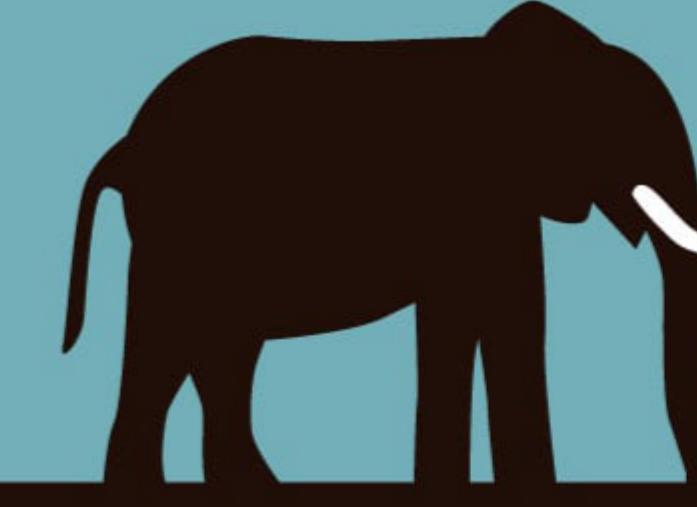


Receptor type	Description	Location
Free nerve endings	C - slow, unmyelinated A8 - fast, myelinated	All skin
Méressner's corpuscles	Large, myelinated Adapt quickly	Giant fibers
Pacinian corpuscles	Large, myelinated Deep fibers	Ligamentous tissue
Merkel's discs	Large, myelinated fibers, adapt slow	Hair follicles



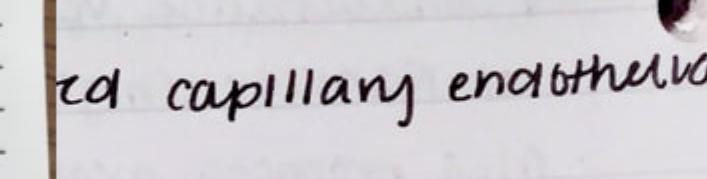
Peripheral Nerve

Epineurium: p connective (fascicles & BVS)

How good is your English?

- Many people feel the harder words are the longer ones: effervescent, uninhabitable, disenfranchisement.
- However, in my opinion the little ones are trickier! Big words usually very specific, whereas small words have many meanings.
- To show my point, all of these slides show three pictures. Each of the pictures represents ONE word.
- See if you can figure out what the pictures have in common.

Multiple causes can have only one effect



A writer might use cause and effect to explain how or why historical or scientific events happened.

Summary: Cause and effect is a type of text structure that shows how one event or idea made another one happen. A writer might choose to use this if they are trying to show the relationship between events or ideas.

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