097E-03,+1.639334E-03, +1.661768E-03,+1.684316E-03,+1.707018E-03,+1.729902E-03,+1.752875 E-03,+1.776006E-03,+1.799316E-03,+1.822720E-03,+1.846251E-03,+1.8 69993E-03,+1.893788E-03,+1.917864E-03,+1.941986E-03,+1.966472E-03 ,+1.990904E-03,+2.015598E-03,+2.040341E-03,+2.065370E-03,+2.09054 9E-03,+2.115705E-03,+2.141095E-03,+2.166588E-03,+2.192289E-03,+2. 218138E-03,+2.244184E-03,+2.270309E-03,+2.296767E-03,+2.323176E-0 3, +2.349848E-03, +2.376582E-03, +2.403580E-03, +2.430636E-03, +2.457834E-03, +2.485222E-03, +2.512773E-03, +2.540283E-03, +2.568170E-03, +2.568170E-03.596157E-03,+2.624402E-03,+2.652645E-03,+2.681054E-03,+2.709752E-03,+2.738454E-03,+2.767308E-03,+2.796405E-03,+2.825400E-03,+2.854 952E-03,+2.884357E-03,+2.914004E-03,+2.943753E-03,+2.973740E-03,+ 3.003983E-03,+3.034236E-03

## **Using Program Memory**

A program example for using program memory is shown in Table 2-10. This example is used to store a program in the program memory and execute it.

Program memory can be set and controlled by using the following commands.

Function	Command
Returns the names of all programs defined in the program memory	:PROG:CAT?
Specifies memory program	:PROG:NAME "name"
Defines memory program <sup>a</sup>	:PROG:DEF program_code
Adds program code to the end of the memory program <sup>a</sup>	:PROG:APP program_code
Sets a value to the variable specified by $n^b$	:PROG:VARn "value"
Executes memory program <sup>a</sup>	:PROG:EXEC
Changes status of memory program <sup>a</sup>	:PROG:STAT operation
Blocks other commands until the program execution status changes to Paused or Stopped <sup>a</sup>	:PROG:WAIT? timeout_in_seconds
Deletes a memory program <sup>a</sup>	:PROG:DEL
Deletes all memory programs	:PROG:DEL:ALL

- a. This function is effective for the memory program previously specified by the :PROG:NAME command.
- b. Variables can be used in the memory program. They must be expressed as %n% (n: integer. 1 to 100) in the memory program.

*operation* is RUN to change to the running status, PAUS to change to the paused status, CONT to change to the running status, STOP to change to the stopped status, or STEP to perform step execution.

### Table 2-10 Example to Use Program Memory

```
Sub B2900control(ByVal ioObj As Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488, ByRef s As String,
ByRef filename As String)
  filename = "C:/temp/ProgramMemory1.txt"
  ioObj.WriteString("*RST") ' Reset
  Try ' Build program
                                                                                     6′
    Dim program As String = ""
    program = ":sour:func:mode curr\n"
    program += ":sour:curr:mode swe\n"
   program += ":sour:curr:star 0.0\n"
   program += ":sour:curr:stop 40e-3\n"
   program += ":sour:curr:poin 21\n"
   program += ":sens:func ""volt""\n"
   program += ":sens:curr:nplc 0.1\n"
    program += ":arm:coun 1\n"
    program += ":trig:coun 21\n"
    program += ":outp 1\n"
    program += ":init (@1)\n"
    ' Get program length
    Dim sProgramLength As String = String.Format("{0:#}", program.Length)
                                                                                    121
    ioObj.WriteString(":prog:name ""sample""")
                                                                                    123
    ioObj.WriteString(":prog:def #" + sProgramLength.Length.ToString() +
sProgramLength + program)
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
    Line
                                              Description
     2
               Defines the file name used for saving the result data.
     4
               Resets the B2900.
   6 to 18
               Enters program code to the "program" variable. The program is for performing current
               source voltage measure sweep measurement from 0 A to 40 mA, 21 points, with the
               aperture time 0.1 PLC.
```

Stores the program code to the program memory as the program name "sample".

Gets the program length (number of characters in the "program" variable).

21

23 to 24

```
' Run program
  ioObj.WriteString(":prog:stat run")
                                                                                 131
  ' Wait for operation complete
  ioObj.WriteString("*OPC?")
                                                                                 134
  s = ioObj.ReadString()
 Console.Write("*OPC?: " + s)
 Console.WriteLine()
 Try ' Retrieve measurement result
                                                                                 139
    ioObj.WriteString(":fetch:arr:volt? (@1)")
    s = ioObj.ReadString()
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
End Sub
```

Line	Description
31	Executes the memory program.
34 to 37	Waits for operation complete. And write "*OPC?: 1" on the console window when the operation is completed.
39 to 41	Reads the measurement result data.

### Measurement Result Example

Result: -7.480000E-05,+6.524500E-03,+1.311680E-02,+1.971080E-02,+2.630190E-02,+3.289570E-02,+3.948990E-02,+4.607940E-02,+5.266580E-02,+5.926410E-02,+6.585490E-02,+7.244700E-02,+7.903250E-02,+8.562770E-02,+9.221940E-02,+9.880730E-02,+1.053949E-01,+1.119873E-01,+1.185849E-01,+1.251736E-01,+1.317632E-01

### **Reading Binary Data**

A program example for reading binary data is shown in Table 2-11. This example is used to read data in the ASCII format and the 8-byte binary format.

For performing a staircase sweep measurement, replace the program code from lines 32 to 38 shown in Table 2-4 with the code shown in Table 2-11.

Data output format can be controlled by using the following commands.

Function	Command	
Sets the data output format	:FORM[:DATA] format	
Sets byte order of binary data	:FORM:BORD byte_order	

*format* is ASC for the ASCII data output format, REAL,32 for the IEEE-754 single precision format (4-byte data), or REAL,64 for the IEEE-754 double precision format (8-byte data).

*byte\_order* is NORM for the normal byte order from byte 1 to byte 4 or 8, or SWAP for the reverse byte order from byte 4 or 8 to byte 1.

## Measurement Result Example

```
Result: V (V), I (A), Time (sec), Status: -5.88E-05,2.85297E-06,0 .021938,21120.0222637,0.006749,0.030997,36480.0499995,0.0151897,0 .037096,41600.0750008,0.022776,0.041071,41600.0999998,0.0303624,0 .045048,4160
```

### Table 2-11 Example to Read Binary Data

```
Select measure data elements
ioObj.WriteString(":form:elem:sens volt,curr,time,stat")
                                                                                  12
' Retrieve measurement result & Output measurement result(Ascii format)
ioObj.WriteString(":form asc")
ioObj.WriteString(":fetch:arr? (@1)")
Dim numOfElem As Integer = 4 'V, I, Time, Status
Dim data(numOfElem * trigCount - 1)
data = ioObj.ReadList(Ivi.Visa.Interop.IEEEASCIIType.ASCIIType_Any, ",")
Dim value As String = "V (V), I (A), Time (sec), Status: "
s = value
Console.WriteLine("ASCII format")
Console.WriteLine(value)
For i = LBound(data) To UBound(data)
  If (i + 1) Mod numOfElem = 0 Then
    Console.WriteLine(data(i).ToString())
    s = s + data(i).ToString()
  Else
    Console.Write(data(i).ToString() + ",")
    s = s + data(i).ToString() + ","
  End If
Next
Console.WriteLine()
' Retrieve measurement result & Output measurement result(Real64 format)
                                                                                 127
Console.WriteLine("REAL64 format")
Console.WriteLine(value)
ioObj.WriteString(":form real,64")
ioObj.WriteString(":fetch:arr? (@1)")
Dim data64
data64 = ioObj.ReadIEEEBlock(Ivi.Visa.Interop.IEEEBinaryType.BinaryType_R8, False,
For i = LBound(data64) To UBound(data64)
  If (i + 1) Mod numOfElem = 0 Then
    Console.WriteLine(data64(i).ToString())
    Console.Write(data64(i).ToString() + ",")
  End If
Next
Console.WriteLine()
```

Line	Description
2	Specifies the data to return. This example selects voltage measurement data, current measurement data, time data, and status data.
4 to 23	Reads the measurement result data in the ASCII format.
27 to 40	Reads the measurement result data in the REAL,64 format.

### **Performing MOSFET Id-Vd Measurements**

Table 2-12 shows a programming example for measuring MOSFET Id-Vd characteristics. This example uses two channels.

The channel 1 performs the primary sweep output to apply the drain voltage, and measures the drain current at each sweep step.

The channel 2 performs the secondary sweep output to apply the gate voltage. The secondary sweep is realized by using the list sweep function.

The channels should be connected to the device as shown below.

Channel	Terminal	Connection
1	High Force	MOSFET drain terminal
	High Sense	
	Low Force	MOSFET source and substrate terminals
	Low Sense	
2	High Force	MOSFET gate terminal
	High Sense	
	Low Force	MOSFET source and substrate terminals
	Low Sense	

### Measurement Result Example

#### Result:

 $\begin{array}{l} -2.102110E-06, +1.149380E-03, +1.827990E-03, +2.150970E-03, +2.272340\\ E-03, +2.313980E-03, +2.333310E-03, +2.346400E-03, +2.356810E-03, +2.3\\ 65510E-03, +2.373160E-03, -1.332470E-05, +2.465270E-03, +4.501590E-03\\ , +6.113420E-03, +7.326210E-03, +8.180630E-03, +8.736170E-03, +9.07385\\ 0E-03, +9.283210E-03, +9.427320E-03, +9.536790E-03, -2.731010E-05, +3.513460E-03, +6.642130E-03, +9.363240E-03, +1.167520E-02, +1.359510E-02\\ , +1.513140E-02, +1.631180E-02, +1.717590E-02, +1.778500E-02, +1.8216\\ 90E-02 \end{array}$ 

### Table 2-12 MOSFET Id-Vd Measurement Example

```
Sub B2900control(ByVal ioObj As Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488, ByRef s As String,
ByRef filename As String)
  filename = "C:/temp/MOSFETId-Vd1.txt"
  ioObj.WriteString("*RST") ' Reset
  Try ' Set primary sweep 0 V to 3 V, 11 points
                                                                                           6′
    ioObi.WriteString(":sour1:func:mode volt")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour1:volt:mode swe")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour1:volt:star 0")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour1:volt:stop 3")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour1:volt:poin 11")
    ' Set secondary sweep 1 V to 3 V, 3 steps, 33 points
                                                                                          114
    Dim vg As String = "'
    vg = "1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,"
                                         ' for 1st staircase sweep measurement
    vg += "2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,"
                                          ' for 2nd staircase sweep measurement
    vg += "3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3
                                         ' for 3rd staircase sweep measurement
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour2:func:mode volt")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour2:volt:mode list")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sour2:list:volt " + vg)
     ' Set auto-range current measurement
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens1:func ""curr""")
                                                                                          123
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens1:curr:nplc 0.1")
    ioObj.WriteString(":sens1:curr:prot 0.1")
ioObj.WriteString(":sens2:curr:prot 0.01")
                                                                                          126
    Line
                                                 Description
                Defines the file name used for saving the result data.
      4
                Resets the B2900.
   6 to 11
                Sets the channel 1 to the primary sweep source. And sets the sweep output from 0 to 3
                V in 0.3 V step (11 points).
   14 to 20
                Sets the channel 2 to the secondary sweep source. And sets the sweep output from 1 to
                3 V in 1 V step (3 steps, 33 points to perform 11-step staircase sweep measurement
                three times).
   23 to 25
                Sets the channel 1 measurement function to the current measurement. And sets the
                aperture time to 0.1 PLC and the current limit (compliance) value to 100 mA. Auto
                range is ON with the default setting.
     26
                Sets the channel 2 current limit (compliance) value to 10 mA.
```

# Programming Examples Performing MOSFET Id-Vd Measurements

```
' Generate 33 triggers by automatic internal algorithm
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig1:sour aint")
ioObj.WriteString(":trig1:coun 33")
ioObj.WriteString(":trig2:sour aint")
                                                                                           129
    ioObj.WriteString(":trig2:coun 33")
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
  ' Turn on output switch
  ioObj.WriteString(":outp1 on")
                                                                                           139
  ioObj.WriteString(":outp2 on")
  ' Initiate transition and acquire
  ioObj.WriteString(":init (@1,2)")
                                                                                           43
  Try ' Retrieve measurement result
                                                                                           45
    ioObj.WriteString(":fetc:arr:curr? (@1)")
    s = ioObj.ReadString()
  Catch ex As Exception
    Console.WriteLine("An error occurred: " + ex.Message)
  End Try
End Sub
```

Line	Description
29 to 32	For the channels 1 and 2, sets the trigger source to AINT (automatic trigger). And sets the trigger count to 33 to perform the 11-step staircase sweep measurement three times.
39 to 40	Enables the channels 1 and 2. And starts source output (0 V with the default setting).
43	Starts MOSFET Id-Vd measurement.
45 to 47	Reads the measurement result data.

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