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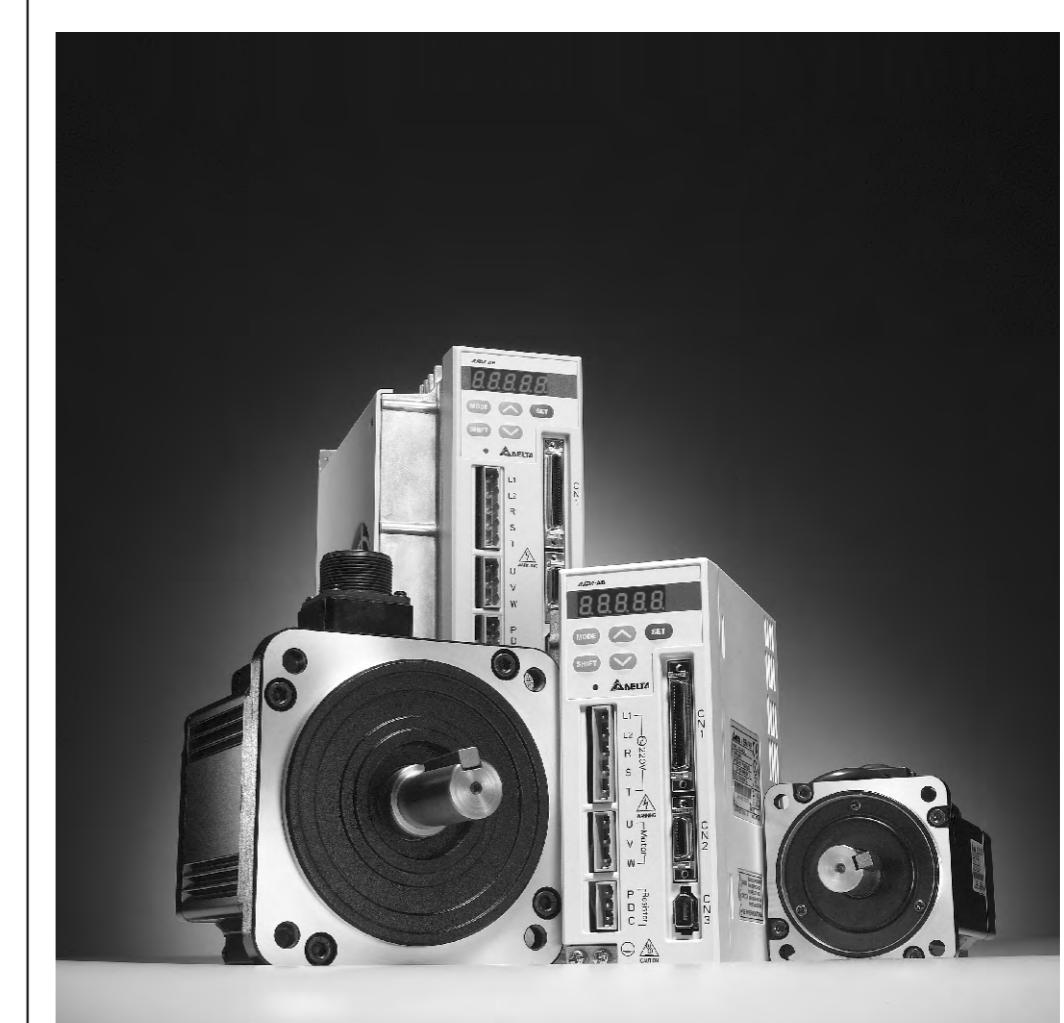
**DELTA**



# ASDA-AB Series

## User Manual

Advanced AC Servo Drive for General Purpose Applications



# Preface

Thank you very much for purchasing DELTA's AC servo products.

This manual will be helpful in the installation, wiring, inspection, and operation of Delta AC servo drive and motor. Before using the product, please read this user manual to ensure correct use.

You should thoroughly understand all safety precautions (DANGERS, WARNINGS and STOPS) before proceeding with the installation, wiring and operation. If you do not understand please contact your local Delta sales representative. Place this user manual in a safe location for future reference.

## Using This Manual

### ■ Contents of this manual

This manual is a user guide that provides the information on how to install, operate and maintain ASDA-AB series AC servo drives and ECMA series AC servo motors. The contents of this manual include the following topics:

- Installation of AC servo drives and motors
- Configuration and wiring
- Trial run steps
- Control functions and adjusting methods of AC servo drives
- Parameter settings
- Communication protocol
- Inspection and maintenance
- Troubleshooting
- Application examples

### ■ Who should use this manual

This manual is intended for the following users:

- Those who are responsible for designing
- Those who are responsible for installing or wiring
- Those who are responsible for operating or programming
- Those who are responsible for maintaining or troubleshooting

### ■ Important precautions

Before using the product, please read this user manual thoroughly to ensure correct use. Store this manual in a safe and handy place for quick reference whenever necessary. Always observe the following precautions:

- Do not use the product in a potentially explosive environment.
- Install the product in a clean and dry location free from corrosive and inflammable gases or liquids.
- Do not connect commercial power to the U, V, W terminals. Failure to observe this precaution will cause severe damage to the Servo drive.

**Preface | ASDA-AB Series**

- Ensure that the motor and drive are correctly connected to a ground. The grounding method must comply with the electrical standard of the country (Please refer to NFPA 70: National Electrical Code, 2005 Ed.).
- Do not disconnect the AC servo drive and motor while the power is ON.
- Do not attach, modify or remove wiring while power is applied to the AC servo drive.
- Before starting the operation with a mechanical system connected, make sure the emergency stop equipment can be energized and work at any time.
- Do not touch the drive heat sink or the servo motor during operation, this may cause serious personnel injury.

***PLEASE READ PRIOR TO INSTALLATION FOR SAFETY.***

Carefully note and observe the following safety precautions when receiving, inspecting, installing, operating, maintaining and troubleshooting. The following words, DANGER, WARNING and STOP are used to mark safety precautions when using the Delta's servo product. **Failure to observe these precautions may void the warranty!**

ASDA-AB series drives are open type servo drives and must be installed in an NEMA enclosure such as a protection control panel during operation to comply with the requirements of the international safety standards. They are provided with precise feedback control and high-speed calculation function incorporating DSP (Digital Signal Processor) technology, and intended to drive three-phase permanent magnet synchronous motors (PMSM) to achieve precise positioning by means of accurate current output generated by IGBT (Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor).

ASDA-AB series drives can be used in industrial applications and for installation in an end-use enclosure that do not exceed the specifications defined in the ASDA-AB series user manual (Drives, cables and motors are for use in a suitable enclosure with a minimum of a UL50 type 1 or NEMA 250 Type 1 rating).

The words, DANGER, WARNING and STOP, have the following meaning:



**Indicates a potentially hazardous situation and if not avoided, may result in serious injury or death.**



**Indicates a potentially hazardous situation and if not avoided, may result in minor to moderate injury or serious damage to the product.**



**Indicates an improper action that it is not recommended. Doing so may cause damage or malfunction.**

**Unpacking Check**

➤ Please ensure that both the servo drive and motor are correctly matched for size (power rating). Failure to observe this precaution may cause fire, seriously damage to the drive / motor or cause personal injury.

**Installation**

➤ Do not install the product in a location that is outside the stated specification for the drive and motor. Failure to observe this caution may result in electric shock, fire, or personal injury.

## Wiring



- Connect the ground terminals to a class-3 ground (Ground resistance should not exceed 100 Ω). Improper grounding may result in electric shock or fire.
- Do not connect any power supplies to the U, V, W terminals. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury, damage to the drive or fire.
- Ensure that all screws, connectors and wire terminations are secure on the power supply, servo drive and motor. Failure to observe this caution may result in damage, fire or personal injury.

## Operation



- Before starting the operation with a mechanical system connected, change the drive parameters to match the user-defined parameters of the mechanical system. Starting the operation without matching the correct parameters may result in servo drive or motor damage, or damage to the mechanical system.
- Ensure that the emergency stop equipment or device is connected and working correctly before operating the motor that is connected to a mechanical system.



- Do not approach or touch any rotating parts (e.g. shaft) while the motor is running. Failure to observe this precaution may cause serious personal injury.



- In order to prevent accidents, the initial trial run for servo motor should be conducted under no load conditions (separate the motor from its couplings and belts).
- For the initial trial run, do not operate the servo motor while it is connected to its mechanical system. Connecting the motor to its mechanical system may cause damage or result in personal injury during the trial run. Connect the servo motor once it has successfully completed a trial run.
- Caution: Please perform trial run without load first and then perform trial run with load connected. After the servo motor is running normally and regularly without load, then run servo motor with load connected. Ensure to perform trial run in this order to prevent unnecessary danger.
- Do not touch either the drive heat sink or the motor during operation as they may become hot and personal injury may result.

## Maintenance and Inspection



- Do not touch any internal or exposed parts of servo drive and servo motor as electrical shock may result.
- Do not remove the operation panel while the drive is connected to an electrical power source otherwise electrical shock may result.
- Wait at least 10 minutes after power has been removed before touching any drive or motor terminals or performing any wiring and/or inspection as an electrical charge may still remain in the servo drive and servo motor with hazardous voltages even after power has been removed.
- Do not disassemble the servo drive or motor as electric shock may result.
- Do not connect or disconnect wires or connectors while power is applied to the drive and motor.
- Only qualified personnel who have electrical knowledge should conduct maintenance and inspection.

## Main Circuit Wiring



- Install the encoder cables in a separate conduit from the motor power cables to avoid signal noise. Separate the conduits by 30cm (11.8inches) or more.
- Use multi-stranded twisted-pair wires or multi-core shielded-pair wires for signal, encoder (PG) feedback cables. The maximum length of command input cable is 3m (9.84ft.) and the maximum length of encoder (PG) feedback cables is 20m (65.62ft.).
- As a charge may still remain in the drive with hazardous voltages even after power has been removed, be sure to wait at least 10 minutes after power has been removed before performing any wiring and/or inspection.



- It is not recommended to frequently power the drive on and off. Do not turn the drive off and on more than once per minute as high charging currents within the internal capacitors may cause damage.

## Main Circuit Terminal Wiring



- Please perform the wiring after the terminal blocks are all removed from the drive.
- Insert only one wire into one terminal on the terminal block.
- When inserting wires, please ensure that the conductors are not shorted to adjacent terminals or wires.
- Ensure to double check the wiring before applying power to the drive.
- If the wiring is in error, perform the wiring again with proper tools. Never use force to remove the terminals or wires. Otherwise, it may result in malfunction or damage.

**Preface | ASDA-AB Series****NOTE**

- 1) In this manual, actual measured values are in metric units. Dimensions in (imperial units) are for reference only. Please use metric units for precise measurements.
- 2) The content of this manual may be revised without prior notice. Please consult our distributors or download the most updated version at <http://www.delta.com.tw/industrialautomation>.

**Table of Contents | ASDA-AB Series****Table of Contents**

---

Chapter 1	Unpacking Check and Model Explanation.....	1-1
1.1	Unpacking Check .....	1-1
1.2	Model Explanation .....	1-2
1.2.1	Nameplate Information .....	1-2
1.2.2	Model Name Explanation .....	1-3
1.3	Servo Drive and Servo Motor Combinations.....	1-5
1.4	Servo Drive Features.....	1-6
1.5	Control Modes of Servo Drive .....	1-8
Chapter 2	Installation and Storage.....	2-1
2.1	Installation Notes .....	2-1
2.2	Storage Conditions.....	2-1
2.3	Installation Conditions .....	2-2
2.4	Installation Procedure and Minimum Clearances.....	2-3
2.5	Molded-case Circuit Breaker and Fuse Current Recommended Value .....	2-5
2.6	EMI Filter Selection .....	2-5
2.7	Regenerative Resistor.....	2-9
Chapter 3	Connections and Wiring .....	3-1
3.1	Connections.....	3-1
3.1.1	Connecting to Peripheral Devices .....	3-1
3.1.2	Servo Drive Connectors and Terminals .....	3-3
3.1.3	Wiring Methods.....	3-5
3.1.4	Motor Power Cable Connector Specifications .....	3-7
3.1.5	Encoder Connector Specifications .....	3-8

**Table of Contents | ASDA-AB Series**

3.1.6	Cable Specifications for Servo Drive.....	3-9
3.2	Basic Wiring.....	3-11
3.3	Input / Output Interface Connector - CN1 .....	3-14
3.3.1	CN1 Terminal Identification .....	3-14
3.3.2	Signals Explanation of Connector - CN1 .....	3-16
3.3.3	User-defined DI and DO signals.....	3-26
3.3.4	Wiring Diagrams of I/O Signals - CN1 .....	3-26
3.4	Encoder Connector - CN2 .....	3-31
3.5	Serial Communication Connector - CN3 .....	3-32
3.5.1	Terminal Layout and Identification – CN3 .....	3-32
3.5.2	Connection between PC and Connector - CN3.....	3-33
3.6	Standard Connection Example.....	3-34
3.6.1	Position (Pt) Control Mode (220V models).....	3-34
3.6.2	Position (Pt) Control Mode (110V models).....	3-35
3.6.3	Position (Pr) Control Mode (220V models).....	3-36
3.6.4	Position (Pr) Control Mode (110V models).....	3-37
3.6.5	Speed Control Mode (220V models) .....	3-38
3.6.6	Speed Control Mode (110V models) .....	3-39
3.6.7	Torque Control Mode (220V models) .....	3-40
3.6.8	Torque Control Mode (110V models) .....	3-41
Chapter 4	Display and Operation.....	4-1
4.1	Description of Digital Keypad .....	4-1
4.2	Display Flowchart .....	4-2
4.3	Status Display.....	4-3
4.3.1	Save Setting Display .....	4-3

**Table of Contents | ASDA-AB Series**

4.3.2	Abort Setting Display .....	4-3
4.3.3	Fault Message Display .....	4-3
4.3.4	Polarity Setting Display.....	4-3
4.3.5	Monitor Setting Display.....	4-4
4.4	General Function Operation .....	4-6
4.4.1	Fault Code Display Operation .....	4-6
4.4.2	JOG Operation.....	4-6
4.4.3	Position Learning Operation.....	4-7
4.4.4	DO Force Output Diagnosis Operation .....	4-9
4.4.5	DI Diagnosis Operation .....	4-10
4.4.6	DO Diagnosis Operation.....	4-10
Chapter 5	Trial Run and Tuning Procedure .....	5-1
5.1	Inspection without Load.....	5-1
5.2	Applying Power to the Drive .....	5-3
5.3	JOG Trial Run without Load .....	5-7
5.4	Speed Trial Run without Load .....	5-9
5.5	Position Trial Run without Load.....	5-11
5.6	Tuning Procedure .....	5-14
5.6.1	Tuning Flowchart.....	5-15
5.6.2	Load Inertia Estimation Flowchart .....	5-16
5.6.3	AutoMode (PI) Tuning Flowchart.....	5-17
5.6.4	AutoMode (PDFF) Tuning Flowchart.....	5-19
5.6.5	Manual Mode Tuning Flowchart .....	5-21
5.6.6	Limit of Load Inertia Estimation .....	5-22
5.6.7	Relationship between Tuning Modes and Parameters .....	5-23

**Table of Contents | ASDA-AB Series**

5.6.8 Gain Adjustment in Manual Mode .....	5-23
<b>Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation .....</b>	<b>6-1</b>
6.1 Control Modes of Operation .....	6-1
6.2 Position Control Mode .....	6-2
6.2.1 Command Source of Position (Pt) Control Mode .....	6-2
6.2.2 Command Source of Position (Pr) Control Mode .....	6-3
6.2.3 Structure of Position Control Mode .....	6-4
6.2.4 P-curve Filter for Position Control.....	6-5
6.2.5 Electronic Gear Ratio .....	6-8
6.2.6 Low-pass Filter .....	6-9
6.2.7 Timing Chart of Position (Pr) Control Mode .....	6-10
6.2.8 Position Loop Gain Adjustment.....	6-10
6.3 Speed Control Mode.....	6-13
6.3.1 Command Source of Speed Control Mode .....	6-13
6.3.2 Structure of Speed Control Mode .....	6-14
6.3.3 Smoothing Strategy of Speed Control Mode.....	6-15
6.3.4 Analog Speed Input Scaling .....	6-18
6.3.5 Timing Chart of Speed Control Mode.....	6-19
6.3.6 Speed Loop Gain Adjustment.....	6-19
6.3.7 Resonance Suppression .....	6-24
6.4 Torque Control Mode.....	6-28
6.4.1 Command Source of Torque Control Mode .....	6-28
6.4.2 Structure of Torque Control Mode .....	6-29
6.4.3 Smoothing Strategy of Torque Control Mode.....	6-29
6.4.4 Analog Torque Input Scaling .....	6-30

**Table of Contents | ASDA-AB Series**

6.4.5 Timing Chart of Torque Control Mode.....	6-31
6.5 Control Mode Selection .....	6-32
6.5.1 Speed / Position Control Mode Selection.....	6-32
6.5.2 Speed / Torque Control Mode Selection .....	6-33
6.5.3 Torque / Position Control Mode Selection.....	6-33
6.6 Others.....	6-35
6.6.1 Speed Limit.....	6-35
6.6.2 Torque Limit.....	6-35
6.6.3 Analog Monitor.....	6-36
6.6.4 Electromagnetic Brake .....	6-39
Chapter 7 Parameters.....	7-1
7.1 Definition.....	7-1
7.2 Parameter Summary .....	7-2
7.2.1 Parameter List by Group .....	7-2
7.2.2 Parameter List by Function.....	7-9
7.3 Detailed Parameter Listings .....	7-20
Chapter 8 MODBUS Communications.....	8-1
8.1 Communication Hardware Interface.....	8-1
8.2 Communication Parameter Settings.....	8-5
8.3 MODBUS Communication Protocol .....	8-9
8.4 Communication Parameter Write-in and Read-out .....	8-17
Chapter 9 Maintenance and Inspection .....	9-1
9.1 Basic Inspection .....	9-1
9.2 Maintenance .....	9-2
9.3 Life of Replacement Components .....	9-2

**Table of Contents | ASDA-AB Series**

Chapter 10 Troubleshooting.....	10-1
10.1 Fault Messages Table .....	10-1
10.2 Potential Cause and Corrective Actions.....	10-3
10.3 Clearing Faults .....	10-8
Chapter 11 Specifications .....	11-1
11.1 Specifications of Servo Drive (ASDA-AB Series).....	11-1
11.2 Specifications of Servo Motor (ECMA Series) .....	11-4
11.3 Servo Motor Speed-Torque Curves .....	11-8
11.4 Overload Characteristics .....	11-9
11.5 Dimensions of Servo Drive.....	11-11
11.6 Dimensions of Servo Motor .....	11-15
Chapter 12 Application Examples .....	12-1
12.1 Position Control (including homing function).....	12-1
12.2 Roller Feeding .....	12-3
12.3 Connecting to Delta DVP-EH Series PLC .....	12-4
12.4 Connecting to Delta TP04 Series .....	12-9
12.5 Position Control Mode (Pr Mode).....	12-11
12.6 Feed Step Control .....	12-14
12.7 Internal Auto Run Mode .....	12-25
12.8 Homing Function .....	12-30
12.9 External Controller Connection Examples.....	12-37
Appendix A Accessories .....	A-1

**Table of Contents | ASDA-AB Series****About this Manual...****User Information**

Be sure to store this manual in a safe place.

Due to constantly growing product range, technical improvement, alteration or changed texts, figures and diagrams, we reserve the right to make information changes within this manual without prior notice.

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***Table of Contents | ASDA-AB Series***

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Revision July 2010

# **Chapter 1 Unpacking Check and Model Explanation**

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## **1.1 Unpacking Check**

After receiving the AC servo drive, please check for the following:

■ **Ensure that the product is what you have ordered.**

Verify the part number indicated on the nameplate corresponds with the part number of your order  
(Please refer to Section 1.2 for details about the model explanation).

■ **Ensure that the servo motor shaft rotates freely.**

Rotate the motor shaft by hand; a smooth rotation will indicate a good motor. However, a servo motor with an electromagnetic brake can not be rotated manually.

■ **Check for damage.**

Inspect the unit to insure it was not damaged during shipment.

■ **Check for loose screws.**

Ensure that all necessary screws are tight and secure.

If any items are damaged or incorrect, please inform the distributor whom you purchased the product from or your local Delta sales representative.

A complete and workable AC servo system should include the following parts:

Part I : Delta standard supplied parts

- (1) Servo drive
- (2) Servo motor
- (3) 5 PIN Terminal Block (for L1, L2, R(L1M), S(L2M), T) (available for 100W ~ 1.5kW models)
- (4) 3 PIN Terminal Block (for U, V, W) (available for 100W ~ 1.5kW models)
- (5) 3 PIN Terminal Block (for P, D, C) (available for 100W ~ 1.5kW models)
- (6) One operating lever (for wire to terminal block insertion; available for 100W ~ 1.5kW models)
- (7) One jumper bar (installed at pins P and D of the 3 PIN Terminal Block for P, D, C)
- (8) Quick Start

Part II : Optional parts (Refer to Appendix A)

- (1) One power cable, which is used to connect servo motor to U, V, W terminals of servo drive. This power cable includes a green grounding cable. Please connect the green grounding cable to the ground terminal of the servo drive.

## Chapter 1 Unpacking Check and Model Explanation | ASDA-AB Series

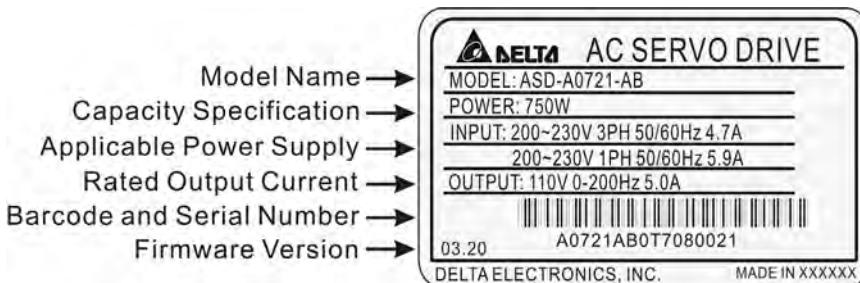
- (2) One encoder cable, which is used to connect the encoder of servo motor to the CN2 terminal of servo drive.
- (3) CN1 Connector: 50 PIN Connector (3M type analog product)
- (4) CN2 Connector: 20 PIN Connector (3M type analog product)
- (5) CN3 Connector: 6 PIN Connector (IEEE1394 analog product)

## 1.2 Model Explanation

### 1.2.1 Nameplate Information

#### ASDA-AB Series Servo Drive

- Nameplate Explanation

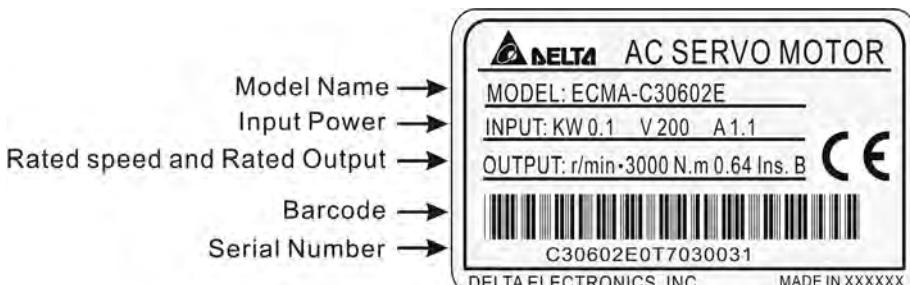


- Serial Number Explanation

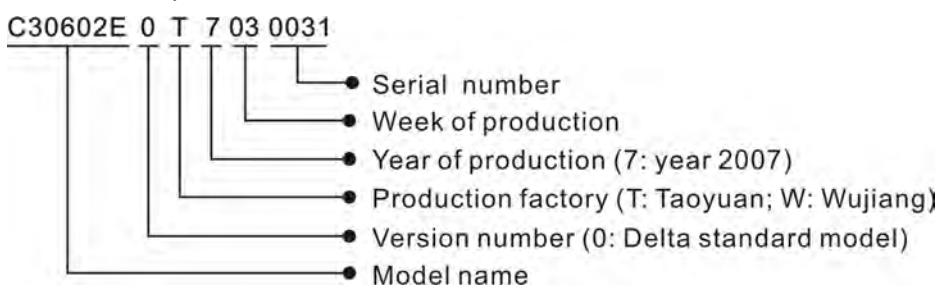


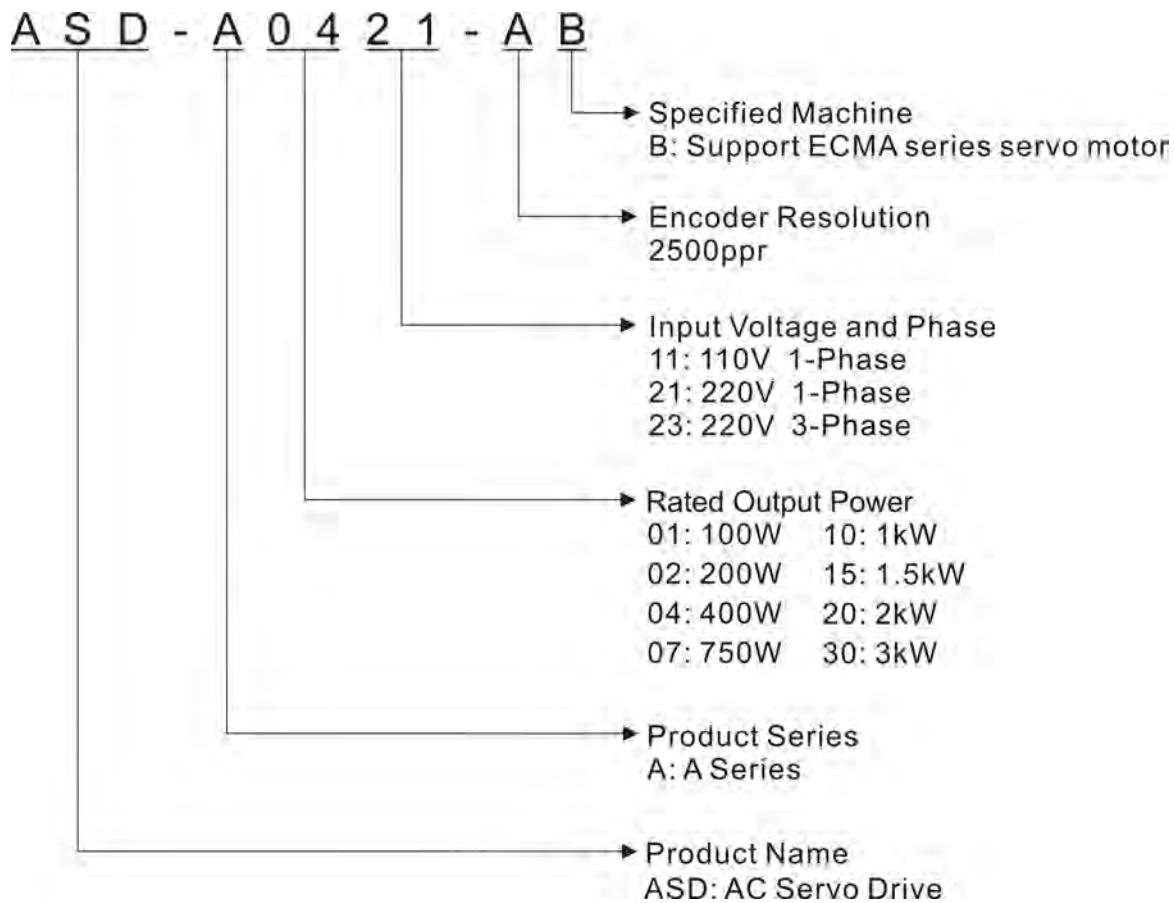
#### ASMT Series Servo Motor

- Nameplate Explanation



- Serial Number Explanation



**Chapter 1 Unpacking Check and Model Explanation | ASDA-AB Series****1.2.2 Model Name Explanation****ASDA-AB Series Servo Drive**

**Chapter 1 Unpacking Check and Model Explanation | ASDA-AB Series****ECMA Series Servo Motor**

E C M A - C 3 0 6 0 2 E S

► Standard Shaft Dimensions: S  
 Specified Shaft Dimensions:  
 1=11mm, 9=19mm, 8=28mm  
 7=14mm, 2=22mm, 5=35mm  
 6=16mm, 4=24mm, 3=42mm

Shaft Type and Oil seal	No brake No oil seal	With brake No oil seal	No brake With oil seal	With brake With oil seal
Round Shaft	A	B	C	D
Keyway	E	F	G	H
Keyway with screw hole	P	Q	R	S

► Rated Output Power  
 01: 100W 05: 500W 10: 1kW  
 02: 200W 06: 600W 15: 1.5kW  
 03: 300W 07: 750W 20: 2kW  
 04: 400W 09: 900W 30: 3kW

► Motor Frame Size  
 04: 40mm 06: 60mm 08: 80mm  
 10: 100mm 13: 130mm 18: 180mm

► Series  
 Rated Voltage / Rated Speed  
 C: 220V / 3000rpm  
 E: 220V / 2000rpm  
 G: 220V / 1000rpm  
 Sensor Type  
 3: 2500ppr

► Driving Type  
 A: AC Servo Motor

► Product Type  
 ECM: Electrical Commutation Motor

***Chapter 1 Unpacking Check and Model Explanation | ASDA-AB Series*****1.3 Servo Drive and Servo Motor Combinations**

The table below shows the possible combination of Delta ASDA-AB series servo drives and ECMA series servo motors. The boxes (□) in the model names are for optional configurations. (Please refer to Section 1.2 for model explanation)

Power	Servo Drive	Servo Motor
100W	ASD-A0111-AB ASD-A0121-AB	ECMA-C30401□S (S=8mm)
200W	ASD-A0211-AB ASD-A0221-AB	ECMA-C30602□S (S=14mm)
400W	ASD-A0411-AB ASD-A0421-AB	ECMA-C30604□S (S=14mm) ECMA-C30804□7 (7=14mm) ECMA-E31305□S (S=22mm) ECMA-G31303□S (S=22mm)
750W	ASD-A0721-AB	ECMA-C30807□S (S=19mm) ECMA-G31306□S (S=22mm)
1000W	ASD-A1021-AB	ECMA-C31010□S (S=22mm) ECMA-E31310□S (S=22mm) ECMA-G31309□S (S=22mm)
1500W	ASD-A1521-AB	ECMA-E31315□S (S=22mm)
2000W	ASD-A2023-AB	ECMA-C31020□S (S=22mm) ECMA-E31320□S (S=22mm) ECMA-E31820□S (S=35mm)
3000W	ASD-A3023-AB	ECMA-E31830□S (S=35mm)

The servo drives shown in the above table are designed for use in combination with the specific servo motors. Check the specifications of the drives and motors you want to use.

Also, please ensure that both the servo drive and motor are correctly matched for size (power rating). If the power of motor and drive is not within the specifications, the drive and motor may overheat and servo alarm would be activated. For the detail specifications of servo drives and motors, please refer to Chapter 11 "Specifications".

The drives shown in the above table are designed according to the three multiple of rated current of motors shown in the above table. If the drives which are designed according to the six multiple of rated current of motors are needed, please contact our distributors or your local Delta sales representative.

**Chapter 1 Unpacking Check and Model Explanation | ASDA-AB Series****1.4 Servo Drive Features****220V models****Heatsink**

Used to secure servo drive and for heat dissipation.

**Charge LED**

A lit LED indicates that either power is connected to the servo drive OR a residual charge is present in the drive's internal power components.

**DO NOT TOUCH ANY ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS WHILE THIS LED IS LIT.**

(Please refer to the Safety Precautions on page i).

**Control Circuit Terminal (L1, L2)**

Used to connect 200~230Vac, 50/60Hz single-phase VAC supply.

**Main Circuit Terminal (R, S, T)**

Used to connect 200~230V, 50/60Hz commercial power supply.

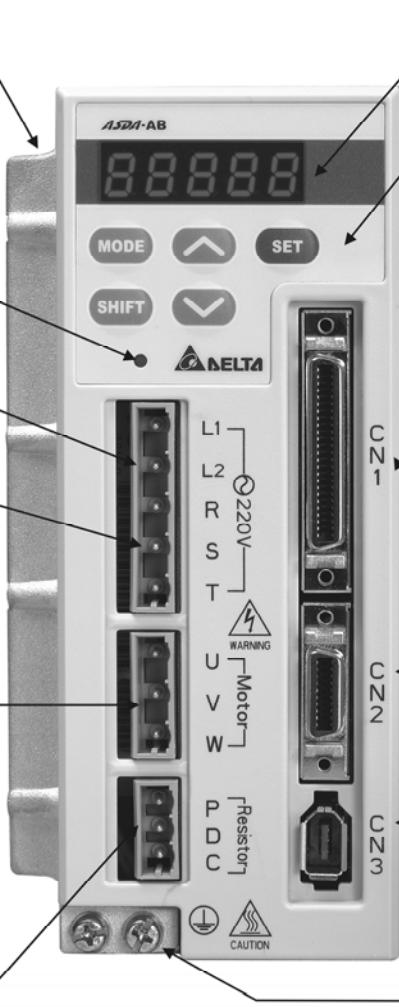
**Servo Motor Output (U, V, W)**

Used to connect servo motor. Never connect the output terminal to main circuit power. The AC servo drive may be destroyed beyond repair if incorrect cables are connected to the output terminals.

**Internal / External Regenerative Resistor Terminal**

1) When using an external regenerative resistor, connect P and C to the regenerative resistor and ensure that the circuit between P and D is open.

2) When using the internal regenerative resistor, ensure that the circuit between P and D is closed and the circuit between P and C is open.

**LED Display**

The 5-digit, 7 segment LED displays the servo status or fault codes.

**Operation Panel**

Used function keys to perform status display, monitor and diagnostic, function and parameter setting.

**Function Keys:**

**MODE** : Press this key to select/change mode.

**SHIFT** : Shift Key has several functions: moving the cursor and indexing through the parameter groups  
Press this key to shift cursor to the left.

**UP** : Press this key to increase values on the display.

**DOWN** : Press this key to decrease values on the display.

**SET** : Press this key to store data.

**I/O Interface**

Used to connect Host Controller (PLC) or control I/O signal.

**Encoder Interface**

Used to connect Encoder of Servo Motor.

**Serial Communication Interface**

For RS-485 / 232 / 422 serial communication.  
Used to connect personal computer or other controllers.

**Ground Terminal**

**Chapter 1 Unpacking Check and Model Explanation | ASDA-AB Series****110V models****Heatsink**

Used to secure servo drive and for heat dissipation.

**Charge LED**

A lit LED indicates that either power is connected to the servo drive OR a residual charge is present in the drive's internal power components.  
DO NOT TOUCH ANY ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS WHILE THIS LED IS LIT.  
(Please refer to the Safety Precautions on page i).

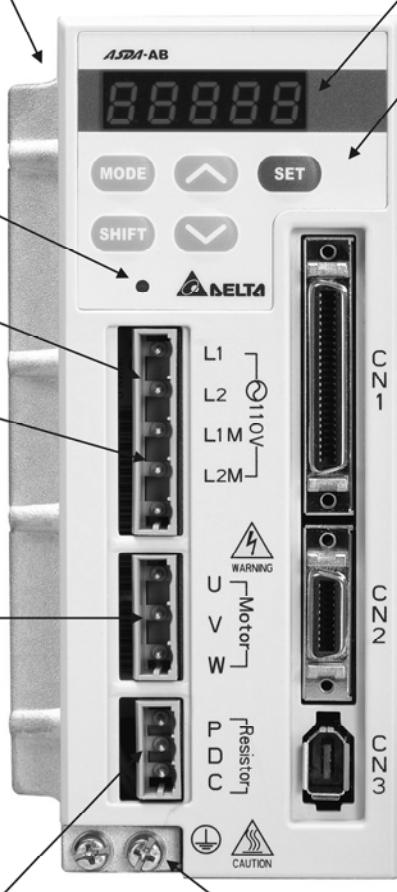
**Control Circuit Terminal (L1, L2)**  
Used to connect 100~115Vac, 50/60Hz single-phase VAC supply.

**Main Circuit Terminal (L1M, L2M)**  
Used to connect 100~115V, 50/60Hz commercial power supply.

**Servo Motor Output (U, V, W)**  
Used to connect servo motor. Never connect the output terminal to main circuit power. The AC servo drive may be destroyed beyond repair if incorrect cables are connected to the output terminals.

**Internal / External Regenerative Resistor Terminal**

- 1) When using an external regenerative resistor, connect P and C to the regenerative resistor and ensure that the circuit between P and D is open.
- 2) When using the internal regenerative resistor, ensure that the circuit between P and D is closed and the circuit between P and C is open.

**LED Display**

The 5-digit, 7 segment LED displays the servo status or fault codes.

**Operation Panel**

Used function keys to perform status display, monitor and diagnostic, function and parameter setting.

**Function Keys:**

**MODE** : Press this key to select/change mode.

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**I/O Interface**

Used to connect Host Controller (PLC) or control I/O signal.

**Encoder Interface**

Used to connect Encoder of Servo Motor.

**Serial Communication Interface**

For RS-485 / 232 / 422 serial communication.  
Used to connect personal computer or other controllers.

**Ground Terminal**

**Chapter 1 Unpacking Check and Model Explanation | ASDA-AB Series****1.5 Control Modes of Servo Drive**

The Delta Servo provides six single and five dual modes of operation.

Their operation and description is listed in the following table.

Mode	Code	Description
Single Mode	Pt	External Position control mode for the servo motor is achieved via an external pulse command.
	Pr	Internal Position control mode for the servo motor is achieved via 8 internal position registers within the servo controller. Execution of the 8 positions is via Digital Input (DI) signals.
	S	(External / Internal) Speed control mode for the servo motor can be achieved via parameters set within the controller or from an external analog -10 ~ +10 VDC command. Control of the internal speed mode is via the Digital Inputs (DI). (A maximum of three speeds can be stored internally).
	Sz	Internal Speed control mode for the servo motor is only achieved via parameters set within the controller. Control of the internal speed mode is via the Digital Inputs (DI). (A maximum of three speeds can be stored internally).
	T	(External / Internal) Torque control mode for the servo motor can be achieved via parameters set within the controller or from an external analog -10 ~ +10 VDC command. Control of the internal torque mode is via the Digital Inputs (DI). (A maximum of three torque levels can be stored internally).
	Tz	Internal Torque control mode for the servo motor is only achieved via parameters set within the controller. Control of the internal torque mode is via the Digital Inputs (DI). (A maximum of three torque levels can be stored internally).
Dual Mode	Pt-S	Either Pt or S control mode can be selected via the Digital Inputs (DI)
	Pt-T	Either Pt or T control mode can be selected via the Digital Inputs (DI)
	Pr-S	Either Pr or S control mode can be selected via the Digital Inputs (DI)
	Pr-T	Either Pr or T control mode can be selected via the Digital Inputs (DI)
	S-T	Either S or T control mode can be selected via the Digital Inputs (DI)

The above control modes can be accessed and changed via parameter P1-01. Enter the new control mode via P1-01 then switch the main power to the servo drive OFF then ON. The new control mode will only be valid after the drives main power is switched OFF then ON. Please see safety precautions on page iii (switching drive off/on multiple times).

## ***Chapter 2 Installation and Storage***

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### **2.1 Installation Notes**

Please pay close attention to the following installation notes:

- Do not bend or strain the connection cables between servo drive and motor.
- When mounting the servo drive, make sure to tighten all screws to secure the drive in place.
- If the servo motor shaft is coupled directly to a rotating device ensure that the alignment specifications of the servo motor, coupling, and device are followed. Failure to do so may cause unnecessary loads or premature failure to the servo motor.
- If the length of cable connected between servo drive and motor is more than 20m, please increase the wire gauge of the encoder cable and motor connection cable (connected to U, V, W terminals).
- Make sure to tighten the screws for securing motor.

### **2.2 Storage Conditions**

The product should be kept in the shipping carton before installation. In order to retain the warranty coverage, the AC servo drive should be stored properly when it is not to be used for an extended period of time. Some storage suggestions are:

- Store in a clean and dry location free from direct sunlight.
- Store within an ambient temperature range of -20°C to +65°C (-4°F to 149°F).
- Store within a relative humidity range of 0% to 90% and non-condensing.
- Do not store in a place subjected to corrosive gases and liquids.
- Store in original packaging and placed on a solid surface.

**Chapter 2 Installation and Storage | ASDA-AB Series****2.3 Installation Conditions****Operating Temperature**

ASDA-AB Series Servo Drive : 0°C to 55°C (32°F to 131°F)

ECMA Series Servo Motor : 0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F)

**The ambient temperature of servo drive should be under 45°C (113°F) for long-term reliability.**

If the ambient temperature of servo drive is greater than 45°C (113°F), please install the drive in a well-ventilated location and do not obstruct the airflow for the cooling fan.

**Caution**

The servo drive and motor will generate heat. If they are installed in a control panel, please ensure sufficient space around the units for heat dissipation.

Pay particular attention to vibration of the units and check if the vibration has impacted the electric devices in the control panel. Please observe the following precautions when selecting a mounting location. ***Failure to observe the following precautions may void the warranty!***

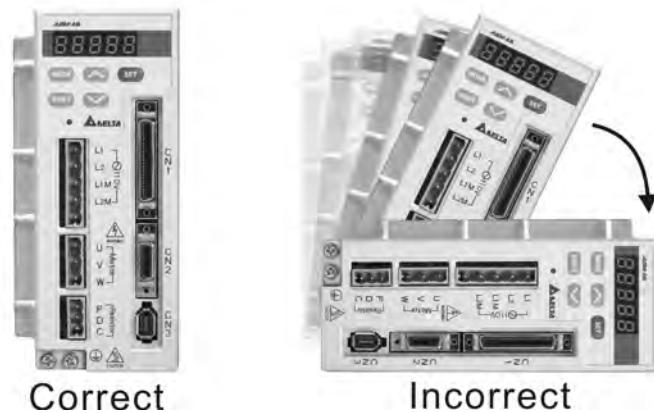
- Do not mount the servo drive or motor adjacent to heat-radiating elements or in direct sunlight.
- Do not mount the servo drive or motor in a location subjected to corrosive gases, liquids, airborne dust or metallic particles.
- Do not mount the servo drive or motor in a location where temperatures and humidity will exceed specification.
- Do not mount the servo drive or motor in a location where vibration and shock will exceed specification.
- Do not mount the servo drive or motor in a location where it will be subjected to high levels of electromagnetic radiation.

## 2.4 Installation Procedure and Minimum Clearances

### Installation Procedure

Incorrect installation may result in a drive malfunction or premature failure of the drive and or motor. Please follow the guidelines in this manual when installing the servo drive and motor.

The ASDA-AB servo drive should be mounted perpendicular to the wall or in the control panel. In order to ensure the drive is well ventilated, ensure that the all ventilation holes are not obstructed and sufficient free space is given to the servo drive. Do not install the drive in a horizontal position or malfunction and damage will occur.



### Drive Mounting

The ASDA-AB Servo drives must be back mounted vertically on a dry and solid surface such as a NEMA enclosure. A minimum spacing of two inches must be maintained above and below the drive for ventilation and heat dissipation. Additional space may be necessary for wiring and cable connections. Also, as the drive conducts heat away via the mounting, the mounting plane or surface should not conduct heat into the drive from external sources.

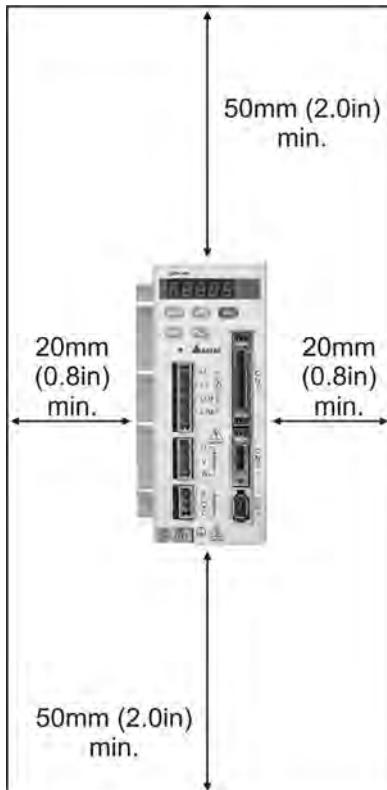
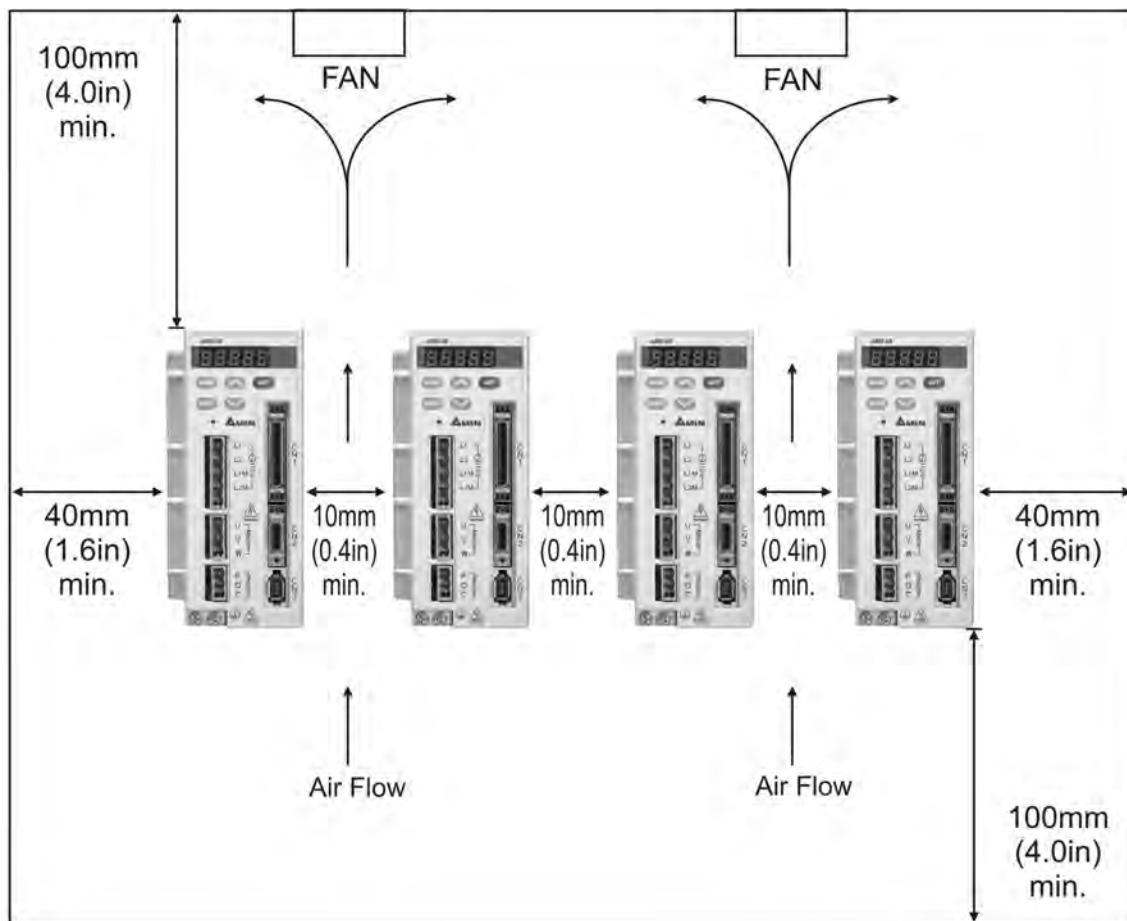
### Motor Mounting

The ECMA Servo motors should be mounted firmly to a dry and solid mounting surface to ensure maximum heat transfer for maximum power output and to provide a good ground.

For the dimensions and weights specifications of servo drive or motor, please refer to Chapter 11 "Specifications".

### Minimum Clearances

Install a fan to increase ventilation to avoid ambient temperatures that exceed the specification. When installing two or more drives adjacent to each other please follow the clearances as shown in the following diagram.

**Chapter 2 Installation and Storage | ASDA-AB Series****■ Minimum Clearances****■ Side by Side Installation**

**Chapter 2 Installation and Storage | ASDA-AB Series****2.5 Molded-case Circuit Breaker and Fuse Current Recommended Value**

➤ *Caution: Please use molded-case circuit breaker and fuse which are recognized by and comply with the UL or CSA standards.*

Servo Drive Model	Recommended Breaker	Recommended Fuse (Class T)
Operation Mode	General	General
ASD-A0111-AB	10A	10A
ASD-A0211-AB	10A	10A
ASD-A0411-AB	10A	10A
ASD-A0121-AB	5A	5A
ASD-A0221-AB	5A	6A
ASD-A0421-AB	10A	10A
ASD-A0721-AB	10A	20A
ASD-A1021-AB	15A	25A
ASD-A1521-AB	20A	40A
ASD-A2023-AB	30A	50A
ASD-A3023-AB	30A	70A



**NOTE** When using a GFCI (Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter), select a current sensor with sensitivity of 200mA, and not less than 0.1-second detection time to avoid nuisance tripping.

**2.6 EMI Filter Selection****AC Servo Drive - EMI Filter Cross Reference**

Item	Power	Servo Drive Model	Recommended EMI Filter	FootPrint
1	100W	ASD-A0111-AB	08TDT1W4S	N
2	100W	ASD-A0121-AB	08TDT1W4S	N
3	200W	ASD-A0211-AB	08TDT1W4S	N
4	200W	ASD-A0221-AB	08TDT1W4S	N
5	400W	ASD-A0411-AB	08TDT1W4S	N
6	400W	ASD-A0421-AB	08TDT1W4S	N
7	750W	ASD-A0721-AB	20TDT1W4D	N
8	1000W	ASD-A1021-AB	20TDT1W4D	N
9	1500W	ASD-A1521-AB	20TDT1W4D	N
10	2000W	ASD-A2023-AB	20TDT1W4D	N
11	3000W	ASD-A3023-AB	20TDT1W4D	N

## Chapter 2 Installation and Storage | ASDA-AB Series

### Installation

All electrical equipment, including AC servo drives, will generate high-frequency/low-frequency noise and will interfere with peripheral equipment by radiation or conduction when in operation. By using an EMI filter with correct installation, much of the interference can be eliminated. It is recommended to use Delta's EMI filter to have the best interference elimination performance.

We assure that it can comply with following rules when AC servo drive and EMI filter are installed and wired according to user manual:

- EN61000-6-4 (2001)
- EN61800-3 (2004) PDS of category C2
- EN55011+A2 (2007) Class A Group 1

### General Precaution

To ensure the best interference elimination performance when using Delta's EMI filter, please follow the guidelines in this user manual to perform wiring and/or installation. In addition, please also observe the following precautions:

- EMI filter and AC servo drive should be installed on the same metal plate.
- Please install AC servo drive on same footprint with EMI filter or install EMI filter as close as possible to the AC servo drive.
- All wiring should be as short as possible.
- Metal plate should be grounded.
- The cover of EMI filter and AC servo drive or grounding should be fixed on the metal plate and the contact area should be as large as possible.

### Choose Suitable Motor Cable and Precautions

Improper installation and choice of motor cable will affect the performance of EMI filter. Be sure to observe the following precautions when selecting motor cable.

- Use the cable with shielding (double shielding is the best).
- The shielding on both ends of the motor cable should be grounded with the minimum length and maximum contact area.
- Remove any paint on metal saddle for good ground contact with the plate and shielding (Please refer to Figure 1 on page B-3).
- The connection between the metal saddle and the shielding on both ends of the motor cable should be correct and well installed. Please refer to Figure 2 on page B-3 for correct wiring method.

**Chapter 2 Installation and Storage | ASDA-AB Series**

Remove any paint on metal saddle for good ground contact with the plate and shielding.

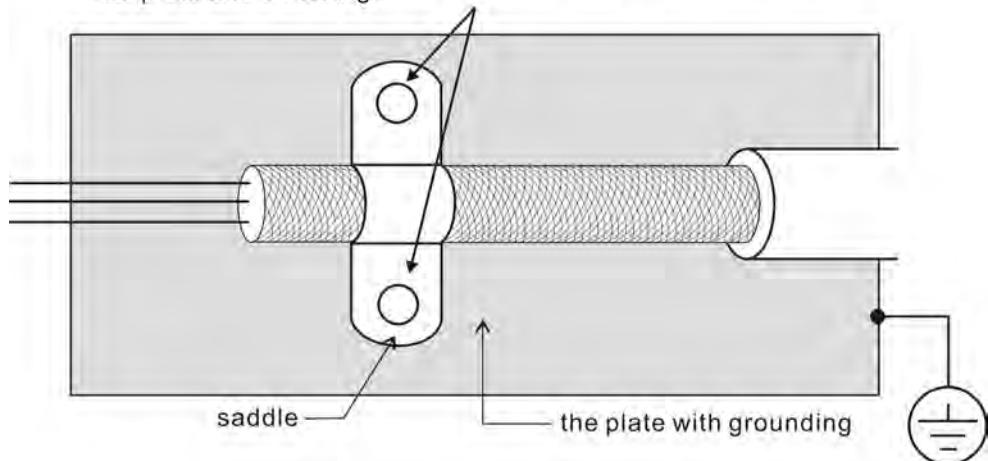
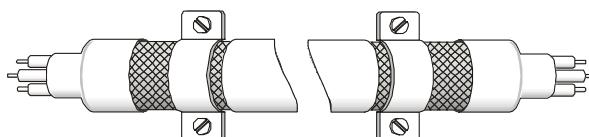
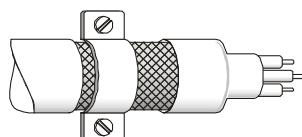


Figure 1



Saddle on both ends

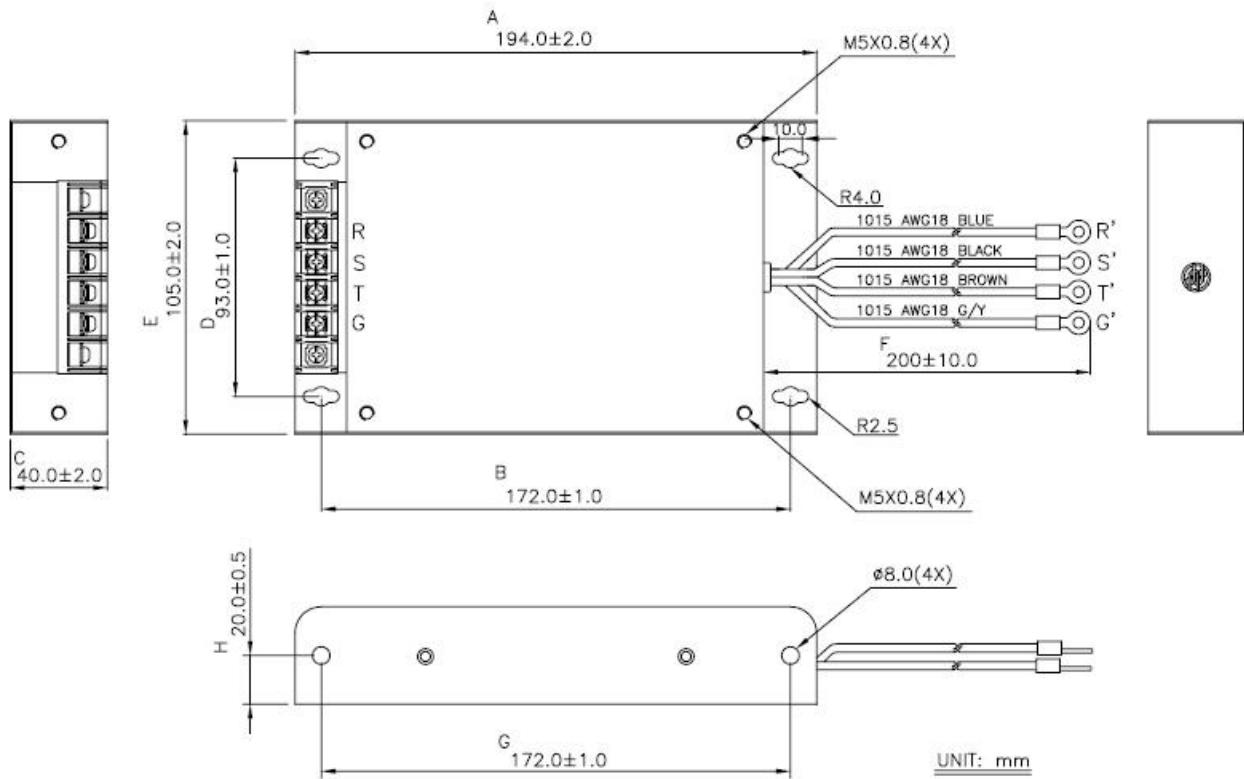


Saddle on one end

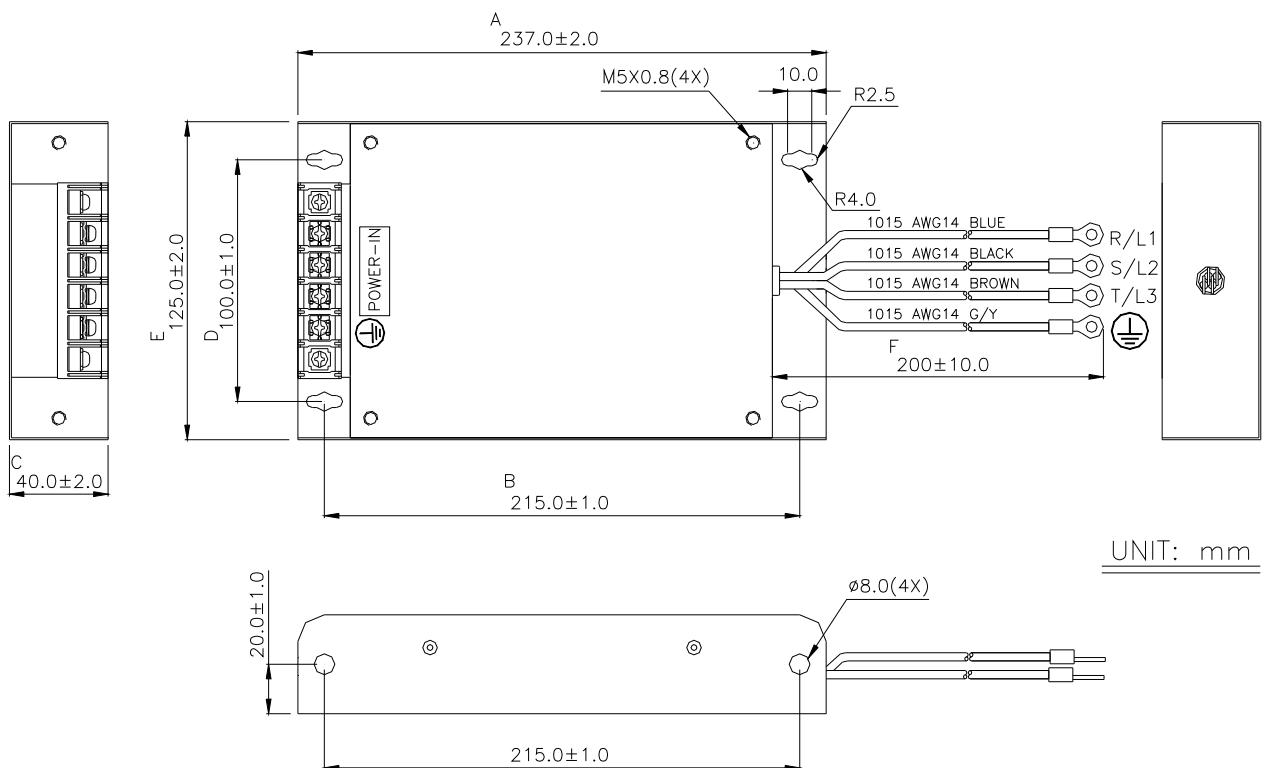
Figure 2

**Chapter 2 Installation and Storage | ASDA-AB Series****Dimensions**

Delta Part Number: 08TDT1W4S



Delta Part Number: 20TDT1W4D



**Chapter 2 Installation and Storage | ASDA-AB Series**

## 2.7 Regenerative Resistor

### Built-in Regenerative Resistor

When the output torque of servo motor in reverse direction of motor rotation speed, it indicates that there is a regenerative power returned from the load to the servo drive. This power will be transmitted into the capacitance of DC Bus and result in rising voltage. When the voltage has risen to some high voltage, the servo system need to dissipate the extra energy by using a regenerative resistor. ASDA-AB series servo drive provides a built-in regenerative resistor and the users also can connect to external regenerative resistor if more regenerative capacity is needed.

The following table shows the specifications of the servo drive's built-in regenerative resistor and the amount of regenerative power (average value) that it can process.

Built-in Regenerative Resistor Specifications				
Servo Drive (kW)	Resistance (Ohm) (parameter P1-52)	Capacity (Watt) (parameter P1-53)	Regenerative Power processed by built-in regenerative resistor (Watt) *1	Min. Allowable Resistance (Ohm)
0.1	40	60	30	40
0.2	40	60	30	40
0.4	40	60	30	20
0.75	40	60	30	20
1.0	40	60	30	20
1.5	40	60	30	20
2.0	20	120	60	10
3.0	20	120	60	10

\*1 Regenerative Power Calculation: The amount of regenerative power (average value) that can be processed is rated at 50% of the capacity of the servo drive's built-in regenerative resistor. The regenerative power calculation method of external regenerative resistor is the same.

When the regenerative power exceeds the processing capacity of the servo drive, install an external regenerative resistor. Please pay close attention on the following notes when using a regenerative resistor.

1. Make sure that the settings of resistance (parameter P1-52) and capacity (parameter P1-53) is set correctly.
2. When the users want to install an external regenerative resistor, ensure that its resistance value is the same as the resistance of built-in regenerative resistor. If combining multiple small-capacity regenerative resistors in parallel to increase the regenerative resistor capacity, make sure that the resistance value of the regenerative resistor should comply with the specifications listed in the above table.
3. In general, when the amount of regenerative power (average value) that can be processed is used at or below the rated load ratio, the resistance temperature will increase to 120°C or higher (on condition that when the regeneration continuously occurred). For safety reasons, forced air cooling is good way that can be used to reduce the temperature of the regenerative resistors. We also recommend the users to use the regenerative resistors with thermal switches. As for the load characteristics of the regenerative resistors, please check with the manufacturer.

## Chapter 2 Installation and Storage | ASDA-AB Series

### External Regenerative Resistor

When using external regenerative resistor, connect it to P and C, and make sure the circuit between P and D is open. We recommend the users should use the external regenerative resistor that the resistance value following the above table (Built-in Regenerative Resistor Specifications). We ignore the dissipative power of IGBT (Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor) in order to let the users easily calculate the capacity of regenerative resistor. In the following sections, we will describe Regenerative Power Calculation Method and Simple Calculation Method for calculating the regenerative power capacity of external regenerative resistors.

### Regenerative Power Calculation Method

#### (1) Without Load

When there is no external load torque, if the servo motor repeats operation, the returned regenerative power generated when braking will transmitted into the capacitance of DC bus. After the capacitance voltage exceeds some high value, regenerative resistor can dissipate the remained regenerative power. Use the table and procedure described below to calculate the regenerative power.

Servo Drive (kW)		Servo Motor	Rotor Inertia J ( $\times 10^{-4}$ kg.m $^2$ )	Regenerative power from empty load 3000r/min to stop E <sub>o</sub> (joule)	Max. regenerative power of capacitance E <sub>c</sub> (joule)
Low Inertia	0.1	ECMA-C30401□□	0.037	0.18	3
	0.2	ECMA-C30602□□	0.177	0.87	4
	0.4	ECMA-C30604□□	0.277	1.37	8
		ECMA-C30804□□	0.68	3.36	
	0.75	ECMA-C30807□□	1.13	5.59	14
	1.0	ECMA-C31010□□	2.65	13.1	18
Medium Inertia	2.0	ECMA-C31020□□	4.45	22.0	21
	0.4	ECMA-E31305□□	8.17	40.40	8
	1.0	ECMA-E31310□□	8.41	41.59	18
	1.5	ECMA-E31315□□	11.18	55.28	18
	2.0	ECMA-E31320□□	14.59	72.15	21
		ECMA-E31820□□	34.68	171.50	
High Inertia	3.0	ECMA-E31830□□	54.95	271.7	28
	0.4	ECMA-G31303□□	8.17	40.40	8
	0.75	ECMA-G31306□□	8.41	41.59	14
	1.0	ECMA-G31309□□	11.18	55.29	18

$$E_o = J \times wr^2 / 182 \text{ (joule)}$$

, Wr : r/min

If the load inertia is N  $\times$  motor inertia, the regenerative power will be (N+1)  $\times$  E<sub>o</sub> when servo motor brakes from 3000r/min to 0. Then, the regenerative resistor can dissipate: (N+1)  $\times$  E<sub>o</sub> - E<sub>c</sub> (joule). If the time of repeat operation cycle is T sec, then the regenerative power = 2  $\times$  ((N+1)  $\times$  E<sub>o</sub> - E<sub>c</sub>) / T.

**Chapter 2 Installation and Storage | ASDA-AB Series**

The calculating procedure is as follows:

Step	Procedure	Equation and Setting Method
1	Set the capacity of regenerative resistor to the maximum	Change the value of P1-53 to maximum
2	Set the operation cycle T	Input by the users
3	Set motor speed wr	Input by the users or read via P0-02 Drive State Display
4	Set load/motor inertia ratio N	Input by the users or read via P0-02 Drive State Display
5	Calculate the max. regenerative power Eo	$Eo = J \times wr^2 / 182$
6	Set the regenerative power Ec that can be absorbed	Refer to the table above
7	Calculate the required regenerative power capacity	$2 \times (N+1) \times Eo - Ec) / T$

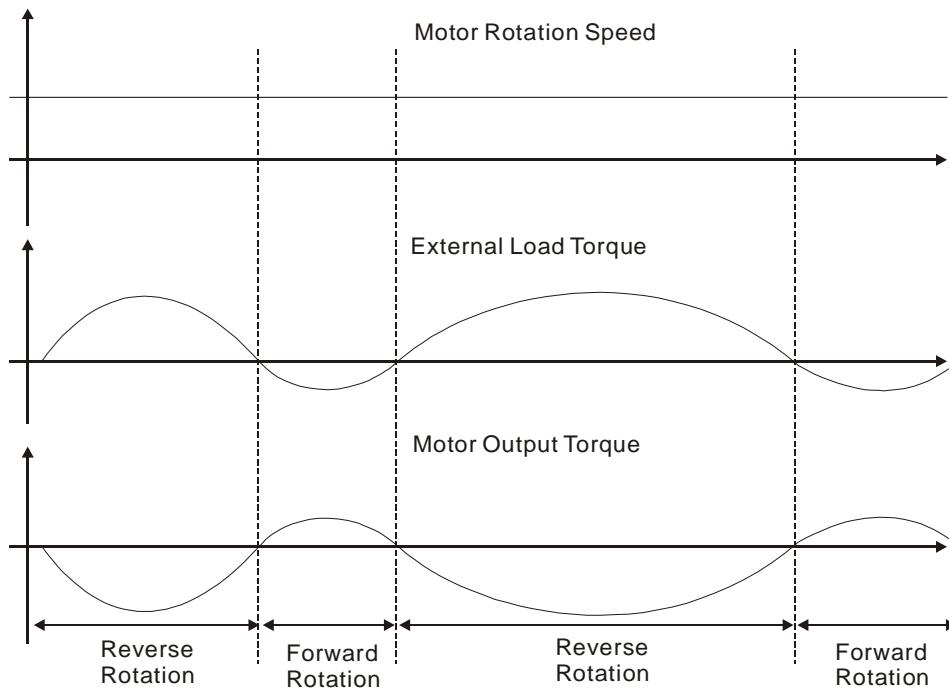
For example:

If we use 400W servo drive, the time of repeat operation cycle is  $T = 0.4$  sec, max. motor speed is 3000r/min, the load inertia =  $7 \times$  motor inertia, then the necessary the power of regenerative resistor =  $2 \times ((7+1) \times 1.68 - 8) / 0.4 = 27.2$ W. If the calculation result is smaller than regenerative power, we recommend the users to use the built-in 60W regenerative resistor. Usually the built-in regenerative resistor provided by ASDA-AB series can meet the requirement of general application when the external load inertia is not excessive.

The users can see when the capacity of regenerative resistor is too small, the accumulated power will be larger and the temperature will also increase. The fault, ALE05 may occur if the temperature is over high. The following figure shows the actual operation of regenerative resistor.

## (2) With Load

When there is an external load torque, servo motor is in reverse rotation when external load greater than motor torque. Servo motor is usually in forward rotation and the motor torque output direction is the same as the rotation direction. However, there is still some special condition. If the motor output torque is in the reverse direction of rotation, the servo motor is also in the reverse direction of rotation. The external power is input into the servo drive through servo motor. The Figure 6.21 below is an example. The users can see the motor is in forward rotation at constant speed when a sudden external load torque change and great power is transmitted to regenerative resistor rapidly.

**Chapter 2 Installation and Storage | ASDA-AB Series**

External load torque in reverse direction:  $TL \times Wr$      $TL$  : External load torque

For the safety, we strongly recommend the users should select the proper resistance value according to the load.

For example:

When external load torque is a +70% rated torque and rotation speed reaches 3000r/min, if using 400W servo drive (rated torque: 1.27Nt-m), then the users need to connect a external regenerative resistor which power is  $2 \times (0.7 \times 1.27) \times (3000 \times 2 \times \pi / 60) = 560W$ ,  $40\Omega$ .

**Simple Calculation Method**

The users can select the adequate regenerative resistors according to the allowable frequency required by actual operation and the allowable frequency when the servo motor runs without load. The allowable frequency when the servo motor run without load is the maximum frequency that can be operated during continuous operation when servo motor accelerate from 0r/min to rated speed and decelerate from rated speed down to 0r/min. The allowable frequencies when the servo motor run without load are summarized in the following table.

Allowable Frequencies for Servo Motor Running Without Load (times/min)							
When Using Built-in Regenerative Resistor							
ECMA Series	Motor Capacity	100W	200W	300W	400W	400W	500W
		01	02	03	04	04	05
	ECMA□□C	12133	2022	-	1275 (F60)	519 (F80)	-
	ECMA□□E	-	-	-	-	43	-
	ECMA□□G	-	-	43	-	-	42

**Chapter 2 Installation and Storage | ASDA-AB Series**

Allowable Frequencies for Servo Motor Running Without Load (times/min) When Using Built-in Regenerative Resistor							
Motor Capacity ECMA Series	750W	900W	1.0kW	1.5kW	2.0kW	2.0kW	3.0kW
	07	09	10	15	20	20	30
ECMA□□C	312	-	137	-	83 (F100)	-	-
ECMA□□E	-	-	42	32	24 (F130)	10 (F180)	8 (F180)
ECMA□□G	-	31	-	-	-	-	-

( ) : motor frame size, unit is in millimeters.

When the servo motor runs with load, the allowable frequency will change according to the changes of the load inertia and rotation speed. Use the following equation to calculate the allowable frequency.

$$\text{Allowable frequency} = \frac{\text{Allowable frequency when servo motor run without load}}{m + 1} \times \left( \frac{\text{Rated speed}}{\text{Operating speed}} \right)^2 \frac{\text{times}}{\text{min.}}$$

m = load/motor inertia ratio

The users can select the adequate regenerative resistors according to the allowable frequency by referring to the table below:

Allowable Frequencies for Servo Motor Running Without Load (times/min) When Using External Regenerative Resistor							
Motor Capacity Delta External Regenerative Resistor	ECMA□□C						
	100W	200W	400W (F60)	400W (F80)	750W	1.0kW	2.0kW
	01	02	04	04	07	10	20
BR400W040 (400W 40Ω)	-	-	8608	3506	2110	925	562
BR1K0W020 (1kW 20Ω)	-	-	-	8765	5274	2312	1406
Motor Capacity Delta External Regenerative Resistor	ECMA□□E						
	0.5kW	1kW	1.5kW	2.0kW (F130)	2.0kW (F180)	3.0kW (F180)	
	05	1.0	15	20	20	30	
BR400W040 (400W 40Ω)	291	283	213	163	68	43	
BR1K0W020 (1kW 20Ω)	729	708	533	408	171	107	
Motor Capacity Delta External Regenerative Resistor	ECMA□□G						
	0.3kW		0.6kW		0.9kW		
	03		06		09		
BR400W040 (400W 40Ω)	292		283		213		
BR1K0W020 (1kW 20Ω)	729		708		533		

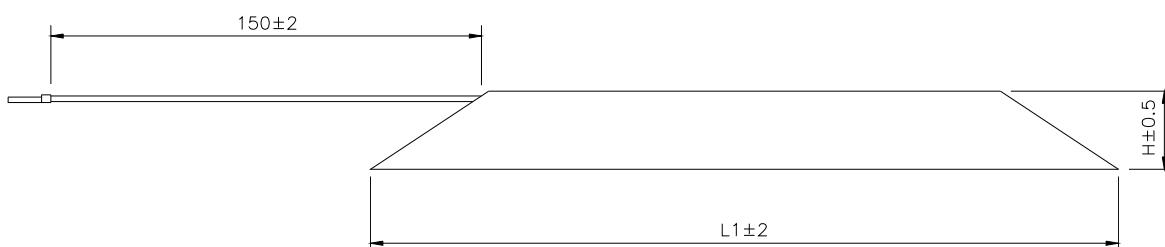
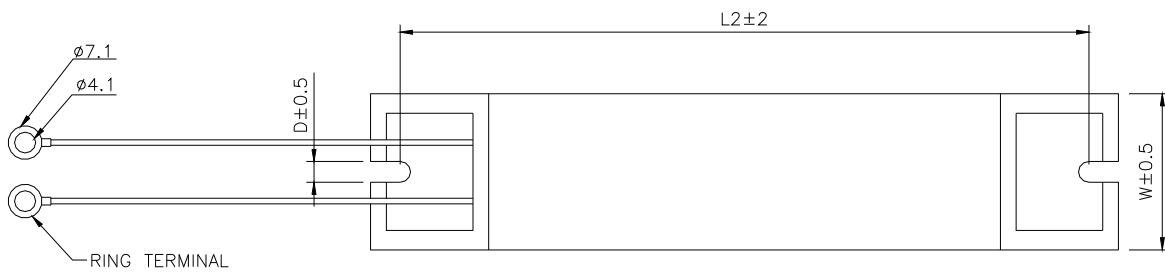
( ) : motor frame size, unit is in millimeters.

## Chapter 2 Installation and Storage | ASDA-AB Series

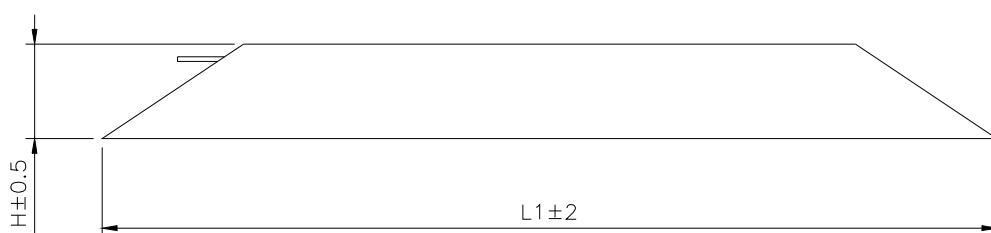
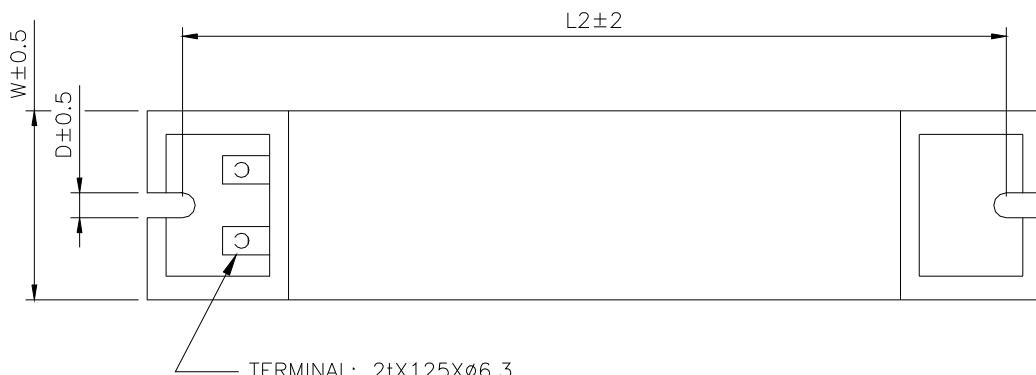
When the regenerative resistor capacity is not enough, the users can connect to multiple the same capacity regenerative resistors in parallel to increase it.

### Dimensions of Recommended Regenerative Resistor

Delta Part Number	L1	L2	H	D	W	Max. Weight (g)
BR400W040 (400W 40Ω)	265	250	30	5.3	60	930



Delta Part Number	L1	L2	H	D	W	Max. Weight (g)
BR1K0W020 (1kW 20Ω)	400	385	50	5.3	100	2800



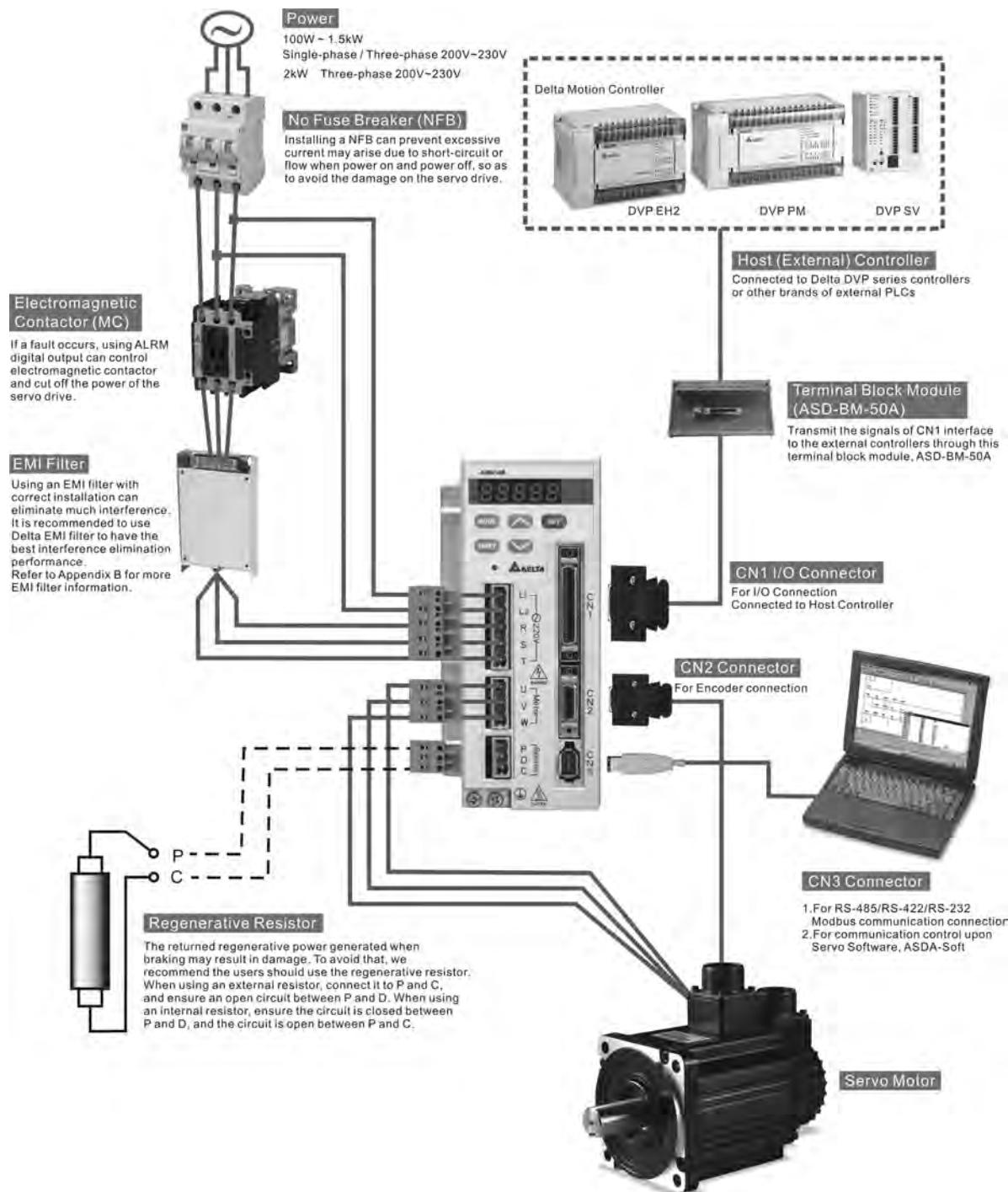
# Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring

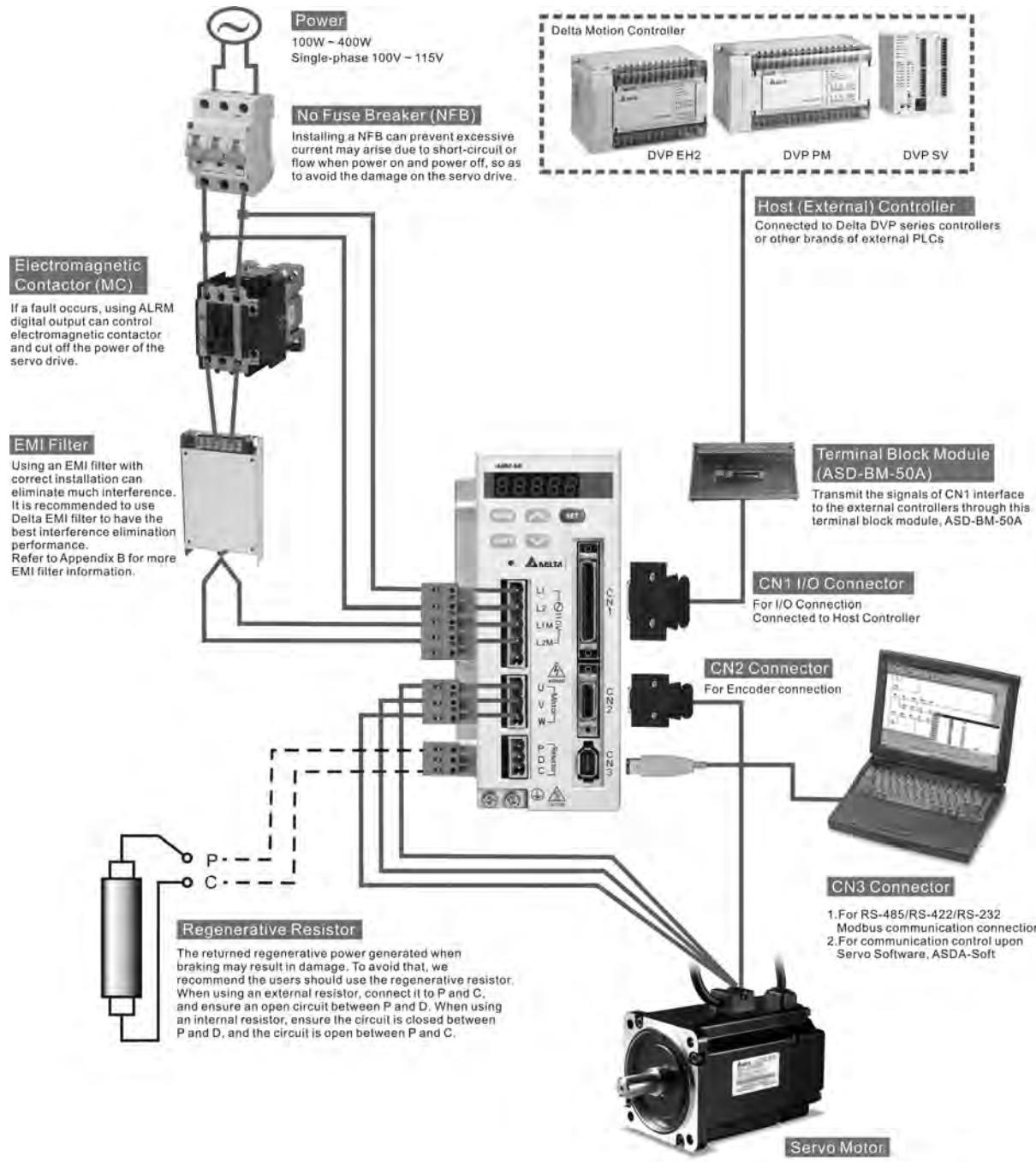
This chapter provides information on wiring ASDA-AB series products, the descriptions of I/O signals and gives typical examples of wiring diagrams.

## 3.1 Connections

### 3.1.1 Connecting to Peripheral Devices

**Figure 3.1 220V Servo Drive**



**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****Figure 3.2 110V Servo Drive**

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****3.1.2 Servo Drive Connectors and Terminals**

Terminal Identification	Terminal Description	Notes	
<b>L1, L2</b>	Control circuit terminal	Used to connect single-phase AC control circuit power. (Control circuit uses the same voltage as the main circuit.)	
<b>R, S, T (for 220V models)</b>	Main circuit terminal	Used to connect single-phase or three-phase AC main circuit power depending on connecting servo drive model. For single-phase 220V models, connect R and S terminals to power. For single-phase 110V models, connect L1M and L2M terminals to power. For three-phase models, connect all three R, S, and T terminals to power. To provide control circuit power, two jumpers can be added from R and S to L1 and L2.	
<b>L1M, L2M (for 110V models)</b>			
<b>U, V, W FG (⊕)</b>	Servo motor output	Used to connect servo motor	
		Terminal Symbol	Wire Color
		U	Red
		V	White
		W	Black
<b>P, D, C</b>	Regenerative resistor terminal	FG(⊕)	Green
		Internal resistor	Ensure the circuit is closed between P and D, and the circuit is open between P and C.
		External resistor	Connect regenerative resistor to P and C, and ensure an open circuit between P and D.
<b>⊕ two places</b>	Ground terminal	Used to connect grounding wire of power supply and servo motor.	
<b>CN1</b>	I/O connector	Used to connect external controllers. Please refer to section 3.3 for details.	
<b>CN2</b>	Encoder connector	Used to connect encoder of servo motor. Please refer to section 3.4 for details.	
		Terminal Symbol	Wire Color
		A	Black
		/A	Black/Red
		B	White
		/B	White/Red
		Z	Orange
		/Z	Orange/Red
		+5V	Brown & Brown/White
		GND	Blue & Blue/White
<b>CN3</b>	Communication connector	Used to connect PC or keypad. Please refer to section 3.5 for details.	



- 1) U, V, W, CN1, CN2, CN3 terminals provide short circuit protection.

## Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series

### Wiring Notes

Please observe the following wiring notes while performing wiring and touching any electrical connections on the servo drive or servo motor.

1. Please note that the main circuit terminals of 110V models are L1M and L2M, and there is no terminal T in 110V models. In other words, the terminal T in 220V models becomes no function in 110V models.
2. Ensure to check if the power supply and wiring of the "power" terminals (R(L1M), S(L2M), T, U, V, & W) is correct.
3. Please use shielded twisted-pair cables for wiring to prevent voltage coupling and eliminate electrical noise and interference.
4. As a residual hazardous voltage may remain inside the drive, please do not immediately touch any of the "power" terminals (R(L1M), S(L2M), T, U, V, & W) and/or the cables connected to them after the power has been turned off and the charge LED is lit. (Please refer to the Safety Precautions on page ii).
5. The cables connected to R(L1M), S(L2M), T and U, V, W terminals should be placed in separate conduits from the encoder or other signal cables. Separate them by at least 30cm (11.8 inches).
6. If the encoder cable is too short, please use a twisted-shield signal wire with grounding conductor. The wire length should be 20m (65.62ft.) or less. For lengths greater than 20m (65.62ft.), the wire gauge should be doubled in order to lessen any signal attenuation. Regarding the specifications of 20m (65.62ft.) encoder cable, please choose wire gauge AWG26, UL2464 metal braided shield twisted-pair cable.
7. As for motor cable selection, please use the 600V PTFE wire and the wire length should be less than 98.4ft. (30m). If the wiring distance is longer than 30m (98.4ft.), please choose the adequate wire size according to the voltage.
8. The shield of shielded twisted-pair cables should be connected to the SHIELD end (terminal marked  ) of the servo drive.
9. For the connectors and cables specifications, please refer to section 3.1.6 for details.

### 3.1.3 Wiring Methods

For servo drives from 100W to 1.5kW the input power can be either single or three-phase. For servo drives 2kW and above only three-phase connections are available. But, 220V single-phase models are available in 1.5kW and below only and 110V single-phase models are available in 400W and below only.

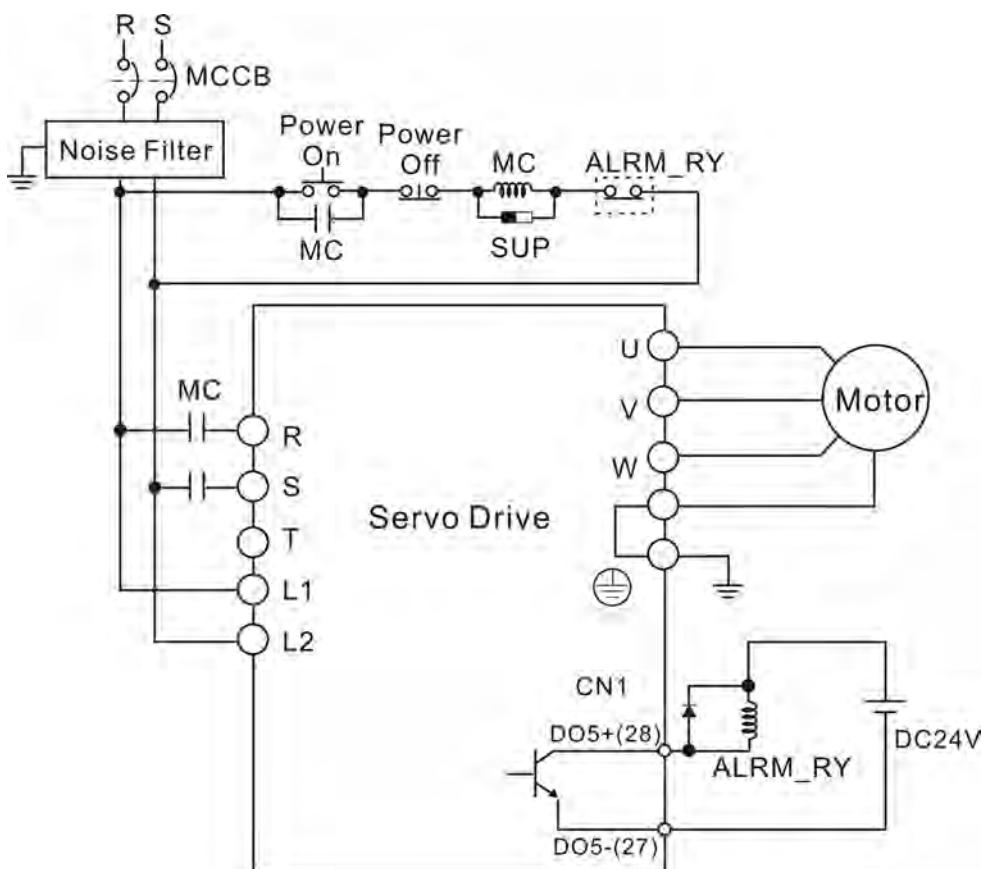
In the wiring diagram figures 3.3, 3.4 & 3.5:

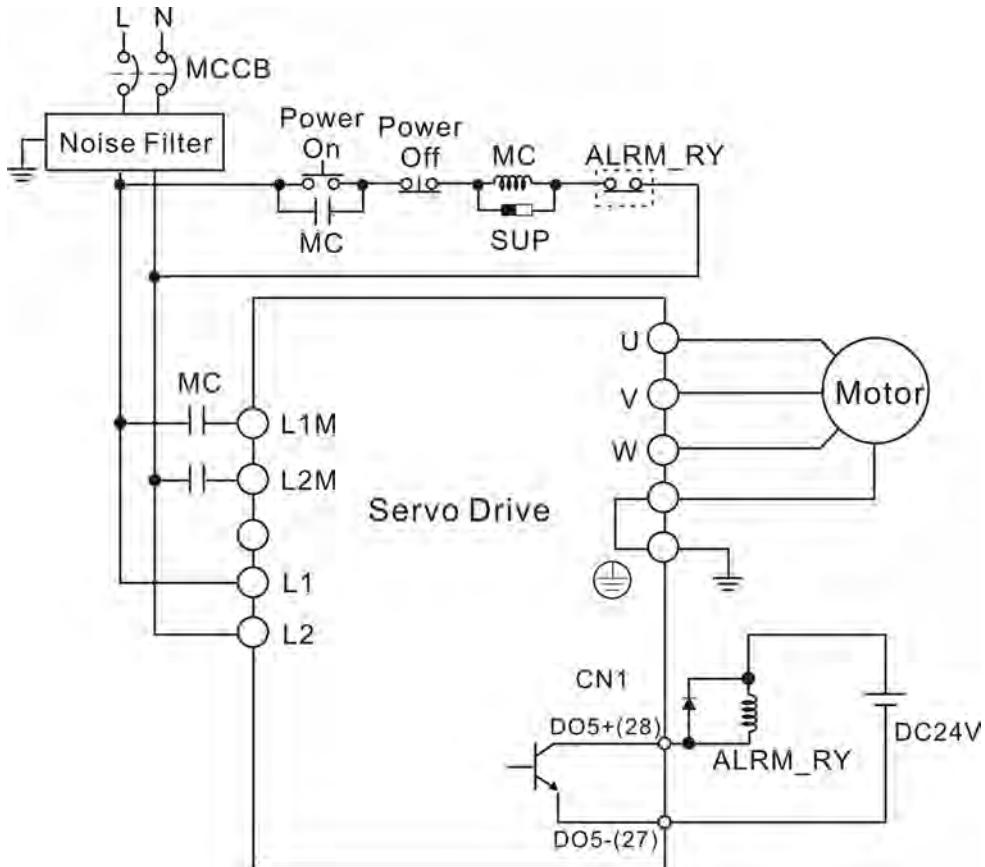
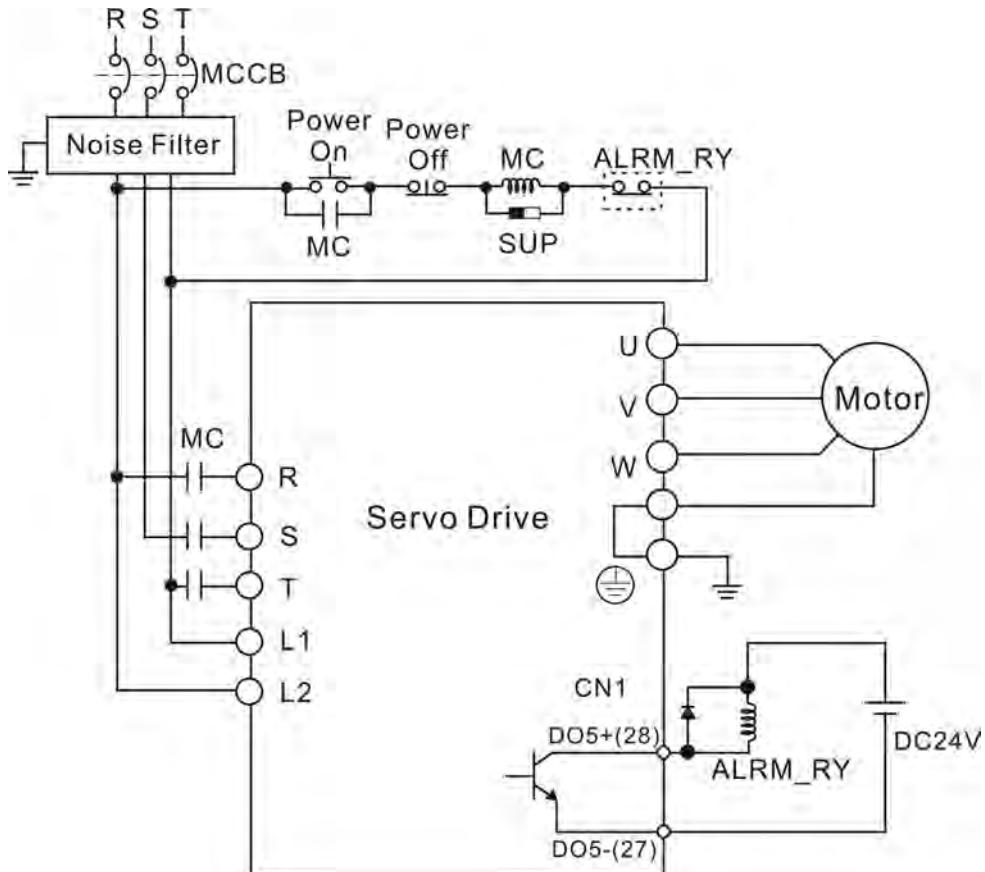
Power ON : contact "a" (normally open)

Power OFF : contact "b" (normally closed)

MC : coil of electromagnetic contactor, self-holding power, contact of main circuit power

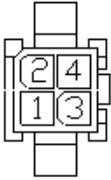
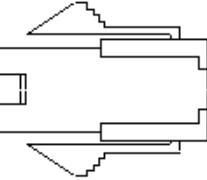
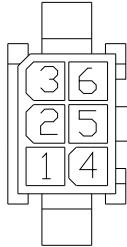
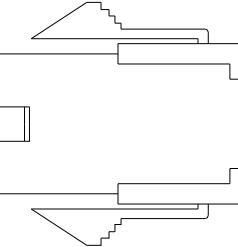
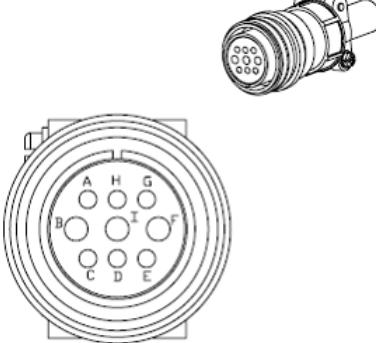
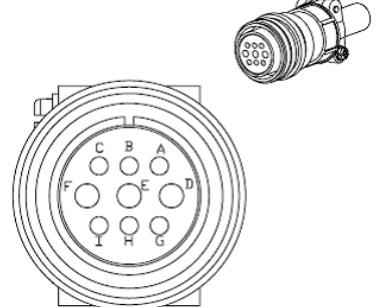
**Figure 3.3 Single-Phase Power Supply (1.5kW and below, 220V models)**



**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****Figure 3.4 Single-Phase Power Supply (400W and below, 110V models)****Figure 3.5 Three-Phase Power Supply (all 220V models)**

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****3.1.4 Motor Power Cable Connector Specifications**

The boxes (□) in the model names are for optional configurations. (Please refer to section 1.2 for model explanation.)

Motor Model Name	U, V, W / Electromagnetic Brake Connector	Terminal Identification
ECMA-C30401□S (100W) ECMA-C30602□S (200W) ECMA-C30604□S (400W) ECMA-C30804□7 (400W) ECMA-C30807□S (750W)	  HOUSING: JOWLE (C4201H00-2*2PA)	A
ECMA-C30401□S (100W) ECMA-C30602□S (200W) ECMA-C30604□S (400W) ECMA-C30804□7 (400W) ECMA-C30807□S (750W)	  HOUSING: JOWLE (C4201H00-2*3PA)	B
ECMA-G31303□S (300W) ECMA-E31305□S (500W) ECMA-G31306□S (600W) ECMA-G31309□S (900W) ECMA-C31010□S (1000W) ECMA-E31310□S (1000W) ECMA-E31315□S (1500W) ECMA-C31020□S (2000W) ECMA-E31320□S (2000W)	 3106A-20-18S	C
ECMA-E31820□S (2000W) ECMA-E31830□S (3000W)	 3106A-24-11S	D

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series**

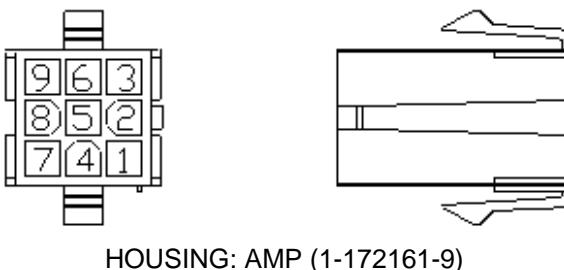
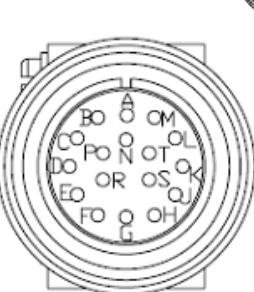
Terminal Identification	U (Red)	V (White)	W (Black)	CASE GROUND (Green)	BRAKE1 (Yellow)	BRAKE2 (Blue)
A	1	2	3	4	-	-
B	1	2	4	5	3	6
C	F	I	B	E	G	H
D	D	E	F	G	A	B

**NOTE**

- 1) The coil of brake has no polarity. The names of terminal identification are BRAKE1 (Blue) and BRAKE2 (Brown).
- 2) The power supply for brake is DC24V. Never use it for VDD, the +24V source voltage.

**3.1.5 Encoder Connector Specifications**

The boxes (□) in the model names are for optional configurations. (Please refer to section 1.2 for model explanation.)

Motor Model Name	Encoder Connector	Terminal Identification
ECMA-C30401□S (100W) ECMA-C30602□S (200W) ECMA-C30604□S (400W) ECMA-C30804□7 (400W) ECMA-C30807□S (750W)	 <p>HOUSING: AMP (1-172161-9)</p>	A
ECMA-G31303□S (300W) ECMA-E31305□S (500W) ECMA-G31306□S (600W) ECMA-G31309□S (900W) ECMA-C31010□S (1000W) ECMA-E31310□S (1000W) ECMA-E31315□S (1500W) ECMA-C31020□S (2000W) ECMA-E31320□S (2000W) ECMA-E31820□S (2000W) ECMA-E31830□S (3000W)	 <p>3106A-20-29S</p>	B

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series**

Terminal Identification AMP (1-172161-9)	A (Blue)	/A (Blue /Black)	B (Green)	/B (Green /Black)	Z (Yellow)	/Z (Yellow /Black)	+5V (Red & Red /White)	GND (Black & Black /White)	BRAID SHELD
A	1	4	2	5	3	6	7	8	9
Terminal Identification 3106A-20-29S	A (Blue)	/A (Blue /Black)	B (Green)	/B (Green /Black)	Z (Yellow)	/Z (Yellow /Black)	+5V (Red & Red /White)	GND (Black & Black /White)	BRAID SHELD
B	A	B	C	D	F	G	S	R	L

**3.1.6 Cable Specifications for Servo Drive**

The boxes (□) in the model names are for optional configurations. (Please refer to section 1.2 for model explanation.)

**Power Cable**

Servo Drive and Servo Motor		Power Cable - Wire Gauge AWG (mm <sup>2</sup> )			
		L1, L2	R, S, T	U, V, W	P, C
ASD-A0111-AB	ECMA-C30401□S	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)	0.82 (AWG18)	2.1 (AWG14)
ASD-A0121-AB					
ASD-A0211-AB	ECMA-C30602□S	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)	0.82 (AWG18)	2.1 (AWG14)
ASD-A0221-AB					
ASD-A0411-AB	ECMA-C30604□S	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)	0.82 (AWG18)	2.1 (AWG14)
ASD-A0421-AB	ECMA-C30804□7	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)	0.82 (AWG18)	2.1 (AWG14)
	ECMA-E31305□S	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)	0.82 (AWG18)	2.1 (AWG14)
	ECMA-G31303□S	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)	0.82 (AWG18)	2.1 (AWG14)
ASD-A0721-AB	ECMA-C30807□S	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)	0.82 (AWG18)	2.1 (AWG14)
	ECMA-G31306□S	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)	0.82 (AWG18)	2.1 (AWG14)
ASD-A1021-AB	ECMA-C31010□S	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)
	ECMA-E31310□S	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)
	ECMA-G31309□S	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)
ASD-A1521-AB	ECMA-E31315□S	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)
ASD-A2023-AB	ECMA-C31020□S	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)	2.1 (AWG14)	2.1 (AWG14)
	ECMA-E31320□S	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)	2.1 (AWG14)	2.1 (AWG14)
	ECMA-E31820□S	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)	3.3 (AWG12)	2.1 (AWG14)
ASD-A3023-AB	ECMA-E31830□S	1.3 (AWG16)	3.3 (AWG12)	3.3 (AWG12)	3.3 (AWG12)

***Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series*****Encoder Cable**

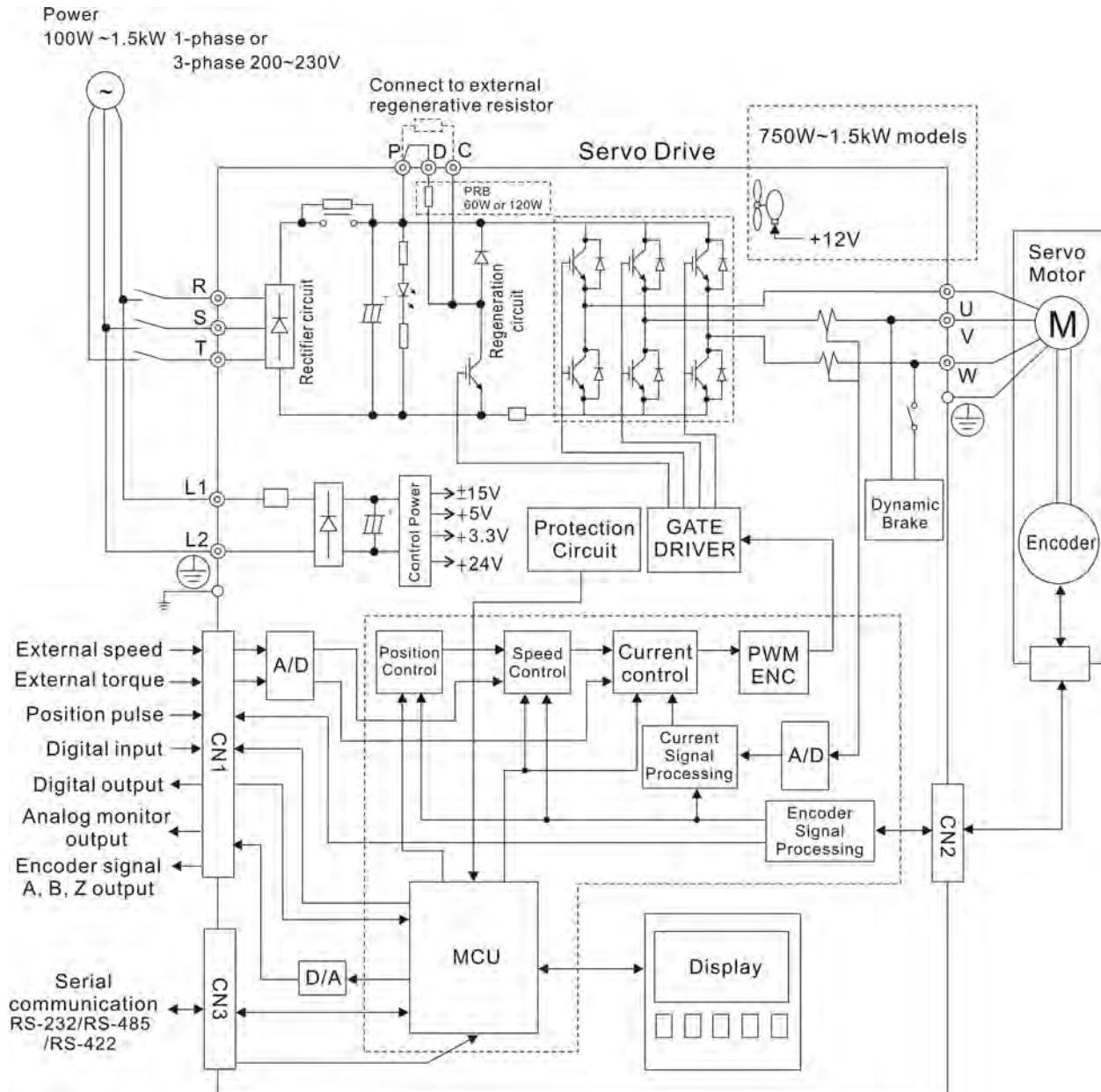
Servo Drive	Encoder Cable - Wire Gauge AWG (mm <sup>2</sup> )			
	Wire Size	Core Number	UL Rating	Standard Wire Length
ASD-A0111-AB	0.13 (AWG26)	10 core (4 pair)	UL2464	3m (9.84ft.)
ASD-A0121-AB				
ASD-A0211-AB	0.13 (AWG26)	10 core (4 pair)	UL2464	3m (9.84ft.)
ASD-A0221-AB				
ASD-A0411-AB	0.13 (AWG26)	10 core (4 pair)	UL2464	3m (9.84ft.)
ASD-A0421-AB				
ASD-A0721-AB	0.13 (AWG26)	10 core (4 pair)	UL2464	3m (9.84ft.)
ASD-A1021-AB	0.13 (AWG26)	10 core (4 pair)	UL2464	3m (9.84ft.)
ASD-A1521-AB	0.13 (AWG26)	10 core (4 pair)	UL2464	3m (9.84ft.)
ASD-A2023-AB	0.13 (AWG26)	10 core (4 pair)	UL2464	3m (9.84ft.)
ASD-A3023-AB	0.13 (AWG26)	10 core (4 pair)	UL2464	3m (9.84ft.)

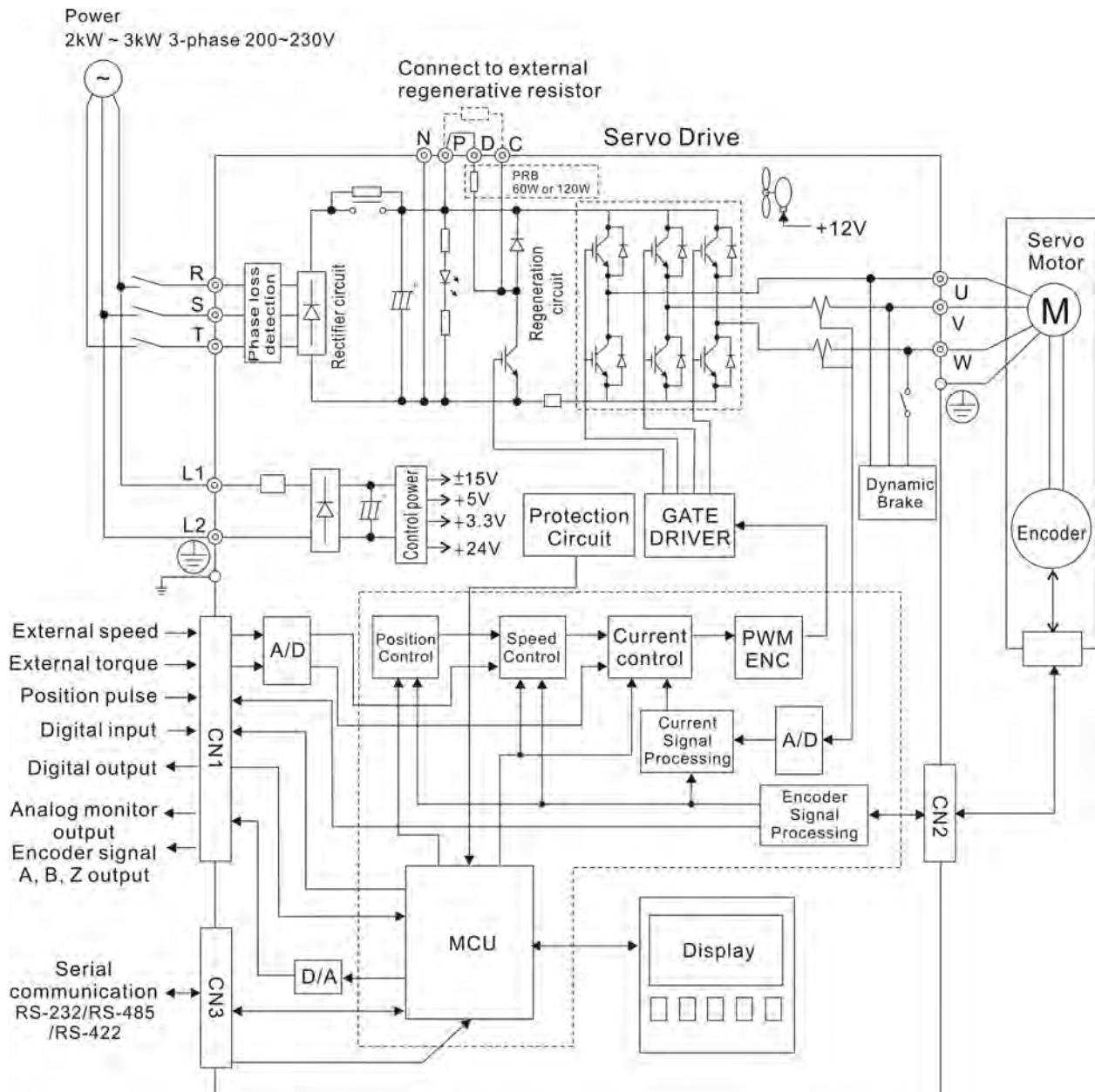
**NOTE**

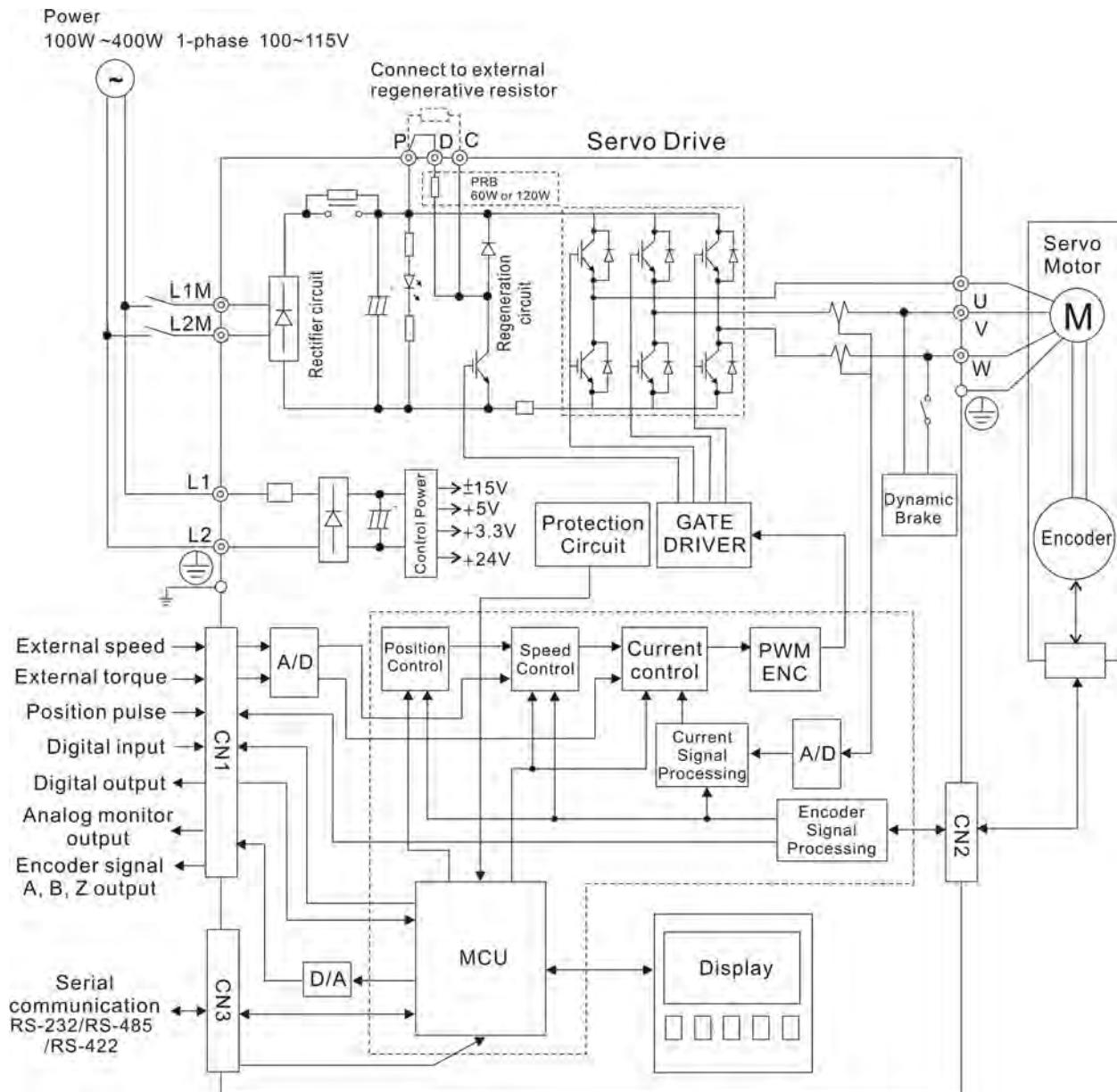
- 1) Please use shielded twisted-pair cables for wiring to prevent voltage coupling and eliminate electrical noise and interference.
- 2) The shield of shielded twisted-pair cables should be connected to the SHIELD end (terminal marked  $\oplus$ ) of the servo drive.
- 3) In order to prevent fire hazard and accidents, please form the wiring by following the cable specifications outlined above.

### 3.2 Basic Wiring

Figure 3.6 Basic Wiring Schematic of 100W ~ 1.5kW, 220V models



**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****Figure 3.7 Basic Wiring Schematic of 2kW, 220V models**

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****Figure 3.8 Basic Wiring Schematic of 100W ~ 400W, 110V models**

### Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series

## 3.3 Input / Output Interface Connector -CN1

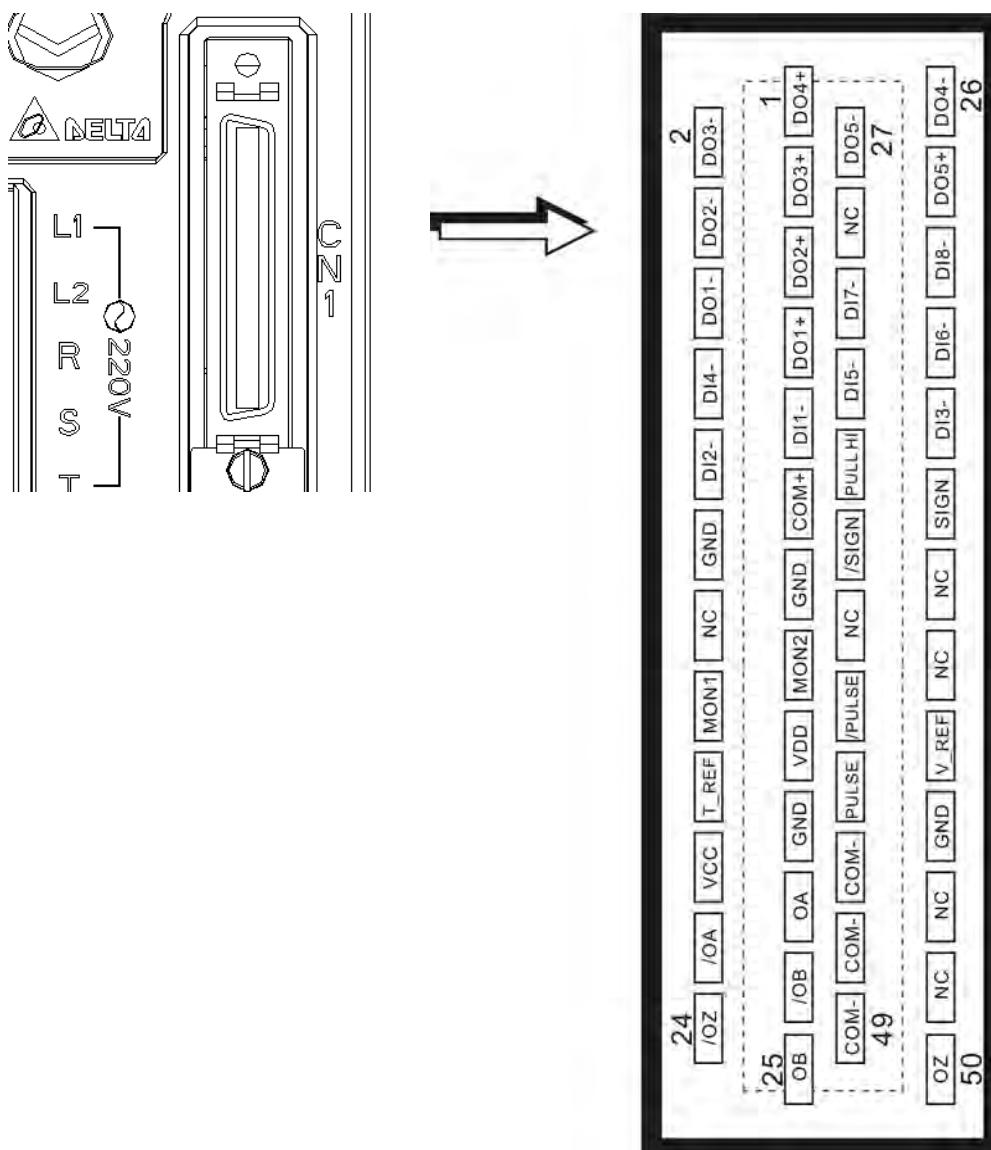
The CN1 Interface Connector provides access to three signal groups:

- i General interface for the analog speed and torque control, encoder reference signal from the motor, pulse / direction inputs, and reference voltages.
- ii 8 programmable Digital Inputs (DI), can be set via parameters P2-10 ~ P2-17
- iii 5 programmable Digital Outputs (DO), can be set via parameters P2-18 ~ P2-22

A detailed explanation of each group is available in Section 3.3.2, Tables 3.A, 3.B & 3.C.

### 3.3.1 CN1 Terminal Identification

**Figure 3.9 The Layout of CN1 Drive Connector**



**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****CN1 Terminal Signal Identification**

2	DO3-	Digital output	1	DO4+	Digital output	27	DO5-	Digital output	26	DO4-	Digital output
4	DO2-	Digital output	3	DO3+	Digital output	29	NC	No Connection	28	DO5+	Digital output
6	DO1-	Digital output	5	DO2+	Digital output	31	DI7-	Digital input	30	DI8-	Digital input
8	DI4-	Digital input	7	DO1+	Digital output	33	DI5-	Digital input	32	DI6-	Digital input
10	DI2-	Digital input	9	DI1-	Digital input	35	PULL HI	Pulse applied power	34	DI3-	Digital input
12	GND	Analog input signal ground	11	COM+	Power input (12~24V)	37	/SIGN	Position sign (-)	36	SIGN	Position sign (+)
14	NC	No Connection	13	GND	Analog input signal ground	39	NC	No Connection	38	NC	No Connection
16	MON1	Analog monitor output 1	15	MON2	Analog monitor output 2	41	/PULSE	Pulse input (-)	40	NC	No Connection
18	T_REF	Analog torque Input	17	VDD	+24V power output (for external I/O)	43	PULSE	Pulse input (+)	42	V_REF	Analog speed input (+)
20	VCC	+12V power output (for analog command)	19	GND	Analog input signal ground	45	COM-	VDD(24V) power ground	44	GND	Analog input signal ground
22	/OA	Encoder /A pulse output	21	OA	Encoder A pulse output	47	COM-	VDD(24V) power ground	46	NC	No Connection
24	/OZ	Encoder /Z pulse output	23	/OB	Encoder /B pulse output	49	COM-	VDD(24V) power ground	48	OCZ	Encoder Z pulse Open-collector output
			25	OB	Encoder B pulse output				50	OZ	Encoder Z pulse Line-driver output



- 1) The terminals marked "NC" must be left unconnected (No Connection). The NC terminals are used within the servo drive. Any outside connection to the NC terminals will result in damage to the drive and void the warranty!

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****3.3.2 Signals Explanation of Connector CN1**

The Tables 3.A, 3.B, & 3.C detail the three groups of signals of the CN1 interface. Table 3.A details the general signals. Table 3.B details the Digital Output (DO) signals and Table 3.C details the Digital Input (DI) signals. The General Signals are set by the factory and can not be changed, reprogrammed or adjusted. Both the Digital Input and Digital Output signals can be programmed by the users.

**Table 3.A General Signals**

Signal		Pin No	Details	Wiring Diagram (Refer to 3-3-3)
Analog Signal Input	V_REF	42	Motor speed command: -10V to +10V, corresponds to the maximum speed programmed P1-55 Maximum Speed Limit (Factory default 3000 RPM).	C1
	T_REF	18	Motor torque command: -10V to +10V, corresponds to -100% to +100% rated torque command.	C1
Analog Monitor Output	MON1	16	The MON1 and MON2 can be assigned drive and motor parameters that can be monitored via an analogue voltage.	C2
	MON2	15	Please reference parameter P0-03 for monitoring commands and P1-04 / P1-05 for scaling factors. Output voltage is reference to the power ground.	
Position Pulse Input	PULSE /PULSE	43	The drive can accept two different types of pulse inputs: Open Collector and Line Driver.	C3/C4
	SIGN /SIGN	41 36 37	Three different pulse commands can be selected via parameter P1-00. Quadrature , CW + CCW pulse & Pulse / Direction.	
	PULL HI	35	Should an Open Collector type of pulse be used this terminal must be lulled high to pin 17.	C3
Position Pulse Output	OA /OA	21 22	The motor encoder signals are available through these terminals. The encoder output pulse count can be set via parameter P1-46.	C11/C12
	OB /OB	25 23		
	OZ /OZ	50 24		
Power	VDD	17	VDD is the +24V source voltage provided by the drive. Maximum permissible current 500mA.	-
	COM+ COM-	11 45 47 49	COM+ is the common voltage rail of the Digital Input and Digital Output signals. Connect VDD to COM+ for source mode. For external applied power sink mode (+12V to +24V), the positive terminal should be connected to COM+ and the negative to COM-.	
Power	VCC	20	VCC is a +12V power rail provided by the drive. It can be used for the input on an analog speed or torque command. Maximum permissible current 100mA.	-
	GND	12,13, 19,44	The polarity of VCC is with respect to Ground (GND).	

***Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series***

Signal		Pin No	Details	Wiring Diagram (Refer to 3-3-3)
Other	NC	14,29, 38,39, 40,46, 48	See previous note for NC terminals CN1 connector on page 3-11.	-

The Digital Input (DI) and Digital Output (DO) have factory default settings which correspond to the various servo drive control modes. (See section 1.5). However, both the DI's and DO's can be programmed independently to meet the requirements of the users.

Detailed in Tables 3.B and 3.C are the DO and DI functions with their corresponding signal name and wiring schematic. The factory default settings of the DI and DO signals are detailed in Table 3.G and 3.H.

All of the DI's and DO's and their corresponding pin numbers are factory set and non-changeable, however, all of the assigned signals and control modes are user changeable. For Example, the factory default setting of DO5 (pins 28/27) can be assigned to DO1 (pins 7/6) and vice versa.

The following Tables 3.B and 3.C detail the functions, applicable operational modes, signal name and relevant wiring schematic of the default DI and DO signals.

**Table 3.B DO Signals**

DO Signal	DO Code	Assigned Control Mode	Pin No. (Default)		Details (*1)	Wiring Diagram (Refer to 3-3-3)
			+	-		
SRDY	01	ALL	7	6	SRDY is activated when the servo drive is ready to run. All fault and alarm conditions, if present, have been cleared.	C5/C6/C7/C8
SON	02	Not assigned	-	-	SON is activated when control power is applied to the servo drive. The drive may or may not be ready to run as a fault / alarm condition may exist. Servo ON (SON) is "ON" with control power applied to the servo drive, there may be a fault condition or not. The servo is not ready to run. Servo ready (SRDY) is "ON" where the servo is ready to run, NO fault / alarm exists. (P2-51 should turn servo ready SRDY off / on)	
ZSPD	03	ALL	5	4	ZSPD is activated when the drive senses the motor is equal to or below the Zero Speed Range setting as defined in parameter P1-38. For Example, at factory default ZSPD will be activated when the drive detects the motor rotating at speed at or below 10 rpm. ZSPD will remain activated until the motor speed increases above 10 RPM.	

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series**

DO Signal	DO Code	Assigned Control Mode	Pin No. (Default)		Details <sup>(*)1</sup>	Wiring Diagram (Refer to 3-3-3)
			+	-		
TSPD	04	ALL	3	2	TSPD is activated once the drive has detected the motor has reached the Target Rotation Speed setting as defined in parameter P1-39. TSPD will remain activated until the motor speed drops below the Target Rotation Speed.	C5/C6/C7/C8
TPOS	05	Pt, Pr, Pt-S, Pt-T, Pr-S, Pr-T	1	26	1. When the drive is in Pt mode, TPOS will be activated when the position error is equal and below the setting value of P1-54. 2. When the drive is in Pr mode, TPOS will be activated when the drive detects that the position of the motor is in a -P1-54 to +P1-54 band of the target position. For Example, at factory default TPOS will activate once the motor is in -99 pulses range of the target position, then deactivate after it reaches +99 pulses range of the desired position.	
TQL	06	Not assigned	-	-	TQL is activated when the drive has detected that the motor has reached the torques limits set by either the parameters P1-12 ~ P1-14 or via an external analog voltage.	
ALRM	07	ALL	28	27	ALRM is activated when the drive has detected a fault condition. (However, when Reverse limit error, Forward limit error, Emergency stop, Serial communication error, and Undervoltage these fault occur, WARN is activated first.)	
BRKR	08	ALL	1	26	BRKR is activated actuation of motor brake.	
HOME	09	Pt, Pr	3	2	HOME is activated when the servo drive has detected that the "HOME" sensor (Digital Input 24) has been detected and the home conditions set in parameters P1-47, P1-50, and P1-51 have been satisfied.	
OLW	10	ALL	-	-	OLW is activated when the servo drive has detected that the motor has reached the output overload level set by the parameter P1-56.	
WARN	11	ALL	-	-	Servo warning output. WARN is activated when the drive has detected Reverse limit error, Forward limit error, Emergency stop, Serial communication error, and Undervoltage these fault conditions.	
CMDOK	12	ALL	-	-	Internal position command completed output. CMDOK is activated when the servo drive has detected that the internal position command has been completed or stopped after the delay time which is set by the parameter P1-62 has elapsed.	

**Footnote \*1:** The "state" of the output function may be turned ON or OFF as it will be dependant on the settings of P2-18~P2-22.

***Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series***

- 1) PINS 3 & 2 can either be TSPD or HOME dependent upon control mode selected.
- 2) PINS 1 & 26 are different depending on control mode either BRKR or TPOS.

**Table 3.C DI Signals**

DI Signal	DI Code	Assigned Control Mode	Pin No. (Default)	Details <sup>(*)</sup>	Wiring Diagram (Refer to 3-3-3)
SON	01	ALL	9	Servo On. Switch servo to "Servo Ready". Check parameter P2-51.	C9/C10
ARST	02	ALL	33	A number of Faults (Alarms) can be cleared by activating ARST. Please see table 10-3 for applicable faults that can be cleared with the ARST command. However, please investigate Fault or Alarm if it does not clear or the fault description warrants closer inspection of the drive system.	
GAINUP	03	ALL	-	Gain switching	
CCLR	04	Pt	10	When CCLR is activated the setting is parameter P2-50 Pulse Clear Mode is executed.	
ZCLAMP	05	ALL	-	When this signal is On and the motor speed value is lower than the setting value of P1-38, it is used to lock the motor in the instant position while ZCLAMP is On.	
CMDINV	06	Pr, T, S	-	When this signal is On, the motor is in reverse rotation.	
HOLD	07	Not assigned		Internal position control command pause	
CTRG	08	Pr, Pr-S, Pr-T	10	When the drive is in Pr mode and CTRG is activated, the drive will command the motor to move the stored position which correspond the POS 0, POS 1, POS 2 settings. Activation is triggered on the rising edge of the pulse.	
TRQLM	09	S, Sz	10	ON indicates the torque limit command is valid.	
SPDLM	10	T, Tz	10	ON indicates the speed limit command is valid.	
POS0	11	Pr	34	When the Pr Control Mode is selected the 8 stored positions are programmed via a combination of the POS 0, POS 1, and POS 2 commands. See table 3.D.	
POS1	12	Pr-S, Pr-T	8		
POS2	13	-	-		
SPD0	14	S, Sz, Pt-S, Pr-S, S-T	34	Select the source of speed command:	
SPD1	15		8	See table 3.E.	

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series**

DI Signal	DI Code	Assigned Control Mode	Pin No. (Default)	Details <sup>(*)</sup>	Wiring Diagram (Refer to 3-3-3)
TCM0	16	Pt, T, Tz, Pt-T, Pr-T, S-T	34	Select the source of torque command: See table 3.F.	
TCM1	17		8		
S-P	18	Pt-S, Pr-S	31	Speed / Position mode switching OFF: Speed, ON: Position	
S-T	19	S-T	31	Speed / Torque mode switching OFF: Speed, ON: Torque	
T-P	20	Pt-T, Pr-T	31	Torque / Position mode switching OFF: Torque, ON: Position	
EMGS	21	ALL	30	It should be contact "b" and normally ON or a fault (ALE13) will display.	
CWL	22	Pt, Pr, S, T Sz, Tz	32	Reverse inhibit limit. It should be contact "b" and normally ON or a fault (ALE14) will display.	
CCWL	23	Pt, Pr, S, T Sz, Tz	31	Forward inhibit limit. It should be contact "b" and normally ON or a fault (ALE15) will display.	
ORGP	24	Not assigned	-	When ORGP is activated, the drive will command the motor to start to search the reference "Home" sensor.	
TLLM	25	Not assigned	-	Reverse operation torque limit (Torque limit function is valid only when P1-02 is enabled)	
TRLM	26	Not assigned	-	Forward operation torque limit (Torque limit function is valid only when P1-02 is enabled)	
SHOM	27	Not assigned	-	When SHOM is activated, the drive will command the motor to move to "Home".	
INDEX0	28	Not assigned	-	Feed step selection input 0 (bit 0)	
INDEX1	29	Not assigned	-	Feed step selection input 1 (bit 1)	
INDEX2	30	Not assigned	-	Feed step selection input 2 (bit 2)	
INDEX3	31	Not assigned	-	Feed step selection input 3 (bit 3)	
INDEX4	32	Not assigned	-	Feed step selection input 4 (bit 4)	
MD0	33	Not assigned	-	Feed step mode input 0 (bit 0)	
MD1	34	Not assigned	-	Feed step mode input 1 (bit 1)	
MDP0	35	Not assigned	-	Manually continuous operation	
MDP1	36	Not assigned	-	Manually single step operation	

C9/C10

***Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series***

DI Signal	DI Code	Assigned Control Mode	Pin No. (Default)	Details <sup>(*)2</sup>	Wiring Diagram (Refer to 3-3-3)
JOGU	37	Not assigned	-	Forward JOG input. When JOGU is activated, the motor will JOG in forward direction. [see P4-05]	C9/C10
JOGD	38	Not assigned	-	Reverse JOG input. When JOGD is activated, the motor will JOG in reverse direction. [see P4-05]	
STEPU	39	Not assigned	-	Step up input. When STEPUP is activated, the motor will run to next position.	
STEPD	40	Not assigned	-	Step down input. When STEPD is activated, the motor will run to previous position.	
STEPB	41	Not assigned	-	Step back input. When STEPB is activated, the motor will return to first position.	
AUTOR	42	Not assigned	-	Auto run input. When AUTOR is activated, the motor will run automatically according to internal position command. For time interval setting, please see P2-52 to P2-59.	
GNUM0	43	Not assigned	-	Electronic gear ratio (Numerator) selection 0 [See P2-60~P2-62]	
GNUM1	44	Not assigned	-	Electronic gear ratio (Numerator) selection 1 [See P2-60~P2-62]	
INHP	45	Not assigned	-	Pulse inhibit input. When the drive is in position mode, if INHP is activated, the external pulse input command is not valid.	

**Footnote \*2:** The "state" of the input function may be turned ON or OFF as it will be dependant on the settings of P2-10~P2-17.

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****Table 3.D Source of Position Command**

POS2	POS1	POS0	Parameter
OFF	OFF	OFF	P1-15, P1-16
OFF	OFF	ON	P1-17, P1-18
OFF	ON	OFF	P1-19, P1-20
OFF	ON	ON	P1-21, P1-22
ON	OFF	OFF	P1-23, P1-24
ON	OFF	ON	P1-25, P1-26
ON	ON	OFF	P1-27, P1-28
ON	ON	ON	P1-29, P1-30

**Table 3.E Source of Speed Command**

SPD1	SPD0	Parameter
OFF	OFF	S mode: analog input Sz mode: 0
OFF	ON	P1-09
ON	OFF	P1-10
ON	ON	P1-11

**Table 3.F Source of Torque Command**

TCM1	TCM0	Parameter
OFF	OFF	T mode: analog input Tz mode: 0
OFF	ON	P1-12
ON	OFF	P1-13
ON	ON	P1-14

The default DI and DO signals in different control mode are listed in the following table 3.G and table 3.H. Although the content of the table 3.G and table 3.H do not provide more information than the table 3.B and table 3.C above, as each control mode is separated and listed in different row, it is easy for user to view and can avoid confusion. However, the Pin number of each signal can not be displayed in the table 3.G and table 3.H.

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****Table 3.G Default DI signals and Control modes**

Signal	DI Code	Function	Pt	Pr	S	T	Sz	Tz	Pt-S	Pt-T	Pr-S	Pr-T	S-T
SON	01	Servo On	DI1	DI1	DI1	DI1	DI1						
ARST	02	Reset	DI5	DI5	DI5	DI5	DI5	DI5					
GAINUP	03	Gain switching in speed and position mode											
CCLR	04	Pulse clear (see P2-50)	DI2						DI2	DI2			
ZCLAMP	05	Low speed CLAMP											
CMDINV	06	Command input reverse control											
HOLD	07	Internal position control command pause											
CTRG	08	Command triggered (available in P mode only)		DI2							DI2	DI2	
TRQLM	09	Torque limit enabled			DI2		DI2						
SPDLM	10	Speed limit enabled				DI2		DI2					
POS0	11	Position command selection (1~8)		DI3							DI3	DI3	
POS1	12	Position command selection (1~8)		DI4							DI4	DI4	
POS2	13	Position command selection (1~8)											
SPD0	14	Speed command selection (1~4)			DI3		DI3		DI3		DI5		DI3
SPD1	15	Speed command selection (1~4)			DI4		DI4		DI4		DI6		DI4
TCM0	16	Torque command selection (1~4)	DI3			DI3		DI3		DI3		DI5	DI5
TCM1	17	Torque command selection (1~4)	DI4			DI4		DI4		DI4		DI6	DI6
S-P	18	Position / Speed mode switching (OFF: Speed, ON: Position)							DI7		DI7		
S-T	19	Speed / Torque mode switching (OFF: Speed, ON: Torque)										DI7	
T-P	20	Torque / Position mode switching (OFF: Torque, ON: Position)								DI7		DI7	
EMGS	21	Emergency stop (contact b)	DI8	DI8	DI8	DI8	DI8						
CWL	22	Reverse inhibit limit (contact b)	DI6	DI6	DI6	DI6	DI6	DI6					
CCWL	23	Forward inhibit limit (contact b)	DI7	DI7	DI7	DI7	DI7	DI7					

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series**

Signal	DI Code	Function	Pt	Pr	S	T	Sz	Tz	Pt-S	Pt-T	Pr-S	Pr-T	S-T
ORGP	24	Reference "Home" sensor											
TLLM	25	Reverse operation torque limit (torque limit function is valid only when P1-02 is enabled)											
TRLM	26	Forward operation torque limit (torque limit function is valid only when P1-02 is enabled)											
SHOM	27	Move to "Home"											
INDEX0	28	Feed step selection input 0 (bit 0)											
INDEX1	29	Feed step selection input 1 (bit 1)											
INDEX2	30	Feed step selection input 2 (bit 2)											
INDEX3	31	Feed step selection input 3 (bit 3)											
INDEX4	32	Feed step selection input 4 (bit 4)											
MD0	33	Feed step mode input 0											
MD1	34	Feed step mode input 1											
MDP0	35	Manually continuous operation											
MDP1	36	Manually single step operation											
JOGU	37	Forward JOG input											
JOGD	38	Reverse JOG input											
STEPU	39	Step up input (available in Pr mode only)											
STEPD	40	Step down input (available in Pr mode only)											
STEPB	41	Step back input. (available in internal auto running mode only)											
AUTOR	42	Auto run input											
GNUM0	43	Electronic gear ratio (Numerator) selection 0 [see P2-60~P2-62]											
GNUM1	44	Electronic gear ratio (Numerator) selection 1 [see P2-60~P2-62]											
INHP	45	Pulse inhibit input											

***Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series***

- 1) For Pin numbers of DI1~DI8 signals, please refer to section 3.3.1.

**Table 3.H Default DO signals and Control modes**

Signal	DO Code	Function	Pt	Pr	S	T	Sz	Tz	Pt-S	Pt-T	Pr-S	Pr-T	S-T
SRDY	01	Servo ready	DO1	DO1	DO1	DO1	DO1						
SON	02	Servo On											
ZSPD	03	Zero speed	DO2	DO2	DO2	DO2	DO2						
TSPD	04	Speed reached			DO3	DO3	DO3	DO3	DO3	DO3	DO3	DO3	DO3
TPOS	05	Positioning completed	DO4	DO4					DO4	DO4	DO4	DO4	DO4
TQL	06	Reached torques limits											
ALRM	07	Servo alarm output (Servo fault)	DO5	DO5	DO5	DO5	DO5						
BRKR	08	Electromagnetic brake			DO4	DO4	DO4	DO4					
HOME	09	Home completed	DO3	DO3									
OLW	10	Output overload warning											
WARN	11	Servo warning output											



- 1) For Pin numbers of DO1~DO5 signals, please refer to section 3.3.1.

### Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series

#### 3.3.3 User-defined DI and DO signals

If the default DI and DO signals could not be able to fulfill users' requirements, there are still user-defined DI and DO signals. The setting method is easy and they are all defined via parameters. The user-defined DI and DO signals are defined via parameters P2-10 to P2-17 and P2-18 to P2-22.

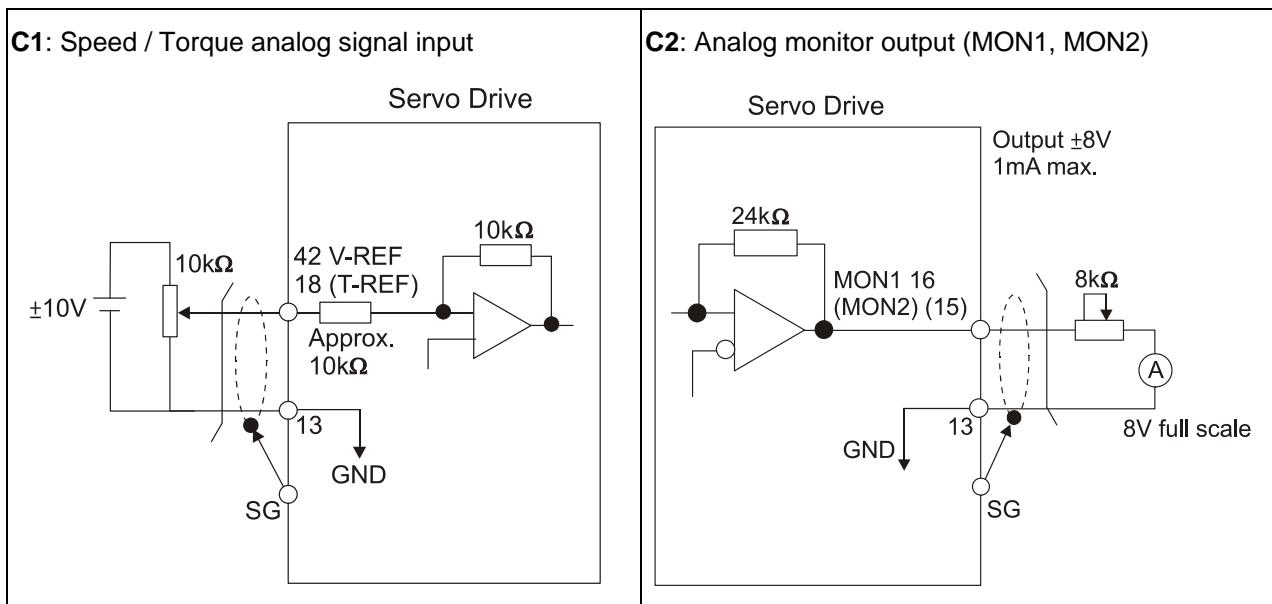
Please refer to the following Table 3.I for the settings.

**Table 3.I User-defined DI and DO signals**

Signal Name		Pin No.	Parameter	Signal Name		Pin No.	Parameter
DI	DI1-	9	P2-10	DO	DO1+	7	P2-18
	DI2-	10	P2-11		DO1-	6	
	DI3-	34	P2-12		DO2+	5	P2-19
	DI4-	8	P2-13		DO2-	4	
	DI5-	33	P2-14		DO3+	3	P2-20
	DI6-	32	P2-15		DO3-	2	
	DI7-	31	P2-16		DO4+	1	P2-21
	DI8-	30	P2-17		DO4-	26	
				DO	DO5+	28	P2-22
					DO5-	27	

#### 3.3.4 Wiring Diagrams of I/O Signals (CN1)

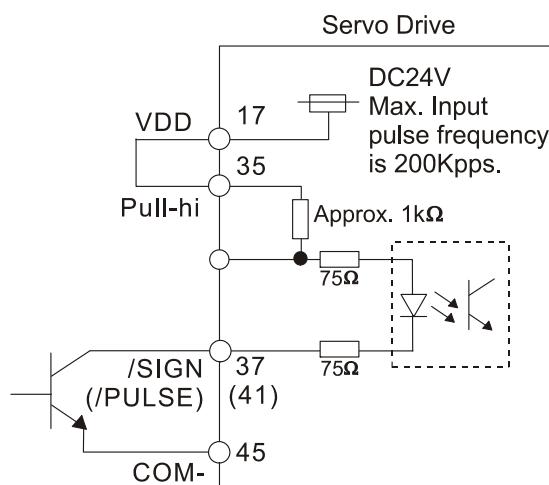
The valid voltage range of analog input command in speed and torque mode is -10V ~+10V. The command value can be set via relevant parameters.



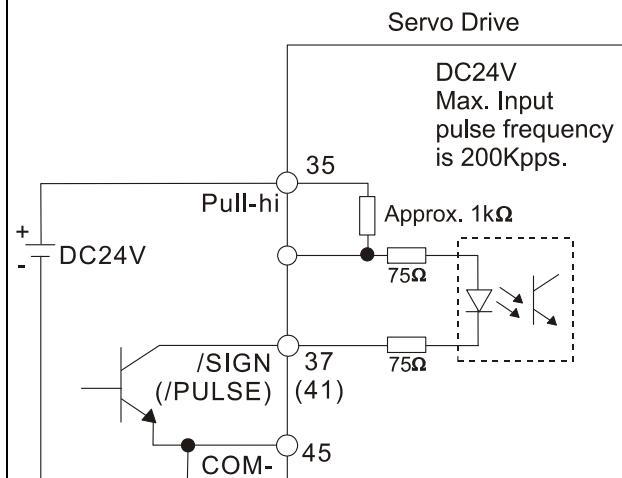
**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series**

There are two kinds of pulse inputs, Line driver input and Open-collector input. Max. input pulse frequency of Line driver input is 500kpps and max. input pulse frequency of Open-collector input is 200kpps.

**C3-1:** Pulse input, for the use of internal power supply (Open-collector input)

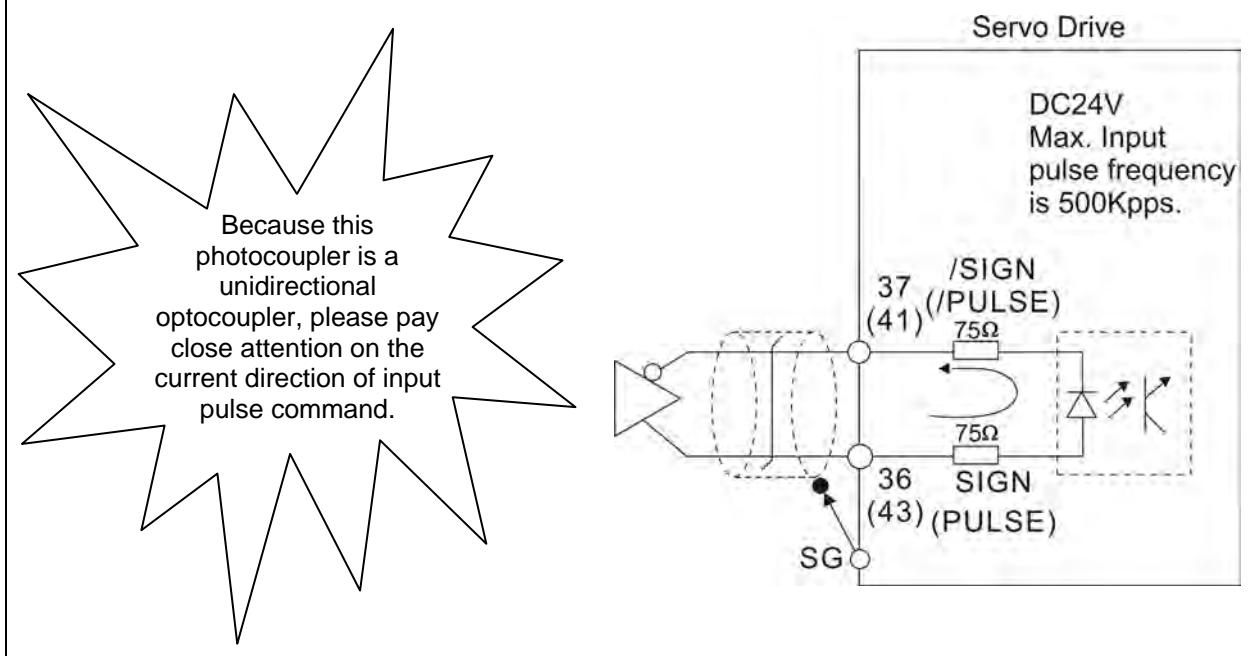


**C3-2:** Pulse input, for the use of external power supply (Open-collector input)



➤ **Caution:** Do not use dual power supply. Failure to observe this caution may result in damage to the servo drive and servo motor.

**C4:** Pulse input (Line driver)

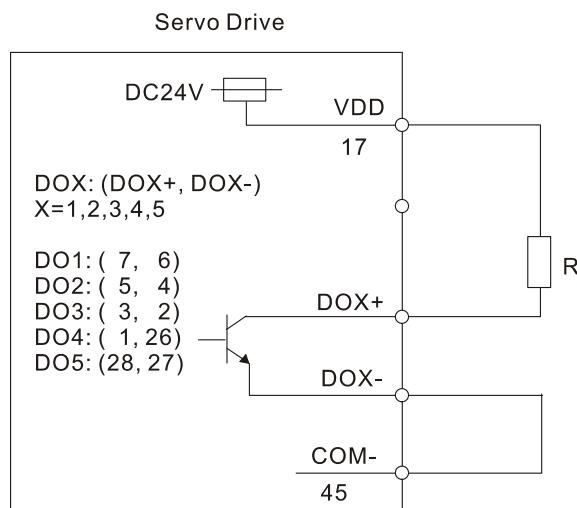


**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series**

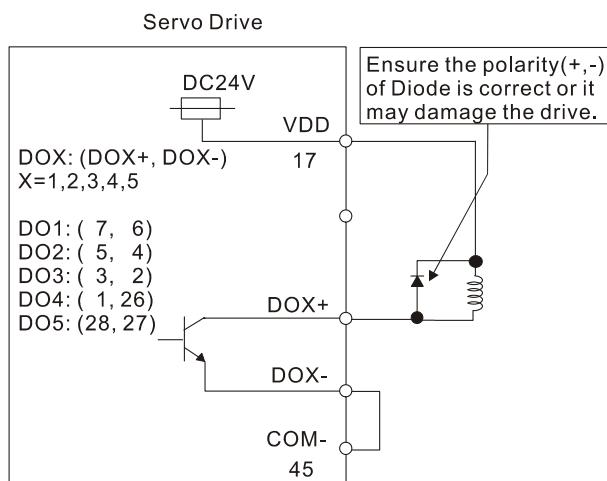
Be sure to connect a diode when the drive is applied to inductive load.

(Permissible current: 40mA, Instantaneous peak current: max. 100mA)

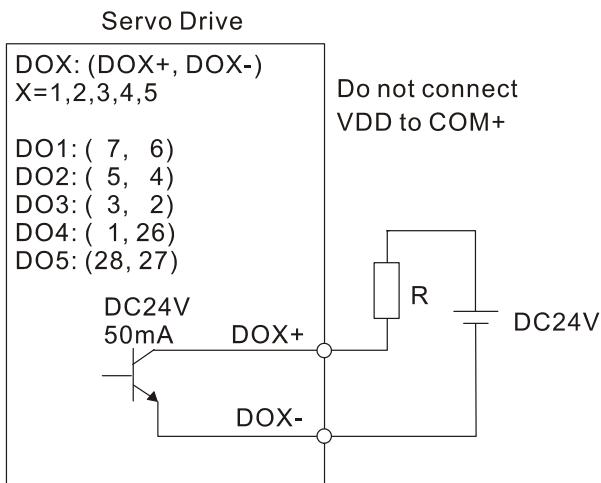
**C5:** Wiring of DO signal, for the use of internal power supply, general load



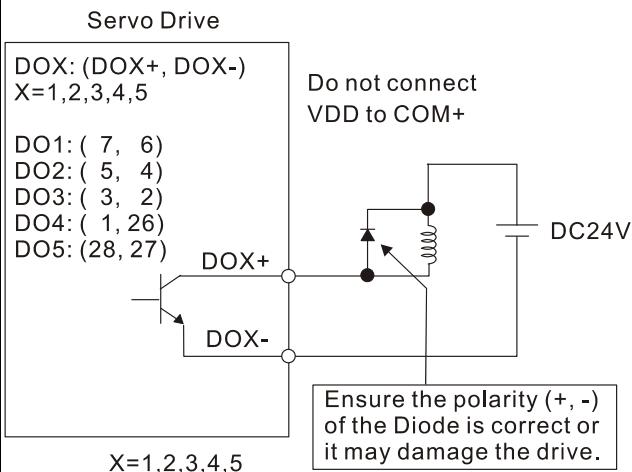
**C6:** Wiring of DO signal, for the use of internal power supply, inductive load



**C7:** Wiring of DO signal, for the use of external power supply, general load



**C8:** Wiring of DO signal, for the use of external power supply, inductive load



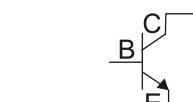
**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series**

Use a relay or open-collector transistor to input signal.

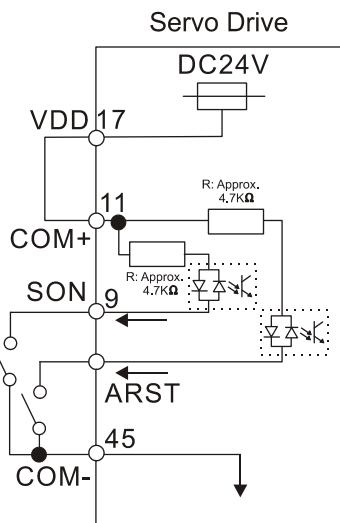
NPN transistor with multiple emitter fingers (SINK Mode)

**C9:** Wiring of DI signal, for the use of internal power supply

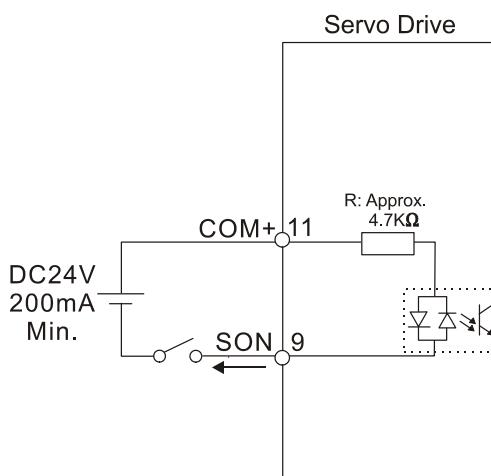
Approx. 5mA  
for a transistor



$V_{ces} \leq 1.0V$   
 $I_{ceo} \leq 100\mu A$



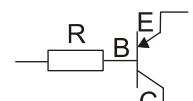
**C10:** Wiring of DI signal, for the use of external power supply



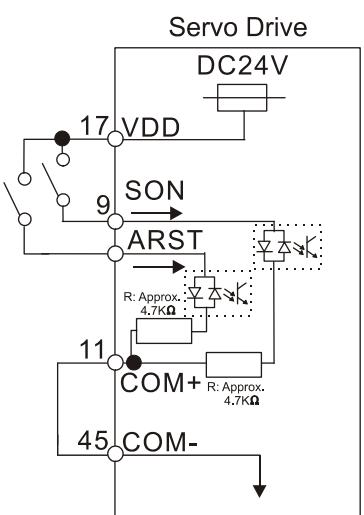
PNP transistor with multiple emitter fingers (SOURCE Mode)

**C11:** Wiring of DI signal, for the use of internal power supply

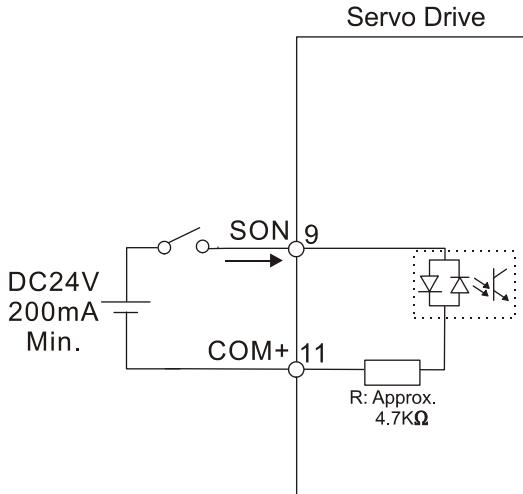
Approx. 5mA  
for a transistor



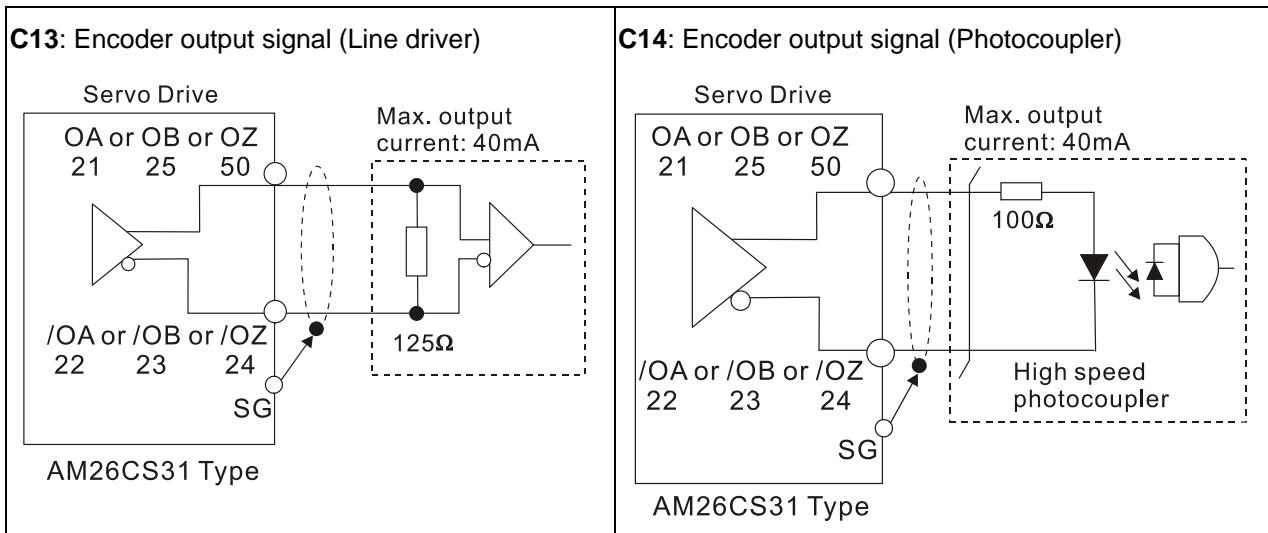
$V_{ces} \leq 1.0V$   
 $I_{ceo} \leq 100\mu A$



**C12:** Wiring of DI signal, for the use of external power supply



➤ *Caution: Do not use dual power supply. Failure to observe this caution may result in damage to the servo drive and servo motor.*

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series**

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****3.4 Encoder Connector CN2**

Integrated within the servo motor is an incremental encoder with 2,500PPR and commutation signal.

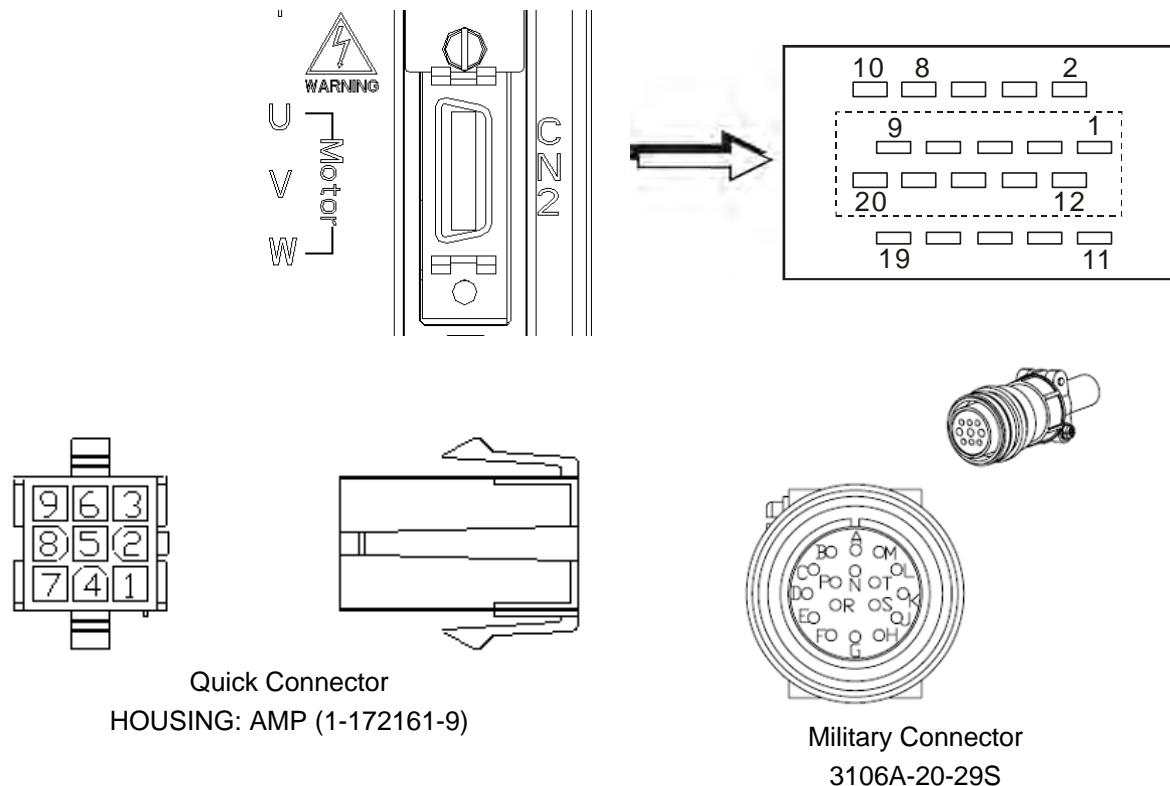
When power is first applied to the servo drive, control algorithms detect the motor's rotor position through imbedded sensors in the motor within 500msec approximately.

Feedback to the amplifier of the UVW signals for commutation is via the ABZ encoder signal wires.

Following rotor position sensing the amplifier automatically switches to encoding for commutation control.

The 2500PPR encoder is automatically multiplied to 10000PPR by X4 logic for increased control accuracy.

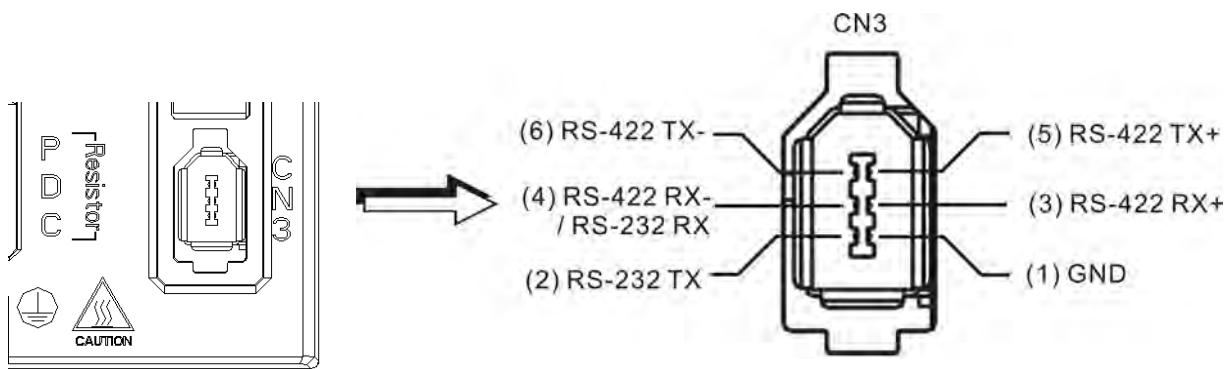
**Figure 3.10 The layout of CN2 Drive Connector**

**CN2 Terminal Signal Identification**

PIN No.	Signal Name	Terminal Identification	Military Connector	Quick Connector	Description	Color
2	/Z phase input	/Z	G	6	Encoder /Z phase output	Yellow/Black
4	/A phase input	/A	B	4	Encoder /A phase output	Blue/Black
5	A phase input	A	A	1	Encoder A phase output	Blue
7	B phase input	B	C	2	Encoder B phase output	Green
9	/B phase input	/B	D	5	Encoder /B phase output	Green/Black
10	Z phase input	Z	F	3	Encoder Z phase output	Yellow
14, 16	Encoder power	+5V	S	7	Encoder 5V power	Red & Red/White
13, 15	Encoder power	GND	R	8	Grounding	Black & Black/White
	Shielding	Shielding	L	9	Shielding	Shielding

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****3.5 Serial Communication Connector CN3****3.5.1 CN3 Terminal Layout and Identification**

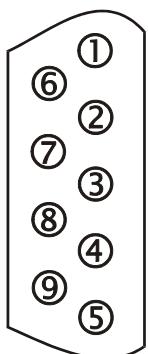
The servo drive can be connected to a PC or controller via a serial communication connector. Users can operate the servo drive through PC software supplied by Delta (contact to the dealer). The communication connector/port of Delta servo drive can provide three common serial communication interfaces: RS-232, RS-485, and RS-422 connection. RS-232 is mostly be used but is somewhat limited. The maximum cable length for an RS-232 connection is 15 meters (50 feet). Using RS-485 or RS-422 interface can allow longer distance for transmission and support multiple drives to be connected simultaneously.

**Figure 3.11 The layout of CN3 Drive Connector****CN3 Terminal Signal Identification**

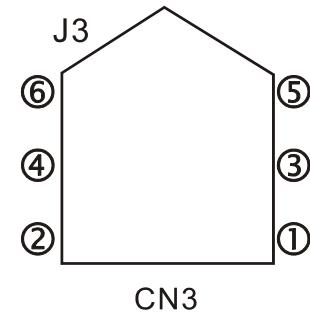
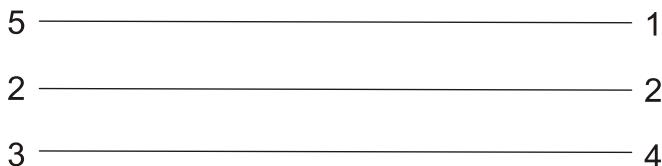
PIN No.	Signal Name	Terminal Identification	Description
1	Grounding	GND	-
2	RS-232 data transmission	RS-232-TX	For data transmission of the servo drive. Connected to the RS-232 interface of PC.
3	RS-422 data receiving	RS-422-RX+	For data receiving of the servo drive (differential line driver + end)
4	RS-232 data receiving	RS-232_RX	For data receiving of the servo drive. Connected to the RS-232 interface of PC.
	RS-422 data receiving	RS-422_RX-	For data receiving of the servo drive (differential line driver - end)
5	RS-422 data transmission	RS-422-TX+	For data transmission of the servo drive (differential line driver + end)
6	RS-422 data transmission	RS-422-TX-	For data transmission of the servo drive (differential line driver - end)

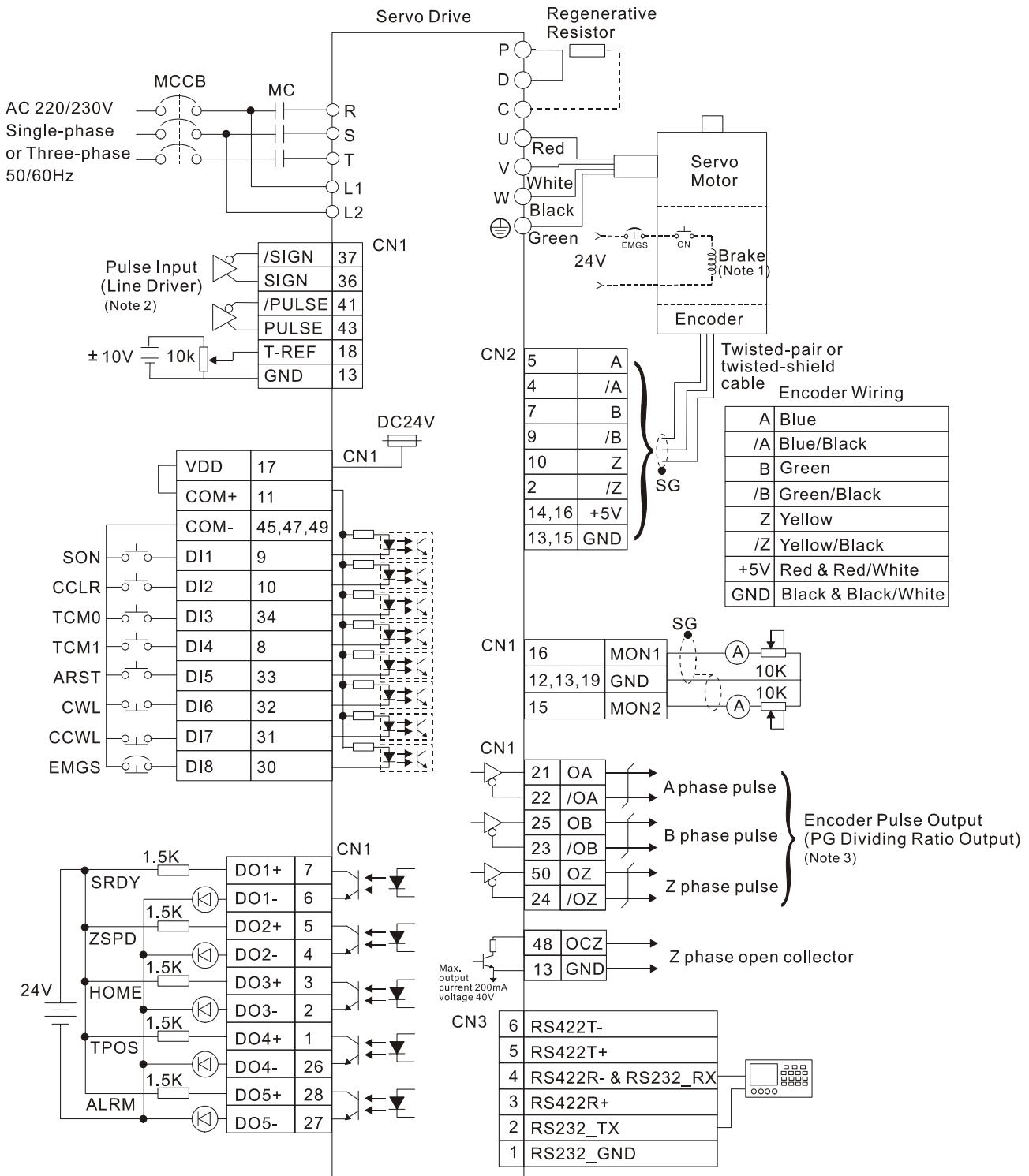


- 1) For the connection of RS-485, please refer to page 8.2 and 8.3.
- 2) There are two kinds of IEEE1394 communication cables available on the market. If the user uses one kind of cable, which its GND terminal (Pin 1) and its shielding is short-circuited, the communication may be damaged. Never connect the case of the terminal to the ground of this kind of communication cable.

***Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series*****3.5.2 Connection between PC and Connector CN3**

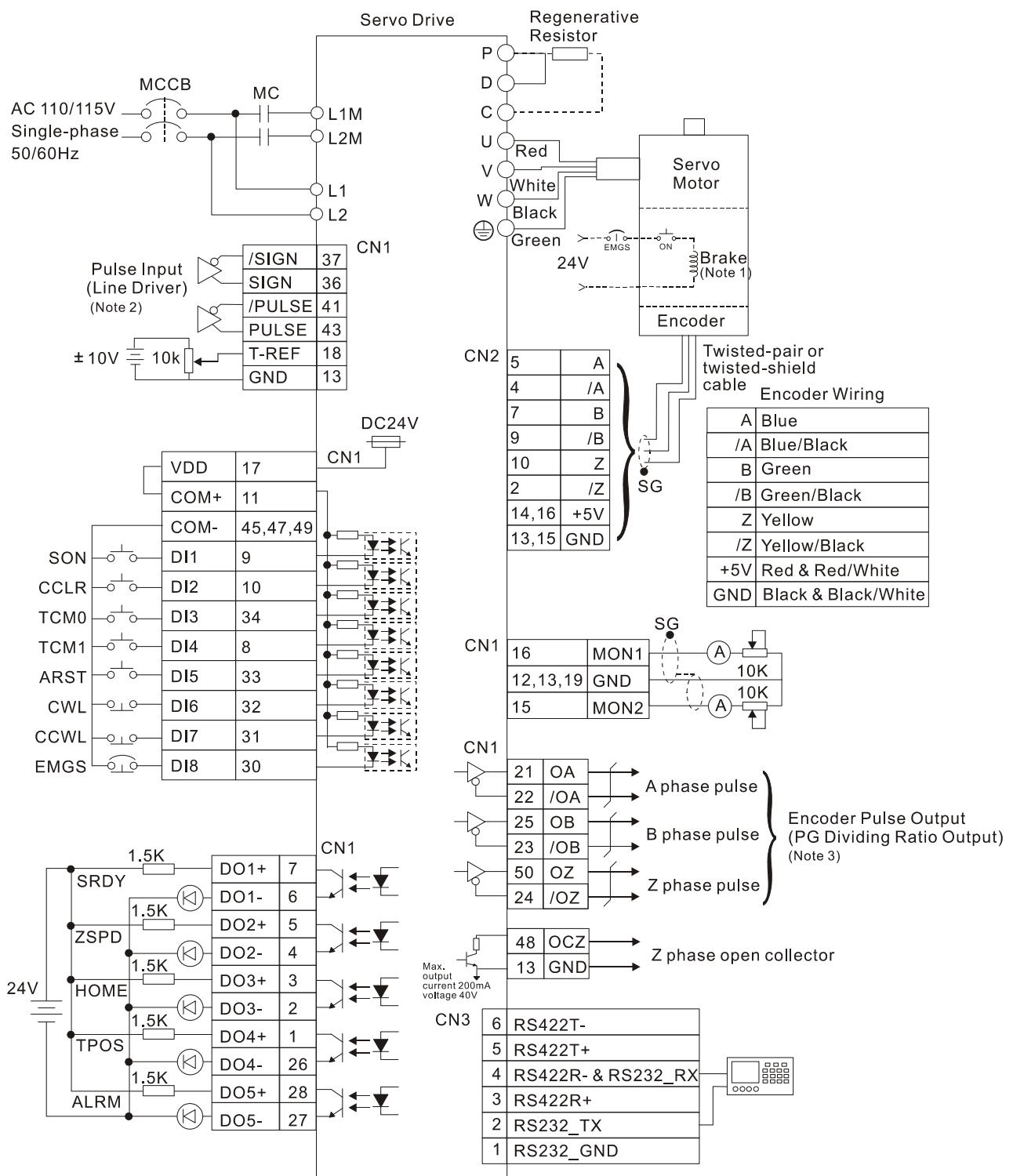
PC or NOTEBOOK



**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****3.6 Standard Connection Example****3.6.1 Position (Pt) Control Mode (220V models)****Note:**

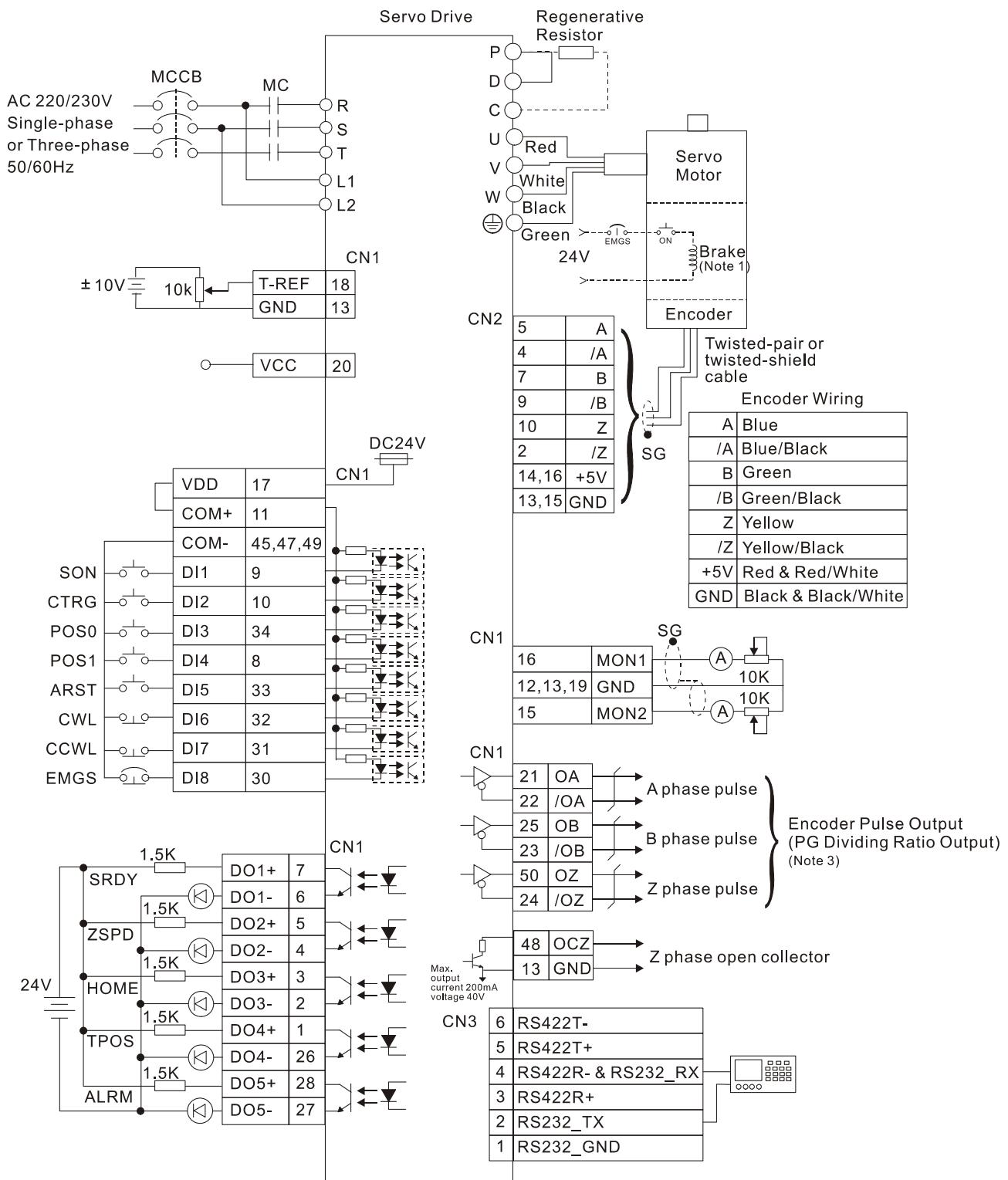
1. The coil of brake has no polarity.
2. Please refer to C4 wiring diagram on page 3-26. If it is open-collector input, please refer to C3 wiring diagram on page 3-26.
3. Please refer to parameter P1-46 in Chapter 7.

### 3.6.2 Position (Pt) Control Mode (110V models)



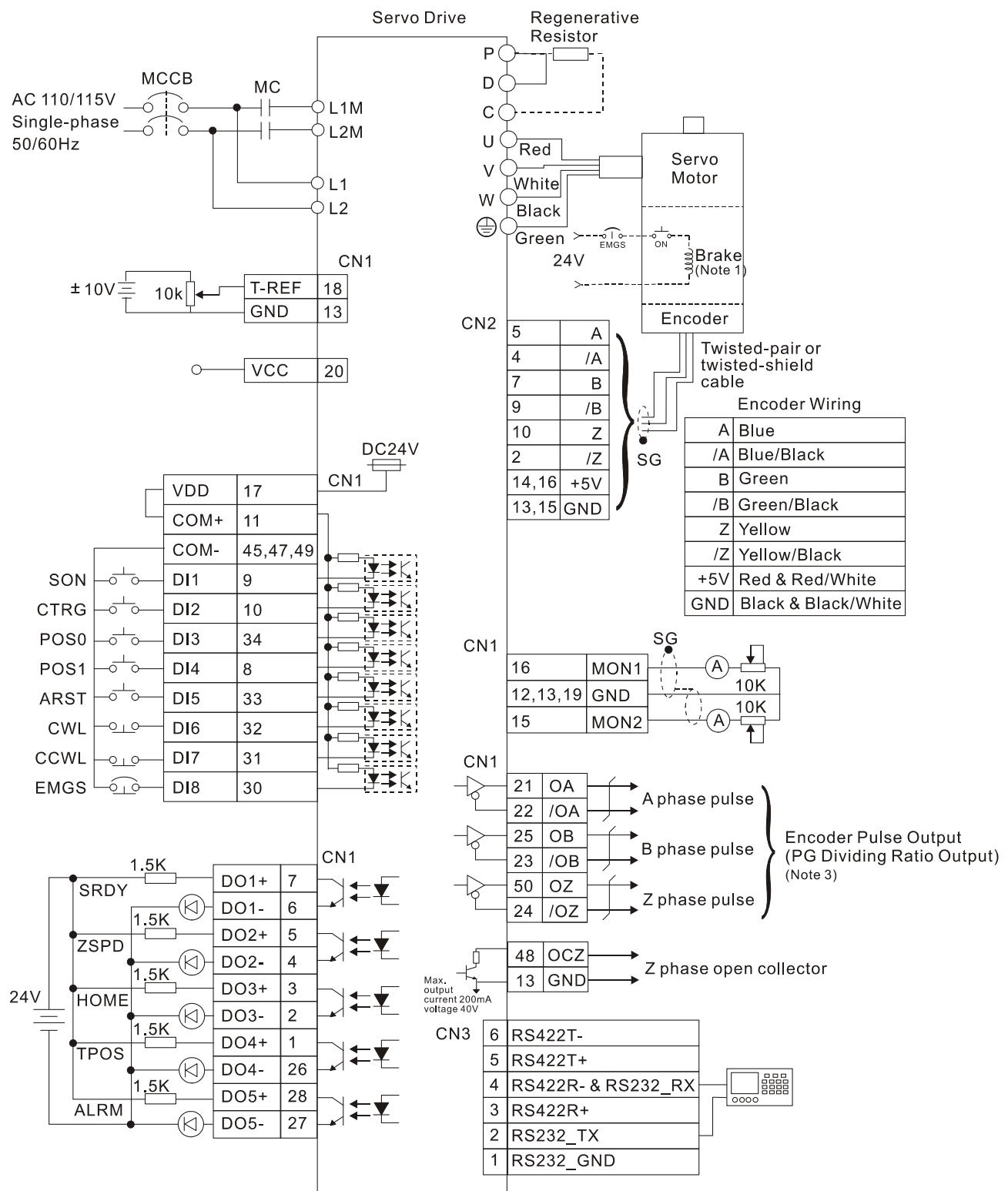
Note:

- 1 The coil of brake has no polarity.
2. Please refer to C4 wiring diagram on page 3-26. If it is open-collector input, please refer to C3 wiring diagram on page 3-26.
3. Please refer to parameter P1-46 in Chapter 7.

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****3.6.3 Position (Pr) Control Mode (220V models)****Note:**

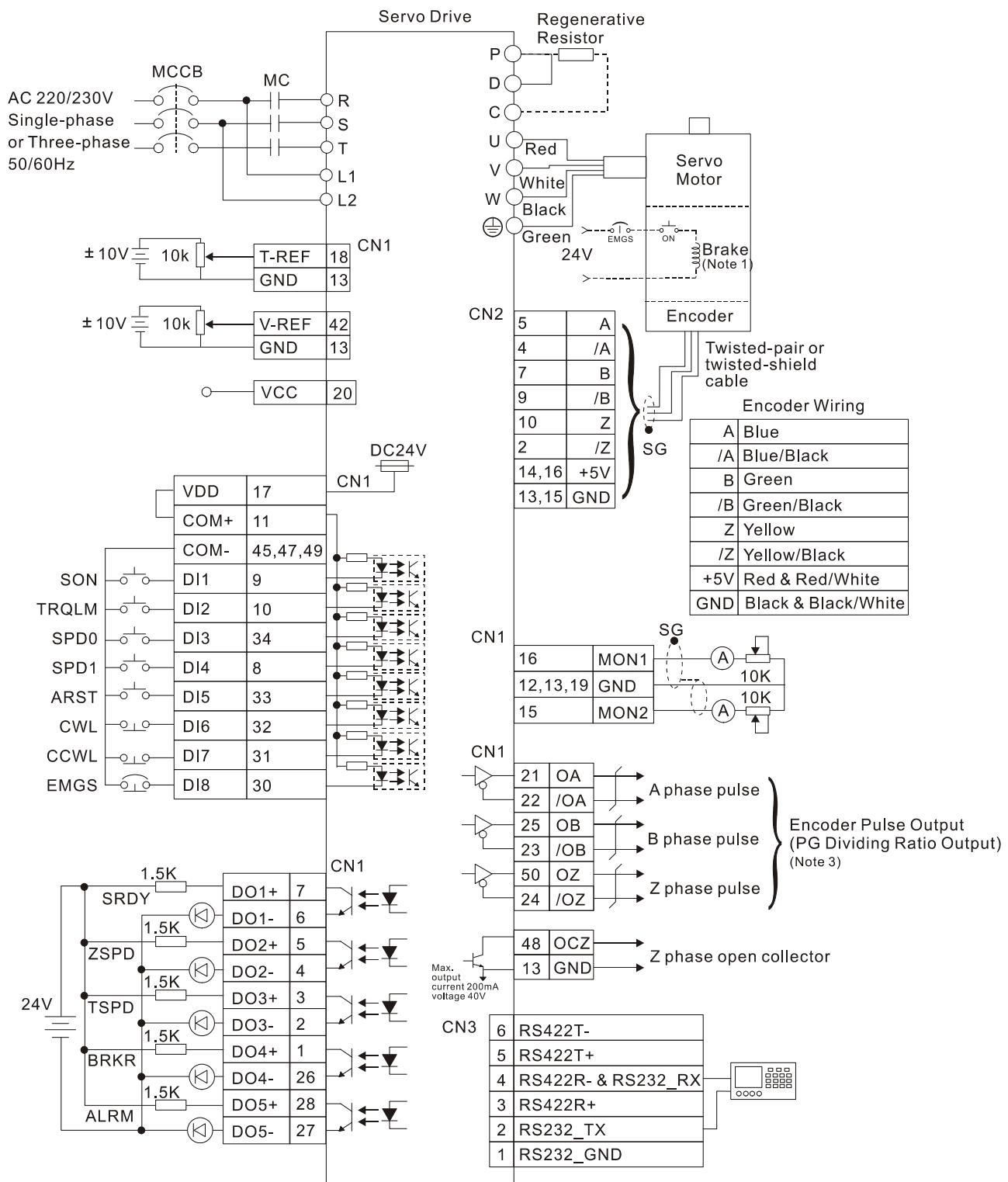
- 1 The coil of brake has no polarity.
2. Please refer to parameter P1-46 in Chapter 7.

### 3.6.4 Position (Pr) Control Mode (110V models)

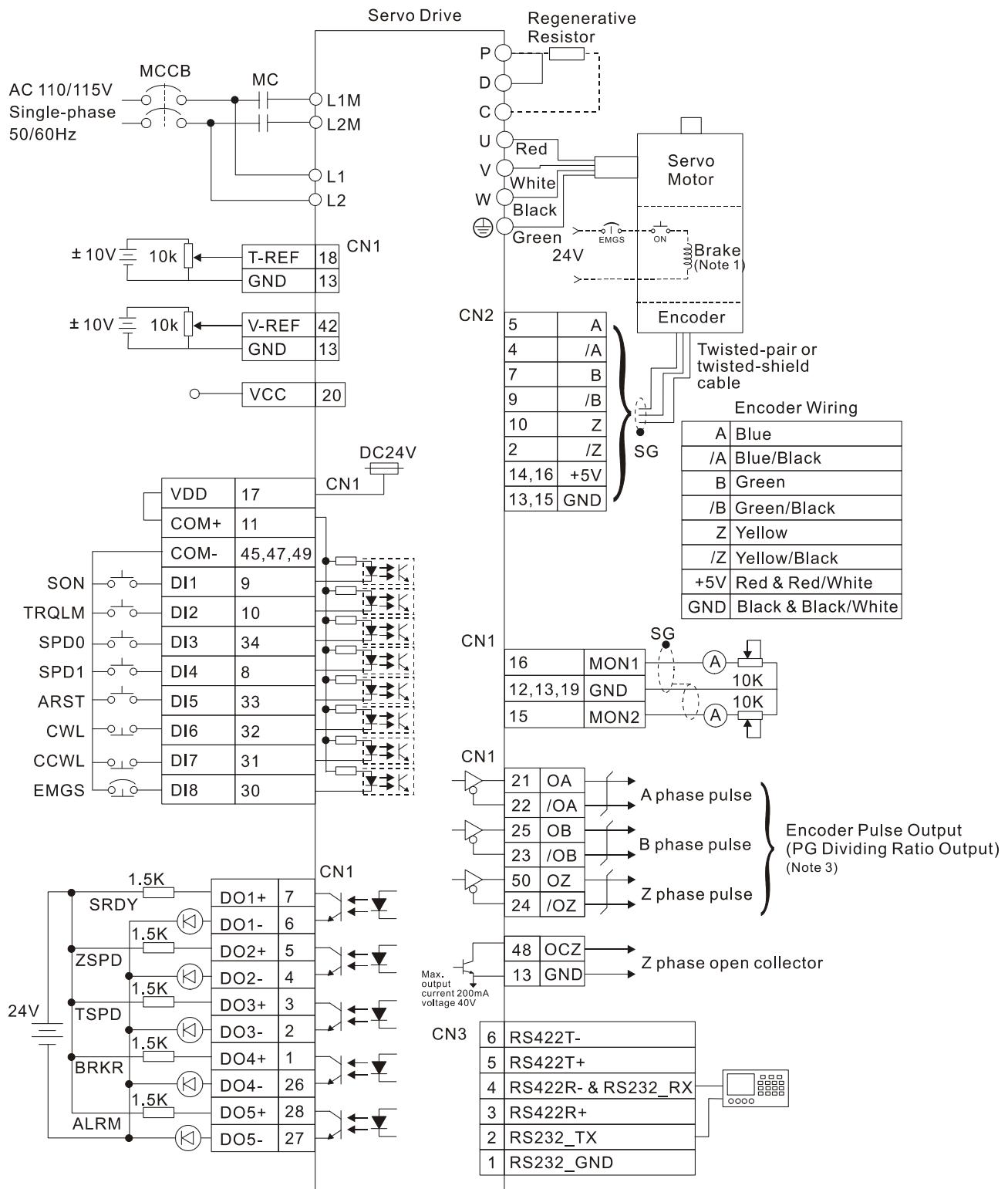


Note:

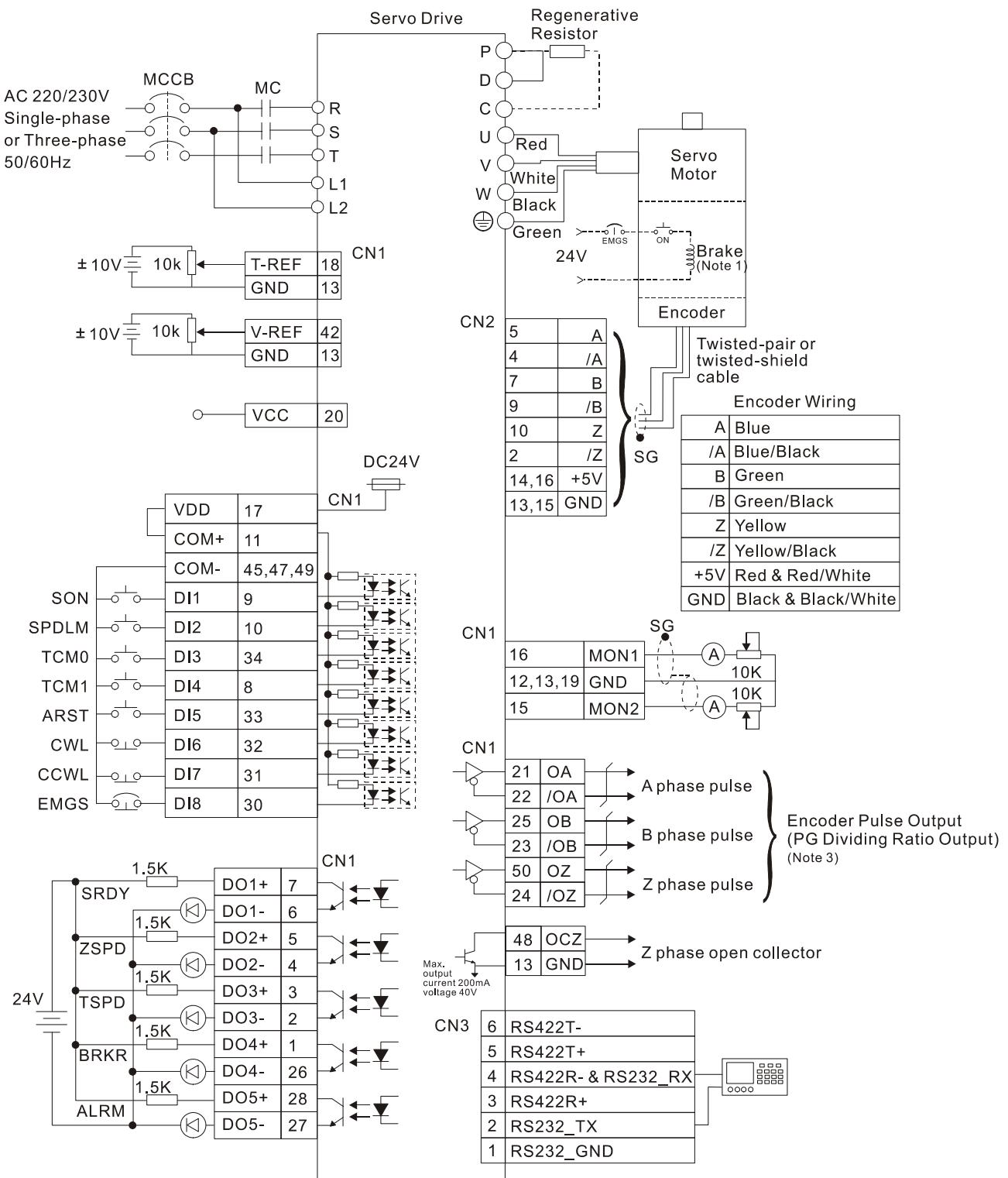
- 1 The coil of brake has no polarity.
2. Please refer to parameter P1-46 in Chapter 7.

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****3.6.5 Speed Control Mode (220V models)****Note:**

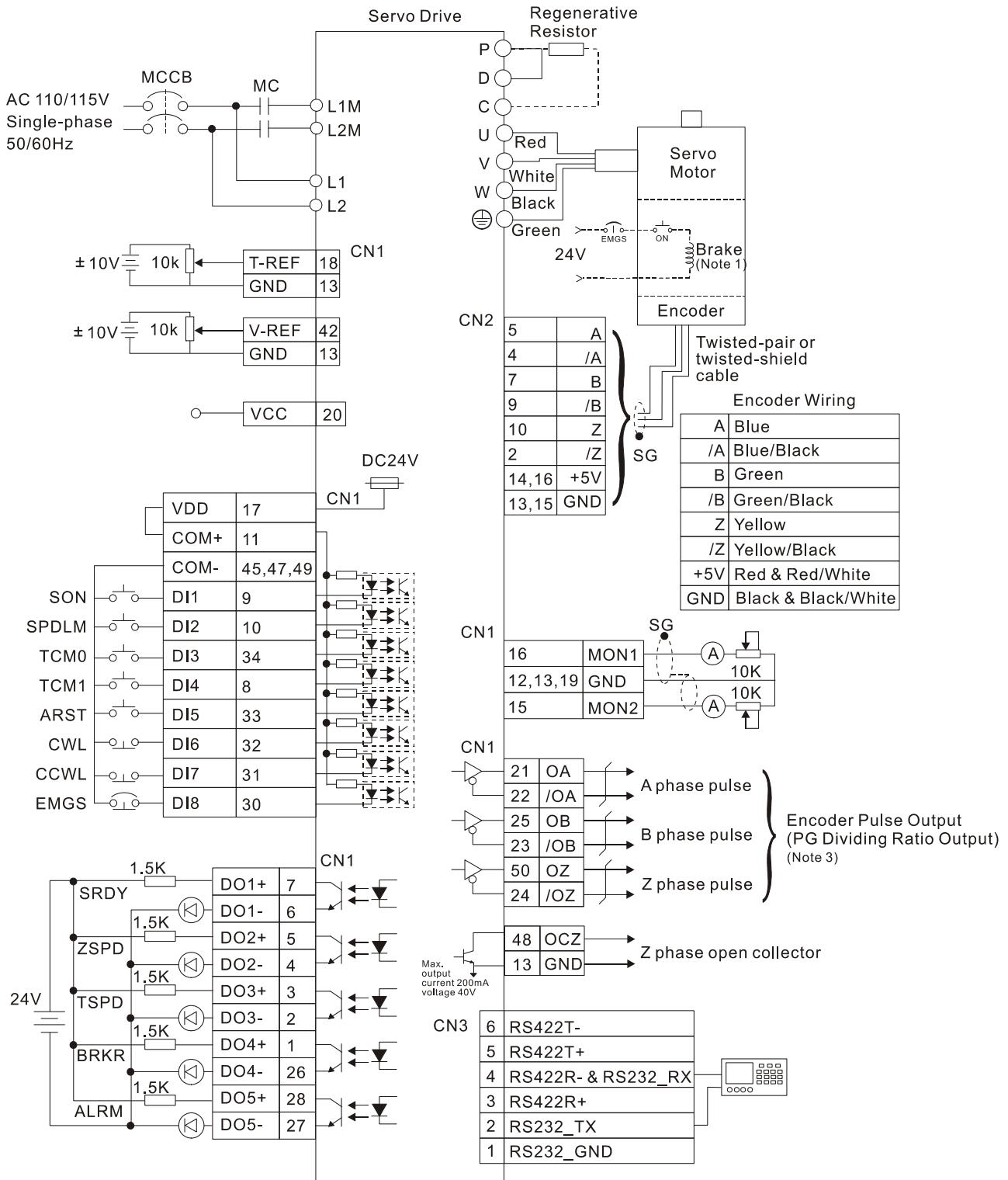
1. The coil of brake has no polarity.
2. Please refer to parameter P1-46 in Chapter 7.

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****3.6.6 Speed Control Mode (110V models)****Note:**

1. The coil of brake has no polarity.
2. Please refer to parameter P1-46 in Chapter 7.

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****3.6.7 Torque Control Mode (220V models)****Note:**

1. The coil of brake has no polarity.
2. Please refer to parameter P1-46 in Chapter 7.

**Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series****3.6.8 Torque Control Mode (110V models)**

Note:

1. The coil of brake has no polarity.
2. Please refer to parameter P1-46 in Chapter 7.

***Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring | ASDA-AB Series***

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## ***Chapter 4 Display and Operation***

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This chapter describes the basic operation of the digital keypad and the features it offers.

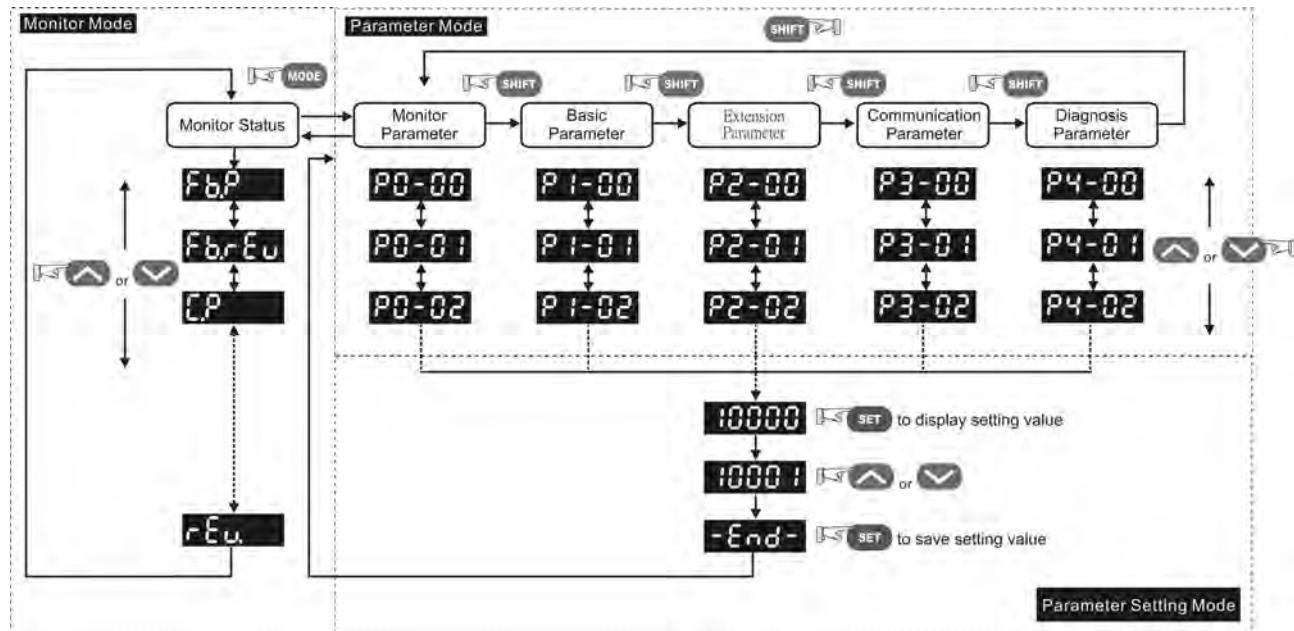
### **4.1 Description of the Digital Keypad**

The digital keypad includes the display panel and function keys. The Figure 4.1 shows all of the features of the digital keypad and an overview of their functions.

**Figure 4.1**



Name	Function
LCD Display	The LCD Display (5-digit, 7-step display panel) shows the monitor codes, parameter settings and operation values of the AC servo drive.
Charge LED	The Charge LED lights to indicate the power is applied to the circuit.
<b>MODE</b>	MODE Key. Pressing MODE key can enter or exit different parameter groups, and switch between Monitor mode and Parameter mode.
<b>SHIFT</b>	SHIFT Key. Pressing SHIFT key can scroll through parameter groups. After a parameter is selected and its value displayed, pressing SHIFT key can move the cursor to the left and then change parameter settings (blinking digits) by using arrow keys.
<b>▲ ▼</b>	UP and DOWN arrow Key. Pressing the UP and DOWN arrow key can scroll through and change monitor codes, parameter groups and various parameter settings.
<b>SET</b>	SET Key. Pressing the SET key can display and save the parameter groups, the various parameter settings. During diagnosis operation, pressing SET key can execute the function in the last step. (The parameter settings changes are not effective until the SET key is pressed.)

**Chapter 4 Display and Operation | ASDA-AB Series****4.2 Display Flowchart****Figure 4.2 Keypad Operation**

1. When the power is applied to the AC servo drive, the LCD display will show the monitor function codes for approximately one second, then enter into the monitor mode.
2. In monitor mode, pressing UP or DOWN arrow key can switch monitor parameter code. At this time, monitor display symbol will display for approximately one second.
3. In monitor mode, pressing MODE key can enter into parameter mode, pressing the SHIFT key can switch parameter group and pressing UP or DOWN arrow key can change parameter group code.
4. In parameter mode, the system will enter into the setting mode immediately after the Set key is pressed. The LCD display will display the corresponding setting value of this parameter simultaneously. Then, users can use UP or DOWN arrow key to change parameter value or press MODE key to exit and return back to the parameter mode.
5. In parameter setting mode, the users can move the cursor to left by pressing the SHIFT key and change the parameter settings (blinking digits) by pressing the UP or DOWN arrow key.
6. After the setting value change is completed, press SET key to save parameter settings or execute command.
7. When the parameter setting is completed, LCD display will show the end code “-END-” and automatically return back to parameter mode.

## 4.3 Status Display

### 4.3.1 Save Setting Display

After the SET key is pressed, LCD display will show the following display messages for approx. one second according to different status.

Display Message	Description
<b>-End-</b>	The setting value is saved correctly.
<b>Err-r</b>	This parameter is read only. Write-protected. (cannot be changed)
<b>Err-P</b>	Invalid password or no password was input.
<b>Err-C</b>	The setting value is error or invalid.
<b>SrvOn</b>	The servo system is running and it is unable to accept this setting value to be changed.
<b>No-EE</b>	This parameter will not be stored in EEPROM.
<b>Po-On</b>	This parameter is valid after restarting the drive.

### 4.3.2 Abort Setting Display

Display Message	Description
<b>Abort</b>	In parameter mode, pressing MODE key can abort parameter setting change and return to monitor mode. In parameter setting mode, pressing MODE key can return back to parameter mode. After returning back to parameter mode, pressing MODE key again can abort parameter setting change.

### 4.3.3 Fault Message Display

Display Message	Description
<b>ALEnn</b>	When the AC servo drive has a fault, LCD display will display "ALEnn". "ALE" indicates the alarm and "nn" indicates the drive fault code. The display range of alarm code "nn" is 1 to 23. For the list of drive fault code, please refer to parameter P0-01 or refer to Chapter 10 (Troubleshooting).

### 4.3.4 Polarity Setting Display

Display Message	Description
<b>2468</b>	Positive value display. When entering into parameter setting mode, pressing UP or DOWN arrow key can increase or decrease the display value. SHIFT key is used to change the selected digit (The selected digit will blink).

**Chapter 4 Display and Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

Display Message	Description
	Negative value display. When the parameter setting is greater than four digits (for the setting value within the range of less than five decimal places), after the display value is set, continuously press SHIFT key for many times and then the lit decimal points are used to indicate a negative value.
	Negative value display. When the parameter setting is less than five digits (for the setting value within the range of five decimal places), after the display value is set, continuously press SHIFT key for many times and then the negative sign will show up to indicate a negative value.

**4.3.5 Monitor Setting Display**

When the AC servo drive is applied to power, the LCD display will show the monitor function codes for approximately one second and then enter into the monitor mode. In monitor mode, in order to change the monitor status, the users can press UP or DOWN arrow key or change parameter P0-02 directly to specify the monitor status. When the power is applied, the monitor status depends on the setting value of P0-02. For example, if the setting value of P0-02 is 2 when the power is applied, the monitor function will be Pulse counts of pulse command, the C.P monitor codes will first display and then the pulse number will display after.

P0-02 Setting	Display Message	Description	Unit
0		Motor feedback pulse number (absolute value)	pulse
1		Motor feedback rotation number (absolute value)	rev
2		Pulse counts of pulse command	pulse
3		Rotation number of pulse command	rev
4		Position error counts	pulse
5		Input frequency of pulse command	r/min
6		Motor speed	r/min
7		Speed input command	Volt
8		Speed input command	r/min

**Chapter 4 Display and Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

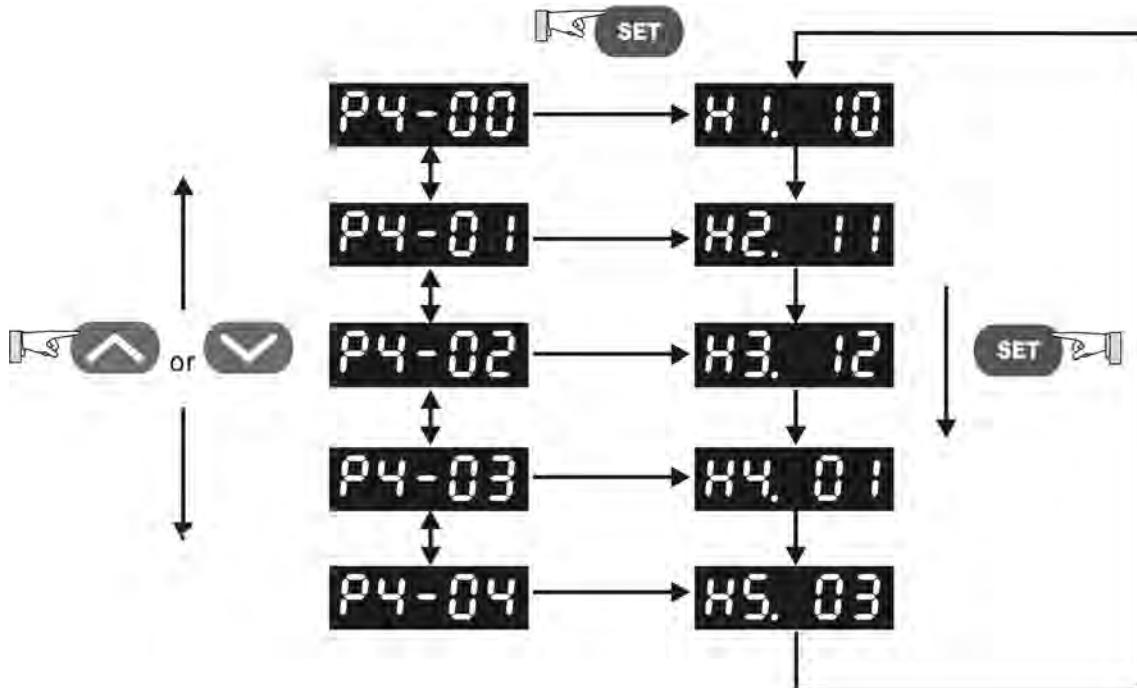
P0-02 Setting	Display Message	Description	Unit
9		Torque input command	Volt
10		Torque input command	%
11		Average load	%
12		Peak load	%
13		Main circuit voltage	Volt
14		Ratio of load inertia to motor inertia	time
15		Motor feedback pulse number (relative value) / Position latch pulse number	pulse
16		Motor feedback rotation number (relative value) / Position latch rotation number	rev

The following table lists the display examples of monitor value:

Display Message	Description
	Positive value display. No positive sign is displayed to indicate it is a positive value. Display value: +1234.
	Negative value display (The decimal place is less than five). The negative sign is displayed to indicate it is a negative value. Display value: -1234.
	Negative value display (The decimal place is greater than four). The lit decimal points are used to indicate it is a negative value. Display value: -12345.
	Decimal value display. Display value: 12.34.

**Chapter 4 Display and Operation | ASDA-AB Series****4.4 General Function Operation****4.4.1 Fault Code Display Operation**

After entering the parameter mode P4-00 to P4-04 (Fault Record), press SET key to display the corresponding fault code history for the parameter or press UP arrow key to display the fault code of H1 to H5 in order. H1 indicates the most recent occurred fault code, H2 is the previous occurred fault code before H1 and so on. Please refer to the Figure 4.3. The recently occurred error code is 10.

**Figure 4.3**

#### 4.4.2 JOG Operation

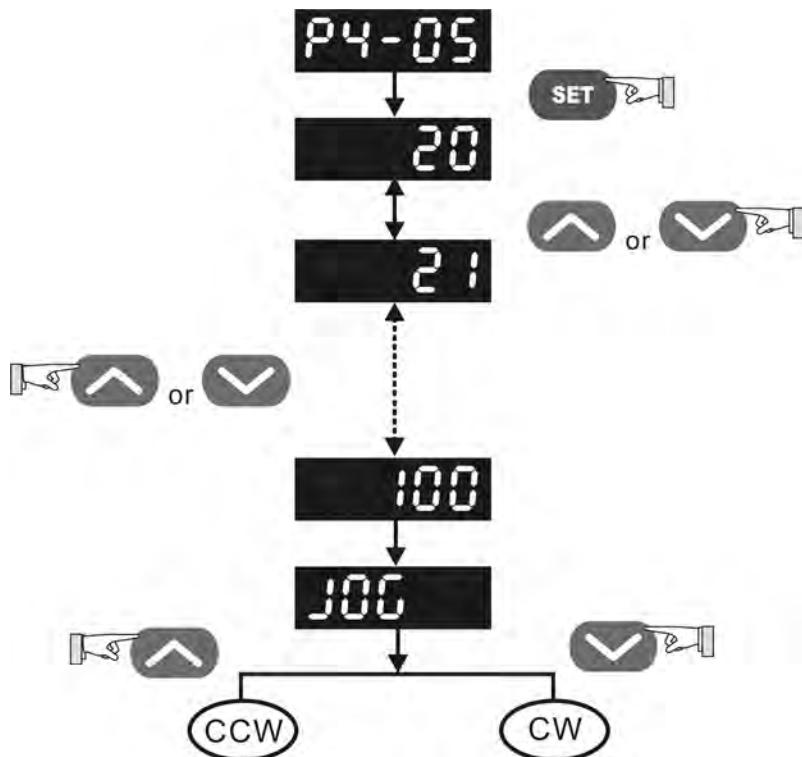
After entering parameter mode P4-05, the users can follow the following steps to perform JOG operation. (Please also refer to Figure 4.4).

- Step1. Press the SET key to display the JOG speed. (The default value is 20 r/min).
- Step2. Press the UP or DOWN arrow keys to increase or decrease the desired JOG speed. (This also can be undertaken by using the SHIFT key to move the cursor to the desired unit column (the effected number will blink) then changed using the UP and DOWN arrow keys. The example display in Figure 4.4 is adjusted as 100 r/min.)
- Step3. Press the SET key when the desired JOG speed is set. The Servo Drive will display "JOG".
- Step4. Press the UP or DOWN arrow keys to jog the motor either CCW or CW. The motor will only rotate while the arrow key is activated.
- Step5. To change JOG speed again, press the MODE key. The servo Drive will display "P4 - 05". Press the SET key and the JOG speed will displayed again. Refer back to #2 and #3 to change speed.



- 1) JOG operation is effective only when Servo On (when the servo drive is enabled).

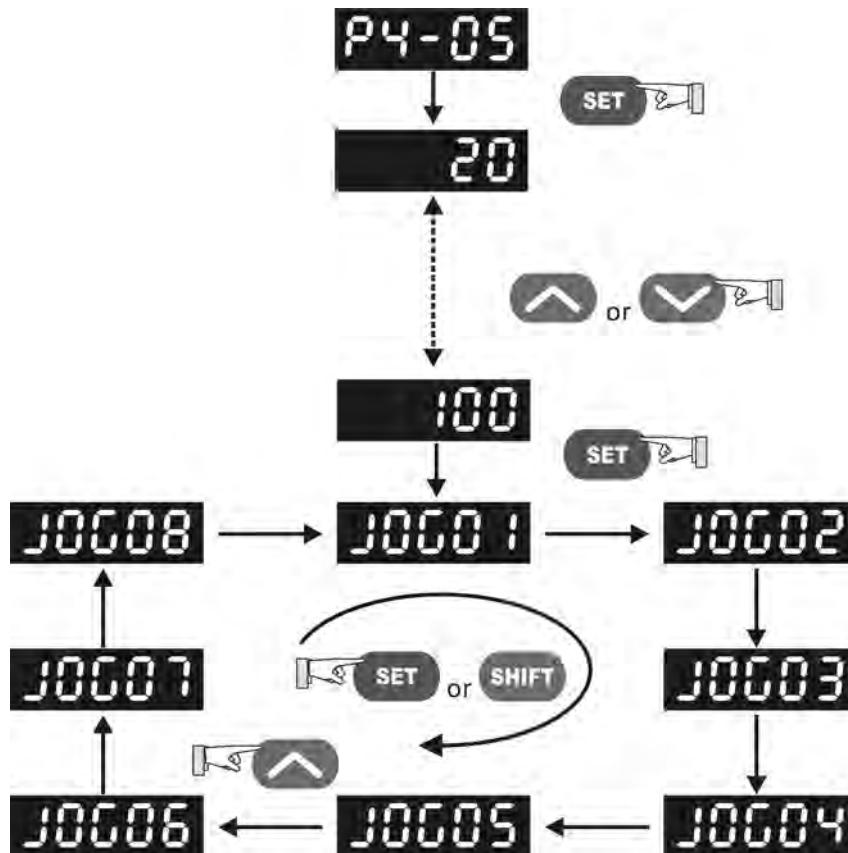
**Figure 4.4**



**Chapter 4 Display and Operation | ASDA-AB Series****4.4.3 Position Learning Operation**

Follow the following steps to perform position learning operation (Please also refer to Figure 4.5).

1. Activate the internal position learning function (Set P2-30=4).
2. After enter into parameter mode P4-05, press Set key and the LED display will show learning moving speed value. The default setting is 20 r/min.
3. Press UP or DOWN arrow key to set the desired moving speed value. In the example shown below, the value is adjusted to 100 r/min.
4. Press Set key then JOG o1 will display and enter position learning mode.
5. In the position learning mode (display JOGox), pressing UP or DOWN arrow key at any time can rotate Servo motor in forward or reverse rotation. Servo motor will immediately stop running if releasing the UP or DOWN arrow key. This operation is only available during Servo system is On (Servo On).
6. After position is selected, press Set key then the display JOGo1 will change to JOGo2. At the same time, the absolute position of servo motor will be memorized inside of the memory. (P1-15 : 1st Position Command for Rotation, P1-16 : 1st Position Command for Pulse)
7. In the position learning mode (display JOGox), pressing Shift key can directly change the “x” value of the display “JOGox” so as to jump rapidly to the particular learning position where should be modified. There is no position memorized at this time.

**Figure 4.5**

**Chapter 4 Display and Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

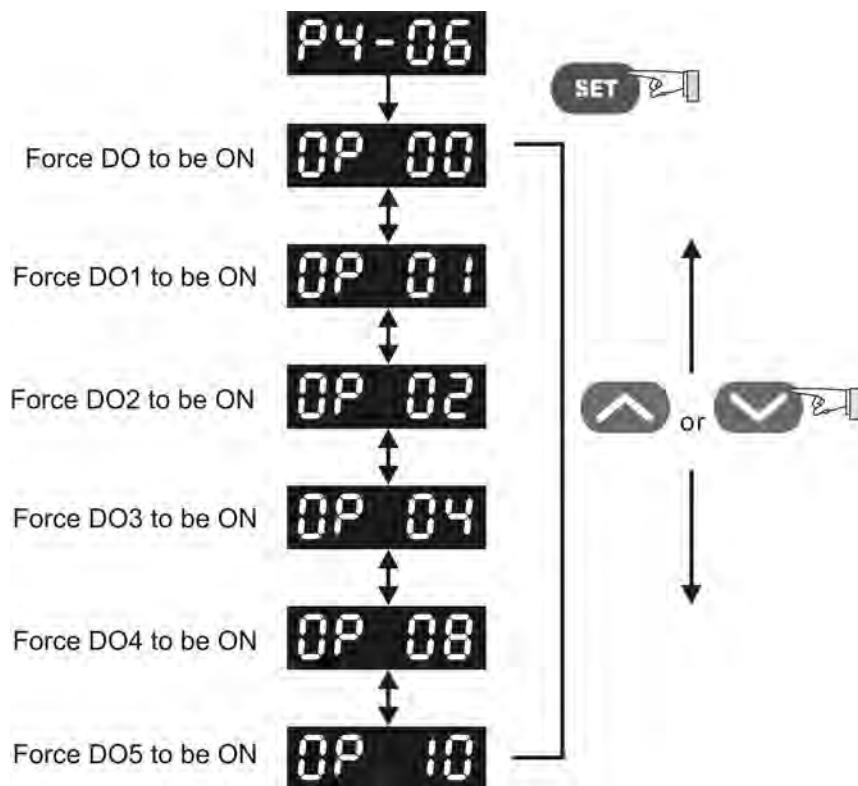
The learning position and internal memorized position are listed as below:

Learning Position	Internal Memorized Position
JOGo1	P1-15 (1st Position Command for Rotation), P1-16 (1st Position Command for Pulse)
JOGo2	P1-17 (2nd Position Command for Rotation), P1-18 (2nd Position Command for Pulse)
JOGo3	P1-19 (3rd Position Command for Rotation), P1-20 (3rd Position Command for Pulse)
JOGo4	P1-21 (4th Position Command for Rotation), P1-22 (4th Position Command for Pulse)
JOGo5	P1-23 (5th Position Command for Rotation), P1-24 (5th Position Command for Pulse)
JOGo6	P1-25 (6th Position Command for Rotation), P1-26 (6th Position Command for Pulse)
JOGo7	P1-27 (7th Position Command for Rotation), P1-28 (7th Position Command for Pulse)
JOGo8	P1-29 (8th Position Command for Rotation), P1-30 (8th Position Command for Pulse)

#### 4.4.4 DO Force Output Diagnosis Operation

For testing, the digital outputs can be forced to be activated (ON) or inactivated (OFF) by using parameter P4-06. Follow the setting method in Figure 4.6 to enter into DO force output diagnosis operation (OP xx) mode ("xx" indicates the parameter range from 00 to 1F). Pressing UP or DOWN arrow key can change "xx" value from 00 to 1F (hexadecimal format) and force digital outputs DO1 to DO3 to be activated (ON) or inactivated (OFF). The DO function and status is determined by P2-18 to P2-22. This function is enabled only when Servo Off (the servo drive is disabled).

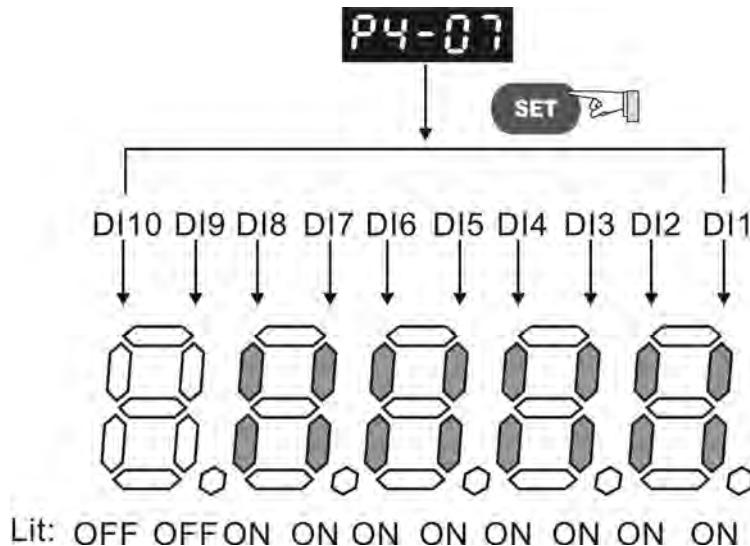
**Figure 4.6**



**Chapter 4 Display and Operation | ASDA-AB Series****4.4.5 DI Diagnosis Operation**

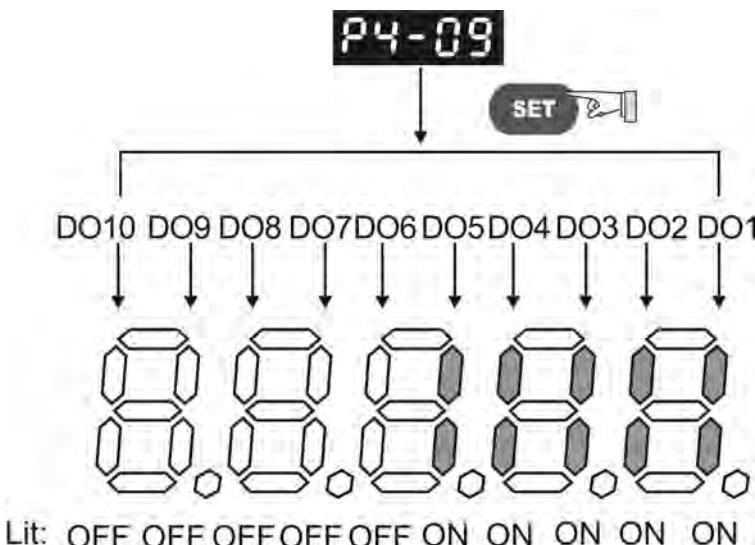
Following the setting method in Figure 4.7 can perform DI diagnosis operation (parameter P4-07).

According to the ON and OFF status of the digital inputs DI1 to DI8, the corresponding status will display on the servo drive LED display. When the segment lit and display on the screen, it means that the corresponding digital input signal is ON. (Please also refer to Figure 4.7)

**Figure 4.7****4.4.6 DO Diagnosis Operation**

Following the setting method in Figure 4.8 can perform DO diagnosis operation (parameter P4-09).

According to the ON and OFF status of the digital outputs DO1 to DO5, the corresponding status will display on the servo drive LED display. When the segment lit and display on the screen, it means that the corresponding digital output signal is ON. (Please also refer to Figure 4.8)

**Figure 4.8**

## ***Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure***

---

This chapter, which is divided into two parts, describes trial run for servo drive and motor. One part is to introduce the trial run without load, and the other part is to introduce trial run with load. Ensure to complete the trial run without load first before performing the trial run with load.

### **5.1 Inspection without Load**

In order to prevent accidents and avoid damaging the servo drive and mechanical system, the trial run should be performed under no load condition (no load connected, including disconnecting all couplings and belts). Do not run servo motor while it is connected to load or mechanical system because the unassembled parts on motor shaft may easily disassemble during running and it may damage mechanical system or even result in personnel injury. After removing the load or mechanical system from the servo motor, if the servo motor can runs normally following up the normal operation procedure (when trial run without load is completed), then the users can connect to the load and mechanical system to run the servo motor.



- *In order to prevent accidents, the initial trial run for servo motor should be conducted under no load conditions (separate the motor from its couplings and belts).*
- *Caution: Please perform trial run without load first and then perform trial run with load connected. After the servo motor is running normally and regularly without load, then run servo motor with load connected. Ensure to perform trial run in this order to prevent unnecessary danger.*

After power in connected to AC servo drive, the charge LED will light and it indicates that AC servo drive is ready. Please check the followings before trial run:

Item	Content
Inspection before operation (Control power is not applied)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Inspect the servo drive and servo motor to insure they were not damaged.</li> <li>● To avoid an electric shock, be sure to connect the ground terminal of servo drive to the ground terminal of control panel.</li> <li>● Before making any connection, wait 10 minutes for capacitors to discharge after the power is disconnected, alternatively, use an appropriate discharge device to discharge.</li> <li>● Ensure that all wiring terminals are correctly insulated.</li> <li>● Ensure that all wiring is correct or damage and or malfunction may result.</li> <li>● Visually check to ensure that there are not any unused screws, metal strips, or any conductive or inflammable materials inside the drive.</li> <li>● Never put inflammable objects on servo drive or close to the external regenerative resistor.</li> <li>● Make sure control switch is OFF.</li> <li>● If the electromagnetic brake is being used, ensure that it is correctly wired.</li> <li>● If required, use an appropriate electrical filter to eliminate noise to the servo drive.</li> <li>● Ensure that the external applied voltage to the drive is correct and matched to the controller.</li> </ul>

**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series**

Item	Content
Inspection during operation (Control power is applied)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Ensure that the cables are not damaged, stressed excessively or loaded heavily. When the motor is running, pay close attention on the connection of the cables and notice that if they are damaged, frayed or over extended.</li><li>● Check for abnormal vibrations and sounds during operation. If the servo motor is vibrating or there are unusual noises while the motor is running, please contact the dealer or manufacturer for assistance.</li><li>● Ensure that all user-defined parameters are set correctly. Since the characteristics of various machinery equipment are different, in order to avoid accident or cause damage, do not adjust the parameter abnormally and ensure the parameter setting is not an excessive value.</li><li>● Ensure to reset some parameters when the servo drive is off (Please refer to Chapter 7). Otherwise, it may result in malfunction.</li><li>● If there is no contact sound or there be any unusual noises when the relay of the servo drive is operating, please contact your distributor for assistance or contact with Delta.</li><li>● Check for abnormal conditions of the power indicators and LED display. If there is any abnormal condition of the power indicators and LED display, please contact your distributor for assistance or contact with Delta.</li></ul>

**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series**

## 5.2 Applying Power to the Drive

The users please observe the following steps when applying power supply to the servo drive.

1. Please check and confirm the wiring connection between the drive and motor is correct.
  - 1) Terminal U, V, W and FG (frame ground) must connect to Red, White, Black and Green cables separately (U: Red, V: White, W: Black, FG: Green). If not connect to the specified cable and terminal, then the drive cannot control motor. The motor grounding lead, FG must connect to grounding terminal. For more information of cables, please refer to section 3.1.
  - 2) Ensure to connect encoder cable to CN2 connector correctly. If the users only desire to execute JOG operation, it is not necessary to make any connection to CN1 and CN3 connector. For more information of the connection of CN2 connector, please refer to Section 3.1 and 3.4.



➤ *Do not connect the AC input power (R, S, T (LIM, L2M)) to the (U, V, W) output terminals. This will damage the AC servo drive.*

2. Main circuit wiring

Connect power to the AC servo. For three-phase input power connection and single-phase input power connection, please refer to Section 3.1.3.

3. Turn the Power On

The Power includes control circuit power (L1, L2) and main circuit power (R, S, T (L1M, L2M)). When the power is on, the normal display should be shown as the following figure:

**8LE 14**

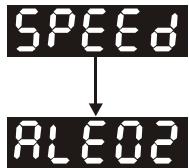
As the default settings of digital input signal, DI6, DI7 and DI8 are Reverse Inhibit Limit (CWL), Forward Inhibit Limit (CCWL) and Emergency Stop (EMGS) respectively, if the users do not want to use the default settings of DI6~DI8, the users can change their settings by using parameters P2-15 to P2-17 freely. When the setting value of parameters P2-15 to P2-17 is 0, it indicates the function of this DI signal is disabled. For more information of parameters P2-15 to P2-17, please refer to Chapter 7 “Parameters”. If the parameter P0-02 is set as motor speed (06), the normal display should be shown as the following figure:

**SPEED**  
↓  
**0**

If there is no text or character displayed on the LED display, please check if the voltage of the control circuit terminal (L1and L2) is over low.

**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series**

1) When display shows:

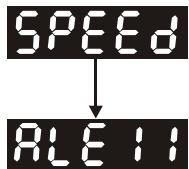
**Over voltage:**

The main circuit voltage has exceeded its maximum allowable value or input power is error (Incorrect power input).

**Corrective Actions:**

- Use voltmeter to check whether the input voltage falls within the rated input voltage.
- Use voltmeter to check whether the input voltage is within the specified limit.

2) When display shows:

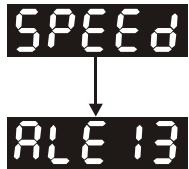
**Encoder error:**

Check if the wiring is correct. Check if the encoder wiring (CN2) of servo motor is loose or incorrect.

**Corrective Actions:**

- Check if the users perform wiring recommended in the user manual.
- Examine the encoder connector and cable.
- Inspect whether wire is loose or not.
- Check if the encoder is damaged.

3) When display shows:

**Emergency stop activated:**

Please check if any of digital inputs DI1~DI8 signal is set to "Emergency Stop" (EMGS).

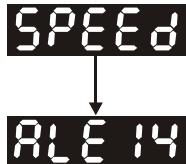
**Corrective Actions:**

- If it does not need to use "Emergency Stop (EMGS)" as input signal, the users only need to confirm that if all of the digital inputs DI1~DI8 are not set to "Emergency Stop (EMGS)". (The setting value of parameter P2-10 to P2-17 is not set to 21.)

**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series**

- If it is necessary to use “Emergency Stop (EMGS)” as input signal, the users only need to confirm that which of digital inputs DI1~DI8 is set to “Emergency Stop (EMGS)” and check if the digital input signal is ON (It should be activated).

4) When display shows:

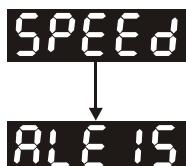
**Reverse limit switch error:**

Please check if any of digital inputs DI1~DI8 signal is set to “Reverse inhibit limit (CWL)” and check if the signal is ON or not.

**Corrective Actions:**

- If it does not need to use “Reverse inhibit limit (CWL)” as input signal, the users only need to confirm that if all of the digital inputs DI1~DI8 are not set to “Reverse inhibit limit (CWL)”. (The setting value of parameter P2-10 to P2-17 is not set to 22.)
- If it is necessary to use “Reverse inhibit limit (CWL)” as input signal, the users only need to confirm that which of digital inputs DI1~DI8 is set to “Reverse inhibit limit (CWL)” and check if the digital input signal is ON (It should be activated).

5) When display shows:

**Forward limit switch error:**

Please check if any of digital inputs DI1~DI8 signal is set to “Forward inhibit limit (CCWL)” and check if the signal is ON or not.

**Corrective Actions:**

- If it is no need to use “Forward inhibit limit (CCWL)” as input signal, the users only need to confirm that if all of the digital inputs DI1~DI8 are not set to “Forward inhibit limit (CCWL)”. (The setting value of parameter P2-10 to P2-17 is not set to 23.)
- If it is necessary to use “Forward inhibit limit (CCWL)” as input signal, the users only need to confirm that which of digital inputs DI1~DI8 is set to “Forward inhibit limit (CCWL)” and check if the digital input signal is ON (It should be activated).

**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series**

**When “Digital Input 1 (DI1)” is set to Servo On (SON), if DI1 is set to ON (it indicates that Servo On (SON) function is enabled) and the following fault message shows on the display:**

- 6) When display shows:

**ALE01**

**Overcurrent:**Corrective Actions:

- Check the wiring connections between the servo drive and motor.
- Check if the circuit of the wiring is closed.
- Remove the short-circuited condition and avoid metal conductor being exposed.

- 7) When display shows:

**ALE03**

**Undervoltage:**Corrective Actions:

- Check whether the wiring of main circuit input voltage is normal.
- Use voltmeter to check whether input voltage of main circuit is normal.
- Use voltmeter to check whether the input voltage is within the specified specification.



- 
- 1) If there are any unknown fault codes and abnormal display when applying power to the drive or servo on is activated (without giving any command), please inform the distributor or contact with Delta for assistance.

### 5.3 JOG Trial Run without Load

It is very convenient to use JOG trial run without load to test the servo drive and motor as it can save the wiring. The external wiring is not necessary and the users only need to connect the digital keypad to the servo drive. For safety, it is recommended to set JOG speed at low speed. Please refer to the following steps to perform JOG trial run without load.

STEP 1: Turn the drive ON through software. Ensure that the setting value of parameter P2-30 should be set to 1 (Servo On).

STEP 2: Set parameter P4-05 as JOG speed (unit: r/min). After the desired JOG speed is set, and then press SET key, the drive will enter into JOG operation mode automatically

STEP 3: The users can press UP and DOWN key to change JOG speed and press SHIFT key to adjust the digit number of the displayed value.

STEP 4: Pressing SET key can determine the speed of JOG operation.

STEP 5: Pressing UP key and the servo motor will run in CCW direction. After releasing UP key, the motor will stop running.

STEP 6: Pressing DOWN key and the servo motor will run in CW direction. After releasing DOWN key, the motor will stop running.

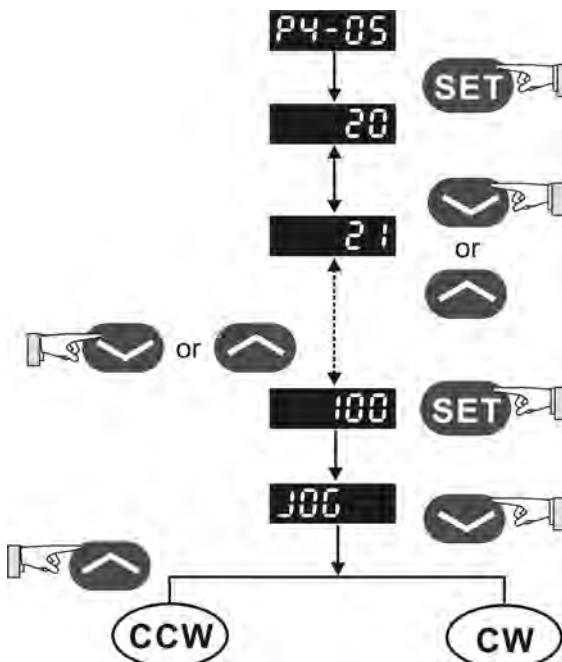
CW and CCW Definition:

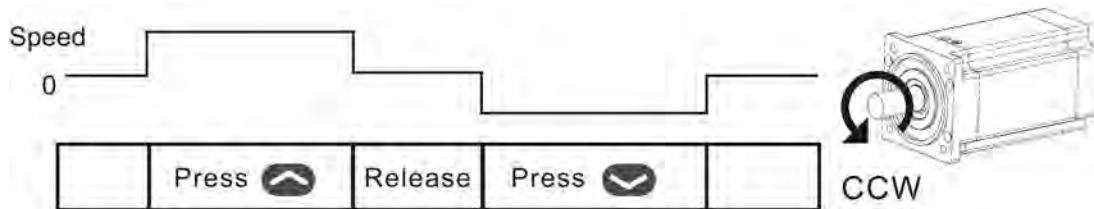
CCW (Counterclockwise): when facing the servo motor shaft, CCW is reverse running.

CW (Clockwise): when facing the servo motor shaft, CW is forward running.

STEP 7: When pressing MODE key, it can exit JOG operation mode.

In the example below, the JOG speed is adjusted from 20r/min (Default setting) to 100r/min.



**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series**

If the servo motor does not rotate, please check if the wiring of U, V, W terminals and encoder is correct or not.

If the servo motor does not rotate properly, please check if the phase of U, V, W cables is connected correctly.

***Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series***

## 5.4 Speed Trial Run without Load

**Before speed trial run, fix and secure the motor as possible to avoid the danger from the reacting force when motor speed changes.**

**STEP 1:**

Set the value of parameter P1-01 to 02 and it is speed (S) control mode. After selecting the operation mode as speed (S) control mode, please restart the drive as P1-01 is effective only after the servo drive is restarted (after switching power off and on).

**STEP 2:**

In speed control mode, the necessary Digital Inputs are listed as follows:

Digital Input	Parameter Setting Value	Sign	Function Description	CN1 PIN No.
DI1	P2-10=101	SON	Servo On	DI1-=9
DI2	P2-11=109	TRQLM	Torque limit enabled	DI2-=10
DI3	P2-12=114	SPD0	Speed command selection	DI3-=34
DI4	P2-13=115	SPD1	Speed command selection	DI4-=8
DI5	P2-14=102	ARST	Reset	DI5-=33
DI6	P2-15=0	Disabled	This DI function is disabled	-
DI7	P2-16=0	Disabled	This DI function is disabled	-
DI8	P2-17=0	Disabled	This DI function is disabled	-

By default, DI6 is the function of reverse inhibit limit, DI7 is the function of forward inhibit limit and DI6 is the function of emergency stop (DI8), if the users do not set the setting value of parameters P2-15 to P2-17 to 0 (Disabled), the faults (ALE13, 14 and 15) will occur (For the information of fault messages, please refer to Chapter 10). Therefore, if the users do not need to use these three digit inputs, please set the setting value of parameters P2-15 to P2-17 to 0 (Disabled) in advance.

All the digital inputs of Delta ASDA-AB series are user-defined, and the users can set the DI signals freely. Ensure to refer to the definitions of DI signals before defining them (For the description of DI signals, please refer to Table 7.A in Chapter 7). If any alarm code displays after the setting is completed, the users can restart the drive or set DI5 to be activated to clear the fault. Please refer to section 5.2.

The speed command is selected by SPD0, SPD1. Please refer to the following table:

Speed Command No.	DI signal of CN1		Command Source	Content	Range
	SPD1	SPD0			
S1	0	0	External analog command	Voltage between V-REF and GND	+/-10V
S2	0	1		P1-09	0 ~ 5000r/min
S3	1	0		P1-10	0 ~ 5000r/min
S4	1	1		P1-11	0 ~ 5000r/min

0: indicates OFF (Normally Open); 1: indicates ON (Normally Closed)

**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series**

The settings of speed command:

P1-09 is set to 3000

P1-10 is set to 100

P1-11 is set to -3000

Input value command	Rotation direction
+	CW
-	CCW

**STEP 3:**

1. The users can use DI1 to enable the servo drive (Servo ON).
2. If DI3 (SPD0) and DI4 (SPD1) are OFF both, it indicates S1 command is selected. At this time, the motor is operating according to external analog command.
3. If only DI3 is ON (SPD0), it indicates S2 command (P1-09 is set to 3000) is selected, and the motor speed is 3000r/min at this time.
4. If only DI4 is ON (SPD1), it indicates S3 command (P1-10 is set to 100) is selected, and the motor speed is 100r/min at this time.
5. If DI3 (SPD0) and DI4 (SPD1) are ON both, it indicates S4 command (P1-11 is set to -3000) is selected, and the motor speed is -3000r/min at this time.
6. Repeat the action of (3), (4), (5) freely.
7. When the users want to stop the speed trial run, use DI1 to disable the servo drive (Servo OFF).

***Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series*****5.5 Position Trial Run without Load**

**Before position trial run, fix and secure the motor as possible to avoid the danger from the reacting force when the motor speed changes.**

**STEP 1:**

Set the value of parameter P1-01 to 01 and it is position (Pr) control mode. After selecting the operation mode as position (Pr) control mode, please restart the drive and the setting would be valid.

**STEP 2:**

In position control mode, the necessary DI setting is listed as follows:

Digital Input	Parameter Setting Value	Sign	Function Description	CN1 PIN No.
DI1	P2-10=101	SON	Servo On	DI1-=9
DI2	P2-11=108	CTRG	Command triggered	DI2-=10
DI3	P2-12=111	POS0	Position command selection	DI3-=34
DI4	P2-13=112	POS1	Position command selection	DI4-=8
DI5	P2-14=102	ARST	Reset	DI5-=33
DI6	P2-15=0	Disabled	This DI function is disabled	-
DI7	P2-16=0	Disabled	This DI function is disabled	-
DI8	P2-17=0	Disabled	This DI function is disabled	-

By default, DI6 is the function of reverse inhibit limit, DI7 is the function of forward inhibit limit and DI6 is the function of emergency stop (DI8), if the users do not set the setting value of parameters P2-15 to P2-17 to 0 (Disabled), the faults (ALE13, 14 and 15) will occur (For the information of fault messages, please refer to Chapter 10). Therefore, if the users do not need to use these three digit inputs, please set the setting value of parameters P2-15 to P2-17 to 0 (Disabled) in advance.

All the digital inputs of Delta ASDA-AB series are user-defined, and the users can set the DI signals freely. Ensure to refer to the definitions of DI signals before defining them (For the description of DI signals, please refer to Table 7.A in Chapter 7). If any alarm code displays after the setting is completed, the users can restart the drive or set DI5 to be activated to clear the fault. Please refer to section 5.2.

For the information of wiring diagram, please refer to Section 3.6.2 (Wiring of position (Pr) control mode).

Because POS2 is not the default DI, the users need to change the value of parameter P2-14 to 113.

**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series**

The position command is selected by POS0 ~ POS2. Please refer to the following table:

Position Command	POS2	POS1	POS0	CTRG	Parameters	Moving Speed Register	Description
Internal Position 1	0	0	0	↑	P1-15	P2-36 (V1)	Rotation No. (+/- 30000)
					P1-16		Pulse No. (+/- max cnt)
Internal Position 2	0	0	1	↑	P1-17	P2-37 (V2)	Rotation No. (+/- 30000)
					P1-18		Pulse No. (+/- max cnt)
Internal Position 3	0	1	0	↑	P1-19	P2-38 (V3)	Rotation No. (+/- 30000)
					P1-20		Pulse No. (+/- max cnt)
Internal Position 4	0	1	1	↑	P1-21	P2-39 (V4)	Rotation No. (+/- 30000)
					P1-22		Pulse No. (+/- max cnt)
Internal Position 5	1	0	0	↑	P1-23	P2-40 (V5)	Rotation No. (+/- 30000)
					P1-24		Pulse No. (+/- max cnt)
Internal Position 6	1	0	1	↑	P1-25	P2-41 (V6)	Rotation No. (+/- 30000)
					P1-26		Pulse No. (+/- max cnt)
Internal Position 7	1	1	0	↑	P1-27	P2-42 (V7)	Rotation No. (+/- 30000)
					P1-28		Pulse No. (+/- max cnt)
Internal Position 8	1	1	1	↑	P1-29	P2-43 (V8)	Rotation No. (+/- 30000)
					P1-30		Pulse No. (+/- max cnt)

0: indicates OFF (Normally Open); 1: indicates ON (Normally Closed)

The users can set the value of these 8 groups of commands (P1-15 ~ P1-30) freely. The command can be absolute position command (P1-33 =0) or relative position command (P1-33 =1).

For example:

Set P1-33 to 1 (Absolute position command)

**(The new setting will be effective after the servo drive is restarted (after switching power off and on))**

Set P1-15 to 1 (rotation number)

Set P1-16 to 0 (pulse number)

The command of internal position 1: P1-15 Rotation No. + P1-16 Pulse No.

Set P1-17 to 10 (rotation number)

Set P1-18 to 0 (pulse number)

The command of internal position 2: P1-17 Rotation No. + P1-18 Pulse No.

Set P1-19 to -100 (rotation number)

Set P1-20 to 0 (pulse number)

The command of internal position 3: P1-19 Rotation No. + P1-20 Pulse No.

Set P1-21 to 100 (rotation number)

Set P1-22 to 0 (pulse number)

The command of internal position 4: P1-21 Rotation No. + P1-22 Pulse No.

Set P1-23 to -1000 (rotation number)

Set P1-24 to 0 (pulse number)

The command of internal position 5: P1-23 Rotation No. + P1-24 Pulse No.

***Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series***

Set P1-25 to 0 (rotation number)

Set P1-26 to 100 (pulse number)

The command of internal position 6: P1-25 Rotation No. + P1-26 Pulse No.

Set P1-27 to 0 (rotation number)

Set P1-28 to 1000 (pulse number)

The command of internal position 7: P1-27 Rotation No. + P1-28 Pulse No.

Set P1-29 to -10 (rotation number)

Set P1-30 to 2500 (pulse number)

The command of internal position 8: P1-29 Rotation No. + P1-30 Pulse No.

Input command	Rotation direction
+	CW
-	CCW

**STEP 3 :**

1. The users can use DI1 to enable the servo drive (Servo ON).
2. Set DI2 (CTRG) to be ON, it indicates the command of internal position 1 (P1-15 Rotation No. + P1-16 Pulse No.) 1 turn is selected, and the motor has rotated one turn at this time.
3. Set DI3 (POS0) to be ON first and then enable DI2 (CTRG) to be ON, it indicates the command of internal position 2 (P1-17 Rotation No. + P1-18 Pulse No.) 10 turn is selected, and the motor has rotated ten turns.
4. Set DI3 (POS0), DI4 (POS1) and DI5 (POS2) to be ON first and then enable DI2 (CTRG) to be ON, it indicates the command of internal position 8 (P1-29 Rotation No. + P1-30 Pulse No.) 10.25turn is selected, and the motor has rotated 10.25 turns.
5. Repeat the action of (3), (4), (5) freely.
6. When the users want to stop the speed trial run, use DI1 to disable the servo drive (Servo OFF).

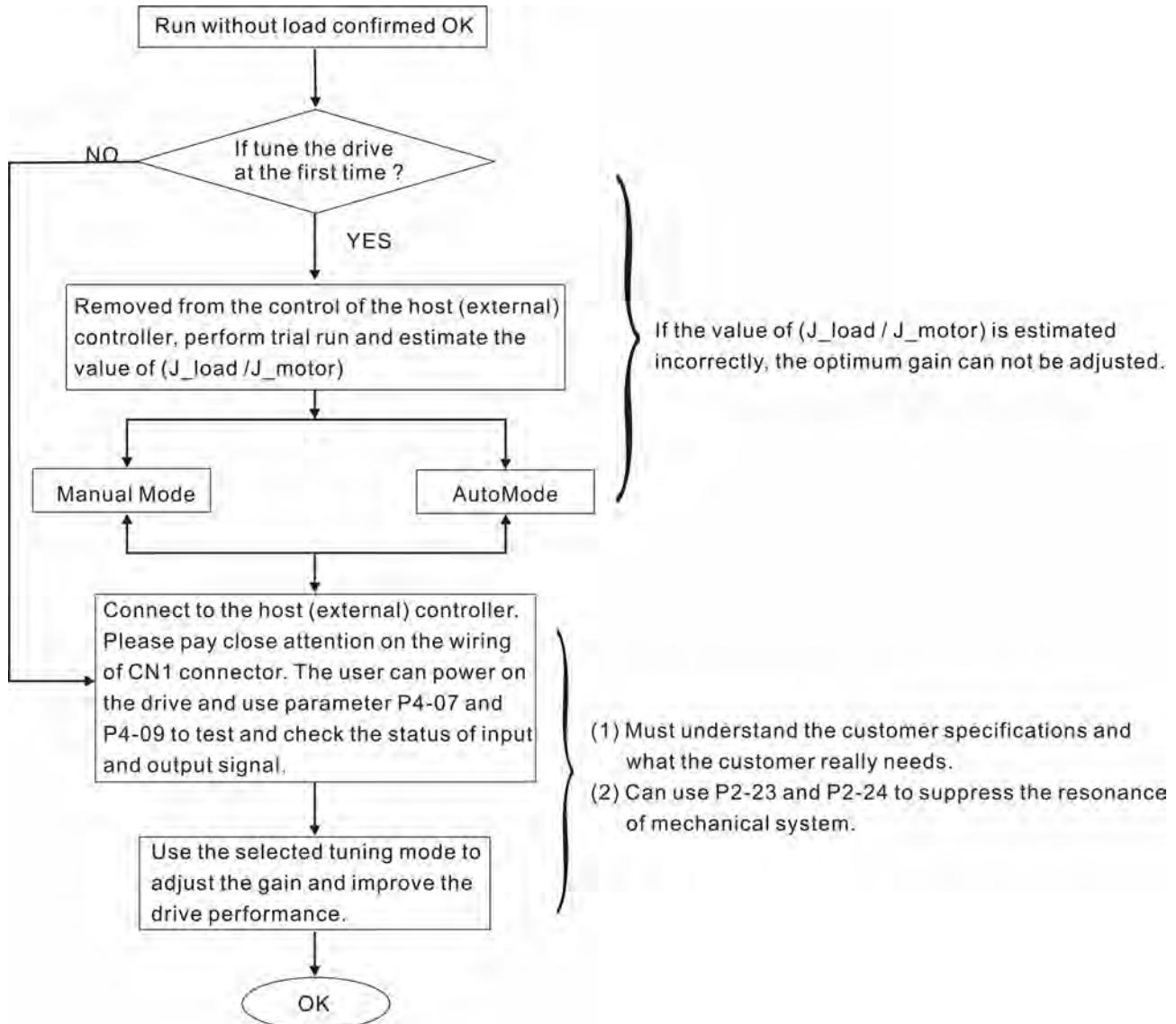
**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series****5.6 Tuning Procedure**

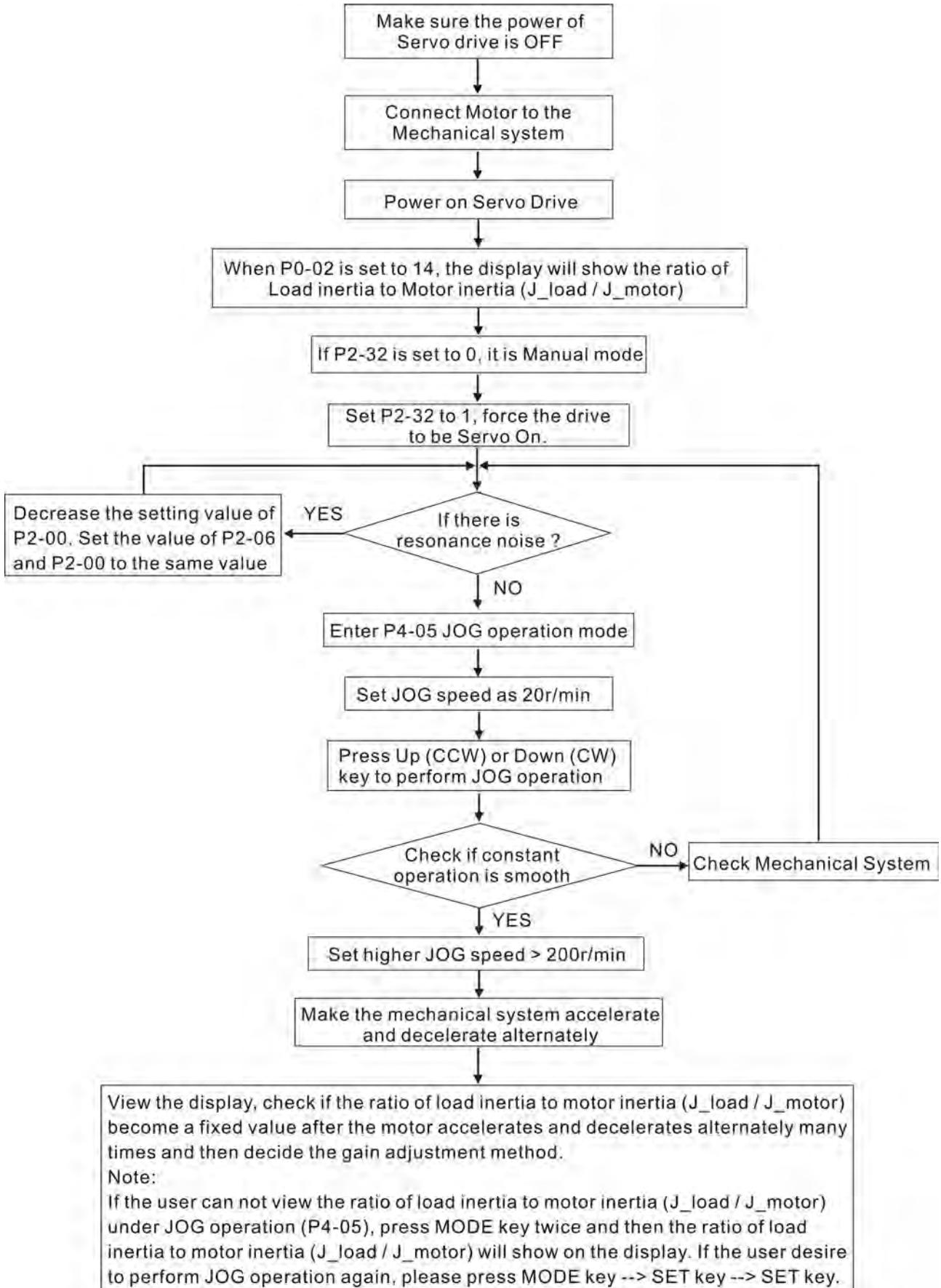
Table 5.A Estimate the ratio of Load Inertia to Servo Motor Inertia (J\_load /J\_motor): JOG Mode

Tuning Procedure	Display
1. After wiring is completed, when power is connected to the AC servo drive, the right side display will show on the LCD display.	ALE 14
2. Press MODE key to enter into parameter mode.	P0-00
3. Press SHIFT key twice to select parameter group.	P2-00
4. Press UP key to view each parameter and select parameter P2-17.	P2-17
5. Press SET key to display the parameter value as shown on the right side.	21
6. Press SHIFT key twice to change the parameter values. Use UP key to cycle through the available settings and then press SET key to determine the parameter settings.	121
7. Press UP key to view each parameter and select parameter P2-30.	P2-30
8. Press SET key to display the parameter value as shown on the right side.	0
9. Select parameter value 1. Use UP key to cycle through the available settings.	1
10. Press SET key to write parameter value to the drive, and the right side display will show on the LCD display.	P0-EE
11. At this time, the servo drive is ON and the right side display will appear next.	0
12. Press DOWN key three times to select the ratio of Load Inertia to Servo Motor Inertia (J_load /J_motor).	JL
13. Display the current ratio of Load Inertia to Servo Motor Inertia (J_load /J_motor). (5.0 is default setting.)	50
14. Press MODE key to select parameter mode.	P2-30
15. Press SHIFT key twice to select parameter group.	P4-00
16. Press UP key to select user parameter P4-05.	P4-05
17. Press SET key and JOG speed 20r/min will be displayed. Press UP and DOWN key to increase and decrease JOG speed. To press SHIFT key one time can add one digit number.	20 ↓ 200
18. Select desired JOG speed, press SET key and it will show the right side display.	JOG
19. Pressing UP key is forward rotation and pressing DOWN key is reverse rotation.	
20. Execute JOG operation in low speed first. After the machine is running smoothly, then execute JOG operation in high speed.	

**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series**

21. The ratio of Load Inertia to Servo Motor Inertia ( $J_{load} / J_{motor}$ ) cannot be shown in the display of JOG parameter P4-05 operation. Please press MODE key twice continuously and the users can see the ratio of Load Inertia to Servo Motor Inertia ( $J_{load} / J_{motor}$ ). Then, execute JOG operation again, press MODE key once and press SET key twice to view the display on the keypad. Check if the value of  $J_{load} / J_{motor}$  is adjusted to a fixed value and displayed on the keypad after acceleration and deceleration repeatedly.

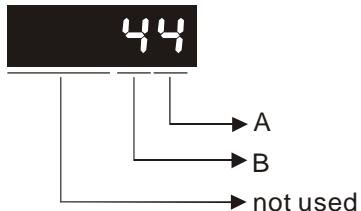
**5.6.1 Tuning Flowchart**

**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series****5.6.2 Load Inertia Estimation Flowchart**

**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series****5.6.3 AutoMode (PI) Tuning Flowchart**

Set P2-32 to 2 (2: AutoMode (PI) [Continuous adjustment] )

P2-31 Auto Mode Responsiveness Level (Default setting: B=4)



A: No function

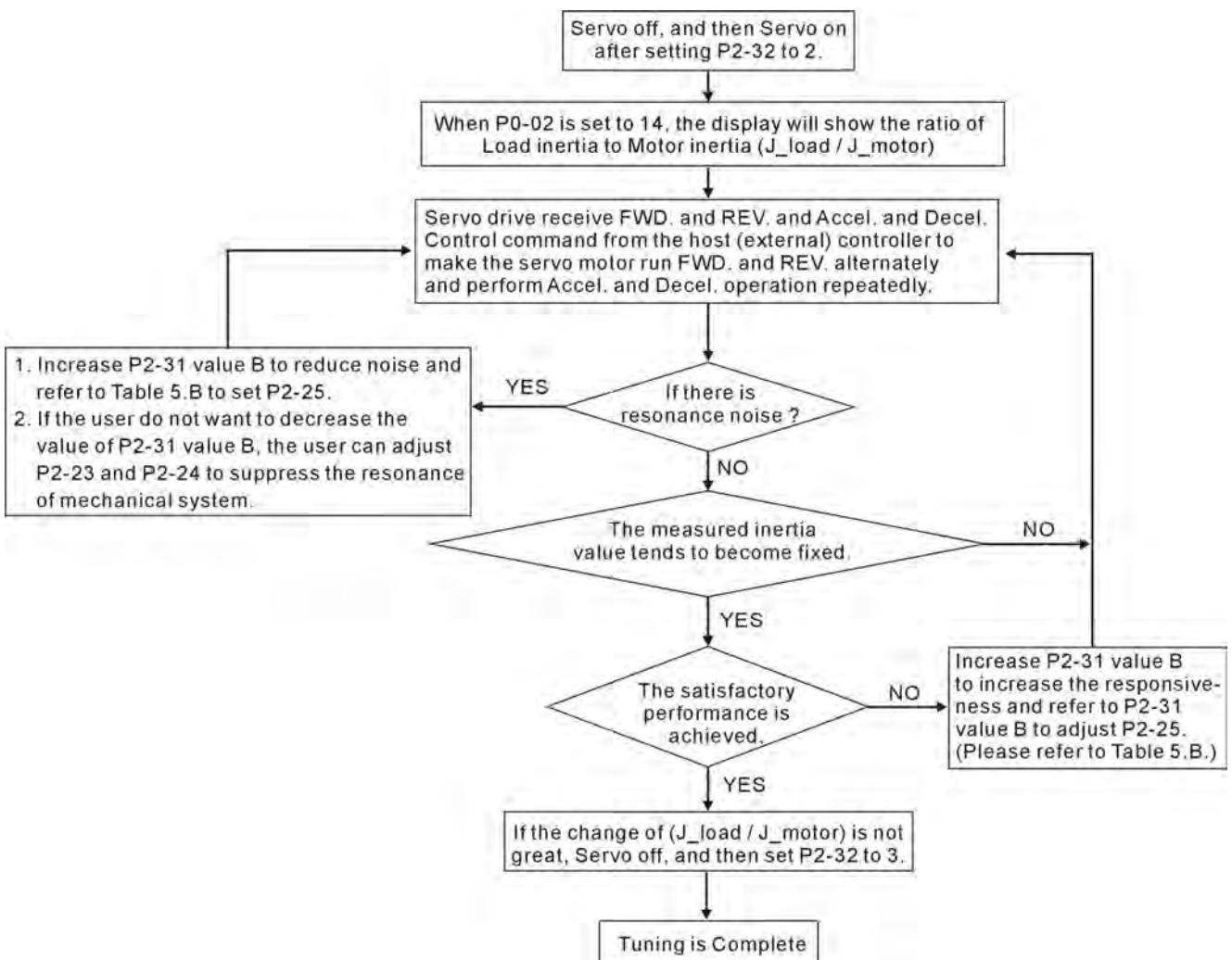
B: Responsiveness level of auto-tuning mode

In AutoMode (PI), the value "B" indicates the responsiveness setting. When the setting value is higher, the responsiveness is faster.

Adjust P2-31: Increase the setting value of P2-31. Increase the value "B" to speed the responsiveness or reduce the noise.

Adjust P2-25: According to the setting value of P2-31 speed and adjust the responsiveness.

Continuously adjust until the satisfactory performance is achieved, and then set P2-32 to 3 (3: AutoMode (PI) [Fix the ratio of Load Inertia to servo motor inertia and response level can be adjusted] ) to finish the tuning procedure.



**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series**

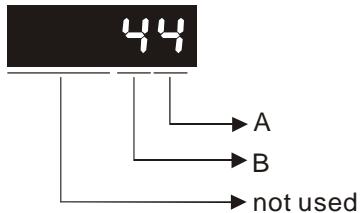
Table 5.B P2-31 Value "B" Setting in AutoMode (PI) and the setting of P2-00, P2-25

P2-31 value "B"	Speed Loop Responsive	Recommended Setting Value of P2-25
0	20Hz	13
1	30Hz	9
2	40Hz	6
3	60Hz	4
4	85Hz	3
5	120Hz	3
6	160Hz	2
7	200Hz	1
8	250Hz	1
9 and above	300Hz	0

**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series****5.6.4 AutoMode (PDFF) Tuning Flowchart**

Set P2-32 to 4 (4: AutoMode (PDFF) [Continuous adjustment] )

P2-31 Auto Mode Responsiveness Level (Default setting: B=4)



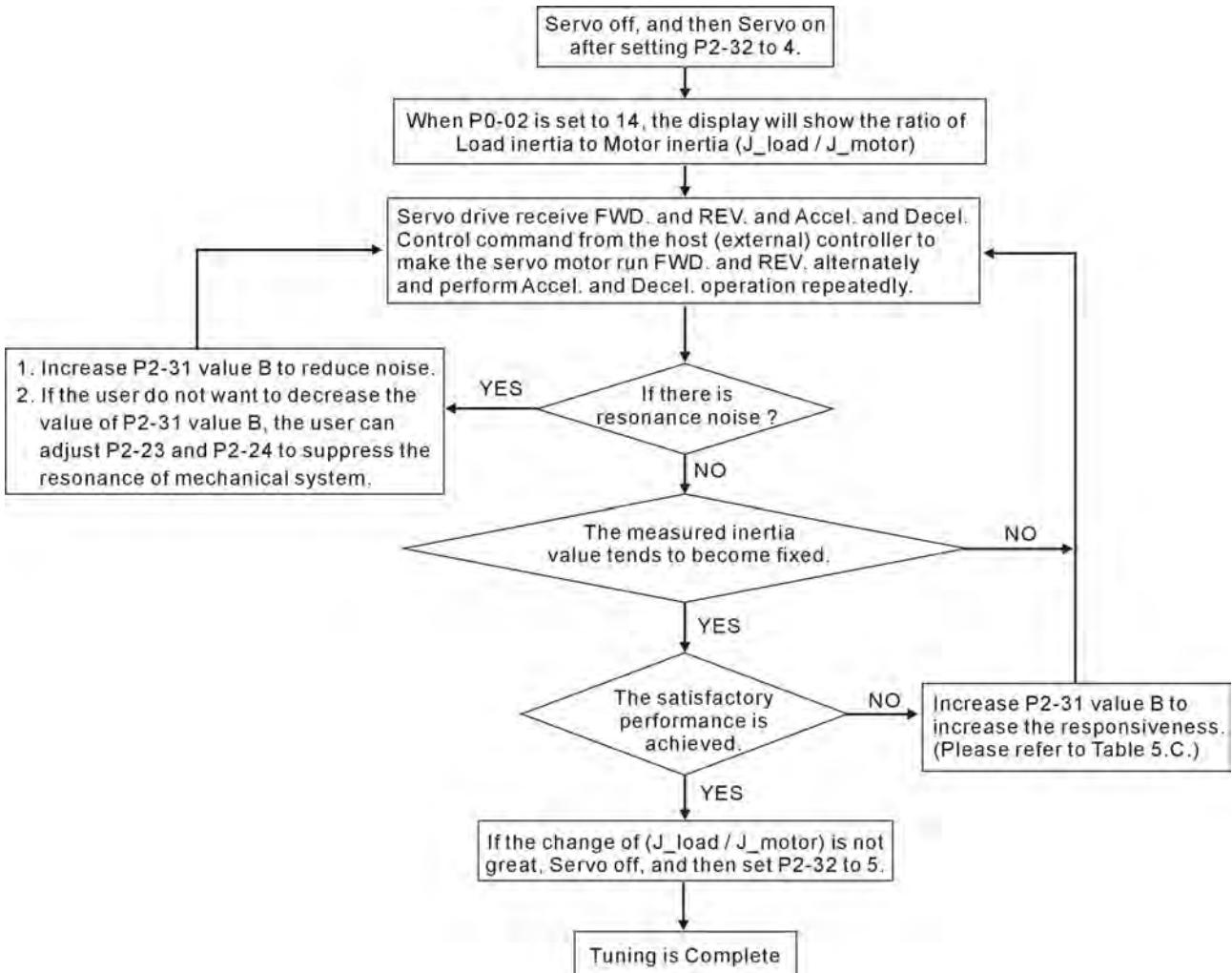
A: No function

B: Responsiveness level of auto-tuning mode

In AutoMode (PDFF), the value "B" indicates the responsiveness setting. When the setting value is higher, the responsiveness is faster.

Adjust P2-31: Increase the setting value of P2-31. Increase the value "B" to speed the responsiveness or reduce the noise.

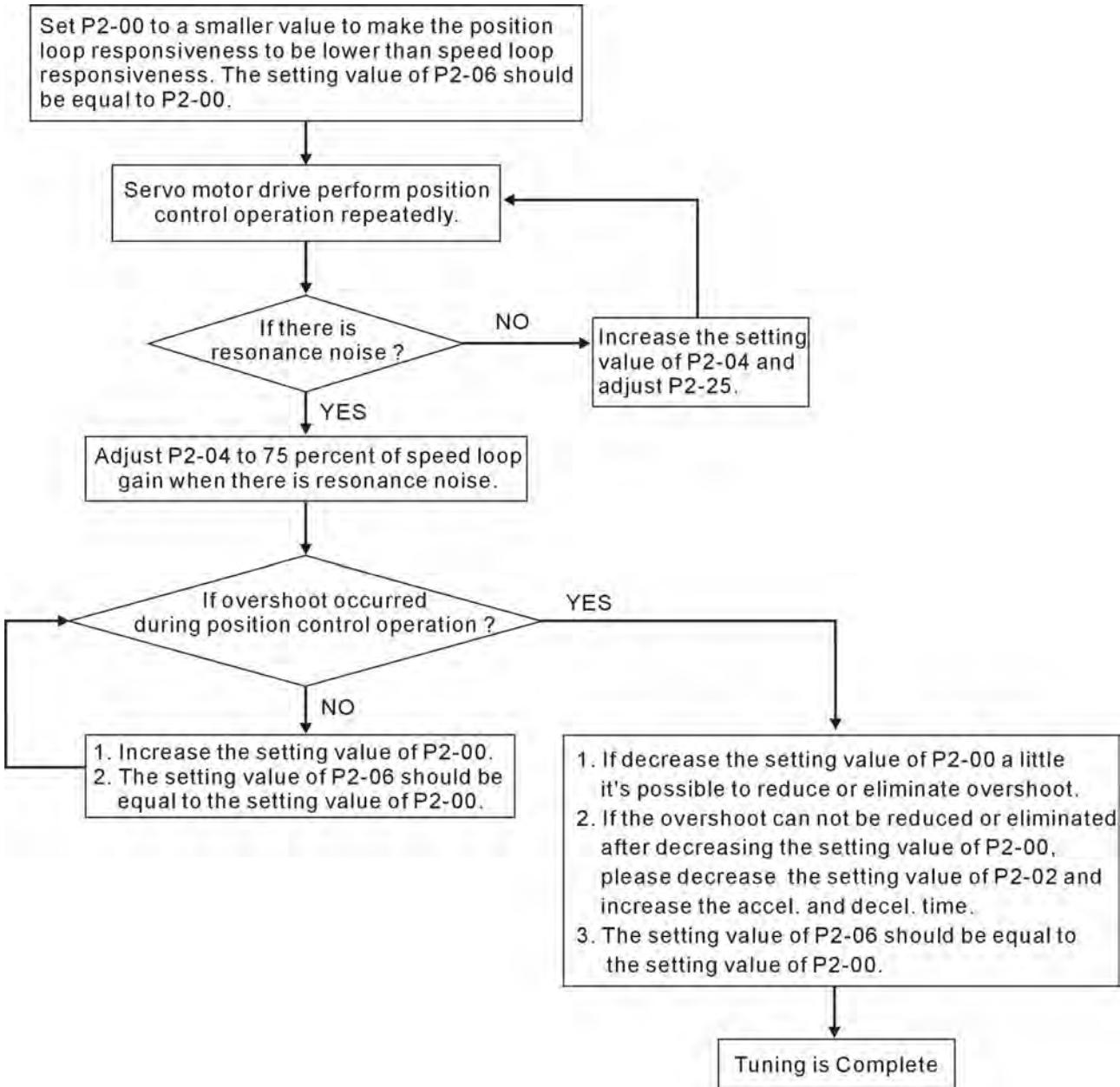
Continuously adjust until the satisfactory performance is achieved, and then set P2-32 to 5 (5: AutoMode (PDFF) [Fix the ratio of Load Inertia to servo motor inertia and response level can be adjusted] ) to finish the tuning procedure.

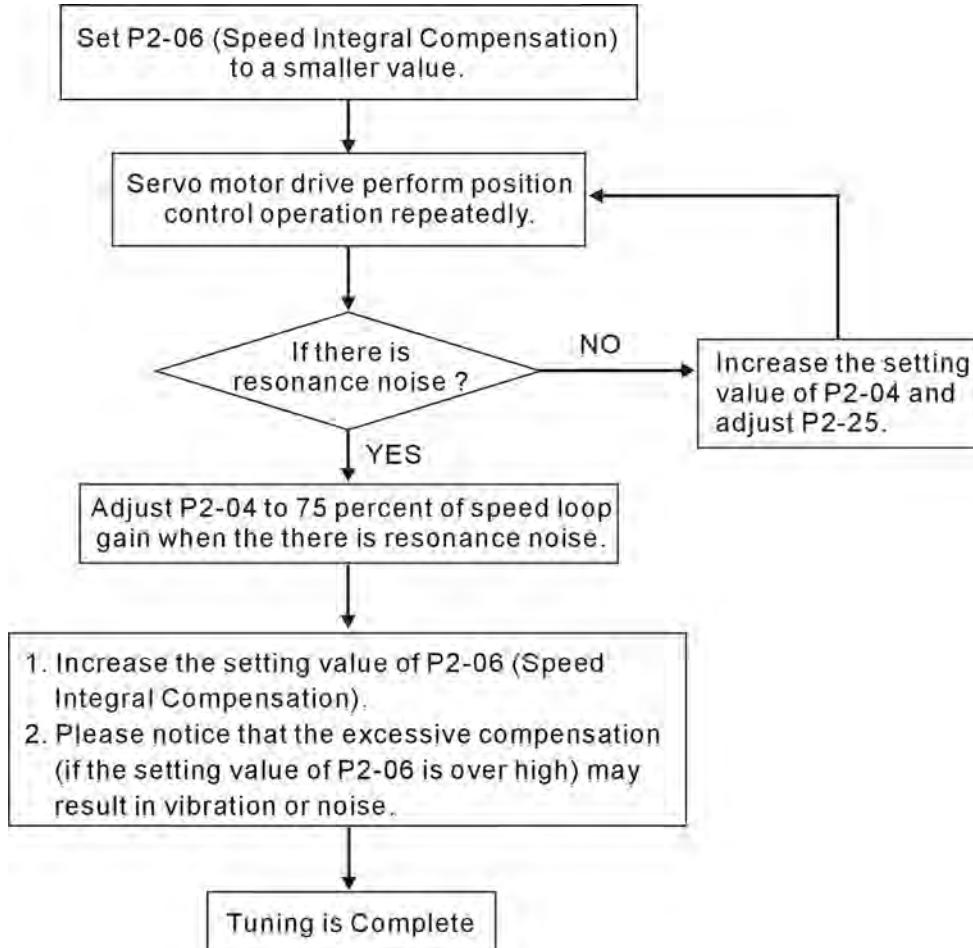


**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series**

Table 5.C P2-31 Value “B” Setting in AutoMode (PDFF) and the Speed Loop Responsiveness.

P2-31 value “B”	Speed Loop Responsiveness	P2-31 value “B”	Speed Loop Responsiveness
0	20HZ	8	120Hz
1	30 HZ	9	140HZ
2	40 HZ	A	160HZ
3	50 HZ	B	180HZ
4	60 HZ	C	200Hz
5	70 Hz	D	220Hz
6	80Hz	E	260Hz
7	100Hz	F	300HZ

**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series****5.6.5 Manual Mode Tuning Flowchart****Position Mode**

**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series****Speed Mode****5.6.6 Limit of Load Inertia Estimation**

The accel. / decel. time for reaching 2000r/min must be below 1 second. The rotation speed must be above 200r/min. The load inertia must be 100 multiple or less of motor inertia. The change of external force and the inertia ratio can not be too much. In AutoMode (P2-32 is set to 3 or 5), it will stop estimating the load inertia. The measured load inertia value will not be saved when the power is cut off. When re-apply the power to the drive every time, the setting value of P1-37 is equal to the initial value of load inertia value. But, the measured inertia value will be memorized in P1-37 automatically when:

- (1) Switching AutoMode #2 to AutoMode #3
- (2) Switching AutoMode #4 to AutoMode #5

**Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series****5.6.7 Relationship between Tuning Modes and Parameters**

Tuning Mode	P2-32	AutoSet Parameter	User-defined Parameter	Gain Value
Manual Mode	0(Default setting)	None	P2-00 (Proportional Position Loop Gain) P2-04 (Proportional Speed Loop Gain) P2-06 (Speed Integral Compensation) P2-25 (Low-pass Filter Time Constant of Resonance Suppression)	Fixed
AutoMode (PI) [Continuous]	2	P2-00 P2-04 P2-06	P2-31 Value B (Level of Responsiveness) P2-25 (Low-pass Filter Time Constant of Resonance Suppression)	Continuous Adjusting
AutoMode (PI) [Fixed Inertia] (The inertia ratio is determined by P1-37)	3	P2-00 P2-04 P2-06	P1-37 (Ratio of Load Inertia to Servo Motor Inertia [J_load / J_motor]) P2-31 Value B (Level of Responsiveness) P2-25 (Low-pass Filter Time Constant of Resonance Suppression)	Fixed
AutoMode (PDFF) [Continuous]	4	P2-00 P2-04 P2-06 P2-25 P2-26	P2-31 Value B (Level of Responsiveness)	Continuous Adjusting
AutoMode (PDFF) [Fixed Inertia] (The inertia ratio is determined by P1-37)	5	P2-00 P2-04 P2-06 P2-25 P2-26	P1-37 (Ratio of Load Inertia to Servo Motor Inertia [J_load / J_motor]) P2-31 Value B (Level of Responsiveness)	Fixed

When switching mode #3 to #0, the setting value of P2-00, P2-04 and P2-06 will change to the value that measured in #3 auto-tuning mode.

When switching mode #5 to #0, the setting value of P2-00, P2-04, P2-06, P2-25 and P2-26 will change to the value that measured in #5 auto-tuning mode

**5.6.8 Gain Adjustment in Manual Mode**

The position and speed responsiveness selection is depending on and determined by the control stiffness of machinery and conditions of applications. Generally, high responsiveness is essential for the high frequency positioning control of mechanical facilities and the applications of high precision process system. However, the higher responsiveness may easily result in the resonance of machinery system. Therefore, for the applications of high responsiveness, the machinery system with control stiffness is needed to avoid the resonance. Especially when adjusting the responsiveness of unfamiliar machinery system, the users can gradually increase the gain setting value to improve responsiveness until the resonance occurs, and then decrease the gain setting value. The relevant parameters and gain adjusting methods are described as follows:

## **Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series**

- KPP, Parameter P2-00 Proportional Position Loop Gain

This parameter is used to determine the responsiveness of position loop (position loop gain). It could be used to increase stiffness, expedite position loop response and reduce position error. When the setting value of KPP is higher, the response to the position command is quicker, the position error is less and the settling time is also shorter. However, if the setting value is over high, the machinery system may generate vibration or noise, or even overshoot during positioning. The position loop responsiveness is calculated as follows:

$$\text{Position Loop Responsiveness (Hz)} = \frac{\text{KPP}}{2\pi}$$

- KVP, Parameter P2-04 Proportional Speed Loop Gain

This parameter is used to determine the responsiveness of speed loop (speed loop gain). It could be used to expedite speed loop response. When the setting value of KVP is higher, the response to the speed command is quicker. However, if the setting value is over high, it may result in the resonance of machinery system. The responsiveness of speed loop must be higher than the 4~6 times of the responsiveness of position loop. If responsiveness of position loop is higher than the responsiveness of speed loop, the machinery system may generate vibration or noise, or even overshoot during positioning. The speed loop responsiveness is calculated as follows:

$$\text{Speed Loop Responsiveness (Hz)} = \frac{\text{KVP}}{(1 + (\text{J_load} / \text{J_motor})) \times 2\pi}$$

- KVI, Parameter P2-06 Speed Integral Compensation

If the setting value of KVI is higher, the capability of decreasing the speed control deviation is better. However, if the setting value is over high, it may easily result in the vibration of machinery system. The recommended setting value is as follows:

$$\text{KVI (Parameter P2-06)} \leq 1.5 \times \text{Speed Loop Responsiveness}$$

- NLP, Parameter P2-25 Low-pass Filter Time Constant of Resonance Suppression

When the value of ( $\text{J_load} / \text{J_motor}$ ) is high, the responsiveness of speed loop may decrease. At this time, the users can increase the setting value of KVP (P2-04) to keep the responsiveness of speed loop. However, when increasing the setting value of KVP (P2-04), it may easily result in the vibration of machinery system. Please use this parameter to suppress or eliminate the noise of resonance. If the setting value of NLP is higher, the capability of improving the noise of resonance is better. However, if the setting value is over high, it may easily lead to the instability of speed loop and overshoot of machinery system.

The recommended setting value is as follows:

$$\text{NLP (Parameter P2-25)} \leq \frac{1000}{4 \times \text{Speed Loop Responsiveness (Hz)}}$$

***Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series*****■ DST, Parameter P2-26 External Anti-Interference Gain**

This parameter is used to enhance the anti-interference capability and reduce the occurrence of overshoot. The default setting is 0 (Disabled). It is not recommended to use it in manual mode only when performing a few tuning on the value gotten through P2-32 AutoMode (PDFF) (setting value is 5, mode 5) automatically (The setting value of P2-26 will change to the value that measured in mode 5 (AutoMode (PDFF)) when switching mode 5 ((AutoMode (PDFF)) to mode 0 (Manual mode)).

**■ PFG, Parameter P2-02 Position Feed Forward Gain**

This parameter is used to reduce position error and shorten the positioning settling time. However, if the setting value is over high, it may easily lead to the overshoot of machinery system. If the value of electronic gear ratio (1-44/1-45) is over than 10, the machinery system may also easily generate vibration or noise.

***Chapter 5 Trial Run and Tuning Procedure | ASDA-AB Series***

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## ***Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation***

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### **6.1 Control Modes of Operation**

The Delta ASDA-AB series can be programmed to provide six single and five dual modes of operation. Their operation and description is listed in the following table.

Mode		Code	Description
Single Mode	External Position Control	Pt	Position control for the servo motor is achieved via an external pulse command.
	Internal Position Control	Pr	Position control for the servo motor is achieved via by 8 commands stored within the servo controller. Execution of the 8 positions is via Digital Input (DI) signals.
	Speed Control	S	Speed control for the servo motor can be achieved via parameters set within the controller or from an external analog -10 ~ +10 Vdc command. Control of the internal speed parameters is via the Digital Inputs (DI). (A maximum of three speeds can be stored internally).
	Internal Speed Control	Sz	Speed control for the servo motor is only achieved via parameters set within the controller. Control of the internal speed parameters is via the Digital Inputs (DI). (A maximum of three speeds can be stored internally).
	Torque Control	T	Torque control for the servo motor can be achieved via parameters set within the controller or from an external analog -10 ~ +10 Vdc command. Control of the internal torque parameters is via the Digital Inputs (DI). (A maximum of three torque levels can be stored internally).
	Internal Torque Control	Tz	Torque control for the servo motor is only achieved via parameters set within the controller. Control of the internal torque parameters is via the Digital Inputs (DI). (A maximum of three torque levels can be stored internally).
Dual Mode		Pt-S	Either Pt or S control mode can be selected via the Digital Inputs (DI)
		Pt-T	Either Pt or T control mode can be selected via the Digital Inputs (DI)
		Pr-S	Either Pr or S control mode can be selected via the Digital Inputs (DI)
		Pr-T	Either Pr or T control mode can be selected via the Digital Inputs (DI)
		S-T	Either S or T control mode can be selected via the Digital Inputs (DI)

The steps of changing mode:

- (1) Switching the servo drive to Servo Off status. Turning SON signal of Digit input to be off can complete this action.
- (2) Using parameter P1-01. (Refer to chapter 7).
- (3) After the setting is completed, cut the power off and restart the drive again.

## Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series

The following sections describe the operation of each control mode, including control structure, command source and loop gain adjustment, etc.

### 6.2 Position Control Mode

The position control mode (Pt or Pr mode) is usually used for the applications requiring precision positioning, such as industry positioning machine, indexing table etc. Delta ASDA-AB series servo drive supports two kinds of command sources in position control mode. One is an external pulse train (Pt: Position Terminals, External Position Control) and the other is internal parameter (Pr: Position Register, i.e. internal parameters P1-15 to P1-30, Internal Position Control). The external pulse train with direction which can control the rotation angle of servo motor. The max. input frequency for the external pulse command is 500Kpps (Line Driver) or 200Kpps (Open Collector) and it is equal to rotation speed of 3000r/min.

In order to provide a convenient position control function, Delta servo drive provides eight internal preset parameters for position control. There are two setting methods of internal parameters, one is to set different position command into these eight internal parameters before operation and then use POS0~POS2 of DI signals of CN1 to perform positioning control. The other setting method is to use serial communication to change the setting value of these eight internal parameters.

To make the servo motor and load operate more smoothly, Delta servo drive also provide complete Position Spine Line (P-curve) profile for position control mode. For the closed-loop positioning, speed control loop is the principal part and the auxiliary parameters are position loop gain and feed forward compensation. The users can also select two kinds of tuning mode (Manual/Auto modes) to perform gain adjustment. This Section 6.2 mainly describes the applicability of loop gain adjustment and feed forward compensation of Delta servo system.

#### 6.2.1 Command Source of Position (Pt) Control Mode

The command source of P mode is external pulse train input form terminals. There are three types of pulse input and each pulse type is with logic type (positive (+), negative (-)). They all can be set in parameter P1-00. Please refer to the following relevant parameters:

P1 - 00▲	PTT	External Pulse Input Type	Communication Addr.: 0100H
----------	-----	---------------------------	----------------------------

Default: 2

Related Section:

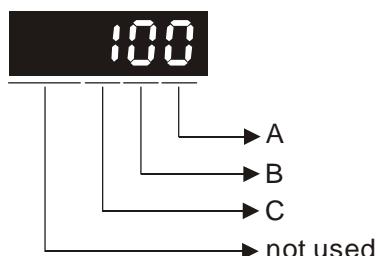
Applicable Control Mode: Pt

Section 6.2.1

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 132

Settings:



- Value A: Pulse type  
A=0: AB phase pulse (4x)  
A=1: CW + CCW pulse  
A=2: Pulse + Direction

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

- Value B: Input pulse filter

B=0: 500Kpps

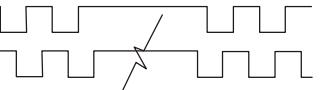
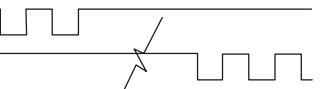
B=1: 200Kpps

B=2: 150Kpps

B=3: 80Kpps

This setting is used to suppress or reduce the chatter caused by the noise, etc. However, if the instant input pulse filter frequency is over high, the frequency that exceeds the setting value will be regarded as noise and filtered.

- Value C: Logic type

Pulse Type	0=Positive Logic		1=Negative Logic	
	Forward	Reverse	Forward	Reverse
AB phase pulse				
CW + CCW pulse				
Pulse + Direction				

Input pulse interface	Max. input pulse frequency
Line driver	500kpps
Open collector	200kpps

- Other setting: Reversed

Position pulse can be input from these terminals, PULSE (41), /PULSE (43) and SIGN (37), /SIGN (36). It can be an open-collector circuit or line driver circuit. For the detail wiring, please refer to 3.6.1.

### 6.2.2 Command Source of Position (Pr) Control Mode

The command sources of Pr mode are P1-15, P1-16 to P1-29, P1-30 these eight built-in parameters. According to parameter P1-33, users can select: a) Absolute or b) Incremental position control. Using with external I/O signals (CN1, POS0 to POS 2 and CTRG) can select one of the eight built-in parameters to be position command. Please refer to the table below:

Position Command	POS2	POS1	POS0	CTRG	Parameters	Description
P1	0	0	0	↑	P1-15	Rotation number (+/- 30000)
					P1-16	Pulses (+/- max cnt)
P2	0	0	1	↑	P1-17	Rotation number (+/- 30000)
					P1-18	Pulses (+/- max cnt)
P3	0	1	0	↑	P1-19	Rotation number (+/- 30000)
					P1-20	Pulses (+/- max cnt)
P4	0	1	1	↑	P1-21	Rotation number (+/- 30000)
					P1-22	Pulses (+/- max cnt)

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

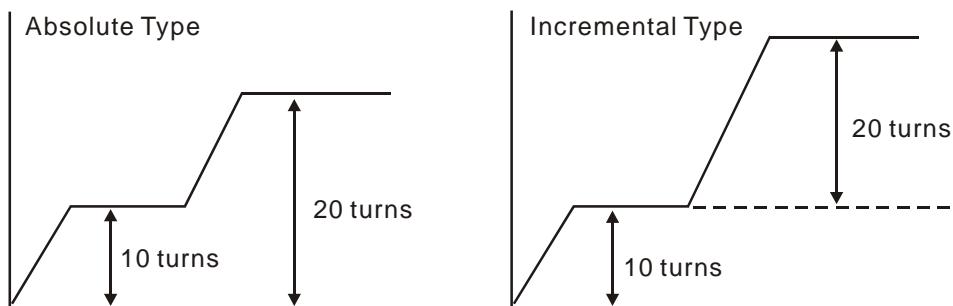
Position Command	POS2	POS1	POS0	CTRG	Parameters	Description
P5	1	0	0	↑	P1-23	Rotation number (+/- 30000)
					P1-24	Pulses (+/- max cnt)
P6	1	0	1	↑	P1-25	Rotation number (+/- 30000)
					P1-26	Pulses (+/- max cnt)
P7	1	1	0	↑	P1-27	Rotation number (+/- 30000)
					P1-28	Pulses (+/- max cnt)
P8	1	1	1	↑	P1-29	Rotation number (+/- 30000)
					P1-30	Pulses (+/- max cnt)

State of POS0~2: 0 indicates the contact is OFF (Normally Open)

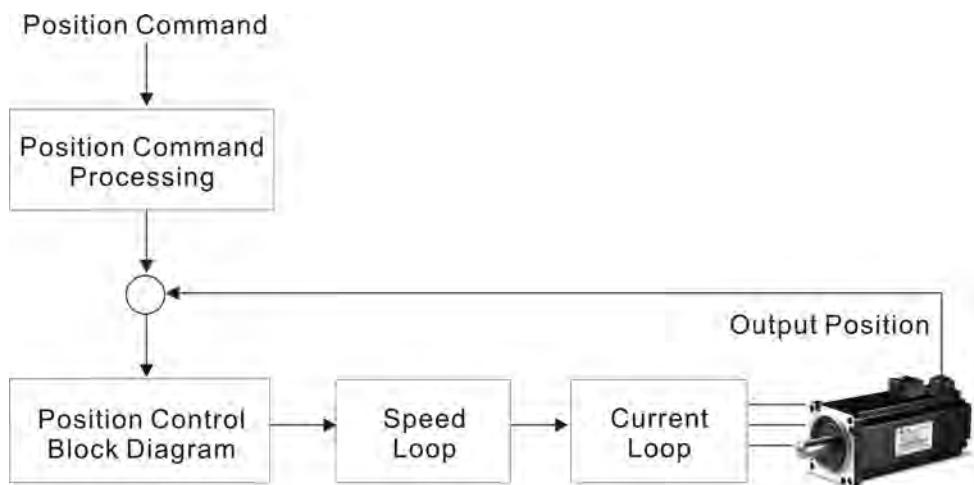
1 indicates the contact is ON (Normally Closed)

CTRG↑: the instant time when the contact changes from 0 (open) to 1 (closed).

The application of absolute and incremental position control is various and multiple. This kind of position control is equal to a simple sequence control. User can easily complete the cycle running by using the above table. For example, the position command, P1 is 10 running and P2 is 20 running. Give the position command P1 first and then give the position command P2. The difference between absolute and incremental position control is shown as the figure below:

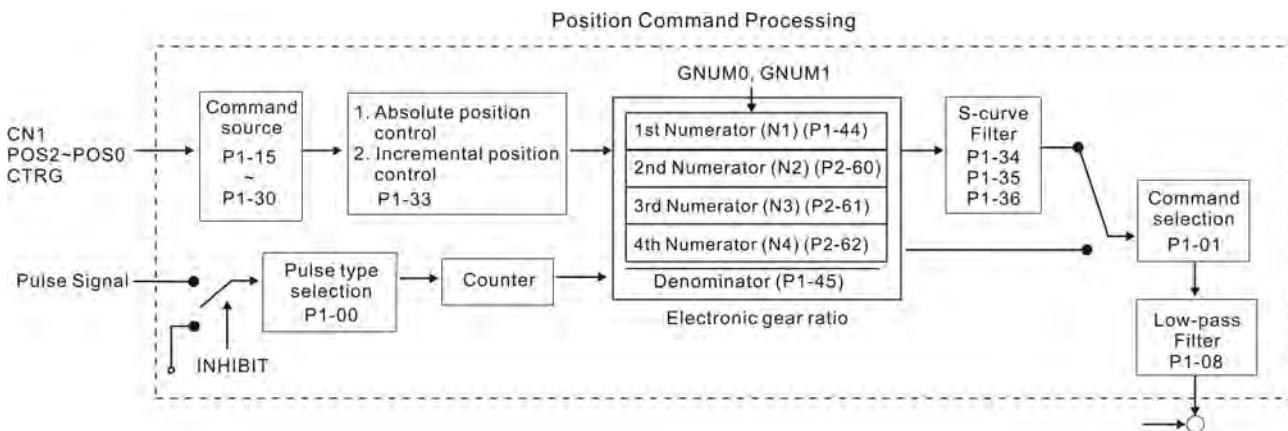
**6.2.3 Structure of Position Control Mode**

Basic Structure:



## Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series

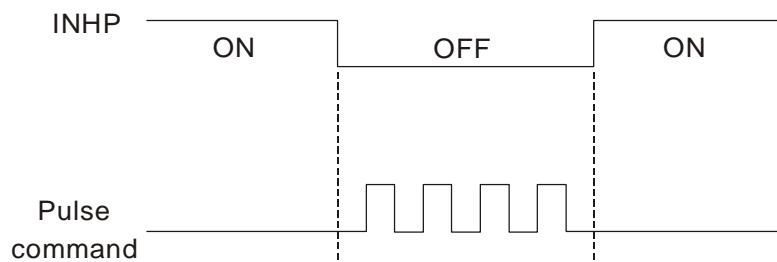
In order to pursue the goal of perfection in position control, the pulse signal should be modified through position command processing and the structure is shown as the figure below:



Using parameter can select Pr mode and Pt mode. Electronic gear ratio can be set in both two modes to set proper position revolution. ASDA-AB series servo drive also provides P-curve and low-pass filter, which are used whenever the motor and load need to be operated more smoothly. As for the information of electronic gear ratio, P-curve and low-pass filter, please refer to the following sections 6.2.4, 6.2.5 and 6.2.6.

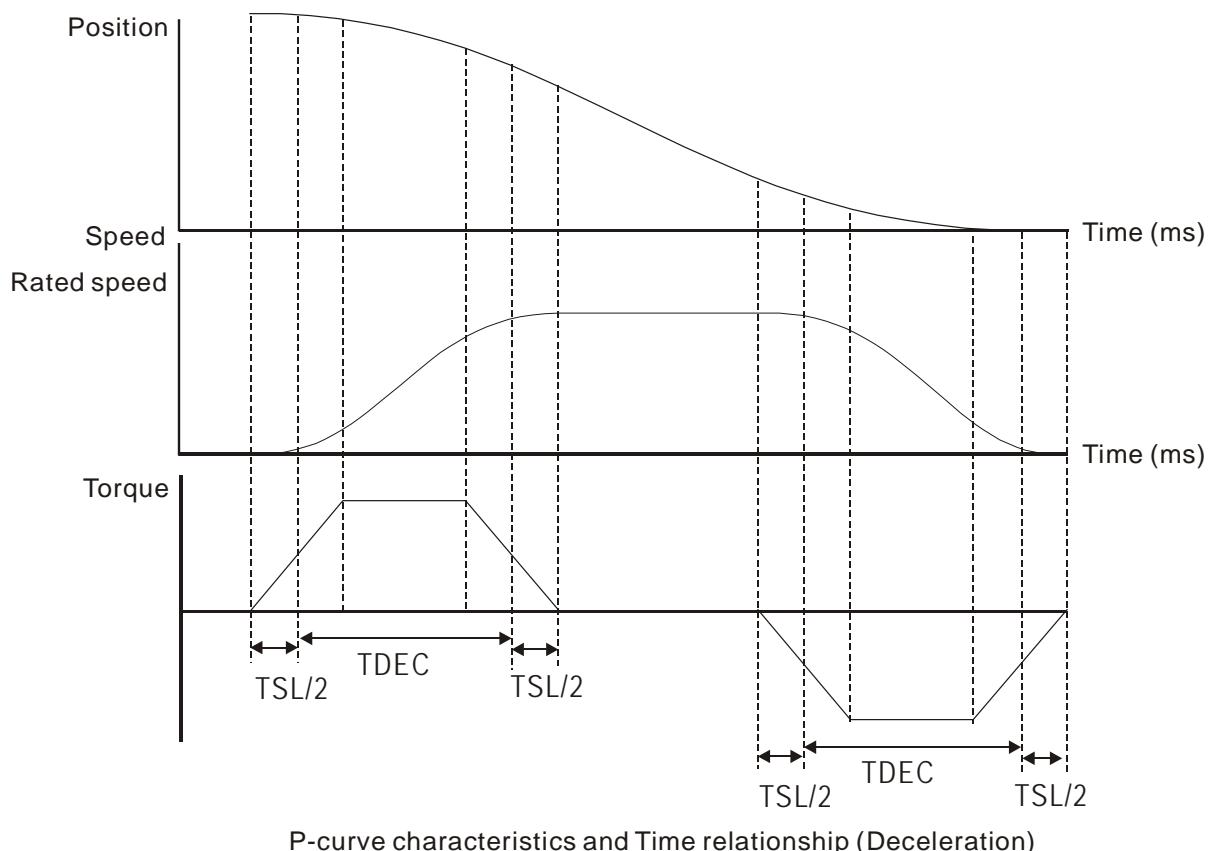
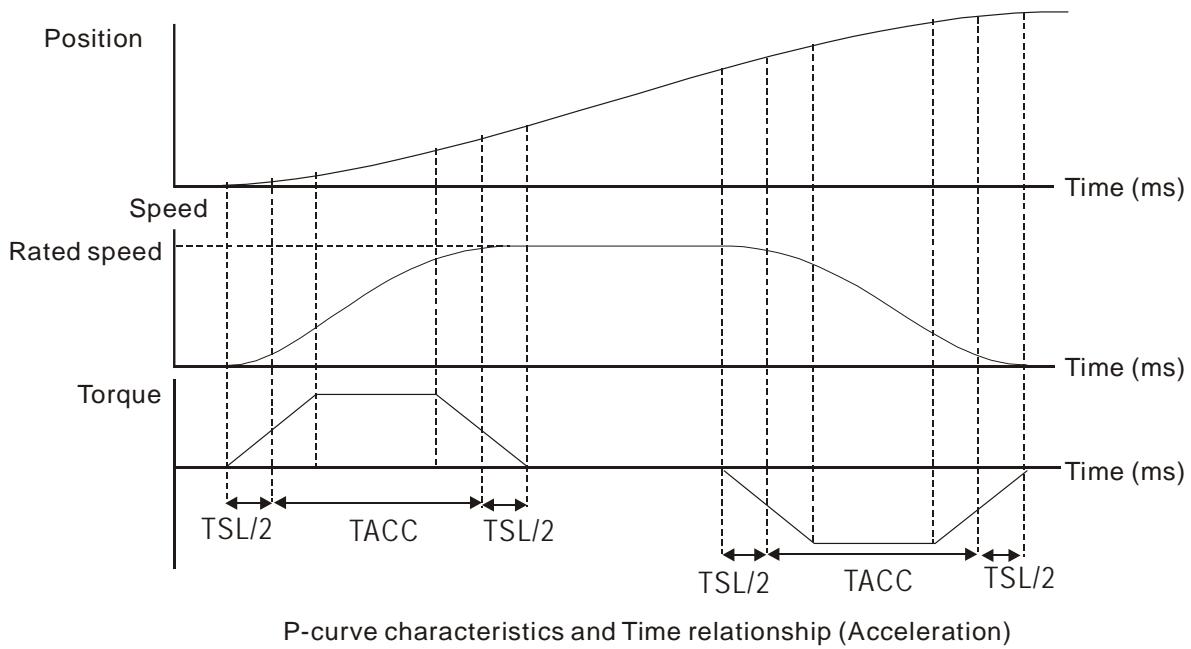
### Pulse Inhibit Input Function (INHP)

INHP is activated via digital inputs (Please refer to parameter P2-10 ~ P2-15 and DI INHP(07) in Table 7.A). When the drive is in position mode, if INHP is activated, the external pulse input command is not valid and the motor will stop.



### 6.2.4 P-curve Filter for Position Control

The P-curve filter is for the position smoothing of motion command. Using P-curve filter can run the servo motor more smoothly in response to a sudden position command. Since the speed and acceleration curve are both continuous and the time for the servo motor to accelerate is short, using P-curve filter not only can improve the performance when servo motor accelerate or decelerate but also can make motor to operate more smoothly (from mechanical view). When the load is change, the motor usually run not smoothly when starts to run and stop due to the friction and inertia change. At this moment, users can increase Accel/Decel P-curve constant (TSL), Accel time constant (TACC) and Decel time constant (TDEC) to improve the performance. Because the speed and angle acceleration are continuous when position command is changed to pulse signal input, so it is not needed to use P-curve filter.

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

Relevant parameters:

<b>P1 - 34</b>	<b>TACC</b>	<b>Acceleration Time</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0122H</b>
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Default: 200

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P/S

P1-35, P1-36, Section 6.3.3

Unit: ms

Range: 1 ~ 20000

Settings:

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

1st to 3rd step Acceleration time.

It is used to determine the acceleration time to accelerate from 0 to its rated rotation speed.

(When P1-36 is set to 0: Accel/Decel function is disabled, i.e. P1-34, P1-35 is disabled.)

<b>P1 - 35</b>	<b>TDEC</b>	<b>Deceleration Time</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0123H</b>
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Default: 200

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P/S

P1-34, P1-36, Section 6.3.3

Unit: ms

Range: 1 ~ 20000

Settings:

1st to 3rd step Deceleration time.

It is used to determine the deceleration time to decelerate from its rated rotation speed to 0.

(When P1-36 is set to 0: Accel/Decel function is disabled, i.e. P1-34, P1-35 is disabled.)

<b>P1 - 36</b>	<b>TSL</b>	<b>Accel /Decel S-curve</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0124H</b>
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Pr mode Default: 20 (See Note 2)

Related Section:

Other mode Default: 0

P1-34, P1-35, Section 6.3.3

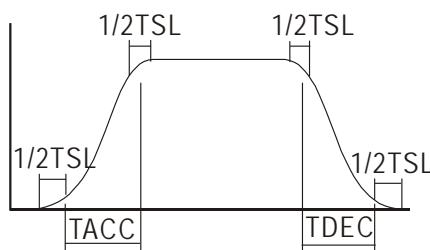
Unit: ms

Range: 0 ~ 10000 (0: Disabled)

Settings:

This parameter is used to make the motor run more smoothly when startup and windup.

Using this parameter can improve the motor running stability.



TSI: P1-36, Accel /Decel S-curve

TACC: P1-34, Acceleration time

TDEC: P1-35, Deceleration time

Total acceleration time = TACC + TSI

Total deceleration time = TDEC + TSI



- 1) If the control of the servo motor is achieved via internal parameters, the command curve should be defined by the users. Therefore, when the command source is internal parameter, ensure that the setting value of P1-36 is not set to 0 or the servo motor will not accelerate or decelerate during operation.

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

- 2) So if user change the control mode to Pr mode and switching power off and on, the servo drive of parameter P1-36 will auto set the value to 20.

**6.2.5 Electronic Gear Ratio**

Relevant parameters:

<b>P1 - 44▲</b>	<b>GR1</b>	<b>Electronic Gear Ratio (1st Numerator) (N1)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 012CH</b>
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Default: 1

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P

Section 6.2.5

Unit: Pulse

Range: 1 ~ 32767

Settings:

Multiple-step electronic gear numerator setting. Please refer to P2-60~P2-62.

<b>P1 - 45▲</b>	<b>GR2</b>	<b>Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 012DH</b>
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Default: 1

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P

Section 6.3.6

Unit: Pulse

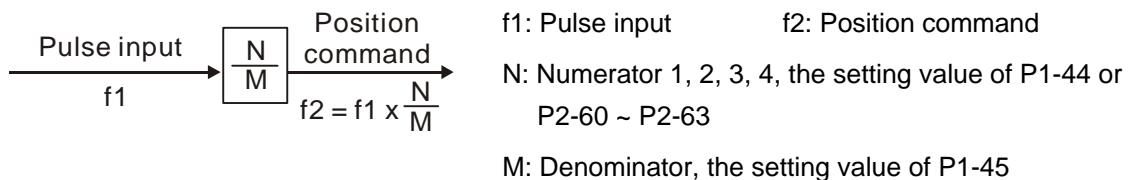
Range: 1 ~ 32767

Settings:

Electronic gear denominator setting.

It is recommended to set electronic gear ratio when the servo drive is Off. As the wrong setting can cause motor to run chaotically (out of control) and it may lead to personnel injury, therefore, ensure to observe the following rule when setting P1-44, P1-45.

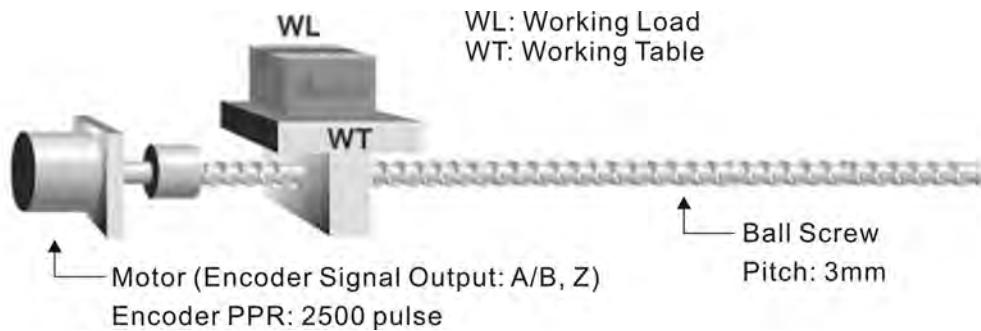
The electronic gear ratio setting (Please also see P1-44, P2-60~P2-62):



The electronic gear ratio setting range must be within:  $1/50 < N/M < 200$ .

The electronic gear function provides easy travel distance ratio change. However, the over high electronic gear ratio will command the motor to move not smoothly. At this time, the users can use low-pass filter parameter to improve this kind of situation. For example, assume that the electronic gear ratio is equal to 1 and the encoder pulse per revolution is 10000ppr, if the electronic gear ratio is changed to 0.5, then the motor will rotate one pulse when the command from external controller is two pulses.

For example, after the proper electronic gear ratio is set, the reference travel distance is 1  $\mu\text{m}/\text{pulse}$ , the machinery will become easier to be used.

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

	Electronic Gear Ratio	Corresponding travel distance per pulse
When the electronic gear ratio is not used	$= \frac{1}{1}$	$= \frac{3 \times 1000}{4 \times 2500} = \frac{3000}{10000} \mu\text{m}$
When the electronic gear ratio is not used	$= \frac{10000}{3000}$	$= 1 \mu\text{m}$

**6.2.6 Low-pass Filter**

Relevant parameters:

P1 - 08	PFLT	Smooth Constant of Position Command (Low-pass Filter)	Communication Addr.: 0108H
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Default: 0

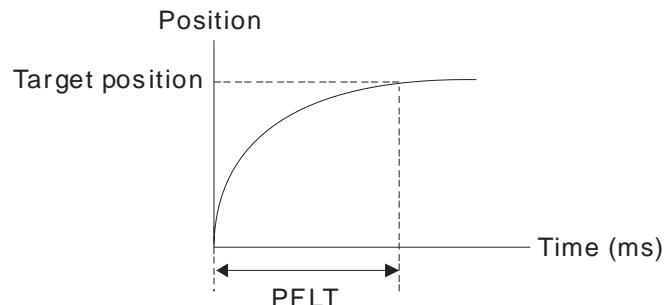
Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P

Section 6.2.6

Unit: 10ms

Range: 0 ~ 1000 (0: Disabled)

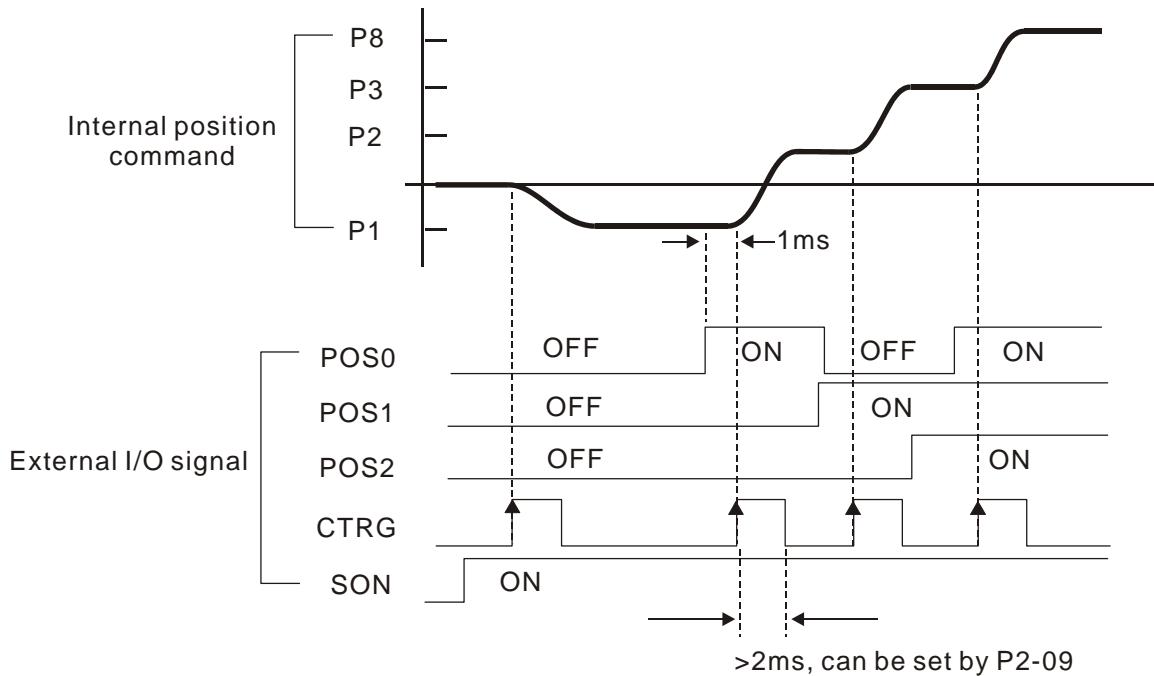


## Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series

### 6.2.7 Timing Chart of Position (Pr) Control Mode

In Pr mode, position command source is DI signal from CN1, i.e. selected by POS0~POS2 and CTRG.

Please refer to 6-2-2 to see the relationship between DI signals and parameters. The following figure is shown the timing chart of Pr mode:



### 6.2.8 Position Loop Gain Adjustment

Before performing position control (setting position control block diagram), the users should complete the speed control setting by using Manual mode (parameter P-32) since the position loop contains speed loop. Then, adjust the Proportional Position Loop Gain, KPP (parameter P2-00) and Position Feed Forward Gain, PFG (parameter P2-02). Or use Auto mode to adjust the gain of speed and position control block diagram automatically.

- 1) Proportional Position Loop Gain: To increase this gain can enhance the position loop responsiveness.
- 2) Position Feed Forward Gain: To increase this gain can reduce the position track error during operation.

The position loop responsiveness cannot exceed the speed loop responsiveness, and it is recommended that the speed loop responsiveness should be at least four times faster than the position loop responsiveness. This also means that the setting value of Proportional Speed Loop Gain, KVP should be at least four times faster than Proportional Position Loop Gain, KPP.

The equation is shown as follows:

$$fp \leq \frac{fv}{4}, fv : \text{Speed Loop Responsiveness (Hz)}, fp : \text{Position Loop Responsiveness (Hz)}$$

$$KPP = 2 \times \pi \times fp.$$

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

For example, the desired position loop responsiveness is equal to 20 Hz.

Then,  $KPP = 2 \times \pi \times 20 = 125$  rad/s.

Relevant parameters:

<b>P2 - 00</b>	<b>KPP</b>	<b>Proportional Position Loop Gain</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0200H</b>
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Default: 35

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P

Section 6.2.8

Unit: rad/s

Range: 0 ~ 1023

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the position loop gain. It can increase stiffness, expedite position loop response and reduce position error. However, if the setting value is over high, it may generate vibration or noise.

<b>P2 - 02</b>	<b>PFG</b>	<b>Position Feed Forward Gain</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0202H</b>
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Default: 5000

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P

Section 6.2.8

Unit: 0.0001

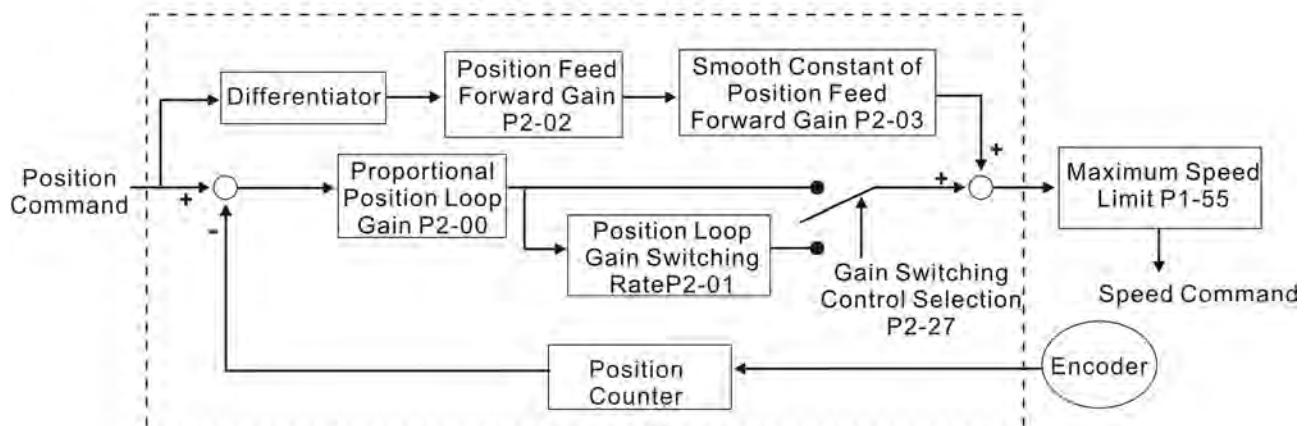
Range: 10 ~ 20000

This parameter is used to set the feed forward gain when executing position control command.

When using position smooth command, increase gain can improve position track deviation.

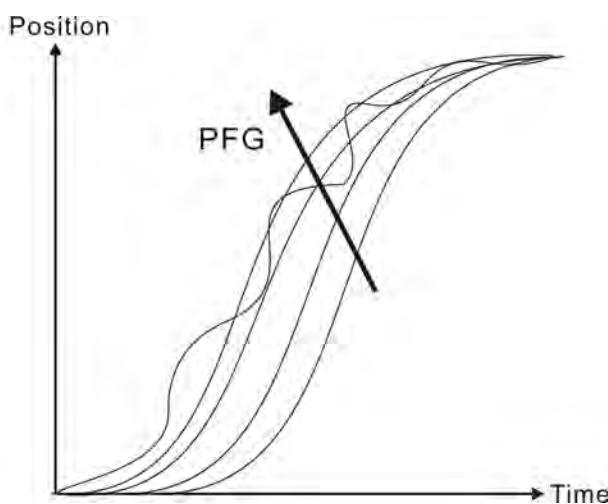
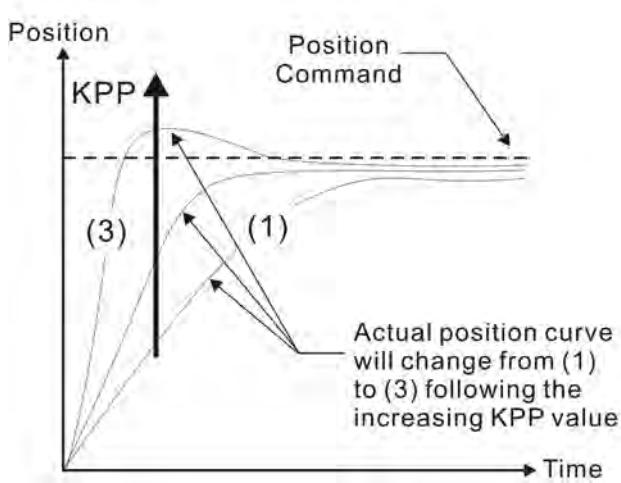
When not using position smooth command, decrease gain can improve the resonance condition of mechanical system. However, if the setting value is over high, it may generate vibration or noise.

Position Control Block Diagram



**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

When the value of Proportional Position Loop Gain, KPP is too great, the position loop responsiveness will be increased and it will result in small phase margin. If this happens, the rotor of motor will oscillate. At this time, the users have to decrease the value of KPP until the rotor of motor stop oscillating. When there is an external torque command interrupted, over low KPP value will let the motor cannot overcome the external strength and fail to meet the requirement of reasonable position track error demand. Adjust feed forward gain, PFG (P2-02) to efficiently reduce the dynamic position track error.



**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

### **6.3 Speed Control Mode**

The speed control mode (S or Sz) is usually used on the applications of precision speed control, such as CNC machine, etc. ASDA-AB series servo drive supports two kinds of command sources in speed control mode. One is external analog signal and the other is internal parameter. The external analog signal is from external voltage input and it can control the speed of servo motor. There are two usage of internal parameter, one is set different speed command in three speed control parameters before operation and then using SPD0 and SPD1 of CN1 DI signal perform switching. The other usage is using serial communication to change the setting value of parameter.

Beside, in order to make the speed command switch more smoothly, ASDA-AB series servo drive also provides complete S-curve profile for speed control mode. For the closed-loop speed control, ASDA-AB series servo drive provides gain adjustment function and an integrated PI or PDFF controller. Besides, two modes of tuning technology (Manual/Auto) are also provided for the users to select (parameter P2-32).

**There are two turning modes for gain adjustment: Manual and Auto modes.**

- **Manual Mode:** User-defined loop gain adjustment. When using this mode, all auto and auxiliary function will be disabled.
- **Auto Mode:** Continuous adjustment of loop gains according to measured inertia, with ten levels of system bandwidth. The parameter set by user is default value.

#### **6.3.1 Command Source of Speed Control Mode**

Speed command Sources:

- 1) External analog signal: External analog voltage input, -10V to +10V
- 2) Internal parameter: P1-09 to P1-11

Speed Command	CN1 DI signal		Command Source			Content	Range
	SPD1	SPD0					
S1	0	0	Mode	S	External analog signal	Voltage between V-REF-GND	+/-10 V
				Sz	N/A	Speed command is 0	0
S2	0	1	Internal parameter			P1-09	0~5000r/min
S3	1	0				P1-10	0~5000r/min
S4	1	1				P1-11	0~5000r/min

- State of SPD0~1: 0: indicates OFF (Normally Open); 1: indicates ON (Normally Closed)
- When SPD0 and SPD1 are both = 0 (OFF), if the control mode of operation is Sz, then the speed command is 0. Therefore, if the users do not use analog voltage as speed command, the users can choose Sz mode and avoid the zero point drift problem of analog voltage signal. If the speed control mode is S mode, then the command is the analog voltage between V-REF and

## Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series

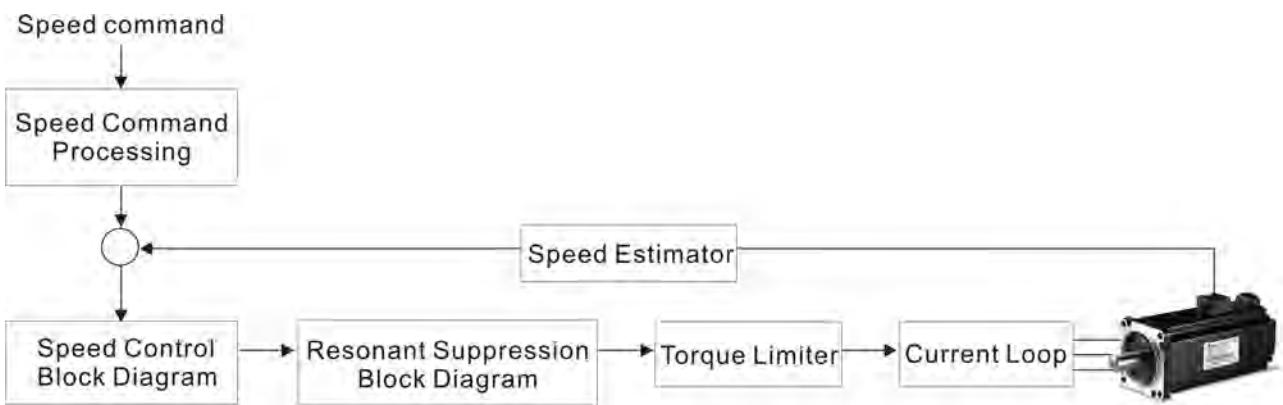
GND. The setting range of the input voltage is from -10V to +10V and the corresponding motor speed is adjustable (Please see parameter P1-40).

- When at least one of SPD0 and SPD1 is not 0 (OFF), the speed command is internal parameter (P1-09 to P1-11). The command is valid (enabled) after either SPD0 or SPD1 is changed.

The speed command that is described in this section not only can be taken as speed command in speed control mode (S or Sz mode) but also can be the speed limit input command in torque control mode (T or Tz mode).

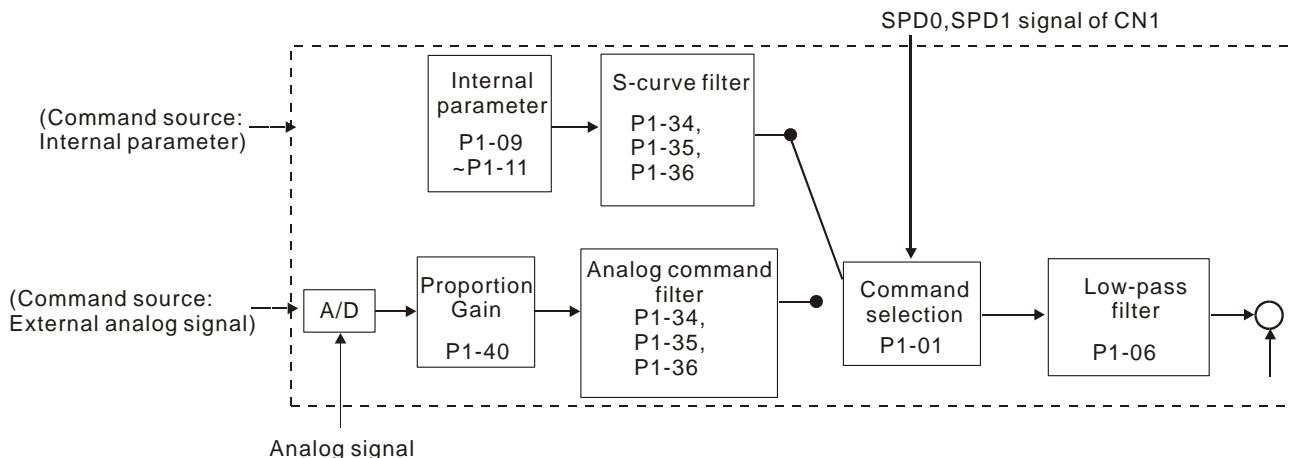
### 6.3.2 Structure of Speed Control Mode

Basic Structure:



In the figure above, the speed command processing is used to select the command source of speed control according to chapter 6.3.1, including proportional gain (P1-40) and S-curve filter smoothing strategy of speed control. The speed control block diagram is used to manage the gain parameters of the servo drive and calculate the current input provided to motor instantaneously. The resonance suppression block diagram is used to suppress the resonance of mechanical system.

The function and structure of speed command processing is shown as the figure below:

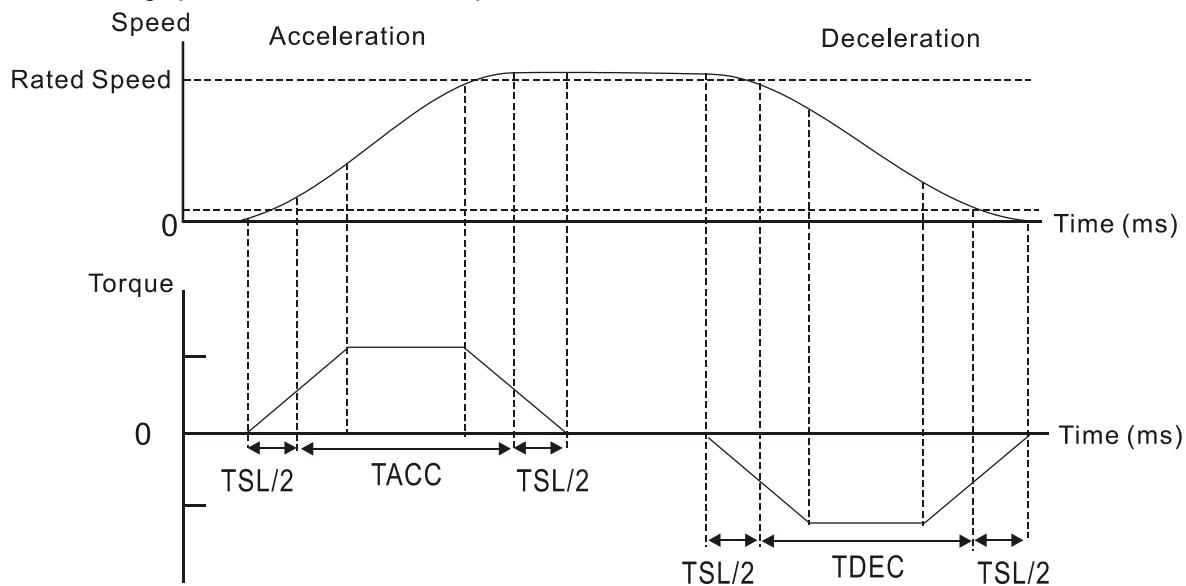


The command source is selected according to the state of SPD0, SPD1 and parameter P1-01 (S or Sz). Whenever the command signal needs to be more smoothly, we recommend the users to use S-curve and low-pass filter.

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series****6.3.3 Smoothing Strategy of Speed Control Mode****S-curve Filter**

The S-curve filter is a speed smoothing command which provides 3 steps accel / decel S-curve to smooth the speed command change of the motor during acceleration and deceleration. Using S-curve filter can let the servo motor run more smoothly in response to a sudden speed command change.

Since the speed and acceleration curve are both continuous, in order to avoid the mechanical resonance and noise may occur due to a sudden speed command (differentiation of acceleration), using S-curve filter not only can improve the performance when servo motor accelerate or decelerate but also can make the motor run more smoothly. S-curve filter parameters include P1-34 Acceleration Time (TACC), P1-35 Deceleration Time (TDEC) and Accel /Decel S-curve (TSL), and the users can use these three parameters to improve the motor performance during acceleration, deceleration and operation. ASDA-AB series servo drives also support the time calculation of completing speed command. T (ms) is the operation (running) time. S (r/min) is absolute speed command, i.e. the absolute value (the result) after starting speed subtracts the final speed.



S-curve characteristics and Time relationship

Relevant parameters:

P1 - 34	TACC	Acceleration Time	Communication Addr.: 0122H
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Default: 200

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P/S

P1-35, P1-36, Section 6.3.3

Unit: ms

Range: 1 ~ 20000

Settings:

1st to 3rd step Acceleration time.

It is used to determine the acceleration time to accelerate from 0 to its rated rotation speed.

(When P1-36 is set to 0: Accel/Decel function is disabled, i.e. P1-34, P1-35 is disabled.)

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 35</b>	<b>TDEC</b>	<b>Deceleration Time</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0123H</b>
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Default: 200

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P/S

P1-34, P1-36, Section 6.3.3

Unit: ms

Range: 1 ~ 20000

Settings:

1st to 3rd step Deceleration time.

It is used to determine the deceleration time to decelerate from its rated rotation speed to 0.

(When P1-36 is set to 0: Accel/Decel function is disabled, i.e. P1-34, P1-35 is disabled.)

<b>P1 - 36</b>	<b>TSL</b>	<b>Accel /Decel S-curve</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0124H</b>
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Pr mode Default: 20 (See Note 2)

Related Section:

Other mode Default: 0

P1-34, P1-35, Section 6.3.3

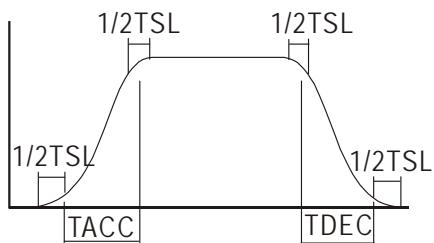
Unit: ms

Range: 0 ~ 10000 (0: Disabled)

Settings:

This parameter is used to make the motor run more smoothly when startup and windup.

Using this parameter can improve the motor running stability.



TSL: P1-36, Accel /Decel S-curve

TACC: P1-34, Acceleration time

TDEC: P1-35, Deceleration time

Total acceleration time = TACC + TSL

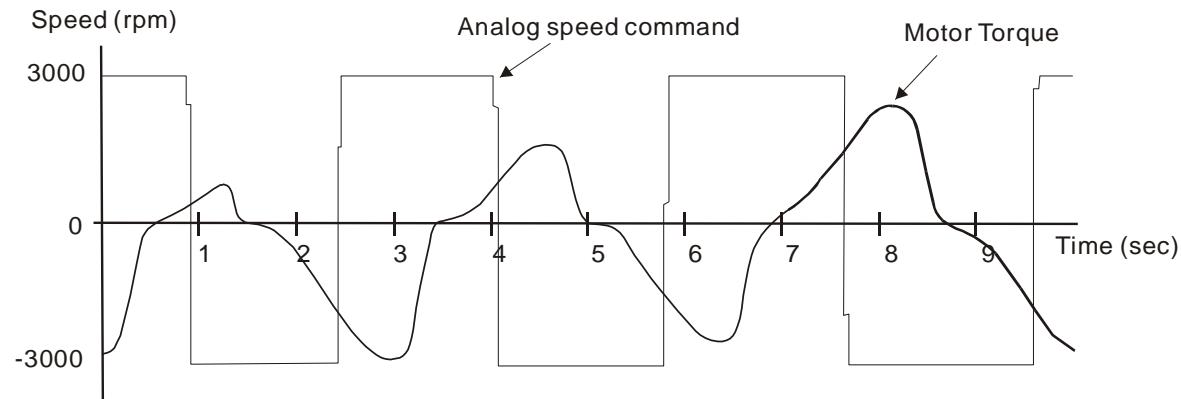
Total deceleration time = TDEC + TSL



- 1) If the control of the servo motor is achieved via internal parameters, the command curve should be defined by the users. Therefore, when the command source is internal parameter, ensure that the setting value of P1-36 is not set to 0 or the servo motor will not accelerate or decelerate during operation.
- 2) So if user change the control mode to Pr mode and switching power off and on, the servo drive of parameter P1-36 will auto set the value to 20.

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series****Analog Speed Command S-curve Filter**

ASDA-AB series servo drives also provide Analog Speed Command S-curve Filter for the smoothing in response to a sudden analog input signal.



The analog speed command S-curve filter is for the smoothing of analog input signal and its function is the same as the S-curve filter. The speed and acceleration curve of analog speed command S-curve filter are both continuous. The above figure shows the curve of analog speed command S-curve filter and the users can see the ramp of speed command is different during acceleration and deceleration. Also, the users can see the difference of input command tracking and can adjust time setting by using parameter P1-34, P1-35, P1-36 to improve the actual motor performance according to actual condition.

**Analog Speed Command Low-pass Filter**

Analog Speed Command Low-pass Filter is used to eliminate high frequency response and electrical interference from an analog speed command and it is also with smoothing function.

Relevant parameters:

<b>P1 - 06</b>	<b>SFLT</b>	<b>Accel / Decel Smooth Constant of Analog Speed Command (Low-pass Filter)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0106H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: S

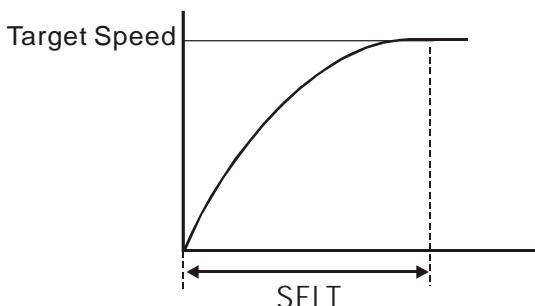
Section 6.3.3

Unit: ms

Range: 0 ~ 1000 (0: Disabled)

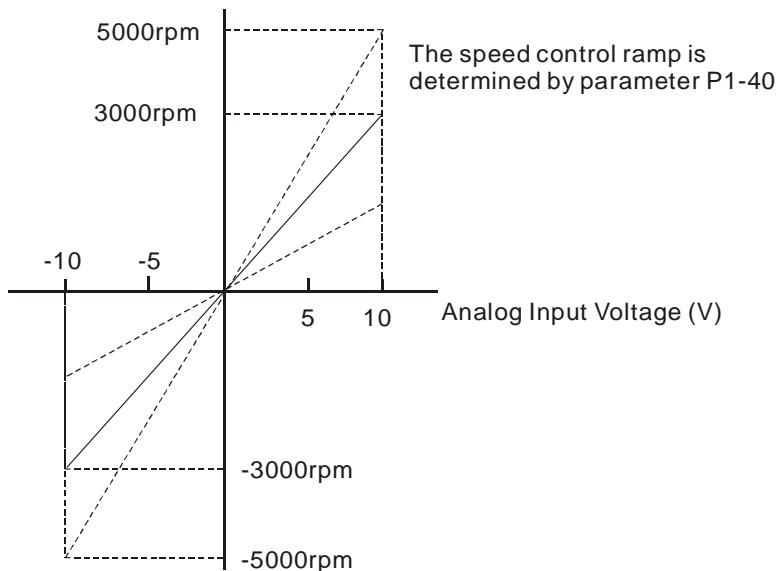


- 1) If the setting value of parameter P1-06 is set to 0, it indicates the function of this parameter is disabled and the command is just By-Pass.



**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series****6.3.4 Analog Speed Input Scaling**

The analog voltage between **V\_REF** and **GND** determines the motor speed command. Using with parameter P1-40 (Max. Analog Speed Command) can adjust the speed control ramp and its range.



Relevant parameters:

P1 - 40▲	VCM	Max. Analog Speed Command / Limit	Communication Addr.: 0128H
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Default: rated speed

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: S/T

Section 6.3.4

Unit: r/min

Range: 0 ~ 10000

Settings:

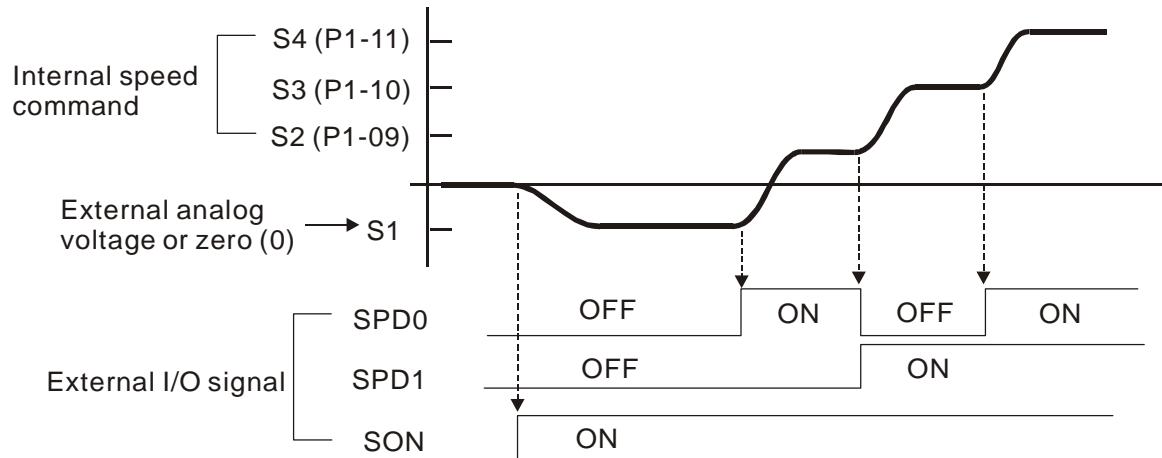
In **Speed mode**, this parameter is used to set the speed at the maximum input voltage (10V) of the analog speed command.

In **Torque mode**, this parameter is used to set the speed at the maximum input voltage (10V) of the analog speed limit.

For example, in speed mode, if P1-40 is set to 3000 and the input voltage is 10V, it indicates that the speed command is 3000r/min. If P1-40 is set to 3000, but the input voltage is changed to 5V, then the speed command is changed to 1500r/min.

Speed command / limit = Input voltage x setting/10

### 6.3.5 Timing Chart of Speed Control Mode

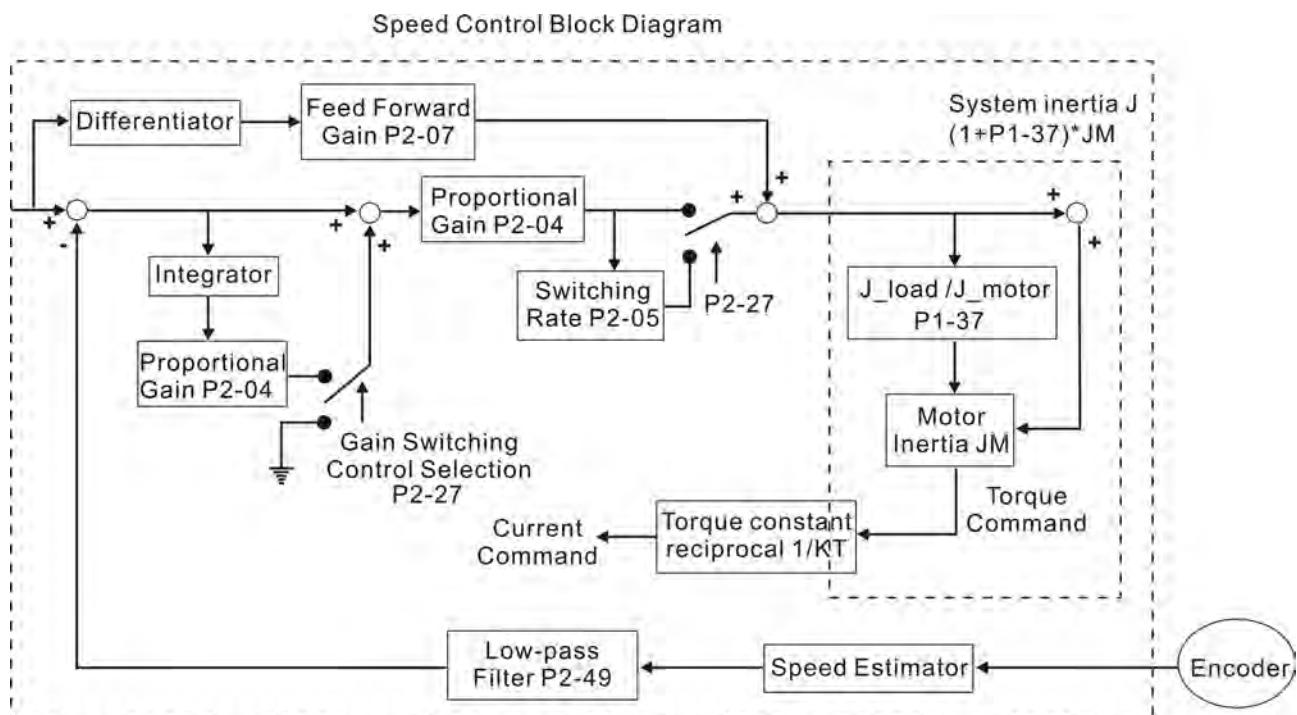


1) OFF indicates normally open and ON indicates normally closed.

- 2) When speed control mode is Sz, the speed command S1=0; when speed control mode is S, the speed command S1 is external analog voltage input (Please refer to P1-01).
  - 3) After Servo ON, the users can select command according to the state of SPD0~1.

### **6.3.6 Speed Loop Gain Adjustment**

The function and structure of **speed control mode** is shown as the figure below:



There are two turning modes of gain adjustment: Manual and Auto modes. The gain of ASDA-AB series servo drives can be adjusted by using any one of three tuning modes.

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

- **Manual Mode:** User-defined loop gain adjustment. When using this mode, all auto and auxiliary function will be disabled.
- **Auto Mode:** Continuous adjustment of loop gains according to measured inertia, with ten levels of system bandwidth. The parameter set by user is default value.

The mode of gain adjustment can be selected by parameter P2-32:

<b>P2 - 32▲</b>	<b>AUT2</b>	<b>Tuning Mode Selection</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0220H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P/S/T

Section 5.6, Section 6.3.6

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 5

Settings:

0: Manual mode

2: AutoMode (PI) [Continuous adjustment]

3: AutoMode (PI) [Fix the ratio of Load Inertia to servo motor inertia and response level can be adjusted]

4: AutoMode (PDFF) [Continuous adjustment]

5: AutoMode (PDFF) [Fix the ratio of Load Inertia to servo motor inertia and response level can be adjusted]

PI : Proportional - Integral control

PDFF : Pseudo-Derivative Feedback and Feedforward

Explanation of Auto-tuning:

1. When switching mode #2 or #4 to #3, the system will save the measured load inertia value automatically and memorized in P1-37. Then, set the corresponding parameters according to this measured load inertia value.
2. When switching mode #2 or #4 to #0, it indicates all automatically measured load inertia value will be aborted, and all setting of parameters will be returned to original setting value in #0 manual mode.
3. When switching mode #0 to #3 or #5, enter the appropriate load inertia value in P1-37.
4. When switching mode #3 to #0, the setting value of P2-00, P2-04 and P2-06 will change to the value that measured in #3 auto-tuning mode.
5. When switching mode #5 to #0, the setting value of P2-00, P2-04, P2-06, P2-25 and P2-26 will change to the value that measured in #5 auto-tuning mode.

**Manual Mode**

When Tuning Mode Settings of P2-32 is set to 0, the users can define the proportional speed loop gain (P2-04), speed integral gain (P2-06) feed forward gain (P2-07) and ratio of load inertia to servo motor Inertia (1-37). Please refer to the following description:

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

- Proportional gain: Adjust this gain can increase the position loop responsiveness.
- Integral gain: Adjust this gain can enhance the low-frequency stiffness of speed loop and eliminate the steady error. Also, reduce the value of phase margin. Over high integral gain will result in the unstable servo system.
- Feed forward gain: Adjust this gain can decrease the phase delay error

Relevant parameters:

<b>P2 - 04</b>	<b>KVP</b>	<b>Proportional Speed Loop Gain</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0204H</b>
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Default: 500

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P/S

Section 6.3.6

Unit: rad/s

Range: 0 ~ 20000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the speed loop gain. When the value of proportional speed loop gain is increased, it can expedite speed loop response. However, if the setting value is over high, it may generate vibration or noise.

<b>P2 - 06</b>	<b>KVI</b>	<b>Speed Integral Compensation</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0206H</b>
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Default: 100

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P/S

Section 6.3.6

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 4095

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the integral time of speed loop. When the value of speed integral compensation is increased, it can improve the speed response ability and decrease the speed control deviation. However, if the setting value is over high, it may generate vibration or noise.

<b>P2 - 07</b>	<b>KVF</b>	<b>Speed Feed Forward Gain</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0207H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: S

Section 6.3.6

Unit: 0.0001

Range: 0 ~ 20000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the feed forward gain when executing speed control command.

When using speed smooth command, increase gain can improve speed track deviation.

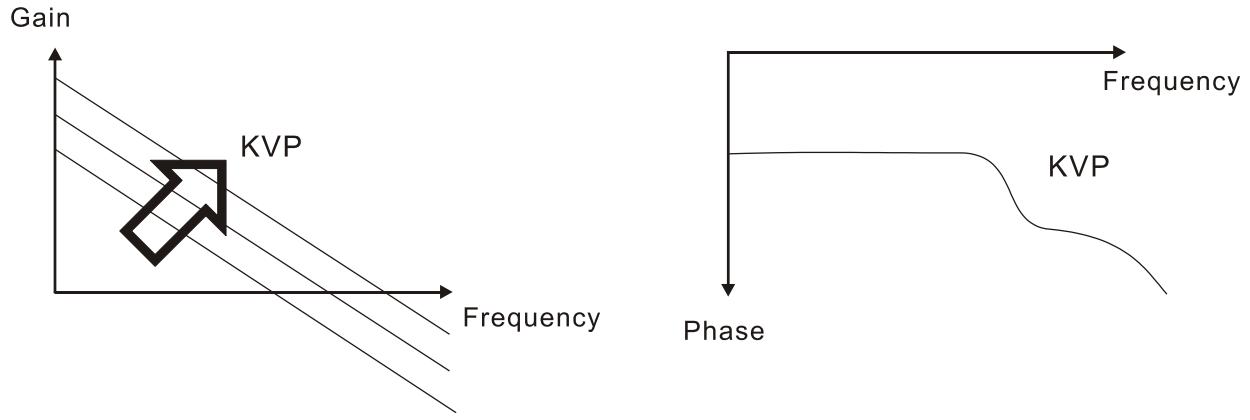
When not using speed smooth command, decrease gain can improve the resonance condition of mechanical system.

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

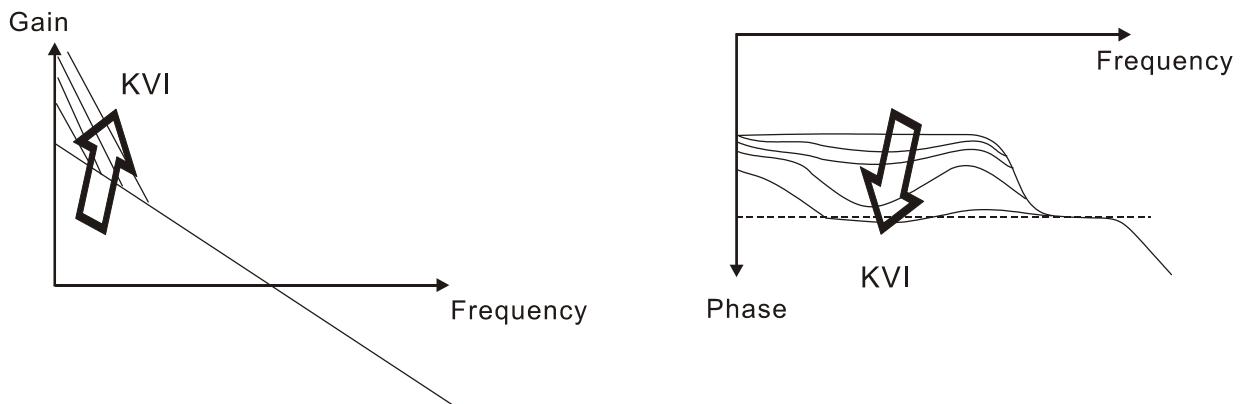
In theory, stepping response can be used to explain proportional gain (KVP), integral gain (KVI) and feed forward gain (KVF). Now we use frequency area and time area respectively to explain the logic.

**Frequency Domain**

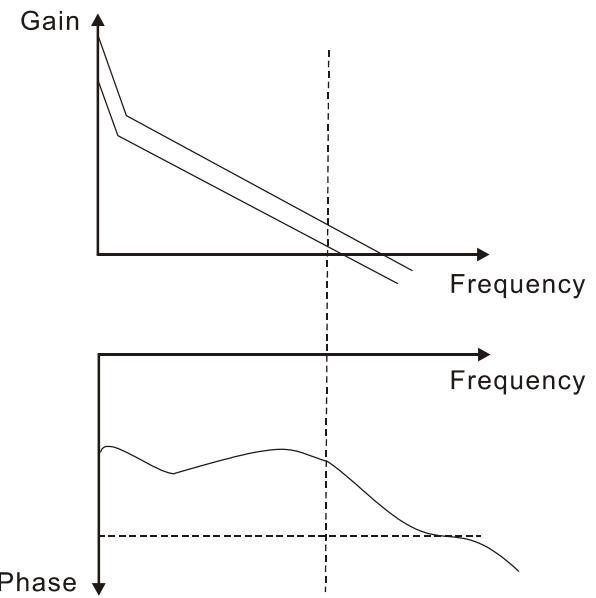
STEP 1: Set the value of KVI=0, the value of KVF=0 and adjust the value of KVP.

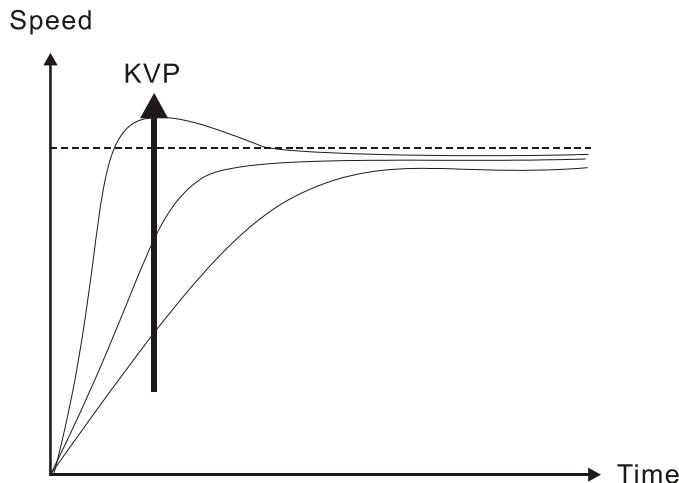


STEP 2 : Fix the value of KVP and adjust the value of KVI.

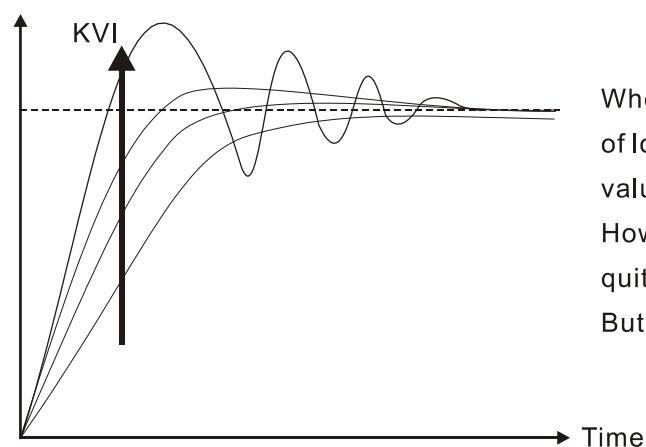


STEP 3 : Select the value of KVI, if the value of phase margin is too small, re-adjust the value of KVP again to obtain the value, 45deg of phase margin.

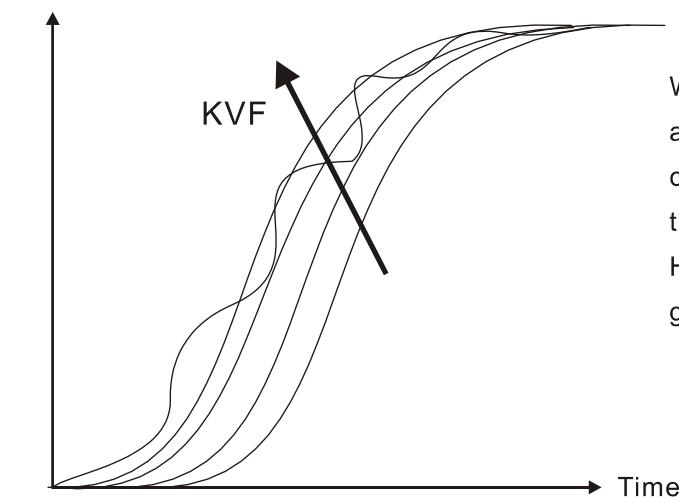


***Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series*****Time Domain**

When the value of KVP is greater, the value of the responsiveness is also greater and the raising time is shorter. However, when the value of phase margin is over low, it is not helpful to steady error. But it is helpful to dynamic tracking error.

**Speed**

When the value of KVI is greater, the value of low-frequency gain is also greater and the value of steady error is nearly zero (0). However, the value of phase margin will reduce quite substantially. It is helpful to steady error. But it is not helpful to dynamic tracking error.

**Speed**

When the value of KVF is nearly to 1 and the forward compensation is more complete, then the value of dynamic tracking error will become very small. However, when the value of KVF is too great, it may cause vibration.

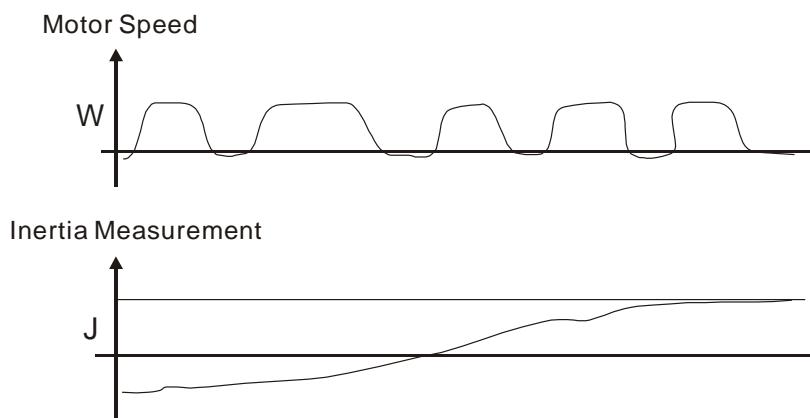
In general, the equipment, such as spectrum analyzer is needed and used to analyze when using frequency domain method and the users also should have this kind of analysis technology. However, when using time domain method, the users only need to prepare an oscilloscope. Therefore, the general

## Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series

users usually use time domain method with the analog DI/DO terminal provided by the servo drive to adjust what is called as PI (Proportional and Integral) type controller. As for the performance of torque shaft load, input command tracking and torque shaft load have the same responsiveness when using frequency domain method and time domain method. The users can reduce the responsiveness of input command tracking by using input command low-pass filter.

### Auto Mode (Continuous adjustment)

This Auto Mode provides continuous adjustment of loop gains according to measured inertia automatically. It is suitable when the load inertia is fixed or the load inertia change is small and is not suitable for wide range of load inertia change. The period of adjustment time is different depending on the acceleration and deceleration of servo motor. To change the stiffness and responsiveness, please use parameter P2-31.



### 6.3.7 Resonance Suppression

The resonance of mechanical system may occur due to excessive system stiffness or frequency response. However, this kind of resonance condition can be improved, suppressed, even can be eliminated by using low-pass filter (parameter P2-25) and notch filter (parameter P2-23, P2-24) without changing control parameter.

Relevant parameters:

P2 - 23	NCF	Notch Filter (Resonance Suppression)	Communication Addr.: 0217H
---------	-----	--------------------------------------	----------------------------

Default: 1000

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P/S/T

Section 6.3.7

Unit: Hz

Range: 50 ~ 1000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set resonance frequency of mechanical system. It can be used to suppress the resonance of mechanical system. If P2-24 is set to 0, this parameter is disabled.

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P2 - 24</b>	<b>DPH</b>	<b>Notch Filter Attenuation Rate (Resonance Suppression)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0218H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P/S/T

Section 6.3.7

Unit: dB

Range: 0 ~ 32

Settings: 0: Disabled

<b>P2 - 25</b>	<b>NLP</b>	<b>Low-pass Filter Time Constant (Resonance Suppression)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0219H</b>
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Default: 2 (1kW and below models) or

Related Section:

5 (above 1kW models)

Section 6.3.7

Applicable Control Mode: P/S/T

Unit: ms

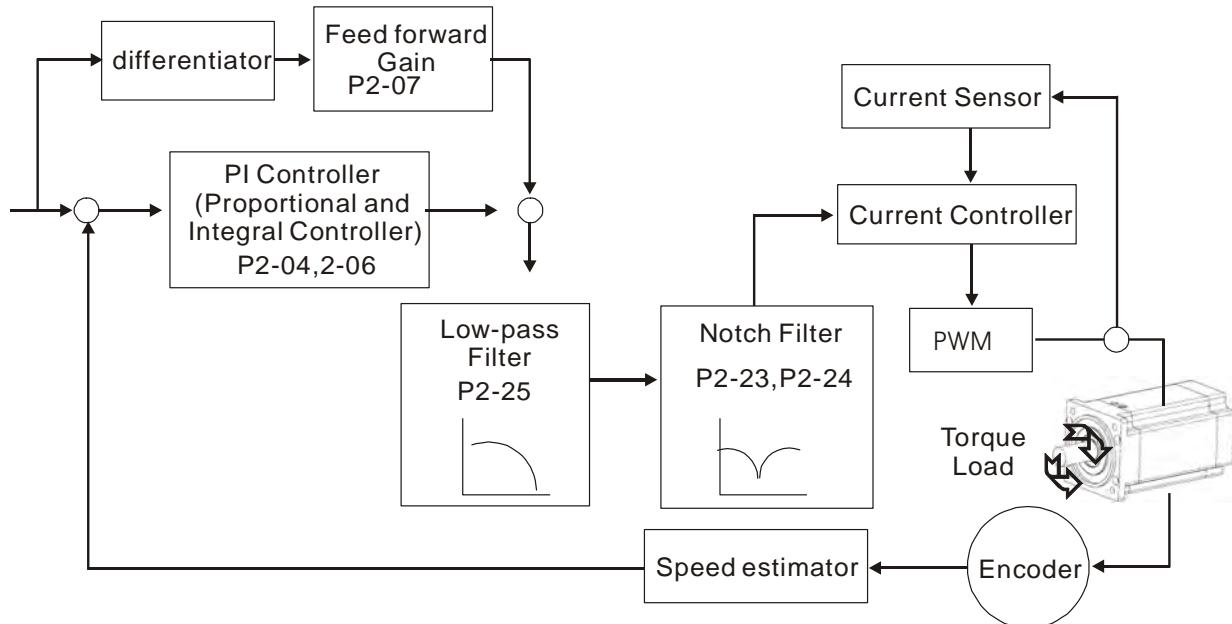
Range: 0 ~ 1000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set low-pass filter time constant of resonance suppression.

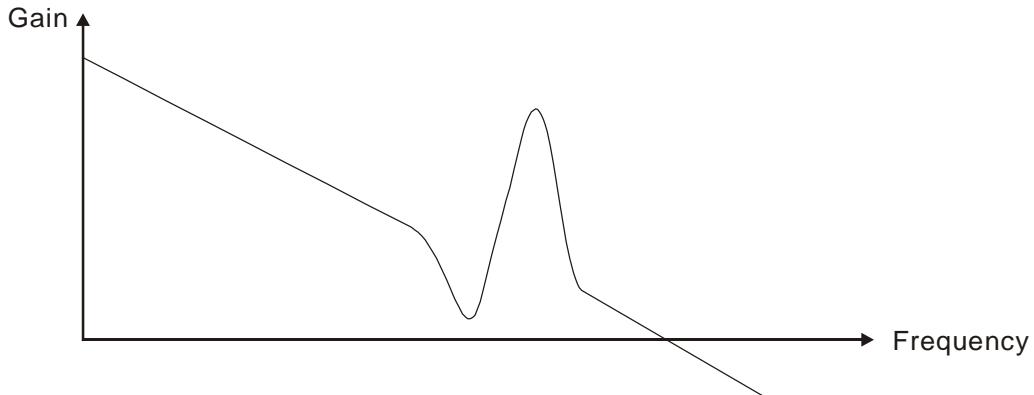
0: Disabled

Speed Control Block Diagram

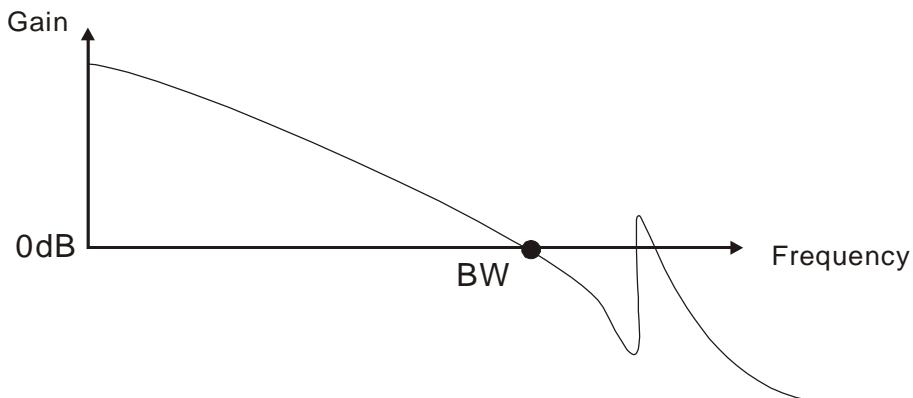


**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series****Low-pass filter**

Please use parameter P2-25. The figure below shows the resonant open-loop gain.

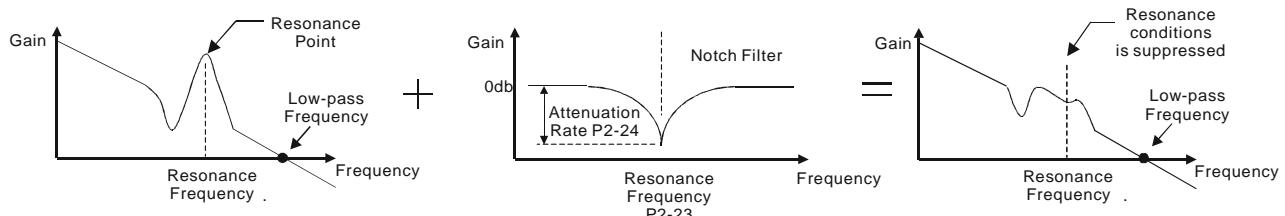


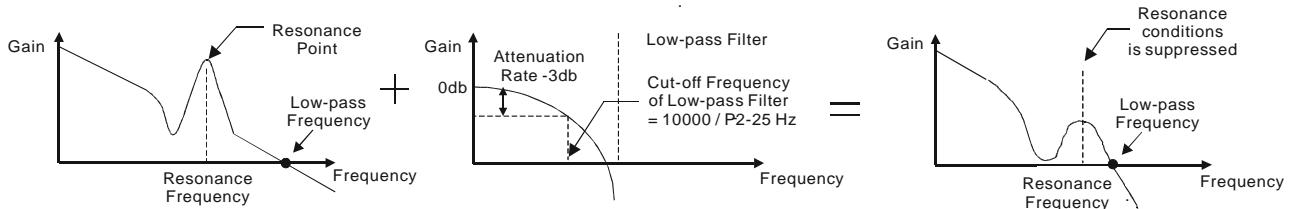
When the low-pass filter (parameter P2-25) is adjusted from 0 to high value, the value of Low-pass frequency (BW) will become smaller (see the figure below). The resonant condition is improved and the frequency response and phase margin will also decrease.

**Notch Filter**

Usually, if the users know the resonance frequency, we recommend the users can eliminate the resonance conditions directly by using notch filter (parameter P2-23, P2-24). However, the range of frequency setting is from 50 to 1000Hz only and the range of resonant attenuation is 0~32 dB only. Therefore, if the resonant frequency is out of this range, we recommend the users to use low-pass filter (parameter P2-25) to improve resonant condition.

Please refer to the following figures and explanation to know how to use notch filter and low-pass filter to improve resonant condition.

**Use Notch Filter to suppress resonance**

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series****Use Low-pass Filter to suppress resonance**

When the low-pass filter (parameter P2-25) is adjusted from 0 to high value, the value of Low-pass frequency will become smaller (see the figure on page 6-26). The resonant condition is improved but the frequency response and phase margin will also decrease and the system may become unstable. Therefore, if the users know the resonance frequency, the users can eliminate the resonance conditions directly by using notch filter (parameter P2-23, P2-24). Usually, if the resonant frequency can be recognized, we recommend the users can directly use notch filter (parameter P2-23, P2-24) to eliminate the resonance. However, if the resonant frequency will drift or drift out of the notch filter range, we recommend the users not to use notch filter and use low-pass filter to improve resonant conditions.

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series****6.4 Torque Control Mode**

The torque control mode (T or Tz) is usually used on the applications of torque control, such as printing machine, spinning machine, twister, etc. Delta ASDA-AB series servo drive supports two kinds of command sources in torque control mode. One is external analog signal and the other is internal parameter. The external analog signal is from external voltage input and it can control the torque of servo motor. The internal parameters are from P1-12 to P1-14 which are used to be the torque command in torque control mode.

**6.4.1 Command Source of Torque Control Mode**

Torque command Sources:

- 1) External analog signal: External analog voltage input, -10V to +10V
- 2) Internal parameter: P1-12 to P1-14

The command source selection is determined by the DI signal of CN1 connector.

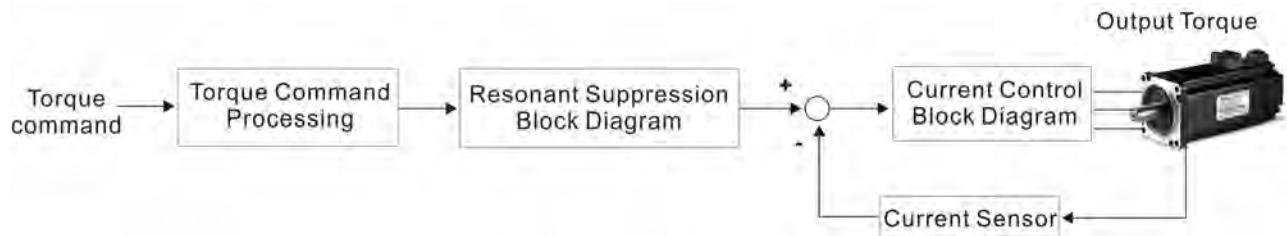
Torque Command	DI signal of CN1		Command Source			Content	Range
	TCM1	TCM0	Mode	T	External analog signal		
T1	0	0		Tz	None	Voltage between T-REF-GND	+/- 10 V
T2	0	1		Internal parameter			Torque command is 0
T3	1	0		P1-12	+/- 300 %		
T4	1	1		P1-13	+/- 300 %		
				P1-14	+/- 300 %		

- State of TCM0~1: 0: indicates OFF (Normally Open); 1: indicates ON (Normally Closed)
- When TCM0 and TCM1 are both 0 (OFF), if the control mode of operation is Tz, then the command is 0. Therefore, if the users do not use analog voltage as torque command, the users can choose Tz mode to operation torque control to avoid the zero point drift problem of analog voltage. If the control mode of operation is T, then the command is the analog voltage between T-REF and GND. The setting range of the input voltage is from -10V to +10V and the corresponding torque is adjustable (see parameter P1-41).
- When at least one of TCM0 and TCM1 is not 0 (OFF), the torque command is internal parameter. The command is valid (enabled) after either TCM0 or TCM1 is changed.

The torque command that is described in this section not only can be taken as torque command in torque control mode (T or Tz mode) but also can be the torque limit input command in position mode (P mode) and speed control mode (S or Sz mode).

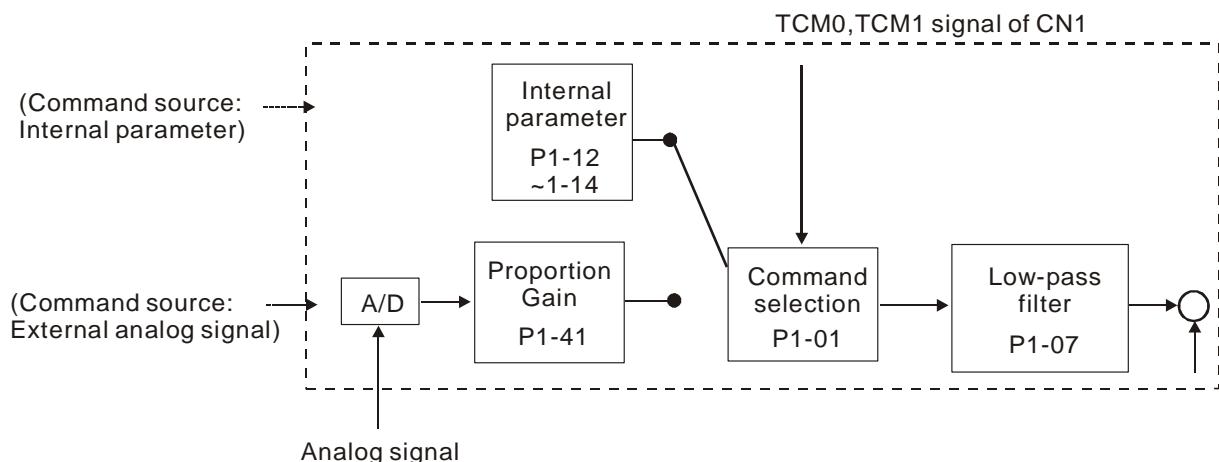
### 6.4.2 Structure of Torque Control Mode

Basic Structure:



The torque command processing is used to select the command source of torque control according to chapter 6.4.1, including max. analog torque command (parameter P1-41) and smoothing strategy of torque control mode. The current control block diagram is used to manage the gain parameters of the servo drive and calculate the current input provided to motor instantaneously. As the current control block diagram is too complicated, setting the parameters of current control block diagram is not allowed.

The function and structure of torque command processing is shown as the figure below:



The command source is selected according to the state of TCM0, TCM1 and parameter P1-01 (T or Tz). Whenever the command signal needs to be more smoothly, we recommend the users to use proportional gain (scalar) and low-pass filter to adjust torque.

### 6.4.3 Smoothing Strategy of Torque Control Mode

Relevant parameters:

P1 - 07	TFLT	Smooth Constant of Analog Torque Command (Low-pass Filter)	Communication Addr.: 0107H
---------	------	--	----------------------------

Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: T

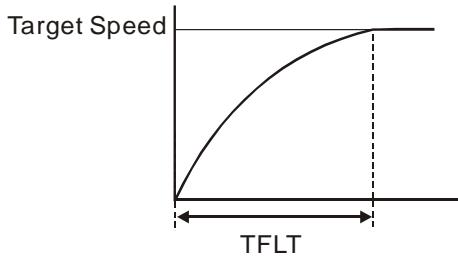
Section 6.4.3

Unit: ms

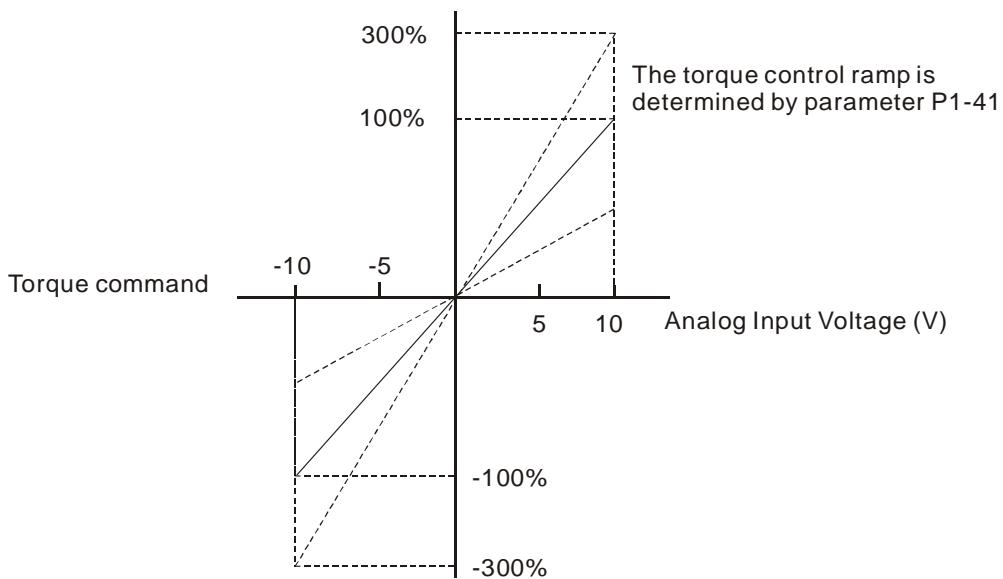
Range: 0 ~ 1000 (0: Disabled)

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

- 1) If the setting value of parameter P1-07 is set to 0, it indicates the function of this parameter is disabled and the command is just By-Pass.

**6.4.4 Analog Torque Input Scaling**

The analog voltage between T\_REF and GND controls the motor torque command. Using with parameter P1-41 can adjust the torque control ramp and its range.



Relevant parameters:

P1 - 41▲	TCM	Max. Analog Torque Command / Limit	Communication Addr.: 0129H
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Default: 100

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P/S/T

Section 6.4.4

Unit: %

Range: 0 ~ 1000

Settings:

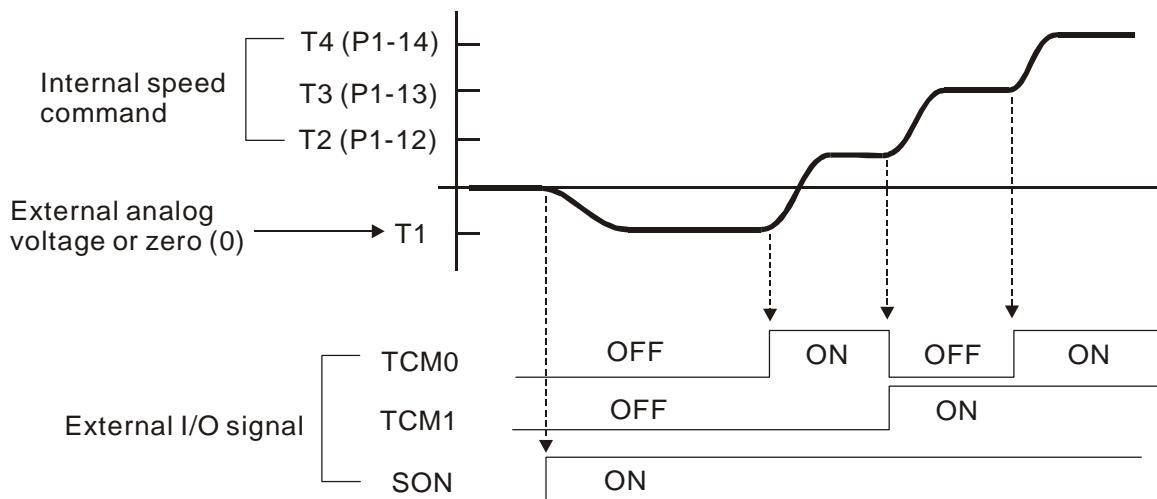
In **Torque mode**, this parameter is used to set the output torque at maximum input voltage (10V) of analog torque command.

In **Position and Speed mode**, this parameter is used to set output torque at maximum input voltage (10V) of analog torque limit

***Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series***

For example, in torque mode, if P1-41 is set to 100 and the input voltage is 10V, it indicates that the torque command is 100% rated torque. If P1-41 is set to 100, but the input voltage is changed to 5V, then the torque command is changed to 50% rated torque.

$$\text{Torque command / limit} = \text{Input voltage} \times \text{setting}/10 (\%)$$

**6.4.5 Timing Chart of Torque Control Mode**

- 
- 1) OFF indicates normally open and ON indicates normally closed.
  - 2) When torque control mode is Tz, the torque command T1=0; when torque control mode is T, the speed command T1 is external analog voltage input (Please refer to P1-01).
  - 3) After Servo ON, the users can select command according to the state of TCM0~1.

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series****6.5 Control Modes Selection**

Except signal control mode operation, ASDA-AB series AC drive also provide Pt-S, Pr-S, S-T, Pt-T, Pr-T these five multiple modes for the users to select.

- 1) Speed / Position mode selection: Pt-S, Pr-S
- 2) Speed / Torque mode selection: S-T
- 3) Torque / Position mode selection: Pt-T, Pr-T

Mode	Name	Code	Description
Dual Mode	Pt-S	06	Either Pt or S control mode can be selected via the Digital Inputs (DI)
	Pt-T	07	Either Pt or T control mode can be selected via the Digital Inputs (DI)
	Pr-S	08	Either Pr or S control mode can be selected via the Digital Inputs (DI)
	Pr-T	09	Either Pr or T control mode can be selected via the Digital Inputs (DI)
	S-T	10	Either S or T control mode can be selected via the Digital Inputs (DI)

Sz and Tz mode selection is not provided. In order to avoid using too much DI inputs, we recommend that the users can use external analog signal as input command in speed and torque mode to reduce the use of DI inputs (SPD0~1 or TCM0~1). In position mode, we recommend that the users can use Pt mode to input pulse to reduce the use of DI inputs (POS0~2).

Please refer to table 3.B and table 3.C in section 3.3.2 to see the default pin number of DI/DO signal.

**6.5.1 Speed / Position Control Mode Selection****Pt-S Mode / Pr-S Mode:**

The command source of Pt-S mode is from external input pulse. The command source of Pr-S mode is from internal parameters (P1-15 to P1-30). The speed command can be the external analog voltage or internal parameters (P1-09 to P1-11). The speed and position mode switching is controlled by the S-P signal. The selection will be more complicated when the position of Pr-S mode and speed command are both selected through DI signal.

The timing chart of speed / position control mode selection is shown as the figure below:

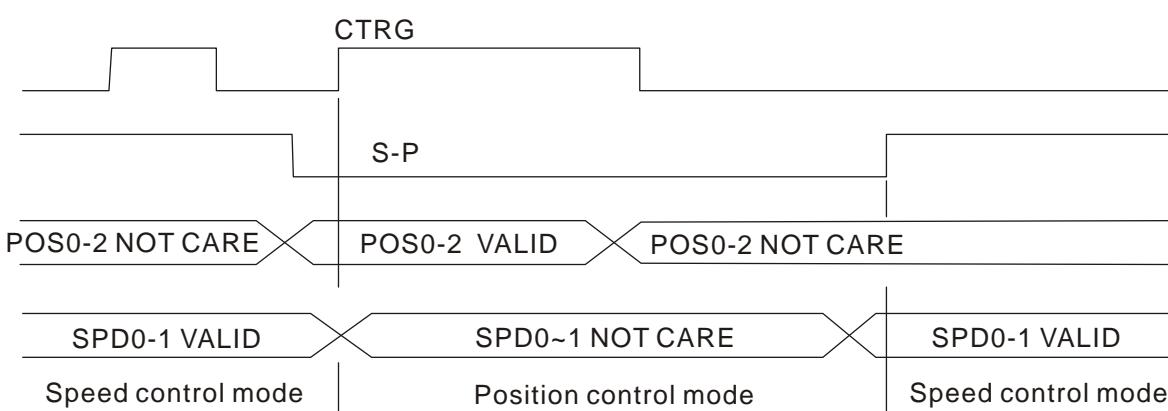


Figure 1. : Speed / Position Control Mode Selection

## Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series

In speed mode (when S-P is ON), speed command is selected by SPD0~1 and CTRG is disabled at this time. When switching to the position mode (when S-P is OFF), the position command is not determined (it needs to wait that CTRG is on the rising edge), so the motor stop running. Once CTRG is on the rising edge, position command will be selected according to POS0~2 and the motor will immediately move to the determined position. After S-P is ON, it will immediately return to speed mode.

For the relationship between DI signal and selected command in each mode, please refer to the introduction of single mode.

### 6.5.2 Speed / Torque Control Mode Selection

#### S-T Mode:

The speed command can be the external analog voltage or internal parameters (P1-09 to P1-11) and SPD0~1 is used to select speed command. The same as speed command, the torque command can be the external analog voltage or internal parameters (P1-12 to P1-14) and TCM0~1 is used to select torque command. The speed and torque mode switching is controlled by the S-T signal.

The timing chart of speed / torque control mode selection is shown as the figure below:

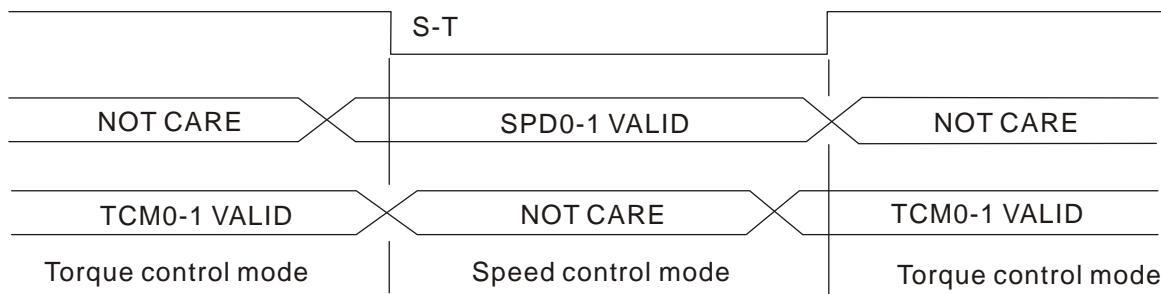


Figure 2. : Speed / Torque Control Mode Selection

In torque mode (when S-T is ON), torque command is selected by TCM0~1. When switching to the speed mode (when S-T is OFF), the speed command is selected by SPD0~1, and then the motor will immediately rotate following the command. After S-T is ON again, it will immediately return to torque mode.

### 6.5.3 Torque / Position Control Mode Selection

#### Pt-T Mode / Pr-T Mode:

The command source of Pt-T mode is from external input pulse. The command source of Pr-T mode is from internal parameters (P1-15 to P1-30). The torque command can be the external input pulse or internal parameters (P1-12 to P1-14). The torque and position mode switching is controlled by T-P signal. The selection will be more complicated when the position of Pr-T mode and torque command are both selected through DI signal.

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

The timing chart of speed / position control mode selection is shown as the figure below:

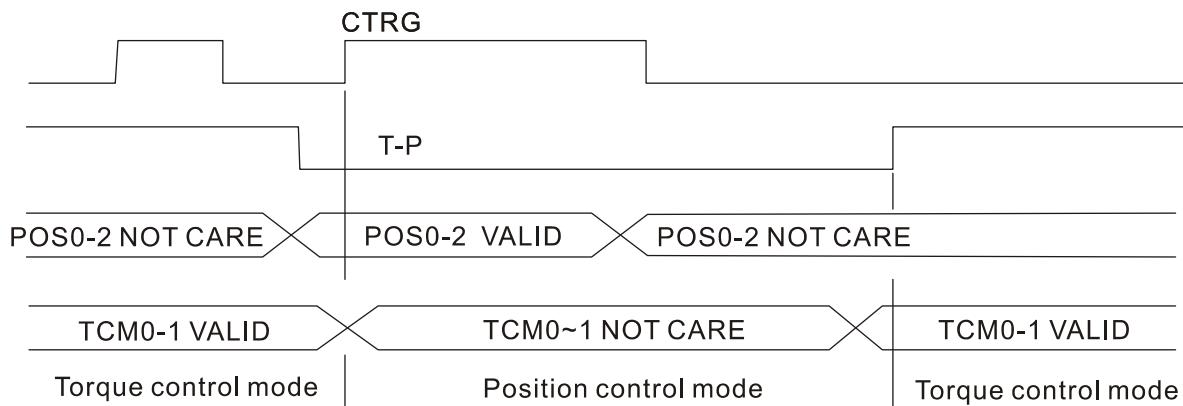


Figure 3. : Torque / Position Control Mode Selection

In position mode (when T-P is ON), the motor will start to count pulse and operate following the external pulse command. When switching to the torque mode (when T-P is OFF), it will stop counting pulse even if the pulse command is continuously sent out. The torque command is determined by TCM0~1 and the motor will rotate following the command. After T-P is ON again, it will immediately return to position mode.

For the relationship between DI signal and selected command in each mode, please refer to the introduction of single mode.

## 6.6 Others

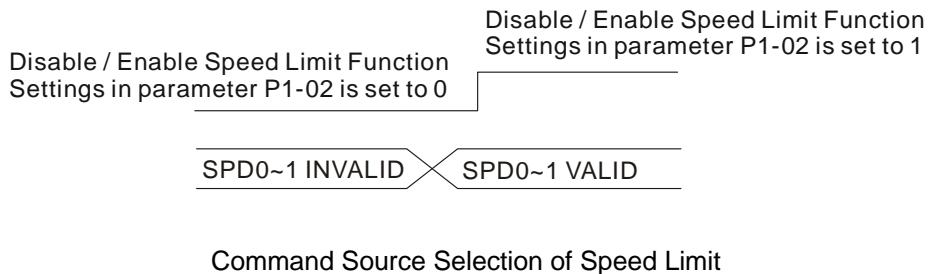
### 6.6.1 Speed Limit

The max. servo motor speed can be limited by using parameter P1-55 no matter in position, speed or torque control mode.

The command source of speed limit command is the same as speed command. It can be the external analog voltage but also can be internal parameters (P1-09 to P1-11). For more information of speed command source, please refer to chapter 6.3.1.

The speed limit only can be used in torque mode (T mode) to limit the servo motor speed. When the torque command is the external analog voltage, there should be surplus DI signal that can be treated as SPD0~1 and be used to select speed limit command (internal parameter). If there is not enough DI signal, the external voltage input can be used as speed limit command. When the Disable / Enable Speed Limit Function Settings in parameter P1-02 is set to 1, the speed limit function is activated.

The timing chart of speed limit is shown as the figure below:



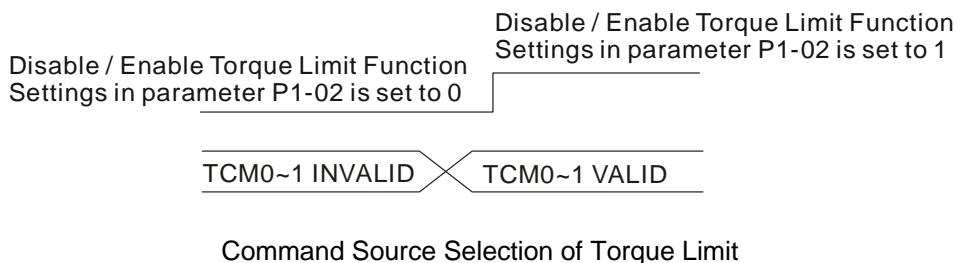
Command Source Selection of Speed Limit

### 6.6.2 Torque Limit

The command source of torque limit command is the same as torque command. It can be the external analog voltage but also can be internal parameters (P1-12 to P1-14). For more information of torque command source, please refer to chapter 6.4.1.

The torque limit only can be used in position mode (Pt and Pr mode) and speed mode (S mode) to limit the output torque of servo motor. When the position command is the external pulse and speed command is the external analog voltage, there should be surplus DI signal that can be treated as TCM0~1 used to select torque limit command (internal parameter). If there is not enough DI signal, the external voltage input can be used as torque limit command. When the Disable / Enable Torque Limit Function Settings in parameter P1-02 is set to 1, the torque limit function is activated.

The timing chart of torque limit is shown as the figure below:



Command Source Selection of Torque Limit

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series****6.6.3 Analog Monitor**

User can use analog monitor to observe the required analog voltage signals. ASDA-AB series provide two analog channels, they are PIN No. 15 and 16 of CN1 connector. The parameters relative to analog monitor are shown below.

Relevant parameters:

<b>P0 - 03</b>	<b>MON</b>	<b>Analog Monitor Output</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0003H</b>
----------------	------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------------

Default: 01

Related Section:

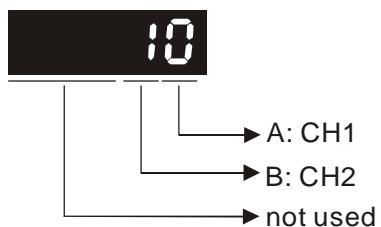
Applicable Control Mode: P/S/T

Section 4.3.5

Unit: N/A

Range: 00 ~ 55

Settings:



AB: (A: CH1; B: CH2)

0: Motor speed (+/-8 V/maximum rotation speed)

1: Motor torque (+/-8 V/maximum torque)

2: Pulse command frequency (+8 Volts /650Kpps)

3: Speed command (+/-8 Volts /maximum speed command)

4: Torque command (+/-8 Volts /maximum torque command)

5: V\_BUS voltage (+/-8 Volts /450V)

Note: For the setting of analog output voltage proportion, refer to the P1-04 and P1-05

Example: P0-03 = 01(CH1 is speed analog output)

Motor rotation speed = (Max. rotation speed × V1/8) × P1-04/100, when the output voltage value of CH1 is V1.

<b>P1 - 03</b>	<b>AOUT</b>	<b>Pulse Output Polarity Setting</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0103H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

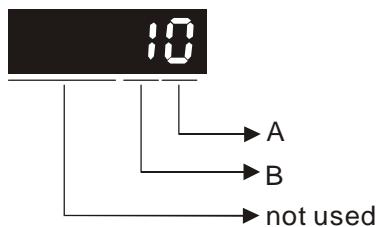
Applicable Control Mode: P/S/T

Section 3.3.3

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 1

Settings:

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

Monitor analog output polarity

- A=0: MON1(+), MON2(+)
- A=1: MON1(+), MON2(-)
- A=2: MON1(-), MON2(+)
- A=3: MON1(-), MON2(-)

Pulse output polarity

- B=0: Forward output
- B=1: Reverse output

**P1 - 04****Analog Monitor Output Proportion 1 (CH1)****Communication Addr.: 0104H**

Default: 100

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P/S/T

Section 6.4.4

Unit: % (full scale)

Range: 0 ~ 100

**P1 - 05****Analog Monitor Output Proportion 2 (CH2)****Communication Addr.: 0105H**

Default: 100

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P/S/T

Section 6.4.4

Unit: % (full scale)

Range: 0~100

**P4 - 20****DOF1****Analog Monitor Output Drift Adjustment (CH1)****Communication Addr.: 0414H**

Default: Factory setting

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P/S/T

Section 6.4.4

Unit: mV

Range: -800~800

This parameter cannot be reset.

**P4 - 21****DOF2****Analog Monitor Output Drift Adjustment (CH2)****Communication Addr.: 0415H**

Default: Factory setting

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: P/S/T

Section 6.4.4

Unit: mV

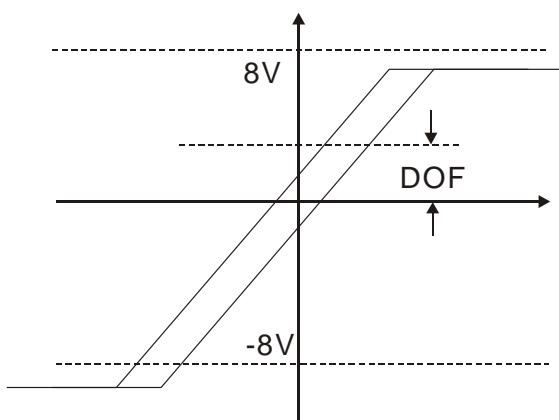
Range: -800~800

This parameter cannot be reset.

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

For example, when the users want to observe the analog voltage signal of channel 1, if the monitor output setting range is 8V per 325Kpps, then it is needed to change the setting value of parameter P1-04 (Analog Monitor Output Proportion 1) to 50 (=325Kpps/Max. input frequency). Other related parameters setting include parameter P0-03 (A=3) and P1-03 (A=0~3, output polarity setting). In general, when output voltage value of Ch1 is V1, the pulse command frequency is equal to (Max. input frequency  $\times$  V1/8)  $\times$  P1-04/100.

Because there is an offset value of analog monitor output voltage, the zero voltage level of analog monitor output does not match to the zero point of setting value. We recommend the users can use Analog Monitor Output Drift Adjustment, DOF1 (parameter P4-20) and DOF2 (parameter P4-21) to improve this condition. The maximum output voltage range of analog monitor output is  $\pm 8V$ . If the output voltage exceed its limit, it is still limited within the range of  $\pm 8V$ . The resolution provided by ASDA-AB series is 10bit, approximated to 13mv/LSB.



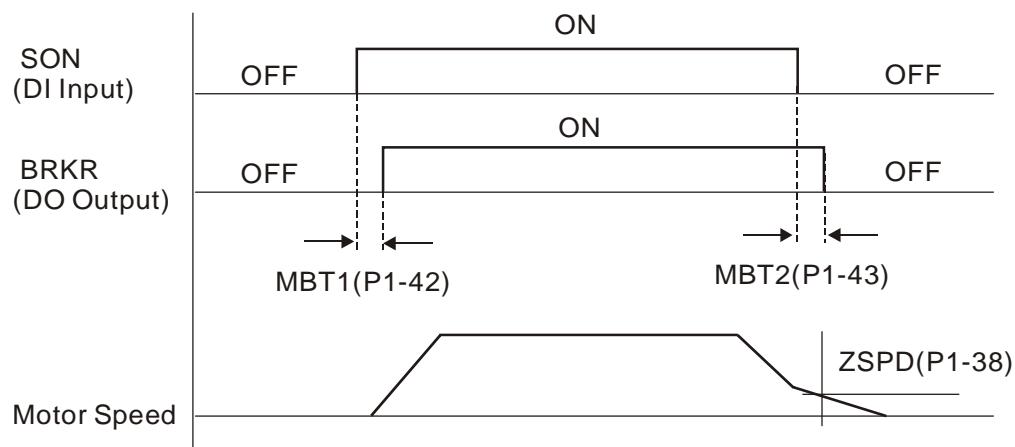
### 6.6.4 Electromagnetic Brake

When the servo drive is operating, if the digital output BRKR is set to Off, it indicates the electromagnetic brake is disabled and motor is stop running and locked. If the digital output BRKR is set to ON, it indicates electromagnetic brake is enabled and motor can run freely.

There are two parameters that affect the electromagnetic brake. One is parameter P1-42 (MBT1) and the other is parameter P1-43 (MBT2). The users can use these two parameters to set the On and Off delay time of electromagnetic brake. The electromagnetic brake is usually used in perpendicular axis (Z-axis) direction to reduce the large energy generated from servo motor. Using electromagnetic brake can avoid the load may slip since there is no motor holding torque when power is off. Without using electromagnetic brake may reduce the life of servo motor. To avoid malfunction, the electromagnetic brake should be activated after servo system is off (Servo Off).

If the users desire to control electromagnetic brake via external controller, not by the servo drive, the users must execute the function of electromagnetic brake during the period of time when servo motor is braking. The braking strength of motor and electromagnetic brake must be in the same direction when servo motor is braking. Then, the servo drive will operate normally. However, the servo drive may generate larger current during acceleration or at constant speed and it may the cause of overload (servo fault).

Timing chart for using servo motor with electromagnetic brake:

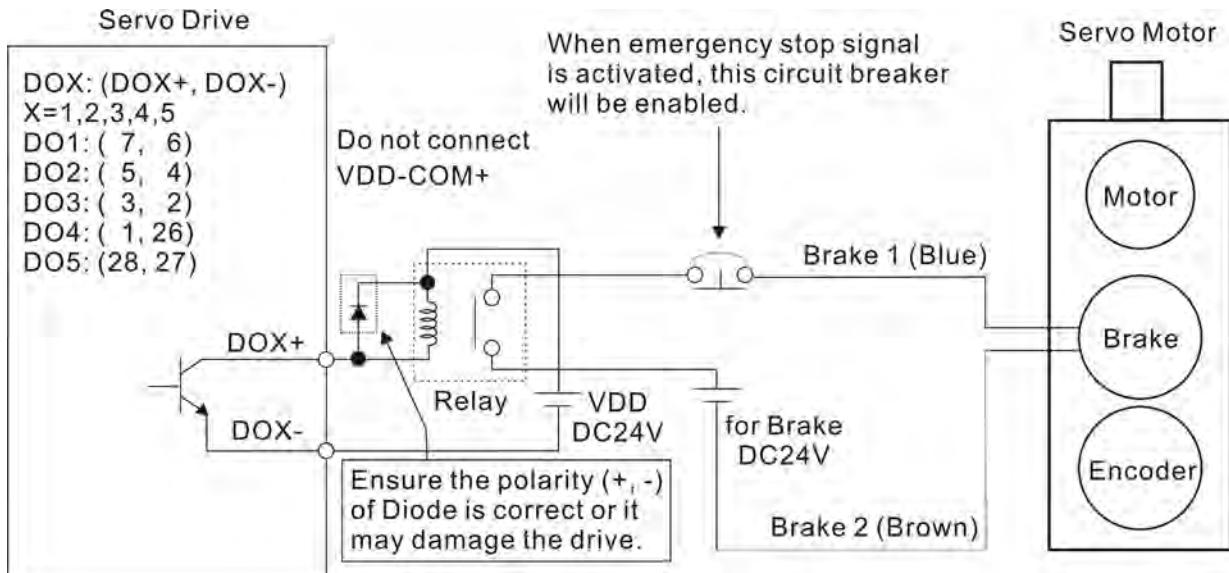


BRKR output timing explanation:

1. When SERVO OFF (when DI SON is not activated), the BRKR output goes Off (electromagnetic brake is locked) after the delay time set by P1-43 is reached and the motor speed is still higher than the setting value of P1-38.
2. When SERVO OFF (when DI SON is not activated), the BRKR output goes Off (electromagnetic brake is locked) if the delay time set by P1-43 is not reached and the motor speed is still lower than the setting value of P1-38.

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

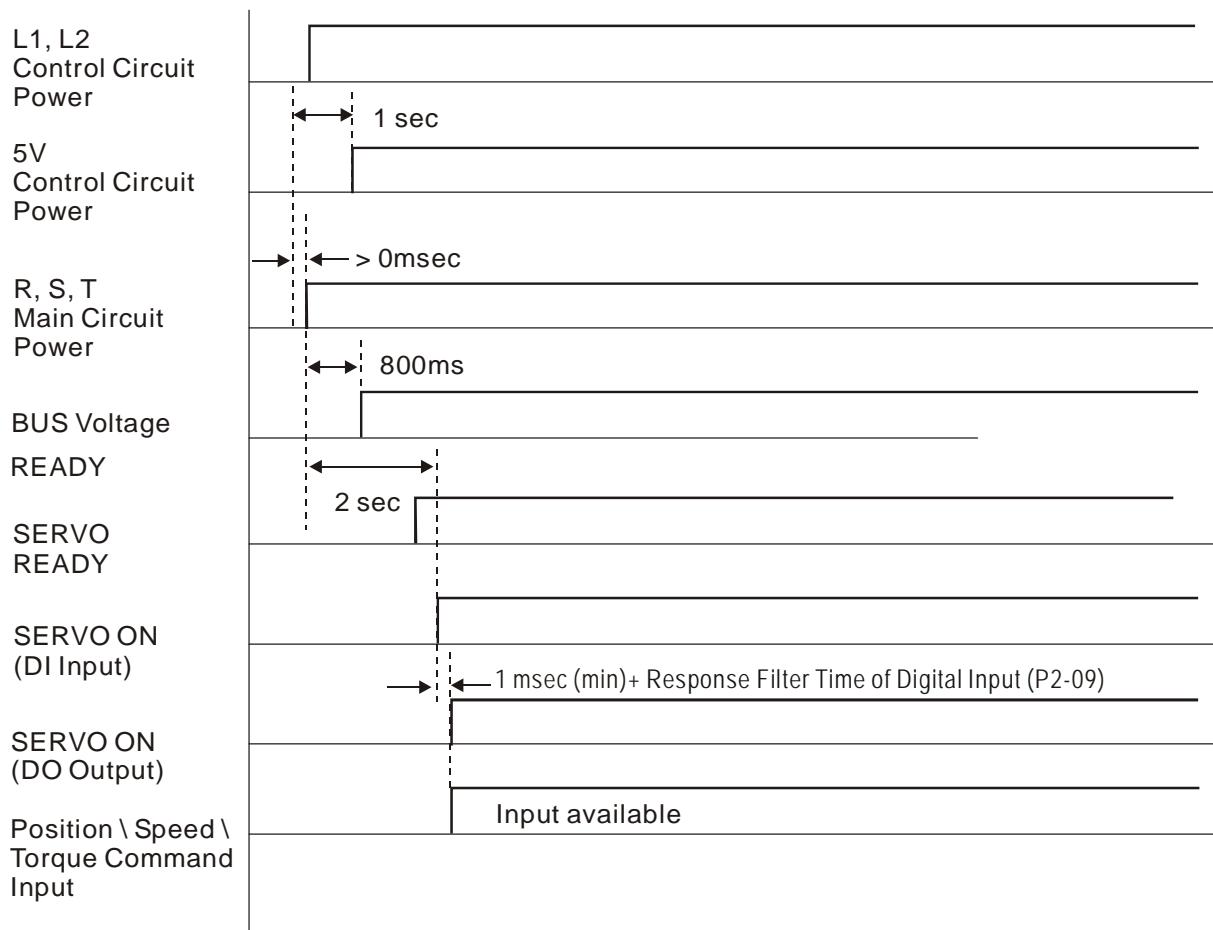
## Electromagnetic Brake Wiring Diagram

**NOTE**

- 1) Please refer to Chapter 3 Connections and Wiring for more wiring information.
- 2) The BRKR signal is used to control the brake operation. The VDD DC24V power supply of the servo drive can be used to power the relay coil (Relay). When BRKR signal is ON, the motor brake will be activated.
- 3) Please note that the coil of brake has no polarity.
- 4) The power supply for brake is DC24V. Never use it for VDD, the +24V source voltage.

**Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series**

The timing charts of control circuit power and main circuit power:



***Chapter 6 Control Modes of Operation | ASDA-AB Series***

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## Chapter 7 Servo Parameters

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### 7.1 Definition

There are following five groups for drive parameters:

Group 0: Monitor parameter	(example: P0-xx)
Group 1: Basic parameter	(example: P1-xx)
Group 2: Extension parameter	(example: P2-xx)
Group 3: Communication parameter	(example: P3-xx)
Group 4: Diagnosis parameter	(example: P4-xx)

#### Abbreviation of control modes:

Pt	:	Position control mode (command from external signal)
Pr	:	Position control mode (command from internal signal)
S	:	Speed control mode
T	:	Torque control mode

#### Explanation of symbols (marked after parameter)

- (★) Read-only register, such as P0-00, P0-01, P4-00.
- (▲) Parameter cannot be set when Servo On (when the servo drive is enabled), such as P1-00, P2-32.
- (●) Parameter is effective only after the servo drive is restarted (after switching power off and on), such as P1-01, P1-33.
- (■) Parameter setting values are not retained when power is off, such as P3-06.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series****7.2 Parameters Summary****7.2.1 Parameters List by Group****Group 0: P0-xx**

Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode			
					Pt	Pr	S	T
P0-00★	VER	Firmware Version	Factory setting	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-01★	ALE	Drive Fault Code	N/A	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-02	STS	Drive Status	00	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-03	MON	Analog Monitor Output	01	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-04	CM1	Status Monitor 1	0	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-05	CM2	Status Monitor 2	0	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-06	CM3	Status Monitor 3	0	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-07	CM4	Status Monitor 4	0	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-08	CM5	Status Monitor 5	0	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-09	MAP0	Block Data Read / Write Register 0	407H	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-10	MAP1	Block Data Read / Write Register 1	10FH	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-11	MAP2	Block Data Read / Write Register 2	110H	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-12	MAP3	Block Data Read / Write Register 3	224H	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-13	MAP4	Block Data Read / Write Register 4	111H	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-14	MAP5	Block Data Read / Write Register 5	112H	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-15	MAP6	Block Data Read / Write Register 6	225H	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-16	MAP7	Block Data Read / Write Register 7	109H	N/A	○	○	○	○
P0-17	SVSTS	Servo Output Status Display	N/A	N/A	○	○	○	○

**Explanation of symbols (marked after parameter)**

- (★) Read-only register.
- (▲) Parameter cannot be set when Servo On (when the servo drive is enabled).
- (●) Parameter is effective only after the servo drive is restarted (after switching power off and on).
- (■) Parameter setting values are not retained when power is off.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series****Group 1: P1-xx**

Basic Parameters						
Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode	
					Pt	Pr
P1-00▲	PTT	External Pulse Input Type	2	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	
P1-01●	CTL	Control Mode and Output Direction	0	pulse r/min N-m	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-02▲	PSTL	Speed and Torque Limit	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-03	AOUT	Pulse Output Polarity Setting	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-04	MON1	Analog Monitor Output Proportion 1 (CH1)	100	%	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-05	MON2	Analog Monitor Output Proportion 2 (CH2)	100	%	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-06	SFLT	Accel / Decel Smooth Constant of Analog Speed Command (Low-pass Filter)	0	ms		<input type="radio"/>
P1-07	TFLT	Smooth Constant of Analog Torque Command (Low-pass Filter)	0	ms		<input type="radio"/>
P1-08	PFLT	Smooth Constant of Position Command (Low-pass Filter)	0	ms	<input type="radio"/>	
P1-09 ~ P1-11	SP1 ~ 3	1st ~ 3rd Speed Command	100 ~ 300	r/min		<input type="radio"/>
		1st ~ 3rd Speed Limit				<input type="radio"/>
P1-12 ~ P1-14	TQ1 ~ 3	1st ~ 3rd Torque Command	100	%	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
		1st ~ 3rd Torque Limit			<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-15 ~ P1-30	PO1H ~ PO8H	1st ~ 8th Position command for Rotation	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	
	PO1L ~ PO8L	1st ~ 8th Position command for Pulse	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	
P1-31	MSE	Motor Type Selection	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-32	LSTP	Motor Stop Mode Selection	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-33●	POSS	Position Control Mode (Pr)	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	
P1-34	TACC	Acceleration Time	200	ms	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-35	TDEC	Deceleration Time	200	ms	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-36	TSL	Accel /Decel S-curve	0	ms	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-37	GDR	Ratio of Load Inertia to Servo Motor Inertia	5.0	times	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-38	ZSPD	Zero Speed Range Setting	10	r/min	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-39	SSPD	Target Motor Speed	3000	r/min	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-40▲	VCM	Max. Analog Speed Command or Limit	rated speed	r/min		<input type="radio"/>
P1-41▲	TCM	Max. Analog Torque Command or Limit	100	%	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-42	MBT1	On Delay Time of Electromagnetic Brake	0	ms	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

Basic Parameters								
Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode			
					Pt	Pr	S	T
P1-43	MBT2	OFF Delay Time of Electromagnetic Brake	0	ms	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-44▲	GR1	Electronic Gear Ratio (1st Numerator) (N1)	1	pulse	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>		
P1-45▲	GR2	Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)	1	pulse	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>		
P1-46▲	GR3	Encoder Output Pulse Number	1	pulse	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-47	HMOV	Homing Mode	00	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-48	HSPD1	1st Speed Setting of High Speed Homing	1000	r/min	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-49	HSPD2	2nd Speed Setting of Low Speed Homing	50	r/min	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-50	HOF1	Homing Offset Rotation Number	0	rev	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-51	HOF2	Homing Offset Pulse Number	0	pulse	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-52	RES1	Regenerative Resistor Value	N/A	Ohm	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-53	RES2	Regenerative Resistor Capacity	N/A	Watt	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-54	PER	Positioning Completed Width	100	pulse	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>		
P1-55	MSPD	Maximum Speed Limit	rated speed	r/min	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-56	OVW	Output Overload Warning Level	120	%	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-57	Reserved							
P1-58	Reserved							
P1-59	Reserved							
P1-60	Reserved							
P1-61	Reserved							
P1-62	COKT	Delay Time of Internal Position Command Completed Output Signal	0	ms		<input type="radio"/>		

**Explanation of symbols (marked after parameter)**

- (★) Read-only register.
- (▲) Parameter cannot be set when Servo On (when the servo drive is enabled).
- (●) Parameter is effective only after the servo drive is restarted (after switching power off and on).
- (■) Parameter setting values are not retained when power is off.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series****Group 2: P2-xx**

Extension Parameters						
Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode	
					Pt	Pr
P2-00	KPP	Proportional Position Loop Gain	35	rad/s	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-01	PPR	Position Loop Gain Switching Rate	100	%	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-02	PFG	Position Feed Forward Gain	5000	0.0001	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-03	PFF	Smooth Constant of Position Feed Forward Gain	5	ms	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-04	KVP	Proportional Speed Loop Gain	500	rad/s	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-05	SPR	Speed Loop Gain Switching Rate	100	%	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-06	KVI	Speed Integral Compensation	100	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-07	SFG	Speed Feed Forward Gain	0	0.0001	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-08■	PCTL	Special Factory Setting	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-09	DRT	Bounce Filter	2	2ms	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-10	DI1	Digital Input Terminal 1 (DI1)	101	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-11	DI2	Digital Input Terminal 2 (DI2)	104	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-12	DI3	Digital Input Terminal 3 (DI3)	116	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-13	DI4	Digital Input Terminal 4 (DI4)	117	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-14	DI5	Digital Input Terminal 5 (DI5)	102	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-15	DI6	Digital Input Terminal 6 (DI6)	22	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-16	DI7	Digital Input Terminal 7 (DI7)	23	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-17	DI8	Digital Input Terminal 8 (DI8)	21	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-18	DO1	Digital Output Terminal 1 (DO1)	101	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-19	DO2	Digital Output Terminal 2 (DO2)	103	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-20	DO3	Digital Output Terminal 3 (DO3)	109	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-21	DO4	Digital Output Terminal 4 (DO4)	105	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-22	DO5	Digital Output Terminal 5 (DO5)	7	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-23	NCF	Notch Filter (Resonance Suppression)	1000	Hz	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-24	DPH	Notch Filter Attenuation Rate (Resonance Suppression)	0	dB	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-25	NLP	Low-pass Filter Time Constant (Resonance Suppression)	2 or 5	ms	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-26	DST	External Anti-Interference Gain	0	0.001	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-27	GCC	Gain Switching Control Selection	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-28	GUT	Gain Switching Time Constant	10	10ms	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-29	GPE	Gain Switching Condition	10000	pulse Kpps r/min	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-30■	INH	Auxiliary Function	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

Extension Parameters						
Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode	
					Pt	Pr
P2-31■	AUT1	Auto Mode Responsiveness Level	44	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-32▲	AUT2	Tuning Mode Selection	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-33▲	INF	Easy Setting of Input Filter	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-34	SDEV	Overspeed Warning Condition	5000	r/min		<input type="radio"/>
P2-35	PDEV	Excessive Error Warning Condition	30000	pulse	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-36 ~ P2-43	POV1 ~ POV8	Moving Speed Setting of 1st ~ 8th Position	1000	r/min	<input type="radio"/>	
P2-44	DOM	Digital Output Mode Setting	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	
P2-45	DOD	Combination Output Signal Delay Time	1	4ms	<input type="radio"/>	
P2-46	FSN	Feed Step Number	6	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	
P2-47	PED	Position Deviation Clear Delay Time	0	20ms	<input type="radio"/>	
P2-48	BLAS	Backlash Compensation of Feed Step Control	0	pulse	<input type="radio"/>	
P2-49	SJIT	Speed Detection Filter and Jitter Suppression	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-50	DCLR	Pulse Deviation Clear Mode	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-51	SRON	Servo ON	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-52	ATM0	Timer 0 of Auto Mode	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>	
P2-53	ATM1	Timer 1 of Auto Mode	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>	
P2-54	ATM2	Timer 2 of Auto Mode	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>	
P2-55	ATM3	Timer 3 of Auto Mode	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>	
P2-56	ATM4	Timer 4 of Auto Mode	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>	
P2-57	ATM5	Timer 5 of Auto Mode	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>	
P2-58	ATM6	Timer 6 of Auto Mode	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>	
P2-59	ATM7	Timer 7 of Auto Mode	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>	
P2-60	GR4	Electronic Gear Ratio (2nd Numerator) (N2)	1	pulse	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-61	GR5	Electronic Gear Ratio (3rd Numerator) (N3)	1	pulse	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-62	GR6	Electronic Gear Ratio (4th Numerator) (N4)	1	pulse	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-63	TSCA	Proportion Value Setting	0	times	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-64	TLMOD	Torque Limit Mixed Mode	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-65	GBT	Special Function	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series*****Group 3: P3-xx**

Communication Parameters								
Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode			
					Pt	Pr	S	T
P3-00	ADR	Communication Address Setting	1	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P3-01	BRT	Transmission Speed	1	bps	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P3-02	PTL	Communication Protocol	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P3-03	FLT	Transmission Fault Treatment	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P3-04	CWD	Communication Time Out Detection	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P3-05	CMM	Communication Selection	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P3-06■	SDI	Digital Input Communication Function	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P3-07	CDT	Communication Response Delay Time	0	0.5ms	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

**Explanation of symbols (marked after parameter)**

- (★) Read-only register.
- (▲) Parameter cannot be set when Servo On (when the servo drive is enabled).
- (●) Parameter is effective only after the servo drive is restarted (after switching power off and on).
- (■) Parameter setting values are not retained when power is off.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series****Group 4: P4-xx**

Diagnosis Parameters						
Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode	
					Pt	Pr
P4-00★	ASH1	Fault Record (N)	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-01★	ASH2	Fault Record (N-1)	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-02★	ASH3	Fault Record (N-2)	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-03★	ASH4	Fault Record (N-3)	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-04★	ASH5	Fault Record (N-4)	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-05	JOG	JOG Operation	20	r/min	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-06▲■	FOT	Force Output Control	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-07■	ITST	Input Status or Force Input Control	N/A	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-08	PKEY	Digital Keypad Input of Servo Drive	N/A	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-09★	MOT	Output Status Display	N/A	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-10▲	CEN	Adjustment Function	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-11	SOF1	Analog Speed Input Drift Adjustment 1	Factory setting	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-12	SOF2	Analog Speed Input Drift Adjustment 2	Factory setting	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-13	TOF1	Analog Torque Drift Adjustment 1	Factory setting	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-14	TOF2	Analog Torque Drift Adjustment 2	Factory setting	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-15	COF1	Current Detector Drift Adjustment (V1 phase)	Factory setting	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-16	COF2	Current Detector Drift Adjustment (V2 phase)	Factory setting	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-17	COF3	Current Detector Drift Adjustment (W1 phase)	Factory setting	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-18	COF4	Current Detector Drift Adjustment (W2 phase)	Factory setting	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-19	TIGB	IGBT NTC Calibration	Factory setting	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-20	DOF1	Analog Monitor Output Drift Adjustment (CH1)	0	mV	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-21	DOF2	Analog Monitor Output Drift Adjustment (CH2)	0	mV	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P4-22	SAO	Analog Speed Input Offset	0	mV		<input type="radio"/>
P4-23	TAO	Analog Torque Input Offset	0	mV		<input type="radio"/>

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series*****7.2.2 Parameters List by Function**

Monitor and General Use									
Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode				Related Section of User Manual
					Pt	Pr	S	T	
P0-00★	VER	Firmware Version	Factory setting	N/A	○	○`	○	○	---
P0-01★	ALE	Drive Fault Code	N/A	N/A	○	○	○	○	10.1
P0-02	STS	Drive Status	00	N/A	○	○	○	○	4.3.5
P0-03	MON	Analog Monitor Output	01	N/A	○	○	○	○	4.3.5
P0-04	CM1	Status Monitor 1	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	4.3.5
P0-05	CM2	Status Monitor 2	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	4.3.5
P0-06	CM3	Status Monitor 3	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	4.3.5
P0-07	CM4	Status Monitor 4	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	4.3.5
P0-08	CM5	Status Monitor 5	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	4.3.5
P0-09	MAP0	Block Data Read / Write Register 0	407H	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P0-10	MAP1	Block Data Read / Write Register 1	10FH	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P0-11	MAP2	Block Data Read / Write Register 2	110H	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P0-12	MAP3	Block Data Read / Write Register 3	224H	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P0-13	MAP4	Block Data Read / Write Register 4	111H	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P0-14	MAP5	Block Data Read / Write Register 5	112H	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P0-15	MAP6	Block Data Read / Write Register 6	225H	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P0-16	MAP7	Block Data Read / Write Register 7	109H	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P0-17	SVSTS	Servo Output Status Display	N/A	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P1-03	AOUT	Pulse Output Polarity Setting	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	3.3.3
P1-04	MON1	Analog Monitor Output Proportion 1 (CH1)	100	%	○	○	○	○	6.4.4
P1-05	MON2	Analog Monitor Output Proportion 2 (CH2)	100	%	○	○	○	○	6.4.4

**Explanation of symbols (marked after parameter)**

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**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

Smooth Filter and Resonance Suppression								
Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode			Related Section of User Manual
					Pt	Pr	S	
P1-06	SFLT	Accel / Decel Smooth Constant of Analog Speed Command (Low-pass Filter)	0	ms			○	6.3.3
P1-07	TFLT	Smooth Constant of Analog Torque Command (Low-pass Filter)	0	ms		○		6.4.3
P1-08	PFLT	Smooth Constant of Position Command (Low-pass Filter)	0	ms	○			6.2.6
P1-34	TACC	Acceleration Time	200	ms	○	○		6.3.3
P1-35	TDEC	Deceleration Time	200	ms	○	○		6.3.3
P1-36	TSL	Accel /Decel S-curve	0	ms	○	○		6.3.3
P2-23	NCF	Notch Filter (Resonance Suppression)	1000	Hz	○	○	○	6.3.7
P2-24	DPH	Notch Filter Attenuation Rate (Resonance Suppression)	0	dB	○	○	○	6.3.7
P2-25	NLP	Low-pass Filter Time Constant (Resonance Suppression)	2 or 5	ms	○	○	○	6.3.7
P2-33▲	INF	Easy Setting of Input Filter	0	N/A	○	○	○	6.3.6
P2-49	SJIT	Speed Detection Filter and Jitter Suppression	0	sec	○	○	○	---

**Explanation of symbols (marked after parameter)**

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**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

Gain and Switch								
Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode			Related Section of User Manual
					Pt	Pr	S	
P2-00	KPP	Proportional Position Loop Gain	35	rad/s	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>		
P2-01	PPR	Position Loop Gain Switching Rate	100	%	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>		---
P2-02	PFG	Position Feed Forward Gain	5000	0.0001	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>		6.2.8
P2-03	PFF	Smooth Constant of Position Feed Forward Gain	5	ms	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>		---
P2-04	KVP	Proportional Speed Loop Gain	500	rad/s	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	6.3.6
P2-05	SPR	Speed Loop Gain Switching Rate	100	%	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	---
P2-06	KVI	Speed Integral Compensation	100	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	6.3.6
P2-07	SFG	Speed Feed Forward Gain	0	0.0001		<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	6.3.6
P2-26	DST	External Anti-Interference Gain	0	0.001	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	---
P2-27	GCC	Gain Switching Control Selection	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	---
P2-28	GUT	Gain Switching Time Constant	10	10ms	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	---
P2-29	GPE	Gain Switching Condition	10000	pulse Kpps r/min	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-31■	AUT1	Auto Mode Responsiveness Level	44	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	6.3.6
P2-32▲	AUT2	Tuning Mode Selection	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	6.3.6

**Explanation of symbols (marked after parameter)**

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**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

Position Control								
Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode			Related Section of User Manual
					Pt	Pr	S	
P1-01●	CTL	Control Mode and Output Direction	0	pulse r/min N-m	○	○	○	○
P1-02▲	PSTL	Speed and Torque Limit	0	N/A	○	○	○	○
P1-46▲	GR3	Encoder Output Pulse Number	1	pulse	○	○	○	○
P1-55	MSPD	Maximum Speed Limit	rated speed	r/min	○	○	○	○
P1-12 ~ P1-14	TQ1 ~ 3	1st ~ 3rd Torque Command	100	%	○	○	○	○
		1st ~ 3rd Torque Limit						
P2-50	DCLR	Pulse Deviation Clear Mode	0	N/A	○	○		---
<b>External pulse control command (Pt mode)</b>								
P1-00▲	PTT	External Pulse Input Type	2	N/A	○			6.2.1
P1-44▲	GR1	Electronic Gear Ratio (1st Numerator) (N1)	1	pulse	○	○		6.2.5
P1-45▲	GR2	Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)	1	pulse	○	○		6.3.6
P2-60	GR4	Electronic Gear Ratio (2nd Numerator) (N2)	1	pulse	○	○		---
P2-61	GR5	Electronic Gear Ratio (3rd Numerator) (N3)	1	pulse	○	○		---
P2-62	GR6	Electronic Gear Ratio (4th Numerator) (N4)	1	pulse	○	○		---
<b>Internal pulse control command (Pr mode)</b>								
P1-15 ~ P1-30	PO1H ~ PO8H	1st ~ 8th Position command for Rotation	0	N/A	○			6.2.2
	PO1L ~ PO8L	1st ~ 8th Position command for Pulse						
P2-36 ~ P2-43	POV1 ~ POV8	Moving Speed Setting of 1st ~ 8th Position	1000	r/min	○			6.2.2
P1-33●	POSS	Position Control Mode (Pr)	0	N/A	○			6.2.2
P1-47	HMOV	Homing Mode	00	N/A	○	○	○	12.8
P1-48	HSPD1	1st Speed Setting of High Speed Homing	1000	r/min	○	○	○	12.8
P1-49	HSPD2	2nd Speed Setting of Low Speed Homing	50	r/min	○	○	○	12.8
P1-50	HOF1	Homing Offset Rotation Number	0	rev	○	○	○	---
P1-51	HOF2	Homing Offset Pulse Number	0	pulse	○	○	○	---
P1-62	COKT	Delay Time of Internal Position Command Completed Output Signal	0	ms	○			---

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>Position Control</b>									
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Function</b>	<b>Default</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Control Mode</b>		<b>Related Section of User Manual</b>		
					<b>Pt</b>	<b>Pr</b>	<b>S</b>	<b>T</b>	
P2-45	DOD	Combination Output Signal Delay Time	1	4ms	<input type="radio"/>				12.6
P2-46	FSN	Feed Step Number	6	N/A	<input type="radio"/>				12.6
P2-47	PED	Position Deviation Clear Delay Time	0	20ms	<input type="radio"/>				12.6
P2-48	BLAS	Backlash Compensation of Feed Step Control	0	pulse	<input type="radio"/>				12.6
P2-52	ATM0	Timer 0 of Auto Mode	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>				12.6
P2-53	ATM1	Timer 1 of Auto Mode	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>				---
P2-54	ATM2	Timer 2 of Auto Mode	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>				---
P2-55	ATM3	Timer 3 of Auto Mode	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>				---
P2-56	ATM4	Timer 4 of Auto Mode	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>				---
P2-57	ATM5	Timer 5 of Auto Mode	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>				---
P2-58	ATM6	Timer 6 of Auto Mode	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>				---
P2-59	ATM7	Timer 7 of Auto Mode	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>				---

**Explanation of symbols (marked after parameter)**

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**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

Speed Control									
Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode			Related Section of User Manual	
					Pt	Pr	S		
P1-01●	CTL	Control Mode and Output Direction	0	pulse r/min N·m	○	○	○	○	6.1
P1-02▲	PSTL	Speed and Torque Limit	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	6.6
P1-46▲	GR3	Encoder Output Pulse Number	1	pulse	○	○	○	○	---
P1-55	MSPD	Maximum Speed Limit	rated speed	r/min	○	○	○	○	---
P1-09 ~ P1-11	SP1 ~ 3	1st ~ 3rd Speed Command 1st ~ 3rd Speed Limit	100 ~ 300	r/min			○	○	6.3.1
P1-12 ~ P1-14	TQ1 ~ 3	1st ~ 3rd Torque Command 1st ~ 3rd Torque Limit	100	%	○	○	○	○	6.6.2
P1-40▲	VCM	Max. Analog Speed Command or Limit	rated speed	r/min			○	○	6.3.4
P1-41▲	TCM	Max. Analog Torque Command or Limit	100	%	○	○	○	○	---
P2-63	TSCA	Proportion Value Setting	0	times	○	○	○		---
P2-64	TLMOD	Torque Limit Mixed Mode	0	N/A	○	○	○		---

**Explanation of symbols (marked after parameter)**

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**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

Torque Control									
Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode			Related Section of User Manual	
					Pt	Pr	S		
P1-01●	CTL	Control Mode and Output Direction	0	pulse r/min N-m	○	○	○	○	6.1
P1-02▲	PSTL	Speed and Torque Limit	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	6.6
P1-46▲	GR3	Encoder Output Pulse Number	1	pulse	○	○	○	○	---
P1-55	MSPD	Maximum Speed Limit	rated speed	r/min	○	○	○	○	---
P1-09 ~ P1-11	SP1 ~ 3	1st ~ 3rd Speed Command 1st ~ 3rd Speed Limit	100 ~ 300	r/min			○	○	6.6.1
P1-12 ~ P1-14	TQ1 ~ 3	1st ~ 3rd Torque Command 1st ~ 3rd Torque Limit	100	%	○	○	○	○	6.4.1
P1-40▲	VCM	Max. Analog Speed Command or Limit	rated speed	r/min			○	○	---
P1-41▲	TCM	Max. Analog Torque Command or Limit	100	%	○	○	○	○	6.4.4

**Explanation of symbols (marked after parameter)**

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**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series****Digital I/O and relative input output setting**

Digital I/O								Related Section of User Manual
Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode			
					Pt	Pr	S	T
P2-09	DRT	Bounce Filter	2	2ms	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-10	DI1	Digital Input Terminal 1 (DI1)	101	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-11	DI2	Digital Input Terminal 2 (DI2)	104	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-12	DI3	Digital Input Terminal 3 (DI3)	116	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-13	DI4	Digital Input Terminal 4 (DI4)	117	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-14	DI5	Digital Input Terminal 5 (DI5)	102	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-15	DI6	Digital Input Terminal 6 (DI6)	22	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-16	DI7	Digital Input Terminal 7 (DI7)	23	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-17	DI8	Digital Input Terminal 8 (DI8)	21	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-18	DO1	Digital Output Terminal 1 (DO1)	101	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-19	DO2	Digital Output Terminal 2 (DO2)	103	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-20	DO3	Digital Output Terminal 3 (DO3)	109	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-21	DO4	Digital Output Terminal 4 (DO4)	105	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P2-22	DO5	Digital Output Terminal 5 (DO5)	7	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-38	ZSPD	Zero Speed Range Setting	10	r/min	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-39	SSPD	Target Motor Speed	3000	r/min	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-42	MBT1	On Delay Time of Electromagnetic Brake	0	ms	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-43	MBT2	OFF Delay Time of Electromagnetic Brake	0	ms	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
P1-54	PER	Positioning Completed Width	100	pulse	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>		
P1-56	OVW	Output Overload Warning Level	120	%	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Table 7.A

Table 7.B

**Explanation of symbols (marked after parameter)**

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***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

Communication									Related Section of User Manual	
Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode					
					Pt	Pr	S	T		
P3-00	ADR	Communication Address Setting	1	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	8.2	
P3-01	BRT	Transmission Speed	1	bps	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	8.2	
P3-02	PTL	Communication Protocol	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	8.2	
P3-03	FLT	Transmission Fault Treatment	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	8.2	
P3-04	CWD	Communication Time Out Detection	0	sec	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	8.2	
P3-05	CMM	Communication Selection	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	8.2	
P3-06■	SDI	Digital Input Communication Function	0	N/A	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	8.2	
P3-07	CDT	Communication Response Delay Time	0	0.5ms	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	---	

**Explanation of symbols (marked after parameter)**

- (★) Read-only register.
- (▲) Parameter cannot be set when Servo On (when the servo drive is enabled).
- (●) Parameter is effective only after the servo drive is restarted (after switching power off and on).
- (■) Parameter setting values are not retained when power is off.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode				Related Section of User Manual
					Pt	Pr	S	T	
					○	○	○	○	
P4-00★	ASH1	Fault Record (N)	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	4.4.1
P4-01★	ASH2	Fault Record (N-1)	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	4.4.1
P4-02★	ASH3	Fault Record (N-2)	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	4.4.1
P4-03★	ASH4	Fault Record (N-3)	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	4.4.1
P4-04★	ASH5	Fault Record (N-4)	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	4.4.1
P4-05	JOG	JOG Operation	20	r/min	○	○	○	○	4.4.2
P4-06▲■	FOT	Force Output Control	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	4.4.4
P4-07■	ITST	Input Status or Force Input Control	N/A	N/A	○	○	○	○	4.4.5
P4-08	PKEY	Digital Keypad Input of Servo Drive	N/A	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P4-09★	MOT	Output Status Display	N/A	N/A	○	○	○	○	4.4.6
P4-10▲	CEN	Adjustment Function	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P4-11	SOF1	Analog Speed Input Drift Adjustment 1	Factory setting	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P4-12	SOF2	Analog Speed Input Drift Adjustment 2	Factory setting	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P4-13	TOF1	Analog Torque Drift Adjustment 1	Factory setting	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P4-14	TOF2	Analog Torque Drift Adjustment 2	Factory setting	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P4-15	COF1	Current Detector Drift Adjustment (V1 phase)	Factory setting	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P4-16	COF2	Current Detector Drift Adjustment (V2 phase)	Factory setting	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P4-17	COF3	Current Detector Drift Adjustment (W1 phase)	Factory setting	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P4-18	COF4	Current Detector Drift Adjustment (W2 phase)	Factory setting	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P4-19	TIGB	IGBT NTC Calibration	Factory setting	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P4-20	DOF1	Analog Monitor Output Drift Adjustment (CH1)	0	mV	○	○	○	○	6.4.4
P4-21	DOF2	Analog Monitor Output Drift Adjustment (CH2)	0	mV	○	○	○	○	6.4.4
P4-22	SAO	Analog Speed Input Offset	0	mV			○		---
P4-23	TAO	Analog Torque Input Offset	0	mV				○	---

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

Parameter	Name	Function	Default	Unit	Control Mode				Related Section of User Manual
					Pt	Pr	S	T	
					○	○	○	○	
P1-31	MSE	Motor Type Selection	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P1-32	LSTP	Motor Stop Mode Selection	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P1-37	GDR	Ratio of Load Inertia to Servo Motor Inertia	5.0	times	○	○	○	○	6.3.6
P1-52	RES1	Regenerative Resistor Value	N/A	Ohm	○	○	○	○	2.7
P1-53	RES2	Regenerative Resistor Capacity	N/A	Watt	○	○	○	○	2.7
P1-57	Reserved								---
P1-58	Reserved								---
P1-59	Reserved								---
P1-60	Reserved								---
P1-61	Reserved								---
P2-08■	PCTL	Special Factory Setting	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P2-30■	INH	Auxiliary Function	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	---
P2-34	SDEV	Overspeed Warning Condition	5000	r/min			○		---
P2-35	PDEV	Excessive Error Warning Condition	30000	pulse	○	○			---
P2-51	SRON	Servo ON	0	N/A	○	○	○	○	12.6
P2-63	TSCA	Proportion Value Setting	0	times	○	○	○		---
P2-65	GBT	Special Function	0	N/A	○	○	○		---

**Explanation of symbols (marked after parameter)**

- (★) Read-only register.
- (▲) Parameter cannot be set when Servo On (when the servo drive is enabled).
- (●) Parameter is effective only after the servo drive is restarted (after switching power off and on).
- (■) Parameter setting values are not retained when power is off.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series****7.3 Detailed Parameter Listings****Group 0: P0-xx Monitor Parameters**

<b>P0 - 00★</b>	<b>VER</b>	<b>Firmware Version</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0000H</b>
-----------------	------------	-------------------------	-----------------------------------

Default: Factory setting                          Related Section: N/A  
 Applicable Control Mode: ALL  
 Unit: N/A  
 Range: N/A

<b>P0 - 01★</b>	<b>ALE</b>	<b>Drive Fault Code</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0001H</b>
-----------------	------------	-------------------------	-----------------------------------

Default: Factory setting                          Related Section:  
 Applicable Control Mode: ALL                          Chapter 10  
 Unit: N/A  
 Range: 00 ~ 23  
 Settings:  
 01: Overcurrent                                  21: DSP to MCU command write-in error  
 02: Overvoltage                                  22: Input power phase loss  
 03: Undervoltage                                  23: Pre-overload warning  
 04: Z Pulse shift  
 05: Regeneration error  
 06: Overload  
 07: Overspeed  
 08: Abnormal pulse control command  
 09: Excessive deviation  
 10: Watch dog fault  
 11: Position detector fault  
 12: Adjustment error  
 13: Emergency stop  
 14: Reverse limit error  
 15: Forward limit error  
 16: IGBT temperature error  
 17: Memory error  
 18: DSP communication error  
 19: Serial communication error  
 20: Serial communication time out

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

<b>P0 - 02</b>	<b>STS</b>	<b>Drive Status</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0002H</b>
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Default: 00

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 4.3.5

Unit: N/A

Range: 00 ~ 16

Settings:

00: Motor feedback pulse number (absolute value) [pulse]

01: Motor feedback rotation number (absolute value) [rev]

02: Pulse counts of pulse command [pulse]

03: Rotation number of pulse command [rev]

04: Position error counts [pulse]

05: Input frequency of pulse command [Kpps]

06: Motor speed [r/min]

07: Speed input command [Volt]

08: Speed input command [r/min]

09: Torque input command [Volt]

10: Torque input command [%]

11: Average load [%]

12: Peak load [%]

13: Main circuit voltage [Volt]

14: Ratio of load inertia to motor inertia [time]

15: Motor feedback pulse number (relative value) / Position latch pulse number [pulse]

16: Motor feedback rotation number (relative value) / Position latch rotation number [rev]

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P0 - 03</b>	<b>MON</b>	<b>Analog Monitor Output</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0003H</b>
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Default: 01

Related Section:

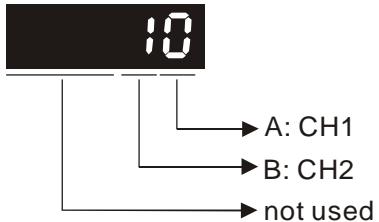
Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 4.3.5

Unit: N/A

Range: 00 ~ 55

Settings:



AB: (A: CH1; B: CH2)

0: Motor speed (+/-8V / maximum motor speed)

1: Motor torque (+/-8V / maximum torque)

2: Pulse command frequency (+8Volts / 650Kpps)

3: Speed command (+/-8Volts / maximum speed command)

4: Torque command (+/-8Volts / maximum torque command)

5: V\_BUS voltage (+/-8Volts / 450V)

Note: For the setting of analog output voltage proportion, refer to the P1-04 and P1-05.

Example:

P0-03 = 01(CH1 is torque analog output, CH2 is speed analog output)

$$\text{Output voltage value of CH1} = (\text{Motor torque} / \text{Max. motor torque}) \times 8V \times \frac{P1-04}{100}$$

$$\text{Output voltage value of CH1} = (\text{Motor speed} / \text{Max. motor speed}) \times 8V \times \frac{P1-05}{100}$$

<b>P0 - 04</b>	<b>CM1</b>	<b>Status Monitor 1</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0004H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 4.3.5

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 16

Settings:

Select the desired drive status through communication setting or the keypad (please refer to P0-02). The drive status can be read from the communication address of this parameter via communication port.

For example:

Set P0-04 to 1 and then all consequent reads of P0-04 will return the motor feedback rotation number in revolution. Please note that the values of P0-04 ~ P0-08 are effective after reading is completed. Therefore, the values of P0-04 ~ P0-08 should be read twice to ensure the validity.

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

<b>P0 - 05</b>	<b>CM2</b>	<b>Status Monitor 2</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0005H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 4.3.5

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 16

Settings: See P0-04 for explanation.

<b>P0 - 06</b>	<b>CM3</b>	<b>Status Monitor 3</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0006H</b>
----------------	------------	-------------------------	-----------------------------------

Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 4.3.5

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 16

Settings: See P0-04 for explanation.

<b>P0 - 07</b>	<b>CM4</b>	<b>Status Monitor 4</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0007H</b>
----------------	------------	-------------------------	-----------------------------------

Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 4.3.5

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 17

Settings:

Select the desired drive status through communication setting or the keypad (please refer to P0-02). The drive status can be read from the communication address of this parameter via communication port. If users set this parameter to 17, the status of DI signal can be read.

<b>P0 - 08</b>	<b>CM5</b>	<b>Status Monitor 5</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0008H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 4.3.5

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 17

Settings:

Select the desired drive status through communication setting or the keypad (please refer to P0-02). The drive status can be read from the communication address of this parameter via communication port. If users set this parameter to 17, the status of DO signal can be read.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P0 - 09</b>	<b>MAP0</b>	<b>Block Data Read / Write Register 0</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0009H</b>
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Default: 407H

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 100H ~ 417H

Settings:

Set the register address in HEX that users want to read and write by using the keypad.

Users can enter the desired register address (0100H ~ 0417H) into P0-09 to P0-16 (0009H ~ 0010H). Then, users can read and write up to 8 continuous specified block data from the communication address 0009H to 0010H through the communication port.

For example, if setting P0-09 to 407 by using the keypad, when the users read and write the data from communication address 0009H, it means that the read and write value is the setting value of parameter P4-07.

<b>P0 - 10</b>	<b>MAP1</b>	<b>Block Data Read / Write Register 1</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 000AH</b>
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Default: 10FH

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 100H ~ 417H

Settings: See P0-09 for explanation.

<b>P0 - 11</b>	<b>MAP2</b>	<b>Block Data Read / Write Register 2</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 000BH</b>
----------------	-------------	---	-----------------------------------

Default: 110H

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 100H ~ 417H

Settings: See P0-09 for explanation.

<b>P0 - 12</b>	<b>MAP3</b>	<b>Block Data Read / Write Register 3</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 000CH</b>
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Default: 224H

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 100H ~ 417H

Settings: See P0-09 for explanation.

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

<b>P0 - 13</b>	<b>MAP4</b>	<b>Block Data Read / Write Register 4</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 000DH</b>
----------------	-------------	---	-----------------------------------

Default: 111H

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 100H ~ 417H

Settings: See P0-09 for explanation.

<b>P0 - 14</b>	<b>MAP5</b>	<b>Block Data Read / Write Register 5</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 000EH</b>
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Default: 112H

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 100H ~ 417H

Settings: See P0-09 for explanation.

<b>P0 - 15</b>	<b>MAP6</b>	<b>Block Data Read / Write Register 6</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 000FH</b>
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Default: 225H

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 100H ~ 417H

Settings: See P0-09 for explanation.

<b>P0 - 16</b>	<b>MAP7</b>	<b>Block Data Read / Write Register 7</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0010H</b>
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Default: 109H

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 100H ~ 417H

Settings: See P0-09 for explanation.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P0 - 17</b>	<b>SVSTS</b>	<b>Servo Output Status Display</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0011H</b>
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Default: N/A

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Table 7.B

Unit: N/A

Range: N/A

Settings:

This parameter is used to display the digital output signal of the servo drive. The servo output status display will show in hexadecimal format.

Bit0: SRDY (Servo ready)

Bit1: SON (Servo On)

Bit2: ZSPD (At Zero speed)

Bit3: TSPD (At Speed reached)

Bit4: TPOS (At Positioning completed)

Bit5: TQL (At Torque limit)

Bit6: Reserved

Bit7: Reserved

Bit8: OLW (Output overload warning)

Bit9: WARN (Servo warning activated)

Bit10: CMDOK (Internal position command completed)

Bit11: Reserved

Bit12: Reserved

Bit13: ALRM (Servo alarm activated)

Bit14: BRKR (Electromagnetic brake control)

Bit15: HOME (Homing completed)

The servo output status display can be monitored through communication also.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series****Group 1: P1-xx Basic Parameters**

<b>P1 - 00▲</b>	<b>PTT</b>	<b>External Pulse Input Type</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0100H</b>
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Default: 2

Related Section:

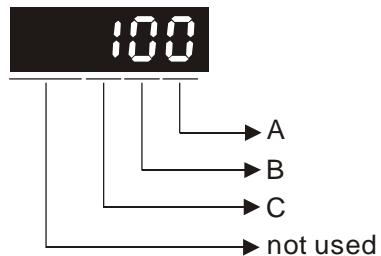
Applicable Control Mode: Pt

Section 6.2.1

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 132

Settings:



- Value A: Pulse type
  - A=0: AB phase pulse (4x)
  - A=1: CW + CCW pulse
  - A=2: Pulse + Direction
- Value B: Input pulse filter
  - B=0: 500Kpps
  - B=1: 200Kpps
  - B=2: 150Kpps
  - B=3: 80Kpps

This setting is used to suppress or reduce the chatter caused by the noise, etc. However, if the instant input pulse filter frequency is over high, the frequency that exceeds the setting value will be regarded as noise and filtered.

- Value C: Logic type

Pulse Type	0=Positive Logic		1=Negative Logic	
	Forward	Reverse	Forward	Reverse
AB phase pulse				
CW + CCW pulse				
Pulse + Direction				

Input pulse interface	Max. input pulse frequency
Line driver	500Kpps
Open collector	200Kpps

- Other setting: Reversed

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 01●</b>	<b>CTL</b>	<b>Control Mode and Output Direction</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0101H</b>
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Default: 00

Related Section:

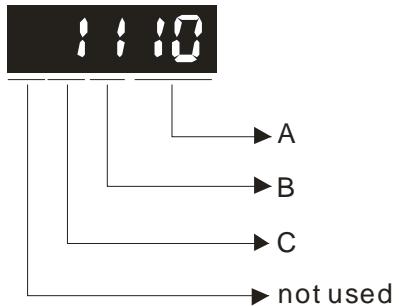
Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 6.1

Unit: pulse (P mode), r/min (S mode), N·m (T mode)

Range: 0 ~ 1110

Settings:

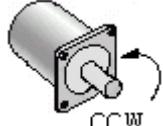
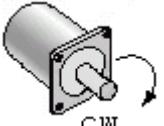
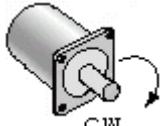
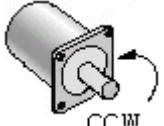


- A: Control mode settings
  - B: Torque output direction settings
  - C=1: When switching to different mode, DIO (P2-10 ~ P2-22) can be reset to be the default value of the mode you switch to.
- C=0: When switching to different mode, the setting value of DIO (P2-10 ~ P2-22) will remain the same and will not be changed.

## • Control Mode Settings:

	Pt	Pr	S	T	Sz	Tz
00	▲					
01		▲				
02			▲			
03				▲		
04					▲	
05						▲
06	▲		▲			
07	▲			▲		
08		▲	▲			
09		▲		▲		
10			▲	▲		

## • Torque Output Direction Settings:

	0	1
Forward		
		

Pt: Position control mode (command from external signal)

Pr: Position control mode (command from internal signal)

S: Speed control mode (external signal / internal signal)

T: Torque control mode (external signal / internal signal)

Sz: Zero speed / internal speed command

Tz: Zero torque / internal torque command

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

P1 - 02▲	PSTL	Speed and Torque Limit	Communication Addr.: 0102H
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Default: 00

Related Section:

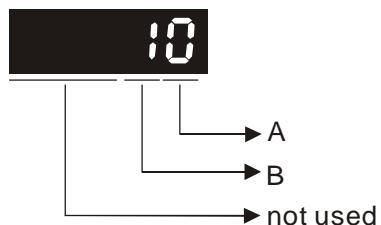
Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 6.6

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 11

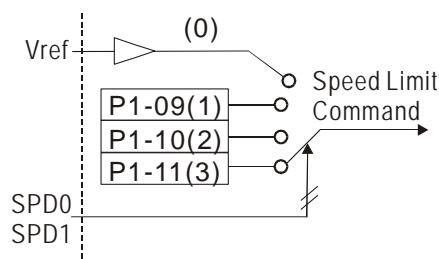
Settings:



- A=0: Disable speed limit function

A=1: Enable speed limit function (It is available in torque mode)

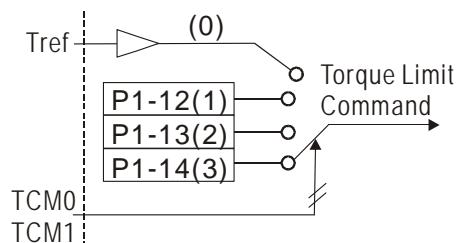
Other: Reserved



- B=0: Disable torque limit function

B=1: Enable torque limit function (It is available in position and speed mode)

Other: Reserved



**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 03</b>	<b>AOUT</b>	<b>Pulse Output Polarity Setting</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0103H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

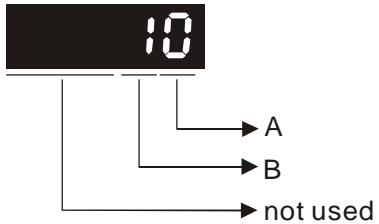
Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 3.3.3

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 1

Settings:



A: Monitor analog output polarity

B: Position pulse output polarity

A=0: MON1(+), MON2(+)

B=0: Forward output

A=1: MON1(+), MON2(-)

B=1: Reverse output

A=2: MON1(-), MON2(+)

A=3: MON1(-), MON2(-)

<b>P1 - 04</b>	<b>MON1</b>	<b>Analog Monitor Output Proportion 1 (CH1)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0104H</b>
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Default: 100

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 6.4.4

Unit: % (full scale)

Range: 0 ~ 100

<b>P1 - 05</b>	<b>MON2</b>	<b>Analog Monitor Output Proportion 2 (CH2)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0105H</b>
----------------	-------------	---	-----------------------------------

Default: 100

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 6.4.4

Unit: % (full scale)

Range: 0 ~ 100

<b>P1 - 06</b>	<b>SFLT</b>	<b>Accel / Decel Smooth Constant of Analog Speed Command (Low-pass Filter)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0106H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: S

Section 6.3.3

Unit: ms

Range: 0 ~ 1000 (0: Disabled)

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 07</b>	<b>TFLT</b>	<b>Smooth Constant of Analog Torque Command (Low-pass Filter)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0107H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: T

Section 6.4.3

Unit: ms

Range: 0 ~ 1000 (0: Disabled)

<b>P1 - 08</b>	<b>PFLT</b>	<b>Smooth Constant of Position Command (Low-pass Filter)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0108H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pt

Section 6.2.6

Unit: 10ms

Range: 0 ~ 1000 (0: Disabled)

<b>P1 - 09</b>	<b>SP1</b>	<b>1st Speed Command or Limit</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0109H</b>
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Default: 100

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: S, T

Section 6.3.1

Unit: r/min

Range: -5000 ~ +5000

Settings:

**1st Speed Command**

In Speed mode, this parameter is used to set speed 1 of internal speed command. For the decimal place setting of internal speed command, please refer to P2-63.

**1st Speed Limit**

In Torque mode, this parameter is used to set speed limit 1 of internal speed command.

<b>P1 - 10</b>	<b>SP2</b>	<b>2nd Speed Command or Limit</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 010AH</b>
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Default: 200

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: S, T

Section 6.3.1

Unit: r/min

Range: -5000 ~ +5000

Settings:

**2nd Speed Command**

In Speed mode, this parameter is used to set speed 2 of internal speed command. For the decimal place setting of internal speed command, please refer to P2-63.

**2nd Speed Limit**

In Torque mode, this parameter is used to set speed limit 2 of internal speed command.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 11</b>	<b>SP3</b>	<b>3rd Speed Command or Limit</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 010BH</b>
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Default: 300

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: S, T

Section 6.3.1

Unit: r/min

Range: -5000 ~ +5000

Settings:

**3rd Speed Command**

In Speed mode, this parameter is used to set speed 3 of internal speed command. For the decimal place setting of internal speed command, please refer to P2-63.

**3rd Speed Limit**

In Torque mode, this parameter is used to set speed limit 3 of internal speed command.

<b>P1 - 12</b>	<b>TQ1</b>	<b>1st Torque Command or Limit</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 010CH</b>
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Default: 100

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: T, P/S

Section 6.4.1

Unit: %

Range: -300 ~ +300

Settings:

**1st Torque Command**

In Torque mode, this parameter is used to set torque 1 of internal torque command.

**1st Torque Limit**

In Position and Speed mode, this parameter is used to set torque limit 1 of internal torque command.

Digital output signal TQL is activated when the drive has detected that the motor has reached the torques limits set by either the parameters P1-12 ~ P1-14 of via an external analog voltage.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 13</b>	<b>TQ2</b>	<b>2nd Torque Command or Limit</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 010DH</b>
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Default: 100

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: T, P/S

Section 6.4.1

Unit: %

Range: -300 ~ +300

Settings:

**2nd Torque Command**

In Torque mode, this parameter is used to set torque 2 of internal torque command.

**2nd Torque Limit**

In Position and Speed mode, this parameter is used to set torque limit 2 of internal torque command.

Digital output signal TQL is activated when the drive has detected that the motor has reached the torques limits set by either the parameters P1-12 ~ P1-14 of via an external analog voltage.

<b>P1 - 14</b>	<b>TQ3</b>	<b>3rd Torque Command or Limit</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 010EH</b>
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Default: 100

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: T, P/S

Section 6.4.1

Unit: %

Range: -300 ~ +300

Settings:

**3rd Speed Command**

In Torque mode, this parameter is used to set torque 3 of internal torque command.

**3rd Speed Limit**

In Position and Speed mode, this parameter is used to set torque limit 3 of internal torque command.

Digital output signal TQL is activated when the drive has detected that the motor has reached the torques limits set by either the parameters P1-12 ~ P1-14 of via an external analog voltage.

<b>P1 - 15</b>	<b>PO1H</b>	<b>1st Position Command for Rotation</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 010FH</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: rev

Range: -30000 ~ +30000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set rotation cycle number of internal position 1.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 16</b>	<b>PO1L</b>	<b>1st Position Command for Pulse</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0110H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: pulse

Range: +/-max. cnt/rev

Settings:

This parameter is used to set rotation pulse number of internal position 1.

Stroke1 = PO1H × (cnt/rev) + PO1L

<b>P1 - 17</b>	<b>PO2H</b>	<b>2nd Position Command for Rotation</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0111H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: rev

Range: -30000 ~ +30000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set rotation cycle number of internal position 2.

<b>P1 - 18</b>	<b>PO2L</b>	<b>2nd Position Command for Pulse</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0112H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: pulse

Range: +/-max. cnt/rev

Settings:

This parameter is used to set rotation pulse number of internal position 2.

Stroke2 = PO2H × (cnt/rev) + PO2L

<b>P1 - 19</b>	<b>PO3H</b>	<b>3rd Position Command for Rotation</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0113H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: rev

Range: -30000 ~ +30000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set rotation cycle number of internal position 3.

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

<b>P1 - 20</b>	<b>PO3L</b>	<b>3rd Position Command for Pulse</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0114H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: pulse

Range: +/-max. cnt/rev

Settings:

This parameter is used to set rotation pulse number of internal position 3.

Stroke3 = PO3H × (cnt/rev) + PO3L

<b>P1 - 21</b>	<b>PO4H</b>	<b>4th Position Command for Rotation</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0115H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: rev

Range: -30000 ~ +30000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set rotation cycle number of internal position 4.

<b>P1 - 22</b>	<b>PO4L</b>	<b>4th Position Command for Pulse</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0116H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: pulse

Range: +/-max. cnt/rev

Settings:

This parameter is used to set rotation pulse number of internal position 4.

Stroke4 = PO4H × (cnt/rev) + PO4L

<b>P1 - 23</b>	<b>PO5H</b>	<b>5th Position Command for Rotation</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0117H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: rev

Range: -30000 ~ +30000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set rotation cycle number of internal position 5.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 24</b>	<b>PO5L</b>	<b>5th Position Command for Pulse</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0118H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: pulse

Range: +/-max. cnt/rev

Settings:

This parameter is used to set rotation pulse number of internal position 5.

Stroke5 = PO5H × (cnt/rev) + PO5L

<b>P1 - 25</b>	<b>PO6H</b>	<b>6th Position Command for Rotation</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0119H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: rev

Range: -30000 ~ +30000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set rotation cycle number of internal position 6.

<b>P1 - 26</b>	<b>PO6L</b>	<b>6th Position Command for Pulse</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 011AH</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: pulse

Range: +/-max. cnt/rev

Settings:

This parameter is used to set rotation pulse number of internal position 6.

Stroke6 = PO6H × (cnt/rev) + PO6L

<b>P1 - 27</b>	<b>PO7H</b>	<b>7th Position Command for Rotation</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 011BH</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: rev

Range: -30000 ~ +30000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set rotation cycle number of internal position 7.

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

<b>P1 - 28</b>	<b>PO7L</b>	<b>7th Position Command for Pulse</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 011CH</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: pulse

Range: +/-max. cnt/rev

Settings:

This parameter is used to set rotation pulse number of internal position 7.

Stroke7 = PO7H × (cnt/rev) + PO7L

<b>P1 - 29</b>	<b>PO8H</b>	<b>8th Position Command for Rotation</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 011DH</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: rev

Range: -30000 ~ +30000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set rotation cycle number of internal position 8.

<b>P1 - 30</b>	<b>PO8L</b>	<b>8th Position Command for Pulse</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 011EH</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: pulse

Range: +/-max. cnt/rev

Settings:

This parameter is used to set rotation pulse number of internal position 8.

Stroke8 = PO8H × (cnt/rev) + PO8L

<b>P1 - 31</b>	<b>MSE</b>	<b>Motor Type Selection</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 011FH</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:-

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 1

Settings:

This parameter is used to select the type of the servo motor controlled by the servo drive.

0: ECMA series servo motor or ASMT series low inertia servo motor

1: ASMT series medium servo motor

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 32</b>	<b>LSTP</b>	<b>Motor Stop Mode Selection</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0120H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

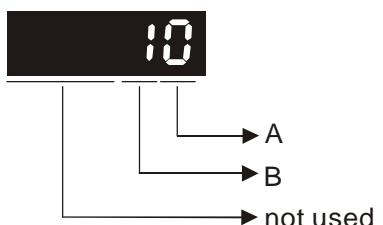
Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 11

Settings:

This parameter is used to select servo motor stop mode.

When a fault occurs (except for CWL, CCWL, EMGS and serial communication error), it is used to set servo motor stop mode.



- A=0: Stop instantly
- A=1: Decelerate to stop
- B=0: Use dynamic brake when Servo Off (when the servo drive is Off).
- B=1: Allow servo motor to coast to stop when Servo Off (when the servo drive is Off).

<b>P1 - 33●</b>	<b>POSS</b>	<b>Position Control Mode (Pr)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0121H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 6.2.2

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 6

Settings:

This parameter determines the specific type of position control for Pr mode with the internal INDEX number. (Please refer to Chapter 6 and Chapter 12 for explanation and examples.)

- 0: Absolute positioning mode
- 1: Incremental positioning mode
- 2: Forward operation feed step mode
- 3: Reverse operation feed step mode
- 4: Shortest path feed step mode
- 5: Continuous auto-running positioning mode (Absolute)
- 6: Continuous auto-running positioning mode (Incremental)
- 7: One-cycle auto-running positioning mode (Absolute)
- 8: One-cycle auto-running positioning mode (Incremental)

This function when changed from absolute to incremental or incremental to absolute only gets registered in the drive after switching power off and on.

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

<b>P1 - 34</b>	<b>TACC</b>	<b>Acceleration Time</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0122H</b>
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Default: 200

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr, S

P1-35, P1-36, Section 6.3.3

Unit: ms

Range: 1 ~ 20000

Settings:

1st to 3rd step acceleration time.

It is used to determine the acceleration time to accelerate from 0 to its rated motor speed. (When P1-36 is set to 0: Accel/Decel function is disabled, i.e. P1-34, P1-35 is disabled.)

<b>P1 - 35</b>	<b>TDEC</b>	<b>Deceleration Time</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0123H</b>
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Default: 200

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr, S

P1-34, P1-36, Section 6.3.3

Unit: ms

Range: 1 ~ 20000

Settings:

1st to 3rd step deceleration time.

It is used to determine the deceleration time to decelerate from its rated motor speed to 0. (When P1-36 is set to 0: Accel/Decel function is disabled, i.e. P1-34, P1-35 is disabled.)

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 36</b>	<b>TSL</b>	<b>Accel /Decel S-curve</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0124H</b>
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Pr mode Default: 20 (See Note 2)

Related Section:

Other mode Default: 0

P1-34, P1-35,

Unit: ms

Section 6.2.4 (Pr mode),

Range: 0 ~ 10000 (0: Disabled)

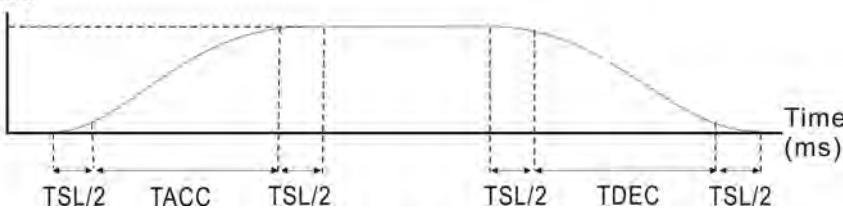
Section 6.3.3 (S mode)

Settings:

This parameter is used to make the motor run more smoothly when startup and windup.

Using this parameter can improve the motor running stability.

Speed



TSL: P1-36, Accel /Decel S-curve

TACC: P1-34, Acceleration time

TDEC: P1-35, Deceleration time

Total acceleration time = TACC + TSL

Total deceleration time = TDEC + TSL



- 1) If the control of the servo motor is achieved via internal parameters, the command curve should be defined by the users. Therefore, when the command source is internal parameter, ensure that the setting value of P1-36 is not set to 0 or the servo motor will not accelerate or decelerate during operation.
- 2) So if users change the control mode to Pr mode and switching power off and on, the servo drive of parameter P1-36 will auto set the value to 20.

<b>P1 - 37</b>	<b>GDR</b>	<b>Ratio of Load Inertia to Servo Motor Inertia</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0125H</b>
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Default: 5.0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 6.3.6

Unit: times

Range: 0 ~ 200.0

Settings:

Ratio of load inertia to servo motor inertia: ( $J_{load} / J_{motor}$ )

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

P1 - 38	ZSPD	Zero Speed Range Setting	Communication Addr.: 0126H
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Default: 10

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: r/min

Range: 0 ~ 200

Settings:

This parameter is used to set output range of zero speed signal (ZSPD).

ZSPD is activated when the drive senses the motor is equal to or below the Zero Speed Range setting as defined in parameter P1-38.

For Example, at default ZSPD will be activated when the drive detects the motor rotating at speed at or below 10 r/min. ZSPD will remain activated until the motor speed increases above 10 r/min.

P1 - 39	SSPD	Target Motor Speed	Communication Addr.: 0127H
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Default: 3000

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: r/min

Range: 0 ~ 5000

Settings:

When target motor speed reaches its preset value, digital output (TSPD) is enabled. When the forward and reverse speed of servo motor is equal and higher than the setting value, the motor will reach the target motor speed, and then TSPD signal will output.

TSPD is activated once the drive has detected the motor has reached the Target Motor Speed setting as defined in parameter P1-39. TSPD will remain activated until the motor speed drops below the Target Motor Speed.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 40▲</b>	<b>VCM</b>	<b>Max. Analog Speed Command or Limit</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0128H</b>
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Default: rated speed

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: S/T

Section 6.3.4, P1-55

Unit: r/min

Range: 0 ~ 10000

Settings:

In **Speed mode**, this parameter is used to set the speed at the maximum input voltage (10V) of the analog speed command.

In **Torque mode**, this parameter is used to set the speed at the maximum input voltage (10V) of the analog speed limit.

For example, in speed mode, if P1-40 is set to 3000 and the input voltage is 10V, it indicates that the speed command is 3000 r/min. If P1-40 is set to 3000, but the input voltage is changed to 5V, then the speed command is changed to 1500 r/min.

Speed command / limit = Input voltage x setting/10

<b>P1 - 41▲</b>	<b>TCM</b>	<b>Max. Analog Torque Command or Limit</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0129H</b>
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Default: 100

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 6.4.4

Unit: %

Range: 0 ~ 1000

Settings:

In **Torque mode**, this parameter is used to set the output torque at maximum input voltage (10V) of analog torque command.

In **Position** and **Speed mode**, this parameter is used to set output torque at maximum input voltage (10V) of analog torque limit

For example, in torque mode, if P1-41 is set to 100 and the input voltage is 10V, it indicates that the torque command is 100% rated torque. If P1-41 is set to 100, but the input voltage is changed to 5V, then the torque command is changed to 50% rated torque.

Torque command / limit = Input voltage x setting/10 (%)

<b>P1 - 42</b>	<b>MBT1</b>	<b>On Delay Time of Electromagnetic Brake</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 012AH</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 6.5.5

Unit: ms

Range: 0 ~ 1000

Settings:

Used to set the period of time between when the servo drive is On (Servo On) and when electromagnetic brake output signal (BRKR) is activated.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 43</b>	<b>MBT2</b>	<b>OFF Delay Time of Electromagnetic Brake</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 012BH</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

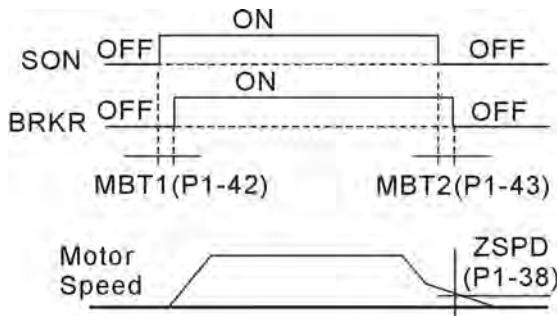
Section 6.5.5

Unit: ms

Range: 0 ~ 1000

Settings:

Used to set the period of time between when the servo drive is Off (Servo Off) and when electromagnetic brake output signal (BRKR) is inactivated.



- 1) When MBT2 delay time has not finished and motor speed is lower than the setting value of P1-38, electromagnetic brake interlock signal (BRKR) is closed.
- 2) When MBT2 delay time has finished and motor speed is still higher than the setting value of P1-38, electromagnetic brake interlock signal (BRKR) is closed.

<b>P1 - 44▲</b>	<b>GR1</b>	<b>Electronic Gear Ratio (1st Numerator) (N1)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 012CH</b>
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Default: 1

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pt, Pr

Section 6.2.5

Unit: Pulse

Range: 1 ~ 32767

Settings:

Multiple-step electronic gear numerator setting. Please refer to P2-60~P2-62.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 45▲</b>	<b>GR2</b>	<b>Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 012DH</b>
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Default: 1

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pt, Pr

Section 6.3.6

Unit: Pulse

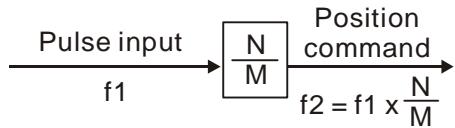
Range: 1 ~ 32767

Settings:

Electronic gear denominator setting.

It is recommended to set electronic gear ratio when the servo drive is Off. As the wrong setting may cause motor to run chaotically (out of control) and it may lead to personnel injury, therefore, ensure to observe the following rule when setting P1-44, P1-45.

The electronic gear ratio setting (Please also see P1-44, P2-60 ~ P2-62):



f1: Pulse input

f2: Position command

N: Numerator 1, 2, 3, 4, the setting value of P1-44 or P2-60 ~ P2-63

M: Denominator, the setting value of P1-45

The electronic gear ratio setting range must be within:  $1/50 < N/M < 200$ .

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 46▲</b>	<b>GR3</b>	<b>Encoder Output Pulse Number</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 012EH</b>
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Default: 1

Related Section: N/A

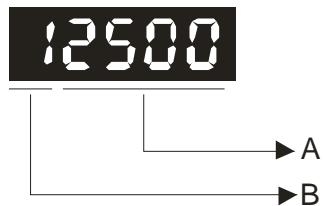
Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: Pulse

Range: 10020 ~ 12500

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the pulse number of encoder outputs which directly represents the encoder output pulse number per motor revolution.



A: Range of the pulse numbers of encoder outputs

- Range of the setting value: 20 ~ 2500 (with B=1)

B: Must be set to 1

- When B=1, the setting value A directly represents the pulse numbers of encoder outputs per motor revolution. At this time, the range of the setting value A is 20 ~ 2500.



The Default: indicates that the pulses will be output from the encoder directly. If the users want to set the pulse numbers of encoder outputs, ensure to set the setting value B to



"1". If the setting value B is not set to "1", LCD display will show , which indicates that the setting value is error or invalid.

For example:

If P1-46 is set to 11250, it indicates that the encoder output pulse number is 1250 pulses per motor revolution.

If P1-46 is set to 10500, it indicates that the encoder output pulse number is 500 pulses per motor revolution.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

P1 - 47	HMOV	Homing Mode	Communication Addr.: 012FH
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Default: 00

Related Section:

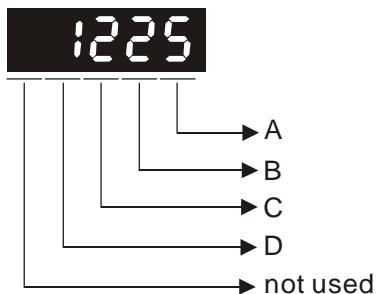
Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 12.8

Unit: N/A

Range: 00 ~ 1225

Settings:



- A=0: Forward homing (CCWL as “Home”)
- A=1: Reverse homing (CWL as “Home”)
- A=2: Forward homing (ORGP as “Home”)
- A=3: Reverse homing (ORGP as “Home”)
- A=4: Forward to find Z-phase pulse and regard Z-phase pulse as “Home”
- A=5: Reverse to find Z-phase pulse and regard Z-phase pulse as “Home”

- B=0: Return to find Z-phase pulse during homing
- B=1: Do not return and go forward to find Z-phase pulse during homing
- B=2: Positioning at home sensor position or Z-phase pulse during homing (it only can be used when A=2, 3, 4 or 5)
- C=0: Disable homing function.
- C=1: Enable homing function automatically after power supplies to the servo drive.
- C=2: Enable homing function by SHOM.
- D=0: After detecting “Home”, the motor will decelerate and return to “Home”.
- D=1: After detecting “Home”, the motor will decelerate and stop in the forward direction.
- Other: Reserved

Example:

Power supplies to the servo drive, after servo on, immediately perform the homing function and use CCWL as “Home”.

1: Refer to P1-01 for forward and reverse direction

2: CWL and CCWL (refer to Table 7.A) should be assigned into internal input contact (refer to P2-10 ~ P2-17) and connected to external limit switch corresponding to internal contact.

3: Set the value of P1-47 to 100.

4: Restart power on again, after servo on, the drive will immediately perform homing function automatically according to the assigned direction.



- 1) When using CWL and CCWL as “Home”, these two inputs will return to limit stop protect function after homing function is completed. It is recommended to set CWL and CCWL at the terminal of equipment to avoid these two inputs may be triggered during normal operation.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 48</b>	<b>HSPD1</b>	<b>1st Speed Setting of High Speed Homing</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0130H</b>
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Default: 1000

Related Section:

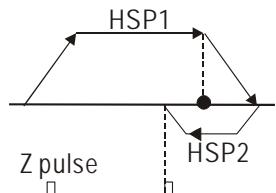
Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 12.8

Unit: r/min

Range: 1 ~ 2000

Settings:



<b>P1 - 49</b>	<b>HSPD2</b>	<b>2nd Speed Setting of Low Speed Homing</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0131H</b>
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Default: 50

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 12.8

Unit: r/min

Range: 1 ~ 500

Settings:

Please refer to P1-48.

<b>P1 - 50</b>	<b>HOF1</b>	<b>Homing Offset Rotation Number</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0132H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 12.8

Unit: rev

Range: -30000 ~ +30000

Settings:

Please refer to P1-51.

<b>P1 - 51</b>	<b>HOF2</b>	<b>Homing Offset Pulse Number</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0133H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 12.8

Unit: pulse

Range: +/-max. cnt/rev

Settings:

When the value of HOF1, HOF2 (P1-50, P1-51) is set to 0, "Home" will be determined as Z-phase pulse or ORGP according to the setting of P1-47. If the value of HOF1, HOF2 (P1-50, P1-51) is not 0, "Home" will be determined as Z-phase pulse or ORGP plus one offset pulse as new "Home" ( $HOF1 \times 10000 + HOF2$ ).

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 52</b>	<b>RES1</b>	<b>Regenerative Resistor Value</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0134H</b>
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Default: 40 (1.5kW and below), 20 (above 1.5kW)

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 2.7

Unit: Ohm

Range: 10 ~ 750

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the resistance of the applicable regenerative resistor.

Model	Default
100W ~ 1.5kW	40Ω
2kW ~ 3kW	20Ω

<b>P1 - 53</b>	<b>RES2</b>	<b>Regenerative Resistor Capacity</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0135H</b>
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Default: 60 (1.5kW and below), 120 (above 1.5kW)

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 2.7

Unit: Watt

Range: 30 ~ 1000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the capacity of the applicable regenerative resistor.

Model	Default
100W~1.5kW	60W
2kW~3kW	100W

<b>P1 - 54</b>	<b>PER</b>	<b>Positioning Completed Width</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0136H</b>
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Default: 100

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pt , Pr

Unit: Pulse

Range: 0 ~ 10000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the width of pulse output range in which TPOS (positioning completed signal) will activate. For Example, at factory default TPOS (positioning completed signal) will activate once the motor is in -99 pulses range of the target position, then deactivate after it reaches +99 pulses range of the desired position.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 55</b>	<b>MSPD</b>	<b>Maximum Speed Limit</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0137H</b>
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Default: rated speed

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: r/min

Range: 0 ~ Max. speed

Settings:

This parameter is used to set maximum motor speed. The default setting is rated speed.

<b>P1 - 56</b>	<b>OVW</b>	<b>Output Overload Warning Level</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0138H</b>
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Default: 120

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: %

Range: 0 ~ 120

Settings:

This parameter is used to set output overload level. When the motor has reached the output overload level set by parameter P1-56, the motor will send a warning to the drive. After the drive has detected the warning, the DO signal OLW will be activated.

**tOL** = Permissible Time for Overload x the setting value of parameter P1-56

When overload accumulated time (continuously overload time) exceeds the value of **tOL**, the overload warning signal will output, i.e. DO signal, OLW will be ON. However, if the overload accumulated time (continuously overload time) exceeds the permissible time for overload, the overload alarm (ALE06) will occur.

For example:

If the setting value of parameter P1-56 (Output Overload Warning Level) is 60%, when the permissible time for overload exceeds 8 seconds at 200% rated output, the overload fault (ALE06) will be detected and shown on the LED display.

At this time, **tOL** =  $8 \times 60\% = 4.8$  seconds

Result:

When the drive output is at 200% rated output and the drive is continuously overloaded for 4.8 seconds, and the overload warning signal will be ON (DO code is 10, i.e. DO signal OVW will be activated). If the drive is continuously overloaded for 8 seconds, the overload alarm will be detected and shown on the LED display (ALE06). Then, Servo Fault signal will be ON (DO signal ALRM will be activated).

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P1 - 57</b>	Reserved	Communication Addr.: 0139H	
<b>P1 - 58</b>	Reserved	Communication Addr.: 013AH	
<b>P1 - 59</b>	Reserved	Communication Addr.: 013BH	
<b>P1 - 60</b>	Reserved	Communication Addr.: 013CH	
<b>P1 - 61</b>	Reserved	Communication Addr.: 013DH	
<b>P1 - 62</b>	<b>COKT</b>	<b>Delay Time of Internal Position Command Completed Output Signal</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 013EH</b>

Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

DO CMDOK(12) in Table 7.B

Unit: ms

Range: 0 ~ 200

Settings:

This parameter is used to delay the output time of digital output, CMDOK (Internal position command completed output) when the servo drive has detected the internal position command has been completed.

If this parameter is set to 0, when DO ZSPD=1, the internal position command which is triggered by DI CTRG will be accepted. If this parameter is not set to 0, when DO CMDOK=1, the internal position command which is triggered by DI CTRG will be accepted.

Please see DO CMDOK(12) in Table 7.B for explanation.

<b>P1 - 63</b>	Reserved	Communication Addr.: 013FH
<b>P1 - 64</b>	Reserved	Communication Addr.: 0140H

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series****Group 2: P2-xx Extension Parameters**

<b>P2 - 00</b>	<b>KPP</b>	<b>Proportional Position Loop Gain</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0200H</b>
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Default: 35

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pt, Pr

Section 6.2.8

Unit: rad/s

Range: 0 ~ 1023

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the position loop gain. It can increase stiffness, expedite position loop response and reduce position error. However, if the setting value is over high, it may generate vibration or noise.

<b>P2 - 01</b>	<b>PPR</b>	<b>Position Loop Gain Switching Rate</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0201H</b>
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Default: 100

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pt, Pr

Unit: %

Range: 10 ~ 500

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the position gain switching rate when the gain switching condition is satisfied. Please refer to P2-27 for gain switching control selection settings and refer to P2-29 for gain switching condition settings.

<b>P2 - 02</b>	<b>PFG</b>	<b>Position Feed Forward Gain</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0202H</b>
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Default: 5000

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pt, Pr

Section 6.2.8

Unit: 0.0001

Range: 10 ~ 20000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the feed forward gain when executing position control command. When using position smooth command, increase gain can improve position track deviation. When not using position smooth command, decrease gain can improve the resonance condition of mechanical system. However, if the setting value is over high, it may generate vibration or noise.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P2 - 03</b>	<b>PFF</b>	<b>Smooth Constant of Position Feed Forward Gain</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0203H</b>
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Default: 5

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pt, Pr

Unit: ms

Range: 2 ~ 100

Settings:

When using position smooth command, increase gain can improve position track deviation.

When not using position smooth command, decrease gain can improve the resonance condition of mechanical system.

<b>P2 - 04</b>	<b>KVP</b>	<b>Proportional Speed Loop Gain</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0204H</b>
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Default: 500

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 6.3.6

Unit: rad/s

Range: 0 ~ 20000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the speed loop gain. When the value of proportional speed loop gain is increased, it can expedite speed loop response. However, if the setting value is over high, it may generate vibration or noise.

<b>P2 - 05</b>	<b>SPR</b>	<b>Speed Loop Gain Switching Rate</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0205H</b>
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Default: 100

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: %

Range: 10 ~ 500

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the speed gain switching rate when the gain switching condition is satisfied. Please refer to P2-27 for gain switching control selection settings and refer to P2-29 for gain switching condition settings.

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

<b>P2 - 06</b>	<b>KVI</b>	<b>Speed Integral Compensation</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0206H</b>
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Default: 100

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 6.3.6

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 4095

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the integral time of speed loop. When the value of speed integral compensation is increased, it can improve the speed response ability and decrease the speed control deviation. However, if the setting value is over high, it may generate vibration or noise.

<b>P2 - 07</b>	<b>SFG</b>	<b>Speed Feed Forward Gain</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0207H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 6.3.6

Unit: 0.0001

Range: 0 ~ 20000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the feed forward gain when executing speed control command.

When using speed smooth command, increase gain can improve speed track deviation.

When not using speed smooth command, decrease gain can improve the resonance condition of mechanical system.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P2 - 08</b>	<b>PCTL</b>	<b>Special Factory Setting</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0208H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 65536

This parameter can be used to reset all parameters to their original factory settings and enable some parameters functions.

Settings:

Reset parameters settings:

- 10: Users can reset all parameter values to factory defaults. All parameter values will be reset after re-power the servo drive.

Enable parameters functions:

- 20: If P2-08 is set to 20, then the parameter P4-10 is enabled.

- 22: If P2-08 is set to 22, then the parameters P4-11~P4-19 are enabled.

Users may lock the parameters and protect parameters against change by unauthorized personnel.

- Parameter Lock (Password Input):

Enter 5-digit password (your password should be at least five characters long). Confirm your password again and then, the password input is completed. (The highest digit of your password number should be at least set to 1).

- Set parameters:

Enter correct password, and then you can unlock the parameters and change them.

- Password Decode:

First, enter correct password, and set P2-08 to 0(zero) twice continuously.

<b>P2 - 09</b>	<b>DRT</b>	<b>Bounce Filter</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0209H</b>
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Default: 2

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 6.3.6

Unit: 2ms

Range: 0 ~ 20

Settings:

For example, if P2-09 is set to 5, the bounce filter time is  $5 \times 2\text{ms}=10\text{ms}$ .

When there are too much vibration or noises around environment, increasing this setting value (bounce filter time) can improve reliability. However, if the time is too long, it may affect the response time.

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

<b>P2 - 10</b>	<b>DI1</b>	<b>Digital Input Terminal 1 (DI1)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 020AH</b>
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Default: 101

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

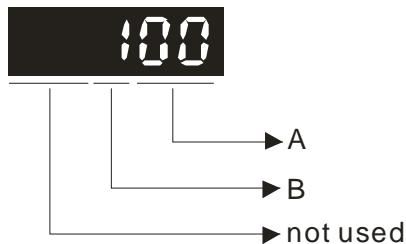
Table 7.A

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 147

Settings:

This parameter is used to determine the function and status of DI1.



- A: DI Function Settings: For the setting value of P2- 10 ~ P2-17, please refer to Table 7.A.
- B: DI Enabled Status Settings:
  - 0: Normally closed (contact b)
  - 1: Normally open (contact a)

Please re-start the servo drive after parameters have been changed.

<b>P2 - 11</b>	<b>DI2</b>	<b>Digital Input Terminal 2 (DI2)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 020BH</b>
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Default: 104

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Table 7.A

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 147

Settings: See P2-10 for explanation.

<b>P2 - 12</b>	<b>DI3</b>	<b>Digital Input Terminal 3 (DI3)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 020CH</b>
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Default: 116

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Table 7.A

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 147

Settings: See P2-10 for explanation.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P2 - 13</b>	<b>DI4</b>	<b>Digital Input Terminal 4 (DI4)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 020DH</b>
		Default: 117	Related Section: Table 7.A
		Applicable Control Mode: ALL	
		Unit: N/A	
		Range: 0 ~ 147	
		Settings: See P2-10 for explanation.	
<b>P2 - 14</b>	<b>DI5</b>	<b>Digital Input Terminal 5 (DI5)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 020EH</b>
		Default: 102	Related Section: Table 7.A
		Applicable Control Mode: ALL	
		Unit: N/A	
		Range: 0 ~ 147	
		Settings: See P2-10 for explanation.	
<b>P2 - 15</b>	<b>DI6</b>	<b>Digital Input Terminal 6 (DI6)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 020FH</b>
		Default: 22	Related Section: Table 7.A
		Applicable Control Mode: ALL	
		Unit: N/A	
		Range: 0 ~ 147	
		Settings: See P2-10 for explanation.	
<b>P2 - 16</b>	<b>DI7</b>	<b>Digital Input Terminal 7 (DI7)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0210H</b>
		Default: 23	Related Section: Table 7.A
		Applicable Control Mode: ALL	
		Unit: N/A	
		Range: 0 ~ 147	
		Settings: See P2-10 for explanation.	
<b>P2 - 17</b>	<b>DI8</b>	<b>Digital Input Terminal 8 (DI8)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0211H</b>
		Default: 21	Related Section: Table 7.A
		Applicable Control Mode: ALL	
		Unit: N/A	
		Range: 0 ~ 147	
		Settings: See P2-10 for explanation.	

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P2 - 18</b>	<b>DO1</b>	<b>Digital Output Terminal 1 (DO1)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0212H</b>
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Default: 101

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

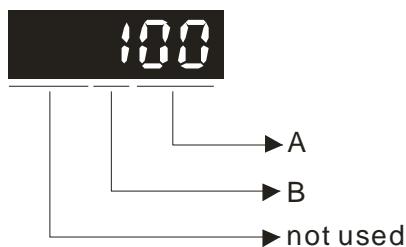
Table 7.B

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 112

Settings:

This parameter is used to determine the function and status of DO1.



- A: DO Function Settings: For the setting value of P2- 18 ~ P2-22, please refer to Table 7.A.
- B: DO Enabled Status Settings:
  - 0: Normally closed (contact b)
  - 1: Normally open (contact a)

Please re-start the servo drive after parameters have been changed.

<b>P2 - 19</b>	<b>DO2</b>	<b>Digital Output Terminal 2 (DO2)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0213H</b>
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Default: 103

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Table 7.B

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 112

Settings: See P2-18 for explanation.

<b>P2 - 20</b>	<b>DO3</b>	<b>Digital Output Terminal 3 (DO3)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0214H</b>
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Default: 109

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Table 7.B

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 112

Settings: See P2-18 for explanation.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P2 - 21</b>	<b>DO4</b>	<b>Digital Output Terminal 4 (DO4)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0215H</b>
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Default: 105

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Table 7.B

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 112

Settings: See P2-18 for explanation.

<b>P2 - 22</b>	<b>DO5</b>	<b>Digital Output Terminal 5 (DO5)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0216H</b>
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Default: 7

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Table 7.B

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 112

Settings: See P2-18 for explanation.

<b>P2 - 23</b>	<b>NCF</b>	<b>Notch Filter (Resonance Suppression)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0217H</b>
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Default: 1000

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 6.3.7

Unit: Hz

Range: 50 ~ 1000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set resonance frequency of mechanical system. It can be used to suppress the resonance of mechanical system. If P2-24 is set to 0, this parameter is disabled.

<b>P2 - 24</b>	<b>DPH</b>	<b>Notch Filter Attenuation Rate (Resonance Suppression)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0218H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 6.3.7

Unit: dB

Range: 0 ~ 32

Settings: 0: Disabled

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

<b>P2 - 25</b>	<b>NLP</b>	<b>Low-pass Filter Time Constant (Resonance Suppression)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0219H</b>
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Default: 2 (1kW and below models) or  
5 (above 1kW models)

Related Section:  
Section 6.3.7

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: ms

Range: 0 ~ 1000

Settings: 0: Disabled

This parameter is used to set low-pass filter time constant of resonance suppression.

<b>P2 - 26</b>	<b>DST</b>	<b>External Anti-Interference Gain</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 021AH</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: 0.001

Range: 0 ~ 30000

Settings: 0: Disabled

In AutoMode (PDFF) mode (parameter P2-32 is set to 4 or 5), the value of this parameter is determined by the system automatically.

<b>P2 - 27</b>	<b>GCC</b>	<b>Gain Switching Control Selection</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 021BH</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 4

Settings:

Gain Switching Condition Settings:

0: Disabled

1: Gain switching DI signal (GAINUP) is On. (see Table 7.A)

2: In position mode, position deviation is higher than the setting value of P2-29.

3: Position command frequency is higher than the setting value of P2-29.

4: Servo motor speed is higher than the setting value of P2-29.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P2 - 28</b>	<b>GUT</b>	<b>Gain Switching Time Constant</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 021CH</b>
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Default: 10

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: 10ms

Range: 0 ~ 1000

Settings: 0: Disabled

This parameter is used to set the time constant when switching the smooth gain.

<b>P2 - 29</b>	<b>GPE</b>	<b>Gain Switching Condition</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 021DH</b>
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Default: 10000

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: pulse, Kpps, r/min

Range: 0 ~ 30000

Settings: 0: Disabled

This parameter is used to set the value of gain switching condition (pulse error, Kpps, r/min) selected in P2-27. The setting value will be different depending on the different gain switching condition.

<b>P2 - 30</b>	<b>INH</b>	<b>Auxiliary Function</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 021EH</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 5

Settings:

0: Normal operation of Digital Inputs SON, CW, and CCW.

1: Force the servo drive to be Servo On (ignore CW and CCW signal)

2: Ignore CW digital input signal

3: Ignore CCW digital input signal

4: Internal position learning function

5: After setting P2-30 to 5, the setting values of all parameters will lost (not remain in memory) at power-down. When the parameters data are no more needed, using this mode can allows users not to save parameters data into memory without damaging the EEPROM. Ensure to set P2-30 to 5 when the communication control function is used.

**NOTE**

- 1) Please set P2-30 to 0 during normal operation. The setting value of P2-30 will return to 0 automatically after re-power the servo drive.

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

P2 - 31	AUT1	Auto Mode Responsiveness Level	Communication Addr.: 021FH
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Default: 44

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 5.6, Section 6.3.6

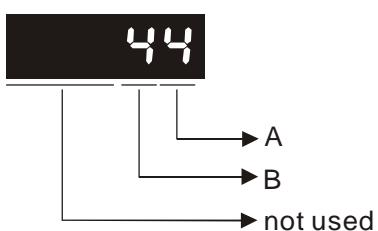
Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ FF

Settings:

This parameter allows the users to set the responsiveness level setting of auto-tuning mode.

Users can control the responsiveness according to application condition. When the setting value is higher, the responsiveness is higher.



A: No function

B: Responsiveness level of auto-tuning mode

0 ~ FF: 0 indicates the lowest setting and F indicates the highest setting (total 16 settings available).



- 
- 1) This parameter is activated by P2-32.
  - 2) Please refer to Section 5.6 for the tuning procedure and the related settings.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P2 - 32▲</b>	<b>AUT2</b>	<b>Tuning Mode Selection</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0220H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 5.6, Section 6.3.6

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 5

Settings:

0: Manual mode

2: AutoMode (PI) [Continuous adjustment]

3: AutoMode (PI) [Fix the ratio of Load Inertia to servo motor inertia and response level can be adjusted]

4: AutoMode (PDFF) [Continuous adjustment]

5: AutoMode (PDFF) [Fix the ratio of Load Inertia to servo motor inertia and response level can be adjusted]

PI : Proportional - Integral control

PDFF : Pseudo-Derivative Feedback and Feedforward

Explanation of Auto-tuning:

1. When switching mode #2 or #4 to #3, the system will save the measured load inertia value automatically and memorized in P1-37. Then, set the corresponding parameters according to this measured load inertia value.
2. When switching mode #2 or #4 to #0, it indicates all automatically measured load inertia value will be aborted, and all setting of parameters will be returned to original setting value in #0 manual mode.
3. When switching mode #0 to #3 or #5, enter the appropriate load inertia value in P1-37.
4. When switching mode #3 to #0, the setting value of P2-00, P2-04 and P2-06 will change to the value that measured in #3 auto-tuning mode.
5. When switching mode #5 to #0, the setting value of P2-00, P2-04, P2-06, P2-25 and P2-26 will change to the value that measured in #5 auto-tuning mode

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P2 - 33▲</b>	<b>INF</b>	<b>Easy Setting of Input Filter</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0221H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

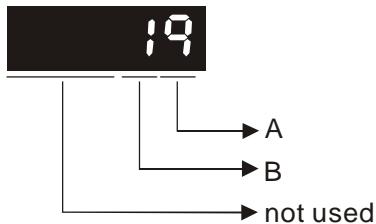
Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 6.3.6

Unit: N/A

Range: 00 ~ 19

Settings:



- A: Speed selection

A=0      Low speed

A=9      High speed

- B=1: Enable this function

<b>P2 - 34</b>	<b>SDEV</b>	<b>Overspeed Warning Condition</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0222H</b>
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Default: 5000

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: S

Unit: r/min

Range: 1 ~ 5000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the over speed condition of the drive fault code. (See P0-01)

<b>P2 - 35</b>	<b>PDEV</b>	<b>Excessive Error Warning Condition</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0223H</b>
----------------	-------------	--	-----------------------------------

Default: 30000

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pt, Pr

Unit: pulse

Range: 1 ~ 30000

Settings:

This parameter is used to set the excessive error condition of the drive fault code (See P0-01).

As for the proportion value setting of position excessive error warning condition, please refer to P2-63.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P2 - 36</b>	<b>POV1</b>	<b>Moving Speed Setting of 1st Position</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0224H</b>
		Default: 1000	Related Section:
		Applicable Control Mode: Pr	Section 6.2.2
		Unit: r/min	
		Range: 1 ~ 5000	
		Settings:	
		When setting value of P2-36 to P2-43 is higher than 3000 r/min, please set the setting value of P1-55 to its max. value.	
<b>P2 - 37</b>	<b>POV2</b>	<b>Moving Speed Setting of 2nd Position</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0225H</b>
		Default: 1000	Related Section:
		Applicable Control Mode: Pr	Section 6.2.2
		Unit: r/min	
		Range: 1 ~ 5000	
		Settings:	
		Please refer to P2-36.	
<b>P2 - 38</b>	<b>POV3</b>	<b>Moving Speed Setting of 3rd Position</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0226H</b>
		Default: 1000	Related Section:
		Applicable Control Mode: Pr	Section 6.2.2
		Unit: r/min	
		Range: 1 ~ 5000	
		Settings:	
		Please refer to P2-36.	
<b>P2 - 39</b>	<b>POV4</b>	<b>Moving Speed Setting of 4th Position</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0227H</b>
		Default: 1000	Related Section:
		Applicable Control Mode: Pr	Section 6.2.2
		Unit: r/min	
		Range: 1 ~ 5000	
		Settings:	
		Please refer to P2-36.	

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

<b>P2 - 40</b>	<b>POV5</b>	<b>Moving Speed Setting of 5th Position</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0228H</b>
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Default: 1000  
 Applicable Control Mode: Pr  
 Unit: r/min  
 Range: 1 ~ 5000  
 Settings:  
 Please refer to P2-36.

Related Section:  
 Section 6.2.2

<b>P2 - 41</b>	<b>POV6</b>	<b>Moving Speed Setting of 6th Position</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0229H</b>
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Default: 1000  
 Applicable Control Mode: Pr  
 Unit: r/min  
 Range: 1 ~ 5000  
 Settings:  
 Please refer to P2-36.

Related Section:  
 Section 6.2.2

<b>P2 - 42</b>	<b>POV7</b>	<b>Moving Speed Setting of 7th Position</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 022AH</b>
----------------	-------------	---	-----------------------------------

Default: 1000  
 Applicable Control Mode: Pr  
 Unit: r/min  
 Range: 1 ~ 5000  
 Settings:  
 Please refer to P2-36.

Related Section:  
 Section 6.2.2

<b>P2 - 43</b>	<b>POV8</b>	<b>Moving Speed Setting of 8th Position</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 022BH</b>
----------------	-------------	---	-----------------------------------

Default: 1000  
 Applicable Control Mode: Pr  
 Unit: r/min  
 Range: 1 ~ 5000  
 Settings:  
 Please refer to P2-36.

Related Section:  
 Section 6.2.2

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P2 - 44</b>	<b>DOM</b>	<b>Digital Output Mode Setting</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 022CH</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 12.6

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 1

Settings:

This parameter determines that the digital output equals the setting value of P2-18 ~ P2-22 or INDEX positions when using feed step control function and in internal auto running mode (See Chapter 12 for explanation).

0: General output mode, digital output function is defined by the setting value of P2-18 ~ P2-22.

1: Combination output mode

When the users want to use feed step control function, this output mode must be selected.

Otherwise, the feed step control function can not be used normally. (Refer to Section 12.6)

When the users want to use internal auto running mode function, this output mode must be selected. Otherwise, the output signal can not be converted to combination output signal normally. (Refer to Section 12.7)

<b>P2 - 45</b>	<b>DOD</b>	<b>Combination Output Signal Delay Time</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 022DH</b>
----------------	------------	---	-----------------------------------

Default: 1

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 12.6

Unit: 4ms

Range: 0 ~ 250

Settings:

This parameter can be used only when P2-44 is set to 1. The users can use this parameter to set the ON time delay when positioning is completed.

<b>P2 - 46</b>	<b>FSN</b>	<b>Feed Step Number</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 022EH</b>
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Default: 6

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 12.6

Unit: sec

Range: 2 ~ 32

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

P2 - 47	PED	Position Deviation Clear Delay Time	Communication Addr.: 022FH
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 12.6

Unit: 20ms

Range: 0 ~ 250

Settings:

This function is disabled when its setting value is set to 0.

P2 - 48	BLAS	Backlash Compensation of Feed Step Control	Communication Addr.: 0230H
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Default: 0

Related Section:

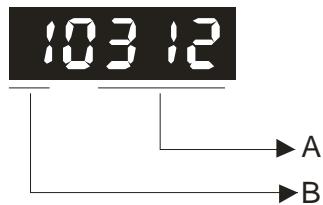
Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Section 12.6

Unit: pulse

Range: 0 ~ 10312

Settings:



- A: Pulse Number Settings

0 ~ 312, the pulse number of backlash compensation

Actual pulse number of backlash compensation of motor output shaft is equal to the number of value A x electronic gear ratio

- B: Polarity Settings

B=0: Forward compensation

B=1: Reverse compensation



- 1) After modifying the setting value, execute the home sensor function. After executing the home sensor function, perform the control function.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

P2 - 49	SJIT	Speed Detection Filter and Jitter Suppression	Communication Addr.: 0231H
---------	------	---	----------------------------

Default: 0

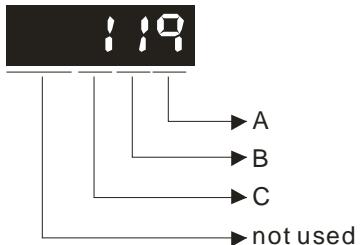
Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: sec

Range: 0 ~ 119

Settings:



- A: Speed Detection Filter Constant

Setting Value A	Speed Detection Frequency of Low-pass Filter (Hz)	Filter Time (ms)
0	500	2.0
1	450	2.2
2	400	2.5
3	350	2.8
4	300	3.3
5	250	4.0
6	200	5.0
7	150	6.6
8	100	10.0
9	80	12.5

- B: Enable/Disable Jitter Suppression Function

B=0: Disable Jitter Suppression function

B=1: Enable Jitter Suppression function

When this function is enabled, it can suppress the jitter created when the motor stops at a position.

- C: Enable Speed Estimation Smooth Function

C=0: Disable Speed Estimation Smooth function

C=1: Enable Speed Estimation Smooth function

When this function is enabled, it can enhance the motor performance and reduce any intermittent or mechanical noise when the motor is running.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P2 - 50</b>	<b>DCLR</b>	<b>Pulse Deviation Clear Mode</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0232H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pt, Pr

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 3

Settings:

For digital input function (DI function), please refer to Table 7.A.

This pulse deviation clear function is enabled when a digital input is set to pulse clear function (CCLR mode, DI function is set to 4).

0: Clear position pulse deviation number (available in Pt and Pr mode only)

When this input is triggered, the position accumulated pulse number will be clear to 0.

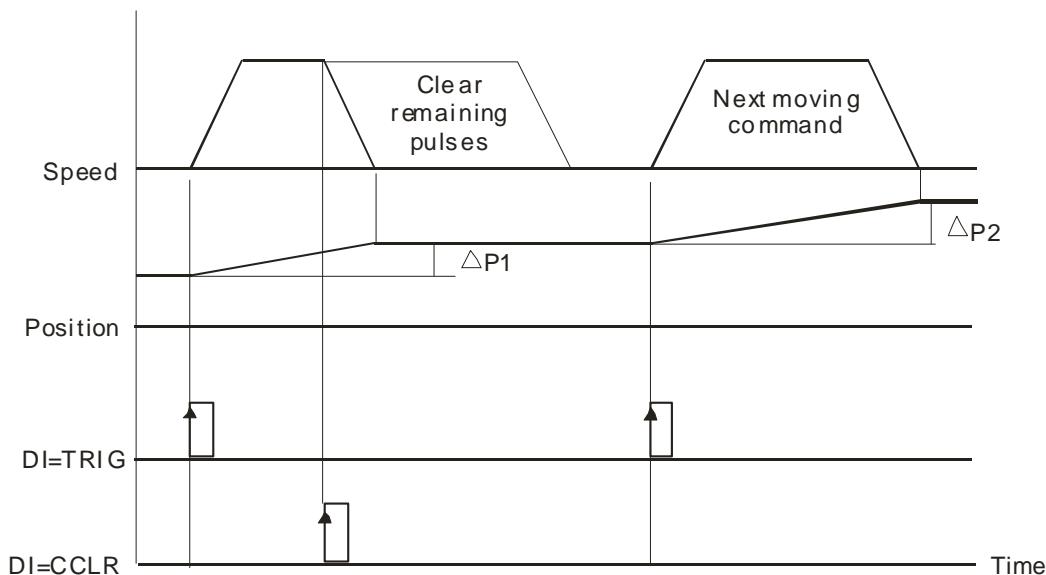
1: Clear motor feedback pulse and rotation number (available in Pt and Pr mode only)

When this input is triggered, the count pulse and rotation number will be clear to 0. This zero point will be regarded as the "Home" of the motor.

2: Clear remaining position pulses and interrupt the motor operation (available Pr mode only).

If CCLR signal is ON when the motor is running, the motor will decelerate first and stop according to the deceleration time which is set by parameter P1-34 ~ P1-36 and the remaining pulses will be aborted. When TRIG signal is ON again, the motor will continue to move forward and reach the target position that is set currently.

3: Reserved.



**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P2 - 51</b>	<b>SRON</b>	<b>Servo ON</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0233H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 1

Settings:

0: Servo ON (SON) is activated via Digital Input signal

1: Servo ON (SON) is activated when control power is applied to the servo drive (not via Digital Input signal)

Servo ON (SON) is "ON" with control power applied to the servo drive, there may be a fault condition or not. The servo is not ready to run. Servo ready (SRDY) is "ON" where the servo is ready to run, NO fault / alarm exists. (P2-51 should turn servo ready SRDY off / on)

<b>P2 - 52</b>	<b>ATM0</b>	<b>Timer 0 of Auto Mode</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0234H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Unit: sec

Range: 0 ~ 120.00

<b>P2 - 53</b>	<b>ATM1</b>	<b>Timer 1 of Auto Mode</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0235H</b>
----------------	-------------	-----------------------------	-----------------------------------

Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Unit: sec

Range: 0 ~ 120.00

<b>P2 - 54</b>	<b>ATM2</b>	<b>Timer 2 of Auto Mode</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0236H</b>
----------------	-------------	-----------------------------	-----------------------------------

Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Unit: sec

Range: 0 ~ 120.00

<b>P2 - 55</b>	<b>ATM3</b>	<b>Timer 3 of Auto Mode</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0237H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Unit: sec

Range: 0 ~ 120.00

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

<b>P2 - 56</b>	<b>ATM4</b>	<b>Timer 4 of Auto Mode</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0238H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Unit: sec

Range: 0 ~ 120.00

<b>P2 - 57</b>	<b>ATM5</b>	<b>Timer 5 of Auto Mode</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0239H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Unit: sec

Range: 0 ~ 120.00

<b>P2 - 58</b>	<b>ATM6</b>	<b>Timer 6 of Auto Mode</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 023AH</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Unit: sec

Range: 0 ~ 120.00

<b>P2 - 59</b>	<b>ATM7</b>	<b>Timer 7 of Auto Mode</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 023BH</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pr

Unit: sec

Range: 0 ~ 120.00

<b>P2 - 60</b>	<b>GR4</b>	<b>Electronic Gear Ratio (2nd Numerator) (N2)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 023CH</b>
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Default: 1

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pt, Pr

Unit: pulse

Range: 1 ~ 32767

Settings:

The electronic gear numerator value can be set via GNUM0, GNUM1 (refer to Table 7.A).

When the GNUM0, GNUM1 are not defined, the default of gear numerator value is set by P1-44.

When the users wish to set the gear numerator value by using GNUM0, GNUM1, please set P2-60 ~ P2-62 after the servo motor has been stopped.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

P2 - 61	GR5	Electronic Gear Ratio (3rd Numerator) (N3)	Communication Addr.: 023DH
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Default: 1

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pt, Pr

Unit: pulse

Range: 1 ~ 32767

Settings:

Please refer to P2-60.

P2 - 62	GR6	Electronic Gear Ratio (4th Numerator) (N4)	Communication Addr.: 023EH
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Default: 1

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pt, Pr

Unit: pulse

Range: 1 ~ 32767

Settings:

Please refer to P2-60.

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

P2 - 63	TSCA	Proportion Value Setting	Communication Addr.: 023FH
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Default: 0

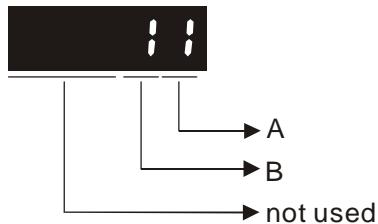
Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pt, S

Unit: times

Range: 0 ~ 11

Settings:



Value A: decimal place setting of internal speed command.

0: When value A is set to 0, the unit of P1-09~P1-11 is 1 r/min (No decimal place setting)

1: When value A is set to 1, the unit of P1-09~P1-11 is 0.1 r/min (One decimal place setting)

If P1-09 is set to 1234, and value A is set to 0, and then the internal speed is 1234 r/min.

If P1-09 is set to 1234, and value A is set to 1, and then the internal speed is 123.4 r/min.

This value A setting is available for internal speed command only, not available for speed limit command.

Value B: Proportion value setting of position excessive error warning condition (P2-35)

0: When value B is set to 0, the unit of P2-35 is 1 pulse

1: When value B is set to 1, the unit of P2-35 is 100 pulses

If P2-35 is set to 1000, and value B is set to 0, the position excessive error warning pulse is 1000 pulses.

If P2-35 is set to 1000, and value B is set to 1, the position excessive error warning pulse is 100,000 pulses.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P2 - 64</b>	<b>TLMOD</b>	<b>Torque Limit Mixed Mode</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0240H</b>
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Default: 0

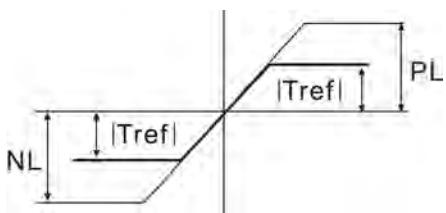
Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: Pt, Pr, S

Unit: N/A

Range: 0 ~ 3

Settings:



PL: Positive Limit

NL: Negative Limit

Tref: Torque Analog Input Voltage

Tpl: Actual PL value in "Torque Limit Mixed Mode"

Tnl: Actual NL value in "Torque Limit Mixed Mode"

0: Disabled

1: Torque limit mixed mode (No polarity)

If  $|Tref| < PL$ ,  $Tpl = |Tref|$ If  $|Tref| > PL$ ,  $Tpl = PL$ If  $|Tref| < NL$ ,  $Tnl = |Tref|$ If  $|Tref| > NL$ ,  $Tnl = NL$ 

2: Torque limit mixed mode (Positive)

If  $0 < Tref < PL$ ,  $Tpl = Tref$ If  $Tref > PL$ ,  $Tpl = PL$ If  $Tref < 0$ ,  $Tpl, Tnl = 0$ 

3: Torque limit mixed mode (Negative)

If  $Tref > 0$ ,  $Tpl, Tnl = 0$ If  $-NL < Tref < 0$ ,  $Tnl = -Tref$ If  $Tref < -NL$ ,  $Tnl = NL$ 

This parameter can allow the users to set two different kinds of torque limit command sources when limiting torque. We call it is "Torque Limit Mixed Mode".

The torque limit function is activated by parameter P1-02 or via digital input TRQLM, TLLM or TRLM.

If the users use TRQLM or P1-02 to activate torque limit function, the torque limit command source can be analog input or internal parameters (P1-12 to P1-14) depending on which way you use to activate torque limit function. At this time, the limit of PL and NL in the figure below are specified as the torque limit that determined by the torque limit command source.

If the users use TLLM or TRLM to activate torque limit function, the torque limit command source can be parameter P1-12 (NL) or P1-13 (PL).

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

P2 - 65	GBT	Special Function	Communication Addr.: 0241H
Default: 0	Related Section: N/A		
Applicable Control Mode: Pr, Pt, S			
Unit: N/A			
Range: 0 ~ 3			
Settings:			
Bit15 Bit14 Bit13 Bit12 Bit11 Bit10 Bit9 Bit8 Bit7 Bit6 Bit5 Bit4 Bit3 Bit2 Bit1 Bit0			
Bit1 Bit0			

**Bit0: DI SPD0/SPD1 speed command trigger mode**

0: by level

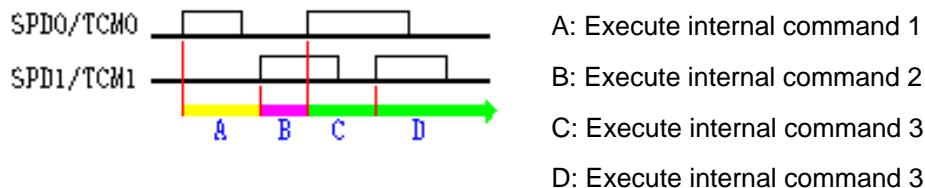
1: by rising edge

**Bit1: DI TCM0/TCM1 torque command trigger mode**

0: by level

1: by rising edge

When the servo drive is rising-edge triggered, the internal commands work as follows:



Bit4	Bit3	Bit2
------	------	------

Fast DI (digital input) function. When this function is activated, the function of P2-17(DI8) will become invalid and change to Fast DI (digital input) function. When Bit3~Bit5 are all set to 0, this fast DI (digital input) function is disabled.

**Bit2: Fast DI contact type**

0: normal open or rising edge trigger

1: normal close or falling edge trigger

**Bit3 ~ Bit4: Fast DI function definition**

Bit4	Bit3	Function
0	0	Disable fast DI function
0	1	Fast position latch for DI8 : When fast position latch function is enabled, the users can get latch position from LED panel by setting <b>P0-02=15 (latch pulses)</b> or setting <b>P0-02=16 (latch turns)</b> . The users also can get the position through the communication by setting P0-04 ~P0-08.
1	0	Fast DI INHIBIT for DI8 Response time of the normal DI is 0.4 ~0.6ms Response time of this fast DI is 0.0 ~0.1ms

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series****Bit5: Reserved. Must be set to 0.****Bit6****Bit6: Abnormal pulse command detection**

0: enable abnormal pulse command detection

1: disable abnormal pulse command detection,

If the detection function is disabled, the ALE08 will not come out when the pulse frequency is higher than 570Kpps.

**Bit7 ~ Bit9: Reserved. Must be set to 0.****Bit10****Bit10: DI ZCLAMP function selection**

0: Locked at the position when ZCLAMP conditions are satisfied.

1: Speed command is forced to 0 r/min when ZCLAMP conditions are satisfied.

How to select these two functions?

If the users want to use the edge of a D1 signal to stop the motor at the desired position and do not care the speed deceleration curve, then set Bit10 of P2-65 to 0.

If the users want to eliminate the analog voltage offset to stop the motor at low voltage and they want to keep the acceleration and deceleration speed curve, then set Bit10 of P2-65 to 1.

When the following conditions are all met, ZCLAMP function will be activated.

Condition1: Speed mode

Condition2: DI ZCLAMP is activated.

Condition3: External analog speed command or internal registers speed command is less than parameter P1-38.

**Bit11 ~ Bit15: Reserved. Must be set to 0.**

<b>P2 - 66</b>	<b>Reserved</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0242H</b>
<b>P2 - 67</b>	<b>Reserved</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0243H</b>
<b>P2 - 68</b>	<b>Reserved</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0244H</b>

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series****Group 3: P3-xx Communication Parameters**

P3 - 00	ADR	Communication Address Setting	Communication Addr.: 0300H
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Default: 1

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 8.2

Unit: N/A

Range: 1~254

Settings:

If the AC servo drive is controlled by RS-232/485/422 communication, each drive (or device) must be uniquely identified and addressed between 1 and 254. Access to program this number is via parameter P3-00.

One servo drive only can set one address. If the address is duplicate, there will be a communication fault.

**NOTE**

- 1) When the address of host (external) controller is set to 0, it is with broadcast function. Then, the servo drive will receive from host (external) controller only and will not respond to host (external) controller no matter the address is matching or not.
- 2) When the address of host (external) controller is set to 255, it is with auto-respond function. Then, the servo drive will receive from and respond to host (external) controller both no matter the address is matching or not.

P3 - 01	BRT	Transmission Speed	Communication Addr.: 0301H
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Default: 1

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 8.2

Unit: bps

Range: 0~5

Settings:

- 0: Baud rate 4800 (data transmission speed: bits / second)
- 1: Baud rate 9600 (data transmission speed: bits / second)
- 2: Baud rate 19200 (data transmission speed: bits / second)
- 3: Baud rate 38400 (data transmission speed: bits / second)
- 4: Baud rate 57600 (data transmission speed: bits / second)
- 5: Baud rate 115200 (data transmission speed: bits / second)

This parameter is used to set the desired transmission speed between the computer and AC servo drive. Users can set this parameter and control transmission speed to reach the maximum baud rate of 115200 bps.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P3 - 02</b>	<b>PTL</b>	<b>Communication Protocol</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0302H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 8.2

Unit: N/A

Range: 0~8

Settings:

0: Modbus ASCII mode, &lt;7,N,2&gt;

1: Modbus ASCII mode, &lt;7,E,1&gt;

2: Modbus ASCII mode, &lt;7,O,1&gt;

3: Modbus ASCII mode, &lt;8,N,2&gt;

4: Modbus ASCII mode, &lt;8,E,1&gt;

5: Modbus ASCII mode, &lt;8,O,1&gt;

6: Modbus RTU mode, &lt;8,N,2&gt;

7: Modbus RTU mode, &lt;8,E,1&gt;

8: Modbus RTU mode, &lt;8,O,1&gt;

This parameter is used to set the communication protocol. The alphanumeric characters represent the following: 7 or 8 is the number of data bits; N, E or O refer to the parity bit, Non, Even or Odd; the 1 or 2 is the numbers of stop bits.

<b>P3 - 03</b>	<b>FLT</b>	<b>Transmission Fault Treatment</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0303H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: P, S, T

Section 8.2

Unit: N/A

Range: 0~1

Settings:

0: Display fault and continue operating

1: Display fault and stop operating

This parameter is used to determine the operating sequence once a communication fault has been detected. If '1' is selected, the drive will stop operating upon detection the communication fault. The mode of stopping is set by parameter P1-32.

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

P3 - 04	CWD	<b>Communication Time Out Detection</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0304H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 8.2

Unit: N/A

Range: 0~20

Settings:

0: Disabled

This parameter is used to set the maximum permissible time before detecting a fault due to communication time out. When this parameter is set to a value over than 0, it indicates this function is enabled. However, if not communicating with the servo in this period of time, the servo drive will assume the communication has failed and show the communication error fault message.

P3 - 05	CMM	<b>Communication Selection</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0305H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 8.2

Unit: N/A

Range: 0~2

Settings:

0: RS-232

1: RS-422

2: RS-485

Multiple communication modes RS232, RS-485, RS-422 cannot be used within one communication ring.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P3 - 06</b>	<b>SDI</b>	<b>Digital Input Communication Function</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0306H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

P4-07, Section 8.2

Unit: N/A

Range: 0~FFFF

Settings:

The setting of this parameter determines how the Digital Inputs (DI) accept commands and signals. If the Digital Input Contact Control parameter for the DI 1 ~ DI 8 is set to "0", command is external, and via CN1; if it is set to "1" the DI signal is via communication.

Bit0 ~ Bit 7 corresponds with DI1 ~ DI8. The least significant bit (Bit0) shows DI1 status and the most significant bit (Bit7) shows DI8 status. The new DI9 ~ DI16 for software communication corresponds with CTRG / POS0 / POS1 / POS2 / ARST / SHOM / JOGU / JOGD these signals.

The Digital Input Control Contact parameter, P3-06 also works in conjunction with the Multi Function Digital Input parameter P4-07 which has several functions. Please see section 8.2 for details.

<b>P3 - 07</b>	<b>CDT</b>	<b>Communication Response Delay Time</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0307H</b>
----------------	------------	--	-----------------------------------

Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: 0.5ms

Range: 0~255

Settings:

This parameter is used to delay the communication time that servo drive responds to host controller (external controller).

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series*****Group 4: P4-xx Diagnosis Parameters**

<b>P4 - 00★</b>	<b>ASH1</b>	<b>Fault Record (N)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0400H</b>
-----------------	-------------	-------------------------	-----------------------------------

Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 4.4.1

Unit: N/A

Range: N/A

Settings:

The latest fault record.

<b>P4 - 01★</b>	<b>ASH2</b>	<b>Fault Record (N-1)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0401H</b>
-----------------	-------------	---------------------------	-----------------------------------

Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 4.4.1

Unit: N/A

Range: N/A

<b>P4 - 02★</b>	<b>ASH3</b>	<b>Fault Record (N-2)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0402H</b>
-----------------	-------------	---------------------------	-----------------------------------

Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 4.4.1

Unit: N/A

Range: N/A

<b>P4 - 03★</b>	<b>ASH4</b>	<b>Fault Record (N-3)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0403H</b>
-----------------	-------------	---------------------------	-----------------------------------

Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 4.4.1

Unit: N/A

Range: N/A

<b>P4 - 04★</b>	<b>ASH5</b>	<b>Fault Record (N-4)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0404H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 4.4.1

Unit: N/A

Range: N/A

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P4 - 05</b>	<b>JOG</b>	<b>JOG Operation</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0405H</b>
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Default: 20

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 4.4.2

Unit: r/min

Range: 0~5000

Settings:

JOG operation command:

**1. Operation Test**

- (1) Press the SET key to display the JOG speed. (The default value is 20 r/min).
- (2) Press the UP or DOWN arrow keys to increase or decrease the desired JOG speed. (This also can be undertaken by using the SHIFT key to move the cursor to the desired unit column (the effected number will flash) then changed using the UP and DOWN arrow keys).
- (3) Press the SET when the desired JOG speed is displayed. The Servo Drive will display "JOG".
- (4) Press the UP or DOWN arrow keys to jog the motor either CCW or CW. The motor will only rotation while the arrow key is activated.
- (5) To change JOG speed again, press the MODE key. The servo Drive will display "P4 - 05". Press the SET key and the JOG speed will displayed again. Refer back to #(2) and #(3) to change speed.

**2. DI Signal Control**

Set the value of DI signal as JOGU and JOGD (refer to Table 7.A).

Users can perform JOG run forward and run reverse control.

**3. Communication Control**

To perform a JOG Operation via communication command, use communication address 0405H

- (1) Enter 0 ~ 3000 for the desired JOG speed
- (2) Enter 4998 to JOG in the CCW direction
- (3) Enter 4999 to JOG in the CW direction
- (4) Enter 5000 to stop the JOG operation



- 
- 1) If the communication write-in frequency is too high, please set P2-30 to 5.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P4 - 06</b> ▲ ■	<b>FOT</b>	<b>Force Output Control</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0406H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 4.4.4

Unit: N/A

Range: 0~0x1F

Settings:

Settings:

0: Disabled.

When the value of P4-06 is a non-zero value, it indicates this function is enabled.

This parameter is used to check if there is any damage DO terminal. This parameter is not effective when the servo drive is enabled (Servo ON).

**NOTE**

- 1) When users select P4-06 and press the Set key, the display will show "OP xx". "xx" stands for the parameter range from 00 to 1F (For the example display, refer to Section 4.4.4).

<b>P4 - 07</b> ■	<b>ITST</b>	<b>Input Status or Force Input Control</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0407H</b>
------------------	-------------	--	-----------------------------------

Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

P3-06, Section 4.4.5,

Unit: N/A

Section 8.2

Range: 0~FFFF

Settings:

Please see P3-06 and Section 8.2 for setting method.

External Control: Display the status of DI input signal

Communication Control: Read the status of input signal (upon software)

For the status of DI input signal, please refer to P2-10 ~ P2-17.

The contents of P4-07 is "read only" via the drive keypad or the communication software and will display the state on or off of the six Digital Inputs which have been set in accordance to P3-06.

The least significant bit (Bit 0) stands for Digital Inputs 1 (DI 1) and the most significant bit (Bit7) stands for Digital Inputs 8 (DI 8).

<b>P4 - 08</b>	<b>PKEY</b>	<b>Digital Keypad Input of Servo Drive</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0408H</b>
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Default: N/A

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: N/A

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P4 - 09★</b>	<b>MOT</b>	<b>Output Status Display</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0409H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 4.4.6

Unit: N/A

Range: 0~0x1F

Settings:

External Control: Display the status of DO output signal

Communication Control: Read the status of output signal

The status of DO signal, please refer to P2-18 ~ P2-22.

<b>P4 - 10▲</b>	<b>CEN</b>	<b>Adjustment Function</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 040AH</b>
-----------------	------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------------

Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 0~6

Settings:

0: Reserved

1: Execute analog speed input drift adjustment

2: Execute analog torque input drift adjustment

3: Execute current detector (V phase) drift adjustment

4: Execute current detector (W phase) drift adjustment

5: Execute drift adjustment of the above 1~4

6: Execute IGBT NTC calibration

This adjustment function is enabled after parameter P2-08 is set to 20.

When executing any adjustment, the external wiring connected to analog speed or torque must be removed and the servo system should be off (Servo off).

<b>P4 - 11</b>	<b>SOF1</b>	<b>Analog Speed Input Drift Adjustment 1</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 040BH</b>
----------------	-------------	--	-----------------------------------

Default: Factory setting

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 0~32767

Settings:

This adjustment function is enabled after parameter P2-08 is set to 22. This is an auxiliary adjusting function, although this parameter allows the users can execute manual adjustment, we still do not recommend the users to change the default setting manually.

This parameter cannot be reset.

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

<b>P4 - 12</b>	<b>SOF2</b>	<b>Analog Speed Input Drift Adjustment 2</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 040CH</b>
----------------	-------------	--	-----------------------------------

Default: Factory setting

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 0~32767

Settings:

Please see P4-11 for explanation.

<b>P4 - 13</b>	<b>TOF1</b>	<b>Analog Torque Drift Adjustment 1</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 040DH</b>
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Default: Factory setting

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 0~32767

Settings:

This adjustment function is enabled after parameter P2-08 is set to 22. This is an auxiliary adjusting function, although this parameter allows the users can execute manual adjustment, we still do not recommend the users to change the default setting manually.

This parameter cannot be reset.

<b>P4 - 14</b>	<b>TOF2</b>	<b>Analog Torque Drift Adjustment 2</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 040EH</b>
----------------	-------------	---	-----------------------------------

Default: Factory setting

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 0~32767

Settings:

Please see P4-13 for explanation.

<b>P4 - 15</b>	<b>COF1</b>	<b>Current Detector Drift Adjustment (V1 phase)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 040FH</b>
----------------	-------------	---	-----------------------------------

Default: Factory setting

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 0~32767

Settings:

This adjustment function is enabled after parameter P2-08 is set to 22. This is an auxiliary adjusting function, although this parameter allows the users can execute manual adjustment, we still do not recommend the users to change the default setting manually.

This parameter cannot be reset.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

<b>P4 - 16</b>	<b>COF2</b>	<b>Current Detector Drift Adjustment (V2 phase)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0410H</b>
----------------	-------------	---	-----------------------------------

Default: Factory setting                          Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 0~32767

Settings:

Please see P4-15 for explanation.

<b>P4 - 17</b>	<b>COF3</b>	<b>Current Detector Drift Adjustment (W1 phase)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0411H</b>
----------------	-------------	---	-----------------------------------

Default: Factory setting                          Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 0~32767

Settings:

Please see P4-15 for explanation.

<b>P4 - 18</b>	<b>COF4</b>	<b>Current Detector Drift Adjustment (W2 phase)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0412H</b>
----------------	-------------	---	-----------------------------------

Default: Factory setting                          Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 0~32767

Settings:

Please see P4-15 for explanation.

<b>P4 - 19</b>	<b>TIGB</b>	<b>IGBT NTC Calibration</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0413H</b>
----------------	-------------	-----------------------------	-----------------------------------

Default: Factory setting                          Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Unit: N/A

Range: 1~7

Settings:

This parameter cannot be reset.

When executing this auto adjustment, ensure to cool the servo drive to 25°C.

***Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series***

<b>P4 - 20</b>	<b>DOF1</b>	<b>Analog Monitor Output Drift Adjustment (CH1)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0414H</b>
----------------	-------------	---	-----------------------------------

Default: Factory setting

Related Section:

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 6.4.4

Unit: mV

Range: -800~800

Settings:

This parameter cannot be reset.

<b>P4 - 21</b>	<b>DOF2</b>	<b>Analog Monitor Output Drift Adjustment (CH2)</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0415H</b>
----------------	-------------	---	-----------------------------------

Default: Factory setting

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: ALL

Section 6.4.4

Unit: mV

Range: -800~800

Settings:

This parameter cannot be reset.

<b>P4 - 22</b>	<b>SAO</b>	<b>Analog Speed Input Offset</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0416H</b>
----------------	------------	----------------------------------	-----------------------------------

Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: S

Unit: mV

Range: -5000~5000

Settings:

The users can use this parameter to adjust analog speed input offset value manually.

<b>P4 - 23</b>	<b>TAO</b>	<b>Analog Torque Input Offset</b>	<b>Communication Addr.: 0417H</b>
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Default: 0

Related Section: N/A

Applicable Control Mode: T

Unit: mV

Range: -5000~5000

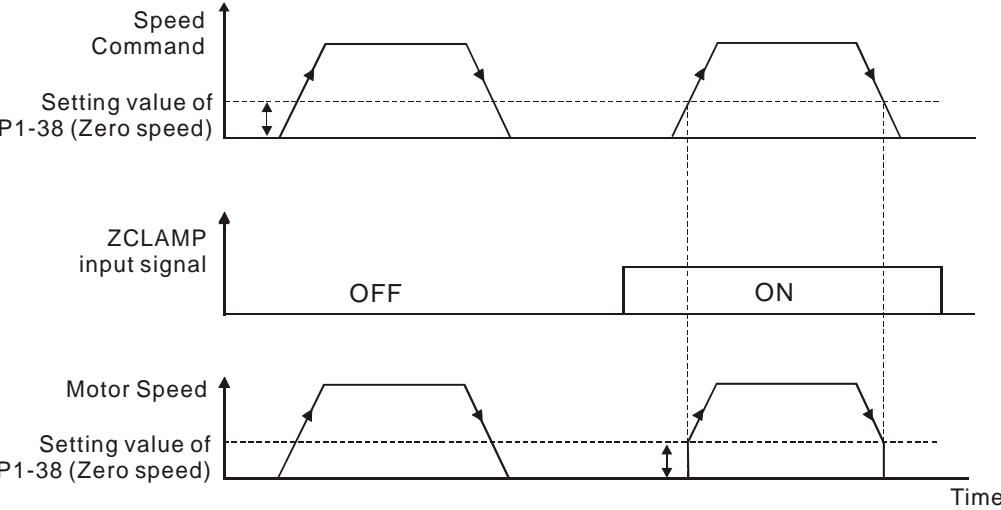
Settings:

The users can use this parameter to adjust analog torque input offset value manually.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

P4 - 24	Reserved	Communication Addr.: 0418H
P4 - 25	Reserved	Communication Addr.: 0419H
P4 - 26	Reserved	Communication Addr.: 041AH

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series****Table 7.A Input Function Definition**

Sign	Setting Value	Digital Input Function Description
SON	01	Servo On. Switch servo to "Servo Ready". Check parameter P2-51.
ARST	02	Alarm Reset. A number of Faults (Alarms) can be cleared by activating ARST.
GAINUP	03	Gain switching in speed and position mode. When GAINUP is activated (P2-27 is set to 1), the gain is switched to the gain multiplied by fluctuation
CCLR	04	Pulse clear (see P2-50). When CCLR is activated, the parameter P2-50 Pulse Deviation Clear Mode is executed. 0: Clear position pulse deviation number (available in Pt and Pr mode only) 1: Clear motor feedback pulse and rotation number (available in Pt and Pr mode only) 2: Clear remaining position pulses and interrupt the motor operation (available Pr mode only). 3: Clear remaining position pulses and interrupt the motor operation. After the motor is stopped, activate TPOS signal (available Pr mode only).
ZCLAMP	05	Zero speed CLAMP. When this signal is On and the motor speed value is below the setting value of P1-38, it is used to lock the motor in the instant position while ZCLAMP is On. 
CMDINV	06	Command input reverse control. When the drive is in Pr, Speed and Torque mode, and CMDINV is activated, the motor is in reverse rotation.
HOLD	07	Position command pause (Internal position control only). When the drive is in Pr mode and HOLD is activated, the motor will pause.
CTRG	08	Command triggered (available in Pr mode only). When the drive is in Pr mode and CTRG is activated, the drive will command the motor to move the stored position which correspond the POS 0, POS 1, POS 2 settings. Activation is triggered on the rising edge of the pulse.
TRQLM	09	Torque limit enabled. When the drive is in speed and position mode, and TRQLM is activated, it indicates the torque limit command is valid. The torque limit command source is internal parameter or analog voltage.
SPDLM	10	Speed limit enabled. When the drive is in torque mode and TRQLM is activated, it indicates the speed limit command is valid. The speed limit command source is internal parameter or analog voltage.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

Sign	Setting Value	Digital Input Function Description					
POS0	11	Position command selection 0 ~ 2 When the Pr mode is selected, the 8 stored positions are programmed via a combination of the POS 0, POS 1, and POS 2 commands.					
		Command No.	POS2	POS1	POS0	CTRG	Parameter
		P1	OFF	OFF	OFF	↑	P1-15
							P1-16
		P2	OFF	OFF	ON	↑	P1-17
							P1-18
		P3	OFF	ON	OFF	↑	P1-19
							P1-20
		P4	OFF	ON	ON	↑	P1-21
							P1-22
POS1	12	P5	ON	OFF	OFF	↑	P1-23
							P1-24
		P6	ON	OFF	ON	↑	P1-25
							P1-26
		P7	ON	ON	OFF	↑	P1-27
							P1-28
		P8	ON	ON	ON	↑	P1-29
							P1-30
SPD0	14	Speed command selection 0 ~ 1					
		Command No.	DI signal of CN1		Command Source		Content
		S1	SPD1	SPD0	Mode	S	External analog command
			OFF	OFF			Voltage between V-REF and GND
					Sz	None	+/-10 V
		S2	OFF	ON	Internal parameter		Speed command is 0
		S3	ON	OFF			P1-09
		S4	ON	ON			0~5000 r/min
							P1-10
							0~5000 r/min
							P1-11
							0~5000 r/min
TCM0	16	Torque command selection 0 ~ 1					
		Command No.	DI signal of CN1		Command Source		Content
		TCM0	TCM1	TCM0	Mode	T	Analog command
		T1	OFF	OFF			Voltage between V-REF and GND
					Tz	None	+/-10 V
							Torque command is 0
		T2	OFF	ON	Internal parameter		P1-12
		T3	ON	OFF			0 ~ 300 %
		T4	ON	ON			P1-13
							0 ~ 300 %
							P1-14
							0 ~ 300 %
TCM1	17						0 ~ 300 %

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

Sign	Setting Value	Digital Input Function Description
S-P	18	Speed / Position mode switching (OFF: Speed, ON: Position)
S-T	19	Speed / Torque mode switching (OFF: Speed, ON: Torque)
T-P	20	Torque / Position mode switching (OFF: Torque, ON: Position)
EMGS	21	Emergency stop. It should be contact "b" and normally ON or a fault (ALE13) will display.
CWL	22	Reverse inhibit limit. It should be contact "b" and normally ON or a fault (ALE14) will display.
CCWL	23	Forward inhibit limit. It should be contact "b" and normally ON or a fault (ALE15) will display.
ORGP	24	Reference "Home" sensor. When ORGP is activated, the drive will command the motor to start to search the reference "Home" sensor. [see P1-47]
TLLM	25	Torque limit - Reverse operation (Torque limit function is valid only when P1-02 is enabled)
TRLM	26	Torque limit - Forward operation (Torque limit function is valid only when P1-02 is enabled)
SHOM	27	Move to "Home". When SHOM is activated, the drive will command the motor to move to "Home". [see P1-47]
INDEX0	28	Feed step selection input 0 (bit 0)
INDEX1	29	Feed step selection input 1 (bit 1)
INDEX2	30	Feed step selection input 2 (bit 2)
INDEX3	31	Feed step selection input 3 (bit 3)
INDEX4	32	Feed step selection input 4 (bit 4)
MD0	33	Feed step mode input 0 (bit 0)
MD1	34	Feed step mode input 1 (bit 1)
MDP0	35	Manually continuous operation
MDP1	36	Manually single step operation
JOGU	37	Forward JOG input. When JOGU is activated, the motor will JOG in forward direction. [see P4-05]
JOGD	38	Reverse JOG input. When JOGD is activated, the motor will JOG in reverse direction. [see P4-05]
STEPU	39	Step up input. When STEPUP is activated, the motor will run to next position.
		Available when the drive is in Pr mode and users must set P1-33 to 5 and 6. (Internal auto running mode) [see section 12-7 Internal Auto Running Mode]

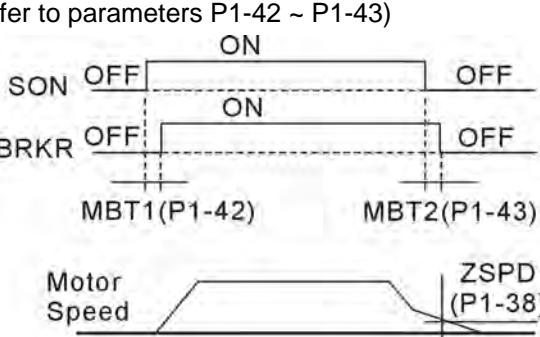
**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

Sign	Setting Value	Digital Input Function Description															
STEPD	40	Step down input. When STEPD is activated, the motor will run to previous position.															
STEPB	41	Step back input. When STEPB is activated, the motor will return to first position.															
AUTOR	42	Auto run input. When AUTOR is activated, the motor will run automatically according to internal position command. For interval time setting (Timer 0 ~ 7), please see parameter P2-52 to P2-59. If the timer is not set, the internal position command without setting timer will be passed over and not executed. The motor will run according to the next internal position command.															
GNUM0	43	Electronic gear ratio (Numerator) selection 0 [see P2-60 ~ P2-62]															
GNUM1	44	<p>Electronic gear ratio (Numerator) selection 1 [see P2-60 ~ P2-62] GNUM0, GNUM1</p>															
INHP	45	Pulse inhibit input. When the drive is in position mode, if INHP is activated, the external pulse input command is not valid.															
STF	46	Enable motor forward operation. In speed mode, it is used to enable the motor forward operation.															
STB	47	<p>Enable motor reverse operation. In speed mode, it is used to enable the motor reverse operation.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>STF</th> <th>STB</th> <th>Explanation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>Forward operation of speed command (CCWL)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>Stop</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>Stop</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>Reverse operation of speed command (CWL)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>0: indicates OFF (Normally Open); 1: indicates ON (Normally Closed) Please note that never use DI STF and STB with DI SPD0 and SPD1 simultaneously.</p>	STF	STB	Explanation	1	0	Forward operation of speed command (CCWL)	1	1	Stop	0	0	Stop	0	1	Reverse operation of speed command (CWL)
STF	STB	Explanation															
1	0	Forward operation of speed command (CCWL)															
1	1	Stop															
0	0	Stop															
0	1	Reverse operation of speed command (CWL)															



- 1) 11~17: Single control mode, 18~20: Dual control mode
- 2) When P2-10 to P2-17 is set to 0, it indicates input function is disabled.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series****Table 7.B Output Function Definition**

Sign	Setting Value	Digital Output Function Description
SRDY	01	Servo ready. SRDY is activated when the servo drive is ready to run. All fault and alarm conditions, if present, have been cleared.
SON	02	Servo On. SON is activated when control power is applied to the servo drive. The drive may or may not be ready to run as a fault / alarm condition may exist. Servo ON (SON) is "ON" with control power applied to the servo drive, there may be a fault condition or not. The servo is not ready to run. Servo ready (SRDY) is "ON" where the servo is ready to run, NO fault / alarm exists. (P2-51 should turn servo ready SRDY off / on)
ZSPD	03	At Zero speed. ZSPD is activated when the drive senses the motor is equal to or below the Zero Speed Range setting as defined in parameter P1-38. For Example, at default ZSPD will be activated when the drive detects the motor rotating at speed at or below 10 r/min. ZSPD will remain activated until the motor speed increases above 10 r/min.
TSPD	04	At Speed reached. TSPD is activated once the drive has detected the motor has reached the Target Motor Speed setting as defined in parameter P1-39. TSPD will remain activated until the motor speed drops below the Target Motor Speed.
TPOS	05	At Positioning completed. When the drive is in Pt mode, TPOS will be activated when the position error is equal and below the setting value of P1-54. When the drive is in Pr mode, TPOS will be activated when the drive detects that the position of the motor is in a -P1-54 to +P1-54 band of the target position. For Example, at factory default TPOS will activate once the motor is in -99 pulses range of the target position, then deactivate after it reaches +99 pulses range of the desired position.
TQL	06	At Torques limit. TQL is activated when the drive has detected that the motor has reached the torques limits set by either the parameters P1-12 ~ P1-14 or via an external analog voltage.
ALRM	07	Servo alarm (Servo fault) activated. ALRM is activated when the drive has detected a fault condition. (However, when Reverse limit error, Forward limit error, Emergency stop, Serial communication error, and Undervoltage these fault occur, WARN is activated first.)
BRKR	08	Electromagnetic brake control. BRKR is activated (Actuation of motor brake). (Please refer to parameters P1-42 ~ P1-43)  <p>The diagram shows three waveforms. The top waveform is SON, which is active (ON) during the time interval between MBT1 and MBT2. The middle waveform is BRKR, which is active (ON) during the same time interval. The bottom waveform is Motor Speed, which ramps down from a peak value to zero during the same time interval, controlled by ZSPD (P1-38).</p>
HOME	09	Homing completed. HOME is activated when the servo drive has detected that the "HOME" sensor (Digital Input 24) has been detected and the home conditions set in parameters P1-47, P1-50, and P1-51 have been satisfied.

**Chapter 7 Servo Parameters | ASDA-AB Series**

Sign	Setting Value	Digital Output Function Description
OLW	10	<p>Output overload warning. OLW is activated when the servo drive has detected that the motor has reached the output overload level set by parameter P1-56.</p> <p><b>t<sub>OL</sub></b> = Permissible Time for Overload x setting value of P1-56</p> <p>When overload accumulated time (continuously overload time) exceeds the value of <b>t<sub>OL</sub></b>, the overload warning signal will output, i.e. DO signal, OLW will be ON. However, if the overload accumulated time (continuously overload time) exceeds the permissible time for overload, the overload alarm (ALE06) will output.</p> <p>For example:</p> <p>If the setting value of parameter P1-56 (Output Overload Warning Level) is 60%, when the permissible time for overload exceeds 8 seconds at 200% rated output, the overload fault (ALE06) will be detected and shown on the LED display.</p> <p>At this time, <b>t<sub>OL</sub></b> = 8 x 60% = 4.8 seconds</p> <p>Result:</p> <p>When the drive output is at 200% rated output and the drive is continuously overloaded for 4.8 seconds, and the overload warning signal will be ON (DO code is 10, i.e. DO signal OLW will be activated). If the drive is continuously overloaded for 8 seconds, the overload alarm will be detected and shown on the LED display (ALE06). Then, Servo Fault signal will be ON (DO signal ALRM will be activated).</p>
WARN	11	Servo warning activated. WARN is activated when the drive has detected Reverse limit error, Forward limit error, Emergency stop, Serial communication error, and Undervoltage these fault conditions.
CMDOK	12	Internal position command completed. CMDOOK is activated when the servo drive has detected that the internal position command has been completed or stopped after the delay time which is set by the parameter P1-62 has elapsed.

**NOTE**

- 
- 1) When P2-18 to P2-22 is set to 0, it indicates output function is disabled.

## Chapter 8 MODBUS Communications

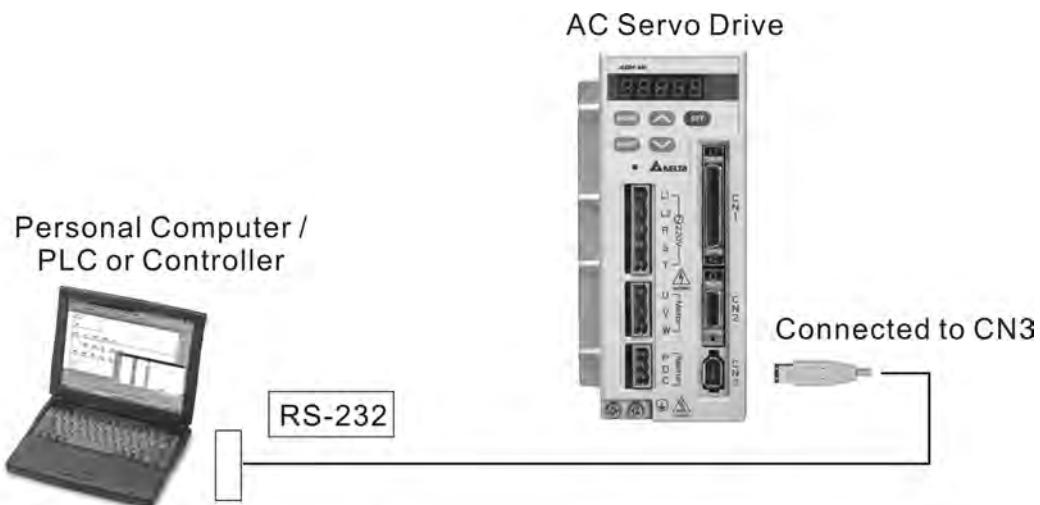
### 8.1 Communication Hardware Interface

The ASDA-AB series servo drive has three modes of communication: RS-232, RS-485, and RS-422. All aspects of control, operation and monitoring as well as programming of the controller can be achieved via communication. However, only one communication mode can be used at a time. Users can select the desired communication mode via parameter P3-05.

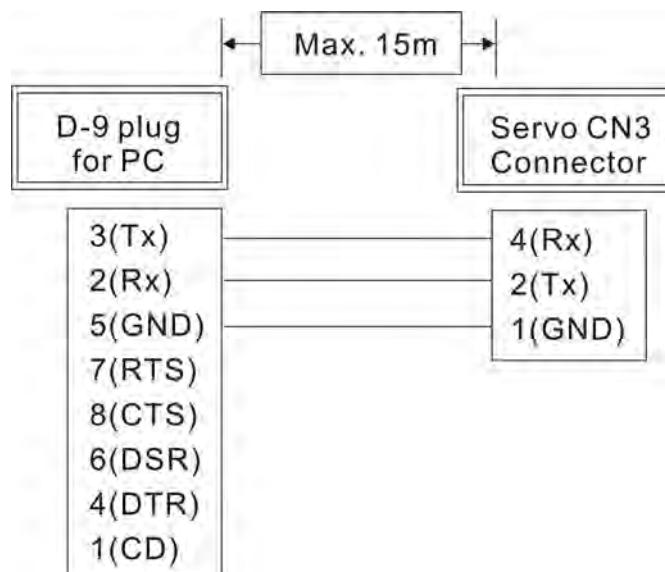
Please refer to the following sections for connections and limitations.

#### RS-232

##### ■ Configuration

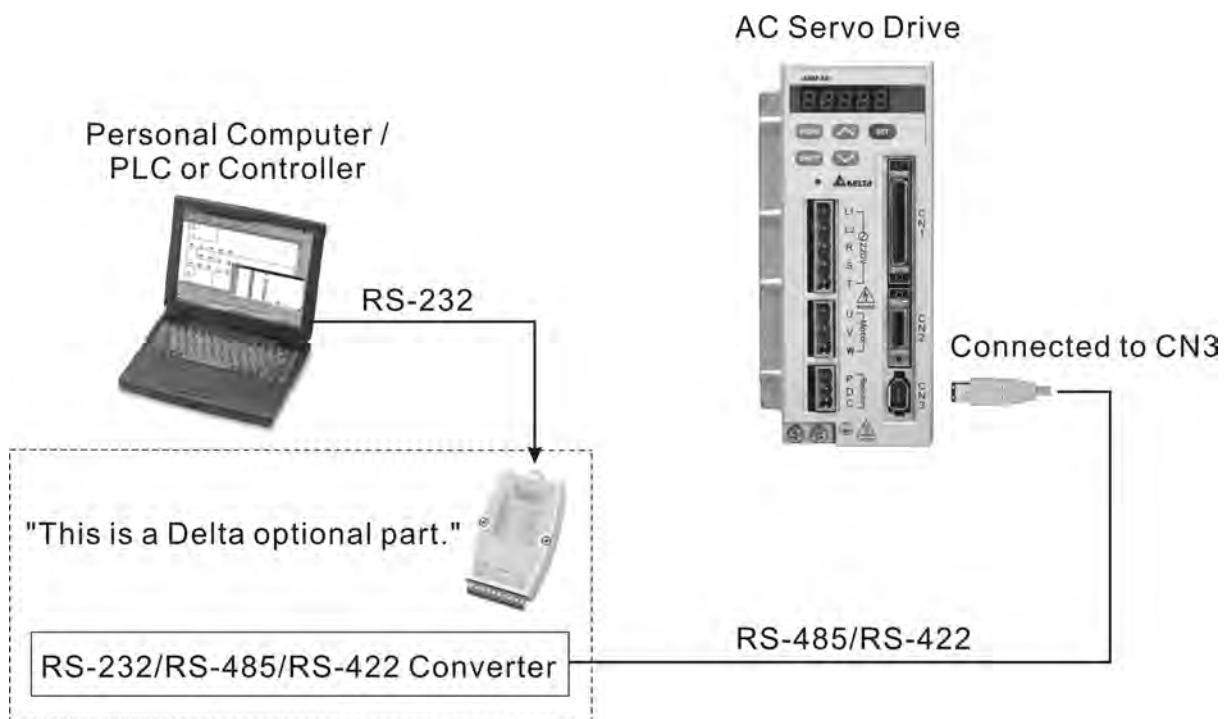


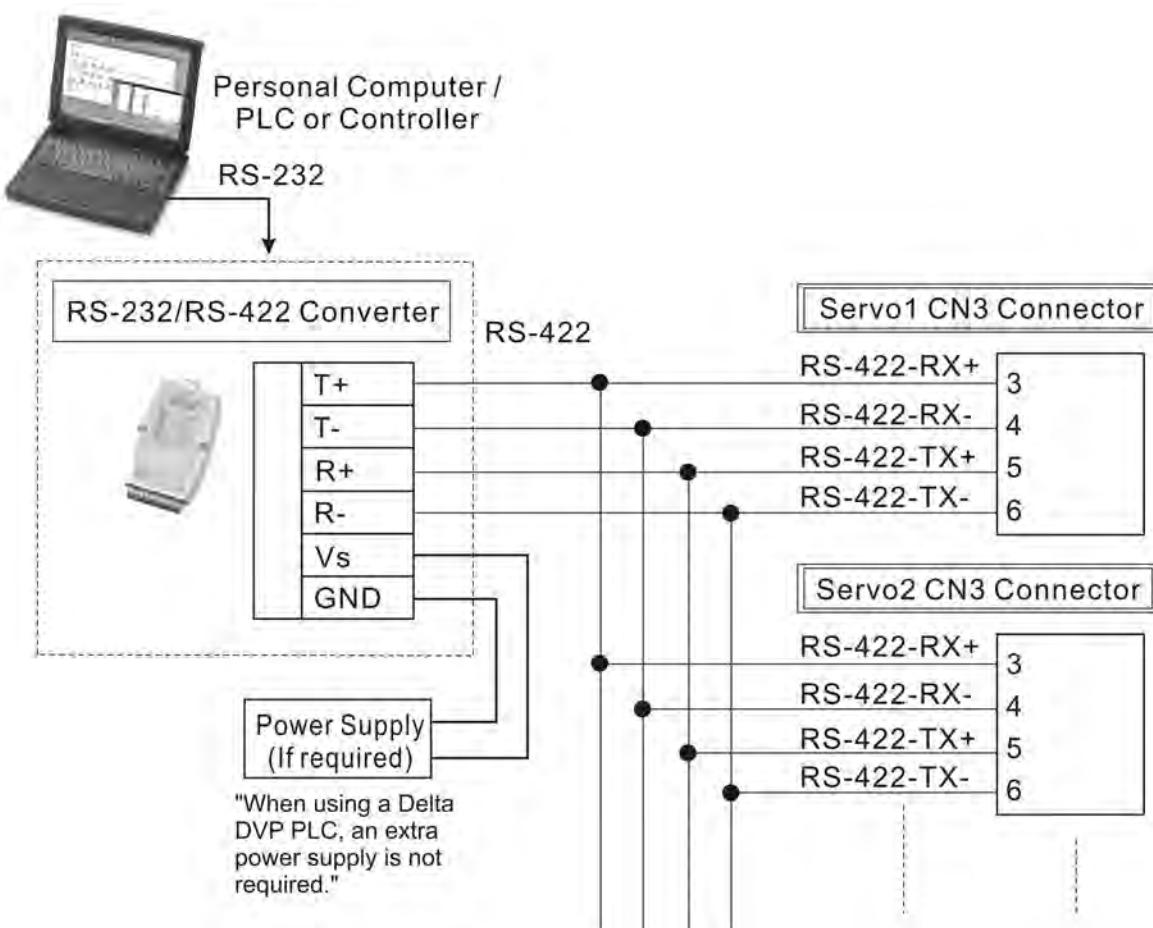
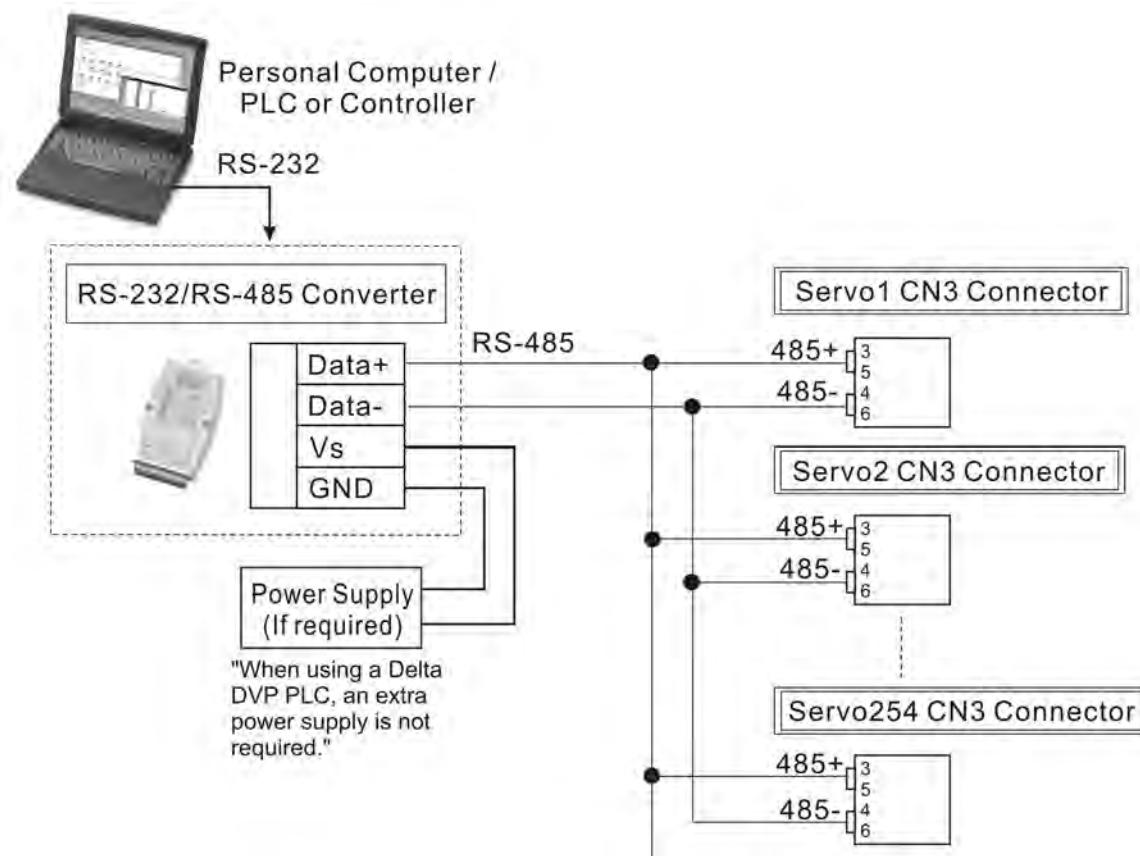
##### ■ Cable Connection



**Chapter 8 MODBUS Communications | ASDA-AB Series****NOTE**

- 1) Recommended maximum cable length is 15m (50ft.). Please note, RFI / EME noise should be kept to a minimum, communication cable should kept apart from high voltage wires. If a transmission speed of 38400 bps or greater is required, the maximum length of the communication cable is 3m (9.84ft.) which will ensure the correct and desired baud rate.
- 2) The number shown in the previous figure indicates the terminal number of each connector.

**RS-485, RS-422****■ Configuration**

**Chapter 8 MODBUS Communications | ASDA-AB Series****■ Cable Connection**

**Chapter 8 MODBUS Communications | ASDA-AB Series**

- 
- 1) The maximum cable length is 100m (39.37inches) when the servo drive is installed in a location where there are only a few interferences. Please note, RFI / EME noise should be kept to a minimum, communication cable should be kept apart from high voltage wires. If a transmission speed of 38400 bps or greater is required, the maximum length of the communication cable is 15m (50ft.) which will ensure the correct and desired baud rate.
  - 2) The number shown in the previous figure indicates the terminal number of each connector.
  - 3) The power supply should provide a +12V and higher DC voltage.
  - 4) Please use a REPEATER if more than 32 synchronous axes are required.
  - 5) For the terminal identification of CN3, please refer to Section 3.5.

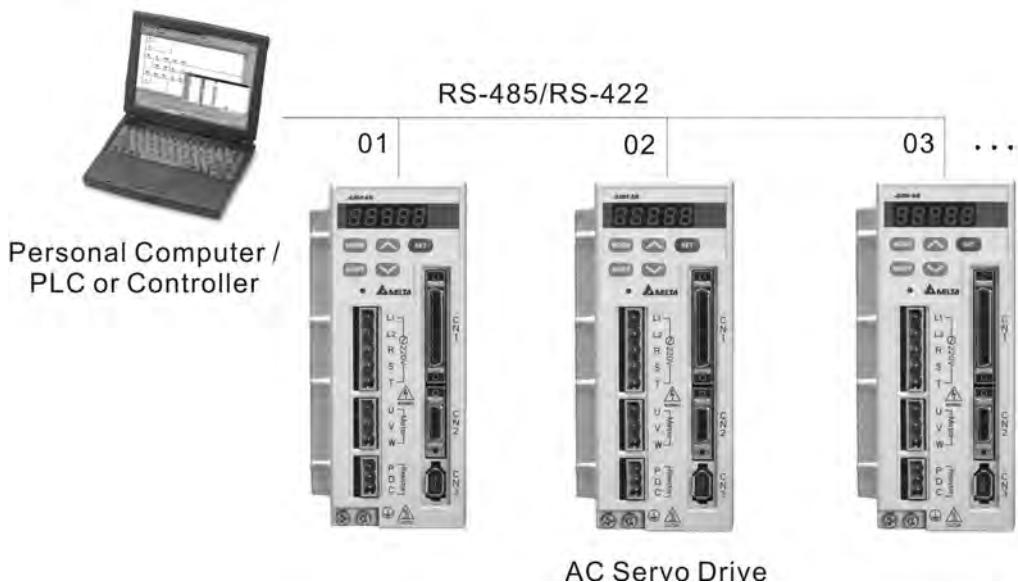
## 8.2 Communication Parameter Settings

The following describes the communication addresses for the communication parameters.

For communication parameters, please refer to the Chapter 7. Communication Addresses 0301, 0302, and 0305 have to be set identically for all the drives and devices to communicate correctly.

0300H Communication Address Setting	Default: 1 Range: 1~254
--	----------------------------

- If the AC servo drive is controlled by RS-232/485/422 communication, each drive (or device) must be uniquely identified and addressed between 1 and 254. Access to program this number is via parameter P3-00.



0301H Transmission Speed	Default: 1 Range: 0~5 Settings: 0: Baud rate 4800 (data transmission speed: bits / second) 1: Baud rate 9600 (data transmission speed: bits / second) 2: Baud rate 19200 (data transmission speed: bits / second) 3: Baud rate 38400 (data transmission speed: bits / second) 4: Baud rate 57600 (data transmission speed: bits / second) 5: Baud rate 115200 (data transmission speed: bits / second)
-----------------------------	--

- This parameter is used to set the desired transmission speed between the computer and AC servo drive. Users can set this parameter and control transmission speed to reach the maximum baud rate of 115200 bps.

**Chapter 8 MODBUS Communications | ASDA-AB Series**

0302H Communication Protocol	Default: 0 Range: 0~8 Settings: 0: Modbus ASCII mode, <7,N,2> 1: Modbus ASCII mode, <7,E,1> 2: Modbus ASCII mode, <7,O,1> 3: Modbus ASCII mode, <8,N,2> 4: Modbus ASCII mode, <8,E,1> 5: Modbus ASCII mode, <8,O,1> 6: Modbus RTU mode, <8,N,2> 7: Modbus RTU mode, <8,E,1> 8: Modbus RTU mode, <8,O,1>
---------------------------------	--

- This parameter is used to set the communication protocol. The alphanumeric characters represent the following: 7 or 8 is the number of data bits; N, E or O refer to the parity bit, Non, Even or Odd; the 1 or 2 is the numbers of stop bits.

0303H Transmission Fault Treatment	Default: 0 Range: 0~1 Settings: 0: Display fault and continue operating 1: Display fault and stop operating
---------------------------------------	---

- This parameter is used to determine the operating sequence once a communication fault has been detected. If '1' is selected the drive will stop operating upon detection the communication fault. The mode of stopping is set by parameter P1-32.

0304H Communication Time Out Detection	Watch Dog Timer (It is not recommended to change the factory default setting if not necessary) Default: 0 Range: 0~20 sec. The factory default setting is set to 0 and it indicates this function is disabled.
---	---

- When this parameter is set to any value over 0, it indicates that the timer is enabled. The value set in this parameter is the communication time and the communication time out detection should be completed within the time. Otherwise, a communication error will occur.
- For example, if the value set in this parameter is 5, it indicates that the communication time out detection will be activated once in five seconds or a communication error will occur.

0305H Communication Mode	Communication selection: Default: 0 Range: 0~2 Settings: 0: RS-232 1: RS-422 2: RS-485
-----------------------------	--

- Multiple communication modes RS232, RS-485, RS-422 cannot be used within one communication ring.

**Chapter 8 MODBUS Communications | ASDA-AB Series**

0306H Digital Input Communication Function	Digital Input Contact Control: Default: 0 Range: 0~FFFF (hexadecimal number)
---	--

- The setting of this parameter determines how the Digital Inputs (DI) accept commands and signals.
- Input commands or signals through the DI can be either from an external source, through the CN 1 interface connector, or via communication, (RS-232, RS-485, RS-422). If the Digital Input Contact Control parameter for the DI 1 ~ 8 is set to "0", command is external, and via CN1; if it is set to "1" (decimal number) the DI signal is via communication. Each of the eight Digital Inputs are accessed individually and can be set independently of each other. They can be programmed either via the drive's keypad or via communication and computer UI. If they are programmed via the keypad a hexadecimal number is entered; if programmed via communication or UI a decimal or hexadecimal number can be used. In both methods of programming, a single number is used for all eight Digital Inputs. The following example shows how each DI is addressed and converted to a single decimal or hexadecimal number.
- The eight Digital Inputs are noted from the right, DI 1 to left, DI 8 with their desired input command or signal method, 0 or 1. Once all eight Digital Inputs have been noted this binary number is converted to a decimal or hexadecimal number and entered into P3-06.

Bit	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Decimal value	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
Input	DI8	DI7	DI6	DI5	DI4	DI3	DI2	DI1
State	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0
= D8 Hex								(Keypad, Communication or UI)
(External CN1 Communication)								or = 216 Dec (Communication or UI only)

- Please see Chapter 4.4.5 DI Signal Display Diagnosis Operation for display layout of the Digital Signal selection.
- The Digital Input Control Contact parameter, P3-06 also works in conjunction with the Multi Function Digital Input parameter P4-07 which has several functions.
- The contents of P4-07 is "read only" via the drive keypad and will display the state on or off ("blank" or "|") of the eight Digital Inputs which have been set in accordance to P3-06. For Example; if P3-06 has been set to 0 (All DI is external and via the CN 1 interface) and the P4-07 display is indicating the following:

\_ | | | \_ \_ \_ | (for the manual this picture should be similar to the one shown on page 4-8  
(Ch 4.4.5))

The Digital Inputs 1, 5, 6, & 7 are "on" (high) and Digital Inputs 2, 3, 4, & 8 are "off" (low).

**Chapter 8 MODBUS Communications | ASDA-AB Series**

If the contents of P4-07 is being read via communication the output will be a decimal number that will represent the "binary" display. Therefore in the previous example the decimal number being read would be 113.

However, in the communication mode the user can write to P4-07 to turn the Digital Inputs either "on" or "off". Again this achieved by sending a decimal or hexadecimal number that corresponds to the binary representation of the Digital Inputs being addressed. Therefore in the previous example 113 or 71 hex would be sent to 407H to switch on Digital Inputs 1, 5, 6, & 7. Remember, previous to this P3-06 would have been set to either 255 / FF or 113 / 71 (This sets the Digital Inputs 1, 5, 6, & 7 to communication).

0307H Communication Response Delay Time	Default: 0 Range: 0~255
--	----------------------------

- This parameter is used to delay the communication time that servo drive respond to host controller (external controller)

## 8.3 MODBUS Communication Protocol

When using RS-232/485/422 serial communication interface, each ASDA-AB series AC servo drive has a pre-assigned communication address specified by parameter “P3-00”. The computer then controls each AC servo drive according to its communication address. ASDA-AB series AC servo drive can be set up to communicate on a MODBUS networks using one of the following modes: ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) or RTU (Remote Terminal Unit). Users can select the desired mode along with the serial port communication protocol in parameter “P3-02”.

### ■ Code Description:

#### ASCII Mode:

Each 8-bit data is the combination of two ASCII characters. For example, a 1-byte data: 64 Hex, shown as ‘64’ in ASCII, consists of ‘6’ (36Hex) and ‘4’ (34Hex).

The following table shows the available hexadecimal characters and their corresponding ASCII codes.

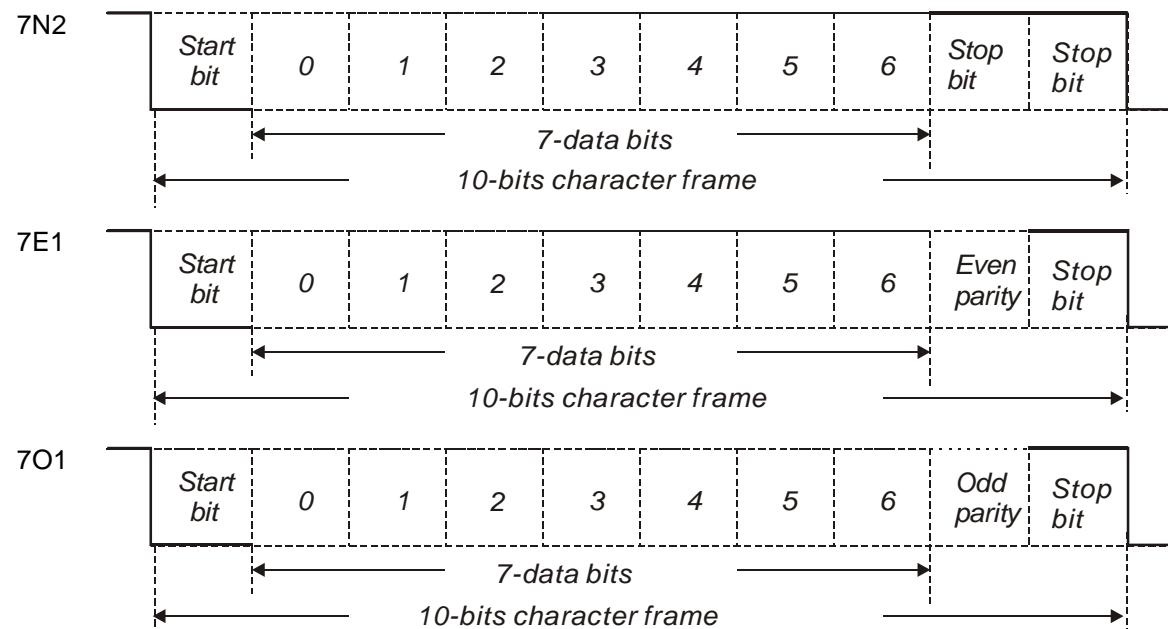
Character	‘0’	‘1’	‘2’	‘3’	‘4’	‘5’	‘6’	‘7’
ASCII code	30H	31H	32H	33H	34H	35H	36H	37H
Character	‘8’	‘9’	‘A’	‘B’	‘C’	‘D’	‘E’	‘F’
ASCII code	38H	39H	41H	42H	43H	44H	45H	46H

#### RTU Mode:

Each 8-bit data is the combination of two 4-bit hexadecimal characters. For example, a 1-byte data: 64 Hex.

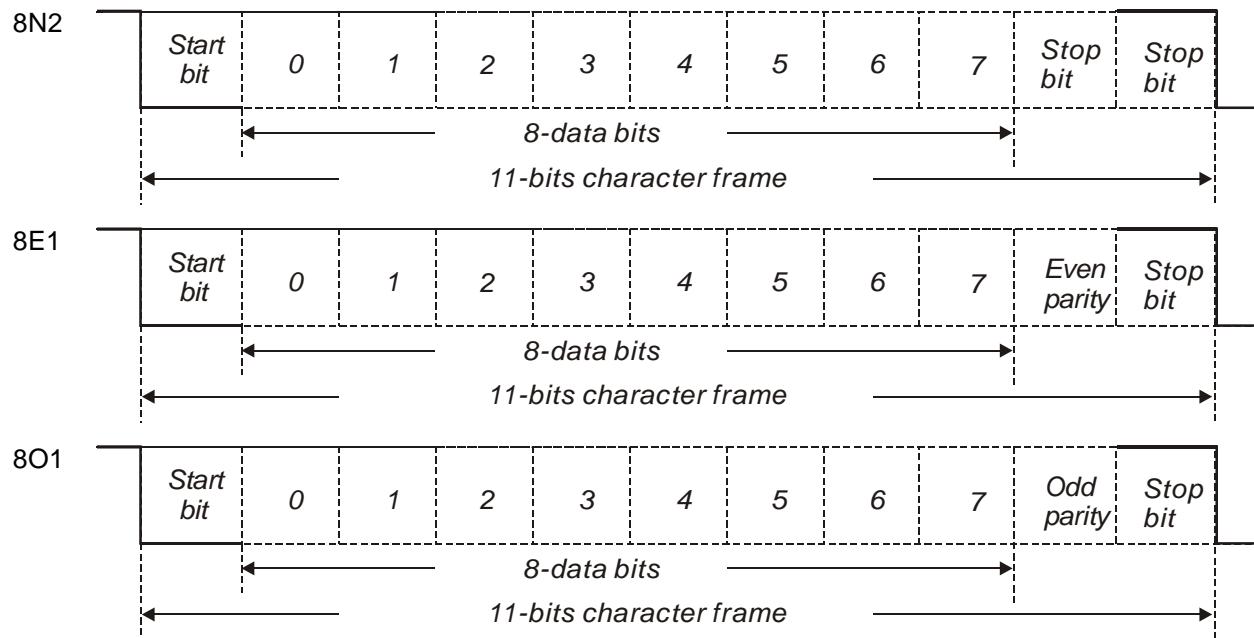
### ■ Data Format:

10-bit character frame (For 7-bit character)



**Chapter 8 MODBUS Communications | ASDA-AB Series**

11-bit character frame (For 8-bit character)

**■ Communication Protocol:****ASCII Mode:**

STX	Start character': ' (3AH)
ADR	Communication address: 1-byte consists of 2 ASCII codes
CMD	Command code: 1-byte consists of 2 ASCII codes
DATA(n-1)	
.....	Contents of data: n word = n x 2-byte consists of n x 4 ASCII codes, n≤12
DATA(0)	
LRC	Command code: 1-byte consists of 2 ASCII codes
End 1	End code 1: (0DH)(CR)
End 0	End code 0: (0AH)(LF)

**RTU Mode:**

STX	A silent interval of more than 10ms
ADR	Communication address: 1-byte
CMD	Command code: 1-byte
DATA(n-1)	
.....	Contents of data: n word = n x 2-byte, n≤12
DATA(0)	
CRC	Command code: 1-byte
End 1	A silent interval of more than 10ms

***Chapter 8 MODBUS Communications | ASDA-AB Series*****STX (Communication Start)**

ASCII Mode: ‘.’ character

RTU Mode: A silent interval of more than 10ms

**ADR (Communication Address)**

The valid communication addresses are in the range of 1 to 254.

For example, communication to AC servo drive with address 16 decimal:

ASCII Mode: ADR='1','0' => '1'=31H , '0'=30H

RTU Mode: ADR = 10H

**CMD (Command Codes) and DATA (Data Characters)**

The format of data characters depends on the command code. The available command codes and examples for AC servo drive are described as follows:

Command code: 03H, read N words. The maximum value of N is 10.

For example, reading continuous 2 words from starting address 0200H of AC servo drive with address 01H.

**ASCII Mode:****Command message:**

STX	‘.’
ADR	‘0’
	‘1’
CMD	‘0’
	‘3’
Starting data address	‘0’
	‘2’
	‘0’
	‘0’
Number of data	‘0’
	‘0’
	‘0’
	‘2’
LRC Check	‘F’
	‘8’
End 1	(0DH)(CR)
End 0	(0AH)(LF)

**Response message:**

STX	‘.’
ADR	‘0’
	‘1’
CMD	‘0’
	‘3’
Number of data (Count by byte)	‘0’
	‘4’
Contents of starting data address 0200H	‘0’
	‘0’
	‘B’
	‘1’
Contents of second data address 0201H	‘1’
	‘F’
	‘4’
	‘0’
LRC Check	‘E’
	‘8’
End 1	(0DH)(CR)
End 0	(0AH)(LF)

**Chapter 8 MODBUS Communications | ASDA-AB Series****RTU Mode:****Command message:**

ADR	01H
CMD	03H
Starting data address	02H (Upper bytes)
	00H (Lower bytes)
Number of data (Count by word)	00H
	02H
CRC Check Low	C5H (Lower bytes)
CRC Check High	B3H (Upper bytes)

**Response message:**

ADR	01H
CMD	03H
Number of data (Count by byte)	04H
Contents of starting data address 0200H	00H (Upper bytes)
	B1H (Lower bytes)
Contents of second data address 0201H	1FH (Upper bytes)
	40H (Lower bytes)
CRC Check Low	A3H (Lower bytes)
CRC Check High	D4H (Upper bytes)

Command code: 06H, write 1 word

For example, writing 100 (0064H) to starting data address 0200H of ASDA-AB series with address 01H.

**ASCII Mode:****Command message:**

STX	:
ADR	'0'
	'1'
CMD	'0'
	'6'
Starting data address	'0'
	'2'
	'0'
	'0'
Content of data	'0'
	'0'
	'6'
	'4'
LRC Check	'9'
	'3'
End 1	(0DH)(CR)
End 0	(0AH)(LF)

**Response message:**

STX	:
ADR	'0'
	'1'
CMD	'0'
	'6'
Starting data address	'0'
	'2'
	'0'
	'0'
Content of data	'0'
	'0'
	'6'
	'4'
LRC Check	'9'
	'3'
End 1	(0DH)(CR)
End 0	(0AH)(LF)

**Chapter 8 MODBUS Communications | ASDA-AB Series****RTU Mode:****Command message:**

ADR	01H
CMD	06H
Starting data address	02H (Upper bytes)
	00H (Lower bytes)
Content of data	00H (Upper bytes)
	64H (Lower bytes)
CRC Check Low	89H (Lower bytes)
CRC Check High	99H (Upper bytes)

**Response message:**

ADR	01H
CMD	06H
Starting data address	02H (Upper bytes)
	00H (Lower bytes)
Content of data	00H (Upper bytes)
	64H (Lower bytes)
CRC Check Low	89H (Lower bytes)
CRC Check High	99H (Upper bytes)

**LRC (ASCII Mode):**

LRC (Longitudinal Redundancy Check) is calculated by summing up, module 256, the values of the bytes from ADR to last data character then calculating the hexadecimal representation of the 2's-complement negation of the sum.

For example, reading 1 word from address 0201H of the ASDA-AB series AC servo drive with address 01H.

STX	“.”
ADR	‘0’
	‘1’
CMD	‘0’
	‘3’
Starting data address	‘0’
	‘2’
	‘0’
	‘1’
Number of data	‘0’
	‘0’
	‘0’
	‘1’
LRC Check	‘F’
	‘8’
End 1	(0DH)(CR)
End 0	(0AH)(LF)

01H+03H+02H+01H+00H+01H = 08H, the 2's complement negation of 08H is F8H.

Hence, we can know that LRC CHK is 'F','8'.

**Chapter 8 MODBUS Communications | ASDA-AB Series****CRC (RTU Mode):**

CRC (Cyclical Redundancy Check) is calculated by the following steps:

Step 1: Load a 16-bit register (called CRC register) with FFFFH.

Step 2: Exclusive OR the first 8-bit byte of the command message with the low order byte of the 16-bit CRC register, putting the result in the CRC register.

Step 3: Extract and examine the LSB. If the LSB of CRC register is 0, shift the CRC register one bit to the right. If the LSB of CRC register is 1, shift the CRC register one bit to the right, then Exclusive OR the CRC register with the polynomial value A001H.

Step 4: Repeat step 3 until eight shifts have been performed. When this is done, a complete 8-bit byte will have been processed, then perform step 5.

Step 5: Repeat step 2 to step 4 for the next 8-bit byte of the command message.

Continue doing this until all bytes have been processed. The final contents of the CRC register are the CRC value.

**NOTE**

- 1) When transmitting the CRC value in the message, the upper and lower bytes of the CRC value must be swapped, i.e. the lower order byte will be transmitted first.
- 2) For example, reading 2 words from address 0101H of the AC servo drive with address 01H. The final content of the CRC register from ADR to last data character is 3794H, then the command message is shown as follows. What should be noticed is that 94H have to be transmitted before 37H.

Command Message	
ADR	01H
CMD	03H
Starting data address	01H (Upper byte) 01H (Lower bytes)
Number of data (Count by word)	00H (Upper bytes) 02H (Lower bytes)
CRC Check Low	94H (Lower bytes)
CRC Check High	37H (Upper bytes)

**End1, End0 (Communication End)****ASCII Mode:**

In ASCII mode, (0DH) stands for character '\r' (carriage return) and (0AH) stands for character '\n' (new line), they indicate communication end.

**RTU Mode:**

In RTU mode, a silent interval of more than 10ms indicates communication end.

**Chapter 8 MODBUS Communications | ASDA-AB Series**

The following is an example of CRC generation using C language. The function takes two arguments:

unsigned char\* data;

unsigned char length

The function returns the CRC value as a type of unsigned integer.

```
unsigned int crc_chk(unsigned char* data, unsigned char length) {  
    int j;  
    unsigned int reg_crc=0xFFFF;  
  
    while( length-- ) {  
        reg_crc^= *data++;  
        for (j=0; j<8; j++ ) {  
            if( reg_crc & 0x01 ) { /*LSB(bit 0 ) = 1 */  
                reg_crc = (reg_crc >> 1)^0xA001;  
            } else {  
                reg_crc = (reg_crc>>1);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
    return reg_crc;  
}
```

PC communication program example:

```
#include<stdio.h>  
#include<dos.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
#include<process.h>  
#define PORT 0x03F8      /* the address of COM 1 */  
#define THR 0x0000  
#define RDR 0x0000  
#define BRDL 0x0000  
#define IER 0x0001  
#define BRDH 0x0001  
#define LCR 0x0003  
#define MCR 0x0004  
#define LSR 0x0005  
#define MSR 0x0006  
unsigned char rdat[60];  
/* read 2 data from address 0200H of ASD with address 1 */  
unsigned char tdat[60]={':','0','1','0','3','0','2','0','0','0','0','2','F','8','\r','\n'};  
void main() {
```

**Chapter 8 MODBUS Communications | ASDA-AB Series**

```
int l;  
outportb(PORT+MCR,0x08);           /* interrupt enable */  
outportb(PORT+IER,0x01);           /* interrupt as data in */  
outportb(PORT+LCR,( inportb(PORT+LCR) | 0x80 ) );  
/* the BRDL/BRDH can be access as LCR.b7 == 1 */  
outportb(PORT+BRDL,12);  
outportb(PORT+BRDH,0x00);  
outportb(PORT+LCR,0x06);           /* set prorocol  
                                     <7,E,1> = 1AH,      <7,O,1> = 0AH  
                                     <8,N,2> = 07H        <8,E,1> = 1BH  
                                     <8,O,1> = 0BH        */  
  
for( l = 0; l<=16; l++ ) {  
    while( !(inportb(PORT+LSR) & 0x20) ); /* wait until THR empty */  
    outportb(PORT+THR,tdat[l]);           /* send data to THR */  
}  
l = 0;  
while( !kbhit() ) {  
    if( inportb(PORT+LSR)&0x01 ) { /* b0==1, read data ready */  
        rdat[l++] = inportb(PORT+RDR); /* read data from RDR */  
    }  
}
```

## 8.4 Communication Parameter Write-in and Read-out

There are following five groups for parameters:

Group 0: Monitor parameter	(example: P0-xx)
Group 1: Basic parameter	(example: P1-xx)
Group 2: Extension parameter	(example: P2-xx)
Group 3: Communication parameter	(example: P3-xx)
Group 4: Diagnosis parameter	(example: P4-xx)

For a complete listing and description of all parameters, refer to Chapter 7.

### Communication write-in parameters for ASDA-AB series are including:

Group 0: P0-02 ~ P0-17 (0002H to 0011H)

Group 1: P1-00 ~ P1-62 (0100H to 013EH)

Group 2: P2-00 ~ P2-65 (0200H to 0241H)

Group 3: P3-00 ~ P3-07 (0300H to 0307H)

Group 4: P4-05 ~ P4-23 (0405H to 0417H)



- 
- 1) P3-01 After the new transmission speed is set, the next data will be written in new transmission speed.
  - 2) P3-02 After the new communication protocol is set, the next data will be written in new communication protocol.
  - 3) P4-05 JOG control of servo motor. For the description, refer to Chapter 7.
  - 4) P4-06 Force output contact control. This parameter is for the users to test if DO (Digit output) is normal. User can set 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 to test DO0, DO1, DO2, DO3, DO4, respectively. After the test has been completed, please set this parameter to 0 to inform the drive that the test has been completed.
  - 5) P4-10 Adjustment function selection. If user desires to change the settings of this parameter, user has to set the value of the parameter P2-08 to 20 (hexadecimal: 14H) first and then restart. After restarting, the settings of parameter P4-10 can become modified.
  - 6) P4-11 ~ P4-21 These parameters are for offset adjustment. Do not change the factory default setting if not necessary. If the user desires to change the settings of these parameters, the user has to set the value of the parameter P2-08 to 22 (hexadecimal: 16H) first and then restart. After restarting, the settings of parameters P4-11 to P4-21 can become modified.

***Chapter 8 MODBUS Communications | ASDA-AB Series***

**Communication read-out parameters for ASDA-AB series are including:**

Group 0: P0-00 ~ P0-17 (0000H to 0011H)

Group 1: P1-00 ~ P1-62 (0100H to 013EH)

Group 2: P2-00 ~ P2-65 (0200H to 0241H)

Group 3: P3-00 ~ P3-07 (0300H to 0307H)

Group 4: P4-00 ~ P4-23 (0400H to 0417H)

## ***Chapter 9 Maintenance and Inspection***

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Delta AC servo drives are based on solid state electronics technology. Preventive maintenance is required to operate this AC servo drives in its optimal condition, and to ensure a long life. It is recommended to perform a periodic maintenance and inspection of the AC servo drive by a qualified technician. Before any maintenance and inspection, always turn off the AC input power to the unit.



➤ ***Be sure to disconnect AC power and ensure that the internal capacitors have fully discharged before performing the maintenance and inspection!***

### **9.1 Basic Inspection**

After power is connected to the AC servo drive, the charge LED will be lit which indicates that the AC servo drive is ready.

Item	Content
General Inspection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Periodically inspect the screws of the servo drive, motor shaft, terminal block and the connection to mechanical system. Tighten screws as necessary as they may loosen due to vibration and varying temperatures.</li> <li>● Ensure that oil, water, metallic particles or any foreign objects do not fall inside the servo drive, motor, control panel or ventilation slots and holes. As these will cause damage.</li> <li>● Ensure the correct installation and the control panel. It should be free from airborne dust, harmful gases or liquids.</li> <li>● Ensure that all wiring instructions and recommendations are followed; otherwise damage to the drive and or motor may result.</li> </ul>
Inspection before operation (Control power is not applied)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Inspect the servo drive and servo motor to insure they were not damaged.</li> <li>● To avoid an electric shock, be sure to connect the ground terminal of servo drive to the ground terminal of control panel.</li> <li>● Before making any connection, wait 10 minutes for capacitors to discharge after the power is disconnected, alternatively, use an appropriate discharge device to discharge.</li> <li>● Ensure that all wiring terminals are correctly insulated.</li> <li>● Ensure that all wiring is correct or damage and or malfunction may result.</li> <li>● Visually check to ensure that there are not any unused screws, metal strips, or any conductive or inflammable materials inside the drive.</li> <li>● Never put inflammable objects on servo drive or close to the external regenerative resistor.</li> <li>● Make sure control switch is OFF.</li> <li>● If the electromagnetic brake is being used, ensure that it is correctly wired.</li> <li>● If required, use an appropriate electrical filter to eliminate noise to the servo drive.</li> <li>● Ensure that the external applied voltage to the drive is correct and matched to the controller.</li> </ul>

**Chapter 9 Maintenance and Inspection | ASDA-AB Series**

Item	Content
Inspection during operation (Control power is applied)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Ensure that the cables are not damaged, stressed excessively or loaded heavily. When the motor is running, pay close attention on the connection of the cables and notice that if they are damaged, frayed or over extended.</li> <li>● Check for abnormal vibrations and sounds during operation. If the servo motor is vibrating or there are unusual noises while the motor is running, please contact the dealer or manufacturer for assistance.</li> <li>● Ensure that all user-defined parameters are set correctly. Since the characteristics of various machinery are different, in order to avoid accident or cause damage, do not adjust the parameter abnormally and ensure the parameter setting is not an excessive value.</li> <li>● Ensure to reset some parameters when the servo drive is off (Please refer to Chapter 7). Otherwise, it may result in malfunction.</li> <li>● If there is no contact sound or there be any unusual noises when the relay of the servo drive is operating, please contact your distributor for assistance or contact with Delta.</li> <li>● Check for abnormal conditions of the power indicators and LED display. If there is any abnormal condition of the power indicators and LED display, please contact your distributor for assistance or contact with Delta.</li> </ul>

**9.2 Maintenance**

- Use and store the product in a proper and normal environment.
- Periodically clean the surface and panel of servo drive and motor.
- Make sure the conductors or insulators are corroded and/or damaged.
- Do not disassemble or damage any mechanical part when performing maintenance.
- Clean off any dust and dirt with a vacuum cleaner. Place special emphasis on cleaning the ventilation ports and PCBs. Always keep these areas clean, as accumulation of dust and dirt can cause unforeseen failures.

**9.3 Life of Replacement Components****■ Smooth capacitor**

The characteristics of smooth capacitor would be deteriorated by ripple current affection. The life of smooth capacitor varies according to ambient temperature and operating conditions. The common guaranteed life of smooth capacitor is ten years when it is properly used in normal air-conditioned environment.

**■ Relay**

The contacts will wear and result in malfunction due to switching current. The life of relay varies according to power supply capacity. Therefore, the common guaranteed life of relay is cumulative 100,000 times of power on and power off.

***Chapter 9 Maintenance and Inspection | ASDA-AB Series*****■ Cooling fan**

The cooling fan life is limited and should be changed periodically. The cooling fan will reach the end of its life in 2~3 years when it is in continuous operation. However, it also must be replaced if the cooling fan is vibrating or there are unusual noises.

***Chapter 9 Maintenance and Inspection | ASDA-AB Series***

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# Chapter 10 Troubleshooting

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If a fault is detected on the servo drive or motor a corresponding fault code will be shown on the drive's LED display. Fault codes can also be transmitted via communication, see P0-01 and P4-00 ~ P4-04 for display on controller or HMI.

## 10.1 Fault Messages Table

### Servo Drive Fault Messages

Fault Messages		
Display	Fault Name	Fault Description
ALE01	Overcurrent	Main circuit current is higher than 1.5 multiple of motor's instantaneous maximum current value.
ALE02	Overvoltage	Main circuit voltage has exceeded its maximum allowable value.
ALE03	Undervoltage	Main circuit voltage is below its minimum specified value.
ALE04	Z Pulse shift	The corresponding angle of magnetic field of Z phase is error.
ALE05	Regeneration error	Regeneration control operation is in error.
ALE06	Overload	Servo motor and drive is overload.
ALE07	Overspeed	Motor's control speed exceeds the limit of normal speed.
ALE08	Abnormal pulse control command	Input frequency of pulse command exceeds the limit of its allowable setting value.
ALE09	Excessive deviation	Position control deviation value exceeds the limit of its allowable setting value.
ALE10	Watch dog execution time out	Watch dog execution time out.
ALE11	Encoder error	Pulse signal is in error.
ALE12	Adjustment error	Adjusted value exceeds the limit of its allowable setting value when perform electrical adjustment.
ALE13	Emergency stop activated	Emergency stop switch is activated.
ALE14	Reverse limit switch error	Reverse limit switch is activated.
ALE15	Forward limit switch error	Forward limit switch is activated.

**Chapter 10 Troubleshooting | ASDA-AB Series**

Fault Messages		
Display	Fault Name	Fault Description
<b>ALM 16</b>	IGBT temperature error	The temperature of IGBT is over high.
<b>ALM 17</b>	Memory error	EE-PROM write-in and read-out is in error.
<b>ALM 18</b>	DSP communication error	The communication between DSP and MCU is in error. DSP do not respond to MCU command. The problem is on DSP side.
<b>ALM 19</b>	Serial communication error	RS232/485 communication is in error.
<b>ALM 20</b>	Serial communication time out	RS232/485 communication time out.
<b>ALM 21</b>	Command write-in error	Control command write-in error.
<b>ALM 22</b>	Input power phase loss	One phase of the input power is loss.
<b>ALM 23</b>	Pre-overload warning	To warn that the servo motor and drive is going to overload. This alarm will display before ALM06. When the servo motor reach the setting value of P1-56, the motor will send a warning to the drive. After the drive has detected the warning, the DO signal OLW will be activated and this fault message will display.
<b>ALM 27</b>	Internal command execution time out	An error occurs when internal command is executing.
<b>ALM 28</b>	DSP communication error	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. DSP do not respond to MCU command.</li> <li>2. DSP has responded to MCU command but there is error in response message. Maybe the hardware is damaged.</li> </ol>
<b>ALM 29</b>	DSP communication error	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. DSP do not respond to MCU command.</li> <li>2. DSP has responded to MCU command but there is error in response message. Maybe the hardware is damaged.</li> </ol>



- 1) If there is any unknown fault code that is not listed on the above table, please inform the distributor or contact with Delta for assistance.

## 10.2 Potential Cause and Corrective Actions

### Servo Drive Fault Messages

#### **ALE01** : Overcurrent

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Short-circuit at drive output (U, V, W)	1. Check the wiring connections between drive and motor. 2. Check if the wire is short-circuited.	Repair the short-circuited and avoid metal conductor being exposed.
Motor wiring error	Check if the wiring steps are all correct when connecting motor to drive.	Follow the wiring steps in the user manual to reconnect wiring.
IGBT error	Heat sink overheated	Please contact your distributor for assistance or contact with Delta.
Control parameter setting error	Check if the setting value exceeds the factory default setting.	Set the setting back to factory default setting and then reset and adjust the parameter setting again.
Control command setting error	Check if the control input command is unstable (too much fluctuation).	1. Ensure that input command frequency is stable (too much fluctuation). 2. Activate filter function.

#### **ALE02** : Overvoltage

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The main circuit voltage has exceeded its maximum allowable value.	Use voltmeter to check whether the input voltage falls within the rated input voltage. (For voltage specification, please refer to section 11.1 in Chapter11.)	Use correct power supply or stabilizing power.
Input power error (Incorrect power input)	Use voltmeter to check whether the input voltage is within the specified limit.	Use correct power supply or stabilizing power.

#### **ALE03** : Undervoltage

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The main circuit voltage is below its minimum specified value.	Check whether the wiring of main circuit input voltage is normal.	Reconfirm voltage wiring.
No input voltage at main circuit.	Use voltmeter to check whether input voltage at main circuit is normal.	Reconfirm power switch.
Input power error (Incorrect power input)	Use voltmeter to check whether the input voltage is within the specified limit.	Use correct power supply or serial stabilizing power.

#### **ALE04** : Z Pulse shift

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Encoder is damage.	Check Encoder for the damage.	Repair or replace the motor.
Encoder is loose.	Examine the Encoder connector.	Install the motor again.

**Chapter 10 Troubleshooting | ASDA-AB Series****ALE05** : Regeneration error

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Regenerative resistor is not connected.	Check the wiring connection of regenerative resistor.	Reconnect regenerative resistor.
Regenerative switch transistor fault	Check if regenerative switch transistor is short-circuited.	Please contact your distributor for assistance or contact with Delta.
Parameter setting is in error	Confirm the parameter setting and specifications of regenerative resistor.	Correctly reset parameter again.

**ALE06** : Overload

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The drive has exceeded its rated load during continuous operation.	Check if the drive is overloaded.	Increase motor capacity or reduce load.
Control system parameter setting is incorrect.	Check if there is mechanical vibration	Adjust gain value of control circuit.
	Accel/Decel time setting is too fast.	Decrease Accel/Decel time setting.
The wiring of drive and encoder is in error.	Check the wiring of U, V, W and encoder.	Ensure all wiring is correct.

**ALE07** : Overspeed

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Speed input command is not stable (too much fluctuation).	Use signal detector to detect if input signal is abnormal.	Ensure that input command frequency is stable (not fluctuate too much) and activate filter function (P1-06, P1-07 and P1-08).
Over-speed parameter setting is defective.	Check if over-speed parameter setting value is too low.	Correctly set over-speed parameter setting (P2-34).

**ALE08** : Abnormal pulse control command

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Pulse command frequency is higher than rated input frequency.	Use pulse frequency detector to measure input frequency.	Correctly set the input pulse frequency.

**ALE09** : Excessive deviation

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Maximum deviation parameter setting is too small.	Check the maximum deviation parameter setting and observe the position error value when the motor is running.	Increases the parameter setting value of P2-35.
Gain value is too small.	Check for proper gain value.	Correctly adjust gain value.
Torque limit is too low.	Check torque limit value.	Correctly adjust torque limit value.
There is an overload.	Check for overload condition.	Reduce external applied load or re-estimate the motor capacity.

**Chapter 10 Troubleshooting | ASDA-AB Series****ALE 10** : Watch dog execution time out

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Watch dog execution error.	Check and reset the power supply.	If there are any abnormal conditions after resetting the power supply, please contact your distributor for assistance or contact with Delta.

**ALE 11** : Encoder error (Position detector fault)

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The wiring of encoder is in error.	1. Check if all wiring is correct. 2. Check if the users conduct the wiring by the wiring information in the user manual.	Ensure all wiring is correct.
Encoder is loose	Examine the encoder connector.	Install the motor again.
The wiring of encoder is defective.	Check if all connections are tight.	Conduct the wiring again.
Encoder is damage	Check the encoder for the damage.	Repair or replace the motor.

**ALE 12** : Adjustment error

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The setting value of drift adjustment has exceeded its maximum allowable value.	1. Remove CN1 wiring. 2. Execute the drift adjustment again. (Set P2-08 to 20 first, and then set P4-10 to 5.)	If the error does not clear after executing the drift adjustment again, please contact your distributor for assistance or contact with Delta.

**ALE 13** : Emergency stop activated

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Emergency stop switch is activated.	Check if emergency stop switch is On or Off.	Activate emergency stop switch.

**ALE 14** : Reverse (CWL) limit switch error

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Reverse limit switch is activated.	Check if reverse limit switch is On or Off.	Activate reverse limit switch.
Servo system is not stable.	Check the value of control parameter setting and load inertia.	Modify parameter setting and re-estimate motor capacity.

**ALE 15** : Forward (CCWL) limit switch error

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Forward limit switch is activated.	Check if forward limit switch is On or Off.	Activate forward limit switch.
Servo system is not stable.	Check the value of control parameter setting and load inertia.	Modify parameter setting and re-estimate motor capacity.

**Chapter 10 Troubleshooting | ASDA-AB Series****ALE 16** : IGBT temperature error

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The drive has exceeded its rated load during continuous operation.	Check if there is overload or the motor current is too high.	Increase motor capacity or reduce load.
Short-circuit at drive output.	Check the drive input wiring.	Ensure all wiring is correct.

**ALE 17** : Memory error

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Data error in Memory read-out / write-in.	Reset parameter or power supply.	If the error does not clear after resetting the power supply, please contact your distributor for assistance or contact with Delta.

**ALE 18** : DSP communication error

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Control power is in error.	Check and reset control power	If the error does not clear after resetting the power supply, please contact your distributor for assistance or contact with Delta.

**ALE 19** : Serial communication error

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Communication parameter setting is defective.	Check the communication parameter setting.	Correctly set parameter setting.
Communication address is incorrect.	Check the communication address.	Correctly set communication address.
Communication value is incorrect.	Check the communication value.	Correctly set communication value.

**ALE 20** : Serial communication time out

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Setting value in time out parameter is not correct.	Check communication time out parameter setting.	Correctly set P3-07.
Not receiving communication command for a long time.	Check whether communication cable is loose or broken.	Tighten the communication cable, make sure the communication cable is not damaged and ensure all wiring is correct.

**Chapter 10 Troubleshooting | ASDA-AB Series****ALE21** : Command write-in error

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Control power is in error.	Check and reset control power	If the error does not clear after resetting the power supply, please contact your distributor for assistance or contact with Delta.

**ALE22** : Input power phase loss

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Control power supply is in error.	Check the power cable and connections of R, S, T. Check whether the power cable is loose or the possible loss of phase on input power.	If the fault does not clear even when the three-phase power is connected correctly, please contact your distributor for assistance or contact with Delta.

**ALE23** : Pre-overload warning

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The drive is going to overload.	1. Check the load condition of the servo motor and drive. 2. Check the setting value of P1-56. Check whether the setting value of P1-56 is too small.	1. Please refer to the correction actions of ALE06. 2. Increase the setting value of P1-56 or set P1-56 to 100 and above.

**ALE97** : Internal command execution time out

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
An error occurs when internal command is executing.	Check and reset control power	If the error does not clear after resetting the power supply, please contact your distributor for assistance or contact with Delta.

**ALE98** : DSP communication error

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Maybe the hardware is damaged.	Check and reset control power	If the error does not clear after resetting the power supply, please contact your distributor for assistance or contact with Delta.

**ALE99** : DSP communication error

Potential Cause	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Maybe the hardware is damaged.	Check and reset control power	If the error does not clear after resetting the power supply, please contact your distributor for assistance or contact with Delta.

**Chapter 10 Troubleshooting | ASDA-AB Series****10.3 Clearing Faults**

Display	Fault Name	Clearing Method
<b>ALE01</b>	Overcurrent	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault or restart the servo drive.
<b>ALE02</b>	Ovvoltage	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault or restart the servo drive.
<b>ALE03</b>	Undervoltage	This fault message can be removed automatically after the voltage has returned within its specification.
<b>ALE04</b>	Z Pulse shift	Restart the servo drive.
<b>ALE05</b>	Regeneration error	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault or restart the servo drive.
<b>ALE06</b>	Overload	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault or restart the servo drive.
<b>ALE07</b>	Overspeed	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault or restart the servo drive.
<b>ALE08</b>	Abnormal pulse control command	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault or restart the servo drive.
<b>ALE09</b>	Excessive deviation	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault or restart the servo drive.
<b>ALE10</b>	Watch dog execution time out	This fault message cannot be cleared.
<b>ALE11</b>	Encoder error	This fault message can be removed by restarting the servo drive.
<b>ALE12</b>	Adjustment error	This fault message can be removed after the wiring of CN1 connector (I/O signal connector) is removed and auto adjustment function is executed.
<b>ALE13</b>	Emergency stop activated	This fault message can be removed automatically by turning off EMGS (DI signal).
<b>ALE14</b>	Reverse limit switch error	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault. This fault message can be removed when the servo drive is Off (Servo Off)
<b>ALE15</b>	Forward limit switch error	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault. This fault message can be removed when the servo drive is Off (Servo Off)
<b>ALE16</b>	IGBT temperature error	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault or restart the servo drive.
<b>ALE17</b>	Memory error	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault or restart the servo drive.
<b>ALE18</b>	DSP communication error	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault or restart the servo drive.
<b>ALE19</b>	Serial communication error	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault. This fault message can also be removed automatically after the communication is normal.
<b>ALE20</b>	Serial communication time out	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault or restart the servo drive.

***Chapter 10 Troubleshooting | ASDA-AB Series***

Display	Fault Name	Clearing Method
<b>ALE21</b>	Command write-in error	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault or restart the servo drive.
<b>ALE22</b>	Input power phase loss	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault. This fault message can be removed automatically after input power phase lost problem is solved.
<b>ALE23</b>	Pre-overload warning	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault or restart the servo drive.
<b>ALE97</b>	Internal command execution time out	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault or restart the servo drive.
<b>ALE98</b>	DSP communication error	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault or restart the servo drive.
<b>ALE99</b>	DSP communication error	Turn ARST (DI signal) ON to clear the fault or restart the servo drive.

***Chapter 10 Troubleshooting | ASDA-AB Series***

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# Chapter 11 Specifications

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## 11.1 Specifications of Servo Drive (ASDA-AB Series)

Model: ASD-A□□□□□□□		100W	200W	400W	100W	200W	400W	750W	1kW	1.5kW	2kW	3kW						
		01	02	04	01	02	04	07	10	15	20	30						
Power supply	Phase / Voltage	None			Three-phase: 170~255VAC, 50 / 60Hz ±5%													
		Single-phase: 100 -10% ~ 115 +10% VAC, 50 / 60Hz ±5%			Single-phase: 200~255VAC, 50 / 60Hz ±5%													
Continuous Output Current	2.0 Arms	3.4 Arms	6.2 Arms	0.8 Arms	1.3 Arms	2.6 Arms	4.7 Arms	6.2 Arms	8.0 Arms	9.1 Arms	13.6 Arms							
Cooling System	Natural Air Circulation							Fan Cooling										
Encoder Resolution / Feedback Resolution	2500ppr / 10000ppr																	
Control of Main Circuit	SVPWM Control																	
Tuning Modes	Auto / Manual																	
Dynamic Brake	Built-in																	
Position Control Mode	Max. Input Pulse Frequency	Max. 500Kpps (Line driver) / Max. 200Kpps (Open collector)																
	Pulse Type	Pulse + Direction, A phase + B phase, CCW pulse + CW pulse																
	Command Source	External pulse train / Internal parameters																
	Smoothing Strategy	Low-pass and P-curve filter																
	Electronic Gear	Electronic gear N/M multiple N: 1~32767, M: 1:32767(1/50<N/M<200)																
	Torque Limit Operation	Set by parameters																
	Feed Forward Compensation	Set by parameters																
Speed Control Mode	Analog Input Command	Voltage Range	0 ~ ±10 V <sub>DC</sub>															
		Input Resistance	10KΩ															
		Time Constant	2.2 μs															
	Speed Control Range *1		1:5000															
	Command Source		External analog signal / Internal parameters															
	Smoothing Strategy		Low-pass and S-curve filter															
	Torque Limit Operation		Set by parameters or via Analog input															
	Responsiveness Characteristic		Maximum 450Hz															
	Speed Fluctuation Rate *2	0.01% or less at load fluctuation 0 to 100% (at rated speed)																
		0.01% or less at power fluctuation ±10% (at rated speed)																
		0.01% or less at ambient temperature fluctuation 0 °C to 50 °C (at rated speed)																

**Chapter 11 Specifications | ASDA-AB Series**

Model: ASD-A□□□□□□□			100W	200W	400W	100W	200W	400W	750W	1kW	1.5kW	2kW	3kW	
			01	02	04	01	02	04	07	10	15	20	30	
Torque Control Mode	Analog Input Command	Voltage Range	0 ~ ±10 V <sub>DC</sub>											
		Input Resistance	10KΩ											
		Time Constant	2.2 μs											
	Command Source		External analog signal / Internal parameters											
	Smoothing Strategy		Low-pass filter											
	Speed Limit Operation		Parameter Setting or via Analog input											
Analog Monitor Output			Monitor signal can set by parameters (Output voltage range: ±8V)											
Digital Input/Output	Input	Input	Servo On, Reset, Gain switching, Pulse clear, Zero speed CLAMP, Speed/Torque limit enabled, Emergency stop, Forward / Reverse inhibit limit, Position / Speed mode switching, Speed / Torque mode switching, Torque / Position mode switching, Feed step selection input, Feed step mode input, Auto run input, Electronic gear ratio (Numerator) selection											
			Encoder signal output (A, B, Z Line Driver / Z Open collector)											
		Output	Servo ready, Servo On, At Zero speed, At Speed reached, At Positioning completed, At Torques limit, Servo alarm (Servo fault) activated, Electromagnetic brake control, Homing completed, Output overload warning Servo warning activated, Internal position command completed											
Protective Functions			Overcurrent, Overvoltage, Undervoltage, Regeneration error, Overload, Overspeed, Abnormal pulse control command, Excessive deviation, Watch dog execution time out, Encoder error, Adjustment error, Emergency stop activated, Reverse/ Forward limit switch error, IGBT temperature error, Memory error, DSP communication error, Serial communication error, Input power phase loss, Serial communication time out, Command write-in error, terminals with short circuit protection (U, V ,W , CN1, CN2, CN3 terminals)											
Communication Interface			RS-232 / RS-485 / RS-422											
Environment	Installation Site		Indoor location (free from direct sunlight), no corrosive liquid and gas (far away from oil mist, flammable gas, dust)											
	Altitude		Altitude 1000m or lower above sea level											
	Atmospheric pressure		86kPa to 106kPa											
	Operating Temperature		0°C to 55°C (32°F to 131°F) (If operating temperature is above specified range, forced cooling will be required)											
	Storage Temperature		-20°C to 65°C (-4°F to 149°F)											
	Humidity		0 to 90% (non-condensing)											
	Vibration		9.80665m/s <sup>2</sup> (1G) less than 20Hz, 5.88m/ s <sup>2</sup> (0.6G) 20 to 50Hz											
	IP Rating		IP20											
	Power System		TN System <sup>*3</sup>											
Standards/Requirement			IEC/EN 61800-5-1, UL 508C, C-tick, TUV											



***Chapter 11 Specifications | ASDA-AB Series***

Footnote:

- \*1 Rated rotation speed: When full load, speed ratio is defined as the minimum speed (the motor will not pause).
- \*2 When command is rated rotation speed, the speed fluctuation rate is defined as:  
$$\text{(Empty load rotation speed} - \text{Full load rotation speed}) / \text{Rated rotation speed}$$
- \*3 TN system: A power distribution system having one point directly earthed, the exposed conductive parts of the installation being connected to that point by protective earth conductor.
- \*4 Please refer to "Chart of load and operating time" in section 11.7 "Overload Characteristics".

**Chapter 11 Specifications | ASDA-AB Series****11.2 Specifications of Servo Motor (ECMA Series)****Low Inertia Servo Motor**

Model: ECMA Series	C304	C306		C308		C310	
	100W	200W	400W	400W	750W	1kW	2kW
	01	02	04	04	07	10	20
Rated output power (kW)	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.75	1.0	2.0
Rated torque (N·m) <sup>*1</sup>	0.32	0.64	1.27	1.27	2.39	3.18	6.37
Maximum torque (N·m)	0.96	1.92	3.82	3.82	7.16	9.54	19.11
Rated speed (r/min)	3000						
Maximum speed (r/min)	5000						
Rated current (A)	0.90	1.55	2.60	2.60	5.10	7.30	12.05
Maximum current (A)	2.70	4.65	7.80	7.80	15.3	21.9	36.15
Power rating (kW/s) (without brake)	27.7	22.4	57.6	24.0	50.4	38.1	90.6
Rotor moment of inertia ( $\times 10^{-4}$ kg.m $^2$ ) (without brake)	0.037	0.177	0.277	0.68	1.13	2.65	4.45
Mechanical time constant (ms) (without brake)	0.75	0.80	0.53	0.74	0.63	0.74	0.61
Torque constant-KT (N·m/A)	0.36	0.41	0.49	0.49	0.47	0.44	0.53
Voltage constant-KE (mV/(r/min))	13.6	16.0	17.4	18.5	17.2	16.8	19.2
Armature resistance (Ohm)	9.30	2.79	1.55	0.93	0.42	0.20	0.13
Armature inductance (mH)	24.0	12.07	6.71	7.39	3.53	1.81	1.50
Electrical time constant (ms)	2.58	4.30	4.30	7.96	8.37	9.30	11.4
Insulation class	Class A (UL), Class B (CE)						
Insulation resistance	>100MΩ, DC 500V						
Insulation strength	1500V AC, 60 seconds						
Weight (kg) (without brake)	0.5	1.2	1.6	2.1	3.0	4.3	6.2
Weight (kg) (with brake)	0.8	1.5	2.0	2.9	3.8	4.7	7.2
Max. radial shaft load (N)	78.4	196	196	245	245	490	490
Max. thrust shaft load (N)	39.2	68	68	98	98	98	98
Power rating (kW/s) (with brake)	25.6	21.3	53.8	22.1	48.4	30.4	82.0
Rotor moment of inertia ( $\times 10^{-4}$ kg.m $^2$ ) (with brake)	0.04	0.19	0.30	0.73	1.18	3.33	4.95
Mechanical time constant (ms) (with brake)	0.81	0.85	0.57	0.78	0.65	0.93	0.66
Brake holding torque [Nt·m (min)]	0.3	1.3	1.3	2.5	2.5	8.0	8.0
Brake power consumption (at 20°C) [W]	7.3	6.5	6.5	8.2	8.2	19.4	19.4

**Chapter 11 Specifications | ASDA-AB Series**

Model: ECMA Series	C304	C306		C308		C310	
	100W	200W	400W	400W	750W	1kW	2kW
	01	02	04	04	07	10	20
Brake release time [ms (Max)]	5	10	10	10	10	10	10
Brake pull-in time [ms (Max)]	25	70	70	70	70	70	70
Vibration grade (um)	15						
Operating temperature	0 °C to 40 °C (32 °F to 104 °F)						
Storage temperature	-10 °C to 80 °C (-14 °F to 176 °F)						
Operating humidity	20% to 90% RH (non-condensing)						
Storage humidity	20% to 90% RH (non-condensing)						
Vibration capacity	2.5G						
IP rating	IP65 (when both waterproof connectors and shaft seal installation (or selecting oil seal models, an oil seal is used to be fitted to the rotating shaft, making the connectors waterproof (IP65 applicable)) are used.						
Approvals	    						

Footnote:

\*1 Rate torque values are continuous permissible values at 0~40 °C ambient temperature when attaching with the sizes of heatsinks listed below:

ECMA-\_\_04 / 06 / 08 : 250mm x 250mm x 6mm

ECMA-\_\_10 : 300mm x 300mm x 12mm

ECMA-\_\_13 : 400mm x 400mm x 20mm

ECMA-\_\_18 : 550mm x 550mm x 30mm

Material type : Aluminum – F40, F60, F80, F100, F130, F180



- 1) Please refer to Section 1.2 for details about the model explanation.

**Chapter 11 Specifications | ASDA-AB Series****Medium / High Inertia Servo Motor**

Model: ECMA Series	E313				E318		G313		
	500W	1kW	1.5kW	2kW	2kW	3kW	300W	600W	900W
	05	10	15	20	20	30	03	06	09
Rated output power (kW)	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.0	3.0	0.3	0.6	0.9
Rated torque (N·m) <sup>*1</sup>	2.39	4.77	7.16	9.55	9.55	14.32	2.86	5.73	8.59
Maximum torque (N·m)	7.16	14.3	21.48	28.65	28.65	42.97	8.59	17.19	21.48
Rated speed (r/min)	2000						1000		
Maximum speed (r/min)	3000						2000		
Rated current (A)	2.9	5.6	8.3	11.01	11.22	16.1	2.5	4.8	7.5
Maximum current (A)	8.7	16.8	24.9	33.03	33.66	48.3	7.5	14.4	22.5
Power rating (kW/s) (without brake)	7.0	27.1	45.9	62.5	26.3	37.3	10.0	39.0	66.0
Rotor moment of inertia ( $\times 10^{-4}$ kg·m <sup>2</sup> ) (without brake)	8.17	8.41	11.18	14.59	34.68	54.95	8.17	8.41	11.18
Mechanical time constant (ms) (without brake)	1.91	1.51	1.10	0.96	1.62	1.06	1.84	1.40	1.06
Torque constant-KT (N·m/A)	0.83	0.85	0.87	0.87	0.85	0.89	1.15	1.19	1.15
Voltage constant-KE (mV/(r/min))	30.9	31.9	31.8	31.8	31.4	32.0	42.5	43.8	41.6
Armature resistance (Ohm)	0.57	0.47	0.26	0.174	0.119	0.052	1.06	0.82	0.43
Armature inductance (mH)	7.39	5.99	4.01	2.76	2.84	1.38	14.29	11.12	6.97
Electrical time constant (ms)	12.96	12.88	15.31	15.86	23.87	26.39	13.55	13.50	16.06
Insulation class	Class A (UL), Class B (CE)								
Insulation resistance	>100MΩ, DC 500V								
Insulation strength	1500V AC, 60 seconds								
Weight (kg) (without brake)	6.8	7.0	7.5	7.8	13.5	18.5	6.8	7.0	7.5
Weight (kg) (with brake)	8.2	8.4	8.9	9.2	17.5	22.5	8.2	8.4	8.9
Max. radial shaft load (N)	490	490	490	490	1176	1470	490	490	490
Max. thrust shaft load (N)	98	98	98	98	490	490	98	98	98
Power rating (kW/s) (with brake)	6.4	24.9	43.1	59.7	24.1	35.9	9.2	35.9	62.1
Rotor moment of inertia ( $\times 10^{-4}$ kg·m <sup>2</sup> ) (with brake)	8.94	9.14	11.90	15.88	37.86	57.06	8.94	9.14	11.9
Mechanical time constant (ms) (with brake)	2.07	1.64	1.19	1.05	1.77	1.10	2.0	1.51	1.13
Brake holding torque [Nt·m (min)]	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	25.0	25.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Brake power consumption (at 20°C) [W]	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	20.4	20.4	19.0	19.0	19.0
Brake release time [ms (Max)]	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

**Chapter 11 Specifications | ASDA-AB Series**

#### Footnote:

- \*1 Rate torque values are continuous permissible values at 0~40°C ambient temperature when attaching with the sizes of heatsinks listed below:

ECMA- 04 / 06 / 08 : 250mm x 250mm x 6mm

ECMA- 10 : 300mm x 300mm x 12mm

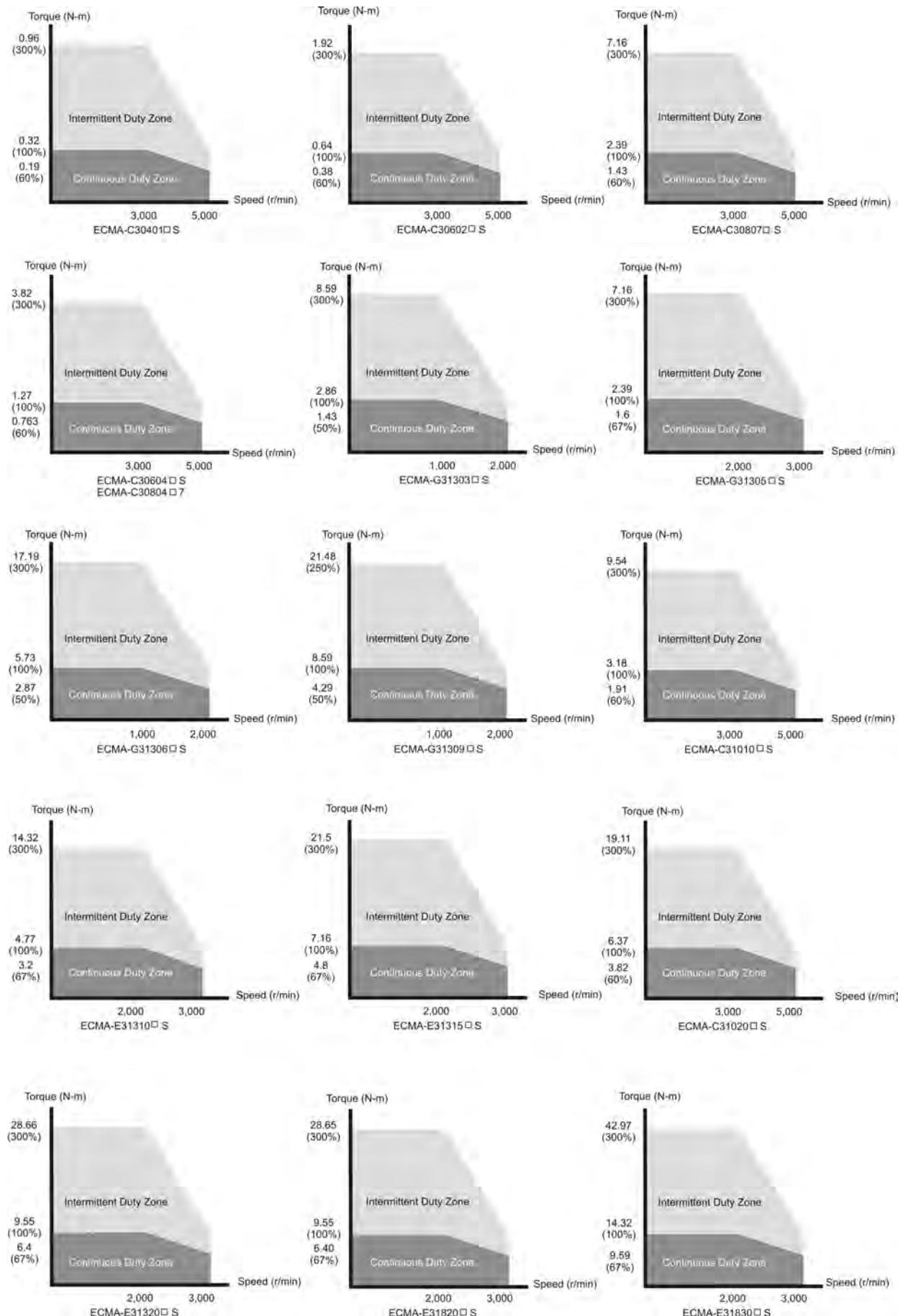
ECMA-13 : 400mm x 400mm x 20mm

ECMA- 18 : 550mm x 550mm x 30mm

Material type : Aluminum – F40, F60, F80, F100, F130, F180



- 1) Please refer to Section 1.2 for details about the model explanation.

**Chapter 11 Specifications | ASDA-AB Series****11.3 Servo Motor Speed-Torque Curves**

## 11.4 Overload Characteristics

### ■ Overload Protection Function

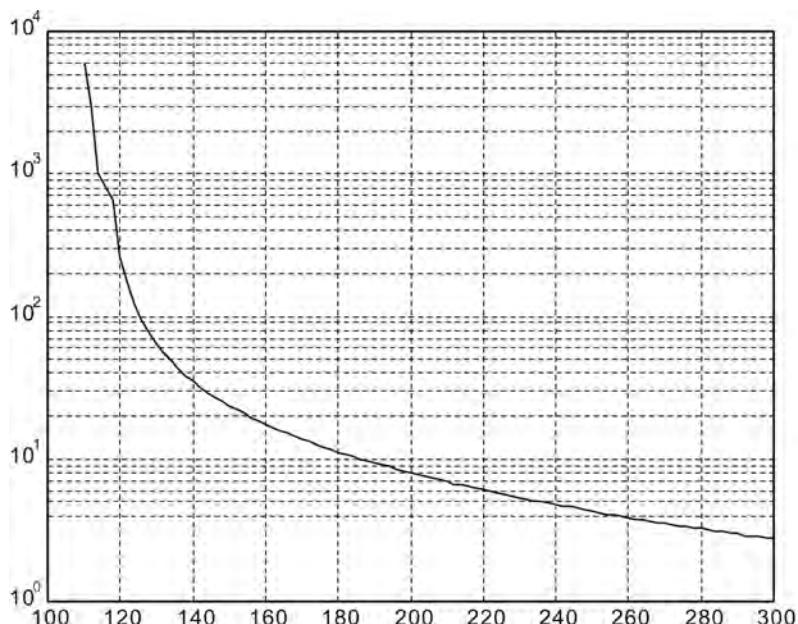
Overload protection is a built-in protective function to prevent a motor from overheating.

### ■ Occasion of Overload

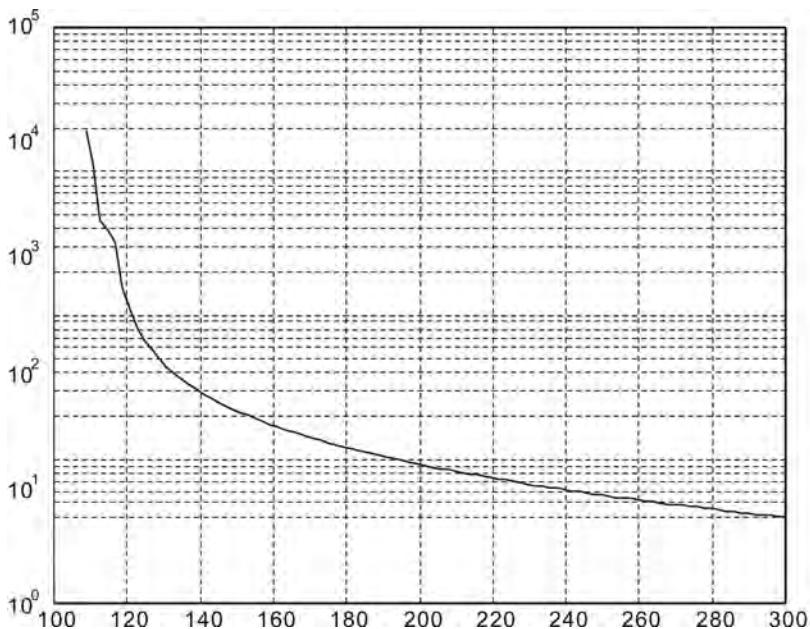
1. Motor was operated for several seconds under a torque exceeding 100% torque.
2. Motor had driven high inertia machine and had accelerated and decelerated at high frequency.
3. Motor UVW cable or encoder cable was not connected correctly.
4. Servo gain was not set properly and caused motor hunting.
5. Motor holding brake was not released.

### ■ Chart of load and operating time

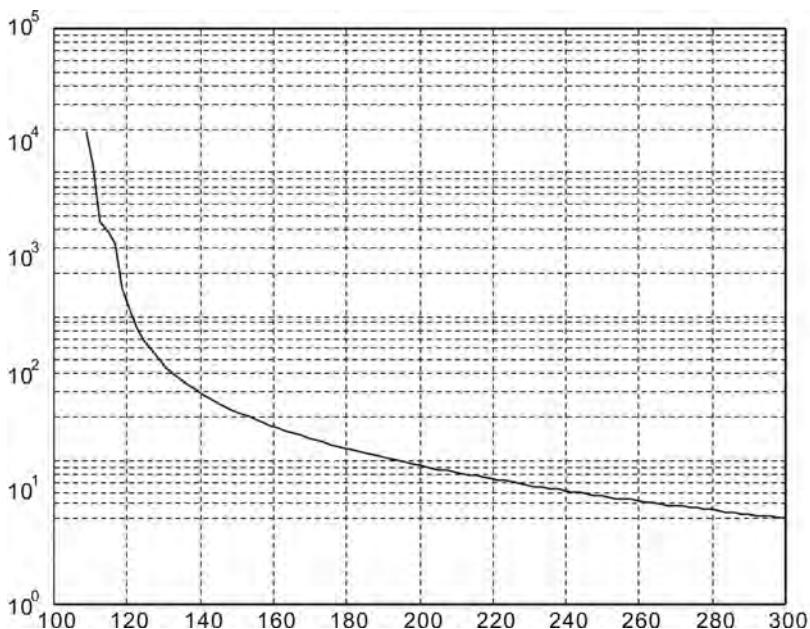
#### Low Inertia Series (ECMA C3 Series)



Load	Operating Time
120%	263.8s
140%	35.2s
160%	17.6s
180%	11.2s
200%	8s
220%	6.1s
240%	4.8s
260%	3.9s
280%	3.3s
300%	2.8s

**Chapter 11 Specifications | ASDA-AB Series****Medium and Medium-High Inertia Series (ECMA E3 Series)**

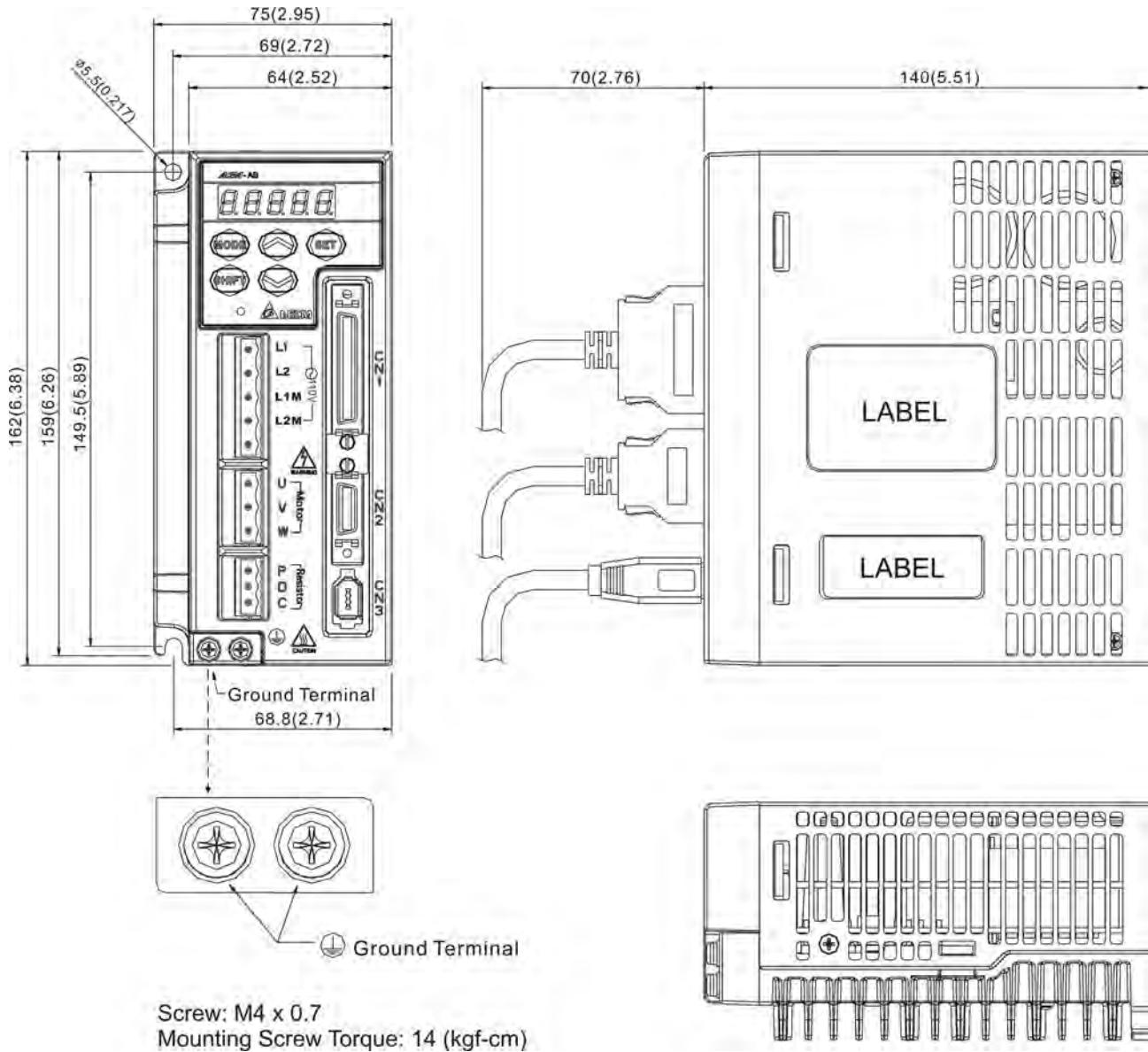
Load	Operating Time
120%	527.6s
140%	70.4s
160%	35.2s
180%	22.4s
200%	16s
220%	12.2s
240%	9.6s
260%	7.8s
280%	6.6s
300%	5.6s

**High Inertia Series (ECMA G3 Series)**

Load	Operating Time
120%	527.6s
140%	70.4s
160%	35.2s
180%	22.4s
200%	16s
220%	12.2s
240%	9.6s
260%	7.8s
280%	6.6s
300%	5.6s

## 11.5 Dimensions of Servo Drive

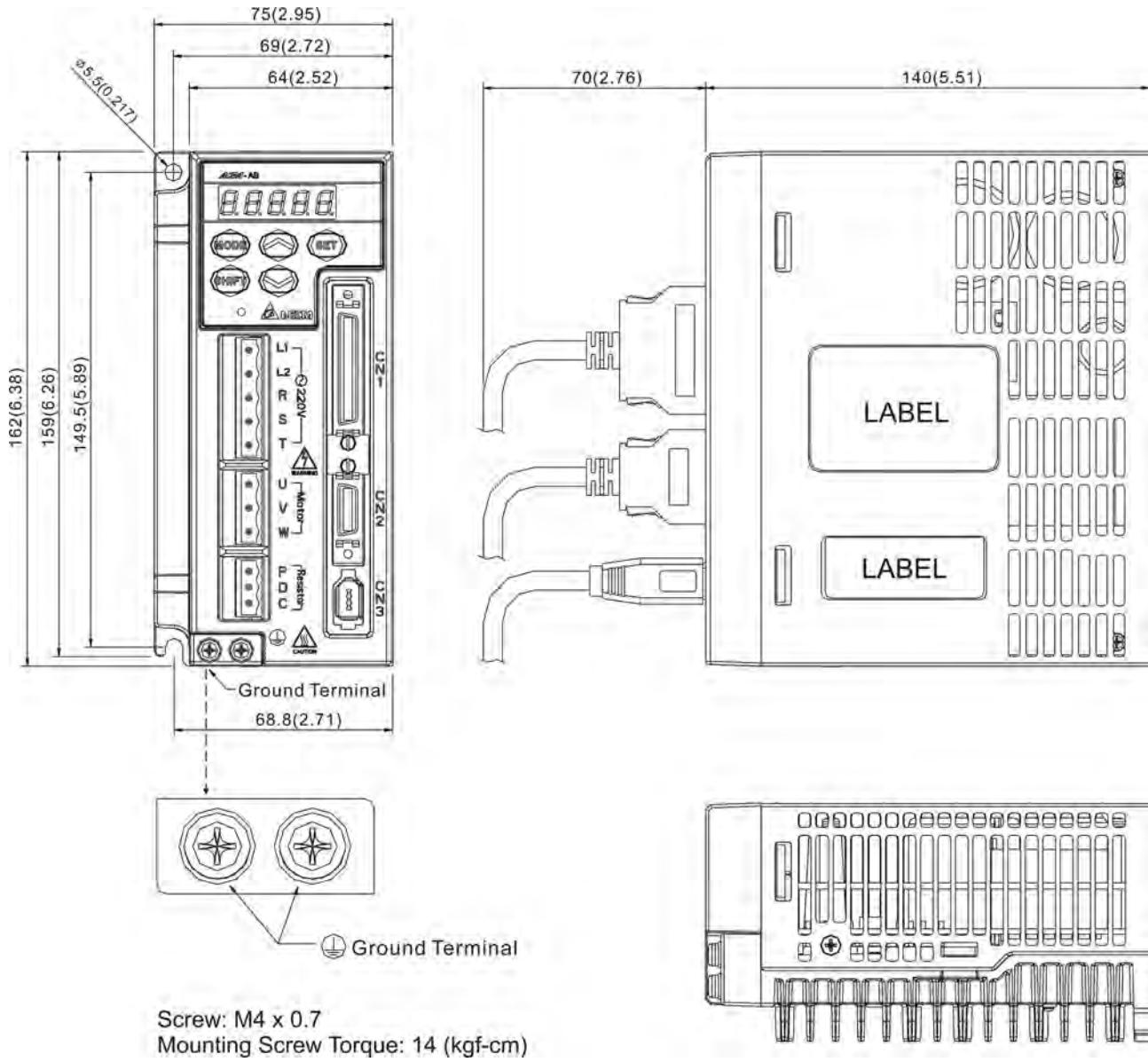
Order P/N: ASD-A0111-AB, ASD-A0211-AB, ASD-A0411-AB (100W ~ 400W)



WEIGHT
1.5 (3.3)

**NOTE**

- 1) Dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2) Weights are in kilograms (kg) and (pounds (lbs)).
- 3) In this manual, actual measured values are in metric units. Dimensions in (imperial units) are for reference only. Please use metric for precise measurements.

**Chapter 11 Specifications | ASDA-AB Series****Order P/N: ASD-A0121-AB, ASD-A0221-AB, ASD-A0421-AB (100W ~ 400W)****WEIGHT**

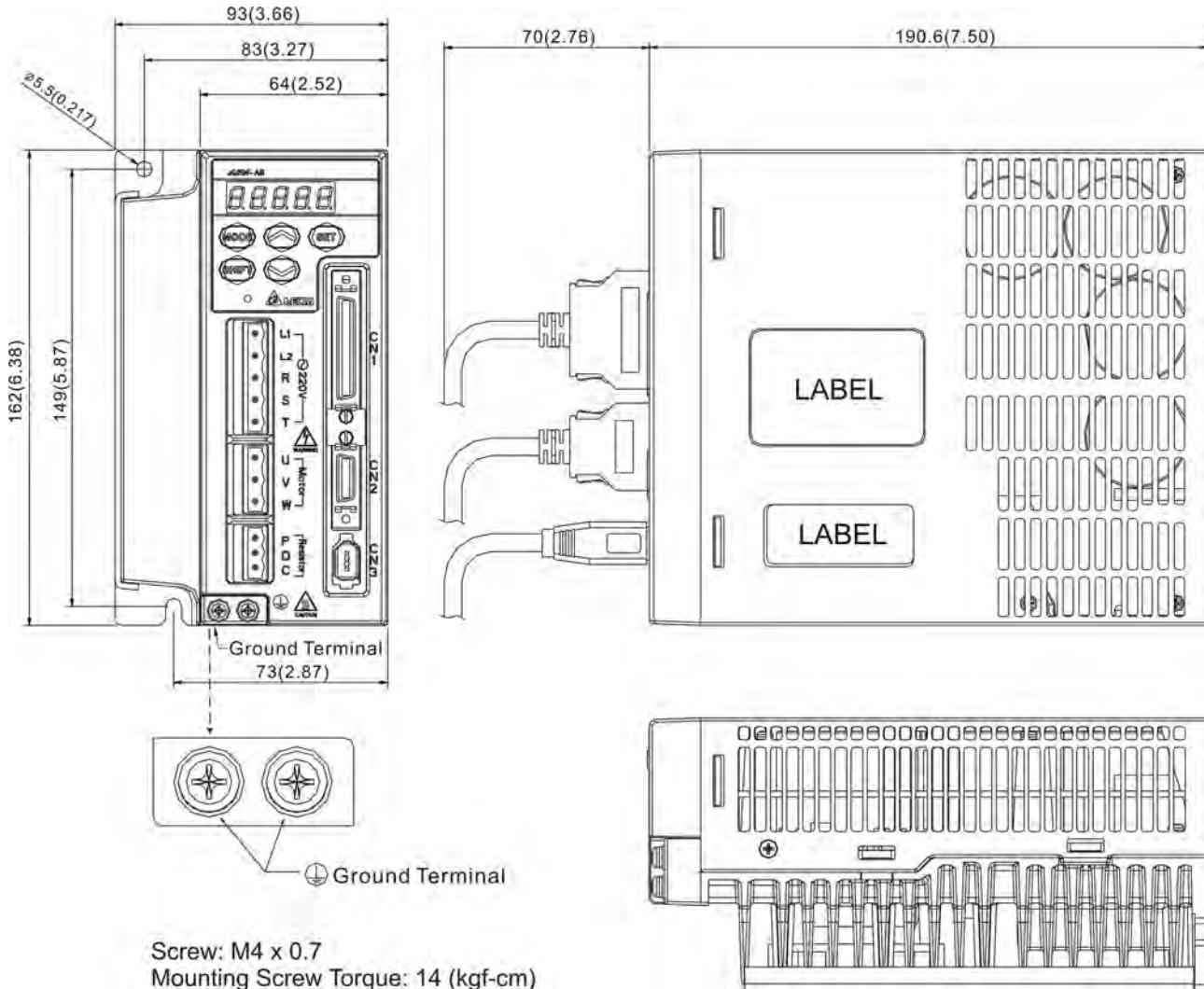
1.5 (3.3)

**NOTE**

- 1) Dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2) Weights are in kilograms (kg) and (pounds (lbs)).
- 3) In this manual, actual measured values are in metric units. Dimensions in (imperial units) are for reference only. Please use metric for precise measurements.

**Chapter 11 Specifications | ASDA-AB Series**

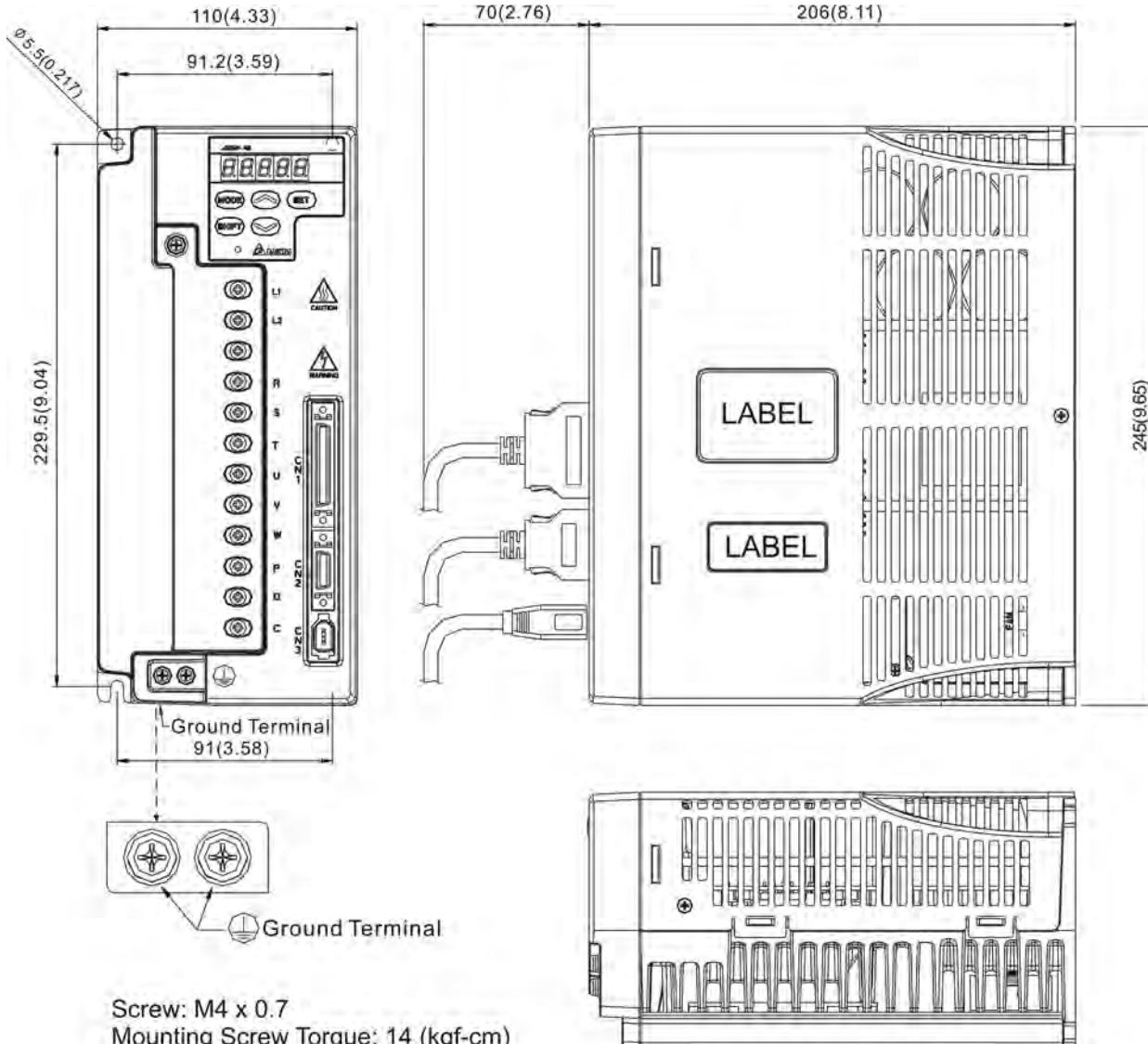
**Order P/N: ASD-A0721-AB, ASD-A1021-AB, ASD-A1521-AB (750W ~ 1.5kW)**



WEIGHT
2.0 (4.4)

**NOTE**

- 1) Dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2) Weights are in kilograms (kg) and (pounds (lbs)).
- 3) In this manual, actual measured values are in metric units. Dimensions in (imperial units) are for reference only. Please use metric for precise measurements.

**Chapter 11 Specifications | ASDA-AB Series****Order P/N: ASD-A2023-AB, ASD-A3023-AB (2kW ~ 3kW)**

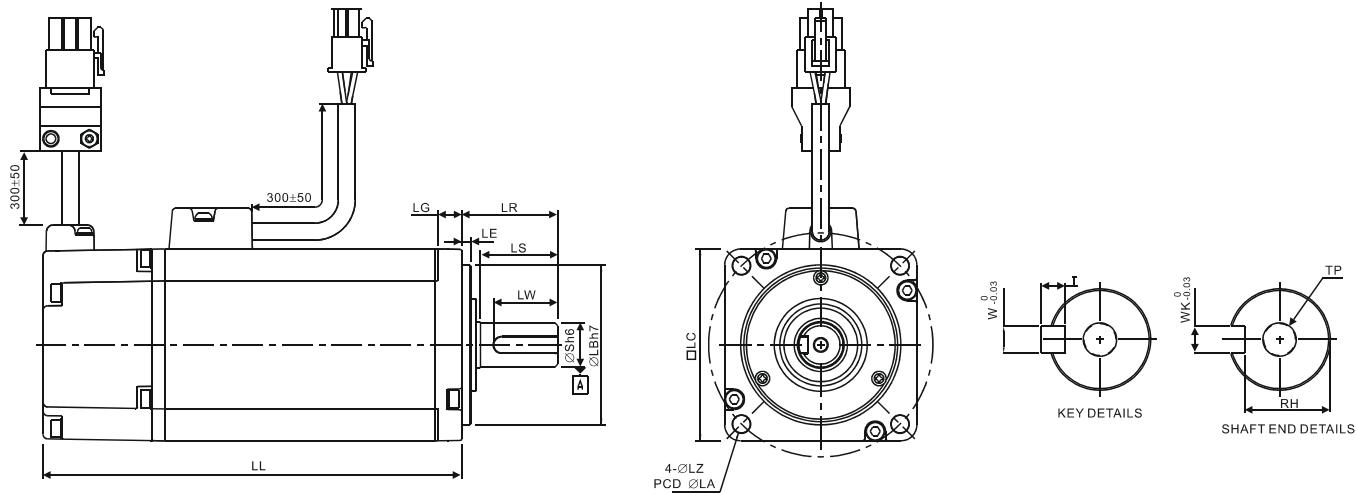
WEIGHT
3.0 (6.6)

**NOTE**

- 1) Dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2) Weights are in kilograms (kg) and (pounds (lbs)).
- 3) In this manual, actual measured values are in metric units. Dimensions in (imperial units) are for reference only. Please use metric for precise measurements.

## 11.6 Dimensions of Servo Motor

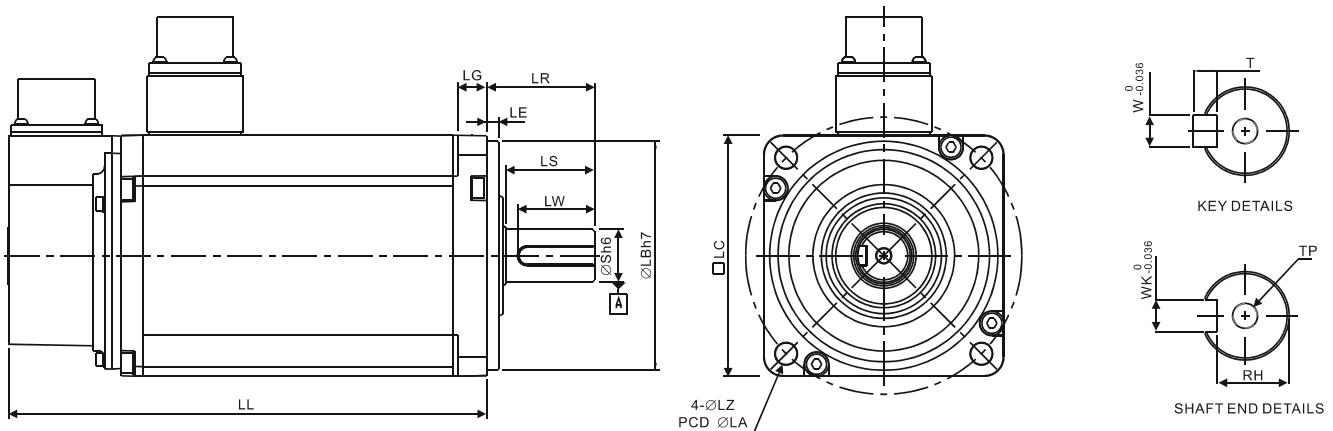
### Motor Frame Size: 80mm and below Models



Model	C30401□S	C30602□S	C30604□S	C30804□S	C30807□S
LC	40	60	60	80	80
LZ	4.5	5.5	5.5	6.6	6.6
LA	46	70	70	90	90
S	8( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.009</sub> )	14( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.011</sub> )	14( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.011</sub> )	14( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.011</sub> )	19( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.013</sub> )
LB	30( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.021</sub> )	50( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.025</sub> )	50( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.025</sub> )	70( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.030</sub> )	70( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.030</sub> )
LL (without brake)	100.6	105.5	130.7	112.3	138.3
LL (with brake)	136.6	141.6	166.8	152.8	178
LS (without brake)	20	27	27	27	32
LS (with brake)	20	24	24	24.5	29.5
LR	25	30	30	30	35
LE	2.5	3	3	3	3
LG	5	7.5	7.5	8	8
LW	16	20	20	20	25
RH	6.2	11	11	11	15.5
WK	3	5	5	5	6
W	3	5	5	5	6
T	3	5	5	5	6
TP	M3 Depth 8	M4 Depth 15	M4 Depth 15	M4 Depth 15	M6 Depth 20



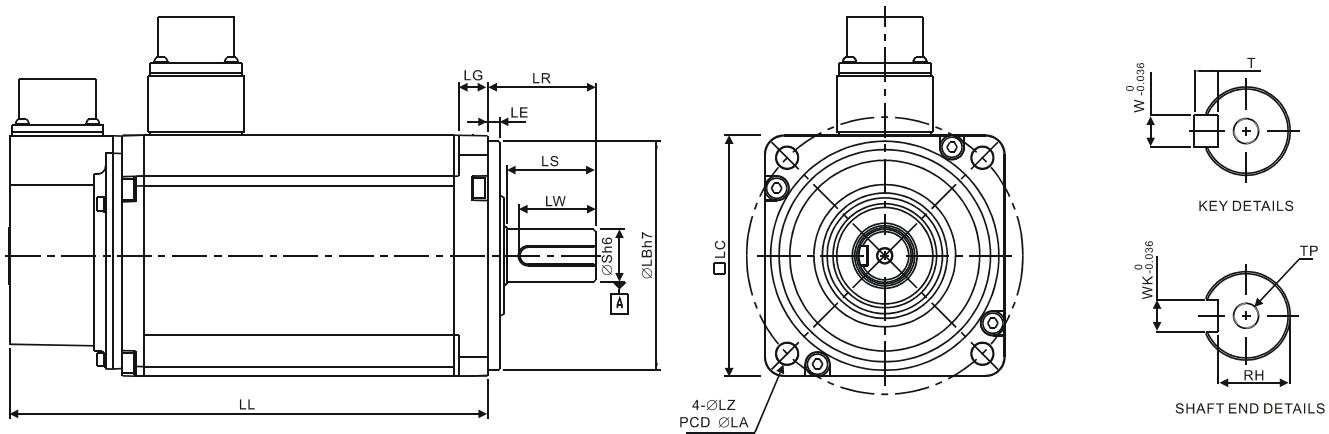
- 1) Dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2) Dimensions and weights of the servo motor may be revised without prior notice.
- 3) The boxes (□) in the model names are for optional configurations. (Please refer to section 1.2 for model explanation.)

**Chapter 11 Specifications | ASDA-AB Series****Motor Frame Size: 100mm ~ 130mm Models**

Model	G31303□S	E31305□S	G31306□S	G31309□S	C31010ES
LC	130	130	130	130	100
LZ	9	9	9	9	9
LA	145	145	145	145	115
S	22( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.013</sub> )	22( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.013</sub> )			
LB	110( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.035</sub> )	95( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.035</sub> )			
LL (without brake)	147.5	147.5	147.5	163.5	153.3
LL (with brake)	183.5	183.5	183.5	198	192.5
LS	47	47	47	47	37
LR	55	55	55	55	45
LE	6	6	6	6	5
LG	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	12
LW	36	36	36	36	32
RH	18	18	18	18	18
WK	8	8	8	8	8
W	8	8	8	8	8
T	7	7	7	7	7
TP	M6 Depth 20	M6 Depth 20	M6 Depth 20	M6 Depth 20	M6 Depth 20



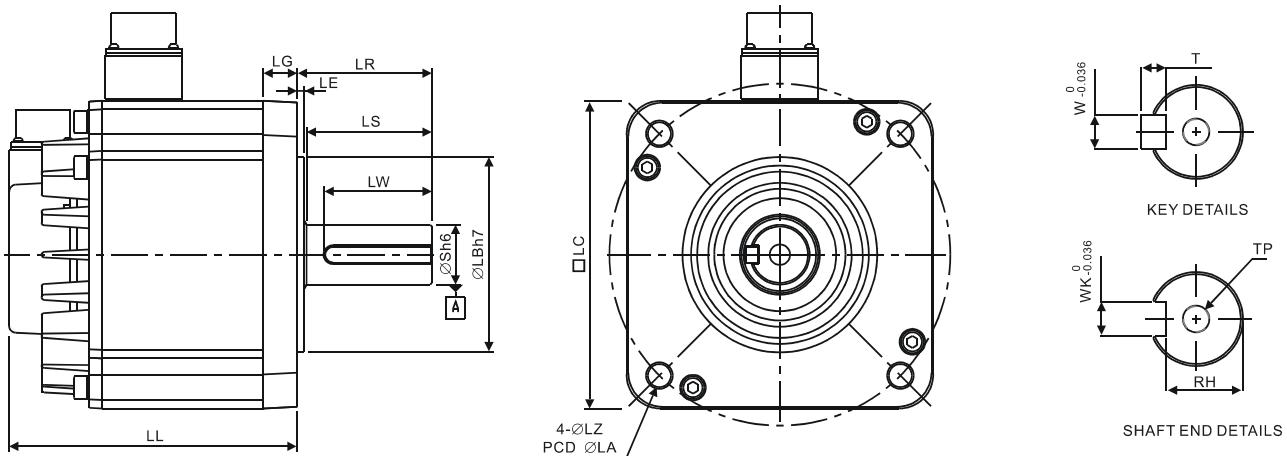
- 1) Dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2) Dimensions and weights of the servo motor may be revised without prior notice.
- 3) The boxes (□) in the model names are for optional configurations. (Please refer to section 1.2 for model explanation.)

**Chapter 11 Specifications | ASDA-AB Series****Motor Frame Size: 100mm ~ 130mm Models**

Model	E31310□S	E31315□S	C31020□S	E31320□S
LC	130	130	100	130
LZ	9	9	9	9
LA	145	145	115	145
S	22( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.013</sub> )	22( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.013</sub> )	22( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.013</sub> )	22( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.013</sub> )
LB	110( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.035</sub> )	110( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.035</sub> )	95( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.035</sub> )	110( <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.035</sub> )
LL (without brake)	147.5	167.5	199	187.5
LL (with brake)	183.5	202	226	216
LS	47	47	37	47
LR	55	55	45	55
LE	6	6	5	6
LG	11.5	11.5	12	11.5
LW	36	36	32	36
RH	18	18	18	18
WK	8	8	8	8
W	8	8	8	8
T	7	7	7	7
TP	M6 Depth 20	M6 Depth 20	M6 Depth 20	M6 Depth 20



- 1) Dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2) Dimensions and weights of the servo motor may be revised without prior notice.
- 3) The boxes (□) in the model names are for optional configurations. (Please refer to section 1.2 for model explanation.)

**Chapter 11 Specifications | ASDA-AB Series****Motor Frame Size: 180mm and above Models**

Model	E31820□S	E31830□S
LC	180	180
LZ	13.5	13.5
LA	200	200
S	$35(^{+0}_{-0.016})$	$35(^{+0}_{-0.016})$
LB	$114.3(^{+0}_{-0.035})$	$114.3(^{+0}_{-0.035})$
LL (without brake)	169	202.1
LL (with brake)	203.1	235.3
LS	73	73
LR	79	79
LE	4	4
LG	20	20
LW	63	63
RH	30	30
WK	10	10
W	10	10
T	8	8
TP	M12 Depth 25	M12 Depth 25

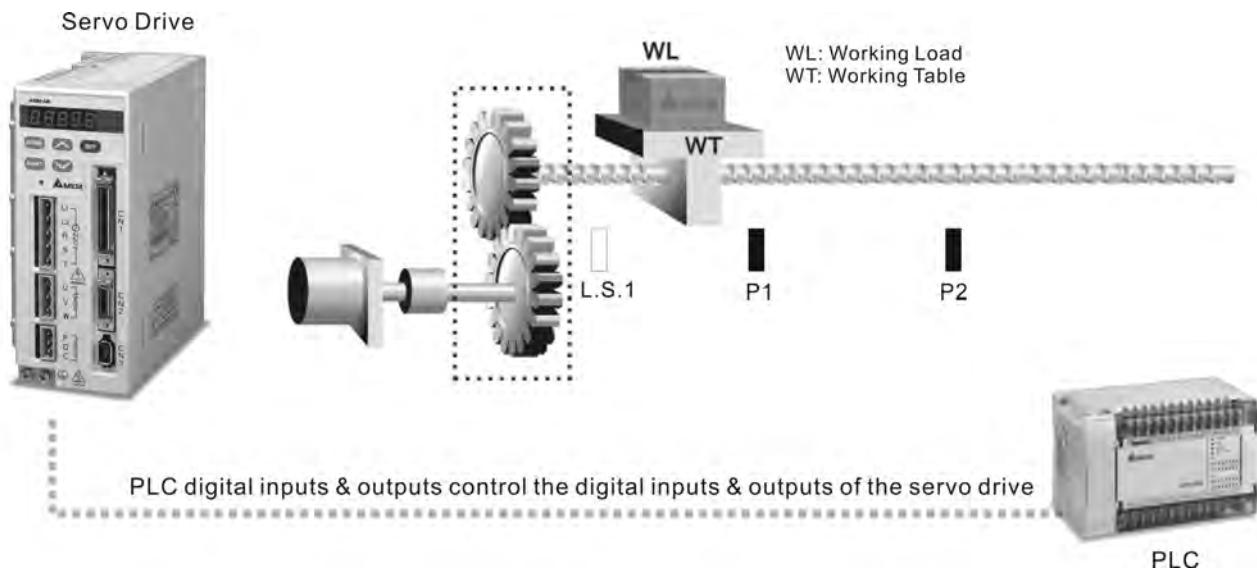


- 1) Dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2) Dimensions and weights of the servo motor may be revised without prior notice.
- 3) The boxes (□) in the model names are for optional configurations. (Please refer to section 1.2 for model explanation.)

## Chapter 12 Application Examples

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### 12.1 Position Control (including homing function)



Suppose that the machine will move to limit switch (CCWL), L.S.1 when motor is in forward rotation (from motor shaft view) and the machine will move to limit switch (CWL), L.S.2 when motor is in reverse rotation, if limit switch is set, L.S.1 as "Home", the machine will be positioned between P1 and P2 according to working procedure.

#### Parameters Setting

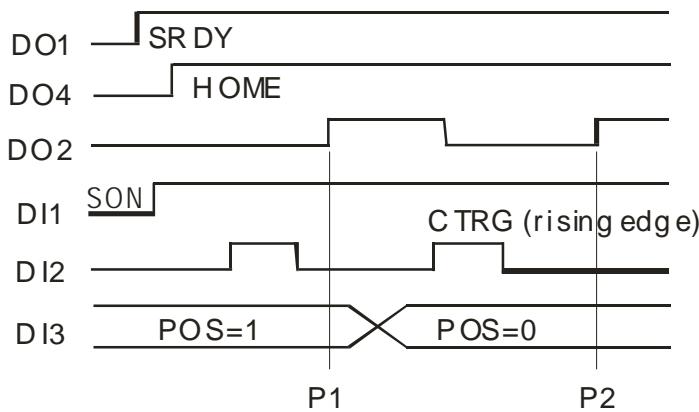
- P1-01=1 (Position control (Pr) mode setting)
- P1-47=100 (Activate forward homing)
- P2-15=022 (Reverse inhibit limit (CWL)). Then, connect contact "b" of L.S.1 to DI6)
- P2-16=023 (Forward inhibit limit (CCWL)). Then, connect contact "b" of L.S.2 to DI7)
- P2-10=101 (Servo On (SON), default: DI1)
- P2-11=108 (Command triggered (CTRG), default: DI2)
- P2-12=111 (Position command selection (POS0), default: DI3)
- P1-33=0 (Absolute position command)
- Set P1-15, P1-16 as position P1 (Internal position command 1)
- Set P1-17, P1-18 as position P2 (Internal position command 2)
- P2-18=101 (Servo ready (SRDY), default: DO1)
- P2-21=105 (Positioning completed (TPOS), default: DO4)
- P2-20=109 (Home completed (HOME), default: DO3)

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series**

- P1-50=0, P1-51=0 (Homing offset rotation / pulse number)
- Other relevant parameters: P1-34, P1-35, P1-36 (Acceleration/Deceleration time setting); P1-48, P1-49 (Speed setting of high/low speed Homing)

**Operation**

- Re-start the power to be ON again.
- After Servo ready is completed, activate the drive to be Servo ON. Then, the system will automatically complete home operation.
- When home operation is completed (Home ready), then can perform the position control function.



## 12.2 Roller Feeding

Suppose that the motor rotate 1/4 rev. while it is triggered every time ( $10000/4=2500$ Pulse).

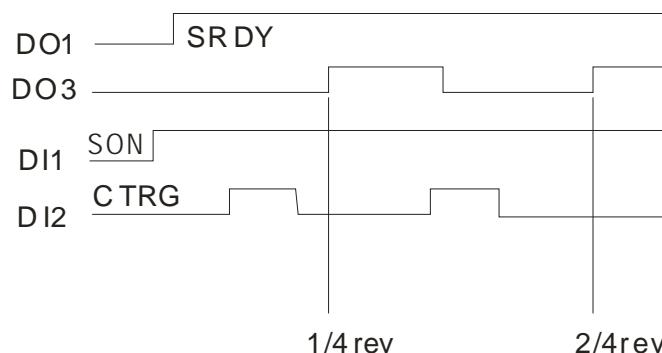


### Parameters Setting

- P1-01=1 (Position control (Pr) mode setting)
- P2-10=101 (Servo On (SON), default: DI1)
- P2-11=108 (Command triggered (CTRIG), default: DI2)
- P1-15=0 (Position rotation number is 0(zero))
- P1-16=2500 (Position rotation pulse number)
- P1-33=1 (Incremental position command)
- P2-18=101 (Servo ready (SRDY), default: DO1)
- P2-21=105 (Positioning completed (TPOS), default: DO4)
- Other relevant parameters: P1-34, P1-35, P1-36 (Acceleration/Deceleration time setting)

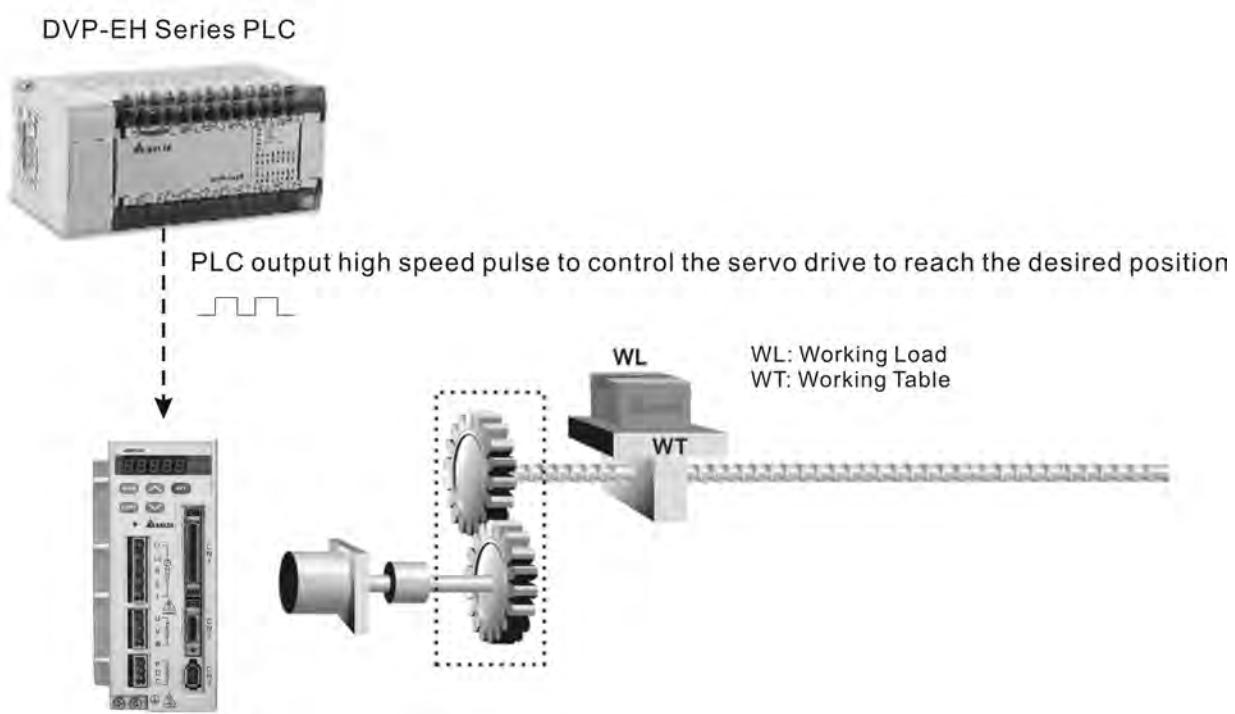
### Operation

- Re-start the power to be ON again.
- After Servo ready is completed, press the Servo ON key and activate the drive to be Servo ON.
- After DI2 is triggered, the motor will rotate 1/4rev automatically.



**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****12.3 Connecting to Delta DVP-EH Series PLC**

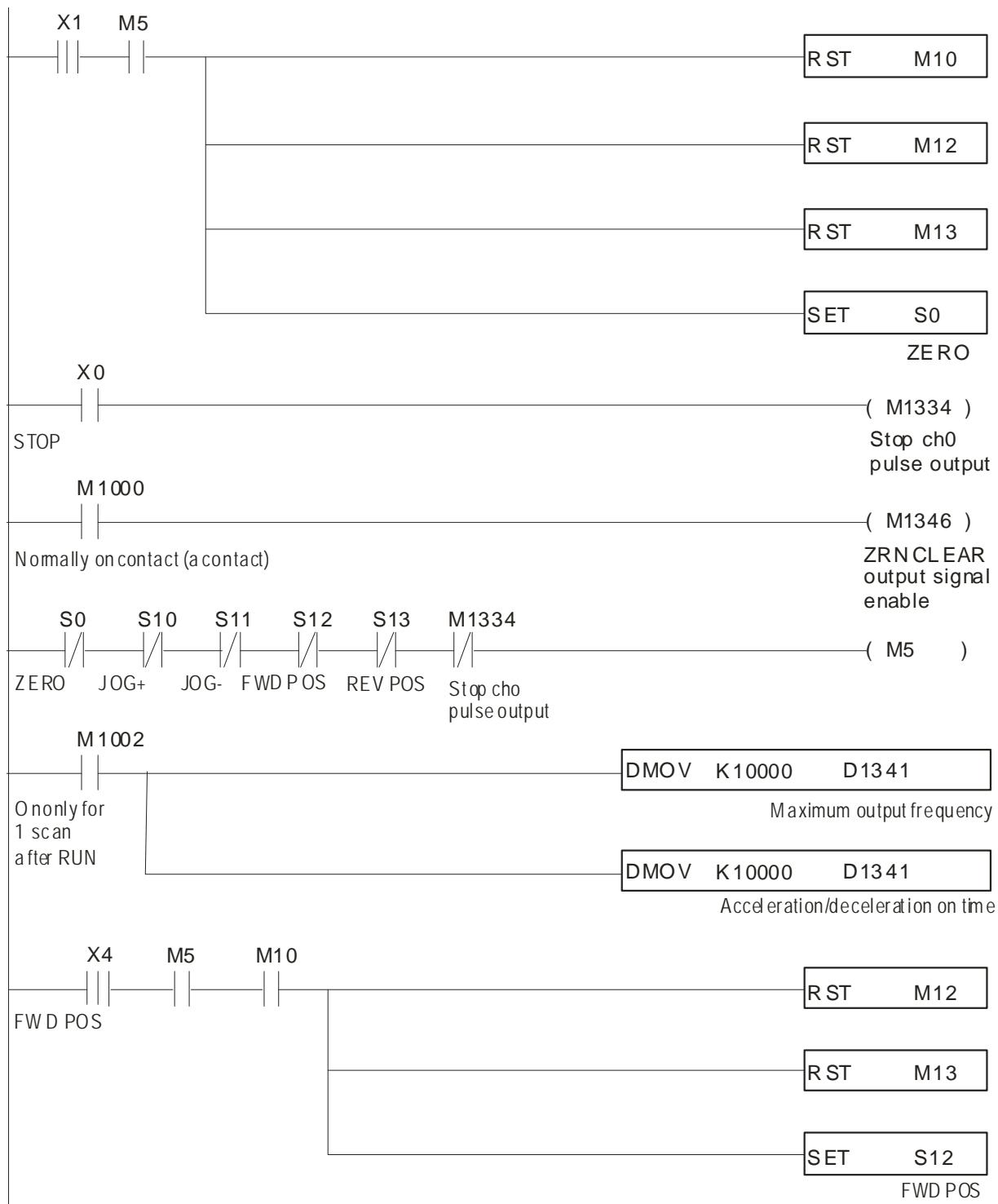
Delta servo drives can be connected to Delta DVP-EH series PLC and provide functions including: home, JOG operation, acceleration/deceleration setting, relative position control, absolute position control and pulse numbers monitor.

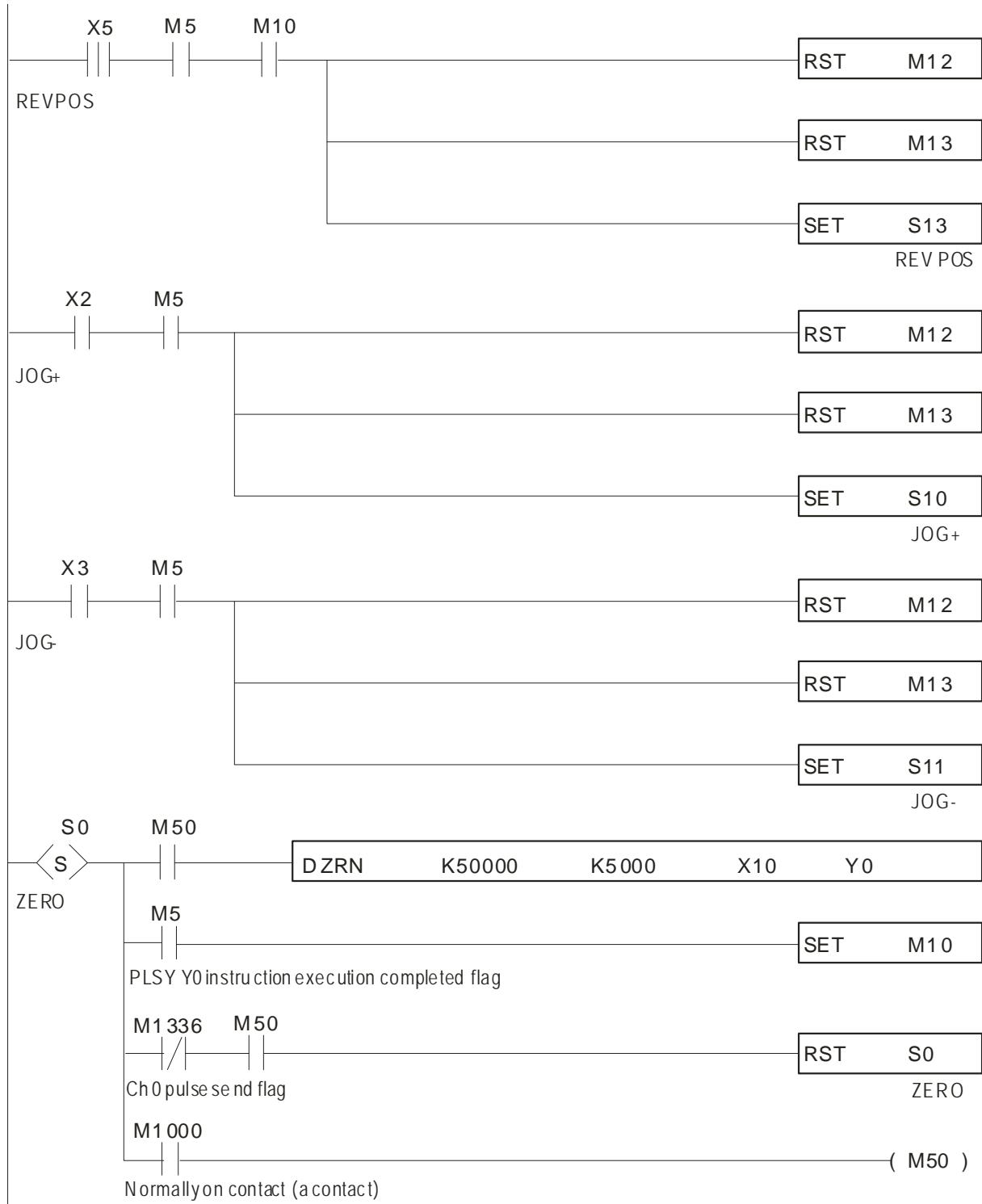
**Parameters Setting**

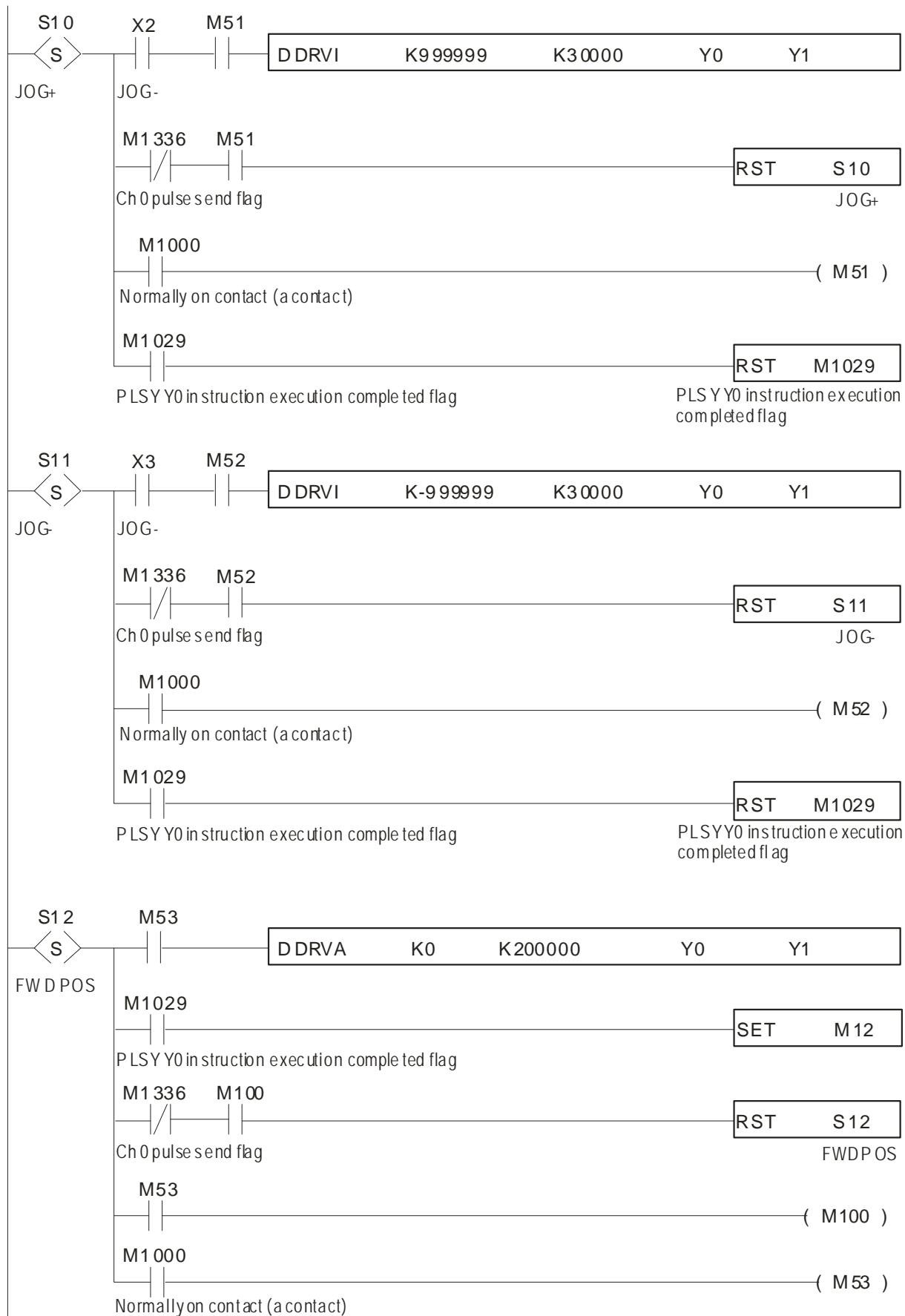
- P1-00=2 (Input type setting of external pulse, 2: pulse input + direction)
- P1-01=0 (Position control (Pt) mode setting)
- P2-10=101 (Servo On (SON), default: DI1)
- P2-11=104 (Pulse count clear function, contact: DI2)
- P2-15=102(Fault reset, contact: DI5)
- Other relevant parameters: P1-34, P1-35, P1-36 (Acceleration/Deceleration time setting)

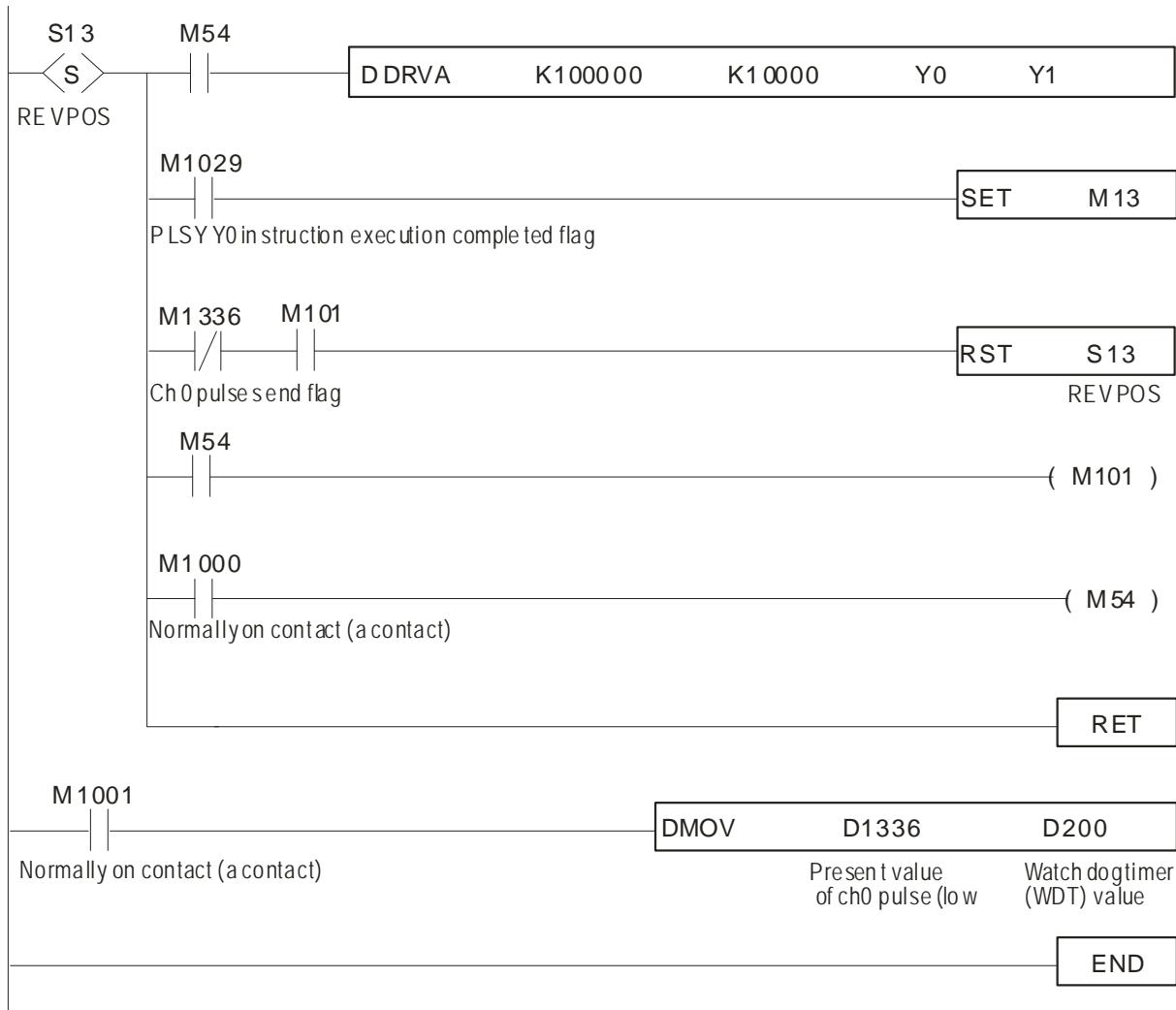
**Operation**

- Re-start the power to be ON again.
- After Servo ready is completed, activate the drive to be Servo ON.
- Connect contact X1 of PLC (drive X1 to be ON) to perform home operation. When contact X10 is ON, home operation is completed.
- PLC X2 : JOG forward operation ; PLC X3 : JOG reverse operation.
- After home operation is completed, connect contact X5 of PLC (drive X5 to be ON) and the absolute coordinate position will be 10000. Then, connect contact X4 of PLC (drive X4 to be ON) and the absolute coordinate position will be 0.
- Repeat this position control operation.

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series**

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series**

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series**

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series**

## 12.4 Connecting to Delta TP04 Series

Delta servo drives can be connected to Delta TP04 Series Operation Interface Panel and provide functions including: Home, JOG operation, Position learning function, Relative position control, Absolute position control, Monitor and parameter settings.

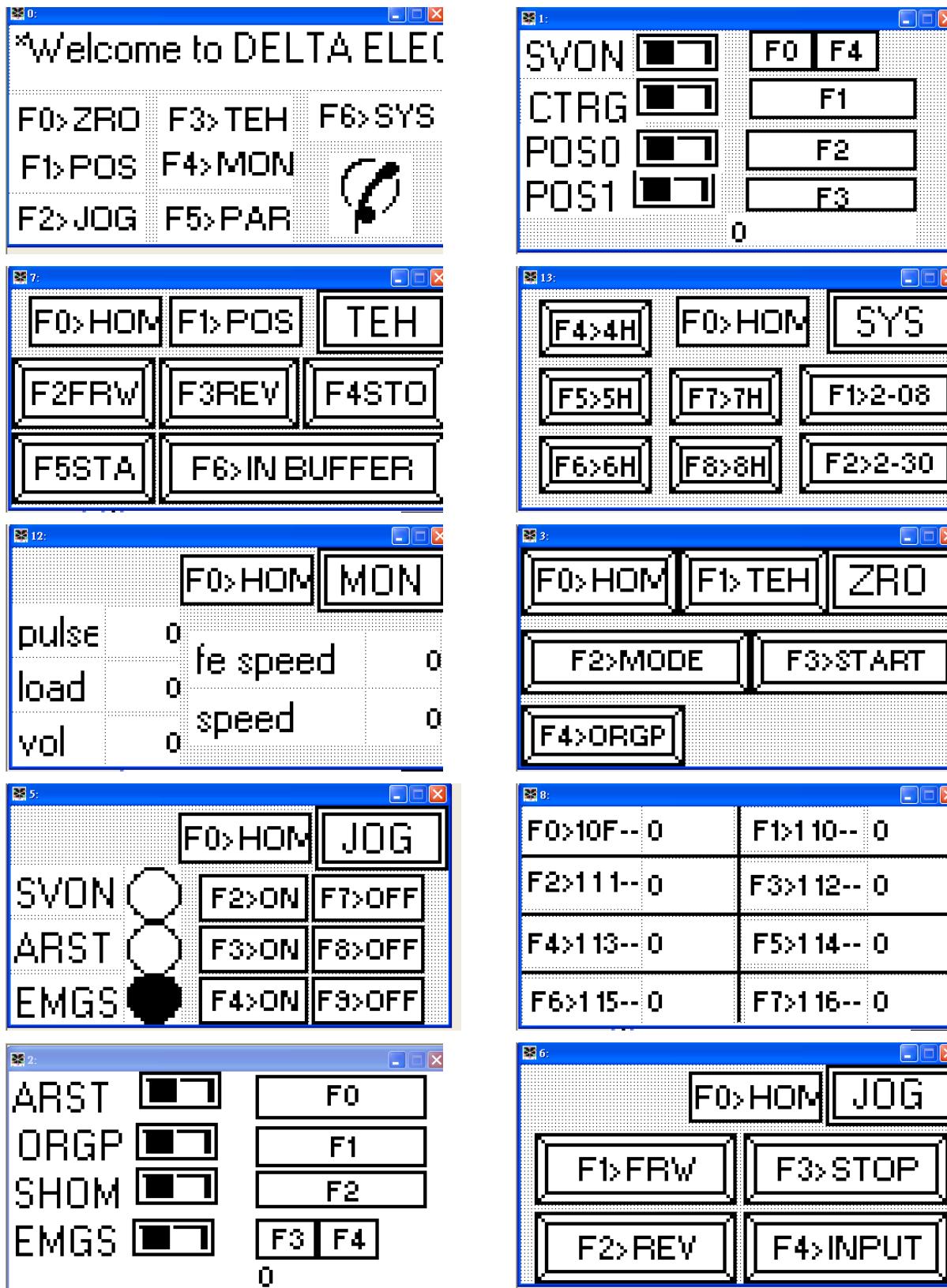


### Parameters Setting

- P1-01=1 (Position control (Pr) mode setting)
- P1-47=202 (SHOM drive ORGP to perform forward homing)
- P2-15=124 (Home detection position, contact: DI6)
- P2-16=127 (Activate signal of home, contact: DI7)
- P2-10=101 (Servo On (SON), default: DI1)
- P2-11=108 (Command triggered (CTRG), default: DI2)
- P2-12=111 (Position command selection (POS0), default: DI3)
- P2-13=112 (Position command selection (POS1), default: DI4)
- P3-02=1 (Communication protocol 7,E,1)
- P3-05=2 (RS-485 serial communication)

### Operation

- Re-start the power to be ON again.
- After Servo ready is completed, press the Servo ON key and activate the drive to be Servo ON.

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series**

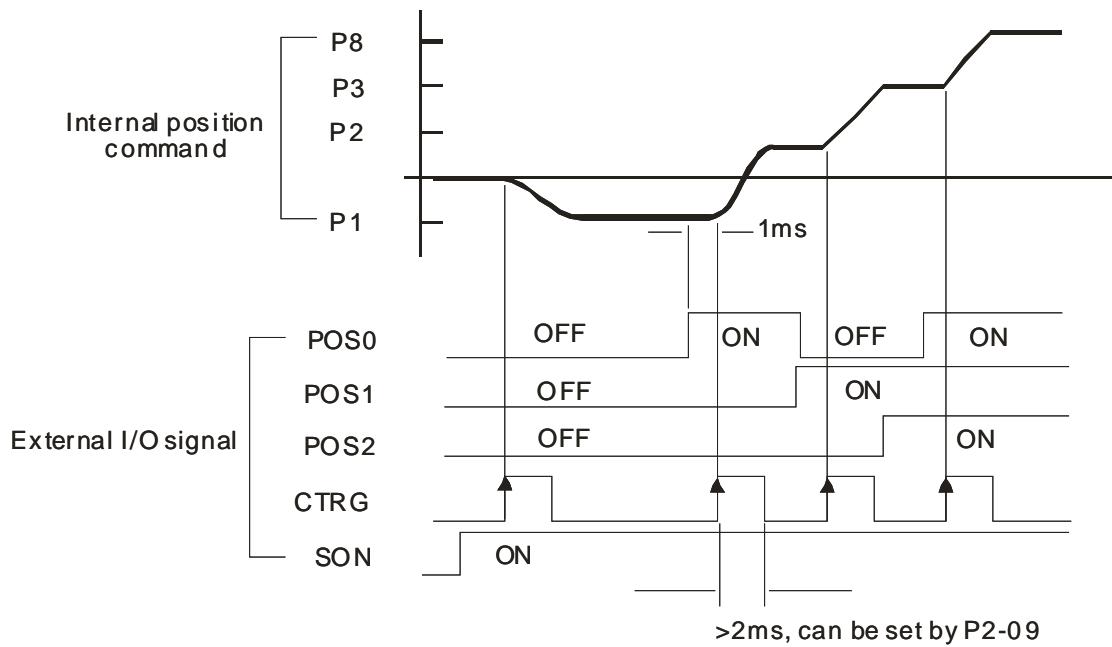
## 12.5 Position Control Mode (Pr Mode)

### ■ Relevant Parameters Description

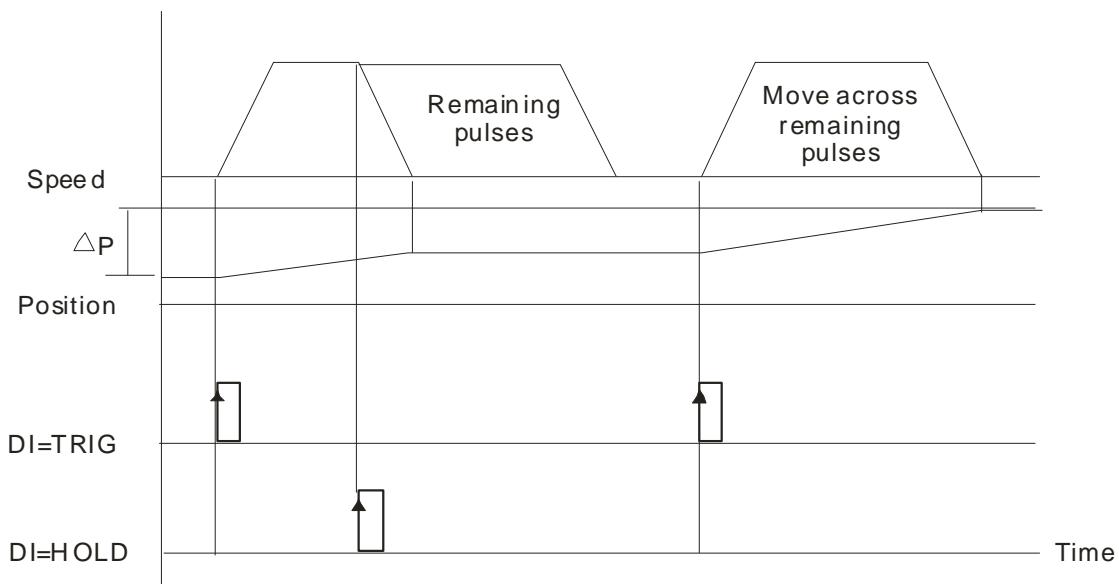
Parameter	Communication Address	Parameter Description
P1-01	0101H	Control Mode and Output Direction 001: Forward torque in Pr mode 101: Reverse torque in Pr mode
P1-33	0121H	Position Control Mode (Pr) 0: Absolute position command 1: Incremental position command
P1-34	0122H	Acceleration Time 1st to 3rd step Acceleration time (When parameter P1-36 is set to 0, accel / decel function is disabled, i.e. P1-34, P1-35 is disabled)
P1-35	0123H	Deceleration Time 1st to 3rd step Deceleration time (When parameter P1-36 is set to 0, accel / decel function is disabled, i.e. P1-34, P1-35 is disabled)
P1-36	0124H	Accel /Decel S-curve When parameter P1-36 is set to 0, accel / decel function is disabled, i.e. P1-34, P1-35 is disabled.
P1-44	012CH	Electronic Gear Ratio (1st Numerator) (N1) If the electronic gear deceleration ratio is 1/75, set numerator to 75
P1-45	012DH	Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)
P1-47	012FH	Homing Mode 202: When (MD1, MD0)=(OFF, ON), Forward Homing 203: When (MD1, MD0)=(OFF, ON), Reverse Homing
P1-50	0132H	Homing Offset Rotation Number
P1-51	0133H	Homing Offset Pulse Number Total homing offset pulse number =P1-50 x 10000 + P1-51

The following table indicates the position command registers and the corresponding moving speed registers.

Positioning Point	Position Command Register	Moving Speed Register
P1	( P1-15, P1-16 )	P2-36 (V1)
P2	( P1-17, P1-18 )	P2-37 (V2)
P3	( P1-19, P1-20 )	P2-38 (V3)
P4	( P1-21, P1-22 )	P2-39 (V4)
P5	( P1-23, P1-24 )	P2-40 (V5)
P6	( P1-25, P1-26 )	P2-41 (V6)
P7	( P1-27, P1-28 )	P2-42 (V7)
P8	( P1-29, P1-30 )	P2-43 (V8)

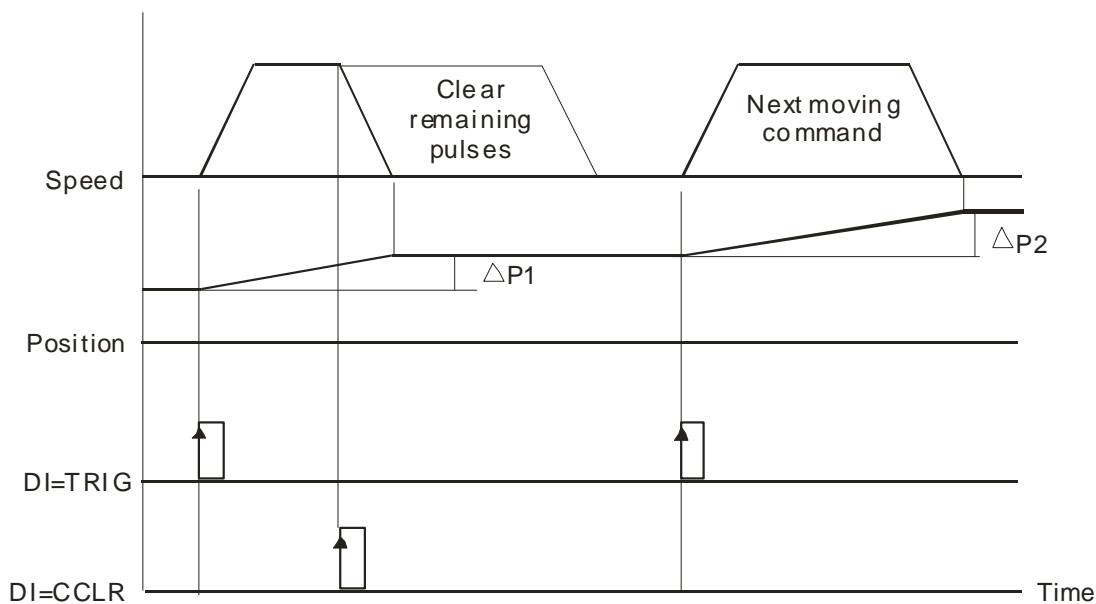
**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****■ Trigger Timing Charts****(1) Timing Chart of Internal Position Register Selection****(2) HOLD Timing Chart:**

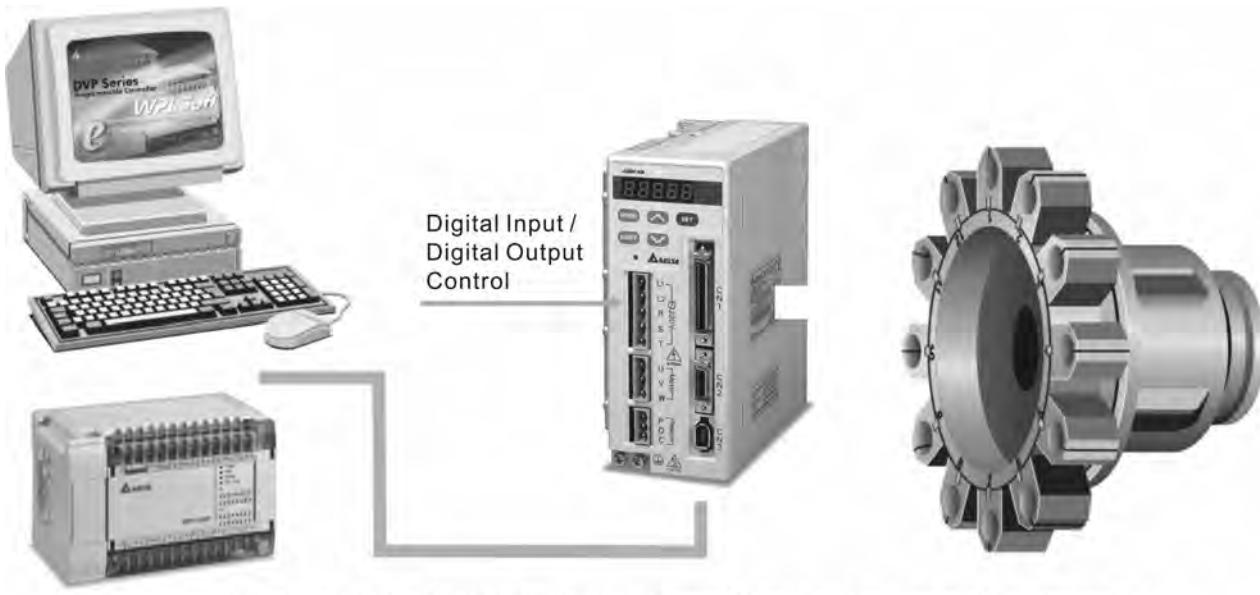
If HOLD signal is ON when the motor is running, the motor will decelerate first and stop according to the deceleration time which is set by parameter P1-34 ~ P1-36. When TRIG signal is ON again, the motor will continue to move across the remaining pulses. Then, reach the target position that is set last time.



**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****(3) Command Abort Timing Chart:**

To use command abort function, set parameter P2-50 to 2. At this time, if CCLR signal is ON when the motor is running, the motor will decelerate first and stop according to the deceleration time which is set by parameter P1-34 ~ P1-36 and the remaining pulses will be aborted. When TRIG signal is ON again, the motor will continue to move forward and reach the target position that is set currently.



**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****12.6 Feed Step Control****■ Relevant Parameters Description**

Parameter	Communication Address	Parameter Description
P1-01	0101H	Control Mode and Output Direction 001: Forward torque in Pr mode 101: Reverse torque in Pr mode
P1-12	010CH	Torque Limit Setting Torque decrease value is represented by a percentage of rated torque.
P1-33	0121H	Position Control Mode (Pr) 2: Forward operation search feed step 3: Reverse operation search feed step 4: Short-pass search feed step
P1-34	0122H	Acceleration Time 1st to 3rd step Acceleration time (When parameter P1-36 is set to 0, accel / decel function is disabled, i.e. P1-34, P1-35 is disabled)
P1-35	0123H	Deceleration Time 1st to 3rd step Deceleration time (When parameter P1-36 is set to 0, accel / decel function is disabled, i.e. P1-34, P1-35 is disabled)
P1-36	0124H	Accel /Decel S-curve When parameter P1-36 is set to 0, accel / decel function is disabled, i.e. P1-34, P1-35 is disabled.
P1-44	012CH	Electronic Gear Ratio (1st Numerator) (N1) If the electronic gear deceleration ratio is 1/75, set numerator to 75
P1-45	012DH	Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)
P1-47	012FH	Homing Mode 202: When (MD1, MD0)=(OFF, ON), Forward Homing 203: When (MD1, MD0)=(OFF, ON), Reverse Homing

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series**

Parameter	Communication Address	Parameter Description
P1-50	0132H	Homing Offset Rotation Number
P1-51	0133H	Homing Offset Pulse Number Total homing offset pulse number =P1-50 x 10000 + P1-51
P1-55	0137H	Maximum Speed Limit
P2-36	0224H	Moving Speed Setting of 1st Position Maximum feed step speed (When speed is above 3000r/min, please set P1-55 to a proper value)
P2-44	022CH	Digital Output Mode Setting 0: General output mode 1: Combination output mode

**■ Relevant Parameters Description, cont.**

Parameter	Communication Address	Parameter Description
P2-45	022DH	Combination Output Signal Delay Time [UNIT: 4msec] Output signal will hold delay time when position command is completed.
P2-46	022EH	Feed Step Number Range: 2~32
P2-47	022FH	Position Deviation Clear Delay Time [UNIT: 20msec] This function is disabled when its setting value is set to 0.
P2-51	0233H	Internal Servo ON setting

**■ Digital I/O Signal Setting**

DI Signal	Parameter Setting	Explanation
DI1 (INDEX0)	P2-10 = 128	Feed step selection input 0
DI2 (INDEX1)	P2-11 = 129	Feed step selection input 1
DI3 (INDEX2)	P2-12 = 130	Feed step selection input 2
DI4 (INDEX3)	P2-13 = 131	Feed step selection input 3
DI5 (ORGP)	P2-14 = 124	Reference "Home" sensor
DI6 (SON)	P2-15 = 101	Servo ON (when the setting value is 137, it is manual operation function.)
(MDP0)	P2-15 = 35 (contact "b")	Manually continuous operation
(MDP1)	P2-15 = 36 (contact "b")	Manually single step operation
DI7 (MD0)	P2-16 = 33 (contact "b")	Feed step mode input 0
DI8 (MD1)	P2-17 = 34 (contact "b")	Feed step mode input 1

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series**

DO Signal	Parameter Setting	Explanation
DO1	P2-18 = 101	Please refer to "Definition of DO Signals" in the following section.
DO2	P2-19 = 103	
DO3	P2-20 = 109	
DO4	P2-21 = 105	
DO5	P2-22 = 107	

**NOTE**

- 1) Please set parameter P2-08 to 12 before changing the setting value of DI and DO signals.

**■ Mode Functions**

MDP0, MDP1	Status	MD1	MD0	Explanation
OFF	1	OFF	OFF	Torque decrease
	2	OFF	ON	Feed step position mode
	3	ON	OFF	Homing mode
	4	ON	ON	Emergency stop
ON	-	-	-	Don't care
	-	OFF	ON	CW manual operation
	-	ON	OFF	CCW manual operation
	-	-	-	Don't care

**NOTE**

- 1) The emergency stop warning message will appear if MD0 and MD1 are ON after power suppliers to AC servo drive. If turn MD0 and MD1 to be OFF, the emergency stop warning message will disappear automatically.
- 2) When the status is switched from 2 (MD1=OFF, MD0=ON) to 3 (MD1=ON, MD0=OFF), the emergency stop warning message will appear. On the other hand, the emergency stop warning message will also appear when the status is switched from 3 to 2. Therefore, no matter what status you want to switch to, it is needed to switch to status 1 first to perform torque decrease (for example, switch from 2 → 1 → 3 or 3 → 1 → 2).
- 3) Ensure that MD0 and MD1 are set to ON state to enforce an emergency stop.

***Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series*****■ Definitions of INDEX0~4 (ON=1, OFF=0)**

Item	INDEX4	INDEX3	INDEX2	INDEX1	INDEX0	INDEX NUMBER
1	0	0	0	0	0	INDEX 1
2	0	0	0	0	1	INDEX 2
3	0	0	0	1	0	INDEX 3
4	0	0	0	1	1	INDEX 4
5	0	0	1	0	0	INDEX 5
6	0	0	1	0	1	INDEX 6
7	0	0	1	1	0	INDEX 7
8	0	0	1	1	1	INDEX 8
9	0	1	0	0	0	INDEX 9
10	0	1	0	0	1	INDEX 10
11	0	1	0	1	0	INDEX 11
12	0	1	0	1	1	INDEX 12
13	0	1	1	0	0	INDEX 13
14	0	1	1	0	1	INDEX 14
15	0	1	1	1	0	INDEX 15
16	0	1	1	1	1	INDEX 16
17	1	0	0	0	0	INDEX 17
18	1	0	0	0	1	INDEX 18
19	1	0	0	1	0	INDEX 19
20	1	0	0	1	1	INDEX 20
21	1	0	1	0	0	INDEX 21
22	1	0	1	0	1	INDEX 22
23	1	0	1	1	0	INDEX 23
24	1	0	1	1	1	INDEX 24
25	1	1	0	0	0	INDEX 25
26	1	1	0	0	1	INDEX 26
27	1	1	0	1	0	INDEX 27

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****■ Definitions of DO Signals (ON=1, OFF=0)**

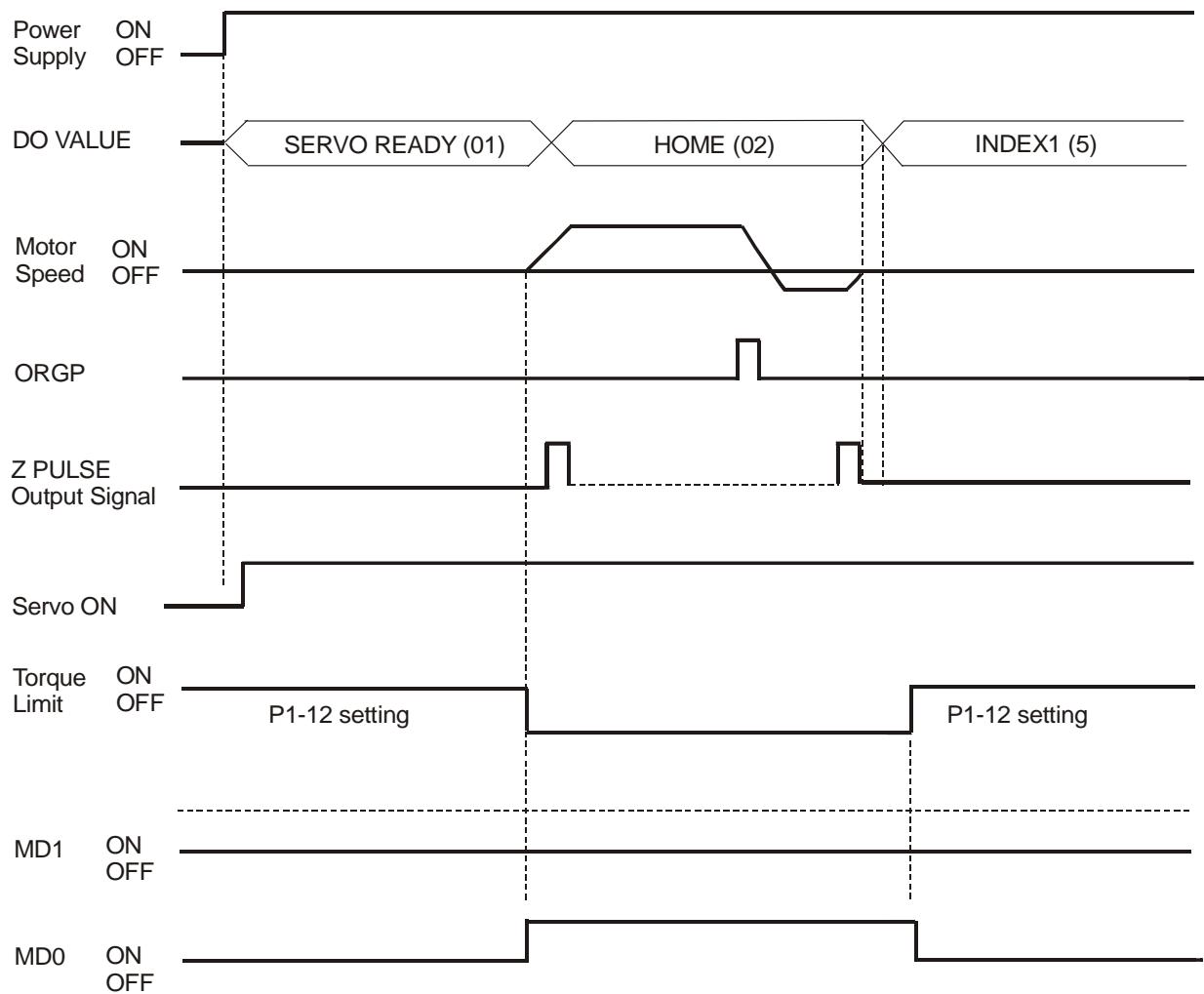
Item	DO5	DO4	DO3	DO2	DO1	Description
1	0	0	0	0	0	ALRAM
2	0	0	0	0	1	SERVO READY
3	0	0	0	1	0	HOMING (under operation)
4	0	0	0	1	1	HOME Completed
5	0	0	1	0	0	CHANGE INDEX (under operation)
6	0	0	1	0	1	INDEX 1 (In position)
7	0	0	1	1	0	INDEX 2 (In position)
8	0	0	1	1	1	INDEX 3 (In position)
9	0	1	0	0	0	INDEX 4 (In position)
10	0	1	0	0	1	INDEX 5 (In position)
11	0	1	0	1	0	INDEX 6 (In position)
12	0	1	0	1	1	INDEX 7 (In position)
13	0	1	1	0	0	INDEX 8 (In position)
14	0	1	1	0	1	INDEX 9 (In position)
15	0	1	1	1	0	INDEX 10 (In position)
16	0	1	1	1	1	INDEX 11 (In position)
17	1	0	0	0	0	INDEX 12 (In position)
18	1	0	0	0	1	INDEX 13 (In position)
19	1	0	0	1	0	INDEX 14 (In position)
20	1	0	0	1	1	INDEX 15 (In position)
21	1	0	1	0	0	INDEX 16 (In position)
22	1	0	1	0	1	INDEX 17 (In position)
23	1	0	1	1	0	INDEX 18 (In position)
24	1	0	1	1	1	INDEX 19 (In position)
25	1	1	0	0	0	INDEX 20 (In position)
26	1	1	0	0	1	INDEX 21 (In position)
27	1	1	0	1	0	INDEX 22 (In position)
28	1	1	0	1	1	INDEX 23 (In position)
29	1	1	1	0	0	INDEX 24 (In position)
30	1	1	1	0	1	INDEX 25 (In position)
31	1	1	1	1	0	INDEX 26 (In position)
32	1	1	1	1	1	INDEX 27 (In position)

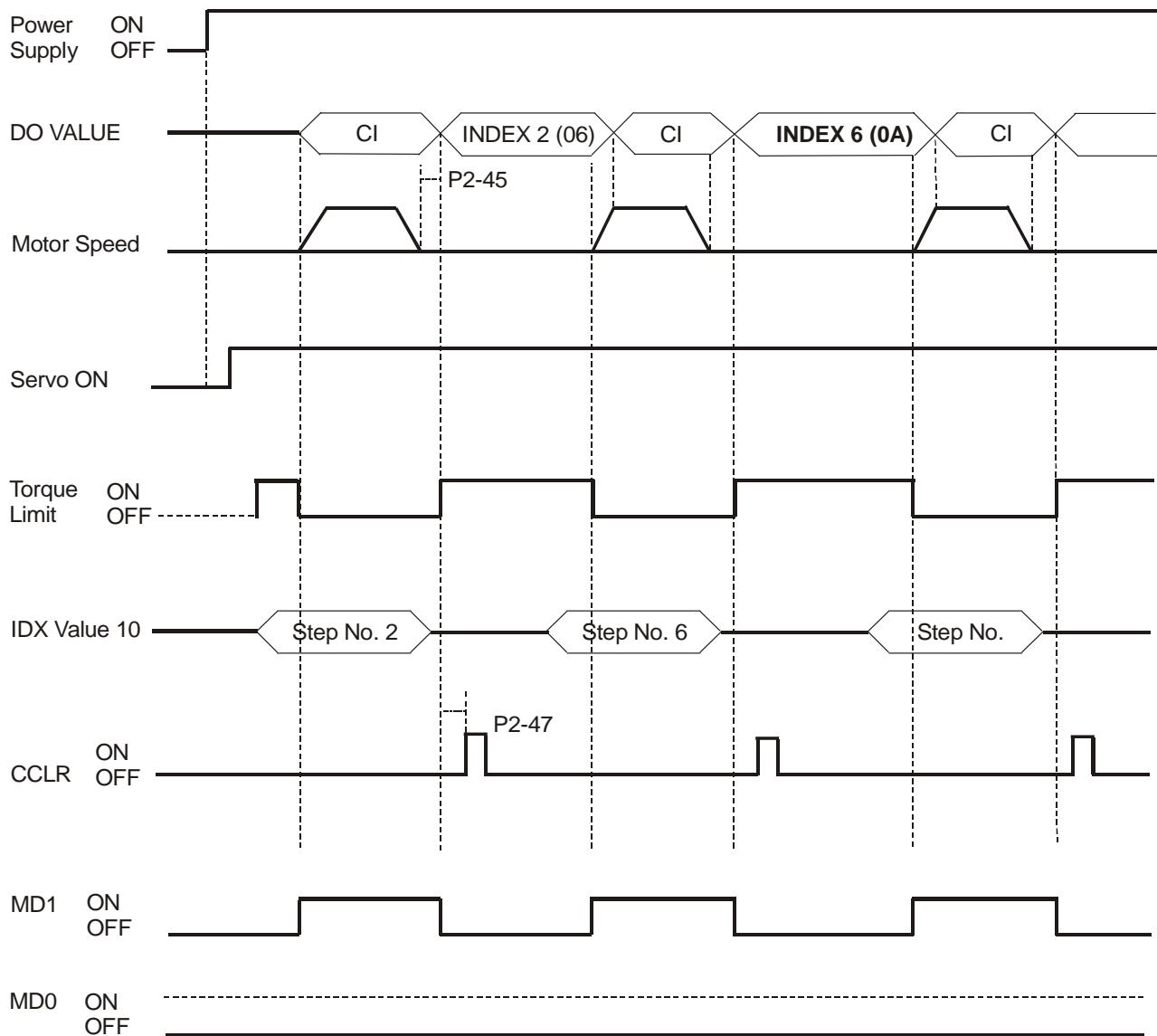


- 1) When alarm occurs, DO=0 (all OFF).
- 2) When the servo drive is ready, DO=1

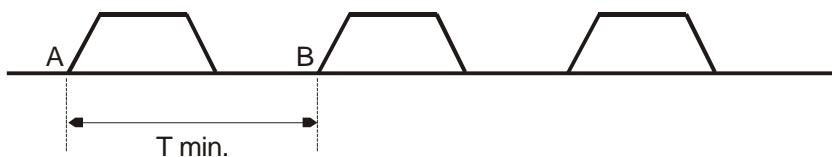
**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series**

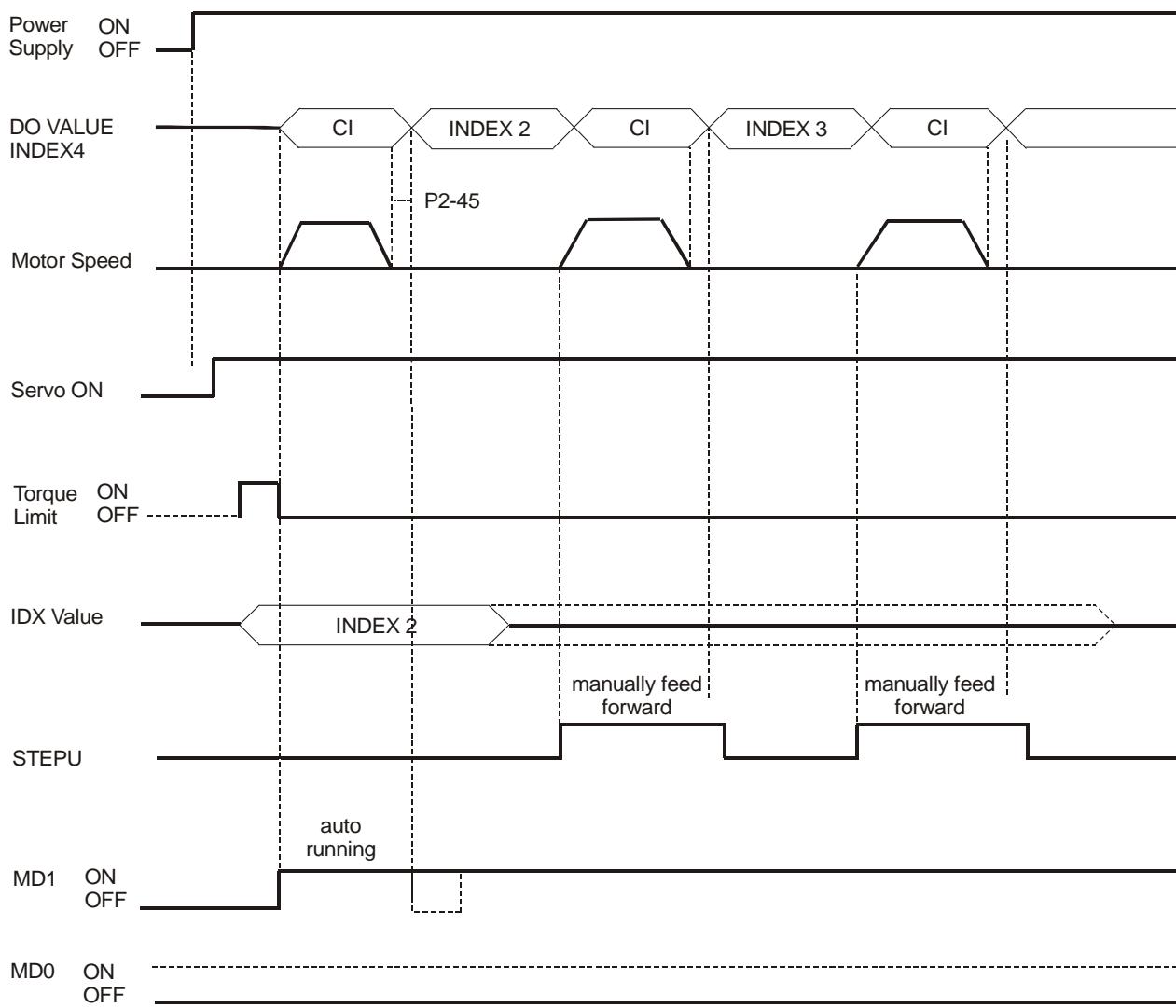
- 3) When return back to "Home" (Homing), DO=2
- 4) When returning back to "Home" is completed, DO=3
- 5) When feed step function is undergoing, DO=4
- 6) When feed step function is completed (In position), the corresponding INDEX NUMBER will display, and DO=nn
- 7) Feed step output position = DO value - 4 (Example: if DO=7, the feed step output position = $7 - 4 = 3$ )
- 8) When returning to HOME, if DO=1 (SERVO READY) after any abnormal conditions are removed, it is needed to return to HOME again to ensure that the "Home" is correct.

**■ Timing charts of DI/DO Signals Operation****(1) Homing Mode**

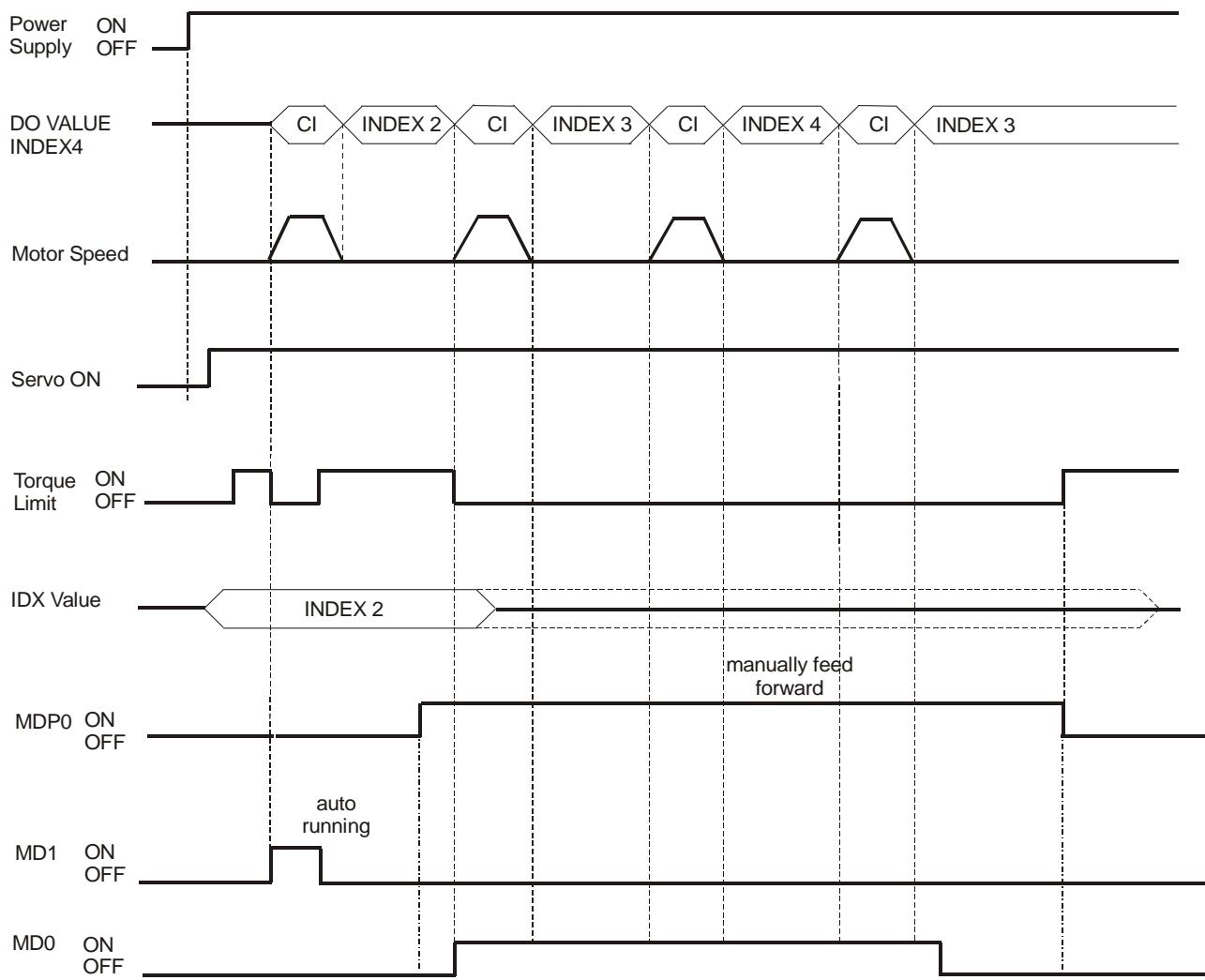
**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****(2) Feed Step Control Mode**
**NOTE**

- 1) The maximum value of P2-45 =  $125 \times T \text{ min.}$ .
- 2) T min. is the minimum time from A to B, i.e. the time between when start running at A and when start running at B (please refer to the figure below). Time unit is 1 second.



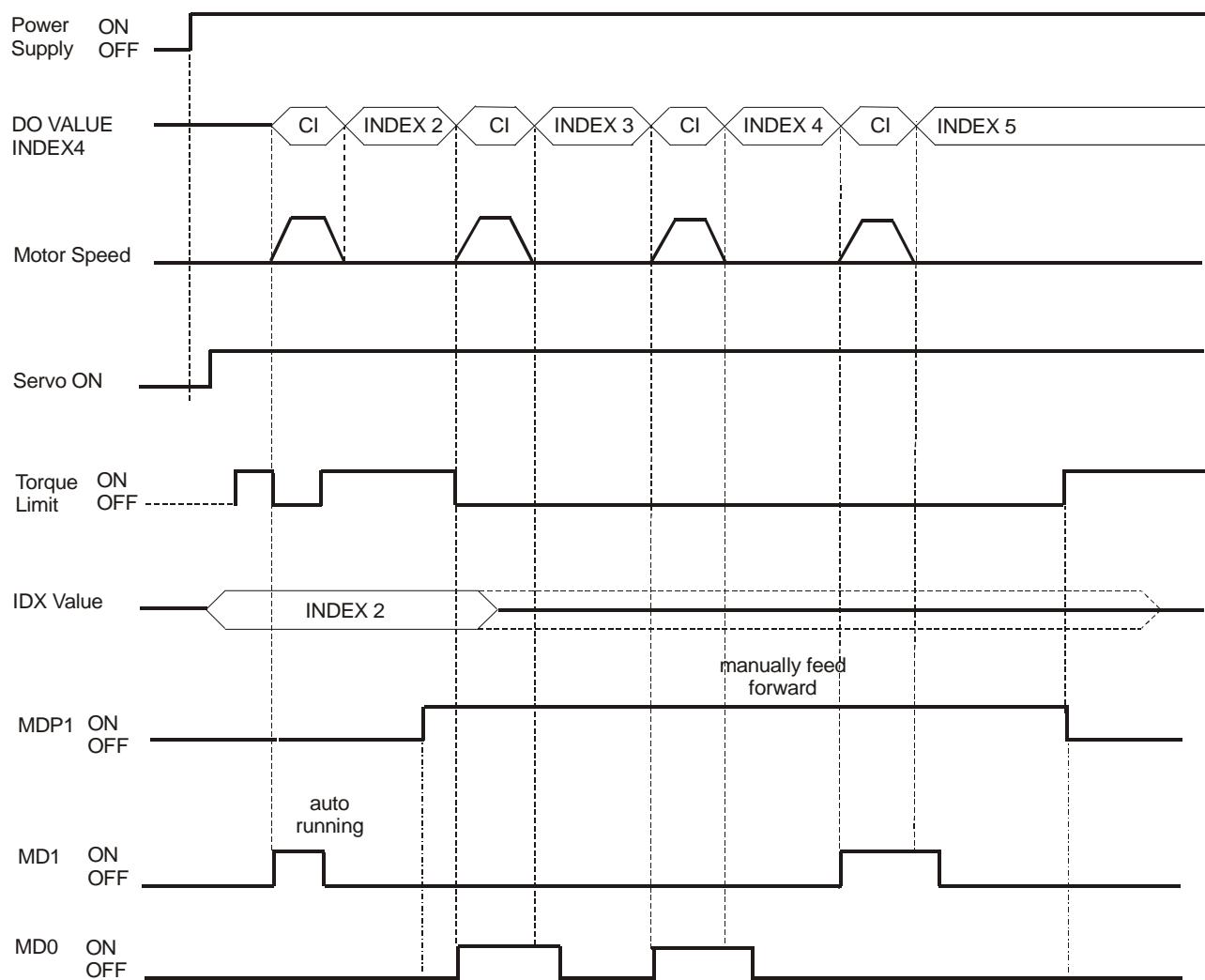
**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****(3) Manually Single Step Control Mode 1**
**NOTE**

- 1) When manually feed forward operation occurs, please set MD1 to be ON first (The feed step selection input should be kept unchanged to avoid returning to INDEX1 when manually feed forward operation occurs).
- 2) For manually single step operation speed, please refer to parameter P2-36.

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****(4) Manually Single Step Control Mode 2**

- 1) After manually feed forward operation is completed, please set MD1 and MD0 to be OFF and then turn MDP1 from ON to OFF (ready to enter torque decrease status) to avoid any abnormal condition.
- 2) In manually feed forward mode (MDP1 is ON), if the rising-edge of MD0 is ON, then the servo motor will single step feed forward and if the rising-edge of MD1 is ON, then the servo motor will single step feed reverse.
- 3) For manually single step operation speed, please refer to parameter P2-37.

## (5) Manually Continuous Step Control Mode



- 1) After manually feed forward operation is completed, please set MD1 and MD0 to be OFF and then turn MDP0 from ON to OFF (ready to enter torque decrease status) to avoid any abnormal condition.
- 2) In manually feed forward mode (MDP0 is ON), if MD0 is ON, then the servo motor will continuous step feed forward and if MD1 is ON, then the servo motor will continuous step feed reverse.
- 3) For manually single step operation speed, please refer to parameter P2-37.

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****■ Communication Control Example Explanation**

Communication Address	Communication Content	Explanation
H306	H0FF	Set to software control
H407	H020	SERVO ON
H407	H060	HOMING
H407	H070	HOME SENSOR ON
H407	H060	HOME SENSOR OFF
H407	H020	Torque decrease
H407	H0A3	Index 3
H407	H023 (H020)	Torque decrease
H407	H0A5	Index 5
H407	H025 (H020)	Torque decrease
H407	H0An	Index n
H407	H02n (H020)	Torque decrease

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****12.7 Internal Auto Running Mode****■ Relevant Parameters Description**

Parameter	Communication Address	Parameter Description
P1-01	0101H	Control Mode and Output Direction 001: Forward torque in Pr mode 101: Reverse torque in Pr mode
P1-33	0121H	Position Control Mode (Pr) 5: Continuous auto-running position command (Absolute) 6: Continuous auto position command (Incremental)
P1-34	0122H	Acceleration Time 1st to 3rd step Acceleration time (When parameter P1-36 is set to 0, accel / decel function is disabled, i.e. P1-34, P1-35 is disabled)
P1-35	0123H	Deceleration Time 1st to 3rd step Deceleration time (When parameter P1-36 is set to 0, accel / decel function is disabled, i.e. P1-34, P1-35 is disabled)
P1-36	0124H	Accel /Decel S-curve When parameter P1-36 is set to 0, accel / decel function is disabled, i.e. P1-34, P1-35 is disabled.
P1-44	012CH	Electronic Gear Ratio (1st Numerator) (N1) If the electronic gear deceleration ratio is 1/75, set numerator to 75
P1-45	012DH	Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)
P1-47	012FH	Homing Mode 202: When (MD1, MD0)=(OFF, ON), Forward Homing 203: When (MD1, MD0)=(OFF, ON), Reverse Homing
P1-50	0132H	Homing Offset Rotation Number
P1-51	0133H	Homing Offset Pulse Number Total homing offset pulse number =P1-50 x 10000 + P1-51
P2-44	022CH	Digital Output Mode Setting 0: General output mode 1: Combination output mode
P2-45	022DH	Combination Output Signal Delay Time [UNIT: 4msec] Output signal will hold delay time when position command is completed.
P2-51	0233H	Internal Servo ON setting

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series**

When the setting value of the time listed below is set to zero(0), the relative position will be ignored.

Positioning Point	Position Command Register	Moving Speed Register	Dwell Time Register
INDEX1	( P1-15, P1-16 )	P2-36 (V1)	P2-52 (T1)
INDEX2	( P1-17, P1-18 )	P2-37 (V2)	P2-53 (T2)
INDEX3	( P1-19, P1-20 )	P2-38 (V3)	P2-54 (T3)
INDEX4	( P1-21, P1-22 )	P2-39 (V4)	P2-55 (T4)
INDEX5	( P1-23, P1-24 )	P2-40 (V5)	P2-56 (T5)
INDEX6	( P1-25, P1-26 )	P2-41 (V6)	P2-57 (T6)
INDEX7	( P1-27, P1-28 )	P2-42 (V7)	P2-58 (T7)
INDEX8	( P1-29, P1-30 )	P2-43 (V8)	P2-59 (T8)

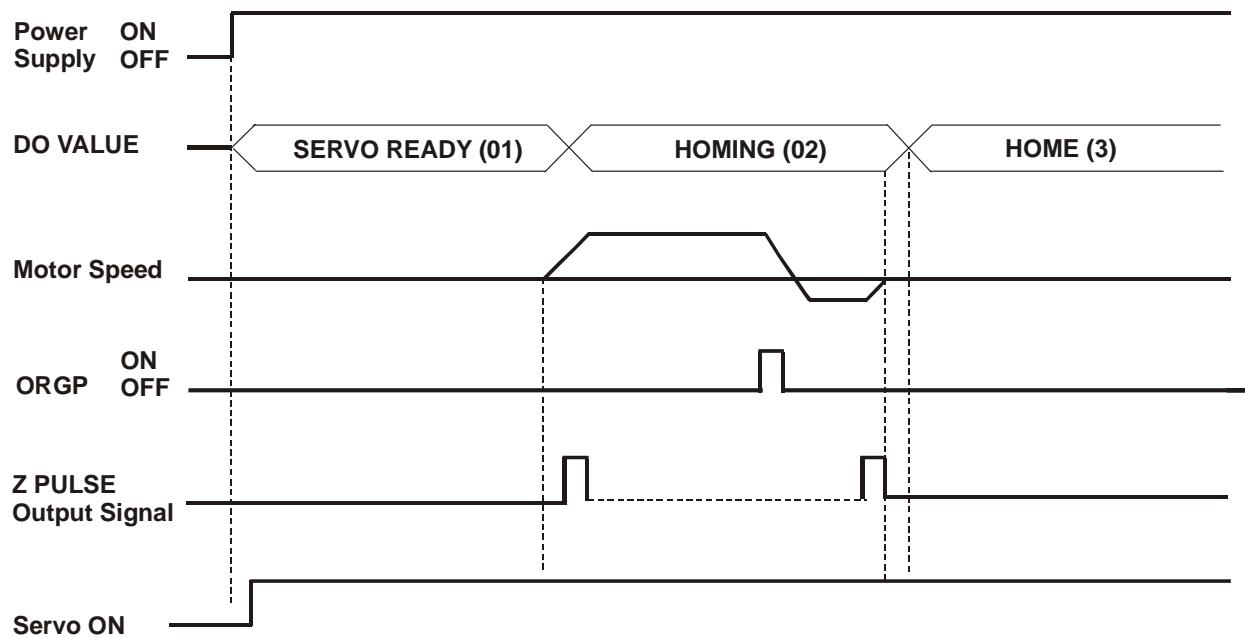
**■ Digital I/O Signal Setting**

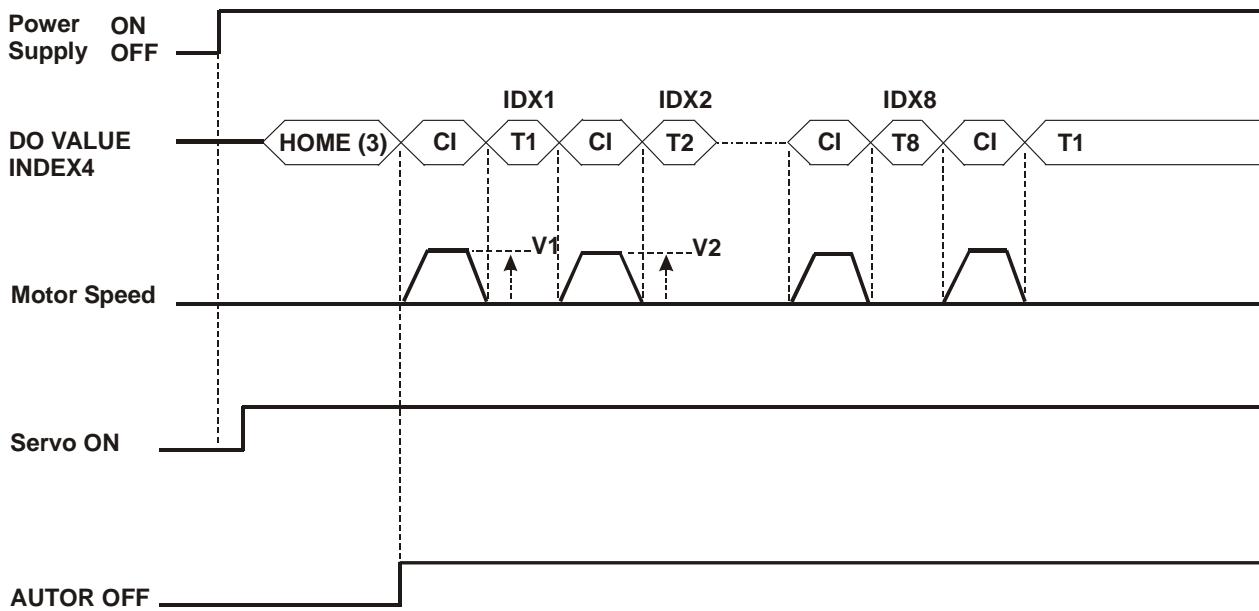
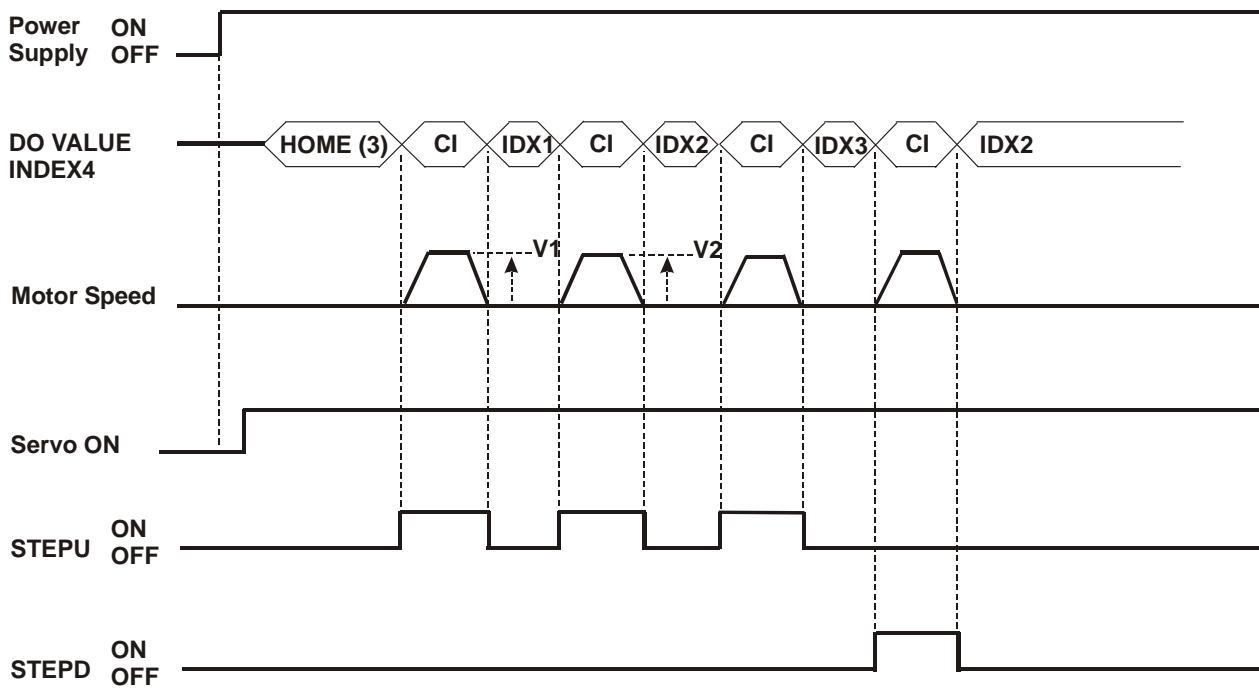
DI Signal	Parameter Setting	Explanation
DI1 (SON)	P2-10 = 101	Servo ON
DI2 (AUTOR)	P2-11 = 142	Auto run input
DI3 (STEPD)	P2-12 = 140	Step down input
(STEPU)	P2-12 = 139	Step up input
(STEPB)	P2-12 = 141	Step back input.
DI4 (SHOM)	P2-13 = 127	Move to "Home"
DI5 (ORG)	P2-14 = 124	Reference "Home" sensor
DI6 (CWL)	P2-15 = 22 (contact "b")	Reverse Inhibit limit
DI7 (CCWL)	P2-16 = 23 (contact "b")	Forward Inhibit limit
DI8 (EMGS)	P2-17 = 21 (contact "b")	Emergency stop

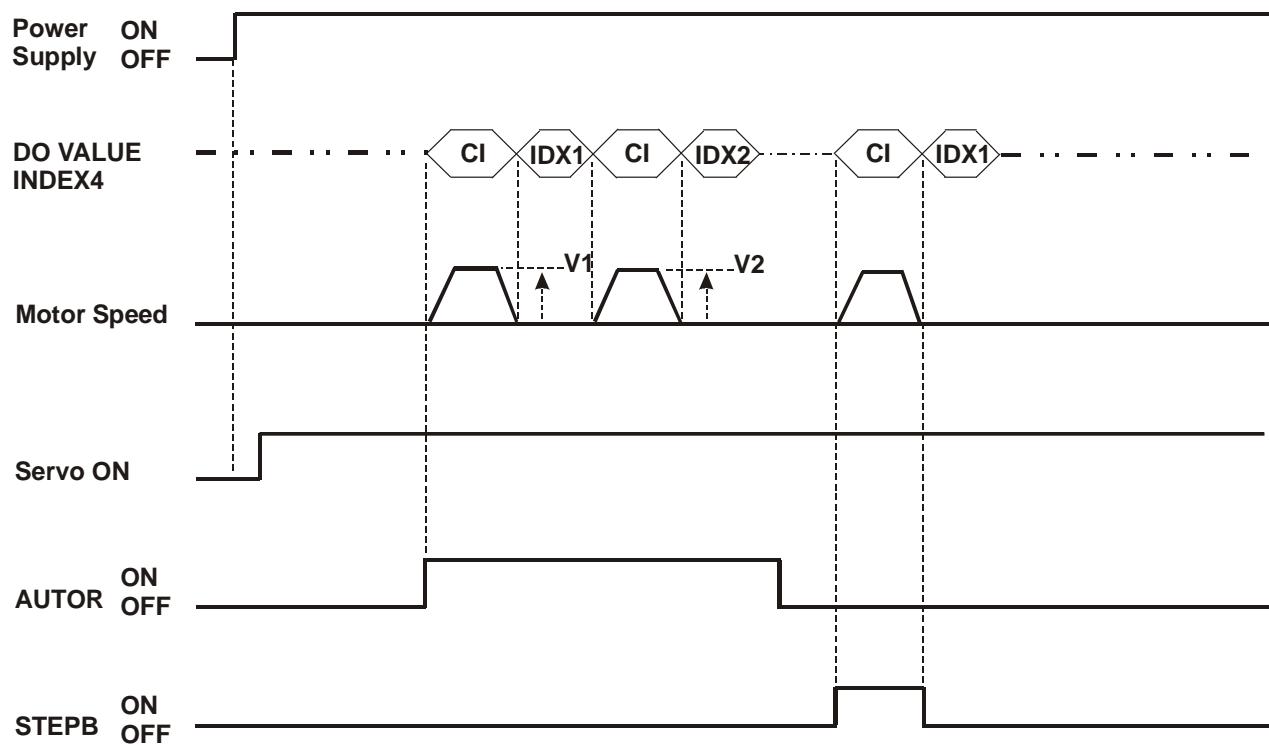
DO Signal	Parameter Setting	Explanation
DO1	P2-18 = 101	Please refer to "Definition of DO Signals" in the following section.
DO2	P2-19 = 103	
DO3	P2-20 = 109	
DO4	P2-21 = 105	
DO5	P2-22 = 107	

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****■ Definitions of DO Signals (ON:1, OFF:0)**

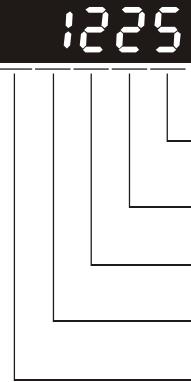
Item	DO5	DO4	DO3	DO2	DO1	Function
1	0	0	0	0	0	ALARM
2	0	0	0	0	1	SERVO READY
3	0	0	0	1	0	HOMEING (under operation)
4	0	0	0	1	1	HOME Completed
5	0	0	1	0	0	CHANGE INDEX (under operation) (CHANGE INDEX hereinafter called "CI")
6	0	0	1	0	1	INDEX 1 (In position)
7	0	0	1	1	0	INDEX 2 (In position)
8	0	0	1	1	1	INDEX 3 (In position)
9	0	1	0	0	0	INDEX 4 (In position)
10	0	1	0	0	1	INDEX 5 (In position)
11	0	1	0	1	0	INDEX 6 (In position)
12	0	1	0	1	1	INDEX 7 (In position)
13	0	1	1	0	0	INDEX 8 (In position)

**■ Timing charts of DI/DO Signals Operation****(1) Homing Mode**

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****(2) Auto Running Mode****(3) Manual Control Mode 1**

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****(4) Manual Control Mode 2**

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****12.8 Homing Function****■ Relevant Parameters Description**

Parameter	Communication Address	Parameter Description
P1-47	012FH	Homing Mode  A: Home Sensor Type and Homing Direction B: Homing Moving Method C: Homing Enable Setting D: Homing Stop Setting → No use
P1-48	0130H	1st Speed Setting of High Speed Homing
P1-49	0131H	2nd Speed Setting of Low Speed Homing
P1-50	0132H	Homing Offset Rotation Number
P1-51	0133H	Homing Offset Pulse Number

**■ Relevant Parameters Description, cont.**

Parameter	Communication Address	Parameter Description
P1-34	0122H	Acceleration Time
P1-35	0123H	Deceleration Time
P1-36	0124H	Accel /Decel S-curve

**■ Explanation of Homing Mode****A: Home Sensor Type and Homing Direction**

Left or right limit switch can be used as a reference “Home” for homing function. It also can use extra sensor, such as proximity switch or photo switch as reference “Home”. When the servo motor runs within one revolution only, users also can set Z-phase pulse as a reference “Home”.

A=0: Forward homing and CCWL limit input point is regarded as a rough reference “Home”. When home is in position, CCWL will turn into limit input function. If trigger CCWL afterward, the limit alarm will occur. When use limit input point as a rough reference “Home”, we recommend users to set B=0, i.e. return to find Z-phase pulse during homing and regard Z-phase pulse as a precise mechanical “Home”.

A=1: Reverse homing and CWL limit input point is regarded as a rough reference “Home”. When home is in position, CWL will turn into limit input function. If trigger CWL afterward, the limit alarm will occur. When use limit input point as a rough reference “Home”, we recommend users to set B=0, i.e. return to find Z-phase pulse during homing and regard Z-phase pulse as a precise mechanical “Home”.

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series**

A=2: Forward homing and ORGP (Reference “Home” sensor) is regarded as a reference “Home”. At this time, users can set B=0, i.e. return to find Z-phase pulse during homing and regard Z-phase pulse as a precise mechanical “Home” or set B=1, i.e. do not return and go forward to find Z-phase pulse and regard Z-phase pulse as a precise mechanical “Home”. If users do not use Z-phase pulse as mechanical “Home”, users can set the rising-edge of ORGP as the mechanical “Home” (B=2).

A=3: Reverse homing and ORGP (Reference “Home” sensor) is regarded as a reference “Home”. At this time, users can set B=0, i.e. return to find Z-phase pulse during homing and regard Z-phase pulse as a precise mechanical “Home” or set B=1, i.e. do not return and go forward to find Z-phase pulse and regard Z-phase pulse as a precise mechanical “Home”. If users do not use Z-phase pulse as mechanical “Home”, users can set the rising-edge of ORGP as the mechanical “Home” (B=2).

A=4: Forward-finding Z-phase pulse “Home”. This function is usually used when the servo motor runs within one revolution. The servo motor can not be connected to any external sensor switch at this time.

A=5: Reverse-finding Z-phase pulse “Home”. This function is usually used when the servo motor runs within one revolution. The servo motor can not be connected to any external sensor switch at this time.

**B: Homing Moving Method**

B=0: After find reference “Home” (after homing completed), the servo motor returns in 2nd step speed to find the nearest Z-phase pulse as the mechanical “Home”.

B=1: After find reference “Home” (after homing completed), the servo motor does not return and continue to go forward in 2nd step speed to find the nearest Z-phase pulse as the mechanical “Home”.

B=2: When A=2 and A=3, find the rising-edge of sensor ORGP as the mechanical “Home” and stop according to deceleration time. When A=4 and A=5, stop according to deceleration time after find Z-phase pulse.

**C: Homing Enable Setting**

There are two settings for enabling homing function. One is automatically enable homing function and the other is to enable homing function by input contact (SHOM).

C=0: Disable homing function. When C is set to 0, it indicates that homing function is disabled no matter what other parameter values are.

C=1: Enable homing function automatically after power is connected to the servo drive. This function is valid only when power on and servo on. It is used on condition that it doesn't need to repeat the execution of homing function when the servo drive is operating. Use this function can save an input contact which is used for executing homing function.

C=2: Enable homing function by SHOM input contact. To use this function, set any one register of parameter P2-10 ~ P2-17 (Digital Input Terminal 1 ~ 8) to SHOM. The setting value of parameter P2-10 ~ P2-17 should be 127(contact “a”) or 27(contact “b”). Then, user can enable the homing function by triggering SHOM input contact at any time when the servo drive is operating.

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****D: Homing Stop Setting**

D=0: After detecting “Home”, the motor will decelerate and return to “Home”. After get the home sensor signal in 2nd step speed operation, the motor will decelerate and stop. After the servo motor stops, the then move to the position of mechanical “Home”.

D=1: After detecting “Home”, the motor will decelerate and stop in the forward direction.

After get the home sensor signal in 2nd step speed operation, the motor will decelerate and stop. After the servo motor stops, the over distance will not be corrected. The position of mechanical “Home” will not change by the difference of the over distance.

**■ Recommended Homing Modes**

According to various use requirements and corresponds to difference setting values of C and D, the recommended setting values of A and B are shown as below:

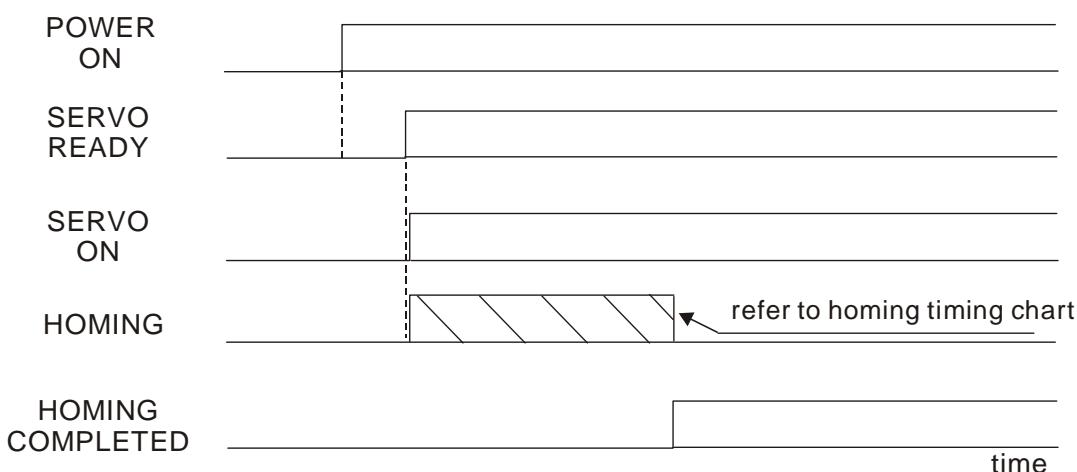
B \ A	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N
1	N	N	Y	Y	N	N
2	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y

(Y=Yes, N=No)

**■ Homing Timing Charts****Timing Charts of Enable Homing Mode**

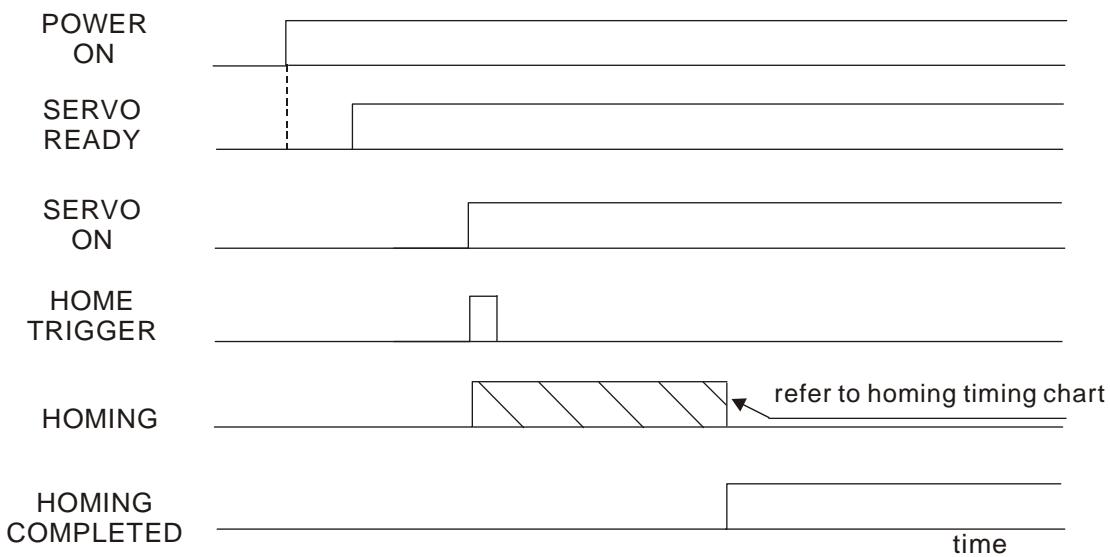
1. Automatically enable homing function when power on (C=1)

After homing is completed, if any one of output function definition (DO) of parameter P2-18 ~ P2-22 is HOME (setting value is 09 or 109), the corresponding output terminal will generate output signal immediately (Active). If servo on input signal is canceled or any alarm occurs in the process of homing, the homing function will terminate and do not output homing completed signal.

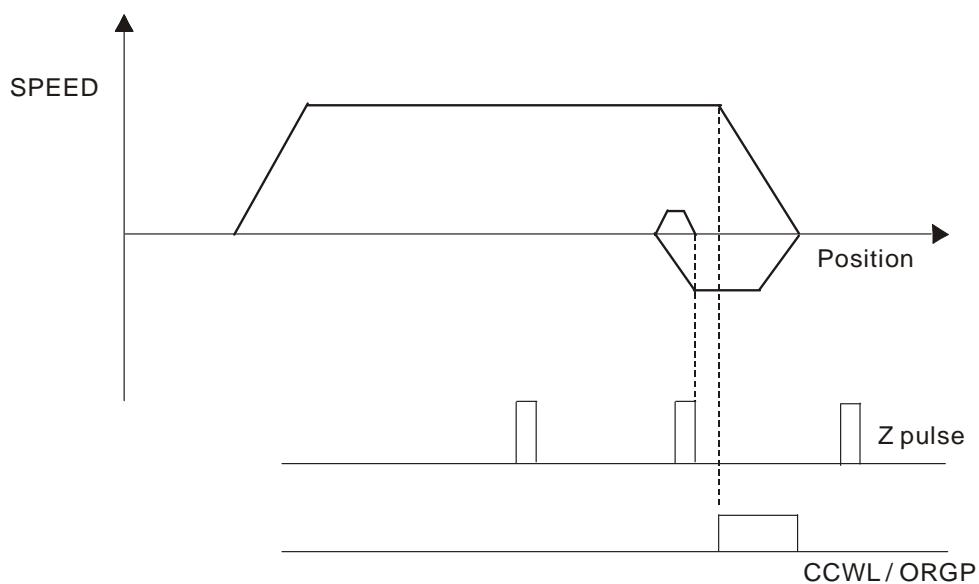


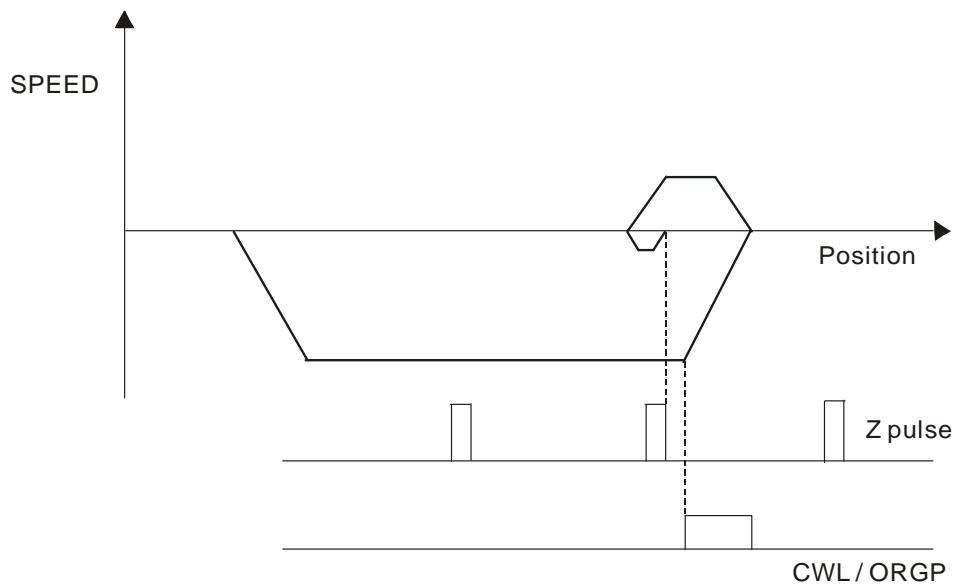
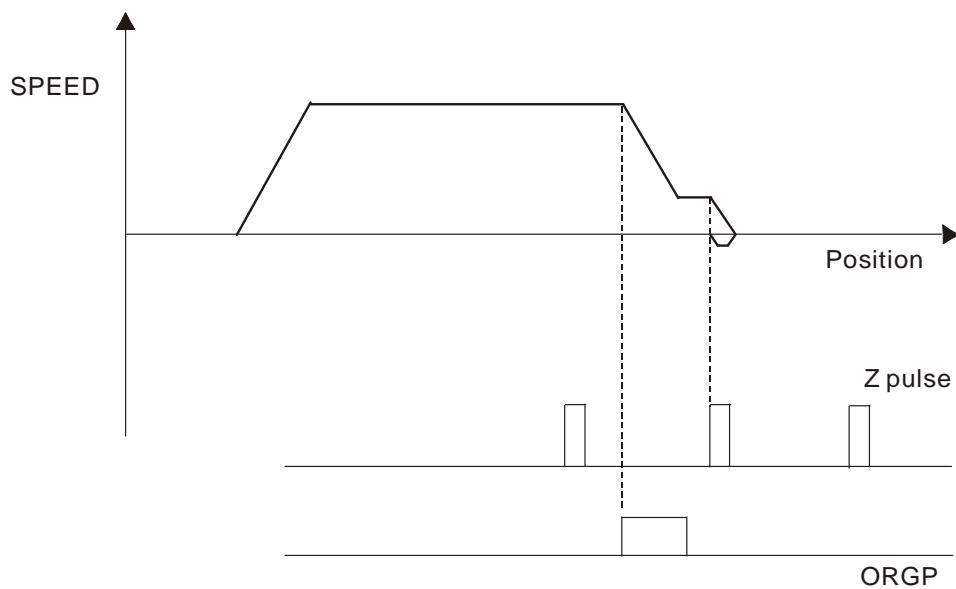
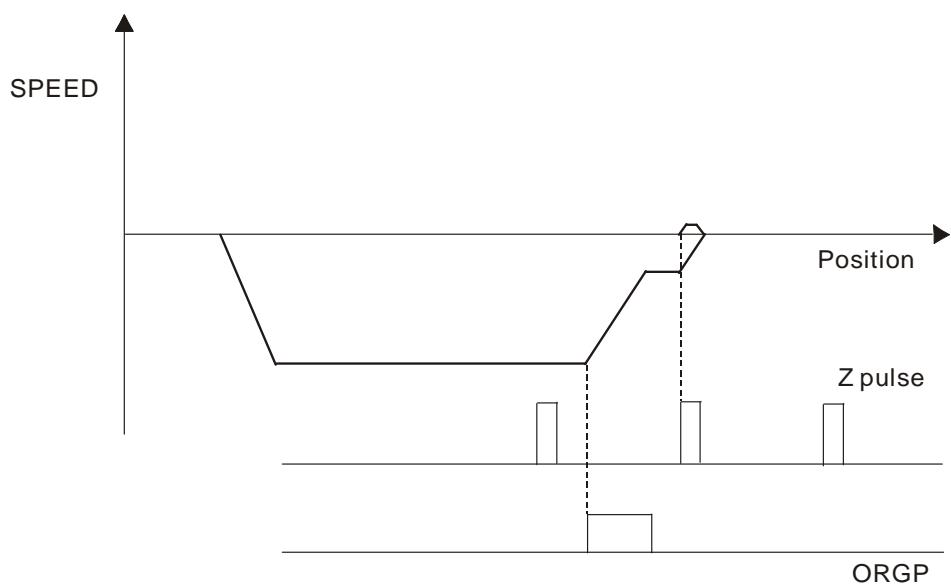
**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series**

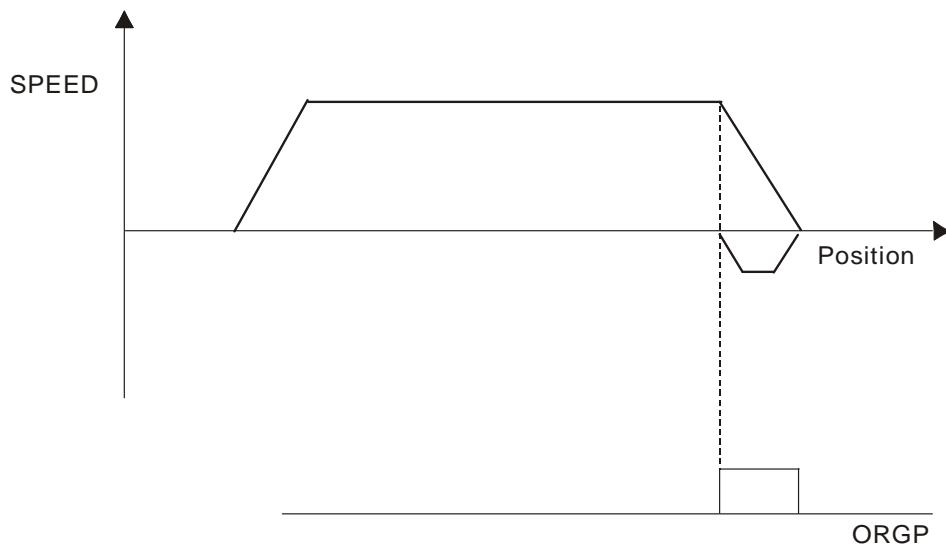
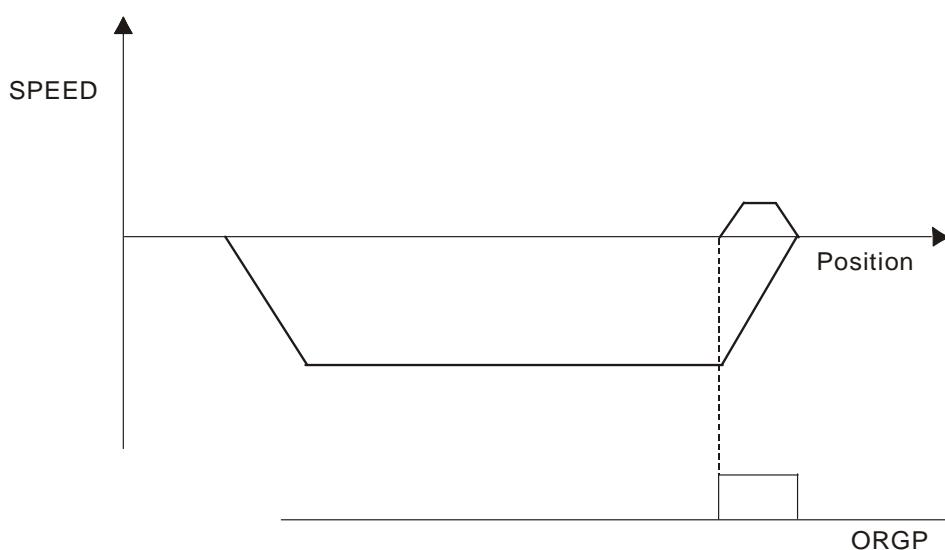
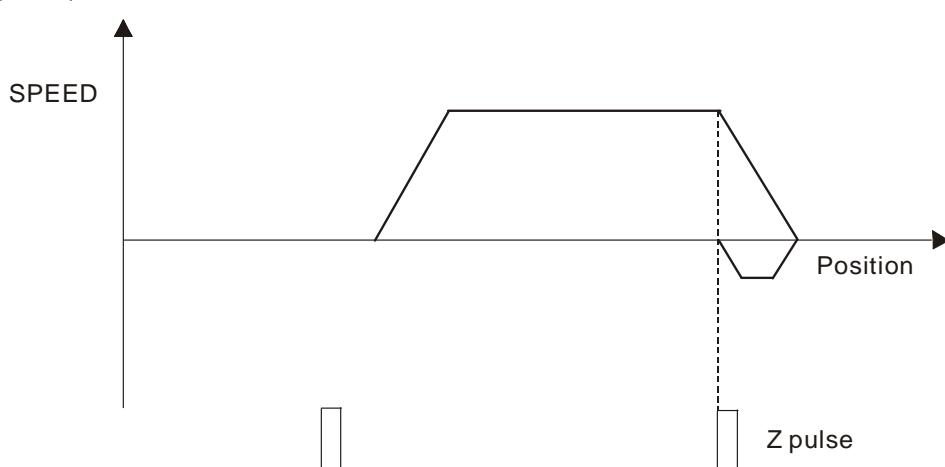
2. Enable homing function by input contact (SHOM) (C=2)

**Homing Timing Charts**

1. B/A = 0/0 or B/A = 0/2

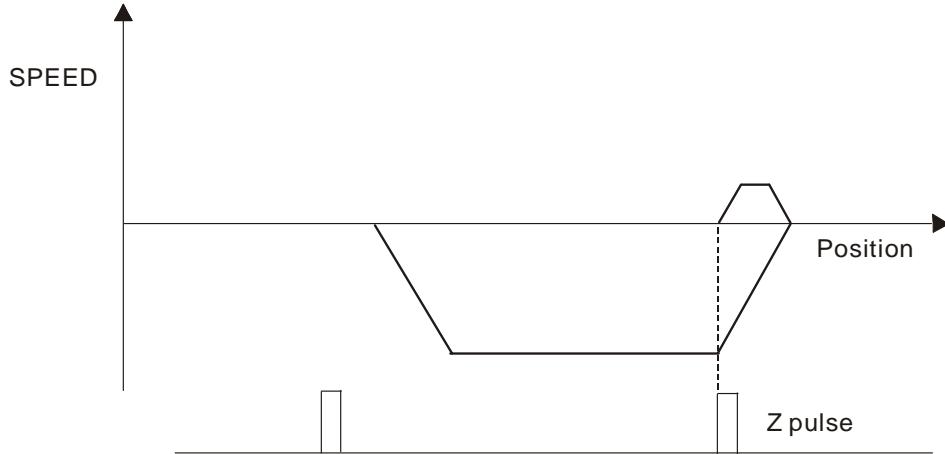


**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series**2.  $B/A = 0/1$  or  $B/A = 0/3$ 3.  $B/A = 1/2$ 4.  $B/A = 1/3$ 

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series**5.  $B/A = 2/2$ 6.  $B/A = 2/3$ 7.  $B/A = 2/4$ 

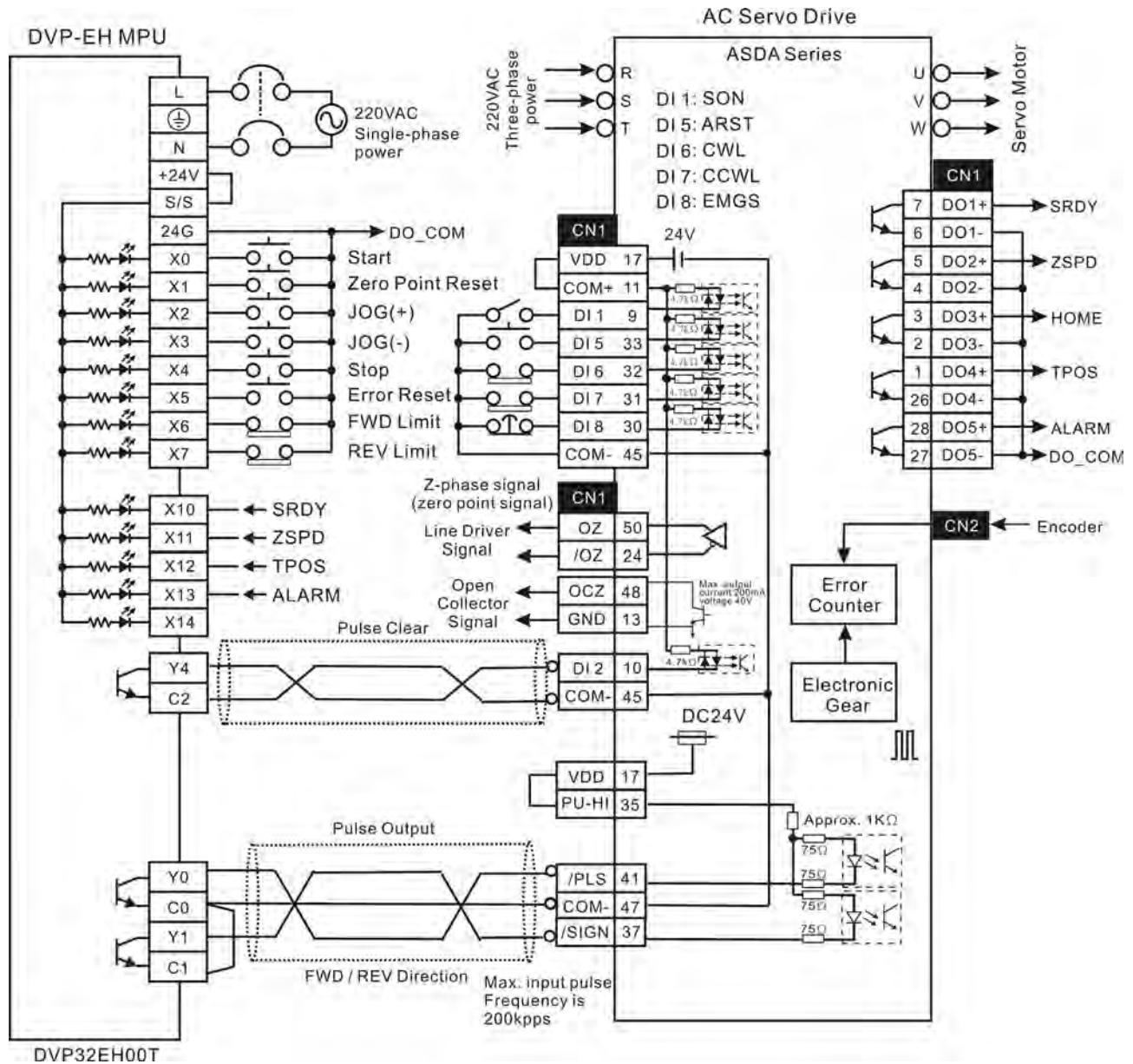
**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series**

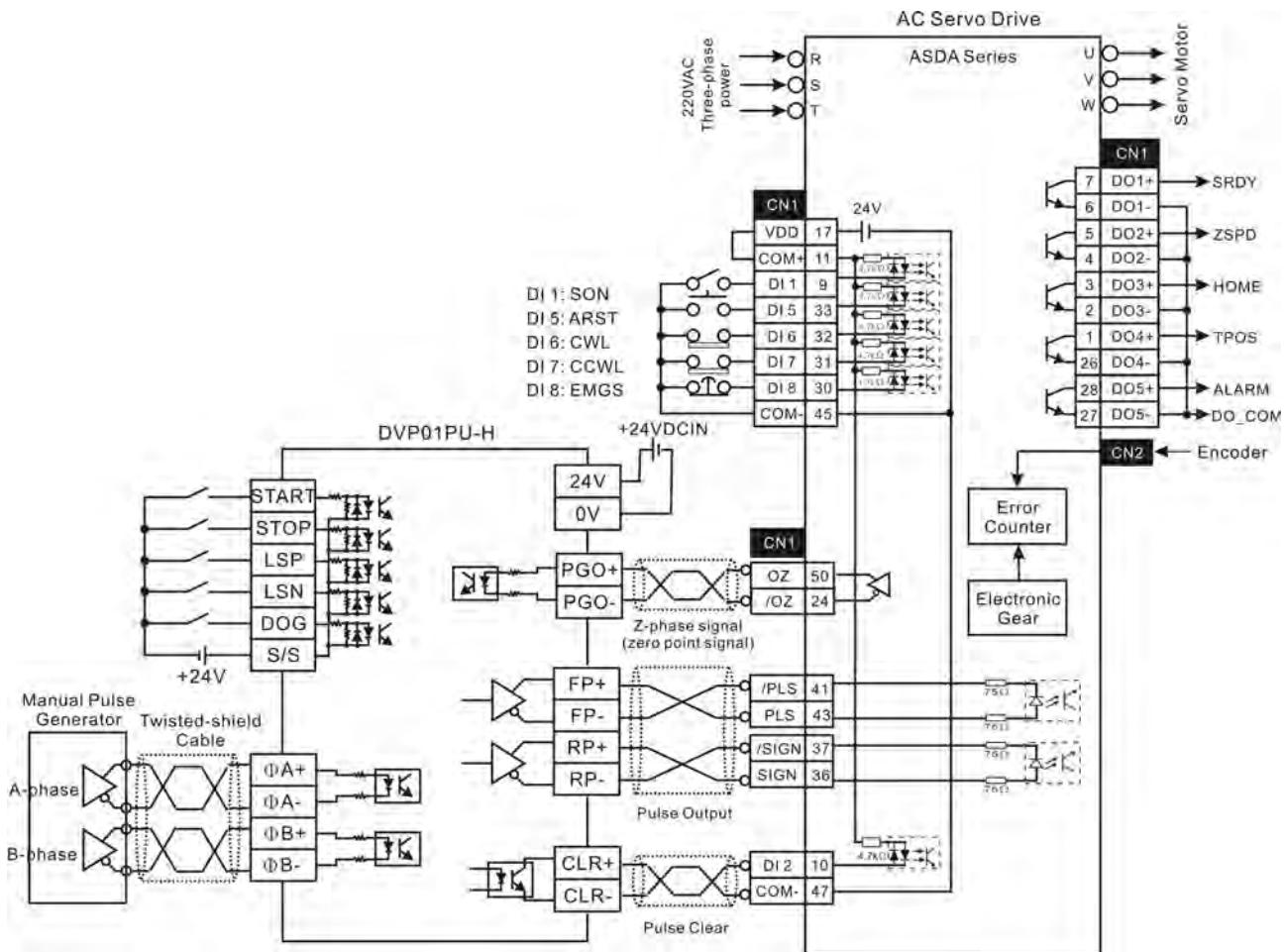
8. B/A = 2/5



## 12.9 External Controller Connection Examples

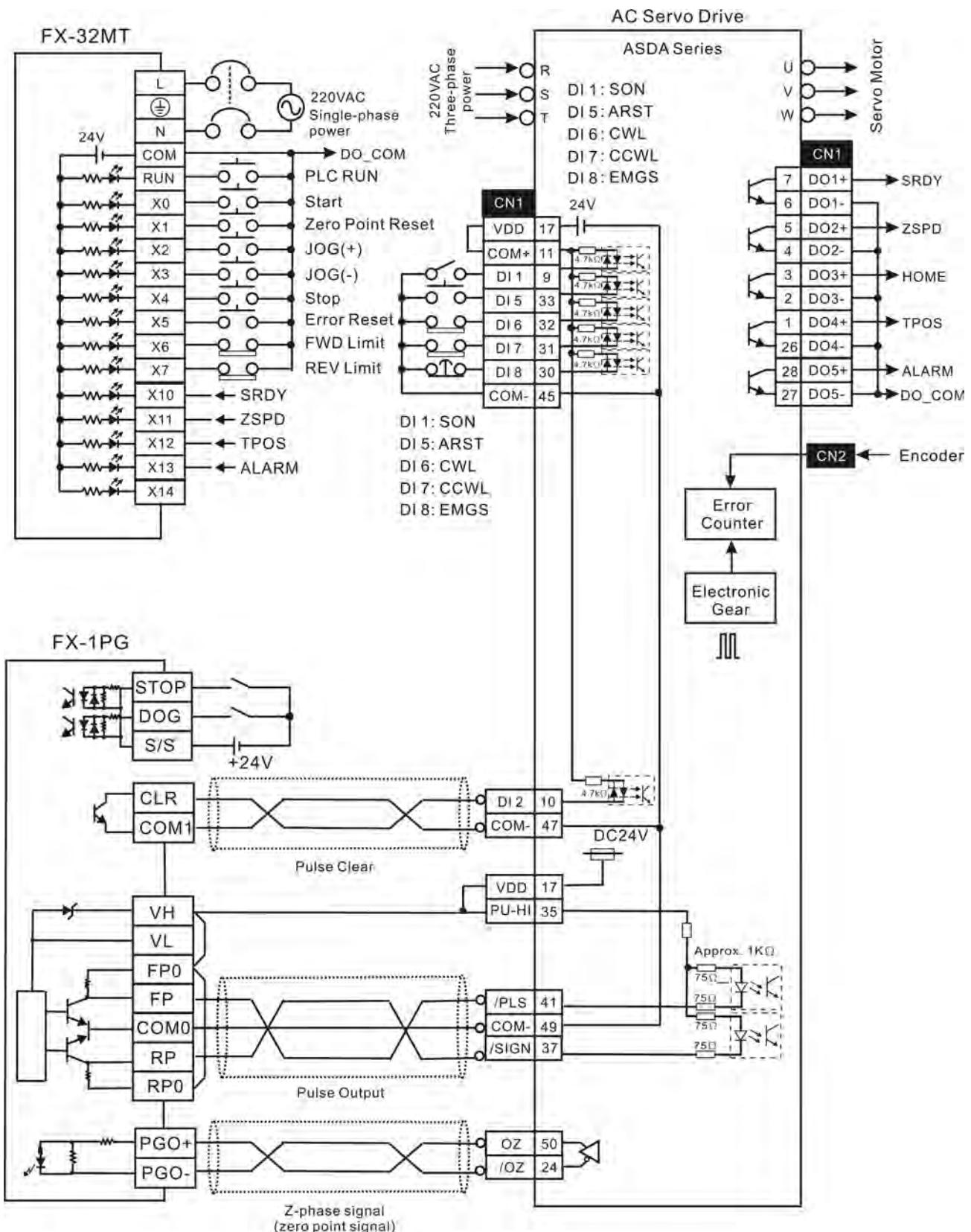
### ■ Connecting to Delta DVP-EH PLC

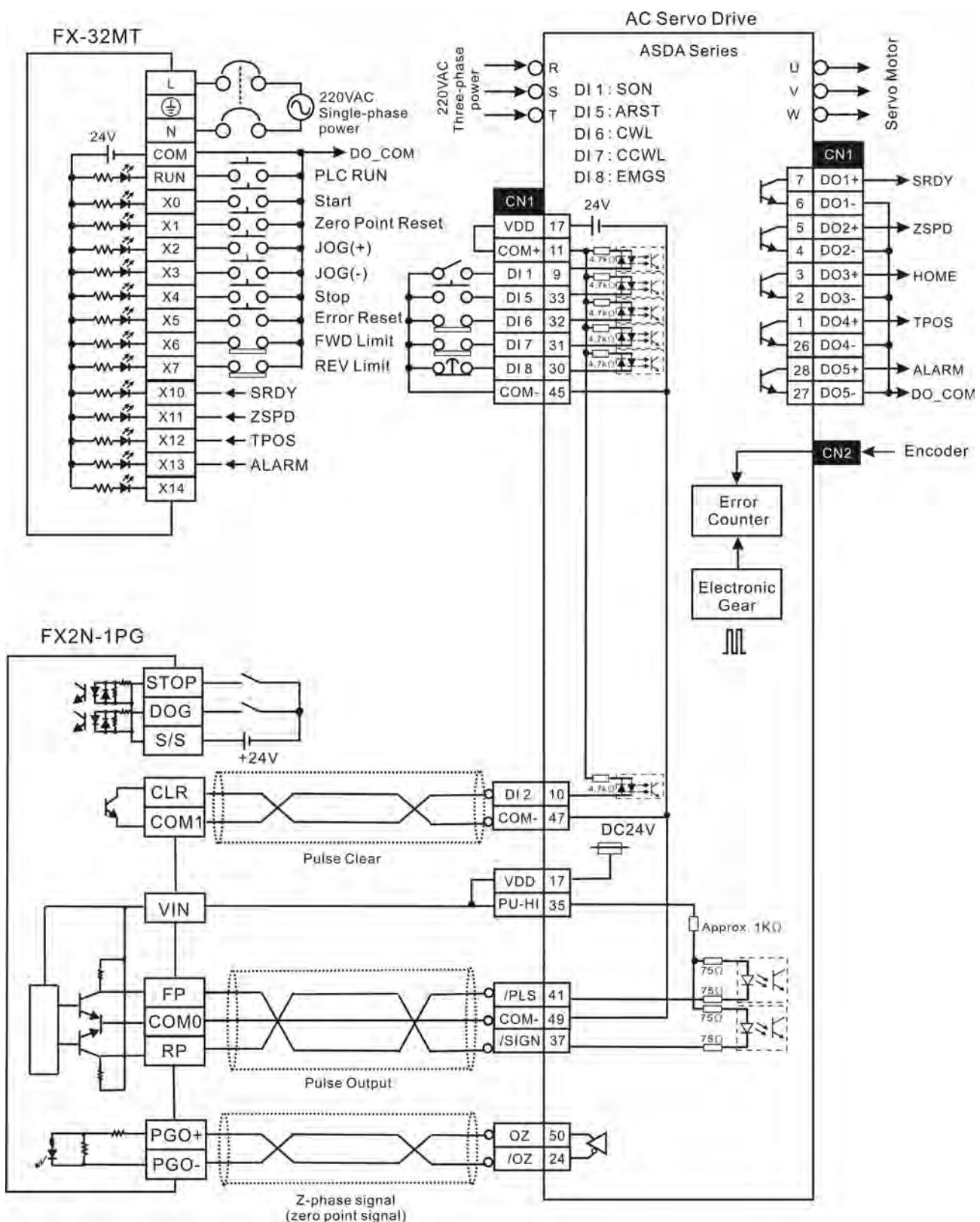


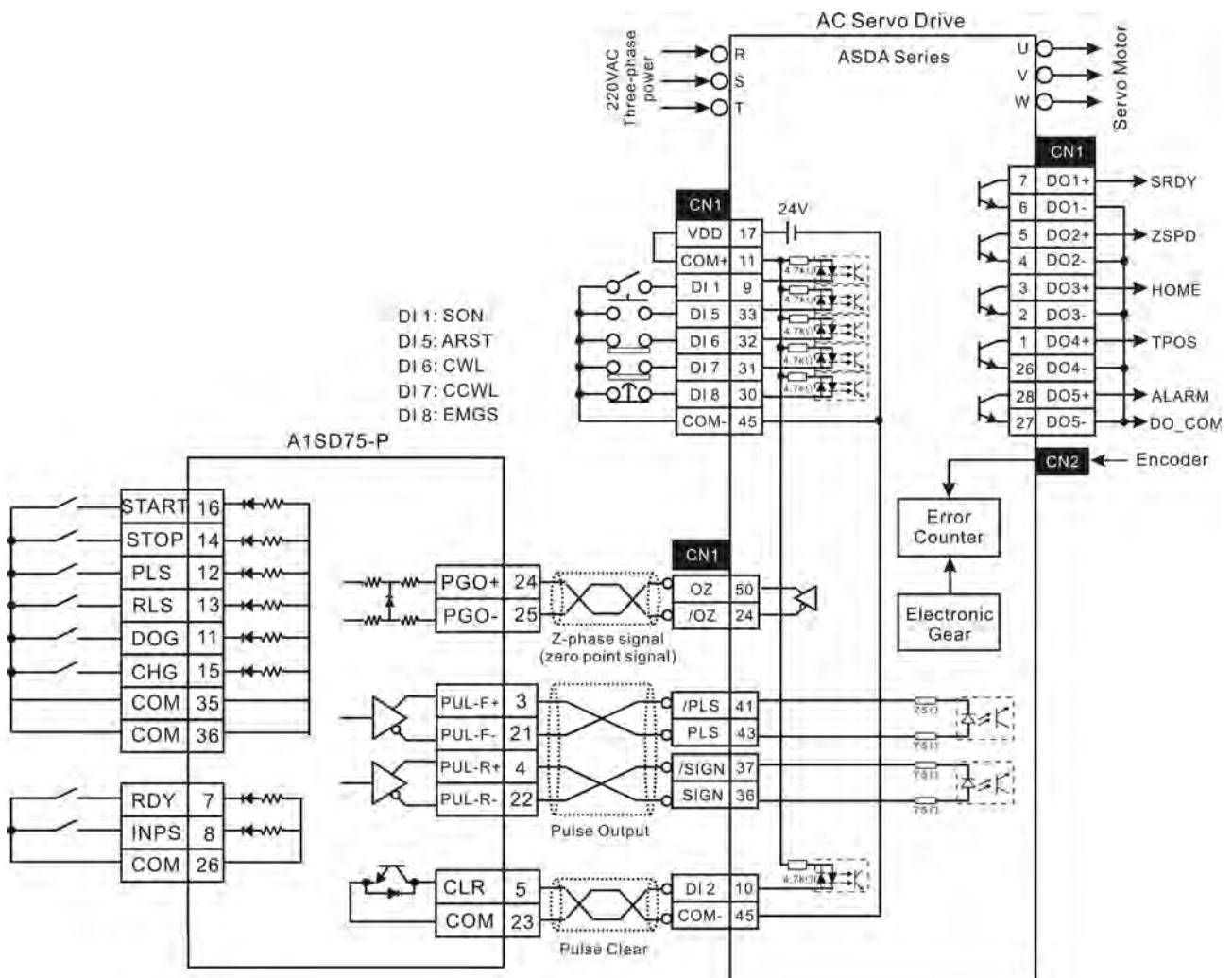
**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****■ Connecting to Delta DVP-01PU**

## Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series

## ■ Connecting to Mitsubishi FX1PG



**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****■ Connecting to Mitsubishi FX2N1PG**

**Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series****■ Connecting to Mitsubishi AD75**

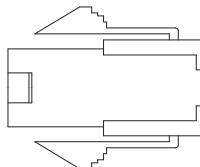
***Chapter 12 Application Examples | ASDA-AB Series***

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## Appendix A Accessories

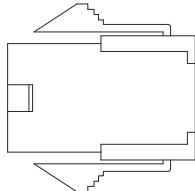
### ■ Power Connectors

**Delta Part Number: ASDBCAPW0000**



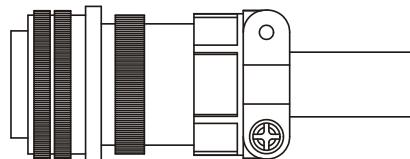
Title	Part No.	Manufacturer
Housing	C4201H00-2*2PA	JOWLE
Terminal	C4201TOP-2	JOWLE

**Delta Part Number: ASDBCAPW0100**



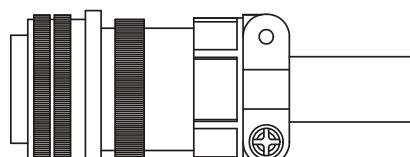
Title	Part No.	Manufacturer
Housing	C4201H00-2*3PA	JOWLE
Terminal	C4201TOP-2	JOWLE

**Delta Part Number: ASD-CAPW1000**

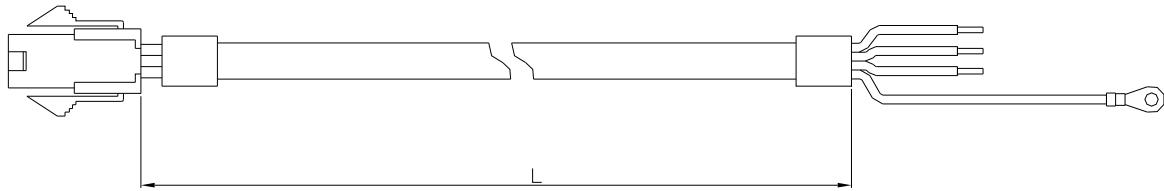


3106A-20-18S

**Delta Part Number: ASD-CAPW2000**

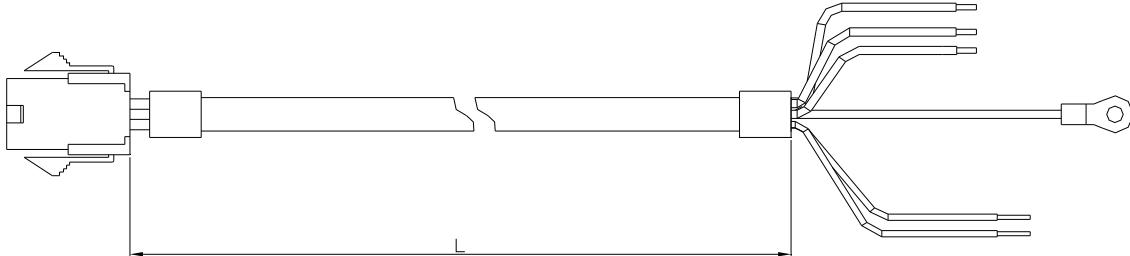


3106A-24-11S

**Appendix A Accessories | ASDA-AB Series****■ Power Cables****Delta Part Number: ASD-ABPW0003, ASD-ABPW0005**

Title	Part No.	Manufacturer
Housing	C4201H00-2*2PA	JOWLE
Terminal	C4201TOP-2	JOWLE

Title	Part No.	L	
		mm	inch
1	ASD-ABPW0003	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-ABPW0005	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

**Delta Part Number: ASD-ABPW0103, ASD-ABPW0105**

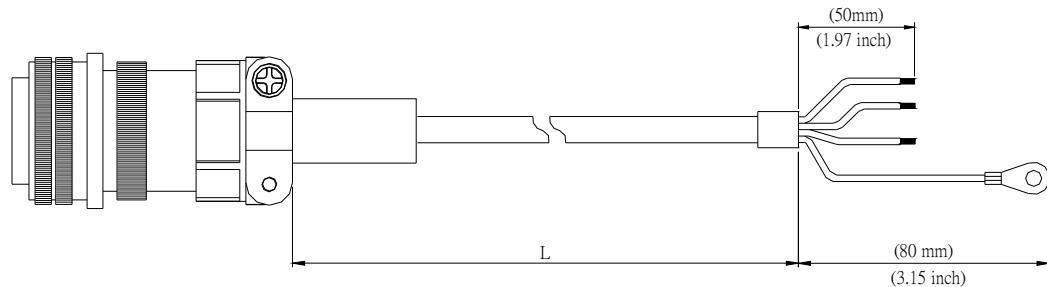
Title	Part No.	Manufacturer
Housing	C4201H00-2*3PA	JOWLE
Terminal	C4201TOP-2	JOWLE

Title	Part No.	L	
		mm	inch
1	ASD-ABPW0103	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-ABPW0105	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

**Appendix A Accessories | ASDA-AB Series**

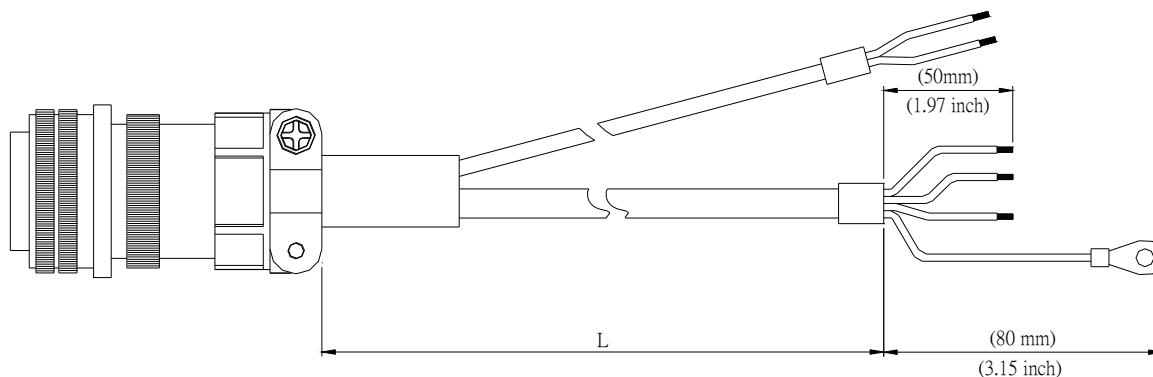
■ **Power Cables, cont.**

**Delta Part Number: ASD-CAPW1003, ASD-CAPW1005**

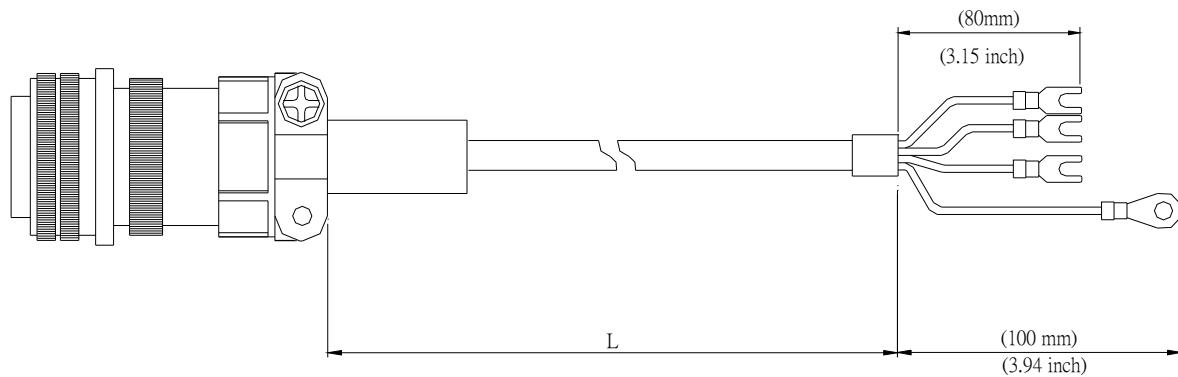


Title	Part No.	Straight	L	
			mm	inch
1	ASD-CAPW1003	3106A-20-18S	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-CAPW1005	3106A-20-18S	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

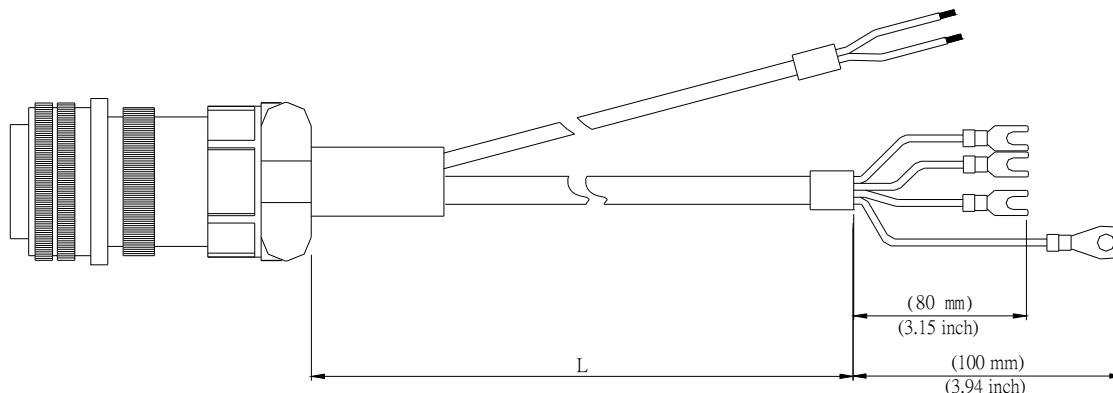
**Delta Part Number: ASD-CAPW1103, ASD-CAPW1105**



Title	Part No.	Straight	L	
			mm	inch
1	ASD-CAPW1103	3106A-20-18S	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-CAPW1105	3106A-20-18S	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

**Appendix A Accessories | ASDA-AB Series****■ Power Cables, cont.****Delta Part Number: ASD-CAPW1203, ASD-CAPW1205**

Title	Part No.	Straight	L	
			mm	inch
1	ASD-CAPW1203	3106A-20-18S	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-CAPW1205	3106A-20-18S	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

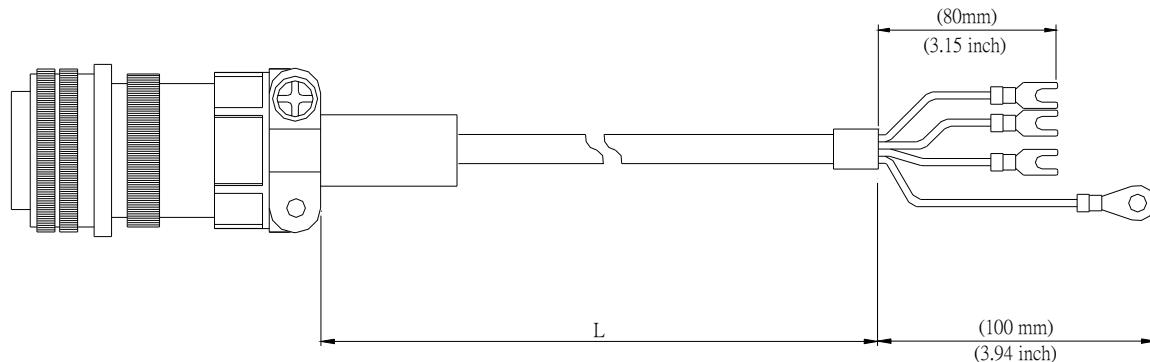
**Delta Part Number: ASD-CAPW1303, ASD-CAPW1305**

Title	Part No.	Straight	L	
			mm	inch
1	ASD-CAPW1303	3106A-20-18S	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-CAPW1305	3106A-20-18S	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

**Appendix A Accessories | ASDA-AB Series**

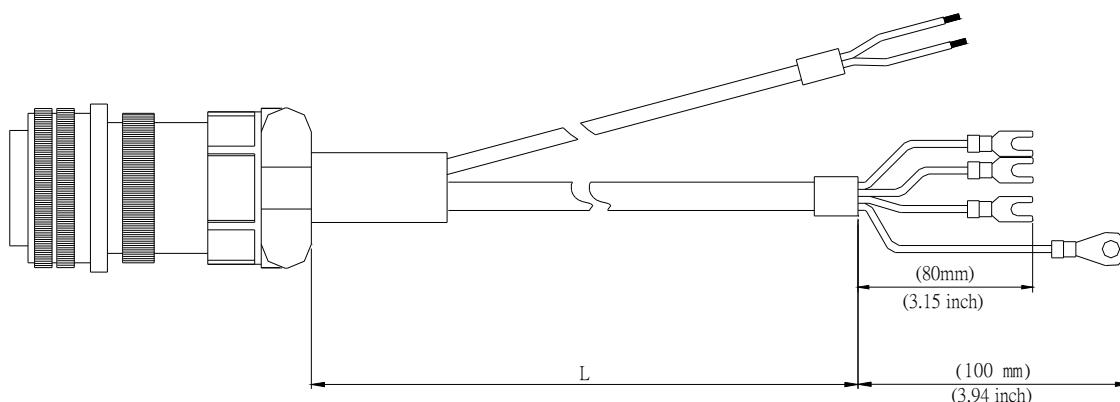
■ **Power Cables, cont.**

**Delta Part Number: ASD-CAPW2203, ASD-CAPW2205**

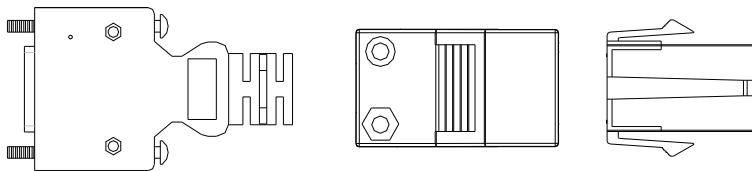


Title	Part No.	Straight	L	
			mm	inch
1	ASD-CAPW2203	3106A-24-11S	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-CAPW2205	3106A-24-11S	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

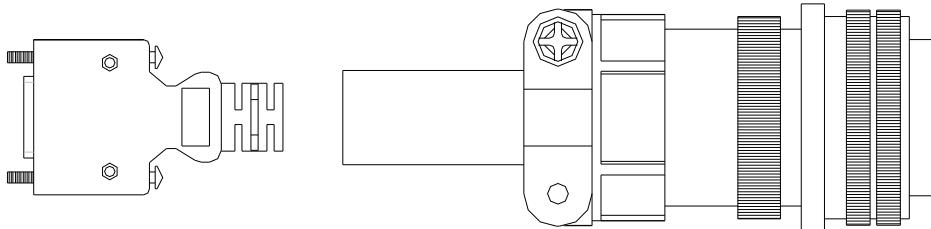
**Delta Part Number: ASD-CAPW2303, ASD-CAPW2305**



Title	Part No.	Straight	L	
			mm	inch
1	ASD-CAPW2303	3106A-24-11S	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-CAPW2305	3106A-24-11S	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

**Appendix A Accessories | ASDA-AB Series****■ Encoder Connectors****Delta Part Number: ASD-ABEN0000**

Title		Part No.	Manufacturer
MOTOR SIDE	Housing	AMP (1-172161-9)	AMP
	Terminal	AMP (170359-3)	AMP
	CLAMP	DELTA (34703237XX)	DELTA
DRIVE SIDE	PLUG	3M 10120-3000PE	3M
	SHELL	3M 10320-52A0-008	3M

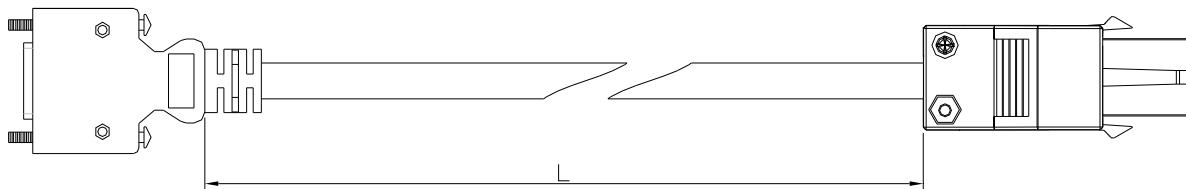
**Delta Part Number: ASD-CAEN1000**

Title		Part No.	Manufacturer
MOTOR SIDE		3106A-20-29S	----
DRIVE SIDE	PLUG	3M 10120-3000PE	3M
	SHELL	3M 10320-52A0-008	3M

**Appendix A Accessories | ASDA-AB Series**

■ **Encoder Cables**

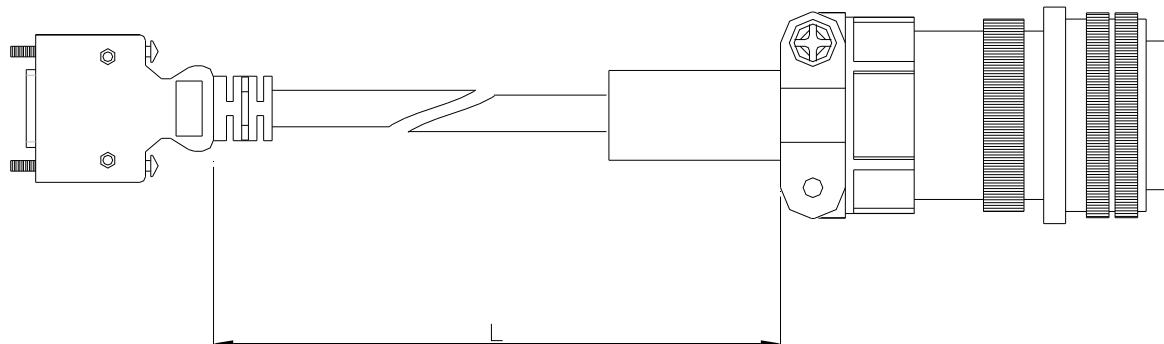
**Delta Part Number: ASD-ABEN0003, ASD-ABEN0005**



Title		Part No.	Manufacturer
MOTOR SIDE	Housing	AMP (1-172161-9)	AMP
	Terminal	AMP (170359-3)	AMP
	CLAMP	DELTA (34703237XX)	DELTA
DRIVE SIDE	PLUG	3M 10120-3000PE	3M
	SHELL	3M 10320-52A0-008	3M

Title	Part No.	L mm	L inch
1	ASD-ABEN0003	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-ABEN0005	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

**Delta Part Number: ASD-CAEN1003, ASD-CAEN1005**

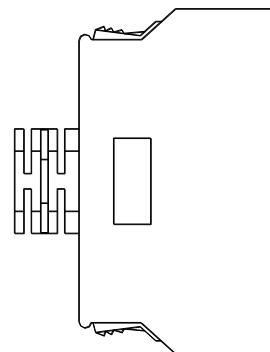
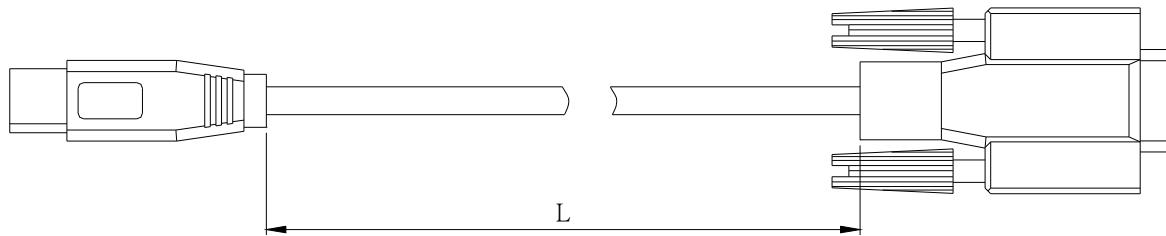


Title		Part No.	Manufacturer
MOTOR SIDE		3106A-20-29S	----
DRIVE SIDE	PLUG	3M 10120-3000PE	3M
	SHELL	3M 10320-52A0-008	3M

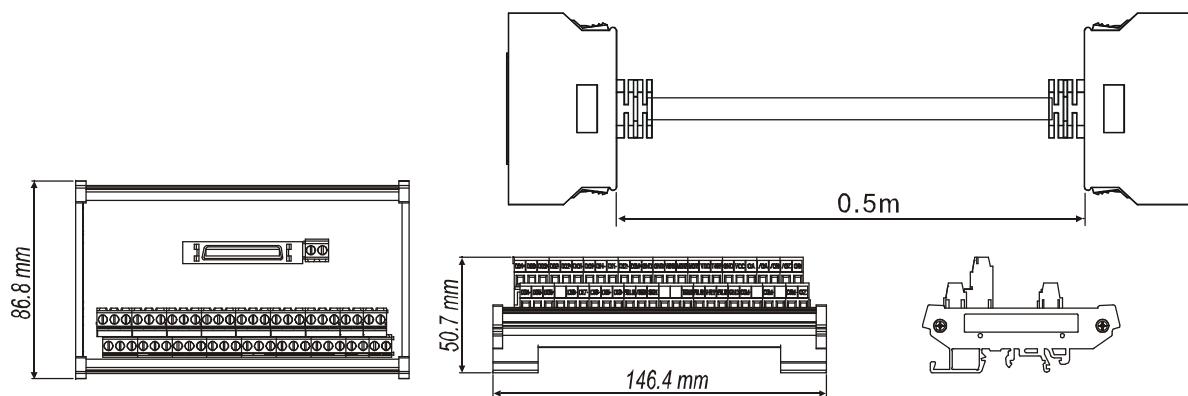
Title	Part No.	Straight	L	
			mm	inch
1	ASD-CAEN1003	3106A-20-29S	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-CAEN1005	3106A-20-29S	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

**Appendix A Accessories | ASDA-AB Series****■ I/O Signal Connector (CN1)****Delta Part Number: ASD-CNSC0050**

Vendor Name	Vendor P/N
3M TAIWAN LTD	10150-3000PE
3M TAIWAN LTD	10350-52A0-008

**■ Communication Cable between Drive and Computer (for PC)****Delta Part Number: ASD-CARS0003**

Item	Part No.	L	
		mm	inch
1	ASD-CARS0003	3000±10	118±0.4

**■ Terminal Block Module****Delta Part Number: ASD-BM-50A**

**Appendix A Accessories | ASDA-AB Series****■ Servo Drive, Servo Motor and Accessories Combinations****100W Servo Drive and 100W Low Inertia Servo Motor**

Servo Drive	ASD-A0121-AB			
Low inertia Servo Motor	ECMA-C30401□S			
Cable	Without Brake		With Brake	
	3M	5M	3M	5M
	Motor Power Cable ASD-ABPW0003	Motor Power Cable ASD-ABPW0005	-	-
	Encoder Cable ASD-ABEN0003	Encoder Cable ASD-ABEN0005	-	-
Connector	Power Connector ASDBCAPW0000			
	Encoder Connector ASD-ABEN0000			

**200W Servo Drive and 200W Low Inertia Servo Motor**

Servo Drive	ASD-A0221-AB			
Low inertia Servo Motor	ECMA-C30602□S			
Cable	Without Brake		With Brake	
	3M	5M	3M	5M
	Motor Power Cable ASD-ABPW0003	Motor Power Cable ASD-ABPW0005	Motor Power Cable ASD-ABPW0103	Motor Power Cable ASD-ABPW0105
	Encoder Cable ASD-ABEN0003	Encoder Cable ASD-ABEN0005	Encoder Cable ASD-ABEN0003	Encoder Cable ASD-ABEN0005
Connector	Power Connector ASDBCAPW0000		Power Connector ASDBCAPW0100	
	Encoder Connector ASD-ABEN0000			

**400W Servo Drive and 400W Low Inertia Servo Motor**

Servo Drive	ASD-A0421-AB			
Low inertia Servo Motor	ECMA-C30604□S ECMA-C30804□T			
Cable	Without Brake		With Brake	
	3M	5M	3M	5M
	Motor Power Cable ASD-ABPW0003	Motor Power Cable ASD-ABPW0005	Motor Power Cable ASD-ABPW0103	Motor Power Cable ASD-ABPW0105
	Encoder Cable ASD-ABEN0003	Encoder Cable ASD-ABEN0005	Encoder Cable ASD-ABEN0003	Encoder Cable ASD-ABEN0005
Connector	Power Connector ASDBCAPW0000		Power Connector ASDBCAPW0100	
	Encoder Connector ASD-ABEN0000			

**Appendix A Accessories | ASDA-AB Series****400W Servo Drive and 500W Medium Inertia Servo Motor**

Servo Drive	ASD-A0421-AB			
Medium inertia Servo Motor	ECMA-E31305□S			
Cable	Without Brake		With Brake	
	3M	5M	3M	5M
Connector	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1003	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1005	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1103	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1105
	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1003	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1005	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1003	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1005
Power Connector ASD-CAPW1000				
Encoder Connector ASD-CAEN1000				

**400W Servo Drive and 300W High Inertia Servo Motor**

Servo Drive	ASD-A0421-AB			
High inertia Servo Motor	ECMA-G31303□S			
Cable	Without Brake		With Brake	
	3M	5M	3M	5M
Connector	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1003	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1005	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1103	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1105
	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1003	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1005	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1003	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1005
Power Connector ASD-CAPW1000				
Encoder Connector ASD-CAEN1000				

**750W Servo Drive and 750W Low Inertia Servo Motor**

Servo Drive	ASD-A0721-AB			
Low inertia Servo Motor	ECMA-C30807□S			
Cable	Without Brake		With Brake	
	3M	5M	3M	5M
Connector	Motor Power Cable ASD-ABPW0003	Motor Power Cable ASD-ABPW0005	Motor Power Cable ASD-ABPW0103	Motor Power Cable ASD-ABPW0105
	Encoder Cable ASD-ABEN0003	Encoder Cable ASD-ABEN0005	Encoder Cable ASD-ABEN0003	Encoder Cable ASD-ABEN0005
Power Connector ASDBCAPW0000		Power Connector ASDBCAPW0100		
Encoder Connector ASD-ABEN0000				

**Appendix A Accessories | ASDA-AB Series****750W Servo Drive and 600W High Inertia Servo Motor**

Servo Drive	ASD-A0721-AB			
High inertia Servo Motor	ECMA-G31306□S			
Cable	Without Brake		With Brake	
	3M	5M	3M	5M
Connector	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1003	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1005	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1103	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1105
	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1003	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1005	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1003	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1005
Power Connector ASD-CAPW1000				
Encoder Connector ASD-CAEN1000				

**1kW Servo Drive and 1kW Low Inertia Servo Motor**

Servo Drive	ASD-A1021-AB			
Low inertia Servo Motor	ECMA-C31010□S			
Cable	Without Brake		With Brake	
	3M	5M	3M	5M
Connector	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1003	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1005	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1103	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1105
	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1003	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1005	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1003	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1005
Power Connector ASD-CAPW1000				
Encoder Connector ASD-CAEN1000				

**1kW Servo Drive and 1kW Medium Inertia Servo Motor**

Servo Drive	ASD-A1021-AB			
Medium inertia Servo Motor	ECMA-E31310□S			
Cable	Without Brake		With Brake	
	3M	5M	3M	5M
Connector	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1003	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1005	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1103	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1105
	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1003	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1005	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1003	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1005
Power Connector ASD-CAPW1000				
Encoder Connector ASD-CAEN1000				

**Appendix A Accessories | ASDA-AB Series****1kW Servo Drive and 900W High Inertia Servo Motor**

Servo Drive	ASD-A1021-AB			
High inertia Servo Motor	ECMA-G31309□S			
Cable	Without Brake		With Brake	
	3M	5M	3M	5M
Connector	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1003	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1005	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1103	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1105
	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1003	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1005	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1003	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1005
Connector	Power Connector ASD-CAPW1000			
	Encoder Connector ASD-CAEN1000			

**1.5kW Servo Drive and 1.5kW Medium Inertia Servo Motor**

Servo Drive	ASD-A1521-AB			
Medium inertia Servo Motor	ECMA-E31315□S			
Cable	Without Brake		With Brake	
	3M	5M	3M	5M
Connector	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1003	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1005	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1103	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1105
	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1003	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1005	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1003	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1005
Connector	Power Connector ASD-CAPW1000			
	Encoder Connector ASD-CAEN1000			

**2kW Servo Drive and 2kW Low Inertia Servo Motor**

Servo Drive	ASD-A2023-AB			
Low inertia Servo Motor	ECMA-C31020□S			
Cable	Without Brake		With Brake	
	3M	5M	3M	5M
Connector	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1203	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1205	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1303	Motor Power Cable ASD-CAPW1305
	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1003	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1005	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1003	Encoder Cable ASD-CAEN1005
Connector	Power Connector ASD-CAPW1000			
	Encoder Connector ASD-CAEN1000			

**Appendix A Accessories | ASDA-AB Series****2kW Servo Drive and 2kW Medium Inertia Servo Motor**

Servo Drive	ASD-A2023-AB			
Medium inertia Servo Motor	ECMA-E31320□S			
Cable	Without Brake		With Brake	
	3M	5M	3M	5M
Connector	Power Connector ASD-CAPW1000			
	Encoder Connector ASD-CAEN1000			
Medium inertia Servo Motor	ECMA-E31820□S			
Cable	Without Brake		With Brake	
	3M	5M	3M	5M
Connector	Power Connector ASD-CAPW2000			
	Encoder Connector ASD-CAEN1000			

**3kW Servo Drive and 3kW Medium Inertia Servo Motor**

Servo Drive	ASD-A3023-AB			
Medium inertia Servo Motor	ECMA-E31830□S			
Cable	Without Brake		With Brake	
	3M	5M	3M	5M
Connector	Power Connector ASD-CAPW2000			
	Encoder Connector ASD-CAEN1000			

**Appendix A Accessories | ASDA-AB Series****Other Accessories**

Other Accessories (for ASDA-AB series all models)	
Description	Delta Part Number
50Pin I/O signal connector (CN1)	ASD-CNSC0050
Communication cable, for PC, connecting a ASDA-AB servo drive to a PC	ASD-CARS0003
Terminal Block Module	ASD-BM-50A