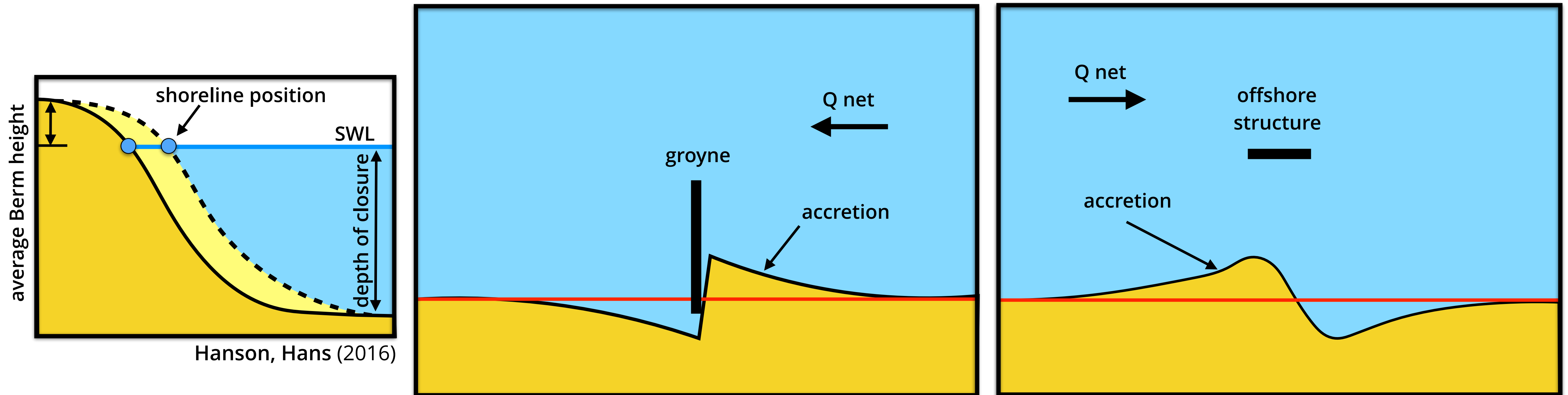


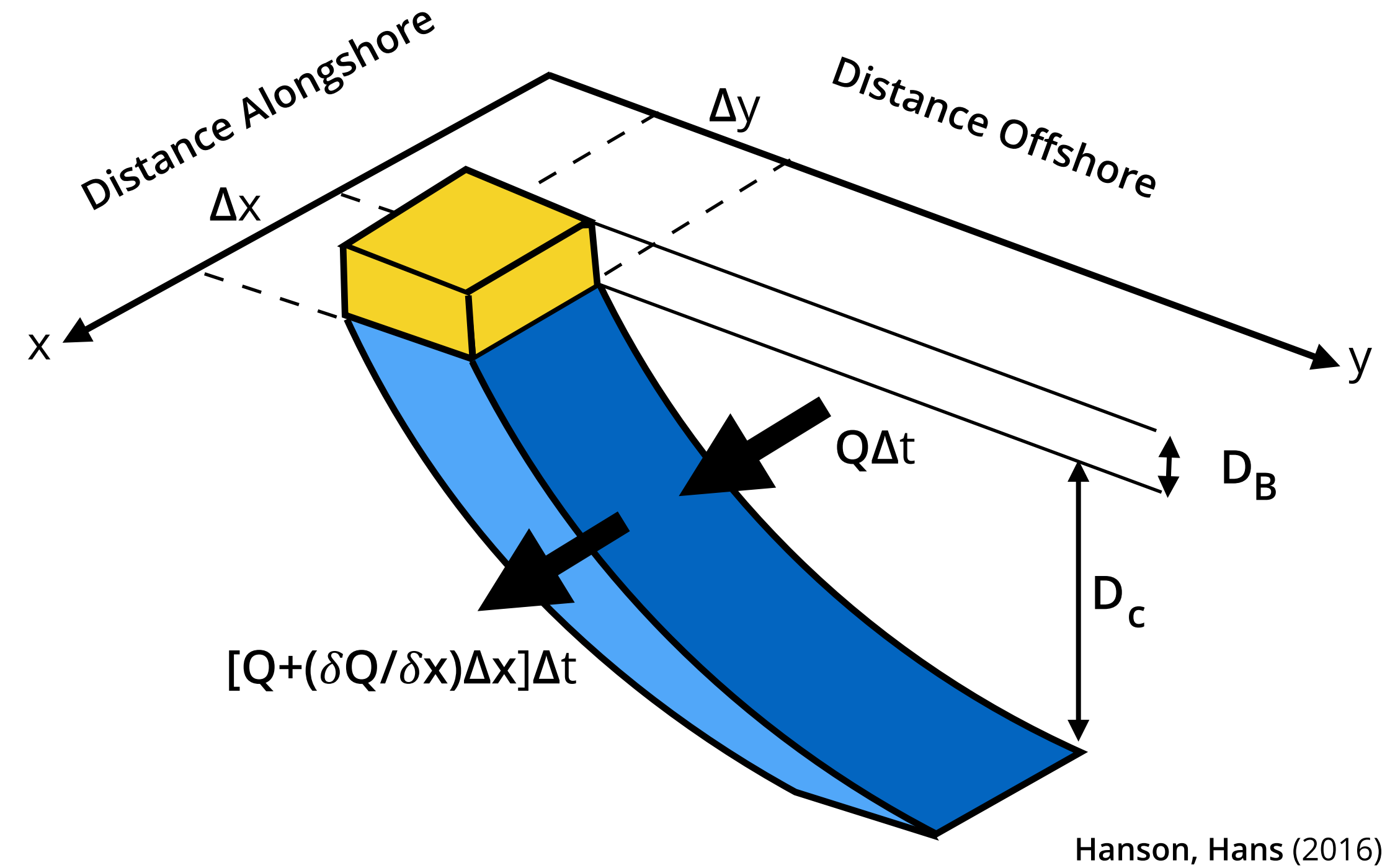
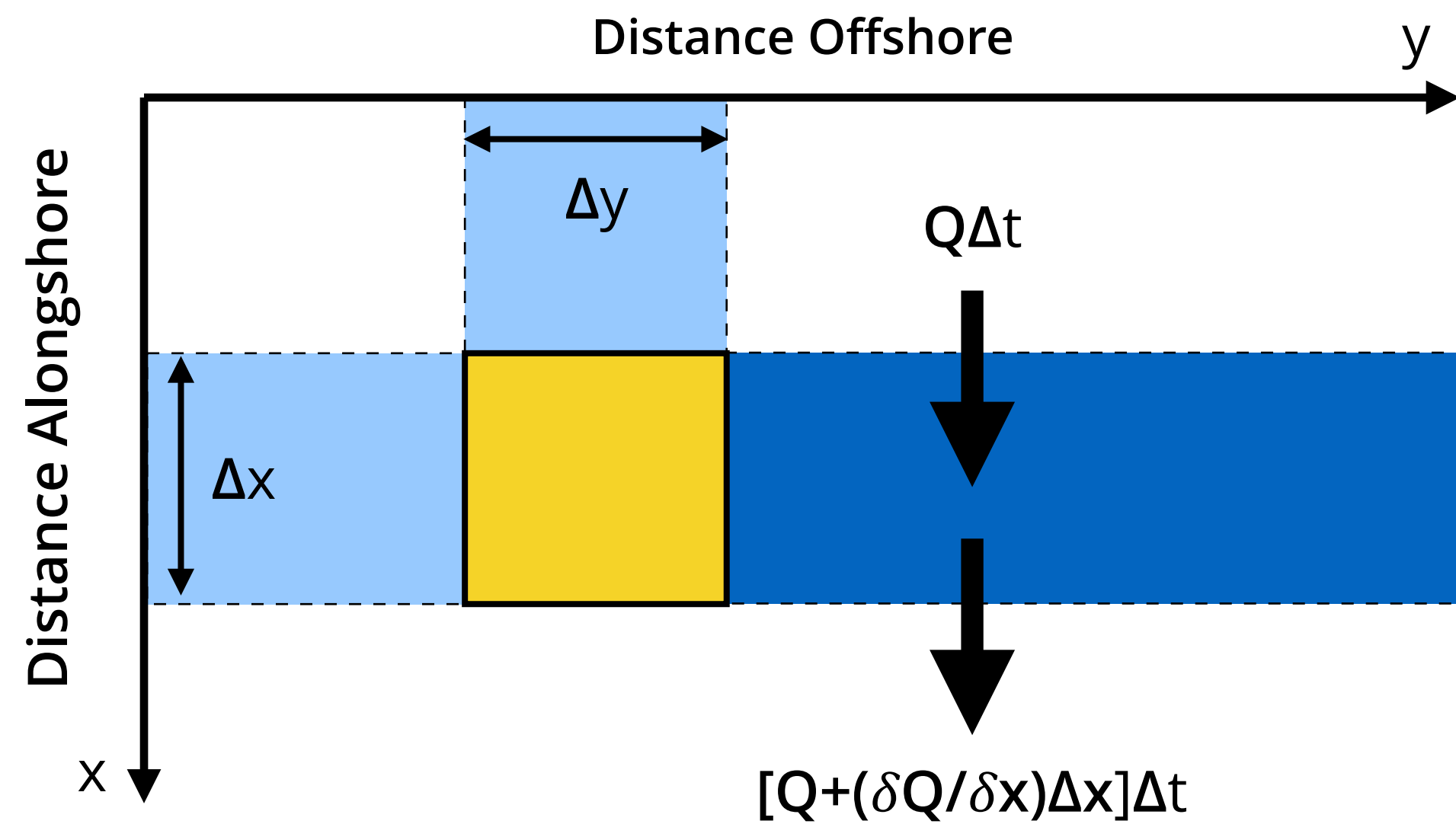
1-line model

- The 1-line concept rests on a common observation that the beach profile maintains an average shape that is characteristic of the particular coast, apart from times of extreme change (i.e. storms).
- Assumption: **long term shoreline changes** is induced by **longshore sediment transport** caused by **waves breaking at an angle** to the shore and **wave induced nearshore current** circulation.



- First 1-line model was presented by Pelnard-Considère (1956) who examined the behaviour of groynes on a beach.

1-line model



The profile is in equilibrium in the cross-shore direction.

if $Q_{in} > Q_{out}$:

accretion → shoreline advance offshore

if $Q_{in} < Q_{out}$:

erosion → shoreline retreat

Conservation of mass implies:

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta t} + \frac{1}{D_B + D_C} \frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta x} = 0$$