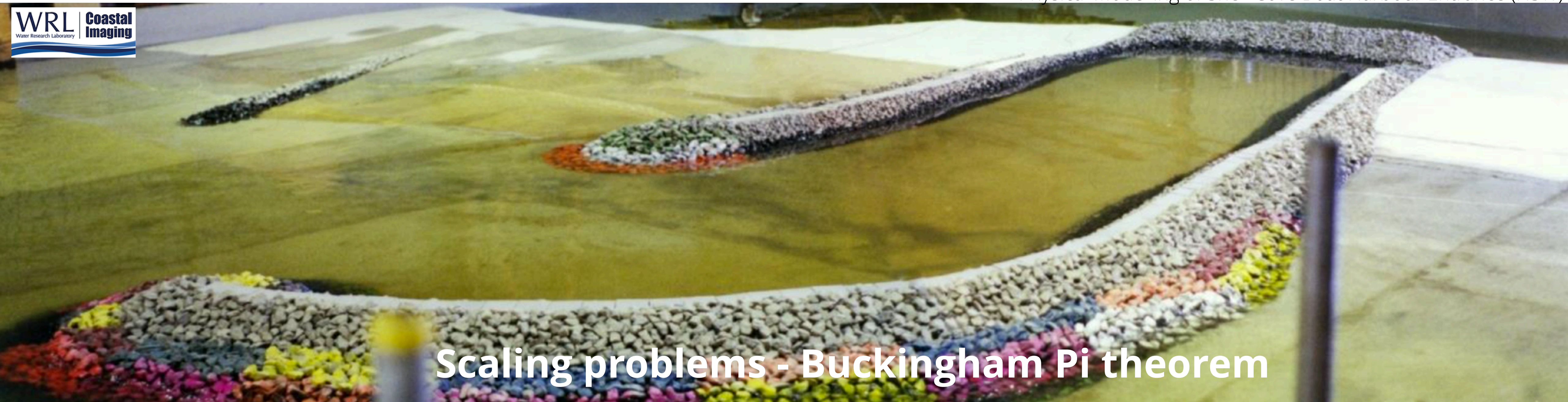


# Physical modelling: laboratory models

Physical Modelling of Shell Cove Boat Harbour Entrance (NSW)



## Scaling problems - Buckingham Pi theorem

- Each of the product will have the form given by the expression:

exponents to be determined

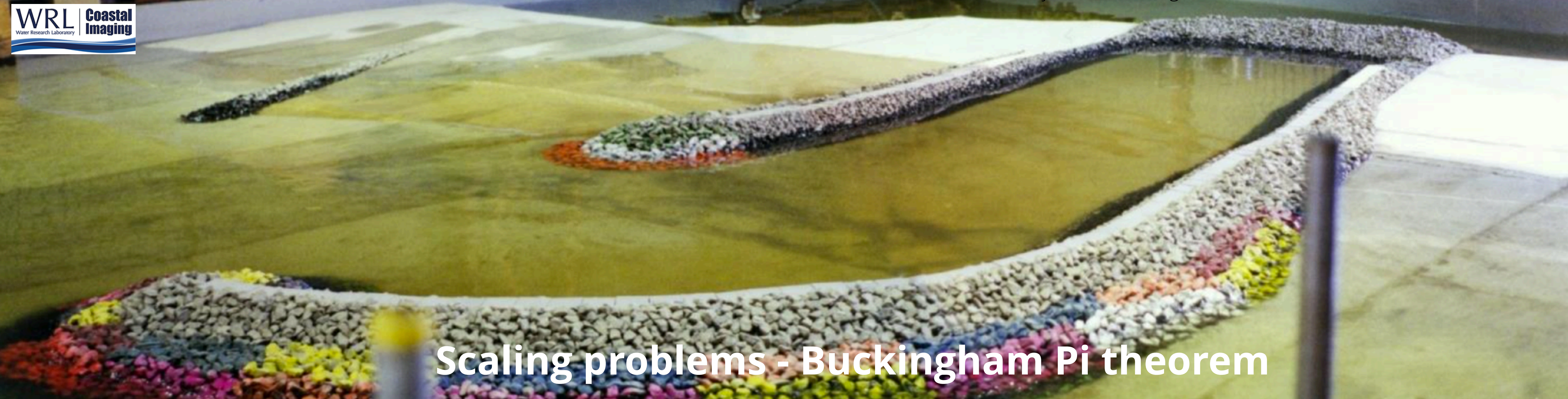
$$\pi_{1...3} = V^{k1} L^{k2} F^{k3} \rho^{k4} \mu^{k5} g^{k6}$$

dimensionless number



# Physical modelling: laboratory models

Physical Modelling of Shell Cove Boat Harbour Entrance (NSW)



## Scaling problems - Buckingham Pi theorem

- Substitution of the fundamental units for each variables gives

$$\pi_{1..3} = [LT^{-1}]^{k1} L^{k2} [MLT^{-2}]^{k3} [ML^{-3}]^{k4} [ML^{-1}T^{-1}]^{k5} [LT^{-2}]^{k6}$$

$$\pi_{1..3} = [L]^{k1+k2+k3-3k4-k5+k6} [T]^{-k1-2k3-k5-2k6} [M]^{k3+k4+k5}$$

- Notice the coefficients of the k values correspond to the values in the dimensional matrix.