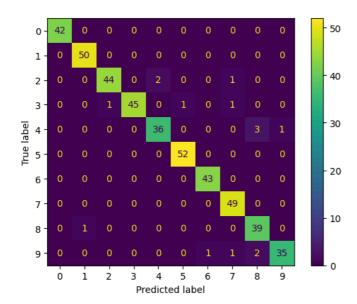
```
%matplotlib inline
#Modified by Mehul Motani from SKLearn
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import datasets, metrics
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn import svm, linear_model
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
import time
#plot the digits to find the hardest recognition one
digits = datasets.load_digits()
#digits.data flattened image
#digits.image 8x8 image
#digits.target label
print("digits.data.shape,digits.target.shape,digits.images.shape")
print(digits.data.shape,digits.target.shape,digits.images.shape)
, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=1, ncols=10, figsize=(15, 3))
for ax, image, label in zip(axes, digits.images, digits.target):
    ax.set_axis_off()
    ax.imshow(image, cmap=plt.cm.gray_r, interpolation="nearest")
    ax.set_title("Training: %i" % label)
→ digits.data.shape,digits.target.shape,digits.images.shape
     (1797, 64) (1797,) (1797, 8, 8)
      Training: 0
                                Training: 2
                   Training: 1
                                              Training: 3
                                                            Training: 4
                                                                         Training: 5
                                                                                      Training: 6
                                                                                                    Training: 7
                                                                                                                 Training: 8
                                                                                                                               Training: 9
svc = svm.SVC()
lr = linear_model.LogisticRegression(max_iter=5000)
gnb = GaussianNB()
# Split the data into 75% training and 25% test sets
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    digits.data, digits.target, test_size=0.25, random_state=2, shuffle=True)
# Normalize the data set
sc = StandardScaler()
sc.fit(x_train)
X_train = sc.transform(x_train)
X_test = sc.transform(x_test)
# Classify
for clf in [svc, lr, gnb]:
 y_pred=clf.fit(X_train, y_train).predict(X_test)
 print(metrics.accuracy_score(y_pred,y_test),clf)
 disp = metrics.ConfusionMatrixDisplay.from_predictions(y_test, y_pred)
 disp.figure_.suptitle("Confusion Matrix")
 print(f"Confusion matrix:\n{disp.confusion_matrix}")
 plt.show()
  _, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=1, ncols=10, figsize=(15, 3))
 for ax, image, prediction in zip(axes, X_test, y_pred):
   ax.set_axis_off()
   image = image.reshape(8, 8)
    ax.imshow(image, cmap=plt.cm.gray_r, interpolation="nearest")
   ax.set_title(f"Prediction: {prediction}")
 plt.show()
 print(
   f"Classification report for classifier {clf}:\n"
```

```
→ 0.96666666666667 SVC()
    Confusion matrix:
    [[42 0 0 0 0
    [ 0 50 0 0
                0
                   0
                      0
                        0
                              0]
    [ 0
        0 44
             0
                2
                   0
                     0
                        1
                             0]
                0
      0
         0
           1 45
                   1
                     0
                        1
                           0
                             0]
      0
              0 36
                   0
           0
                        0
         0
                     0
                             1]
      0
                0 52
                        0 0 0]
         0
           0
              0
                     0
      0
         0
           0
              0
                0
                   0 43
                       0
                           0
                             0]
      0
         0
           0
              0
                0
                   0
                     0 49 0 0]
      0
         1
           0
              0
                0
                   0
                     0
                        0 39
              0 0
                  0
```

Confusion Matrix



Prediction: 4 Prediction: 0 Prediction: 9 Prediction: 1 Prediction: 8 Prediction: 7 Prediction: 1 Prediction: 5 Prediction: 1 Prediction: 6

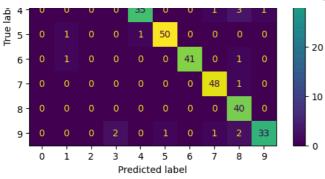
Classification report for classifier SVC(): precision recall f1-score

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	42
1	0.98	1.00	0.99	50
2	0.98	0.94	0.96	47
3	1.00	0.94	0.97	48
4	0.95	0.90	0.92	40
5	0.98	1.00	0.99	52
6	0.98	1.00	0.99	43
7	0.94	1.00	0.97	49
8	0.89	0.97	0.93	40
9	0.97	0.90	0.93	39
accuracy			0.97	450
macro avg	0.97	0.96	0.96	450
weighted avg	0.97	0.97	0.97	450

Confusion matrix:										
[[4	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0]
[0	46	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1]
[0	0	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0]
[0	0	1	43	0	2	0	1	1	0]
[0	0	0	0	35	0	0	1	3	1]
[0	1	0	0	1	50	0	0	0	0]
[0	1	0	0	0	0	41	0	1	0]
[0	0	0	0	0	0	0	48	1	0]
[0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	0]
Γ	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	2	3311

Confusion Matrix





Prediction: 4 Prediction: 0 Prediction: 9 Prediction: 1 Prediction: 8 Prediction: 7 Prediction: 1 Prediction: 5 Prediction: 1 Prediction: 6

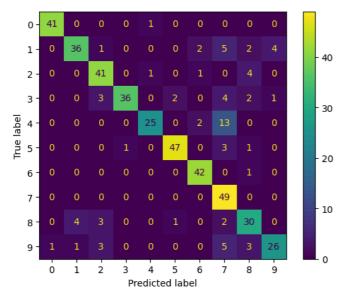
Classification report for classifier LogisticRegression(max_iter=5000):

	precision	recall	†1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	42
0				
1	0.96	0.92	0.94	50
2	0.98	1.00	0.99	47
3	0.96	0.90	0.92	48
4	0.97	0.88	0.92	40
5	0.94	0.96	0.95	52
6	0.98	0.95	0.96	43
7	0.94	0.98	0.96	49
8	0.80	1.00	0.89	40
9	0.94	0.85	0.89	39
accuracy			0.94	450
macro avg	0.95	0.94	0.94	450
weighted avg	0.95	0.94	0.94	450

0.8288888888888889 GaussianNB()

Confusion matrix: [[41 0 0 0 1 0 [0 36 1 0 0 0 2 5 2 41 0 0 41 0 1 0 1 0 0] 0 0 0 3 36 2 0 4 2 1] 0 0 0 0 25 0 2 13 0] 0 0 0 1 0 47 0 3 0] 0 0 0 0 0 0 42 0 0] 0 0 0 0 0 0 49 0 0] 0 3 0 0 1 0 2 30 0] 3 0 0 0 0 5 3 26]]

Confusion Matrix



Prediction: 4 Prediction: 0 Prediction: 9 Prediction: 1 Prediction: 7 Prediction: 7 Prediction: 7 Prediction: 1 Prediction: 5 Prediction: 1 Prediction: 6

Classification report for classifier GaussianNB(): precision recall f1-score support

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```
0.88
                             0.72
                                       0.79
                                                    50
                                       0.84
                                                    47
                   0.80
                             0.87
           3
                   0.97
                             0.75
                                       0.85
                                                    48
           4
                                       0.75
                                                    40
                   0.93
                             0.62
           5
                   0.94
                             0.90
                                       0.92
                                                    52
                             0.98
                   0.89
                                       0.93
           6
                                                    43
                                       0.75
                   0.60
                             1.00
                                                    49
           8
                   0.70
                             0.75
                                                    40
                                       0.72
           9
                   0.84
                             0.67
                                       0.74
                                                   39
                                       0.83
                                                   450
   accuracy
  macro avg
                   0.85
                             0.82
                                       0.83
                                                   450
                   0.85
                             0.83
                                       0.83
                                                   450
weighted avg
```

```
monte=150
Accuracy=np.zeros([monte,3])
for i in range(1,monte):
    # Split the data into 75% training and 25% test sets
    x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    digits.data, digits.target, test_size=0.25, random_state=2, shuffle=True)
    # Normalize the data set
    sc = StandardScaler()
    sc.fit(x_train)
    X_train = sc.transform(x_train)
    X_test = sc.transform(x_test)
    for clf in [svc, lr, gnb]:
      y\_pred=clf.fit(X\_train, \ y\_train).predict(X\_test)
      Accuracy[i,k]=metrics.accuracy_score(y_pred,y_test)
avg_SVC=np.mean(Accuracy[:,0])
avg LoR=np.mean(Accuracy[:,1])
avg_GNB=np.mean(Accuracy[:,2])
print("cycle%d"%monte+"times with average accuracy in SVC:%f"%avg_SVC+
      " LogisticRegression:%f"%avg_LoR+" Gaussion:%f"%avg_GNB)
```

🕁 cycle150times with average accuracy in SVC:0.960222 LogisticRegression:0.938148 Gaussion:0.823363