

Equations used in geothermal power capacity reserve estimates

μ (nu) is the mean in log units

α (sigma) is the variance in log units

Lognormal distribution inputs for area

To calculate μ and α for the area based on user-specified P90 and P10 input parameters:

$$\mu_{\text{area}} = 0.5(\ln P90_{\text{area}} + \ln P10_{\text{area}})$$

$$\alpha_{\text{area}} = (\ln P10_{\text{area}} - \ln P90_{\text{area}}) * 0.434$$

Lognormal distribution inputs for power density

To calculate μ and α for the power density based on user-specified P90 and P10 input parameters:

$$\mu_{\text{powerdensity}} = 0.5(\ln P90_{\text{power_density}} + \ln P10_{\text{power_density}})$$

$$\alpha_{\text{powerdensity}} = (\ln P10_{\text{power_density}} - \ln P90_{\text{power_density}}) * 0.434$$

Lognormal distribution inputs for MWe capacity

To calculate μ and α for MWe capacity:

$$\mu_{\text{MWe capacity}} = \mu_{\text{area}} + \mu_{\text{power_density}}$$

$$\alpha_{\text{MWe capacity}} = 0.5(\alpha_{\text{area}}^2 + \alpha_{\text{power_density}}^2)$$

Lognormal distribution definition (from Wikipedia)

Let Z be a standard normal variable, and let μ and $\alpha > 0$ be two real numbers. Then, the distribution of the random variable

$$X = e^{\mu + \alpha Z}$$

is called the log-normal distribution with parameters μ and α .