User's Manual for SWSTAT, a Computer Program for Interactive Computation of Surface-Water Statistics

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User's Manual for SWSTAT, a Computer Program for Interactive Computation of Surface-Water Statistics

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By Alan M. Lumb, Wilbert O. Thomas, Jr., and Kathleen M. Flynn

ABSTRACT

SWSTAT is an interactive computer program written in Fortran and designed for portability to minicomputers, UNIX workstations, and personal computers with 4 megabytes of memory. SWSTAT helps users interactively perform statistical analyses on time-series data. Procedures in SWSTAT compute flow-duration tables, fit annual series to a frequency distribution, calculate statistics for trend analysis, generate n-day annual series from daily values, and compute various errors and differences between two time series. A binary, direct-access file is used to retrieve and store the data in a logical, well-defined structure and is called a Watershed Data Management (WDM) file. Many other hydrologic and water-quality models and analyses developed by the U.S. Geological Survey and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency currently use the WDM file. The WDM file provides the user with a common data base for many applications, thus eliminating the need to reformat data from one application to another. Furthermore, the WDM file system offers its users and application programmers an expanding library of subroutines for graphics, user interaction, and data storage and retrieval. This library helps programmers to efficiently create software for highly specialized applications.

This document is the users guide for the October 1993 version of SWSTAT and replaces the statistics portion of the 1990 manual "Users Manual for ANNIE, a Computer Program for Interactive Hydrologic Analyses and Data Management" (Lumb and others, 1990). It describes what SWSTAT can do and how to use SWSTAT and the WDM file. Detailed examples of many SWSTAT options show what the user will see on the screen, the responses to be entered, and the results produced.

CHANGES FROM PREVIOUS VERSION

The routines in SWSTAT were previously in the program ANNIE. In addition to removing the routines from ANNIE, the user interface has been replaced by a well-designed, full screen, user interface that uses the function keys and arrow keys to easily move within screens and to the next or previous screen.

All WDM files made with the previous and current version of ANNIE may be used with SWSTAT without modification.

OVERVIEW

WHAT SWSTAT CAN DO

INTRODUCTION

SWSTAT contains a set of procedures for statistical analysis of time-series data. The relation of SWSTAT to other files and systems is shown in figure 1. GLSNET is a program to perform a generalized least squares analysis from data in a WDM file that was prepared by procedures in SWSTAT.

Figure 1 near here

ANALYZE DATA

SWSTAT contains the following statistical capabilities to support water-quantity and water-quality modeling:

- Compute basic statistics for a time series.
- Perform flow-duration analysis using values from a time-series data set.
- Compute absolute errors, standard errors, and an error matrix for two time-series data sets.
- Compute an n-day high or low annual time series from a daily time series.
- Perform frequency analysis of any annual time series using the log-Pearson Type
 III distribution.
- Perform Kendall Tau analysis for trend in annual time series.

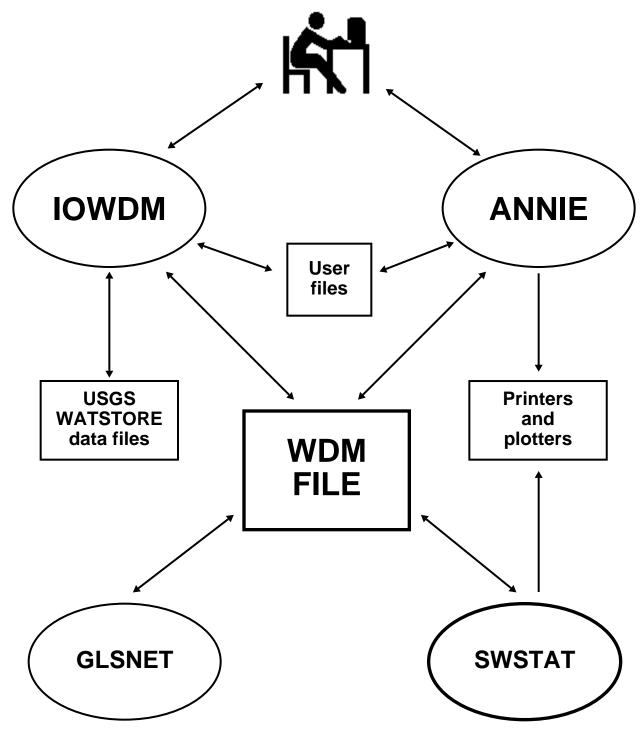


Figure 1. ANNIE and WDM system interactions and functions.

PLOT DATA

Graphics capabilities in SWSTAT include probability plots that meet Geological Survey publication standards. Graphics routines use the American National Standards Institute, Graphical Kernel System (GKS) (ANSI, 1985). Thus, the number and type of output devices depend on only the implementation of GKS on the users system.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The SWSTAT user interaction and utilities and the file structure WDM have been developed, used, and modified over the past 9 years. During that time many users, agencies, and developers have made significant contributions.

Paul Hummel, Aqua Terra Consultants, is acknowledged for providing several new routines and modifications to many more. John Imhoff, Aqua Terra Consultants, is acknowledged for his efforts to rewrite earlier drafts of this manual into the current format.

The Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Research Lab, Athens, Georgia, has provided the software libraries for the user interface. Tom Barnwell is acknowledged for his support of that project, and the excellent cooperation between the Environmental Protection Agency and the Geological Survey is attributable to Tom.

The U.S. Soil Conservation Service provided some of the funding for the initial design of the WDM file. Roger Cronshey is acknowledged for his ideas and support.

HOW SWSTAT WORKS

USER INTERFACE

There are four types of screens that make up SWSTAT: menu, form fill-in, file name, and informational text screens. Commands for displaying help information, moving to previous or following screens, and displaying allowable ranges for input values are available on each screen as applicable.

Each screen consists of at least two boxed-in regions, or windows. These two regions are the data window and the instruction window. A third region, the assistance window, can be displayed or removed from the screen as desired. Beneath the windows, the available

commands appear, with their associated function keys. Figure 2 shows the basic layout of the screens found in SWSTAT.

Figure 2 near here.

All three windows and the line of available commands can be viewed on an 80x24 character screen. Each window has a distinct purpose. User interaction with the program takes place in the data window where menus, input forms, and informational text are displayed. The instruction window contains information on the keystrokes necessary to interact with the program. Error messages related to invalid keystrokes are also displayed in the instruction window. When error messages are displayed, the instruction type in the upper left-hand corner of the window changes from the usual "INSTRUCT" to "ERROR." In the assistance window, help information, valid ranges for input values, and details on program status can be displayed.

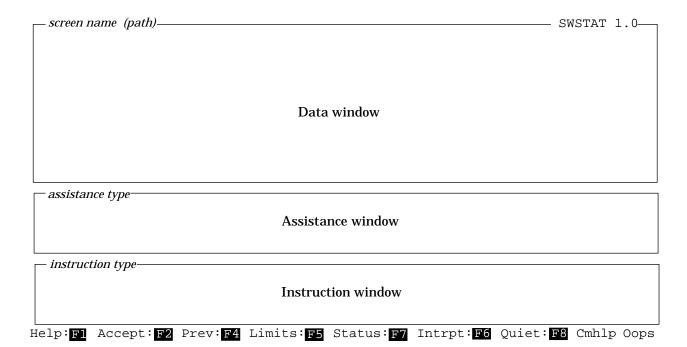
Each screen has a name, which is placed where the words screen name appear in figure 2. The first screen is called the opening screen. All subsequent screens are given a name based on the menu option selected. Screen names are followed by a path--a list of characters that represent the keystrokes made to arrive at the current screen. This list of keystrokes can aid in keeping track of where the current screen falls in the menu hierarchy.

ASSISTANCE WINDOW

The assistance window appears when the commands Help, Limits, Status, or Cmhlp are chosen. The name of the command chosen is placed in the upper left-hand corner of the assistance window, where the words assistance type appear in figure 2. The assistance window can be closed by choosing the Quiet command.

COMMAND LINE

Figure 2 describes each of the commands available in SWSTAT. Most commands are invoked by pressing a single function key. The Accept command, associated with the F2 function key, is used most frequently in the process of using the program. Those commands not invoked by a single function key are chosen by pressing the F3 function key or the semicolon key (";") followed by the first letter of the command. Pressing either the F3 key or the semicolon key causes the cursor to be placed at the bottom of the screen; any command can then be invoked by typing its first letter. Pressing either of these keys a second time without invoking any command will reactivate the data



Command	Keys pressed to invoke ¹	Function
Help	F1	Displays help information in the assistance window. Help information is available for menu
	or ;h	options and for input fields on form fill-in and file name screens. Once Help has been chosen, the help information displayed is updated as different screen elements are highlighted and as different screens are displayed. The program automatically closes the assistance window if a screen is reached for which there is no help information.
Accept	F2 or ;a	Indicates that you have "accepted" the input values, menu option currently highlighted, or text message in the data window. Causes program execution to continue.
Cmhlp	F3c	Displays brief descriptions of the commands available on the current screen.
	or ;c	
Oops	F3o	Redraws screen. Default values replace any values that have been entered. Available on form fill
	or ;o	in and file name screens.
Prev	F4	Re-displays the previous screen. Available on most form fill-in screens and file name input
	or ;p	screens. The program does not read any input values previously entered if Prev is chosen.
Limits	F5 <i>or</i> ;l	Displays valid ranges for numeric input and possible responses for character input on form fill-in and file name screens. As with the Help command, information on input limits is updated as different screen elements are highlighted by using the arrow keys or the Enter key.
Intrpt	F6	Interrupts current processing loop, returning program to point of execution previous to current
	or ;i	process.
Status	F7	Displays current status information including name of input source, number of stations selected for
	or ;s	processing, and hydrograph separation method chosen.
Quiet	F8	Closes the assistance window. Only available if the assistance window is open.
	or ;q	

¹The function keys will work to invoke the commands on most systems. For those systems where this is not the case, the semicolon key (";") followed by the first letter of the command can be pressed instead.

Figure 2. Basic SWSTAT screen layout.

window. The F3 key and the semicolon key are also used to reactivate the data window when the assistance window becomes the active window on the screen. This occurs when a command has been chosen that opens the assistance window and there is more information to be displayed than can be viewed at one time in the four-line window. The line of commands at the bottom of the screen disappears and directions are given in the instruction window as to how to scroll through the text displayed in the assistance window. Pressing the F3 key or the semicolon key at this point restores the line of commands and reactivates the data window.

DATA WINDOW

Menu selections in the data window can be made by highlighting the desired option through use of the arrow keys and then invoking the Accept command. Alternatively, the first letter of the desired menu option can be typed. If more than one menu option begins with the same letter, enough characters must be typed to uniquely identify the desired option.

Form fill-in screens may require character input, such as a yes/no response or numeric input. There are also option fields that can be toggled on or off by pressing the space bar. Movement of the cursor around these screens is accomplished through use of the arrow keys or the Enter key.

File name screens contain one input field into which a file name is typed. These file names are checked for validity; warnings are issued for invalid file names, and opportunity is given to enter a valid file name.

Informational text screens are displayed to give information on tasks in progress or already completed, as well as to give explanatory information or error messages. When these screens are displayed, use the Accept command to continue.

OPTION TREE

The option tree for the current version of SWSTAT is illustrated in figure 3. Initially, you may find the option tree figure a useful tool for guiding your interactive sessions.

Figure 3 near here.

LOG FILES and COMMAND FILES

A file named APPLIC.LOG is automatically created at the start of each SWSTAT session to store all your responses for the session. Unless you change the name of the file with the operating system, it will be overwritten when you begin the next SWSTAT

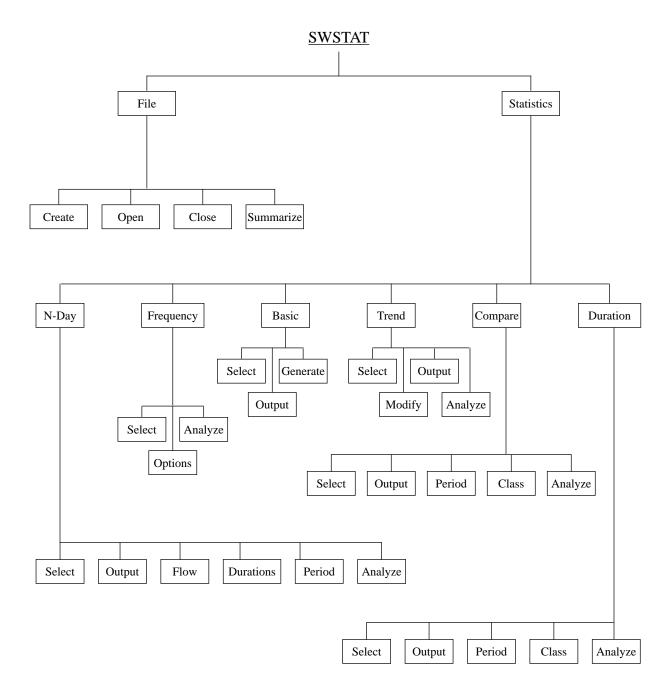


Figure 3. Upper-level branches of the SWSTAT option tree.

session. Part or all of a renamed log file may be used as a command file of responses for subsequent SWSTAT sessions. Command files are usually created by editing a renamed log file.

To use the command file in an SWSTAT session, enter "@". When a small window appears on the screen, enter the name of the command file. Use of command files offers several advantages. Responses from an incomplete or interrupted session are saved and can be reused, so you are not required to repeat those responses already given to the system. Command files can also be utilized as "templates" for repeating SWSTAT sessions where only one or two responses differ from session to session (for example, annual hydrograph plots where only the data-set number and station number change).

When SWSTAT is instructed to use the contents of a command file, all responses will automatically come from the command file until the end of the command file is reached. At that point you can respond with either an answer or the name of another command file. For the careful and experienced user, a command file may contain the name of another command file.

Occasionally, a command file being read by SWSTAT will get out of sync. When this happens, the session should be terminated and the command file should be edited to correctly order the responses. Most often the cause for a command file out of sync is the opening of an output file. The second time the output file name is read, the output file exists so an additional question is asked "Do you want to write over the file?" This question puts the rest of the responses out of sync.

With the use of the arrow keys and function keys, the log file is a little more difficult to interpret. Appendix D has been provided to assist with the interpretation of the log file. When planning to use a log file for a command file, you will discover it is easier to interpret the file when a menu selection is made with a character response instead of the arrow keys followed by the return (or enter) or F2 key.

THE WDM FILE

FILE STRUCTURE and MAINTENANCE

The WDM file is a binary, direct-access file used by SWSTAT that stores hydrologic, hydraulic, meteorologic, water-quality, and physiographic data. The WDM file is organized into data sets. Each data set contains a specific type of data, such as streamflow at a specific site or air temperature at a weather station. Each data set contains attributes that describe the data, such as station identification number, time step of data, latitude, and longitude. The WDM file can contain up to 32,000 data sets. Each data set may be described by either a few attributes or by hundreds of attributes. The WDM file may contain data for all data-collection stations for a basin, for a State, or for any other grouping selected by the user.

Disk space for the WDM file is allocated as needed in 40,960-byte increments (20 2,048-byte records). Data can be added, deleted, and modified without restructuring the data in the file. Space from deleted data sets within a WDM file is reused. Thus, the WDM file requires no special maintenance processing.

TYPES OF DATA

The current release of SWSTAT supports WDM time-series data sets and data-set attributes. Additional data-set types (table, space time, vector, and text) are being used with other programs, but they are not used within SWSTAT.

TIME-SERIES DATA SETS

Time-series data can have time steps from 1 second to 1 year and can be grouped in periods of 1 hour to 1 century. Data are grouped for more rapid access. Data may be tagged with a quality flag to indicate missing records, estimated data, historic flood, and so forth.

TIME-SERIES DATA COMPRESSION

Time-series data are stored in a data set in one of two forms: compressed or uncompressed. The uncompressed form stores a value for every time step. The compressed form stores a value for every time step only when adjacent values are not the same or differ by more than a preset tolerance (see attribute TOLR). For adjacent values that are the same or less than the tolerance, the value and the number of time steps with that value are stored.

DATA-SET ATTRIBUTES

Before data are added to a WDM file, you must assign a unique data-set number (DSN) and values for required attributes that describe how the data are stored. Once data have

been added, the required attributes can no longer be modified. An extensive list of optional attributes is available for further characterization of data contained in a WDM data set. The current list of required and optional data-set attributes is provided in Appendix B of this document. Optional attributes can be added to a data set at any time, but it is good practice to add them when the data set is created. The SWSTAT options **BASIC**, **DURATION**, and **FREQUENCY** add computed statistics as attributes. These attributes are then used by GLSNET.

SPECIAL
TIME-SERIES
ATTRIBUTES
COMPFG
TOLR
VBTIME
TCODE
TSSTEP
TGROUP
TSBYR
TSBMO

Time-series data may be stored in several different patterns that affect the efficiency of data storage and retrieval. To minimize storage requirements, the attribute COMPFG should be set to 1 for data compression. If only strings of identical values are to be compressed, the attribute TOLR is not needed, otherwise a small, nonzero value for TOLR should be stored.

If the data has a constant time step, the attribute VBTIME should be set to 1 and TSSTEP and TCODE set to the time step and units, respectively. This can reduce data retrieval time by a factor of 3 or more. However, if the time step changes one or more times for a data set, VBTIME must be set to 2.

The attribute TGROUP can be used to minimize retrieval times. TGROUP establishes how the data are grouped in a data set. The SWSTAT software can readily locate the beginning of a group but must read sequentially within a group for the values to be retrieved. An additional consideration is there can be only 100 groups in a data set (although this can be increased with ANNIE when a data set is created). With the above considerations, table 1 has been constructed as a guide to select a value for TGROUP.

Table 1. Recommended values for TGROUP for time series of a given time step and record length

		Recommended
Time step	Length of record	TGROUP
daily	<=100 years	6 (years)
5 minute - daily	<=8 years	5 (months)
5 minute - daily	>8 years	6 (years)
monthly	<=100 years	6 (years)
monthly	>100 years	7 (centuries)
annual	<=10,000 years	7 (centuries)
1 second-1 minute	<=100 days	4 (days)

For data with daily or shorter time steps and a period of record in excess of 100 years but less than 200 years, it would be better to reset the number of groups than use centuries

for groups. Attributes for the beginning year and month of the data, TSBYR and TSBMO, default to 1900 and 1, respectively. They may need to be defined if the record will contain data before 1900 or months or days is used for the TGROUP attribute.

SELECTING DATA SETS

SWSTAT uses data-set numbers to identify data sets to be processed. Depending on the process, you may select data sets by number or by using the **SELECT** option to identify data sets with attribute values that meet selected search criteria. Search criteria include: equal to, less than, greater than, not, and, and or. Each time a data set is found that has attributes satisfying the search criteria, the data-set number is added to a buffer. The buffer is simply a list of data-set numbers. As data-set numbers are found, they are continually added to the buffer until the entire buffer is full. Most implementations of SWSTAT set the buffer capacity at 300. During the selection process, you can delete, list, or numerically sort data sets in the buffer.

A new option has been implemented in SWSTAT to scan the available data sets to allow you to select data sets from the lists provided. Several options are available to define the contents of the lists. The lists can be all data sets in the WDM file or data sets currently in the buffer.

Processing options in SWSTAT, such as **DURATION** and **N-DAY**, look in the buffer for data sets to be used. If no data-set numbers are found in the buffer, you are asked to select them. If you know which data-set numbers you wish to use for an analysis, use the **ADD** option to put the numbers in the buffer; if not, you should use the **BROWSE** or the **FIND** option to enter the data-set numbers. Further details on the use of search criteria for selecting data sets based on attribute values are provided in the description of the **SELECT-FIND** and **SELECT-BROWSE** option later in this document.

In conjunction with subsequent instructions, the above discussions should provide the user with sufficient understanding of the WDM file structure and operation. A more detailed discussion is presented in the paper entitled "Data Management for Water-Quality Modeling Development and Use" (Lumb and others, 1988).

STEPS TO USE SWSTAT ON A PROJECT

STEP 1. Get ANNIE and IOWDM

When a statistical analysis with SWSTAT is to be used on the project, ANNIE and IOWDM are required to prepare the WDM file for SWSTAT. WDM files have been used for statistical analyses on projects to store over 60 megabytes of data in a single file.

STEP 2. Retrieve data and convert formats if needed

Review the program IOWDM in Appendix A of the ANNIE manual for the available formats. Some user-defined format capabilities are available. If data exist in another WDM file, use ANNIE to EXPORT data sets from other WDM files and IMPORT data sets to your project WDM file. ANNIE can be used to input data from the terminal, but that is the hard way. Hydrologic and meteorologic data retrieved from a CD-ROM can be put in formats that IOWDM can read. Special programs are available to read files from some data loggers.

STEP 3. Create WDM file

The shell of a WDM file must be created before data can be added. WDM files can be created with ANNIE or IOWDM.

STEP 4. Create data sets and add data

Data sets must be created with a unique data-set number before data can be added. The IMPORT option of ANNIE and the input formats for IOWDM create data sets automatically. If they are not created automatically, you must create them with ANNIE. For many statistical analysis projects, it is essential to increase the maximum number of attributes to be allowed for the data set. When creating time-series data sets, it is very important to correctly set the attributes TGROUP, COMPFG, VBTIME, TSSTEP, TCODE, and TSBYR (see sections SPECIAL TIME-SERIES ATTRIBUTES, ADD data sets, IOWDM). Data in WATSTORE formats can be added with the program IOWDM. Data from another WDM file can be added with ANNIE using the EXPORT and IMPORT options. Data in a free-field format might be added using the ADD time series option in ANNIE.

STEP 5. Verify data

Listing, tabling, and plotting can be used in ANNIE to view and verify the data added to your project WDM file. The LIST option for time series can be used to find and list time-series values that do not meet selected criteria. Plotting data is always a good way to quickly check for bad values. When plotting, do not pick the option to ignore values off the scale. Numeric attributes of the data, such as drainage area, station elevation,

latitude, and longitude can be plotted one against another for all stations to identify possible erroneous values.

STEP 6. Correct or update data

The MODIFY option in ANNIE for data-set attributes and time series can be used to correct the data. If, however, time-series data are compressed (COMPFG = 1), then you must use the COPY/UPDATE option to correct the compressed portions of the data. The add time series option in SWSTAT should only be used to add data to the end of existing data, because any subsequent data in the data set are deleted.

STEP 7. Use data

Data in a WDM file can now be used with SWSTAT. Several options in SWSTAT put data on the WDM file. These computed time series can be tabled, listed, plotted, and analyzed with ANNIE as a model postprocessing tool.

STEP 8. Archive the WDM file

The EXPORT option in ANNIE can be used to put all or part of a WDM file on a formatted ASCII file or set of files for archiving. Such files can be read by editors and printed using operating system commands and should be independent of operation systems and computers. These files are often quite long and generally should not be modified.

SWSTAT OPTIONS AND EXAMPLES

ORGANIZATION

The following section provides a reference guide for using individual SWSTAT analysis options. SWSTAT options are organized in alphabetical order according to the actual menu keywords used in the opening menu: Basic, Compare, Duration, N-day, and Trend. In addition, the select option that is available throughout the program is found following the five options. Within options Compare, Duration, and N-day, a lower level of options are presented in alphabetic order. The guidance provided for each option is contained in two parts, a description of the option and a sample session.

The description contains a discussion of the capabilities of the option, steps to follow, and a discussion of the sample session. All pages for an option contain a header consisting of a large print keyword and a qualifier within a double line box. In the extreme left column of the first part, a "response branch" is provided. This contains the most direct sequence of menu responses that the user can select to progress from the

opening SWSTAT menu to the point in the option tree where the selected option may be performed.

The examples contain a portion of a SWSTAT session beginning after the last keyword in the "response branch." Each sample session illustrates a successful application of an SWSTAT option. It should be noted that SWSTAT offers additional capabilities for some options, which are not illustrated in the sample sessions. When the option includes a table menu, the final table with the modified values are shown. If an option includes output files or graphics, they are included after the interactive session.

BASIC

BASIC

This option computes the mean and standard deviation of a time-series data set and finds the minimum and maximum value. Results are written to the screen and can be written to a file for printing. If the option is selected, the four values can be placed as attributes on the WDM file.

COMPARE

COMPARE

This option uses the flow-duration analysis and class intervals to compute absolute error, root mean square error, and bias by class interval for two time series from a WDM file or PLTGEN file. Also, the standard error of estimate for the time series is computed. The analysis is usually performed on an observed variable and a simulated variable, although the analysis can be used to compare two observed time series to screen the data for possible errors. In addition to the two tables showing errors, a third table is an error matrix that provides a count of plus and minus errors by class interval. Each table can provide insight into the distribution of the error. The flow-duration curves for observed and simulated variables can be plotted.

You select two data sets from a WDM file. The time period, class intervals, and output file name are required. When plotting the results on a graphics device, the default line type, color, or symbol should be changed for one of the curves.

- 1 Enter the names of the input and output files.
- 2 Enter the time step for the values to be used.
- If a WDM file is used, enter the data-set number. If a PLTGEN file is used, select two time series. Enter whether the second time series is simulated or measured. The first time series will default to the other.
- Enter the time period for the analysis. For WDM files, the current start and end date is determined from the data set. For PLTGEN files, the end date is unknown.
- [5] Enter the title for the tables and plot.
- 6 Select the standard or user-defined class intervals. For the standard, only the minimum and maximum are entered. The minimum must be greater than zero.
- Select options to print the file on the screen and create a plot as needed.
- 8 For the graphics device, enter type of device, characteristics of each line, scales for the axes, and sizes for the plot.

COMPARE COMPARE

9 Select the error matrix option if needed.

For the example, two measured time series were selected for comparison, data-set numbers 3 and 4 from the file DAVID.WDM. The output file was TEST14.OT2. A 30-year period from October 1, 1950, was selected from a 41-year period that was common to both time series. The standard class intervals were used for values from 1.0 to 100000. All output options and a plot for a graphics device were selected. One time series was a dashed line and the other solid. The probability axis was limited to four standard deviates and the values off the plot were ignored.

COMPARE COMPARE

Listing of output file TEST14.OT2: Comparison of discharge between Shasta River, CA and Scott River, CA

MEASURED = 115195			SIMULAT	ED = 11517	75			
Lower	Number	Mea	n error(1)	Root	mean	Bias(3)		
class	of							
limit		Average	Percent	Average	Percent	Average		
0.00	0	0.000	0.0	0.000			0.0	
1.00	0	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 57.300 53.204 56.597	0.0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	
1.40	0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	
2.00	0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	
2.80	0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	0.000 57.300 53.204 56.311	0.0	
4.00	2	57.300	1068.6	66.223	1214.4	57.300	1068.6	
5.70 8.10	49	53.204	770.5	59.853	8/5.0	53.204	7/0.5	
11.00	200	50.59 <i>1</i>	600.5	109.309	1137.2	89.429	597.3 677.4	
16.00	309	89.846 95.760 126.222	500.5	143.330	1094.3 858.7 835.7	95.068	518.6	
23.00	408 436	126 222	155 2	225 250	935.7	124.975	450.5	
33.00	502	174 630	441 4	322 206	804 0	173.055	437.3	
46.00	736	277 008	504 9	453 265	828 0	271.378	495.2	
66.00	736 871	174.630 277.008 381.727 510.493	485.3	596.411	758.0	365.793	465.5	
93.00	1030	510.493	465.7	771.839	703.6	474.522	433.4	
130.00	2019 2451 980	326.280 417.574 831.233	207.4	595.704	385.4	238.260	153.5	
190.00	2451	417.574	184.0	595.704 660.836	289.9	386 513	168.9	
270.00	980	831.233	261.3	1004.578	315.7	827.718	260.2	
380.00	573	1165.096	264.4	1394.966 1953.788 2902.760	315.1	1161.459	263.6	
530.00	271 123	1612.218	261.3	1953.788	313.8	1605.575	260.2	
760.00	123	2389.658	268.5	2902.760	320.7	2389.235	268.4	
1100.00	52	4047.115	325.4	4728.623	380.1	4047.115	325.4	
1500.00	40	5496.500	310.8	6454.334	366.4	5496.500	310.8	
2200.00	13	6279.230	257.5	6870.810	285.4	6279.230	257.5	
3100.00	4	12535.000	321.6	13297.467	335.9	12535.000	321.6	
4300.00	4	18927.500	359.5	19908.383	369.8	18927.500	359.5 269.3 279.8	
6100.00	1	21220.000	269.3	21220.000	269.3	21220.000	269.3	
8700.00 12000.00	1	29100.000	2/9.8	29099.996	2/9.8	29100.000	2/9.8	
17000.00	0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	
25000.00	0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	
35000.00	0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	
50000.00	0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	
71000.00	0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	
100000.00	0	4047.115 5496.500 6279.230 12535.000 18927.500 21220.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.0	
	10958	534.998	181 9	1136 851	3355 0	505 972	311 4	
	10,00	331.330	101.7		3333.7	303.772	511.1	

STANDARD ERROR OF ESTIMATE = 1018.09

= (n/n-1)*square root((tot.col.5)**2 - (tot.col.7)**2)

note: Percents for the first class interval and the total should not be used if there are measured events that are zero.

⁽¹⁾ AVERAGE = sum (|S-M|/n) PERCENT = 100.0 * (sum(|S-M|/M))/n for all M > 0.0

⁽²⁾ AVERAGE = square root(sum((S-M)**2)/n)

PERCENT = 100.0 * square root(sum(((S-M)/M)**2)/n) for all M > 0

⁽³⁾ AVERAGE = sum (S-M)/n

PERCENT = 100.0 * (sum ((S-M)/M)/n)for all M > 0.0

S = Simulated value M = Measured value sum = Summation

n = Number of pairs of values

^{| | =} Absolute value

COMPARE COMPARE

Comparison of discharge between Shasta River, CA and Scott River, CA

MEASURED = 115195

SIMULATED = 115175

		equal or and less		Percent	cases al or	Average of cases within			
Lower	ower Cases		Percent		exceeding		class limits		
class limit	Measured	Simulated	Measured	Simulated	Measured	Simulated	Measured	Simulated	
0.00 1.00 1.40 2.00 2.80 4.00 5.70 8.10 11.00 16.00 23.00 33.00 46.00 66.00 93.00 130.00 190.00 270.00 380.00 760.00 1100.00 1500.00 2200.00 3100.00 4300.00 6100.00 17000.00 17000.00 50000.00 71000.00	0 0 0 0 0 2 49 83 309 408 436 502 736 871 1030 2019 2451 980 573 271 123 52 40 13 4 4 1	0 0 0 0 4 22 9 28 80 198 295 1006 1148 938 639 561 657 765 1166 1168 964 751 312 115 58 36 20 11	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.02 0.45 0.76 2.82 3.72 3.98 4.58 6.72 7.95 9.40 18.42 22.37 8.94 5.23 2.47 1.12 0.47 0.37 0.12 0.04 0.01 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.04 0.20 0.26 0.73 1.81 2.69 9.18 10.48 8.56 5.83 5.12 6.00 6.98 10.64 10.66 8.80 6.85 2.85 1.05 0.53 0.33 0.18 0.10 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.00 0.0	100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 99.98 99.53 98.78 95.96 92.23 88.26 83.67 76.96 69.01 59.61 41.18 18.82 9.87 4.65 2.17 1.057 0.21 0.09 0.05 0.02 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 99.96 99.76 99.68 99.43 98.70 96.89 94.20 85.02 74.54 65.98 60.15 55.03 49.03 42.05 31.41 20.75 11.95 5.10 2.25 1.20 0.68 0.35 0.16 0.06 0.04 0.01 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 5.20 7.04 9.328 18.79 27.33 38.90 55.58 78.76 109.65 164.29 221.64 316.88 440.84 617.27 883.99 1247.31 177.50 7880.00 5147.50 7880.00 10400.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 5.52 6.65 9.11 14.39 19.82 26.57 39.34 56.50 78.86 108.16 108.45 226.81 324.50 455.61 638.59 916.46 1275.26 175.21 12569.81 3569.65 4994.65 7049.72 10154.00 13463.63 20100.00 30100.00 30100.00 30500.00 0.00 0.00	
100000.00	0 10958	0 10958	0.00 100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 201.06	0.00 707.04	

COMPARE COMPARE

Comparison of discharge between Shasta River, CA and Scott River, CA

Lower class		Number o	f deviat	ions bet	ween ind	icated p	ercentag	es
limit		-60	-30 	-10	0	10	30	60
0.00	0	 0	 0			0	0	0
1.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1.40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
5.70	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
8.10	0	2	2	1	0	0	78	0
11.00	0	8 7	4 2	1	0	2 7	294 373	0
16.00 23.00	5 7	6	11	13	11 4	6	373	0
33.00	3	8	25	12	18	31	405	0
46.00	18	34	45	25	16	56	542	0
66.00	41	91	100	33	23	43	540	0
93.00	69	209	95	19	2	8	628	Ö
130.00	252	752	82	48	52	73	760	Ö
190.00	31	298	169	60	41	126	1726	0
270.00	2	1	16	11	7	5	938	0
380.00	1	4	1	0	0	3	564	0
530.00	1	1	2	1	3	2	261	0
760.00	0	0	0	1	2	0	120	0
1100.00	0	0	0	0	0	1	51	0
1500.00	0	0	0	0	0	1	39	0
2200.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0
3100.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
4300.00 6100.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	4 1	0
8700.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
12000.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17000.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25000.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35000.00	0	Ő	Ő	Ö	0	Ö	Ö	Ö
50000.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
71000.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
100000.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	430	1421	554	228	179	364	7782	0

DURATION DURATION

DURATION

Duration analysis performs traditional flow-duration analysis by counting occurrences of all time-series values within flow intervals. Output includes a table and a plot using log-normal axes. You can enter the class intervals or have them set by entering a minimum and maximum. Intervals that are computed are uniform in log space. Data must be in a WDM time-series data set and the time step of the data must be 1 day or less.

Default start and end dates are based on the record available in the input file but may be changed to a shorter period. Results are placed in a file that can be viewed on the screen. Note that on the scale of the probability axis, the absolute value of the minimum and maximum should be the same. If not, the absolute value of the larger number will be used for both.

- 1 Enter the names of the input and output files.
- 2 Enter the time step for the values to be used.
- If a WDM file is used, enter the data-set number. If a PLTGEN file is used, select the time series to be used.
- Enter the time period for the analysis. The current start and end date is determined from the data set.
- [5] Enter the title for the table and plot.
- 6 Select the standard or user-defined class intervals. For the standard, only the minimum and maximum are entered. The minimum must be greater than zero.
- [7] Select options to print the file on the screen and create a plot as needed.
- For the graphics device, enter type of device, characteristics of the line, scales for the axes and sizes for the plot.

For the example, data-set number 4 was selected from the file DAVID.WDM. The output table was written to the file TEST14.OT1. A daily time step was used. Although 41 years of record were available, a 30-year period for water years 1951 through 1980

DURATION DURATION

was selected. Standard class intervals from 1.0 to 100000 were used. A plot was made for the graphics terminal using a solid black line. Values greater than three standard deviates were not plotted.

DURATION DURATION

Listing of output file TEST14.OT1

Flow duration curve for Scott River near Fort Jones, CA.

Lower class	exceedi limit a	equal or ng lower and less per limit	Cases equal or exceeding lower class limit			
limit	Cases	Percent	Cases	Percent		
0.00 1.00 1.00 1.40 2.00 2.80 4.00 5.70 8.10 11.00 16.00 23.00 33.00 46.00 93.00 130.00 190.00 270.00 380.00 760.00 1100.00 1500.00 200.00 3100.00 4300.00 6100.00 12000.00 17000.00 25000.00 35000.00 71000.00	0 0 0 0 0 4 22 9 28 80 198 295 1006 1148 938 639 561 657 765 1166 1168 964 751 312 115 58 36 20 11 3 3 3	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.04 0.20 0.08 0.26 0.73 1.81 2.69 9.18 10.48 8.56 5.83 5.12 6.00 6.98 10.64 10.66 8.80 6.85 2.85 1.05 0.33 0.33 0.18 0.10 0.03 0.03	10958 10958 10958 10958 10958 10958 10954 10932 10923 10895 10815 10617 10322 9316 8168 7230 6591 6030 5373 4608 3442 2274 1310 559 247 132 74 38 18	100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 99.96 99.76 99.68 99.43 98.70 96.89 94.20 85.02 74.54 65.98 60.15 55.03 42.05 31.41 20.75 11.95 5.10 2.25 11.95 5.10 0.68 0.35 0.16 0.06 0.04 0.01 0.00 0.00		
100000.00	0	0.00	0	0.00		

FREQUENCY FREQUENCY

FREQUENCY

With this option annual time series on a WDM data set may be analyzed with the log-Pearson Type III distribution, without the extra features of Bulletin 17B. Data may be entered with IOWDM, the ADD time-series option, or may be created with the STATISTICS N-DAY option that computes n-day annual high and low-flow statistics from a daily time series.

The code used in ANNIE is from the cataloged procedure A193 on the U.S. Geological Survey mainframe computer and has been converted to run in ANNIE. Documentation of A193 can be found in the WATSTORE user's manual, volume 4 (Lepkin, 1979). Procedures have been included to handle zero values and periods of missing records. Missing record must have annual values of -1 or less. Besides an output file and plots on the printer or graphics device, this option may add computed flow statistics to the attributes of each data set if requested by the user. These computed statistics may then be used in the generalized least squares (GLS) procedures or placed in a flat file using the TABLE attributes option in ANNIE for further processing by statistical packages or spreadsheet software.

- 1 Enter name of file for output.
- 2 Select annual time-series data sets using the SELECT option as provided.
- 3 Select option for graphics output.
- 4 Enter start and end years for analysis.
- If graphics device selected, enter type of device, scales for axes (probability axis scaled in standard deviates), and sizes for the plot.

The example shows analysis of 7-day low-flow values on data-set number 504 for 44 years on the Shasta River near Yreka, California. Nine attributes were written to the WDM file for data-set number 504. A listing of the output file follows the frequency plot. For a station with zero flows, additional output is provided.

FREQUENCY FREQUENCY

```
Listing of output file TEST16.OT2:
  Log-Pearson Type III Statistics (formerly USGS Program A193, Jan. 1986)
    (Note -- Use of log-Pearson Type III distribution is for
             preliminary computations. User is responsible
             for assessment and interpretation.)
  Station 11517500
                               Shasta River near Yreka, CA.
  Analysis for -- 12 month period
                   ending March 31
                   1935-1982
  Parameter is 7-day low value.
     0 zero values in data
    44 nonzero values in data
            8.786
                       8.500
                                    9.500
                                                 8.857
                                                            67.857
            5.471
                       36.286
                                   24.286
                                                25.571
                                                            17.000
           20.571
                       11.943
                                    9.700
                                                13.286
                                                            31.286
           24.714
                       15.714
                                    6.671
                                                52.286
                                                            12.857
           52.000
                       11.143
                                    6.414
                                                11.357
                                                            13.000
           36.143
                       12.357
                                   38.143
                                                10.229
                                                            19.000
            7.114
                       25.571
                                   14.714
                                                24.143
                                                            17.429
           11.743
                       47.286
                                   41.143
                                                14.571
                                                             8.814
           31.286
                       13.843
                                   17.429
                                                 5.800
  The following 14 statistics are based on nonzero values.
```

Mean Variance Standard Deviation Skewness Standard Error of Skewness	20.496 212.884 14.591 1.441 0.357
Serial Correlation Coefficient Coefficient of Variation	-0.251 0.712
Mean (logs)	1.2

Mean (logs)	1.218
Variance (logs)	0.080
Standard Deviation (logs)	0.283
Skewness (logs)	0.331
Standard Error of Skewness (logs)	0.357
Serial Correlation Coefficient (logs)	-0.247
Coefficient of Variation (logs)	0.232

FREQUENCY FREQUENCY

Mean, standard deviation and skew added as attributes (WRCMN, WRCSD, WRCSKW) to users WDM file on data-set $\,$ 504 $\,$

Nonexceedance Probability	Recurrence Interval	Parameter Value
0.0100	100.00	4.261
0.0200	50.00	4.881
0.0500	20.00	6.040
0.1000	10.00	7.366
0.2000	5.00	9.481
0.5000	2.00	15.951
0.8000	1.25	28.236
0.9000	1.11	38.859
0.9600	1.04	55.511
0.9800	1.02	70.522
0.9900	1.01	87.996

9 statistics added as attributes to users WDM file. MEANND SDND SKWND NUMZRO NONZRO L07020 L07010 L07005 L07002

N-DAY

This option computes annual n-day high and low flows for a daily time series. A default set of 1-, 2-, 3-, 7-, 10-, 30-, 60-, 90-, 183-, and 365-day periods can be selected or you may specify the durations in days for the statistics. The start and end time of the observation period is input so the user can specify calendar year (Jan-Dec), water year (Oct-Sept), any other year, or even season. Output is provided in a table and, optionally, the computed annual time-series data sets are added to a WDM file using a year time step. You should put the results on WDM data sets if subsequent frequency analyses are to be performed.

- Select the type of output and enter file name, decimal places, and significant digits if a print file is selected.
- 2 Select option for high flow, low flow, or both.
- Select option for standard or user-defined durations. If user defined, enter up to 10 durations.
- 4 Select data-set numbers for processing.
- Enter a data-set number for output if the WDM output option selected in step 1.

 The data set does not need to exist.
- 6 Select processing for full period or a common period of record. If a common period, enter the start and ending years.
- Enter season for high flow, low flow, or both depending on the selection in step
 - 2. Usually the season for high flow is a full year beginning in October and ending in September. The season for low flow is usually April through March.

In the example, one data set is selected and the standard durations are used for the full period of record. Output to the WDM file started with data-set number 501 for the first annual time series and ended with 520, 10 data sets for low flow and 10 for high flow. The attributes for the 20 new time series were copied from the source daily values time

series, with the attributes TSSTEP, TCODE, TGROUP, and TSTYPE changed appropriately. The output file follows the example user interaction. The second value in each of the 10 columns is the rank.

Listing of output file TEST16.OT1:

STATION NUMBER 11517500 LOW MEAN VALUE AND RANKING FOR THE FOLLOWING NUMBER OF CONSECUTIVE DAYS IN YEAR ENDING MARCH DISCHARGE, IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND

YEAR	1-DAY	2-DAY	3-DAY	7-DAY	10-DAY	30-DAY	60-DAY	90-DAY	183-DAY	365-DAY
1935	6.50 11	7.25 9	7.67 9	8.79 7	9.10 8	11.02 5	15.74 10	18.79 9	30.52 1	87.28 1
1935	6.00 8	6.50 7	7.17 8	8.50 6	9.10 8	11.02 5	11.94 4	14.92 5	34.21 2	107.06 3
1937	6.50 12	8.00 13	8.67 11	9.50 10	9.90 9	13.48 11	14.43 8	16.92 6	38.54 5	87.82 2
1937	6.00 9	6.25 6	7.00 7	8.86 9	8.55 6	12.83 10	14.30 7	19.86 11	51.12 12	206.65 30
1939	56.00 44	58.00 44	58.67 44	67.86 44	75.60 44	85.23 44	98.12 44	103.62 44	129.02 42	200.42 27
1940	4.10 2	4.35 2	4.43 2	5.47 1	5.58 2	7.73 1	11.66 3	13.75 3	35.09 3	144.51 13
1941	32.00 38	33.00 39	33.33 38	36.29 38	40.40 38	48.37 38	54.95 36	59.21 32	90.62 30	224.90 33
1946	17.00 30	17.50 29	18.67 29	24.29 31	25.70 31	30.23 30	31.10 26	34.47 22	81.81 27	159.92 16
1947	19.00 33	20.50 32	21.67 33	25.57 33	27.40 34	38.63 33	45.23 31	50.63 30	73.41 22	126.98 6
1948	14.00 26	15.00 26	15.67 27	17.00 25	17.90 25	20.37 22	22.68 19	29.21 19	48.09 11	114.35 5
1949	18.00 31	19.00 31	19.33 30	20.57 29	21.30 28	29.77 29	47.62 34	59.44 33	115.75 36	163.03 19
1950	9.00 18	9.30 17	9.53 14	11.94 16	13.56 17	16.71 17	22.49 18	26.72 14	65.23 16	127.18 7
1951	7.70 15	8.35 15	8.77 12	9.70 11	10.09 10	15.36 14	17.21 13	26.82 15	55.86 14	200.91 28
1952	11.00 22	12.00 24	12.67 24	13.29 20	14.10 19	15.17 12	16.15 11	21.24 12	61.24 15	194.81 24
1953	25.00 35	26.00 35	27.67 35	31.29 35	32.80 36	44.03 36	46.33 33	60.40 35	103.40 33	237.07 35
1954	22.00 34	22.00 34	22.00 34	24.71 32	27.30 33	42.43 35	46.25 32	56.19 31	132.37 43	239.18 37
1955	12.00 25	14.00 25	14.33 25	15.71 24	16.30 22	21.90 25	26.82 24	41.41 27	84.17 29	132.28 10
1956	5.90 6	5.90 4	5.90 4	6.67 4	7.35 5	10.05 4	10.78 2	12.45 1	35.29 4	257.04 39
1957	46.00 43	48.00 43	49.33 43	52.29 43	54.70 42	60.40 42	61.52 39	71.96 39	126.30 39	209.76 31
1958	10.00 20	11.50 21	11.67 21	12.86 18	15.10 21	19.47 21	25.67 22	37.17 25	83.95 28	282.12 43
1959	41.00 42	47.00 42	48.00 42	52.00 42	55.30 43	66.57 43	83.98 43	101.36 43	145.72 44	225.27 34
1960	9.50 19	9.50 18	9.83 15	11.14 13	12.05 15	15.22 13	20.84 16	33.22 21	69.80 20	134.26 11
1961	5.50 4	5.65 3	5.80 3	6.41 3	7.14 3	9.86 3	12.83 5	14.29 4	46.60 9	130.89 8
1962	7.00 13	8.25 14	9.83 16	11.36 14	11.95 14	17.15 18	22.96 20	28.99 18	77.65 24	159.22 15
1963	10.00 21	10.50 20	11.00 19	13.00 19	13.90 18	19.33 20	26.07 23	28.03 17	65.60 17	198.63 26
1964	32.00 39	32.50 38	33.67 39	36.14 37	38.60 37	46.27 37	61.15 38	75.77 40	127.52 41	201.64 29
1965	7.50 14	7.75 12	10.17 18	12.36 17	12.85 16	18.75 19	22.16 17	30.02 20	71.23 21	284.68 44
1966	31.00 37	32.00 37	32.00 37	38.14 39	41.50 39	51.63 39	66.10 41	76.53 41	102.43 32	190.59 23
1967	6.40 10	7.70 11	8.47 10	10.23 12	10.51 11	12.55 8	14.11 6	17.79 8	52.20 13	145.30 14
1968	14.00 27	15.00 27	15.33 26	19.00 28	21.30 29	25.53 27	32.13 28	43.09 28	109.77 34	177.37 21
1969	4.90 3	6.10 5	6.50 5	7.11 5	7.29 4	11.92 7	16.34 12	27.85 16	46.89 10	160.35 17
1970	16.00 29	18.00 30	20.00 31	25.57 34	25.40 30	33.17 31	50.87 35	60.74 36	101.49 31	276.33 41
1971	11.00 23	11.50 22	12.33 23	14.71 23	17.10 24	21.50 23	25.53 21	37.13 24	79.37 25	218.50 32
1972	18.00 32	20.50 33	21.33 32	24.14 30	26.60 32	34.03 32	43.03 30	59.46 34	127.07 40	250.25 38
1973	15.00 28	15.50 28	15.67 28	17.43 26	18.90 26	23.77 26	29.62 25	35.93 23	66.66 18	131.45 9
1974	5.70 5	7.55 10	9.37 13	11.74 15	11.28 13	15.73 15	17.61 14	19.04 10	43.28 6	277.89 42
1975	38.00 41	38.50 41	40.67 41	47.29 41	49.70 41	55.13 41	60.68 37	67.77 37	111.78 35	267.64 40
1976	36.00 40	37.00 40	37.67 40	41.14 40	42.00 40	53.70 40	62.52 40	68.76 38	120.69 38	198.15 25
1977	8.00 17	10.00 19	11.00 20	14.57 22	16.80 23	21.70 24	34.52 29	45.80 29	75.74 23	113.92 4
1978	6.00 7	6.60 8	6.73 6	8.81 8	11.27 12	12.78 9	15.12 9	17.61 7	44.36 7	160.36 18
1979	27.00 36	28.00 36	28.33 36	31.29 36	32.70 35	41.07 34	68.33 42	81.46 42	118.11 37	172.15 20
1980	7.90 16	8.60 16	10.07 17	13.84 21	14.52 20	16.60 16	19.57 15	26.08 13	67.59 19	185.00 22
1981	11.00 24	11.50 23	12.00 22	17.43 27	19.10 27	27.93 28	31.82 27	39.42 26	81.77 26	138.56 12
1982	1.50 1	2.65 1	3.27 1	5.80 2	5.50 1	8.85 2	10.64 1	12.72 2	46.25 8	238.67 36

STATION NUMBER 11517500 HIGH MEAN VALUE AND RANKING FOR THE FOLLOWING NUMBER OF CONSECUTIVE DAYS IN YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER DISCHARGE, IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND

YEAR	1-DAY	2-DAY	3-DAY	7-DAY	10-DAY	30-DAY	60-DAY	90-DAY	183-DAY	365-DAY
1934	164.00 1	161.50 1	158.67 1	152.00 1	149.00 1	144.93 1	140.73 1	137.80 1	125.32 1	77.90 1
1935	264.00 4	258.00 5	244.33 5	208.71 3	201.10 3	182.87 3	175.00 3	165.37 2	148.54 3	91.07 2
1936	878.00 19	830.00 20	728.00 20	566.86 21	497.10 20	311.40 16	260.13 14	234.26 14	179.42 8	109.25 7
1937	442.00 11	417.00 11	399.67 11	310.00 10	269.60 9	225.10 8	197.55 7	181.01 4	147.86 2	97.72 4
1938	1470.0 26	1430.0 31	1233.3 28	947.14 29	836.00 29	651.73 33	610.35 38	590.13 39	451.08 40	288.03 39
1939	272.00 5	251.50 4	236.00 4	225.43 5	222.80 5	202.30 5	190.02 5	186.28 5	176.50 7	105.99 6
1940	1900.0 34	1560.0 33	1430.0 33	1093.4 35	921.70 33	548.40 28	536.50 34	445.89 31	318.62 29	201.25 29
1941	1500.0 27	1295.0 26	1200.0 27	1082.4 34	1051.9 35	725.10 37	663.45 39	588.17 38	441.10 38	290.81 40
1946	712.00 16	663.50 16	615.00 16	524.29 19	530.10 21	380.33 22	313.82 22	295.33 22	242.09 21	157.70 22
1947	347.00 7	324.50 7	301.67 7	260.43 6	250.00 7	208.60 6	192.85 6	193.73 7	174.15 6	111.23 8
1948	828.00 18	774.50 19	698.00 19 362.67 10	518.43 18	438.50 17	268.67 12 252.47 11	218.12 10	204.62 9	187.07 9	149.06 18
1949 1950	435.00 10 568.00 14	388.00 10 532.50 14	515.00 14	335.43 11 464.14 16	315.20 11 391.30 13	252.47 11 279.70 13	229.70 11 242.18 13	224.99 11 226.52 13	208.79 15 190.53 11	136.96 14 123.40 11
1951	1510.0 28	1375.0 29	1326.7 32	1054.1 33	933.40 34	663.13 35	524.53 32	480.70 35	343.84 33	202.70 30
1952	1610.0 31	1415.0 30	1265.3 30	1011.1 30	898.20 31	664.83 36	517.20 31	456.27 34	348.21 34	226.63 33
1953	1830.0 33	1805.0 34	1760.0 38	1397.6 39	1227.1 38	758.77 38	566.15 36	489.81 36	376.02 35	250.59 36
1954	1380.0 24	1180.0 23	1076.0 23	846.14 26	732.60 26	621.50 32	531.22 33	448.06 33	335.46 32	211.45 31
1955	220.00 3	216.00 3	214.67 3	209.14 4	206.00 4	193.47 4	188.47 4	188.53 6	169.44 5	102.49 5
1956	5440.0 43	4885.0 43	3950.0 43	2394.9 42	1877.3 42	1092.9 42	822.07 42	752.60 42	511.31 42	311.72 42
1957	1610.0 32	1228.0 25	1150.0 25	836.71 25	723.80 25	592.30 31	440.25 28	369.74 25	287.46 26	182.77 25
1958	2720.0 40	2520.0 40	2153.3 40	1541.4 41	1442.0 41	1077.5 41	854.43 43	762.93 43	538.79 44	352.14 44
1959	483.00 12	483.00 12	473.00 12	424.71 12	404.00 14	313.50 17	284.78 18	261.78 18	222.06 17	146.04 17
1960	1550.0 29	1310.0 27	1139.7 24	685.00 22	557.00 22	327.17 20	273.38 17	241.53 15	200.81 14	125.31 12
1961	1020.0 21	896.50 21	811.00 21	495.71 17	443.80 18	298.13 14	265.17 16	247.31 16	214.13 16	145.16 16
1962	723.00 17	699.00 17	635.00 17	452.14 14	391.10 12	314.20 18	288.37 19	282.27 21	241.36 20	152.67 21
1963	1440.0 25	1310.0 28	1286.7 31	1034.1 31	872.80 30	527.50 27	393.43 25	383.38 28	333.75 31	239.62 34
1964	2620.0 39	1995.0 38	1583.3 34	934.86 28	759.60 27	443.87 24	337.78 24	300.90 24	257.07 23	165.09 23
1965	10400. 45	9140.0 45	7456.7 45	4200.0 45	3209.5 45	1649.7 45	1081.0 45	820.94 44	531.36 43	315.05 43
1966 1967	1050.0 22 969.00 20	1010.5 22 724.50 18	925.33 22 646.67 18	702.14 23 535.43 20	597.90 23 481.80 19	408.57 23 348.20 21	321.88 23 295.18 21	296.78 23 277.81 20	245.40 22	150.31 20 180.36 24
1967	969.00 20 645.00 15	724.50 18 607.50 15	567.67 15						260.21 24	
1968	2090.0 36	1900.0 37	1620.0 35	462.00 15 1041.4 32	414.60 16 898.30 32	316.67 19 550.10 29	294.95 20 428.88 27	268.46 19 370.80 26	229.92 19 286.16 25	138.78 15 191.49 26
1970	4010.0 42	3145.0 42	2780.0 42	2585.7 43	2171.7 43	1136.3 43	800.05 41	681.48 41	444.19 39	262.15 37
1971	1300.0 23	1220.0 24	1160.0 26	910.86 27	786.50 28	506.07 26	471.35 29	432.90 30	400.31 37	266.33 38
1972	2280.0 37	1870.0 36	1720.0 37	1241.3 36	1066.8 36	654.77 34	537.67 35	446.44 32	325.05 30	196.00 28
1973	322.00 6	311.50 6	300.67 6	294.14 9	280.30 10	241.17 10	234.78 12	225.91 12	195.96 13	119.73 10
1974	5800.0 44	5410.0 44	4710.0 44	3358.6 44	2790.0 44	1287.3 44	870.33 44	883.42 45	612.60 45	364.09 45
1975	1900.0 35	1825.0 35	1650.0 36	1321.1 37	1288.1 40	782.03 39	595.08 37	511.99 37	377.81 36	248.66 35
1976	511.00 13	484.00 13	485.67 13	443.29 13	407.10 15	304.90 15	261.87 15	248.80 17	223.16 18	149.80 19
1977	208.00 2	199.00 2	195.33 2	186.57 2	183.90 2	175.63 2	168.90 2	166.62 3	149.41 4	97.18 3
1978	1570.0 30	1430.0 32	1235.0 29	830.86 24	690.30 24	456.67 25	405.12 26	378.88 27	314.86 28	213.78 32
1979	364.00 8	358.00 8	326.33 8	268.57 7	249.00 6	217.90 7	210.90 9	206.92 10	193.46 12	131.31 13
1980	2410.0 38	2295.0 39	1963.3 39	1350.1 38	1077.5 37	584.50 30	485.23 30	405.38 29	308.81 27	194.86 27
1981	395.00 9	364.50 9	332.33 9	286.43 8	264.60 8	226.17 9	209.35 8	204.57 8	189.25 10	117.60 9
1982	3620.0 41	2755.0 41	2450.0 41	1483.0 40	1275.3 39	890.50 40	669.08 40	617.29 40	469.75 41	291.39 41

TREND

TREND

You use the Kendall Tau statistic to test time series for trends. As implemented in ANNIE, it is used for annual time series as a preprocessing step to frequency analysis. Input can come from either a yearly time-series data set or a peak flow table data set created by IOWDM.

- 1 Enter name of your WDM file.
- 2 Select data set to be processed.
- 3 Enter name of your output file for printing.

For the example, the time-series data set 1003 was processed. The results, Kendall Tau statistic, P-level and median slope, were printed to the screen and written to the file TEST15.OT1.

TREND

Listing of output file TEST15.OT1:

Data-set number = 1003
Station number = 11516530
Station name = Klamath River below Iron Gate Dam, CA.
Data type = L003
Starting year = 1962
Ending year = 1982
Values used = 21
Values skipped = 0
Kendall Tau = 0.314
P-level = 0.049
Median slope = 1.658

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APPENDIX A. Data-set Attributes

				Data-s	et type	
Name	Туре	Length	Update	Time	Table	Description
ACODE	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Area units code, user defined.
AGENCY	Char	8	Yes	Opt	Opt	Agency code. See WATSTORE users manual, volume 1, chapter 3.
AQTYPE	Char	4	Yes	Opt	Opt	Aquifer type. See WATSTORE users manual, volume 1, chapter 3. U - unconfined single aquifer N - unconfined multiple aquifers C - confined single aquifer M - confined multiple aquifers X - mixed multiple aquifers
AZMUTH	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Azimuth, in decimal degrees from north of a straight line connecting points 85 and 10 percent of distance from gage to divide.
BASEQ	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Base discharge, in cubic feet per second. See WATSTORE users manual, volume 1, chapter 3.
BLNGTH	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Stream length, in miles, from gage to end of defined channel, blue line on topographic map.
BRANCH	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Integer id number of a channel segment.
BSLOPE	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Average basin slope, in feet per mile.
CHEAT	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Pointer to an associated data set.
COCODE	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	County or parish code. See WATSTORE users manual, Appendix C.
COMPFG	Int	1	No	Opt	No	Compression flag 1 - yes, data are compressed (default) 2 - no, data are not compressed Compressed data will take up less space in the WDM file but may require a COPY operation to update data values.
CONTDA	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Drainage area, in square miles, that contributes to surface runoff.
DAREA	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Total drainage area, in square miles, including noncontributing areas.
DATUM	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Reference elevation, to mean sea level.
DCODE	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Attribute DCODE.
DEPH25	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Flow depth, in feet. Corresponding to the difference between the 25-percent flow duration gage height and point of zero flow.
DEPTH	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Sampling depth, in feet, at which observation was made.
DESCRP	Char	80	Yes	Opt	Opt	Data-set description. Might include name and/or location, or some anedotal information.
DSCODE	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	State code of the Geological Survey office that operates the station. Usually the same as the state code (STPIPS). See WATSTORE users manual, Appendix B.
EL1085	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Average of channel elevations, in feet above mean sea level, at points 10 and 85 percent of stream length upstream from gage.
EL5000	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Percent of basin above elevation 5,000 feet, mean sea level.
EL6000	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Percent of basin above elevation 6,000 feet, mean sea level.
ELEV	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Elevation (mean sea level).
FOREST	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Forested area, in percent of contributing drainage area, measured by the grid sampling methods.
FROST	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean frost depth on February 28, in inches.
GCODE	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Angle (slope) code, user defined.
GLACER	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Area of glaciers, in percent of contributing drainage area.
GUCODE	Char	12	Yes	Opt	Opt	Geologic unit code. See WATSTORE users manual, Appendix F.
H01002	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 1-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 2-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H01005	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 1-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 5-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.

Data-set	ty	pe
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Name	Туре	Length	Update	Time	Table	Description
H01010	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 1-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 10-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H01020	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 1-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 20-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H01025	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 1-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 25-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H01050	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 1-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 50-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H01100	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 1-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 100-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H03002	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 3-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 2-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H03005	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 3-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 5-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H03010	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 3-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 10-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H03020	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 3-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 20-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H03025	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 3-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 25-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H03050	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 3-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 50-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H03100	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 3-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 100-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H07002	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 7-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 2-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H07005	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 7-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 5-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H07010	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 7-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 10-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H07020	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 7-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 20-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H07025	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 7-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 25-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H07050	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 7-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 50-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H07100	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 7-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 100-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.

Name	Туре	Length	Update	Time	Table	Description
H15002	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 15-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 2-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H15005	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 15-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 5-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H15010	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 15-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 10-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H15020	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 15-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 20-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H15025	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 15-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 25-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H15050	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 15-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 50-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H15100	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 15-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 100-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H30002	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 30-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 2-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H30005	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 30-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 5-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H30010	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 30-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 10-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H30020	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 30-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 20-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H30025	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 30-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 25-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H30050	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 30-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 50-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
H30100	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual maximum 30-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second for 100-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
HUCODE	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Hydrologic unit code (8 digits). These codes are given in the U.S. Geological Survey map series "State Hydrologic Unit Maps," Open-File Report 84-708.
I24-2.	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Precipitation intensity, 24-hour rainfall, in inches, expected on the average of once each 2 years.
I24010	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Precipitation intensity, 24-hour rainfall, in inches, expected on the average of once each 10 years.
I24025	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Precipitation intensity, 24-hour rainfall, in inches, expected on the average of once each 25 years.
I24050	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Precipitation intensity, 24-hour rainfall, in inches, expected on the average of once each 50 years.
I24100	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Precipitation intensity, 24-hour rainfall, in inches, expected on the average of once each 100 years.
ISTAID	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Station identification number, as an integer.
J407BQ	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Base gage discharge, Bulletin 17B frequency analysis.

Name	Туре	Length	Update	Time	Table	- Description
J407BY	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Year to begin analysis, used to identify subset of available record, Bulletin 17B frequency analysis.
J407EY	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Year to end analysis, used to identify subset of available record, Bulletin 17B frequency analysis.
J407GS	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Generalized skew, Bulletin 17B frequency analysis.
J407HO	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	High outlier discharge criterion, Bulletin 17B frequency analysis.
J407HP	Int	1	Yes	•	Opt	Historic peak option (Bulletin 17B frequency analysis):
J40/III	IIIt	1	ies	Opt	Орі	1 - include historic peaks 2 - exclude historic peaks
J407LO	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Low outlier discharge criterion (Bulletin 17B frequency analysis).
J407NH	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Number of historic peaks (Bulletin 17B frequency analysis).
J407SE	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Root mean square error of generalized skew (Bulletin 17B frequency analysis).
J407SO	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Generalized skew option (Bulletin 17B frequency analysis): -1 - station skew 0 - weighted skew 1 - generalized skew
J407UR	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Include urban regulated peaks (Bulletin 17B frequency analysis): 1 - no 2 - yes
JANAVE	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean monthly temperature for January, in degrees Fahrenheit.
JANMIN	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean minimum January temperature, in degrees Fahrenheit.
JULAVE	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean monthly temperature for July, in degrees Fahrenheit.
JULMAX	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean maximum July temperature, in degrees Fahrenheit.
KENPLV	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	P-level for Kendall Tau statistic.
KENSLP	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Median slope of time-series trend.
KENTAU	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Kendall Tau statistic for time-series data.
L01002	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 1-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 2-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L01010	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 1-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 10-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L01020	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 1-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 20-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L03002	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 3-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 2-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L03010	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 3-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 10-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L03020	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 3-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 20-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L07002	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 7-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 2-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L07005	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 7-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 5-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L07010	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 7-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 10-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.

Name	Туре	Length	Update	Time	Table	Description
L07020	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 7-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 20-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L14002	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 14-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 2-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L14010	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 14-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 10-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L14020	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 14-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 20-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L30002	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 30-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 2-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L30010	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 30-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 10-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L30020	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 30-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 20-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L90002	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 90-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 2-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L90010	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 90-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 10-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
L90020	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual minimum 90-day mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for 20-year recurrence interval, defined by log-Pearson Type III fitting in ANNIE or WATSTORE program A969.
LAKE	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Area of lakes and ponds in percent of contributing drainage area.
LATCTR	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Latitude of center of basin, decimal degrees.
LATDEG	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Latitude in decimal degrees.
LATDMS	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Latitude in degrees, minutes, seconds (dddmmss).
LCODE	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Length units code, user defined.
LENGTH	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Channel length, units user defined.
LKEVAP	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean annual lake evaporation, in inches.
LNGCTR	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Longitude of center of basin, decimal degrees.
LNGDEG	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Longitude in decimal degrees.
LNGDMS	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Longitude in degrees, minutes, seconds (dddmmss).
LOESS	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Depth of surficial loess, in feet.
MARMAX	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean maximum March temperature, in degrees Fahrenheit.
MAXVAL	Real	1	Yes	Opt	No	Maximum value in data set, general use.
MEANND	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean of the logarithms, base 10, of annual n-day high- or low-flow statistic.
MEANVL	Real Real	1	Yes Yes	Opt Opt	Opt No	Mean of the logarithms, base 10, of systematic annual peak discharges from Bulletin 17B frequency analysis or WATSTORE program J407. Mean of values in data set, general use.
MINVAL	Real	1	Yes	Opt	No	Minimum value in data set, general use.
NONZRO	Int	1	Yes	Opt	No	Number of nonzero values in the time series.
NUMZRO	Int	1	Yes	Opt	No	Number of zero values in the time series.
P1.25	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual flood peak, in cubic feet per second, 1.25-year recurrence interval.
P10.	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual flood peak, in cubic feet per second, 10-year recurrence interval.

Name	Туре	Length	Update	Time	Table	Description
P100.	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual flood peak, in cubic feet per second, 100-year recurrence interval.
P2.	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual flood peak, in cubic feet per second, 2-year recurrence interval.
P200.	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual flood peak, in cubic feet per second, 200-year recurrence interval.
P25.	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual flood peak, in cubic feet per second, 25-year recurrence interval.
P5.	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual flood peak, in cubic feet per second, 5-year recurrence interval.
P50.	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual flood peak, in cubic feet per second, 50-year recurrence interval.
P500.	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Annual flood peak, in cubic feet per second, 500-year recurrence interval.
PARMCD	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Parameter code, see WATSTORE users manual, Appendix D.
PNEVAP	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean annual Class A pan evaporation, in inches.
PRCAPR	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	April mean monthly precipitation, in inches.
PRCAUG	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	August mean monthly precipitation, in inches.
PRCDEC	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	December mean monthly precipitation, in inches.
PRCFEB	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	February mean monthly precipitation, in inches.
PRCJAN	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	January mean monthly precipitation, in inches.
PRCJUL	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	July mean monthly precipitation, in inches.
PRCJUN	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	June mean monthly precipitation, in inches.
PRCMAR	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	March mean monthly precipitation, in inches.
PRCMAY	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	May mean monthly precipitation, in inches.
PRCNOV	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	November mean monthly precipitation, in inches.
PRCOCT	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	October mean monthly precipitation, in inches.
PRCSEP	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	September mean monthly precipitation, in inches.
PRECIP	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean annual precipitation, in inches, from U.S. Weather Bureau Series "Climates of States;" grid sampling methods used if isohyetal map is available, otherwise anomaly map constructed (Water-Supply Paper 1580-D).
QANN	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean annual discharge, in cubic feet per second, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QAPR	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for April, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QAUG	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for August, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QDEC	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for December, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QEX10P	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Discharge, in cubic feet per second, exceeded 10 percent of the time, defined by daily flow duration, WATSTORE program A969.
QEX25P	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Discharge, in cubic feet per second, exceeded 25 percent of the time, defined by daily flow duration, WATSTORE program A969.
QEX50P	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Discharge, in cubic feet per second, exceeded 50 percent of the time, defined by daily flow duration, WATSTORE program A969.
QEX70P	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Discharge, in cubic feet per second, exceeded 70 percent of the time, defined by daily flow duration, WATSTORE program A969.
QEX75P	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Discharge, in cubic feet per second, exceeded 75 percent of the time, defined by daily flow duration, WATSTORE program A969.
QEX90P	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Discharge, in cubic feet per second, exceeded 90 percent of the time, defined by daily flow duration, WATSTORE program A969.
QEX95P	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Discharge, in cubic feet per second, exceeded 95 percent of the time, defined by daily flow duration, WATSTORE program A969.
QFEB	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for February, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QJAN	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for January, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.

Name	Туре	Length	Update	Time	Table	Description
QJUL	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for July, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QJUN	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for June, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QMAR	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for March, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QMAY	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for May, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QNOV	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for November, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QOCT	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for October, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QSDANN	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Standard deviation of mean annual discharge, in cubic feet per second, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QSDAPR	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Standard deviation, in cubic feet per second, of mean discharge for April, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QSDAUG	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Standard deviation, in cubic feet per second, of mean discharge for August, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QSDDEC	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Standard deviation, in cubic feet per second, of mean discharge for December, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QSDFEB	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Standard deviation, in cubic feet per second, of mean discharge for February, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QSDJAN	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Standard deviation, in cubic feet per second, of mean discharge for January, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QSDJUL	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Standard deviation, in cubic feet per second, of mean discharge for July, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QSDJUN	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Standard deviation, in cubic feet per second, of mean discharge for June, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QSDMAR	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Standard deviation, in cubic feet per second, of mean discharge for March, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QSDMAY	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Standard deviation, in cubic feet per second, of mean discharge for May, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QSDNOV	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Standard deviation, in cubic feet per second, of mean discharge for November, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QSDOCT	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Standard deviation, in cubic feet per second, of mean discharge for October, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QSDSEP	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Standard deviation, in cubic feet per second, of mean discharge for September, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
QSEP	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean discharge, in cubic feet per second, for September, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
RFOOT	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Distance from mouth of river, in feet.
RMILE	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Distance from basin outlet, in miles.
RWFLAG	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Read/Write flag: 0 - read and write 1 - read only
SDND	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Standard deviation of logarithms, base 10, of annual n-day high- or low-flow statistic.
SDPK	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Standard deviation of logarithms, base 10, of systematic annual peak discharges, from Bulletin 17B frequency analysis or WATSTORE program J407.
SEASBG	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Beginning month of a user-defined season. Will start on first day of the month. Used with attribute SEASND to define a specific time period, usually a year. January is month 1 and December is month 12.
SEASND	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Ending month of a user-defined season. Will end on the last day of the month. Used with attribute SEASBG to define a specific time period, usually a year. January is month 1 and December is month 12.

Name	Type	Length	Update	Time	Table	- Description
SITECO	Char	4	Yes	Opt	Opt	Site code, see WATSTORE users manual, volume 1, chapter 3.
						SW - stream SP - spring
						ES - estuary
						GW - well LK - lake or reservoir
						ME - meteorological
SKEWCF	Real	1	Yes	Opt	No	Skew coefficient of values in data set, general use.
SKWND	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Skew of logarithm, base 10, of annual n-day high- or low-flow statistic.
SKWPK	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Skew of logarithms, base 10, of systematic annual peak discharges, from Bulletin 17B frequency analysis or WATSTORE program J407.
SLOPE	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Slope, units are user defined.
SN002	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Maximum water equivalent, in inches, of snow cover as of March 15, 2-year recurrence interval.
SN010	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Maximum water equivalent, in inches, of snow cover as of March 15, 10-year recurrence interval.
SN025	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Maximum water equivalent, in inches, of snow cover as of March 15, 25-year recurrence interval.
SN100	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Maximum water equivalent, in inches, of snow cover as of March 15, 100-year recurrence interval.
SNOAPR	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean water equivalent, in inches, of snow cover as of April 30.
SNOFAL	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean annual snowfall, in inches.
SNOMAR	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Mean water equivalent, in inches, of snow cover as of March 1.
SOILIN	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Soils index, in inches, a relative measure of potential infiltration (soil water storage), from Soil Conservation Service.
STAID	Char	16	Yes	Opt	Opt	Station identification, up to 16 alpha-numeric characters.
STANAM	Char	48	Yes	Opt	Opt	Station name or description of the data set.
STATCD	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Statistics code, see WATSTORE users manual, Appendix E.
STCODE	Char	4	Yes	Opt	Opt	Standard 2-character post office state abbreviation, includes DC - District of Columbia PR - Puerto Rico VI - Virgin Islands GU - Guam PI - Pacific Trust Territories Use NON for no state abbreviation.
STDDEV	Real	1	Yes	Opt	No	Standard deviation of values in data set, general use.
STFIPS	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	State FIPS code, see WATSTORE users manual, Appendix B.
STORAG	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Area of lakes, ponds, and swamps in percent of contributing drainage area, measured by the grid sampling methods.
SUBHUC	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Extension to hydrologic unit code (HUCODE). See the U.S. Geological Survey map series "State Hydrologic Unit Maps," Open-File Report 84-708.
TCODE	Int	1	No	Reqd	Opt	Time units code. 1 - seconds
						Used in combination with TSSTEP.
TGROUP	Int	1	No	Reqd	No	Unit for group pointers, depending on the time step of the data, may effect the speed of data retrievals. The default group pointer is 6 (years). See table 1 in users manual for recommended values. 3 - hours 6 - years 4 - days 7 - centuries 5 - months
ТМТОРК	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Time, in hours, measured as time difference between center of mass of
		-			- 1.	total rainfall and peak discharge.

Name	Туре	Length	Update	Time	Table	Description
TMZONE	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Time zone. Each time zone is represented as the number of hours to be added to, or subtracted from, Greenwich time: -4 - Atlantic Standard -5 - Eastern Standard -6 - Central Standard -7 - Mountain Standard
TOLR	Real	1	No	Opt	No	Data compression tolerance. Data values within \pm of TOLR will be considered the same value and compressed in the data set. Once data have been compressed, the original values cannot be retrieved.
TSBDY	Int	1	No	Opt	No	Starting day for time-series data in a data set. Defaults to day 1.
TSBHR	Int	1	No	Opt	No	Starting hour for time-series data in a data set. Defaults to hour 1.
TSBMO	Int	1	No	Opt	No	Starting month for time-series data in a data set. Defaults to month 1 (January).
TSBYR	Int	1	No	Reqd	No	Starting year for time-series data in a data set. Defaults to year 1900.
TSFILL	Real	1	No	Opt	Opt	Time-series filler value. This value will be used for missing values. The default is 0.0 .
TSFORM	Int	1	No	Reqd	No	Form of data: 1 - mean over the time step (default) 2 - total over the time step 3 - instantaneous @ time (end of time step) 4 - minimum over the time step 5 - maximum over the time step
TSPREC	Int	1	No	Opt	No	New group, new record flag: 0 - start new group at the end of the last group (default) 1 - start new group at the beginning of a record
TSPTAD	Int	1	Yes	Opt	No	Time series put aggregation/disaggregation code.
TSSTEP	Int	1	No	Reqd	Opt	Time step, in TCODE units (used in combination with TCODE).
TSTYPE	Char	4	Yes	Opt	Opt	User-defined four-character descriptor. Used to describe the contents of the data set, for example: PRCP, RAIN, SNOW - precipitation FLOW, DISC, PEAK - discharge TEMP, TMIN, TMAX - temperature EVAP, PET - evapotranspiration Some models and application programs may require a specific TSTYPE for data sets they use.
UBC024	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC025	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC026	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC027	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC028	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC029	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC030	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC031	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC038	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC039	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC040	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC066	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC067	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC068	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC069	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC073	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC074	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC166	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC167	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC169	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.

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Name		Length	Update		Table	Description
UBC170	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC182	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC183	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC184	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC185	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC186	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC187	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC188	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC189	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC190	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC191	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC192	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC193	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC194	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC195	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
UBC200	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Defined by user or application.
VALLGH	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Valley length, in miles, measured along general path of flood plain from gage to basin divide.
VBTIME	Int	1	No	Reqd	No	Variable time-step option for the data set 1 - all data are at the same time step 2 - time step may vary (default)
VCODE	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Volume units code, user defined.
VLCODE	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Velocity units code, user defined.
WELLDP	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Depth of well, in feet. The greatest depth at which water can enter the well. See WATSTORE users manual, volume 1, chapter 3.
WEMAR2	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Water equivalent, in inches, of snow cover as of the first week in March, 2-year recurrence interval.
WRCMN	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	WRC mean of logarithms, base 10, of annual peak discharges after outlier and historic-peak adjustments, from Bulletin 17B frequency analysis or WATSTORE program J407.
WRCSD	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	WRC standard deviation of logarithms, base 10, of annual peak discharges after outlier and historic-peak adjustments, from Bulletin 17B frequency analysis or WATSTORE program J407.
WRCSKW	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	WRC skew of logarithms, base 10, of annual peak discharge after outlier and historic-peak adjustments and generalized skew weighting, from Bulletin 17B frequency analysis or WATSTORE program J407.
XSECLC	Real	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Cross-section locater, distance in feet from left bank (as determined by facing downstream).
YRSDAY	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Number of years of daily-flow record, from WATSTORE flow variability program W4422.
YRSLOW	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Number of years of low-flow record.
YRSHPK	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Number of consecutive years used for historic-peak adjustment to flood-frequency data used in Bulletin 17B frequency analysis or WATSTORE program J407.
YRSPK	Int	1	Yes	Opt	Opt	Number of years of systematic peak flow record, used in Bulletin 17B frequency analysis or WATSTORE program J407.

APPENDIX B. User System Specifications File

TERM.DAT

The ANNIE/WDM system contains a number of parameters that define the configuration of the user's computer system and the user's preferences. All of these parameters have default values. Any number of these defaults can be overridden by adding a TERM.DAT file to the directory where ANNIE is being run. The first time ANNIE needs any one of these parameters, they are read from the main message file. Then the user's TERM.DAT file is read, if it exists, and the parameters found replace the defaults from the message file. All of the parameters are saved for the duration of the run. Table B.1 lists the keyword, default value, allowable values, and the definition for each parameter. Table B.2 shows a TERM.DAT file for a Prime with a terminal that emulates Tektronics 4014 and an HP7475 plotter. The keyword must start in column 1 and the value must start in column 7.

It is essential to correctly set the computer type, CMPTYP, and the Fortran unit numbers for terminals, TRMINP and TRMOUT.

Many of the parameters depend on the implementation of GKS and give the user the opportunity to change or correct colors, line types, symbol types, symbol sizes, background color, text fonts, and graphics devices. With most implementations of GKS, text may be modified with the parameters GKPREC, GKSCFT, GKPRFT, GKPLFT, TXTEXF, and TXTCHS. Background color on color monitors can be changed using parameters BCOLOR or BGRED, BGREEN, and BGBLUE. Symbol size can be modified with the parameter SYSSIZ. Eight parameters are available to reset the default code numbers for each of the curve specification, line type, symbol, color, and pattern. All code numbers should be available in the GKS documentation for workstations or device drivers.

Table B.1. TERM.DAT Parameters

Parameter	Default	Allowable	
keyword	value	values	Definition
СМРТҮР	PC	PC PRIME VAX UNIX DG	Type of computer, use PC for IBM clones.
TRMTYP	PC	PC VT100	Terminal type.
TRMINP	1	0 to 5	Fortran unit number for reading from the terminal (1 for PRIME, 5 for DEC VAX, 1 for PC, 0 for Data General).
TRMOUT	1	0 to 6	Fortran unit number for writing to the terminal (1 for PRIME, 6 for DEC VAX, 1 for PC, 0 for Data General).
GRAPHS	NO	NO YES	Are GKS library and drivers available?
SCRWID	80	40 to 256	Number of columns on the terminal.
SCRLEN	24	10 to 100	Number of lines shown on the terminal.
FILUNI	30	7 to 99	Starting Fortran unit number used by ANNIE for user's files.
RECTYPE	WORD	WORD HWORD BYTE UNKNOWN	Units for specifying record lengths on OPEN statements for unformatted direct access files.
The following	13 items a	re for MS-DOS	PC with color display only.
CLRFRM	15	0 to 15	Color of text for messages related to parameter input.
CLRFRT	11	0 to 15	Color of titles and headers for full screen.

Table B.1. TERM.DAT Parameters--Continued

Parameter keyword	Default value	Allowable values	Definition
CLRFRL	13	0 to 15	Color of limits for parameters.
CLRFRE	4	0 to 15	Color for error messages.
CLRFRC	14	0 to 15	Color for user input on command line.
CLRFRP	7	0 to 15	Color for protected data values.
CLRFRD	15	0 to 15	Color for data to be modified.
CLRFRN	14	0 to 15	Color of data to be modified when currently none.
CLRFRS	7	0 to 15	Standard color except for full screen.
CLRBKO	2	0 to 15	Color of border.
CLRBKB	1	0 to 15	Color of background for full screen.
CLRBKS	0	0 to 15	Standard background color.
CLRBKD	0	0 to 15	Color of background block for data to be modified.
WEIBA	0	0 to 10000	Weiba plotting position for Bulletin 17B flood-frequency analysis in thousandths.
USRLEV	0	0 to 2	User experience level 0-lots, 2=none.
For the follow	ing 40 iten	ns, see the GKS i	mplementation manual for your system or ask your GKS administrator for a list of
supported code			
GKSDIS	4107	any	GKS code number for workstation type for display terminal (not used for PC).
GKSPRT	102	any	GKS code number for workstation type for printer device (not used for PC).
GKSPLT	9012	any	GKS code number for workstation type for pen plotter (not used for PC).
GKSMET	9005	any	GKS code number for metafile (not used for PC).
GKSDSP	102	any	DISSPLA metafile code number (only useful for DISSPLA implementations of GKS).
GKPREC	CHAR	STRING CHAR STROKE	Text precision, see GKS manual for computer system and device type.
GKSCFT	1	-9999 to 9999	Text font for screen.
GKPRFT	1	-9999 to 9999	Text font for printer.
GKPLFT	1	-9999 to 9999	Text font for plotter.
LSOLID	1	-9999 to 9999	Code for solid line.
LDASH	2	-9999 to 9999	Code for dashed line.
LDOT	3	-9999 to 9999	Code for dotted line.
LMIXED	4	-9999 to 9999	Code for dot dashed line.
1LUSER	1	-9999 to 9999	Extra line type code.
2LUSER	1	-9999 to 9999	Extra line type code.
3LUSER	1	-9999 to 9999	Extra line type code.
4LUSER	1	-9999 to 9999	Extra line type code.
CBLACK	1	-9999 to 9999	Code for black.
CWHITE	2	-9999 to 9999	Code for white.
CRED	3	-9999 to 9999	Code for red.
CGREEN	4	-9999 to 9999	Code for green.
CBLUE	5	-9999 to 9999	Code for blue.
CCYAN	6	-9999 to 9999	Code for cyan.
CMAGNT	7	-9999 to 9999	Code for magenta.
CYELLOW	8	-9999 to 9999	Code for yellow.
CDOT	1	-9999 to 9999	Symbol code for dot.
CPLUS	2	-9999 to 9999	Symbol code for plus.
CSTAR	3	-9999 to 9999	Symbol code for star.
CZERO	4	-9999 to 9999	Symbol code for circle.
CX	5	-9999 to 9999	Symbol code for X.
1SUSER	1	-9999 to 9999	Extra symbol code.
2SUSER	1	-9999 to 9999	Extra symbol code.
PSOLID	2	-9999 to 9999	Code for solid fill area.
PHORIZ	3	-9999 to 9999	Code for horizontal fill area.

Table B.1. TERM.DAT Parameters--Continued

Parameter keyword	Default value	Allowable values	Definition
PVERT	4	-9999 to 9999	Code for vertical fill area.
PDIAG	5	-9999 to 9999	Code for diagonal fill area.
1PUSER	1	-9999 to 9999	Extra fill code.
2PUSER	1	-9999 to 9999	Extra fill code.
3PUSER	1	-9999 to 9999	Extra fill code.
4PUSER	1	-9999 to 9999	Extra fill code.
SYMSIZ	100	1 to 10000	Symbol size ratio in hundredths.
TXTEXF	0	0 to 200	Text expansion factor in hundredths.
TXTCHS	0	0 to 200	Text character spacing in hundredths.
BCOLOR	BLACK	BLACK WHITE OTHER	Background color.
BGRED	0	0 to 100	Percent red for background if BCOLOR=OTHER.
BGREEN	0	0 to 100	Percent green for background if BCOLOR=OTHER.
BGBLUE	0	0 to 100	Percent blue for background if BCOLOR=OTHER.

 Table B.2. Example TERM.DAT

File co	ntents	Description (Note: description is not part of file)
CMPTYP	PRIME	Computer type is Prime.
GRAPHS	YES	Graphics library is available.
GKSDIS	9001	Workstation code number.
GKSPLT	9012	GKS code number for pen plotter.
GKSMET	1	GKS code number for metafile.
USRLEV	0	User experience is lots.
FILUNI	60	Starting Fortran unit number.

APPENDIX C. Glossary of Terms

Attribute. A variable listed in Appendix A used to characterize and identify a data set.

Block. A string of data values in a time-series data set with a header value indicating the date of the first value, number of values in the string, and quality code of the string.

Buffer. An array of data-set numbers.

Command file. A sequential file of responses to METCMP menus.

Data compression. When a sequence of time-series values are the same, the value and the number of those values are stored instead of repeated storage of the same value.

Data-set number. A number from 1 to 32,000 assigned to a data set on a WDM file.

Direct-access file. A file in which records can be randomly written and read.

Flat file. A sequential ASCII file of data.

GKS (Graphical Kernal System). An ANSI and FIPS graphics standard implemented by many software vendors with a set of Fortran callable subroutines.

Log file. A file created by METCMP to store the sequences of responses to menus.

Menu. Text written to the terminal requesting input.

Message file. Read only, direct access file that stores all the questions, help information, and valid responses for menus as well as the attribute names, definitions, and characteristics.

Quality code. Number from 0 to 30 to tag time-series data and used by some of the data process options in METCMP.

Screen. The 24-row (line) by 80-column (character) image on the display monitor or in an X window on the display monitor.

TERM.DAT file. User's configuration file providing computer system options to the METCMP software.

Time series. Values of a measured or calculated variable over time at regular or irregular intervals.

WDM (Watershed Data Management). A binary direct-access file and associated software for storage, retrieval, and management of hydrologic and related data.

Window. Part of a screen inside a drawn rectangle 3, 4, 10, or 16 rows by 80 columns.