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# CLASS NODE
class Node:
  def __init__(self, data=None):
     self.data = data
     self.right = self.left = None
# IN ORDER Traversal
def inorder(root):
  if root:
     inorder(root.left)
     print(root.data, end=" ")
     inorder(root.right)
# BFS Traversal
def bfs_traversal(root):
  if not root:
     return
  queue = [root]
  while queue:
     node = queue.pop(0)
     print(node.data, end=""")
     if node.left:
       queue.append(node.left)
     if node.right:
       queue.append(node.right)
# Initialize the tree
root = Node(5)
child1 = Node(3)
child2 = Node(7)
root.left = child1
root.right = child2
child1.left = Node(-2)
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child1.right = Node(4)
child2.left = Node(6)
child2.right = Node(10)
# Terminal Separator printer
separator = lambda: print("\n", "=" * 45)
separator()
print("In order traversal: ")
inorder(root)
# Recursive INSERT Function
def insert(root, key):
   if not root:
      return Node(key)
   if key < root.data:</pre>
      root.left = insert(root.left, key)
   else:
      root.right = insert(root.right, key)
   return root
insert(root, 11)
separator()
print("In order traversal: ")
inorder(root)
separator()
print("BFS traversal: ")
bfs traversal(root)
insert(root, 8)
separator()
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print("BFS traversal: ")
bfs_traversal(root)
insert(root, 9)
separator()
print("BFS traversal: ")
bfs_traversal(root)
# BST Constructor Function
def constructBST(keys):
   root = None
   for key in keys:
      root = insert(root, key)
   return root
separator()
# Construct new Tree
tree_2 = [15, 10, 20, 8, 12, 16, 25]
root_2 = constructBST(tree_2)
print("\nIn order Root 2")
inorder(root_2)
separator()
print("BFS Traversal Root 2")
bfs_traversal(root_2)
# Recursive function to search in a given BST
def search(root, key, parent):
   # if the key is not present in the key
   if root is None:
      print("Key not found")
      return
   # if the key is found
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if root.data == key:
       if parent is None:
           print(f"The node with key {key} is root
node")
       elif key < parent.data:</pre>
           print(
               f"The given key [{key}] is the left node
of the node with key",
               parent.data,
       else:
           print(
               f"The given key [{key}] is the right node
of the node with key",
               parent.data,
           )
       return
   # if the given key is less than the root node, recur
for the left subtree;
   # otherwise, recur for the right subtree
   if key < root.data:</pre>
       search(root.left, key, root)
   else:
       search(root.right, key, root)
separator()
print("SEARCH")
search(root_2, 16, None)
separator()
# CREATE ADJANCENCY LIST Function
def create_adj_list(root, adjacency_list):
   Creates Adjacency List to represent each Node and its
children
   0.00
   if root:
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adjacency_list[root.data] = []
        if root.left:
adjacency_list[root.data].append(root.left.data)
            create_adj_list(root.left, adjacency_list)
        if root.right:
adjacency_list[root.data].append(root.right.data)
            create_adj_list(root.right, adjacency_list)
adjacency_list = {}
res = create_adj_list(root, adjacency_list)
print("This is the adjacency_list de root:")
for node, neighbor in adjacency_list.items():
    print(node, neighbor)
separator()
adjacency_list = {}
res = create_adj_list(root_2, adjacency_list)
print("This is the adjacency_list of root_2:")
for node, neighbor in adjacency_list.items():
    print(node, neighbor)
```