BT2103_Group_3_Jupyter_Notebook

April 13, 2023

1 Introduction

This dataset is taken from https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/uciml/default-of-credit-card-clients-dataset and it contains information on 30,000 credit card holders from a bank in Taiwan. Each credit card holder is described by 23 feature attributes as outlined below.

1.1 Data Modelling Problem

We aim to predict whether a credit card holder will be defauting his payment in the next month.

1.2 Feature Descriptions

Client info

- ID: ID of each client
- LIMIT_BAL: Amount of given credit in NT dollars (includes individual and family/supplementary credit)
- SEX: Gender (1=male, 2=female)
- EDUCATION: (1=graduate school, 2=university, 3=high school, 4=others, 5=unknown, 6=unknown)
- MARRIAGE: Marital status (1=married, 2=single, 3=others)
- AGE: Age in years

Payment (-2 = No consumption; -1 = Paid in full; 0 = The use of revolving credit (Customer paid amount due, but not all); 1 = payment delay for one month; 2 = payment delay for two months;...; 8 = payment delay for eight months; 9 = payment delay for nine months and above.) https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/uciml/default-of-credit-card-clients-dataset/discussion/34608

- PAY 0: Repayment status in September, 2005
- PAY_2: Repayment status in August, 2005 (scale same as above)
- PAY 3: Repayment status in July, 2005 (scale same as above)
- PAY 4: Repayment status in June, 2005 (scale same as above)
- PAY_5: Repayment status in May, 2005 (scale same as above)
- PAY 6: Repayment status in April, 2005 (scale same as above)

Bill Statement (Possible to have negative values -> Overpayment)

- BILL_AMT1: Amount of bill statement in September, 2005 (NT dollar)
- BILL_AMT2: Amount of bill statement in August, 2005 (NT dollar)
- BILL AMT3: Amount of bill statement in July, 2005 (NT dollar)
- BILL_AMT4: Amount of bill statement in June, 2005 (NT dollar)

- BILL_AMT5: Amount of bill statement in May, 2005 (NT dollar)
- BILL_AMT6: Amount of bill statement in April, 2005 (NT dollar)

Previous Payment

- PAY_AMT1: Amount of previous payment in September, 2005 (NT dollar)
- PAY AMT2: Amount of previous payment in August, 2005 (NT dollar)
- PAY AMT3: Amount of previous payment in July, 2005 (NT dollar)
- PAY AMT4: Amount of previous payment in June, 2005 (NT dollar)
- PAY AMT5: Amount of previous payment in May, 2005 (NT dollar)
- PAY_AMT6: Amount of previous payment in April, 2005 (NT dollar)

Target Variable

• default.payment.next.month: Default payment (1=yes, 0=no)

2 Importing Libraries

```
[1]: import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import seaborn as sns
     from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression, LinearRegression
     from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score, precision_score,
      Grecall_score, roc_auc_score, classification_report, roc_curve
     from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV, train_test_split
     from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, MinMaxScaler
     from sklearn.svm import SVC
     from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier, GradientBoostingClassifier
     from sklearn.feature selection import chi2, SelectKBest
     from mlxtend.feature_selection import SequentialFeatureSelector as sfs
     import tensorflow as tf
     from scikeras.wrappers import KerasClassifier
     from xgboost import XGBClassifier
     from imblearn.over_sampling import SMOTE
```

3 Exploratory Data Analysis

```
[2]: data = pd.read_csv("./card.csv", index_col=0, header=1)
    data.head()
```

[2]:		LIMIT_	BAL	SEX EDUC	CATION MA	ARRIAGE	AGE	PAY_0	PAY_2	PAY_3	PAY_4	\	
I	ΙD												
1	L	20	000	2	2	1	24	2	2	-1	-1		
2	2	120	000	2	2	2	26	-1	2	0	0		
3	3	90	000	2	2	2	34	0	0	0	0		
4	1	50	000	2	2	1	37	0	0	0	0		
5	5	50	000	1	2	1	57	-1	0	-1	0		
		PAY_5		BILL_AMT4	BILL_AM	Γ5 BILL	_AMT6	PAY_A	MT1 P	AY_AMT2	PAY_AM	ГЗ	\
I	ΙD												
1	L	-2		0		0	0		0	689		0	
2	2	0		3272	34	55	3261		0	1000	100	00	
3	3	0		14331	1494	48	15549	1	518	1500	100	00	
4	1	0		28314	289	59	29547	2	000	2019	120	00	
5	5	0		20940	1914	46	19131	2	000	36681	1000	00	
		PAY_AM	T4	PAY_AMT5	PAY_AMT6	defaul	t pay	ment ne	xt mont	h			
I	ΙD												
1	L		0	0	0					1			
2	2	10	00	0	2000					1			
3	3	10	00	1000	5000					0			
4	1	11	00	1069	1000					0			
5	5	90	00	689	679					0			

[5 rows x 24 columns]

[3]: data.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 30000 entries, 1 to 30000
Data columns (total 24 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	LIMIT_BAL	30000 non-null	int64
1	SEX	30000 non-null	int64
2	EDUCATION	30000 non-null	int64
3	MARRIAGE	30000 non-null	int64
4	AGE	30000 non-null	int64
5	PAY_O	30000 non-null	int64
6	PAY_2	30000 non-null	int64
7	PAY_3	30000 non-null	int64
8	PAY_4	30000 non-null	int64
9	PAY_5	30000 non-null	int64
10	PAY_6	30000 non-null	int64
11	BILL_AMT1	30000 non-null	int64
12	BILL_AMT2	30000 non-null	int64
13	BILL_AMT3	30000 non-null	int64
14	BILL_AMT4	30000 non-null	int64

```
15 BILL_AMT5
                              30000 non-null int64
16 BILL_AMT6
                              30000 non-null int64
17 PAY_AMT1
                              30000 non-null int64
18 PAY_AMT2
                              30000 non-null int64
19 PAY_AMT3
                              30000 non-null int64
20 PAY_AMT4
                              30000 non-null int64
21 PAY_AMT5
                              30000 non-null int64
22 PAY_AMT6
                              30000 non-null int64
23 default payment next month 30000 non-null int64
```

dtypes: int64(24) memory usage: 5.7 MB

[4]: data.describe()

[4]:		LIMIT_BA	L SEX	EDUCATION	MARRIAGE	E AGE	. \
	count	30000.00000	0 30000.000000	30000.000000	30000.000000	30000.000000)
	mean	167484.32266	7 1.603733	1.853133	1.551867	35.485500)
	std	129747.66156	7 0.489129	0.790349	0.521970	9.217904	Ŀ
	min	10000.00000	0 1.000000	0.00000	0.000000	21.000000)
	25%	50000.00000	0 1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	28.000000)
	50%	140000.00000	0 2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	34.000000)
	75%	240000.00000	0 2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	41.000000)
	max	1000000.00000	0 2.000000	6.00000	3.000000	79.000000)
		PAY_0	PAY_2	PAY_3	PAY_4	PAY_5	\
	count	30000.000000	30000.000000	30000.000000		30000.000000	
	mean	-0.016700	-0.133767	-0.166200	-0.220667	-0.266200	
	std	1.123802	1.197186	1.196868	1.169139	1.133187	
	min	-2.000000	-2.000000	-2.000000	-2.000000	-2.000000	
	25%	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	-1.000000	
	50%	0.000000	0.000000	0.00000	0.000000	0.000000	
	75%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
	max	8.000000	8.000000	8.000000	8.000000	8.000000	
		BILL_A	_	_		_AMT1 \	
	count	30000.000					
	mean	43262.948					
	std	64332.856					
	min	170000.000		0000 -339603.00		000000	
	25%	2326.750					
	50%	19052.000	000 18104.500			00000	
	75%	 54506.000	000 50190.500	0000 49198.25	50000 5006.0	00000	
	max	891586.000	000 927171.000	961664.00	0000 873552.0	00000	
		PAY_AMT2	PAY_AMT3	PAY_AMT4	PAY_AMT5		
	count	3.000000e+04	30000.00000	30000.000000	30000.000000		
	mean	5.921163e+03	5225.68150	4826.076867	4799.387633	,	

```
2.304087e+04
                       17606.96147
                                      15666.159744
                                                     15278.305679
std
       0.00000e+00
                           0.00000
                                          0.000000
                                                          0.00000
min
25%
       8.330000e+02
                         390.00000
                                        296.000000
                                                        252.500000
50%
       2.009000e+03
                        1800.00000
                                       1500.000000
                                                       1500.000000
75%
       5.000000e+03
                        4505.00000
                                       4013.250000
                                                       4031.500000
       1.684259e+06
                      896040.00000
                                     621000.000000
                                                    426529.000000
max
            PAY_AMT6
                       default payment next month
        30000.000000
                                      30000.000000
count
         5215.502567
                                          0.221200
mean
std
        17777.465775
                                          0.415062
            0.000000
                                          0.000000
min
25%
          117.750000
                                          0.000000
50%
         1500.000000
                                          0.000000
75%
         4000.000000
                                          0.000000
       528666.000000
max
                                          1.000000
```

[8 rows x 24 columns]

From the output above, we observe that there are no missing data entries in the dataset, however, there are potential outliers that will have to be cleaned later on.

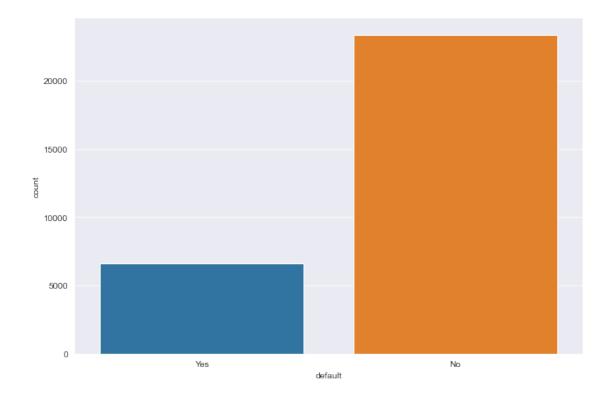
```
[5]: ## Renaming Target Variable Column
data.rename(columns={"default payment next month": "default"}, inplace=True)
```

```
[6]: ## Renaming "PAY_0" to "PAY_1" for consistency data.rename(columns={"PAY_0" : "PAY_1"}, inplace=True)
```

3.1 Analysis of the Target Variable (Default)

```
[7]: default = data[["default"]]
  default = default.replace({1:"Yes", 0:"No"})
  sns.catplot(data=default, x="default", height=6, aspect=1.5, kind="count")
```

[7]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x298abda30>

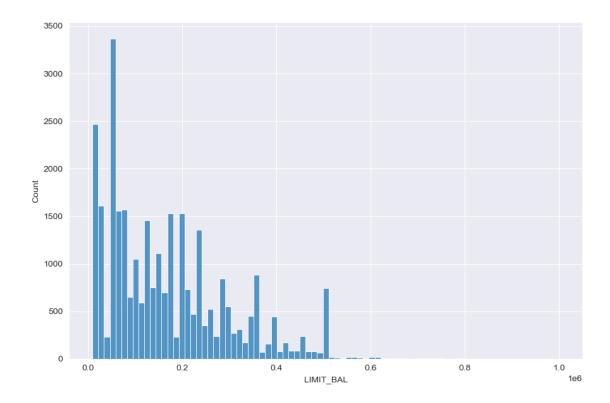


We observe that the number of defaulters is significantly lesser than the amount of non defaulters in the given dataset

3.2 Analysis of amount of given credit (LIMIT_BAL)

```
[8]: sns.displot(data=data, x="LIMIT_BAL", height=6, aspect=1.5)
```

[8]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x298f9b520>



The amount of credit given to card-holders is not normally distributed. It is right skewed.

3.3 Analysis on SEX

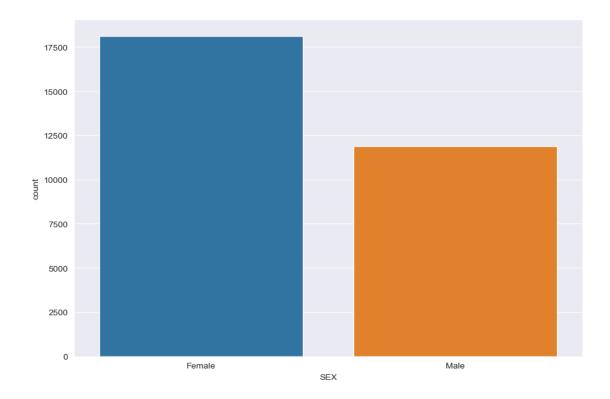
```
[9]: sex = data["SEX"].replace({1:"Male", 2:"Female"})
    sex.value_counts()

[9]: Female    18112
    Male     11888
    Name: SEX, dtype: int64

[10]: sex = sex.reset_index()

[11]: sns.catplot(data=sex, x="SEX", kind="count", height=6, aspect=1.5)

[11]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x298eda850>
```



```
[12]: # convert the "SEX" column to map O=male, 1=female instead of 1=male, 2=female data["SEX"] = data["SEX"] - 1 data["SEX"].value_counts()
```

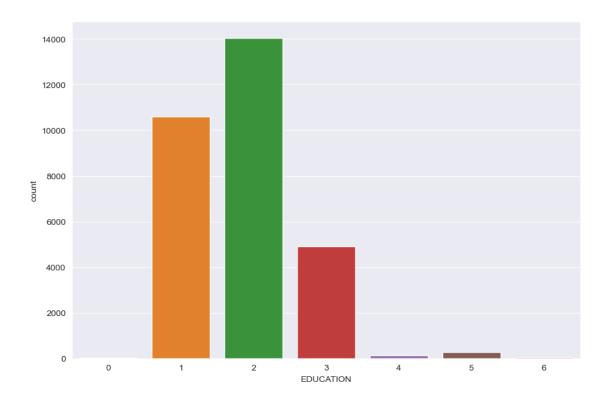
[12]: 1 18112 0 11888

Name: SEX, dtype: int64

3.4 Analysis on Education

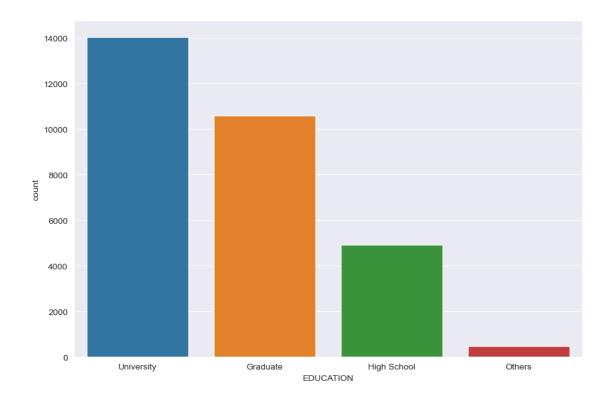
```
[13]: sns.catplot(data=data, kind="count", x="EDUCATION", height=6, aspect=1.5)
```

[13]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x299190e50>



```
[14]: # We observe additional EDUCATION categories (0, 5, 6)
      # We will convert them to others (4)
      data["EDUCATION"] = data["EDUCATION"].replace({0:4, 5:4, 6:4})
      data['EDUCATION'].value_counts()
[14]: 2
           14030
      1
           10585
      3
            4917
      4
             468
      Name: EDUCATION, dtype: int64
[15]: education = data[["EDUCATION"]].replace({1:"Graduate", 2:"University", 3:"High_
       ⇔School", 4:"Others"})
     sns.catplot(data=education, kind="count", x="EDUCATION", height=6, aspect=1.5)
```

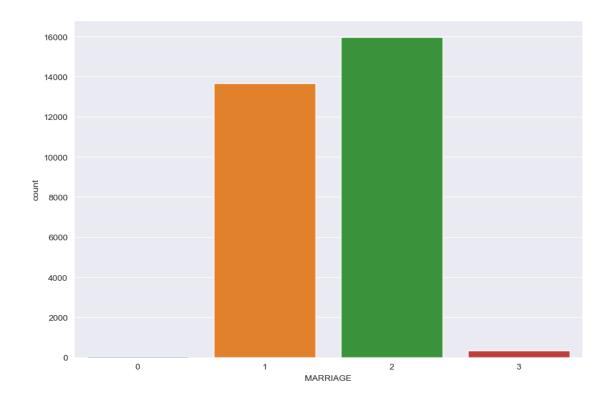
[15]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x2991bad30>



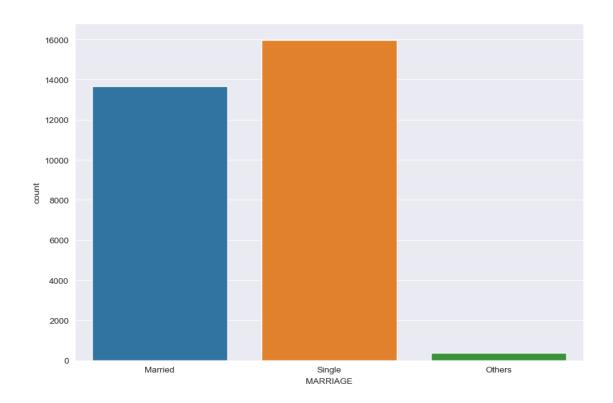
3.5 Analysis of Marriage

[16]: sns.catplot(data=data, kind="count", x="MARRIAGE", height=6, aspect=1.5)

[16]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x2992b15b0>



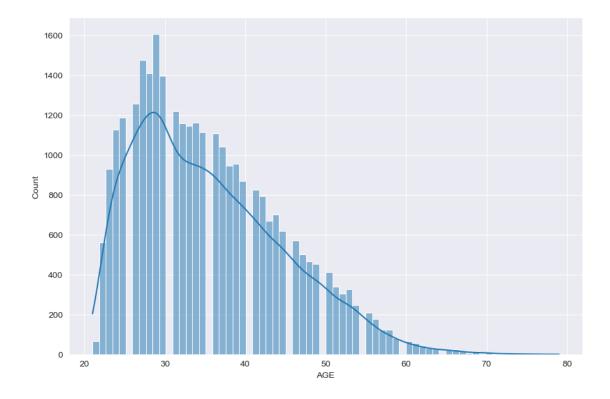
[18]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x299258790>



3.6 Analysis of Age

```
[19]: data["AGE"].describe()
[19]: count
               30000.000000
                  35.485500
     mean
                   9.217904
      std
     \min
                  21.000000
      25%
                  28.000000
      50%
                  34.000000
      75%
                  41.000000
     max
                  79.000000
     Name: AGE, dtype: float64
[20]: # Age distribution looks approximately normally distributed
      sns.displot(data = data, x = "AGE", height=6, aspect=1.5, kde=True)
```

[20]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x2992c6850>

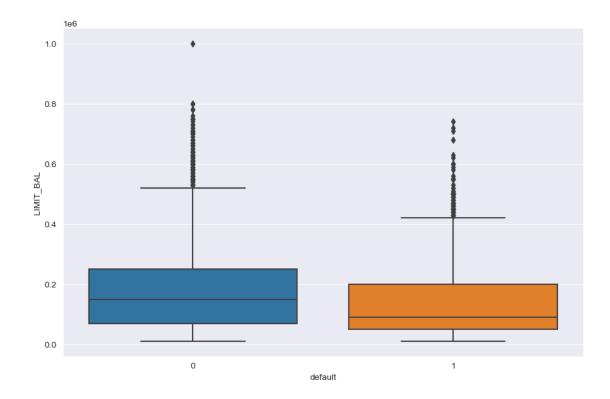


3.7 Investigating relationship between Limit Balance and Default

```
[21]: sns.catplot(data=data, x="default", y="LIMIT_BAL", kind="box", height=6,⊔

→aspect=1.5)
```

[21]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x154180e20>

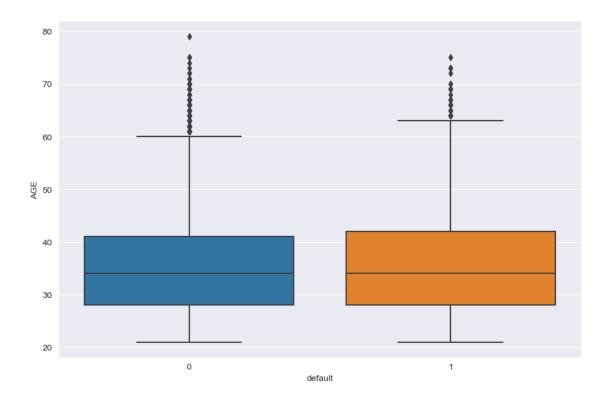


We had expected defaulters to have been given a higher credit, but the boxplot does not seem to show such a relationship

3.8 Investigating relationship between AGE and Default

```
[22]: sns.catplot(data=data, y="AGE", x="default", kind="box", height=6, aspect=1.5)
```

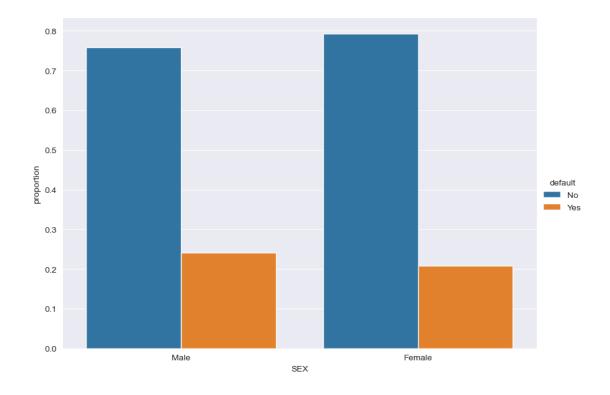
[22]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x299224cd0>



Whether a person defaults on his payment or not does not seem to be influenced by a person's age

3.9 Investigating relationship between Sex and Defaults

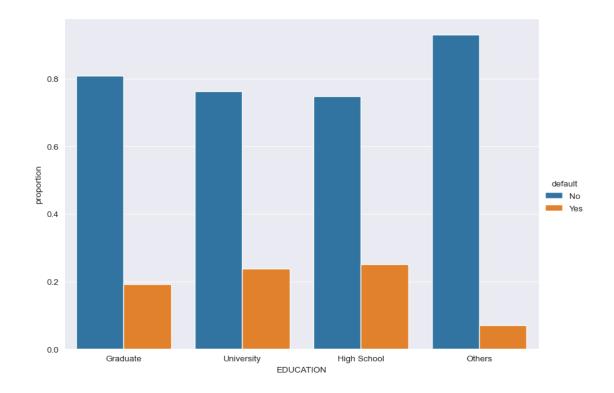
[23]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x299190d00>



It would appear from the barplot, that a larger proportion of males (1) default as compared to females (2).

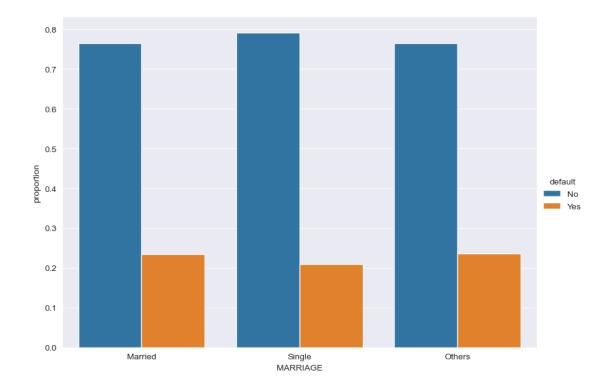
3.10 Investigating relationship between Education and Default

[24]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x29cdf7340>



From the proportion barplot as shown above, there is a higher proportion of people who are defaulting if their education levels is 2 (university), 3 (high school), compared to those who have education levels of 1 (graduate school) or 4 (others).

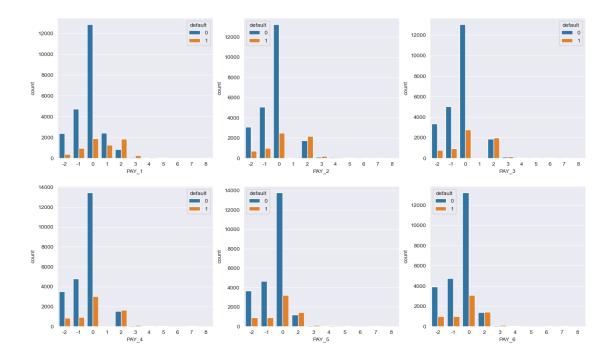
3.11 Investigating relationship between Marital Status and Default



From the proportion barplots as shown above, it would seem that people who are married (1) are more likely to default on their payments as compared to those who are single.

3.12 Analysis on Repayment Status for 6 months, from April - September 2005

```
[26]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows = 2, ncols = 3, figsize = (17, 10))
sns.countplot(x = "PAY_1", hue = "default", data = data, ax = ax[0, 0])
sns.countplot(x = "PAY_2", hue = "default", data = data, ax = ax[0, 1])
sns.countplot(x = "PAY_3", hue = "default", data = data, ax = ax[0, 2])
sns.countplot(x = "PAY_4", hue = "default", data = data, ax = ax[1, 0])
sns.countplot(x = "PAY_5", hue = "default", data = data, ax = ax[1, 1])
sns.countplot(x = "PAY_6", hue = "default", data = data, ax = ax[1, 2])
plt.show()
```



Majority of non-defaulters pay on time indicated by the 0 value. However, we can observe that those who pay late are more likely to be defaulters (orange bar is larger than blue bar). As such, we will merge payments that are 1, 2 ... 8 as late, indicated by 1, and payments that are on time, -2, -1, 0, as on time, indicated by 0.

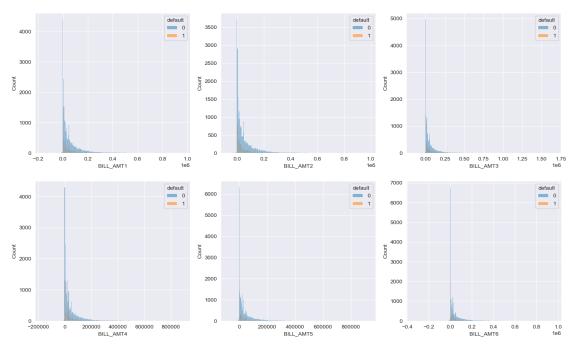
```
[27]: columns = ["PAY_1","PAY_2","PAY_3","PAY_4","PAY_5","PAY_6"]
      for column in columns:
           data[column] = data[column].apply(lambda x: 0 if x <= 0 else 1)</pre>
      data.head()
[27]:
                                                                 PAY_2 PAY_3
           LIMIT_BAL
                       SEX
                             EDUCATION
                                         MARRIAGE
                                                    AGE
                                                         PAY_1
      ID
      1
               20000
                         1
                                      2
                                                 1
                                                     24
                                                              1
                                                                      1
                                                                              0
                                                                                      0
              120000
                                      2
      2
                         1
                                                 2
                                                     26
                                                              0
                                                                      1
                                                                              0
                                                                                      0
      3
               90000
                         1
                                      2
                                                 2
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                              0
                                                                                      0
                                                     34
                                      2
      4
               50000
                         1
                                                 1
                                                     37
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                              0
                                                                                      0
                                      2
      5
               50000
                                                 1
                                                     57
                                                              0
                                                                                      0
           PAY_5
                      BILL_AMT4
                                  BILL_AMT5
                                              BILL_AMT6
                                                          PAY_AMT1
                                                                      PAY_AMT2
                                                                                 PAY_AMT3
      ID
      1
               0
                               0
                                           0
                                                       0
                                                                   0
                                                                            689
                                                                                         0
      2
                            3272
                                        3455
                                                    3261
                                                                   0
                                                                           1000
                                                                                      1000
               0
      3
               0
                           14331
                                       14948
                                                   15549
                                                               1518
                                                                           1500
                                                                                      1000
                                                                          2019
      4
               0
                           28314
                                       28959
                                                   29547
                                                               2000
                                                                                      1200
```

5	0	20940	1914	6 19131	2000	36681	10000
	PAY_AMT4	PAY_AMT5	PAY_AMT6	default			
ID							
1	0	0	0	1			
2	1000	0	2000	1			
3	1000	1000	5000	0			
4	1100	1069	1000	0			
5	9000	689	679	0			

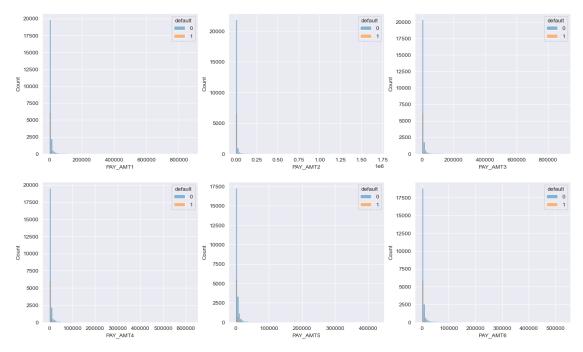
[5 rows x 24 columns]

3.13 Comparing Distributions of Amounts of Bill Statements for 6 months, from April - September 2005, between defaulters and non-defaulters

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows = 2, ncols = 3, figsize = (17, 10))
sns.histplot(x = "BILL_AMT1", hue = "default", data = data, ax = ax[0, 0])
sns.histplot(x = "BILL_AMT2", hue = "default", data = data, ax = ax[0, 1])
sns.histplot(x = "BILL_AMT3", hue = "default", data = data, ax = ax[0, 2])
sns.histplot(x = "BILL_AMT4", hue = "default", data = data, ax = ax[1, 0])
sns.histplot(x = "BILL_AMT5", hue = "default", data = data, ax = ax[1, 1])
sns.histplot(x = "BILL_AMT6", hue = "default", data = data, ax = ax[1, 2])
plt.show()
```



3.14 Comparing Amount of Previous Payments for 6 months, from April - September 2005, between defaulters and non-defaulters



4 Data Pre-Processing

4.1 One Hot Encoding

```
[30]: # Get dummy variables for Education and Marriage (since they have more than 2
       ⇔categories)
      data = pd.get dummies(data, columns = ["EDUCATION", "MARRIAGE"])
      data.head()
[30]:
          LIMIT_BAL SEX
                          AGE PAY_1 PAY_2 PAY_3 PAY_4 PAY_5 PAY_6 BILL_AMT1 \
      ID
      1
              20000
                            24
                                     1
                                                           0
                                                                          0
                                            1
                                                                                  3913
      2
             120000
                        1
                            26
                                            1
                                                   0
                                                           0
                                                                  0
                                                                          1
                                                                                  2682
      3
              90000
                            34
                                     0
                                            0
                                                           0
                                                                                 29239
                        1
                                                   0
                                                                  0
                                                                          0
      4
              50000
                        1
                            37
                                    0
                                            0
                                                   0
                                                           0
                                                                  0
                                                                          0
                                                                                 46990
      5
              50000
                            57
                                    0
                                            0
                                                   0
                                                           0
                                                                  0
                                                                          0
                                                                                  8617
             PAY_AMT5 PAY_AMT6 default EDUCATION_1 EDUCATION_2 EDUCATION_3 \
      ID
                     0
                               0
                                         1
                                                       0
                                                                                  0
      1
      2
                            2000
                                         1
                                                       0
                                                                                  0
                     0
                  1000
                            5000
                                         0
                                                       0
                                                                                  0
      3
                                                                     1
      4
                  1069
                            1000
                                         0
                                                       0
                                                                     1
                                                                                  0
      5
                   689
                             679
                                         0
                                                       0
                                                                                  0
          EDUCATION_4 MARRIAGE_1 MARRIAGE_2 MARRIAGE_3
      ID
      1
                     0
                                 1
                                              0
                                                           0
      2
                     0
                                 0
                                                           0
                                              1
      3
                     0
                                 0
                                              1
                                                           0
      4
                     0
                                 1
                                              0
                                                           0
      5
                     0
                                              0
                                                           0
```

[5 rows x 29 columns]

4.2 Feature scaling

```
[31]: # Scale dataset to be between [0, 1] as range of each variable varies a lot.

Min-max scaler being used.

scaler = MinMaxScaler()

scaled_data = scaler.fit_transform(data)

col_names = data.columns.tolist()

data = pd.DataFrame(scaled_data, columns = col_names)

data.head()
```

```
[31]: LIMIT_BAL SEX AGE PAY_1 PAY_2 PAY_3 PAY_4 PAY_5 PAY_6 \
0 0.010101 1.0 0.051724 1.0 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
```

```
0.111111 1.0 0.086207
                                0.0
                                        1.0
                                               0.0
                                                       0.0
                                                              0.0
                                                                      1.0
1
                                                       0.0
                                                              0.0
                                                                      0.0
2
    0.080808
             1.0 0.224138
                                0.0
                                        0.0
                                               0.0
3
    0.040404
              1.0 0.275862
                                0.0
                                        0.0
                                               0.0
                                                       0.0
                                                              0.0
                                                                      0.0
    0.040404 0.0 0.620690
                                0.0
                                        0.0
                                               0.0
                                                       0.0
                                                              0.0
                                                                      0.0
   BILL_AMT1
              ... PAY_AMT5
                            PAY_AMT6
                                       default
                                                EDUCATION_1
                                                              EDUCATION_2
    0.149982
                 0.000000
                            0.000000
                                           1.0
                                                         0.0
0
                                                                       1.0
                                                         0.0
1
    0.148892 ...
                 0.000000
                            0.003783
                                           1.0
                                                                       1.0
2
    0.172392 ...
                 0.002345
                                                         0.0
                                                                       1.0
                            0.009458
                                           0.0
    0.188100 ...
                  0.002506
                                           0.0
                                                         0.0
                                                                       1.0
3
                            0.001892
    0.154144 ...
                 0.001615 0.001284
                                           0.0
                                                         0.0
                                                                       1.0
   EDUCATION_3 EDUCATION_4 MARRIAGE_1
                                           MARRIAGE 2
                                                        MARRIAGE 3
0
           0.0
                         0.0
                                      1.0
                                                   0.0
                                                               0.0
           0.0
                         0.0
                                      0.0
                                                               0.0
1
                                                   1.0
                                                               0.0
2
           0.0
                         0.0
                                      0.0
                                                   1.0
3
           0.0
                         0.0
                                      1.0
                                                   0.0
                                                               0.0
4
           0.0
                         0.0
                                      1.0
                                                   0.0
                                                               0.0
```

[5 rows x 29 columns]

```
[32]: y_data = data["default"]
X_data = data.drop(["default"], axis = 1)
```

5 Initial Model Building

We will run our desired models on all features first before doing features selection to justify that feature selection is indeed helpful in our predictive modelling

The models we are interested in building are 1. Logistic Regression 2. Support Vector Machine 3. Random Forest 4. XGBoost 5. Neural Network

5.1 Creating Training and Testing data set

we will use a train/test size of 80/20

5.2 Logistic Regression

5.2.1 Model Fitting for Logistic Regression

```
[171]: logistic_regression_model = LogisticRegression(max_iter = 1000, random_state = 000) logistic_regression_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
logistic_regression_model_y_pred = logistic_regression_model.predict(X_test)
```

5.2.2 Evaluation Metrics for Logistic Regression

```
[172]: print(classification_report(y_test, logistic_regression_model_y_pred, digits=5))
                    precision
                                  recall f1-score
                                                      support
               0.0
                      0.82995
                                 0.95577
                                           0.88843
                                                         4703
                      0.64384
                                 0.28990
                                           0.39979
                                                         1297
               1.0
                                                         6000
          accuracy
                                           0.81183
                                           0.64411
                                                         6000
         macro avg
                      0.73689
                                 0.62284
      weighted avg
                      0.78972
                                 0.81183
                                           0.78280
                                                         6000
[173]: print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, logistic_regression_model_y_pred)))
      AUC: 0.6228363398024621
[174]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, logistic_regression_model_y_pred), ___
        ⇔columns = ["Predicted 0", "Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])
[174]:
               Predicted 0 Predicted 1
       True 0
                      4495
                                     208
       True 1
                       921
                                     376
           Support Vector Machine
      5.3.1 Model Fitting for SVM
[175]: | svm_model = SVC(random_state = 0)
       svm_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
       svm_model_y_pred = svm_model.predict(X_test)
      Evaluation Metrics for SVM
[176]: | print(classification_report(y_test, svm_model_y_pred, digits=5))
                    precision
                                  recall f1-score
                                                     support
               0.0
                      0.83049
                                 0.95322
                                           0.88763
                                                         4703
                      0.63455
                                 0.29453
                                           0.40232
                                                         1297
               1.0
                                           0.81083
                                                         6000
          accuracy
         macro avg
                      0.73252
                                 0.62387
                                           0.64498
                                                         6000
                      0.78814
      weighted avg
                                 0.81083
                                           0.78273
                                                         6000
```

[177]: | print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, svm_model_y_pred)))

```
AUC: 0.6238735884557356
```

```
[178]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, svm_model_y_pred), columns = ["Predicted_\]
\[ \cdot 0", "Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])
```

[178]: Predicted 0 Predicted 1 True 0 4483 220 True 1 915 382

5.4 Random Forest

5.4.1 Model fitting for Random Forest

```
[179]: random_forest_model = RandomForestClassifier(random_state = 0)
random_forest_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
random_forest_model_y_pred = random_forest_model.predict(X_test)
```

Evaluation Metrics for Random Forest

[180]: print(classification_report(y_test, random_forest_model_y_pred, digits=5))

support	f1-score	recall	precision	
4703 1297	0.88869 0.46131	0.93961 0.36546	0.84300 0.62533	0.0 1.0
6000	0.81550			accuracy
6000	0.67500	0.65254	0.73416	macro avg
6000	0.79630	0.81550	0.79595	weighted avg

```
[181]: print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, random_forest_model_y_pred)))
```

AUC: 0.6525358819671035

```
[182]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, random_forest_model_y_pred), columns = 

o["Predicted 0", "Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])
```

```
[182]: Predicted 0 Predicted 1
True 0 4419 284
True 1 823 474
```

5.5 XGBoost

5.5.1 Model fitting for XGBoost

```
[183]: xgboost_model = XGBClassifier(random_state = 0)
xgboost_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

xgboost_model_y_pred = xgboost_model.predict(X_test)
```

5.5.2 Evaluation metrics for XGBoost

```
[184]: print(classification_report(y_test, xgboost_model_y_pred, digits=5))

precision recall f1-score support
```

```
0.0
                0.84132
                           0.93685
                                      0.88652
                                                   4703
                0.61075
                           0.35929
         1.0
                                      0.45243
                                                   1297
                                                   6000
    accuracy
                                      0.81200
                0.72603
   macro avg
                           0.64807
                                      0.66947
                                                   6000
weighted avg
                0.79148
                           0.81200
                                      0.79268
                                                   6000
```

```
[185]: print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, xgboost_model_y_pred)))
```

AUC: 0.6480697453404551

[186]: Predicted 0 Predicted 1
True 0 4406 297
True 1 831 466

5.6 Neural Network

5.6.1 Building Neural Network

We will be building a dense neural network with 2 hidden layers

```
[187]: tf.random.set_seed(0)

[188]: nn_model = tf.keras.Sequential([
          tf.keras.layers.Dense(16, activation = "relu"), #Hidden 1
          tf.keras.layers.Dense(8, activation = "relu"), #Hidden 2
          tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation = "sigmoid") #Output
])
```

```
[189]: # Hyperparameters
learning_rate = 0.01
loss_function = tf.keras.losses.binary_crossentropy
optimiser_function = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=learning_rate)
```

```
[190]: nn_model.compile(
       loss = loss_function,
        optimizer = optimiser_function,
       metrics=[
          tf.keras.metrics.BinaryAccuracy(name='accuracy'),
          tf.keras.metrics.Recall(name='recall'),
          tf.keras.metrics.Precision(name='precision')
       ]
[191]: nn_model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=50)
    Epoch 1/50
    2023-04-08 14:58:59.596691: I
    tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]
    Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.
    accuracy: 0.8041 - recall: 0.3094 - precision: 0.6197
    Epoch 2/50
    750/750 [============ ] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.4496 -
    accuracy: 0.8066 - recall: 0.3120 - precision: 0.6325
    accuracy: 0.8070 - recall: 0.3182 - precision: 0.6311
    750/750 [============ ] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.4479 -
    accuracy: 0.8078 - recall: 0.3263 - precision: 0.6318
    accuracy: 0.8090 - recall: 0.3216 - precision: 0.6407
    Epoch 6/50
    accuracy: 0.8087 - recall: 0.3255 - precision: 0.6369
    Epoch 7/50
    750/750 [============ ] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.4451 -
    accuracy: 0.8083 - recall: 0.3340 - precision: 0.6307
    Epoch 8/50
    750/750 [=========== ] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.4448 -
    accuracy: 0.8100 - recall: 0.3315 - precision: 0.6411
    Epoch 9/50
    accuracy: 0.8100 - recall: 0.3385 - precision: 0.6374
    Epoch 10/50
    750/750 [=========== ] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.4439 -
    accuracy: 0.8112 - recall: 0.3454 - precision: 0.6405
    Epoch 11/50
```

```
accuracy: 0.8097 - recall: 0.3319 - precision: 0.6390
Epoch 12/50
accuracy: 0.8088 - recall: 0.3394 - precision: 0.6305
Epoch 13/50
750/750 [============= ] - 8s 10ms/step - loss: 0.4427 -
accuracy: 0.8101 - recall: 0.3452 - precision: 0.6344
Epoch 14/50
750/750 [============= ] - 8s 10ms/step - loss: 0.4433 -
accuracy: 0.8097 - recall: 0.3499 - precision: 0.6302
Epoch 15/50
750/750 [============= ] - 6s 9ms/step - loss: 0.4422 -
accuracy: 0.8118 - recall: 0.3444 - precision: 0.6441
Epoch 16/50
accuracy: 0.8120 - recall: 0.3497 - precision: 0.6420
Epoch 17/50
accuracy: 0.8126 - recall: 0.3553 - precision: 0.6424
Epoch 18/50
accuracy: 0.8125 - recall: 0.3429 - precision: 0.6488
Epoch 19/50
750/750 [============ ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4420 -
accuracy: 0.8114 - recall: 0.3508 - precision: 0.6384
Epoch 20/50
750/750 [============ ] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.4415 -
accuracy: 0.8124 - recall: 0.3521 - precision: 0.6432
accuracy: 0.8130 - recall: 0.3609 - precision: 0.6417
Epoch 22/50
accuracy: 0.8122 - recall: 0.3504 - precision: 0.6427
Epoch 23/50
accuracy: 0.8135 - recall: 0.3594 - precision: 0.6448
Epoch 24/50
accuracy: 0.8128 - recall: 0.3516 - precision: 0.6455
Epoch 25/50
accuracy: 0.8127 - recall: 0.3557 - precision: 0.6431
Epoch 26/50
accuracy: 0.8122 - recall: 0.3559 - precision: 0.6399
Epoch 27/50
```

```
accuracy: 0.8121 - recall: 0.3634 - precision: 0.6361
Epoch 28/50
750/750 [============ ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4398 -
accuracy: 0.8138 - recall: 0.3572 - precision: 0.6475
Epoch 29/50
750/750 [============ ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4400 -
accuracy: 0.8129 - recall: 0.3654 - precision: 0.6388
Epoch 30/50
750/750 [============ ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4396 -
accuracy: 0.8130 - recall: 0.3602 - precision: 0.6419
Epoch 31/50
750/750 [============= ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4399 -
accuracy: 0.8126 - recall: 0.3564 - precision: 0.6420
Epoch 32/50
accuracy: 0.8125 - recall: 0.3576 - precision: 0.6406
Epoch 33/50
750/750 [============ ] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.4399 -
accuracy: 0.8120 - recall: 0.3617 - precision: 0.6365
Epoch 34/50
accuracy: 0.8132 - recall: 0.3628 - precision: 0.6416
Epoch 35/50
750/750 [============ ] - 6s 9ms/step - loss: 0.4386 -
accuracy: 0.8137 - recall: 0.3664 - precision: 0.6426
Epoch 36/50
750/750 [============= ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4387 -
accuracy: 0.8128 - recall: 0.3636 - precision: 0.6393
accuracy: 0.8131 - recall: 0.3544 - precision: 0.6457
Epoch 38/50
750/750 [============ ] - 6s 9ms/step - loss: 0.4393 -
accuracy: 0.8131 - recall: 0.3572 - precision: 0.6440
Epoch 39/50
accuracy: 0.8134 - recall: 0.3581 - precision: 0.6451
Epoch 40/50
accuracy: 0.8146 - recall: 0.3555 - precision: 0.6529
Epoch 41/50
accuracy: 0.8138 - recall: 0.3660 - precision: 0.6434
Epoch 42/50
accuracy: 0.8138 - recall: 0.3542 - precision: 0.6492
Epoch 43/50
```

```
accuracy: 0.8131 - recall: 0.3555 - precision: 0.6449
    Epoch 44/50
    accuracy: 0.8139 - recall: 0.3592 - precision: 0.6473
    Epoch 45/50
    750/750 [============ ] - 7s 10ms/step - loss: 0.4383 -
    accuracy: 0.8138 - recall: 0.3619 - precision: 0.6455
    Epoch 46/50
    750/750 [============ ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4380 -
    accuracy: 0.8137 - recall: 0.3641 - precision: 0.6437
    Epoch 47/50
    750/750 [============ ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4377 -
    accuracy: 0.8138 - recall: 0.3641 - precision: 0.6439
    Epoch 48/50
    accuracy: 0.8139 - recall: 0.3634 - precision: 0.6452
    Epoch 49/50
    accuracy: 0.8151 - recall: 0.3667 - precision: 0.6494
    Epoch 50/50
    accuracy: 0.8138 - recall: 0.3630 - precision: 0.6449
[191]: <keras.callbacks.History at 0x30c8e3100>
[192]: # Make predictions
     nn_pred_raw = nn_model.predict(X_test)
     nn_pred = [1 if p > 0.5 else 0 for p in np.ravel(nn_pred_raw)]
     90/188 [========>...] - ETA: Os
    2023-04-08 15:04:32.810346: I
    tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]
    Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.
    188/188 [========= ] - Os 2ms/step
     5.6.2 Evaluation metrics for Neural Network
[193]: print(classification_report(y_test, nn_pred, digits=5))
                precision
                          recall f1-score
                                         support
            0.0
                 0.84267 0.93727
                                 0.88746
                                           4703
            1.0
                 0.61638
                         0.36546
                                 0.45886
                                            1297
        accuracy
                                 0.81367
                                            6000
                 0.72953 0.65137
                                 0.67316
                                            6000
       macro avg
```

weighted avg 0.79375 0.81367 0.79481 6000

6 Feature selection

6.0.1 Filter Method - Chi2

H0: There is no relationship between "default" and other categorical independent variables.

H1: There is a relationship between "default" and other categorical independent variables.

Testing this hypothesis at 5% level of significance, with (r-1)(c-1) degrees of freedom

```
[35]:
              feature
                             score
                                            pvalue
      0
                  SEX
                         19.328592
                                      1.100461e-05
      1
                PAY_1
                      2504.407508
                                      0.000000e+00
      2
                PAY_2 2336.386495
                                      0.000000e+00
      3
                PAY_3 1783.040210
                                      0.000000e+00
      4
                PAY_4 1596.935908
                                      0.000000e+00
      5
                PAY_5 1567.964929
                                      0.000000e+00
```

```
6
                PAY_6 1352.401621 4.632186e-296
      7
          EDUCATION_1
                         39.102150
                                     4.022009e-10
      8
          EDUCATION 2
                         20.157046
                                    7.133698e-06
      9
          EDUCATION_3
                         14.052988
                                     1.777313e-04
      10 EDUCATION_4
                         49.763611
                                    1.734309e-12
      11
           MARRIAGE_1
                         18.253826
                                    1.933372e-05
      12
           MARRIAGE 2
                         16.289254 5.437141e-05
      13
           MARRIAGE_3
                          0.415601
                                     5.191403e-01
[36]: # selecting the features that reject the null hypothesis (5%)
      significant features = chi_scores[chi_scores["pvalue"] < 0.05]["feature"]</pre>
      significant_features.tolist()
[36]: ['SEX',
       'PAY_1',
       'PAY 2',
       'PAY_3',
       'PAY_4',
       'PAY_5',
       'PAY_6',
       'EDUCATION_1',
       'EDUCATION_2',
       'EDUCATION_3',
       'EDUCATION_4',
       'MARRIAGE 1',
       'MARRIAGE_2']
```

Features that have p-value less than 0.05 are

'SEX', 'PAY_1', 'PAY_2', 'PAY_3', 'PAY_4', 'PAY_5', 'PAY_6', 'EDUCATION_1', 'EDUCATION 2', 'EDUCATION 3', 'EDUCATION 4', 'MARRIAGE 1', 'MARRIAGE 2'

6.0.2 Wrapper Method - Forward Selection

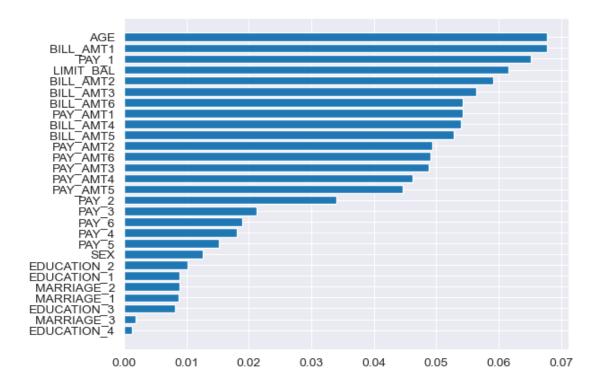
We use Linear Regression as our test for variables to keep

```
[60]: # Forward Selection
lreg = LinearRegression()
fws = sfs(lreg, k_features=10, forward=True, scoring='r2', cv = 5) # keep_u
approximately half of the total number of features
fws.fit(X_train, y_train)
table = pd.DataFrame(fws.subsets_).T
table
```

```
5
                             (0, 3, 5, 7, 8)
      6
                        (0, 3, 5, 7, 8, 26)
      7
                     (0, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 26)
                 (0, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 24, 26)
      8
      9
              (0, 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 24, 26)
          (0, 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 15, 24, 26)
      10
                                                   cv_scores avg_score \
          [0.1493453338652141, 0.15603158985458587, 0.10... 0.134645
      1
      2
          [0.16689715979474085, 0.18346492163381334, 0.1... 0.157067
          [0.1776180954004405, 0.1919190131535382, 0.143... 0.166702
      3
          [0.1816902129537168, 0.195047685075718, 0.1462... 0.170809
      4
      5
          [0.18244146637156478, 0.19761495156268338, 0.1... 0.172928
      6
          [0.18471736060559452, 0.19664098349476122, 0.1... 0.174311
      7
          [0.18419494977466977, 0.19493017522635647, 0.1... 0.175213
          [0.18395368107918797, 0.19614342955272046, 0.1... 0.175969
      8
          [0.18523891652939084, 0.19726953839960093, 0.1... 0.176697
      9
          [0.18600923529533686, 0.19801381812057617, 0.1... 0.177418
      10
                                               feature_names
      1
                                                    (PAY_1,)
      2
                                              (PAY 1, PAY 5)
      3
                                       (PAY_1, PAY_3, PAY_5)
      4
                           (LIMIT BAL, PAY 1, PAY 3, PAY 5)
      5
                    (LIMIT_BAL, PAY_1, PAY_3, PAY_5, PAY_6)
      6
          (LIMIT_BAL, PAY_1, PAY_3, PAY_5, PAY_6, MARRIA...
      7
          (LIMIT_BAL, PAY_1, PAY_2, PAY_3, PAY_5, PAY_6,...
          (LIMIT_BAL, PAY_1, PAY_2, PAY_3, PAY_5, PAY_6,...
      8
      9
          (LIMIT_BAL, SEX, PAY_1, PAY_2, PAY_3, PAY_5, P...
          (LIMIT_BAL, SEX, PAY_1, PAY_2, PAY_3, PAY_5, P...
      10
     The top 10 features to select will be LIMIT_BAL, SEX, PAY_1, PAY_2, PAY_3, PAY_5, PAY_6,
     PAY_AMT1, EDUCATION_4, MARRIAGE_2
     6.0.3 Embedded Method - Random Forest
[61]: rf = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=0)
      rf.fit(X_train, y_train)
      rf.feature_importances_
[61]: array([0.06164632, 0.01267104, 0.06781958, 0.06520381, 0.03397051,
             0.0212019 , 0.01812225, 0.01525486, 0.01892131, 0.0678045 ,
             0.05917926, 0.05643935, 0.05404311, 0.05282601, 0.05430341,
             0.05421721, 0.04942933, 0.0488772 , 0.0463043 , 0.04461673,
             0.04904686, 0.0089207, 0.01012574, 0.00821934, 0.00127353,
             0.00875422, 0.00887152, 0.00193611])
```

```
[62]: # Plot RF scores
sorted_idx = rf.feature_importances_.argsort()
plt.barh(rf.feature_names_in_[sorted_idx], rf.feature_importances_[sorted_idx])
```

[62]: <BarContainer object of 28 artists>



The most important feature is "AGE" and the least important feature is "EDUCATION_4"

From the 3 feature selection methods as shown above, we derive these conclusions 1. From chi2 test, 'SEX', 'PAY_1', 'PAY_2', 'PAY_3', 'PAY_4', 'PAY_5', 'PAY_6', 'EDUCATION_1', 'EDUCATION_2', 'EDUCATION_3', 'EDUCATION_4', 'MARRIAGE_1', 'MARRIAGE_2' are features whose p-value are less than 0.05 2. From forward selection, 'LIMIT_BAL', 'SEX', 'PAY_1', 'PAY_2', 'PAY_3', 'PAY_5', 'PAY_6', 'PAY_AMT1', 'EDUCATION_4', 'MARRIAGE_2' are the 10 most important features 3. From Embedded method, 'AGE', 'BILL_AMT1', 'PAY_1', 'LIMIT_BAL', 'BILL_AMT2', 'BILL_AMT3', 'BILL_AMT6', 'BILL_AMT4', 'PAY_AMT1', 'BILL_AMT5' are the 10 most important features

For categorical variables, we will select features that appear in both (1) and (2) These features are 'SEX', 'PAY_1', 'PAY_2', 'PAY_3', 'PAY_5', 'PAY_6', 'MARRIAGE_2', 'EDUCATION_4'

For continuous variables, we will select features that appear in both (2) and (3) These features are 'LIMIT_BAL', 'PAY_AMT1'

As such, our final set of selected features are 'SEX', 'PAY_1', 'PAY_2', 'PAY_3', 'PAY_5', 'PAY_6', 'MARRIAGE_2', 'EDUCATION_4', 'LIMIT_BAL', 'PAY_AMT1'

```
[34]: features_selected = [
          'SEX',
          'PAY_1',
          'PAY_2',
          'PAY_3',
          'PAY_5',
          'PAY_6',
          'MARRIAGE_2',
          'EDUCATION_4',
          'LIMIT_BAL',
          'PAY_AMT1'
      ]
     6.1 Refactoring dataset
[35]: X_train = X_train[features_selected]
      X_train.head()
[35]:
             SEX PAY_1 PAY_2 PAY_3 PAY_5 PAY_6 MARRIAGE_2 EDUCATION_4 \
      3225
             1.0
                    0.0
                           0.0
                                  1.0
                                         0.0
                                                 0.0
                                                             0.0
                                                                          0.0
      11815 1.0
                    0.0
                           0.0
                                  0.0
                                         0.0
                                                 0.0
                                                             1.0
                                                                          0.0
      7338
             0.0
                    1.0
                           0.0
                                  0.0
                                         0.0
                                                0.0
                                                             0.0
                                                                          0.0
      14980 0.0
                    1.0
                           1.0
                                  1.0
                                         1.0
                                                 1.0
                                                             0.0
                                                                          0.0
      27167
            0.0
                    0.0
                           0.0
                                  0.0
                                         0.0
                                                 0.0
                                                             0.0
                                                                          0.0
             LIMIT_BAL PAY_AMT1
              0.010101 0.003434
      3225
      11815
              0.252525 0.000189
      7338
              0.010101 0.001717
      14980
              0.020202 0.002061
```

```
[36]: X_test = X_test[features_selected]
X_test.head()
```

```
[36]:
             SEX PAY_1 PAY_2 PAY_3 PAY_5 PAY_6 MARRIAGE_2 EDUCATION_4 \
      8225
             0.0
                    1.0
                           1.0
                                  1.0
                                          1.0
                                                 1.0
                                                             1.0
                                                                          0.0
      10794 1.0
                    0.0
                           0.0
                                         0.0
                                                 0.0
                                                             1.0
                                                                          0.0
                                  1.0
      9163
             1.0
                    1.0
                           0.0
                                  0.0
                                         0.0
                                                 0.0
                                                             0.0
                                                                          0.0
      26591 0.0
                    0.0
                           0.0
                                  0.0
                                         0.0
                                                 0.0
                                                             0.0
                                                                          0.0
      6631
             0.0
                    0.0
                           0.0
                                  0.0
                                         0.0
                                                 0.0
                                                             1.0
                                                                          0.0
```

0.000000 0.003205

27167

7 Creating a balanced dataset using SMOTE

8 Model Selection

We will now run the 5 models on the dataset that has undergone feature selection, followed by using the balanced dataset from SMOTE and finally tune the hyparameters of each model. 1. Logistic Regression 2. Support Vector Machine 3. Random Forest 4. XGBoost 5. Neural Network

8.1 Logistic Regression

8.1.1 Model Fitting for Logistic Regression after Feature Selection

```
[202]: logistic_regression_model = LogisticRegression(max_iter = 1000, random_state = __
       logistic_regression_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
       logistic_regression_model_y_pred = logistic_regression_model.predict(X_test)
[203]: print(classification_report(y_test, logistic_regression_model_y_pred, digits=5))
                    precision
                                  recall f1-score
                                                     support
                      0.83019
                                 0.95322
                                                        4703
               0.0
                                           0.88746
               1.0
                      0.63333
                                 0.29298
                                           0.40063
                                                        1297
                                                        6000
                                           0.81050
          accuracy
         macro avg
                      0.73176
                                 0.62310
                                           0.64405
                                                        6000
      weighted avg
                                           0.78222
                                                        6000
                      0.78763
                                 0.81050
[204]: print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, logistic_regression_model_y_pred)))
      AUC: 0.6231025784326053
[205]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, logistic_regression_model_y_pred),
        →columns = ["Predicted 0", "Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])
```

```
[205]:
               Predicted 0 Predicted 1
       True 0
                      4483
                                     220
       True 1
                       917
                                     380
      8.1.2 Model Fitting for Logistic Regression on Balanced Dataset after SMOTE
[326]: smote lr = LogisticRegression(max_iter = 1000, random_state = 0)
       smote_lr.fit(X_SMOTE, y_SMOTE)
       smote_lr_y_pred = smote_lr.predict(X_test)
[327]: print(classification_report(y_test, smote_lr_y_pred, digits=5))
                    precision
                                  recall f1-score
                                                      support
               0.0
                       0.87679
                                 0.82160
                                           0.84830
                                                         4703
               1.0
                       0.47332
                                 0.58134
                                           0.52180
                                                         1297
                                           0.76967
                                                         6000
          accuracy
         macro avg
                       0.67505
                                 0.70147
                                           0.68505
                                                         6000
      weighted avg
                       0.78957
                                 0.76967
                                           0.77772
                                                         6000
[328]: print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, smote_lr_y_pred)))
      AUC: 0.7014723947099172
[329]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, smote_lr_y_pred), columns = ["Predicted_u
        \hookrightarrow 0", "Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])
[329]:
               Predicted 0 Predicted 1
       True 0
                      3864
                                     839
                                     754
       True 1
                       543
      8.1.3 Tuning Logistic Regression
[330]: # create the grid
       lr_param_grid = {
           'C': [0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100],
           'penalty' : ['12'],
           'solver' : ['newton-cg', 'lbfgs']
[331]: # perform grid search and then fit
       lr_grid = GridSearchCV(LogisticRegression(max_iter = 1000, random_state = 0),__
        →lr_param_grid, scoring = 'accuracy')
       lr_grid.fit(X_SMOTE, y_SMOTE)
```

print(lr_grid.best_params_)

```
{'C': 10, 'penalty': '12', 'solver': 'newton-cg'}
[39]: optimised_lr = LogisticRegression(C = 10, penalty='12', solver='newton-cg', ___
        max_iter = 1000, random_state = 0)
       optimised_lr.fit(X_SMOTE, y_SMOTE)
       lr_grid_y_predict = optimised_lr.predict(X_test)
[40]: print(classification_report(y_test, lr_grid_y_predict, digits=5))
                                 recall f1-score
                    precision
                                                     support
               0.0
                      0.87750
                                 0.81948
                                           0.84750
                                                        4703
               1.0
                      0.47201
                                 0.58520
                                           0.52255
                                                        1297
                                                        6000
                                           0.76883
          accuracy
                                           0.68502
                                                        6000
         macro avg
                      0.67476
                                 0.70234
      weighted avg
                                                        6000
                      0.78985
                                 0.76883
                                           0.77725
[41]: |print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, lr_grid_y_predict)))
      AUC: 0.702336768587645
[42]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, lr_grid_y_predict), columns = ["Predicted_"]
        ⇔0", "Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])
[42]:
               Predicted 0 Predicted 1
       True 0
                      3854
                                    849
       True 1
                       538
                                    759
      8.2 Support Vector Machine
      8.2.1 Model Fitting for SVM after Feature Selection
[216]: svm_model = SVC(random_state = 0)
       svm_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
       svm_model_y_pred = svm_model.predict(X_test)
[217]: print(classification_report(y_test, svm_model_y_pred, digits=5))
                                 recall f1-score
                    precision
                                                     support
               0.0
                      0.83027
                                 0.95173
                                           0.88686
                                                        4703
                      0.62726
                                 0.29453
                                           0.40084
                                                        1297
               1.0
                                           0.80967
                                                        6000
          accuracy
                                 0.62313
                                           0.64385
                                                        6000
         macro avg
                      0.72877
      weighted avg
                      0.78639
                                 0.80967
                                           0.78180
                                                        6000
```

```
[218]: |print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, svm_model_y_pred)))
      AUC: 0.6231293826296671
[219]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, svm_model_y_pred), columns = ["Predicted_"]
        ⇔0", "Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])
[219]:
               Predicted 0 Predicted 1
       True 0
                      4476
                                     382
       True 1
                       915
      8.2.2 Model Fitting for SVM on Balanced Dataset after SMOTE
[220]: smote svm = SVC(random state = 0)
       smote_svm.fit(X_SMOTE, y_SMOTE)
       smote_svm_y_pred = smote_svm.predict(X_test)
[221]: print(classification_report(y_test, smote_svm_y_pred, digits=5))
                    precision
                                  recall f1-score
                                                      support
               0.0
                       0.88213
                                 0.79247
                                           0.83490
                                                         4703
               1.0
                       0.45014
                                 0.61604
                                           0.52018
                                                         1297
                                           0.75433
                                                         6000
          accuracy
                       0.66614
                                 0.70425
                                           0.67754
                                                         6000
         macro avg
                                                         6000
      weighted avg
                      0.78875
                                 0.75433
                                           0.76687
[222]: print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, smote_svm_y_pred)))
      AUC: 0.7042549490630089
[223]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, smote_svm_y_pred), columns = ["Predicted_u
        \hookrightarrow 0", "Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])
[223]:
               Predicted 0 Predicted 1
       True 0
                      3727
                                     976
       True 1
                       498
                                     799
      8.2.3 Tuning SVM
[90]: # create the grid
       svm_param_grid = {
           'C': [0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100],
           'kernel': ['rbf']
       }
```

```
[91]: # perform grid search and then fit
       svm_grid = GridSearchCV(SVC(random_state = 0), svm_param_grid, scoring =__
       ⇔'accuracy')
       svm_grid.fit(X_SMOTE, y_SMOTE)
       print(svm_grid.best_params_)
      {'C': 100, 'kernel': 'rbf'}
[43]: optimised_svm = SVC(random_state = 0, kernel = 'rbf', C = 100, probability=True)
       optimised_svm.fit(X_SMOTE, y_SMOTE)
       svm_grid_y_pred = optimised_svm.predict(X_test)
[44]: print(classification_report(y_test, svm_grid_y_pred, digits=5))
                    precision
                                 recall f1-score
                                                    support
               0.0
                      0.88024
                                0.79545
                                          0.83570
                                                        4703
               1.0
                      0.45029
                                0.60756
                                          0.51723
                                                        1297
          accuracy
                                          0.75483
                                                        6000
                      0.66526
                                0.70150
                                          0.67646
                                                        6000
         macro avg
      weighted avg
                      0.78729
                                0.75483
                                          0.76686
                                                        6000
[45]: print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, svm_grid_y_pred)))
      AUC: 0.7015028055879291
[46]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, svm_grid_y_pred), columns = ["Predicted_"]
        →0", "Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])
               Predicted 0 Predicted 1
[46]:
       True 0
                      3741
                                    962
       True 1
                       509
                                    788
      8.3 Random Forest
      8.3.1 Model Fitting for Random Forest after Feature Selection
[228]: random_forest_model = RandomForestClassifier(random_state = 0)
       random_forest_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
       random_forest_model_y_pred = random_forest_model.predict(X_test)
[229]: print(classification_report(y_test, random_forest_model_y_pred, digits=5))
                    precision
                                 recall f1-score
                                                    support
```

4703

0.85655

0.0

0.82991 0.88497

```
1.0
                       0.45076
                                 0.34233
                                           0.38913
                                                         1297
                                            0.76767
                                                         6000
          accuracy
                       0.64034
                                            0.62284
                                                         6000
         macro avg
                                 0.61365
      weighted avg
                                            0.75551
                                                         6000
                       0.74795
                                 0.76767
[230]: |print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, random_forest_model_y_pred)))
      AUC: 0.6136477462916352
[231]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, random_forest_model_y_pred), columns = ___
        ⇔["Predicted 0", "Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])
[231]:
               Predicted 0 Predicted 1
       True 0
                      4162
                                     541
       True 1
                       853
                                     444
      8.3.2 Model Fitting for Random Forest on Balanced Dataset after SMOTE
[232]: smote_rf = RandomForestClassifier(random_state = 0)
       smote_rf.fit(X_SMOTE, y_SMOTE)
       smote_rf_y_pred = smote_rf.predict(X_test)
[233]: print(classification_report(y_test, smote_rf_y_pred, digits=5))
                    precision
                                  recall f1-score
                                                      support
               0.0
                       0.84835
                                 0.73272
                                           0.78631
                                                         4703
                       0.35139
                                 0.52506
                                            0.42102
               1.0
                                                         1297
                                            0.68783
                                                         6000
          accuracy
                       0.59987
                                 0.62889
                                            0.60366
                                                         6000
         macro avg
      weighted avg
                       0.74092
                                 0.68783
                                           0.70735
                                                         6000
[234]: print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, smote_rf_y_pred)))
      AUC: 0.6288908095375727
[235]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, smote_rf_y_pred), columns = ["Predicted_
        \hookrightarrow 0", "Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])
[235]:
               Predicted 0 Predicted 1
       True 0
                      3446
                                    1257
       True 1
                       616
                                     681
```

8.3.3 Tuning Random Forest

```
[236]: # create the grid
       rf_params_grid = {
           'n_estimators': [10, 50, 100, 250, 500],
           'max_depth': [2, 3, 4, 5]
       }
[237]: # perform grid search and then fit
       rf_grid = GridSearchCV(RandomForestClassifier(random_state = 0),__
        →rf_params_grid, scoring = 'accuracy')
       rf_grid.fit(X_SMOTE, y_SMOTE)
       print(rf_grid.best_params_)
      {'max_depth': 5, 'n_estimators': 500}
[47]: optimised_rf = RandomForestClassifier(random_state = 0, max_depth = 5,__
        \rightarrown estimators = 500)
       optimised_rf.fit(X_SMOTE, y_SMOTE)
       rf_grid_y_pred = optimised_rf.predict(X_test)
[48]: print(classification_report(y_test, rf_grid_y_pred, digits=5))
                    precision
                                 recall f1-score
                                                     support
               0.0
                      0.87853
                                 0.81352
                                           0.84478
                                                         4703
               1.0
                      0.46687
                                 0.59214
                                           0.52209
                                                         1297
                                           0.76567
                                                         6000
          accuracy
         macro avg
                      0.67270
                                 0.70283
                                           0.68344
                                                         6000
      weighted avg
                                           0.77502
                                                         6000
                      0.78954
                                 0.76567
[49]: print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, rf_grid_y_pred)))
      AUC: 0.7028294903874575
[50]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, rf_grid_y_pred), columns = ["Predicted_u
        ⇔0", "Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])
[50]:
               Predicted 0 Predicted 1
       True 0
                      3826
                                    877
       True 1
                       529
                                    768
```

8.4 XGBoost

8.4.1 Model Fitting for XGBoost after Feature Selection

```
[242]: xgboost_model = XGBClassifier(random_state = 0)
       xgboost_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
       xgboost_model_y_pred = xgboost_model.predict(X_test)
[243]: print(classification_report(y_test, xgboost_model_y_pred, digits=5))
                    precision
                                  recall f1-score
                                                     support
               0.0
                      0.83434
                                0.94238
                                           0.88507
                                                        4703
               1.0
                      0.60610
                                 0.32151
                                           0.42015
                                                        1297
                                                        6000
                                           0.80817
          accuracy
         macro avg
                      0.72022
                                 0.63194
                                           0.65261
                                                        6000
      weighted avg
                      0.78500
                                 0.80817
                                           0.78457
                                                        6000
[244]: |print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, xgboost_model_y_pred)))
      AUC: 0.6319441928420171
[245]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, xgboost_model_y_pred), columns = ___
        →["Predicted 0", "Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])
[245]:
               Predicted 0 Predicted 1
       True 0
                      4432
                                    271
       True 1
                       880
                                    417
      8.4.2 Model Fitting for XGBoost on Balanced Dataset after SMOTE
[246]: smote xgboost = XGBClassifier(random state = 0)
       smote_xgboost.fit(X_SMOTE, y_SMOTE)
       smote_xgboost_y_pred = smote_xgboost.predict(X_test)
[247]: print(classification_report(y_test, smote_xgboost_y_pred, digits=5))
                                  recall f1-score
                    precision
                                                     support
               0.0
                      0.86759
                                 0.79970
                                           0.83226
                                                        4703
               1.0
                      0.43423
                                 0.55744
                                           0.48818
                                                        1297
                                           0.74733
                                                        6000
          accuracy
         macro avg
                      0.65091
                                 0.67857
                                           0.66022
                                                        6000
      weighted avg
                      0.77391
                                 0.74733
                                           0.75789
                                                        6000
```

```
[248]: |print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, smote_xgboost_y_pred)))
      AUC: 0.6785712821963898
[249]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, smote_xgboost_y_pred), columns =__
        ⇔["Predicted 0", "Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])
[249]:
               Predicted 0 Predicted 1
       True 0
                      3761
       True 1
                       574
                                    723
      8.4.3 Tuning XGBoost
[250]: # create the grid
       xgboost_params_grid = {
           'n_estimators': [10, 50, 100, 250, 500],
           'max_depth': [2, 3, 4, 5]
       }
[251]: # perform grid search and then fit
       xgboost_grid = GridSearchCV(XGBClassifier(random_state = 0),__
        sygboost_params_grid, scoring = 'accuracy')
       xgboost grid.fit(X SMOTE, y SMOTE)
       print(xgboost_grid.best_params_)
      {'max_depth': 5, 'n_estimators': 500}
[64]: optimised_xgboost = XGBClassifier(random_state = 0, max_depth = 5, n_estimators_
        ⇒= 500)
       optimised_xgboost.fit(X_SMOTE, y_SMOTE)
       xgboost_grid_y_predict = optimised_xgboost.predict(X_test)
[65]: print(classification_report(y_test, xgboost_grid_y_predict, digits=5))
                    precision
                                 recall f1-score
                                                     support
               0.0
                      0.86080
                                0.79417
                                           0.82614
                                                        4703
               1.0
                      0.41722
                                0.53431
                                           0.46856
                                                        1297
                                                        6000
          accuracy
                                           0.73800
         macro avg
                      0.63901
                                0.66424
                                           0.64735
                                                        6000
      weighted avg
                      0.76491
                                0.73800
                                           0.74885
                                                        6000
[66]: print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, xgboost_grid_y_predict)))
```

AUC: 0.6642419387811812

```
[67]: Predicted 0 Predicted 1
True 0 3735 968
True 1 604 693
```

8.5 Neural Network

8.5.1 Helper Functions

```
[58]: # this function will help us to visualise the training graphs for the neural_
network

def plot_graphs(history, metric):
    plt.plot(history.history[metric])
    plt.xlabel("Epochs")
    plt.ylabel(metric)
```

8.5.2 Model Fitting for Neural Network after Feature Selection

```
[125]: tf.random.set_seed(0)
[126]: nn_fs_model = tf.keras.Sequential([
           tf.keras.layers.Dense(16, activation = "relu"), #Hidden 1
           tf.keras.layers.Dense(8, activation = "sigmoid"), #Hidden 2
           tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation = "sigmoid") #Output
       ])
       #Hyperparameters
       learning rate = 0.01
       loss_function = tf.keras.losses.binary_crossentropy
       optimiser_function = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=learning_rate)
       nn_fs_model.compile(
           loss = loss_function,
           optimizer = optimiser_function,
           metrics=[
               tf.keras.metrics.BinaryAccuracy(name='accuracy'),
               tf.keras.metrics.Recall(name='recall'),
               tf.keras.metrics.Precision(name='precision')
       )
```

```
[127]: history_nn_fs = nn_fs_model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=50)

Epoch 1/50
    1/750 [...] - ETA: 5:27 - loss: 0.6599 - accuracy:
    0.6875 - recall: 0.0000e+00 - precision: 0.0000e+00
```

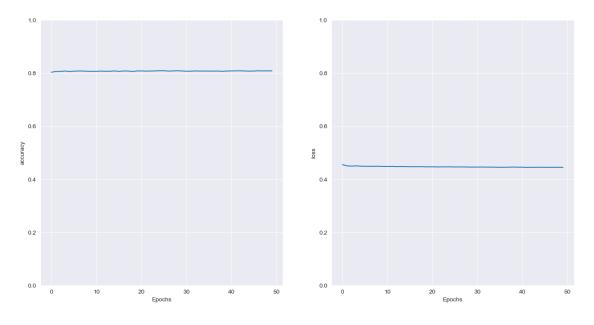
```
2023-04-08 05:32:15.731019: I
tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]
Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.
750/750 [============ ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4547 -
accuracy: 0.8028 - recall: 0.3023 - precision: 0.6158
Epoch 2/50
accuracy: 0.8059 - recall: 0.3169 - precision: 0.6257
Epoch 3/50
accuracy: 0.8059 - recall: 0.3235 - precision: 0.6228
Epoch 4/50
accuracy: 0.8074 - recall: 0.3199 - precision: 0.6328
Epoch 5/50
750/750 [============= ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4489 -
accuracy: 0.8058 - recall: 0.3171 - precision: 0.6250
Epoch 6/50
accuracy: 0.8068 - recall: 0.3272 - precision: 0.6257
Epoch 7/50
accuracy: 0.8074 - recall: 0.3267 - precision: 0.6294
Epoch 8/50
accuracy: 0.8073 - recall: 0.3255 - precision: 0.6295
Epoch 9/50
750/750 [============ ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4485 -
accuracy: 0.8065 - recall: 0.3276 - precision: 0.6240
750/750 [============ ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4478 -
accuracy: 0.8065 - recall: 0.3207 - precision: 0.6271
accuracy: 0.8063 - recall: 0.3208 - precision: 0.6263
Epoch 12/50
accuracy: 0.8071 - recall: 0.3302 - precision: 0.6258
Epoch 13/50
accuracy: 0.8065 - recall: 0.3261 - precision: 0.6249
Epoch 14/50
accuracy: 0.8066 - recall: 0.3229 - precision: 0.6267
Epoch 15/50
accuracy: 0.8077 - recall: 0.3298 - precision: 0.6292
```

```
Epoch 16/50
accuracy: 0.8062 - recall: 0.3257 - precision: 0.6235
Epoch 17/50
accuracy: 0.8074 - recall: 0.3334 - precision: 0.6261
accuracy: 0.8075 - recall: 0.3244 - precision: 0.6307
Epoch 19/50
accuracy: 0.8058 - recall: 0.3195 - precision: 0.6242
Epoch 20/50
accuracy: 0.8076 - recall: 0.3306 - precision: 0.6283
Epoch 21/50
accuracy: 0.8077 - recall: 0.3280 - precision: 0.6303
Epoch 22/50
750/750 [============== ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4460 -
accuracy: 0.8071 - recall: 0.3197 - precision: 0.6311
Epoch 23/50
750/750 [============ ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4461 -
accuracy: 0.8074 - recall: 0.3250 - precision: 0.6300
Epoch 24/50
750/750 [============ ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4464 -
accuracy: 0.8077 - recall: 0.3291 - precision: 0.6297
Epoch 25/50
750/750 [============= ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4462 -
accuracy: 0.8086 - recall: 0.3235 - precision: 0.6375
Epoch 26/50
accuracy: 0.8085 - recall: 0.3306 - precision: 0.6331
Epoch 27/50
accuracy: 0.8071 - recall: 0.3313 - precision: 0.6255
Epoch 28/50
750/750 [============ ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4460 -
accuracy: 0.8077 - recall: 0.3296 - precision: 0.6292
Epoch 29/50
accuracy: 0.8085 - recall: 0.3263 - precision: 0.6355
accuracy: 0.8076 - recall: 0.3302 - precision: 0.6285
Epoch 31/50
accuracy: 0.8067 - recall: 0.3154 - precision: 0.6309
```

```
Epoch 32/50
accuracy: 0.8068 - recall: 0.3175 - precision: 0.6306
Epoch 33/50
accuracy: 0.8076 - recall: 0.3268 - precision: 0.6304
accuracy: 0.8073 - recall: 0.3218 - precision: 0.6312
Epoch 35/50
accuracy: 0.8072 - recall: 0.3253 - precision: 0.6289
Epoch 36/50
accuracy: 0.8073 - recall: 0.3216 - precision: 0.6310
Epoch 37/50
accuracy: 0.8070 - recall: 0.3092 - precision: 0.6362
Epoch 38/50
accuracy: 0.8073 - recall: 0.3321 - precision: 0.6261
Epoch 39/50
750/750 [============ ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4454 -
accuracy: 0.8064 - recall: 0.3190 - precision: 0.6277
Epoch 40/50
750/750 [============= ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4450 -
accuracy: 0.8074 - recall: 0.3162 - precision: 0.6348
Epoch 41/50
750/750 [============= ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4450 -
accuracy: 0.8077 - recall: 0.3137 - precision: 0.6376
Epoch 42/50
accuracy: 0.8080 - recall: 0.3248 - precision: 0.6338
Epoch 43/50
accuracy: 0.8081 - recall: 0.3267 - precision: 0.6330
Epoch 44/50
750/750 [============ ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4445 -
accuracy: 0.8076 - recall: 0.3233 - precision: 0.6320
Epoch 45/50
accuracy: 0.8070 - recall: 0.3188 - precision: 0.6308
Epoch 46/50
accuracy: 0.8074 - recall: 0.3149 - precision: 0.6353
Epoch 47/50
accuracy: 0.8083 - recall: 0.3231 - precision: 0.6361
```

```
Epoch 48/50
    750/750 [=========== ] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4446 -
    accuracy: 0.8077 - recall: 0.3214 - precision: 0.6339
    Epoch 49/50
    accuracy: 0.8080 - recall: 0.3282 - precision: 0.6316
    accuracy: 0.8080 - recall: 0.3126 - precision: 0.6400
[128]: # Visualising the learning curves
     plt.figure(figsize=(16, 8))
     plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
     plot_graphs(history_nn_fs, 'accuracy')
     plt.ylim(0, 1)
     plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
     plot_graphs(history_nn_fs, 'loss')
     plt.ylim(0, 1)
```

[128]: (0.0, 1.0)



```
0.0
                      0.83399 0.94642
                                           0.88665
                                                        4703
               1.0
                      0.61991
                               0.31689
                                           0.41939
                                                        1297
                                                        6000
          accuracy
                                           0.81033
         macro avg
                                           0.65302
                                                        6000
                      0.72695
                                0.63165
      weighted avg
                      0.78771
                                0.81033
                                           0.78565
                                                        6000
[130]: print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, nn_fs_pred)))
      AUC: 0.631651150014812
[131]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, nn_fs_pred), columns = ["Predicted 0", ___

¬"Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])

               Predicted 0 Predicted 1
Γ131]:
       True 0
                      4451
                                    252
       True 1
                       886
                                    411
      8.5.3 Model Fitting for Neural Network on Balanced Dataset after SMOTE
[263]: nn_smote_model = tf.keras.Sequential([
           tf.keras.layers.Dense(16, activation = "relu"), #Hidden 1
           tf.keras.layers.Dense(8, activation = "sigmoid"), #Hidden 2
           tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation = "sigmoid") #Output
       ])
       #Hyperparameters
       learning_rate = 0.01
       loss_function = tf.keras.losses.binary_crossentropy
       optimiser_function = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=learning_rate)
       nn smote model.compile(
           loss = loss_function,
           optimizer = optimiser_function,
           metrics=[
               tf.keras.metrics.BinaryAccuracy(name='accuracy'),
               tf.keras.metrics.Recall(name='recall'),
               tf.keras.metrics.Precision(name='precision')
           ]
[264]: history_nn_model_smote = nn_smote_model.fit(X_SMOTE, y_SMOTE, epochs=50,__
        ⇒batch size=50)
      Epoch 1/50
```

2023-04-08 15:18:40.111880: I

```
Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.
accuracy: 0.6990 - recall: 0.6026 - precision: 0.7465
Epoch 2/50
accuracy: 0.7045 - recall: 0.6132 - precision: 0.7502
Epoch 3/50
accuracy: 0.7049 - recall: 0.6107 - precision: 0.7524
Epoch 4/50
accuracy: 0.7055 - recall: 0.6181 - precision: 0.7491
Epoch 5/50
accuracy: 0.7050 - recall: 0.6232 - precision: 0.7451
Epoch 6/50
accuracy: 0.7054 - recall: 0.6192 - precision: 0.7482
Epoch 7/50
747/747 [============ ] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.5777 -
accuracy: 0.7058 - recall: 0.6275 - precision: 0.7440
Epoch 8/50
accuracy: 0.7061 - recall: 0.6235 - precision: 0.7469
Epoch 9/50
747/747 [============] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.5768 -
accuracy: 0.7054 - recall: 0.6240 - precision: 0.7453
Epoch 10/50
accuracy: 0.7067 - recall: 0.6225 - precision: 0.7486
Epoch 11/50
accuracy: 0.7073 - recall: 0.6239 - precision: 0.7489
Epoch 12/50
747/747 [============ ] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.5761 -
accuracy: 0.7077 - recall: 0.6202 - precision: 0.7517
Epoch 13/50
accuracy: 0.7075 - recall: 0.6189 - precision: 0.7521
Epoch 14/50
accuracy: 0.7079 - recall: 0.6220 - precision: 0.7510
Epoch 15/50
747/747 [============= ] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.5756 -
accuracy: 0.7080 - recall: 0.6214 - precision: 0.7515
Epoch 16/50
```

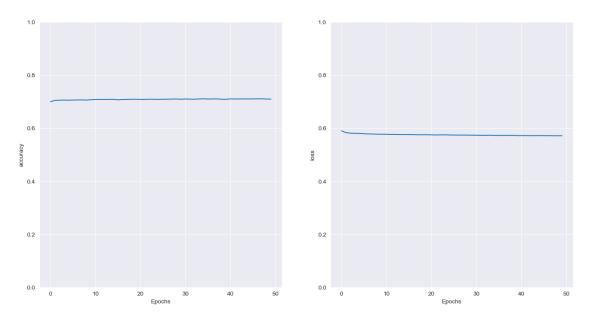
tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]

```
accuracy: 0.7064 - recall: 0.6153 - precision: 0.7523
Epoch 17/50
accuracy: 0.7074 - recall: 0.6223 - precision: 0.7500
Epoch 18/50
accuracy: 0.7075 - recall: 0.6172 - precision: 0.7533
Epoch 19/50
747/747 [============ ] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.5750 -
accuracy: 0.7084 - recall: 0.6186 - precision: 0.7540
Epoch 20/50
accuracy: 0.7084 - recall: 0.6208 - precision: 0.7527
accuracy: 0.7077 - recall: 0.6163 - precision: 0.7541
Epoch 22/50
accuracy: 0.7079 - recall: 0.6188 - precision: 0.7530
Epoch 23/50
accuracy: 0.7087 - recall: 0.6194 - precision: 0.7541
Epoch 24/50
accuracy: 0.7084 - recall: 0.6174 - precision: 0.7548
Epoch 25/50
accuracy: 0.7079 - recall: 0.6193 - precision: 0.7527
Epoch 26/50
accuracy: 0.7085 - recall: 0.6211 - precision: 0.7527
Epoch 27/50
747/747 [============ ] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.5734 -
accuracy: 0.7087 - recall: 0.6227 - precision: 0.7521
Epoch 28/50
accuracy: 0.7093 - recall: 0.6183 - precision: 0.7558
Epoch 29/50
accuracy: 0.7095 - recall: 0.6193 - precision: 0.7556
Epoch 30/50
accuracy: 0.7086 - recall: 0.6209 - precision: 0.7530
Epoch 31/50
accuracy: 0.7095 - recall: 0.6263 - precision: 0.7513
Epoch 32/50
```

```
accuracy: 0.7091 - recall: 0.6210 - precision: 0.7538
Epoch 33/50
accuracy: 0.7087 - recall: 0.6177 - precision: 0.7551
Epoch 34/50
accuracy: 0.7096 - recall: 0.6225 - precision: 0.7538
Epoch 35/50
accuracy: 0.7102 - recall: 0.6259 - precision: 0.7528
Epoch 36/50
accuracy: 0.7093 - recall: 0.6203 - precision: 0.7547
accuracy: 0.7097 - recall: 0.6213 - precision: 0.7547
Epoch 38/50
accuracy: 0.7100 - recall: 0.6238 - precision: 0.7538
Epoch 39/50
accuracy: 0.7085 - recall: 0.6216 - precision: 0.7524
Epoch 40/50
accuracy: 0.7083 - recall: 0.6226 - precision: 0.7514
Epoch 41/50
accuracy: 0.7100 - recall: 0.6257 - precision: 0.7525
Epoch 42/50
747/747 [============ ] - 7s 10ms/step - loss: 0.5715 -
accuracy: 0.7095 - recall: 0.6245 - precision: 0.7524
Epoch 43/50
accuracy: 0.7098 - recall: 0.6215 - precision: 0.7547
Epoch 44/50
accuracy: 0.7097 - recall: 0.6267 - precision: 0.7515
Epoch 45/50
accuracy: 0.7097 - recall: 0.6200 - precision: 0.7556
Epoch 46/50
accuracy: 0.7098 - recall: 0.6267 - precision: 0.7517
Epoch 47/50
accuracy: 0.7101 - recall: 0.6231 - precision: 0.7543
Epoch 48/50
```

```
[265]: # Visualising the learning curves
plt.figure(figsize=(16, 8))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plot_graphs(history_nn_model_smote, 'accuracy')
plt.ylim(0, 1)
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plot_graphs(history_nn_model_smote, 'loss')
plt.ylim(0, 1)
```

[265]: (0.0, 1.0)



```
[266]: # making predictions on test set
nn_smote_pred_raw = nn_smote_model.predict(X_test)

nn_smote_pred = [1 if p > 0.5 else 0 for p in np.ravel(nn_smote_pred_raw)]

print(classification_report(y_test, nn_smote_pred, digits=5))
```

92/188 [========>...] - ETA: Os

```
2023-04-08 15:24:41.627117: I
      tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]
      Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.
      188/188 [========= ] - Os 2ms/step
                    precision recall f1-score
                                                    support
               0.0
                      0.87929
                              0.79609
                                          0.83562
                                                       4703
                      0.44948 0.60370
               1.0
                                          0.51530
                                                       1297
                                          0.75450
                                                       6000
          accuracy
                      0.66438
                              0.69989
                                          0.67546
                                                       6000
         macro avg
      weighted avg
                      0.78638
                                0.75450
                                          0.76638
                                                       6000
[267]: print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, nn_smote_pred)))
      AUC: 0.6998942258841326
[268]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, nn_smote_pred), columns = ["Predicted 0", __

¬"Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])
              Predicted 0 Predicted 1
[268]:
      True 0
                     3744
                                   959
      True 1
                      514
                                   783
      8.5.4 Neural Network Tuning
[138]: | def define_model(learning_rate = 0.001, neurons_1 = 8, neurons_2 = 4):
          model = tf.keras.Sequential([
              tf.keras.layers.Dense(neurons_1, activation = "relu", input_shape=(10, u
        →)),
              tf.keras.layers.Dense(neurons_2, activation = "sigmoid"),
              tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation = "sigmoid")
          ])
          optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate = learning_rate)
          model.compile(
              loss=tf.keras.losses.binary_crossentropy,
              optimizer = optimizer,
              metrics = ['acc']
          )
          return model
      learning_rate = [0.001, 0.01, 0.1]
      neurons 1 = [8, 16]
      neurons_2 = [4, 8]
```

```
param_grid = dict(learning_rate = learning_rate, neurons_1 = neurons_1,_
        ⇔neurons_2 = neurons_2)
[139]: nn_model_temp = KerasClassifier(model = define_model, epochs=50, batch_size =___
        ⇒50,
                                       learning rate=0.001, neurons 1=8, neurons 2=4,
        →verbose=0)
       nn_grid_model = GridSearchCV(estimator = nn_model_temp, param_grid =__
        param_grid, scoring = "accuracy", cv = 3, verbose = 0)
[140]: nn_grid_model.fit(X_SMOTE, y_SMOTE)
       print(nn_grid_model.best_params_)
      2023-04-08 06:33:53.693735: I
      tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]
      Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.
      2023-04-08 06:35:51.294481: I
      tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]
      Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.
      2023-04-08 06:35:51.864794: I
      tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]
      Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled.
      2023-04-08 06:37:49.100805: I
      tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom graph optimizer registry.cc:113]
      Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.
      2023-04-08 06:37:49.662360: I
      tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]
      Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.
      2023-04-08 07:00:59.427460: I
      tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]
      Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.
      2023-04-08 07:01:00.004853: I
      tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]
      Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.
      2023-04-08 07:33:33.112069: I
      tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]
      Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled.
      2023-04-08 07:33:33.678112: I
      tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]
      Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.
      2023-04-08 07:52:21.924525: I
      tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]
      Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.
      2023-04-08 07:52:22.477506: I
      tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]
      Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.
      2023-04-08 08:09:59.150052: I
```

tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 08:09:59.794674: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 08:11:56.856607: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom graph optimizer registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 08:11:57.421311: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 08:46:31.354975: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 08:46:31.919385: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 09:21:10.189272: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 09:21:10.750783: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 10:09:41.909988: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 10:09:42.467727: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 10:11:41.253550: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 10:11:41.817866: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 10:45:08.791129: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom graph optimizer registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 10:45:09.366404: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:03:38.532051: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:03:39.096888: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.

2023-04-08 11:05:37.972301: I

tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:05:38.539991: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:07:37.334446: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom graph optimizer registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:07:37.894833: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:09:37.286243: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:09:37.923098: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:12:13.020215: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:12:14.305142: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:17:03.396704: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:17:04.850747: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:48:47.176956: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:48:48.196213: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:50:52.781287: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom graph optimizer registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:50:53.366962: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:52:57.348449: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:52:57.964482: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.

2023-04-08 11:55:02.351613: I

tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:55:02.947552: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:57:08.193507: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom graph optimizer registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:57:08.786068: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:59:12.597589: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 11:59:13.191180: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:01:17.118341: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:01:17.715229: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:03:21.407998: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:03:22.000616: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:05:25.102859: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:05:25.757317: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:07:30.107472: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom graph optimizer registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:07:30.717262: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:09:35.045776: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:09:35.641994: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]

Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.

2023-04-08 12:11:40.739902: I

tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:11:41.378237: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:13:45.520290: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom graph optimizer registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:13:46.114949: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:15:49.601896: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:15:50.240346: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:17:54.235077: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:17:54.844210: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom graph optimizer registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:20:00.574210: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:20:01.185509: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:22:07.048759: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:22:07.645391: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:24:12.856743: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom graph optimizer registry.cc:113] Plugin optimizer for device type GPU is enabled. 2023-04-08 12:24:13.495964: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]

{'learning_rate': 0.01, 'neurons_1': 8, 'neurons_2': 8}

Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.

8.5.5 Creating the Optimised Neural Network from the Tuned Hyperparameters

```
[55]: optimised_nn = tf.keras.Sequential([
         tf.keras.layers.Dense(8, activation = "relu", input_shape=(10, )),
         tf.keras.layers.Dense(8, activation = "sigmoid"),
         tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation = "sigmoid")
     ])
     optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate = 0.01)
     optimised_nn.compile(
         loss=tf.keras.losses.binary_crossentropy,
         optimizer = optimizer,
         metrics=[
             tf.keras.metrics.BinaryAccuracy(name='accuracy'),
             tf.keras.metrics.Recall(name='recall'),
            tf.keras.metrics.Precision(name='precision')
         ]
     )
    Metal device set to: Apple M1 Pro
    2023-04-09 13:30:23.189610: I
    tensorflow/core/common runtime/pluggable_device/pluggable_device factory.cc:305]
    Could not identify NUMA node of platform GPU ID 0, defaulting to 0. Your kernel
    may not have been built with NUMA support.
    2023-04-09 13:30:23.189904: I
    tensorflow/core/common_runtime/pluggable_device/pluggable_device_factory.cc:271]
    Created TensorFlow device (/job:localhost/replica:0/task:0/device:GPU:0 with 0
    MB memory) -> physical PluggableDevice (device: 0, name: METAL, pci bus id:
     <undefined>)
[56]: optimised_nn_history = optimised_nn.fit(X_SMOTE, y_SMOTE, batch_size=50,_
      ⇔epochs=50)
    Epoch 1/50
    2023-04-09 13:30:23.526673: W
    tensorflow/core/platform/profile_utils/cpu_utils.cc:128] Failed to get CPU
    frequency: 0 Hz
    2023-04-09 13:30:23.865839: I
    tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_graph_optimizer_registry.cc:113]
    Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enabled.
    accuracy: 0.7016 - recall: 0.6052 - precision: 0.7497
    accuracy: 0.7038 - recall: 0.6047 - precision: 0.7542
    Epoch 3/50
```

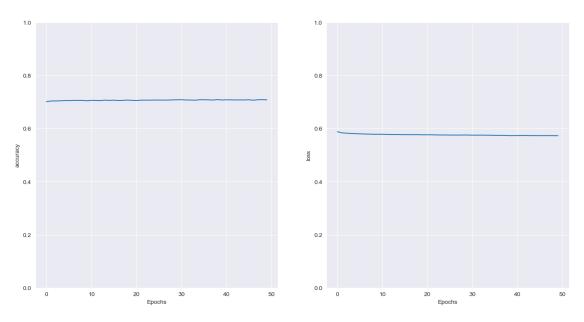
```
accuracy: 0.7040 - recall: 0.6089 - precision: 0.7520
Epoch 4/50
accuracy: 0.7045 - recall: 0.6133 - precision: 0.7501
Epoch 5/50
accuracy: 0.7056 - recall: 0.6162 - precision: 0.7504
Epoch 6/50
accuracy: 0.7054 - recall: 0.6165 - precision: 0.7499
Epoch 7/50
accuracy: 0.7062 - recall: 0.6178 - precision: 0.7505
accuracy: 0.7059 - recall: 0.6178 - precision: 0.7499
747/747 [============ ] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.5783 -
accuracy: 0.7062 - recall: 0.6205 - precision: 0.7487
Epoch 10/50
accuracy: 0.7048 - recall: 0.6202 - precision: 0.7465
Epoch 11/50
accuracy: 0.7063 - recall: 0.6197 - precision: 0.7496
Epoch 12/50
accuracy: 0.7060 - recall: 0.6219 - precision: 0.7476
Epoch 13/50
accuracy: 0.7054 - recall: 0.6189 - precision: 0.7483
Epoch 14/50
747/747 [============ ] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.5775 -
accuracy: 0.7070 - recall: 0.6235 - precision: 0.7485
Epoch 15/50
accuracy: 0.7061 - recall: 0.6219 - precision: 0.7478
Epoch 16/50
accuracy: 0.7068 - recall: 0.6247 - precision: 0.7475
Epoch 17/50
accuracy: 0.7056 - recall: 0.6165 - precision: 0.7503
Epoch 18/50
accuracy: 0.7062 - recall: 0.6189 - precision: 0.7498
Epoch 19/50
```

```
accuracy: 0.7073 - recall: 0.6188 - precision: 0.7520
Epoch 20/50
accuracy: 0.7062 - recall: 0.6208 - precision: 0.7488
Epoch 21/50
accuracy: 0.7056 - recall: 0.6205 - precision: 0.7478
Epoch 22/50
747/747 [============ ] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.5764 -
accuracy: 0.7068 - recall: 0.6258 - precision: 0.7469
Epoch 23/50
accuracy: 0.7073 - recall: 0.6261 - precision: 0.7474
Epoch 24/50
accuracy: 0.7069 - recall: 0.6254 - precision: 0.7472
Epoch 25/50
accuracy: 0.7073 - recall: 0.6245 - precision: 0.7485
Epoch 26/50
accuracy: 0.7074 - recall: 0.6222 - precision: 0.7500
Epoch 27/50
accuracy: 0.7071 - recall: 0.6249 - precision: 0.7479
Epoch 28/50
accuracy: 0.7074 - recall: 0.6230 - precision: 0.7495
Epoch 29/50
accuracy: 0.7079 - recall: 0.6226 - precision: 0.7507
Epoch 30/50
accuracy: 0.7084 - recall: 0.6179 - precision: 0.7544
Epoch 31/50
accuracy: 0.7087 - recall: 0.6239 - precision: 0.7514
Epoch 32/50
accuracy: 0.7076 - recall: 0.6198 - precision: 0.7519
Epoch 33/50
accuracy: 0.7077 - recall: 0.6195 - precision: 0.7521
Epoch 34/50
accuracy: 0.7067 - recall: 0.6205 - precision: 0.7498
Epoch 35/50
```

```
accuracy: 0.7084 - recall: 0.6222 - precision: 0.7518
Epoch 36/50
accuracy: 0.7086 - recall: 0.6235 - precision: 0.7513
Epoch 37/50
accuracy: 0.7081 - recall: 0.6219 - precision: 0.7514
Epoch 38/50
accuracy: 0.7075 - recall: 0.6190 - precision: 0.7521
Epoch 39/50
accuracy: 0.7090 - recall: 0.6219 - precision: 0.7531
accuracy: 0.7077 - recall: 0.6221 - precision: 0.7505
Epoch 41/50
accuracy: 0.7083 - recall: 0.6225 - precision: 0.7514
Epoch 42/50
accuracy: 0.7083 - recall: 0.6241 - precision: 0.7505
Epoch 43/50
accuracy: 0.7077 - recall: 0.6188 - precision: 0.7527
Epoch 44/50
accuracy: 0.7079 - recall: 0.6187 - precision: 0.7531
Epoch 45/50
accuracy: 0.7078 - recall: 0.6198 - precision: 0.7521
Epoch 46/50
accuracy: 0.7085 - recall: 0.6239 - precision: 0.7509
Epoch 47/50
accuracy: 0.7069 - recall: 0.6189 - precision: 0.7511
Epoch 48/50
accuracy: 0.7085 - recall: 0.6188 - precision: 0.7541
Epoch 49/50
accuracy: 0.7088 - recall: 0.6207 - precision: 0.7535
Epoch 50/50
accuracy: 0.7082 - recall: 0.6216 - precision: 0.7518
```

```
[59]: # Visualising the learning curves
plt.figure(figsize=(16, 8))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plot_graphs(optimised_nn_history, 'accuracy')
plt.ylim(0, 1)
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plot_graphs(optimised_nn_history, 'loss')
plt.ylim(0, 1)
```

[59]: (0.0, 1.0)



[69]: print(classification_report(y_test, nn_grid_pred, digits=5))

	precision	recall	Il-score	support
0.0	0.87457	0.81246	0.84237	4703
1.0	0.45923	0.57749	0.51161	1297
accuracy			0.76167	6000
macro avg	0.66690	0.69497	0.67699	6000
weighted avg	0.78479	0.76167	0.77087	6000

```
[70]: print("AUC: " + str(roc_auc_score(y_test, nn_grid_pred)))
     AUC: 0.6949733195776706
[71]: pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test, nn_grid_pred), columns = ["Predicted 0", ___

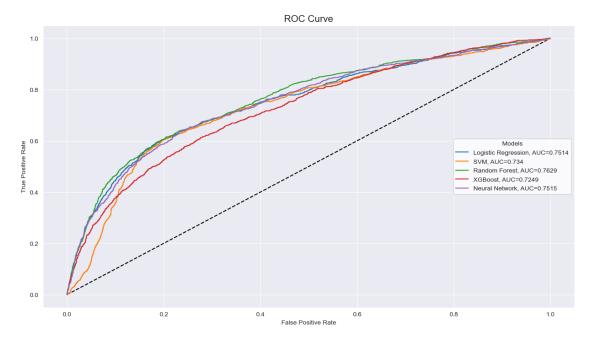
¬"Predicted 1"], index = ["True 0", "True 1"])

[71]:
              Predicted 0 Predicted 1
      True 0
                     3821
      True 1
                      548
                                   749
     8.6 ROC Curve for all models
[72]: # Logistic Regression
      lr_y_pred_proba = optimised_lr.predict_proba(X_test)[::,-1]
      lr_fpr, lr_tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, lr_y_pred_proba)
      lr_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, lr_y_pred_proba)
      # SVM
      svm_y_pred_proba = optimised_svm.predict_proba(X_test)[::,1]
      svm_fpr, svm_tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, svm_y_pred_proba)
      svm_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, svm_y_pred_proba)
      # Random Forest
      rf_y_pred_proba = optimised_rf.predict_proba(X_test)[::,1]
      rf fpr, rf tpr, = roc curve(y test, rf y pred proba)
      rf_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, rf_y_pred_proba)
      # XGBoost
      xgb_y_pred_proba = optimised_xgboost.predict_proba(X_test)[::,1]
      xgb_fpr, xgb_tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, xgb_y_pred_proba)
      xgb_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, xgb_y_pred_proba)
      # Neural Network
      nn_y_pred_proba = optimised_nn.predict(X_test)[::,-1]
      nn_fpr, nn_tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, nn_y_pred_proba)
      nn_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, nn_y_pred_proba)
      # Plotting
      plt.figure(figsize = (15, 8))
      plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--')
      plt.plot(lr_fpr, lr_tpr, label=f"Logistic Regression, AUC={round(lr_auc, 4)}")
      plt.plot(svm_fpr, svm_tpr, label=f"SVM, AUC={round(svm_auc, 4)}")
      plt.plot(rf_fpr, rf_tpr, label=f"Random Forest, AUC={round(rf_auc, 4)}")
      plt.plot(xgb_fpr, xgb_tpr, label=f"XGBoost, AUC={round(xgb_auc, 4)}")
      plt.plot(nn fpr, nn tpr, label=f"Neural Network, AUC={round(nn auc, 4)}")
      plt.legend(loc=5, title='Models', facecolor='white')
```

plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')

```
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.title('ROC Curve', size=15)
plt.show()
```

188/188 [=======] - Os 2ms/step



[145]: