Malware Analysis and Enumeration Project

Introduction

In my role as an ethical hacker with the EC-Council, I conducted an extensive project focused on malware analysis and enumeration techniques. This project was designed to demonstrate my capabilities in identifying, creating, and analyzing malware, as well as extracting critical information from target networks to enhance security measures.

Objectives

The primary objectives of this project were:

Malware Creation and Exploitation:

- Creating a Trojan and exploiting a target machine.
- Developing a virus to infect the target machine.
- Conducting malware analysis to determine origin, functionality, and potential impact.
- Detecting malware within a network.

Enumeration:

 Extracting various pieces of information about the target, such as machine names, ports, operating systems, services, network resources and shares, usernames, user groups, policies, passwords, routing tables, audit settings, and service configurations.

Tasks and Techniques

This project involved performing a series of tasks using a variety of tools and techniques to achieve thorough malware analysis and enumeration. The tasks included:

1. Creating and Exploiting Malware:

- Trojan Creation and Exploitation: Gaining access to and control over victim machines using tools like njRAT and Theef RAT Trojan.
- o Virus Creation: Using the JPS Virus Maker Tool to develop a virus and infect target systems.

2. Static Malware Analysis:

 Using tools like Hybrid Analysis, BinText, PeID, Detect It Easy (DIE), PE Explorer, Dependency Walker, IDA, OllyDbg, and Ghidra to perform static analysis of malware samples.

3. Dynamic Malware Analysis:

 Employing tools like TCPView, CurrPorts, Process Monitor, Reg Organizer, Windows Service Manager, Autoruns for Windows, WinPatrol, Mirekusoft Install Monitor, PA File Sight, DriverView, Driver Reviver, and DNSQuerySniffer to perform dynamic analysis of malware behavior and system interactions.

4. Enumeration Techniques:

- NetBIOS Enumeration: Using Windows command line tools and NetBIOS Enumerator.
- SNMP Enumeration: Utilizing tools like snmp-check, SoftPerfect Network Scanner, and snmpwalk.
- LDAP Enumeration: Using Active Directory Explorer, Python (Idap3), and Nmap for LDAP exploration.

- o **NFS Enumeration:** Conducting scans using RPCScan and SuperEnum.
- DNS Enumeration: Performing DNS zone transfers, DNSSEC zone walking, and service discovery with tools like dig, dnsrecon, and Nmap.
- o **SMTP Enumeration:** Listing mail users and open SMTP relays with Nmap.
- General Enumeration Tools: Employing Global Network Inventory, Advanced IP Scanner, and Enum4linux for comprehensive network resource enumeration.

Tools Utilized

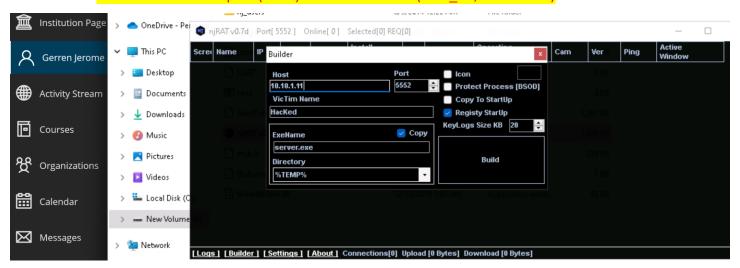
Throughout this project, I utilized several key tools to perform malware analysis and enumeration tasks, including:

- njRAT and Theef RAT: For creating and exploiting Trojans.
- JPS Virus Maker Tool: For creating viruses.
- Hybrid Analysis, BinText, PeID, DIE, PE Explorer, Dependency Walker, IDA, OllyDbg, Ghidra: For static malware analysis.
- TCPView, CurrPorts, Process Monitor, Reg Organizer, Windows Service Manager, Autoruns, WinPatrol, Mirekusoft Install Monitor, PA File Sight, DriverView, Driver Reviver, DNSQuerySniffer: For dynamic malware analysis.
- NetBIOS Enumerator, snmp-check, SoftPerfect Network Scanner, snmpwalk, Active Directory Explorer, Nmap, RPCScan, SuperEnum, dig, dnsrecon, Global Network Inventory, Advanced IP Scanner, Enum4linux: For enumeration tasks.

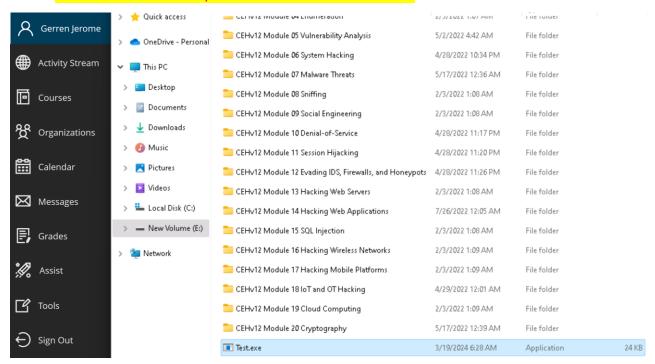
Gain access to the target system using Trojans.

Gain control over a victim machine using the njRAT RAT Trojan

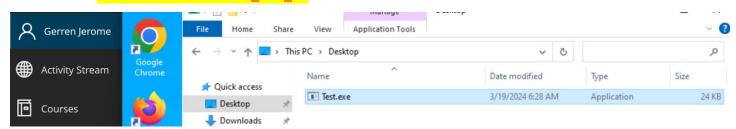
Confirm install with port (5552) and listener host (WIN_11; 10.10.1.11)



Confirm creation and upload of Test.exe to share folder.



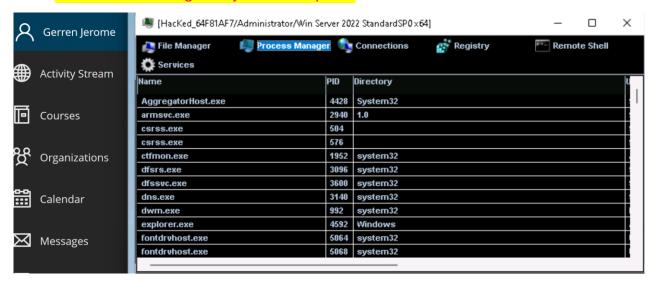
Launch Test.exe on WIN SVR 22



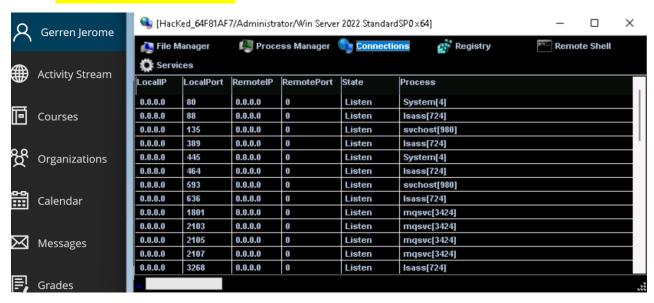
Confirm control session between WIN_11 and WIN_SVR_22



Show Process Manager in njRAT control panel.



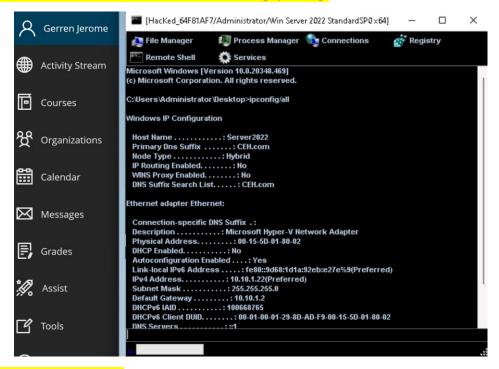
Show network connections.



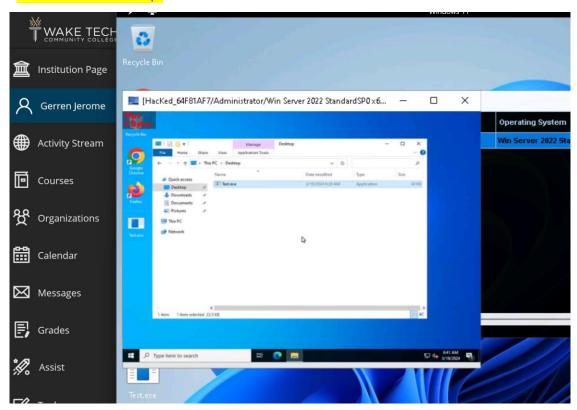
Show registry.



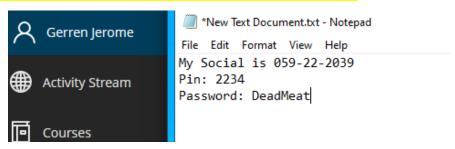
Show remote shell, confirm connection using ipconfig.



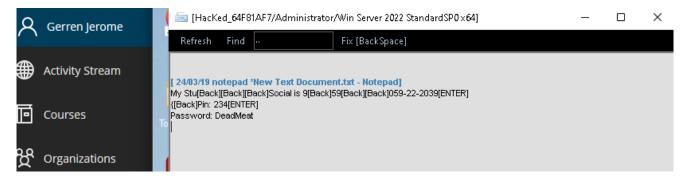
Show remote desktop.



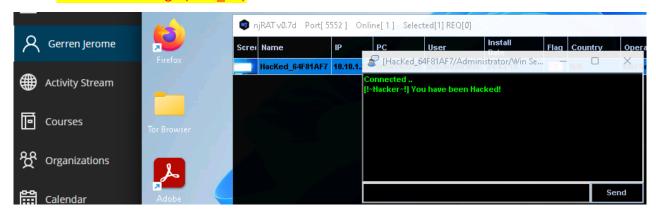
Create dummy text/actions on victim (WIN_SVR_22) machine.



Confirm surveillance on WIN 11 machine in njRAT.



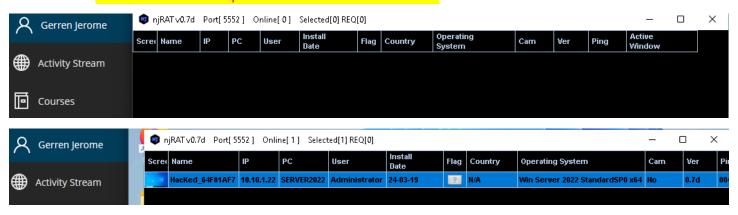
Send chat message (WIN_11)



Display chat message (WIN_SVR_22)

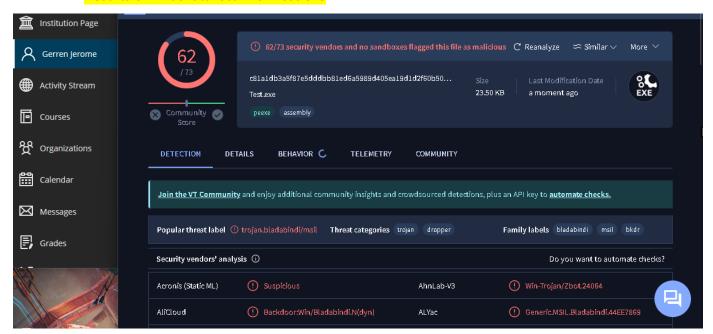


Show automatic recapture of connection with victim.

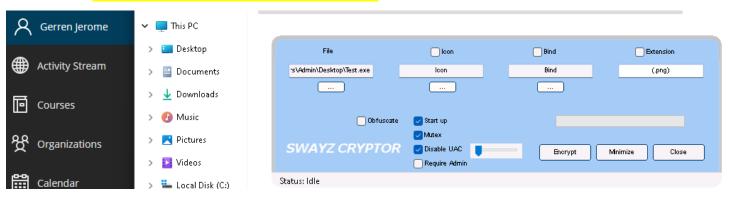


Hide a Trojan using SwayzCryptor and make it undetectable to various anti-virus programs

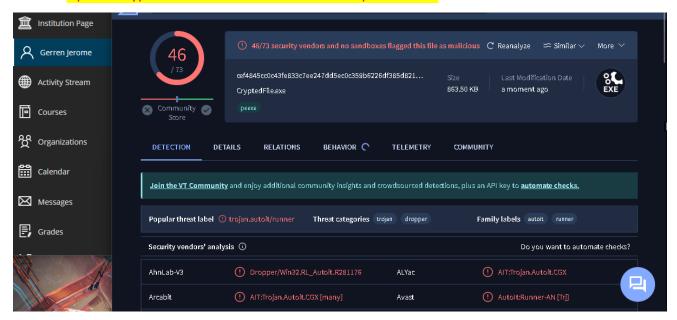
Results of VirusTotal scan for Test.exe



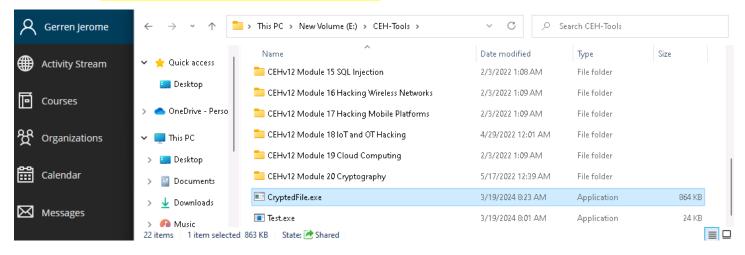
Confirm encryption options in SwayzCryptor



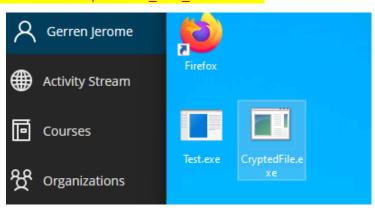
Upload CryptedFile.exe to VirusTotal and compare results



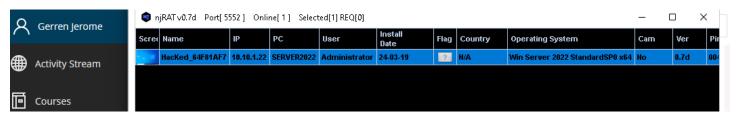
Upload CryptedFile to the CEH-Tools folder.



Copy CryptedFile to Desktop of WIN_SVR_22 and run.

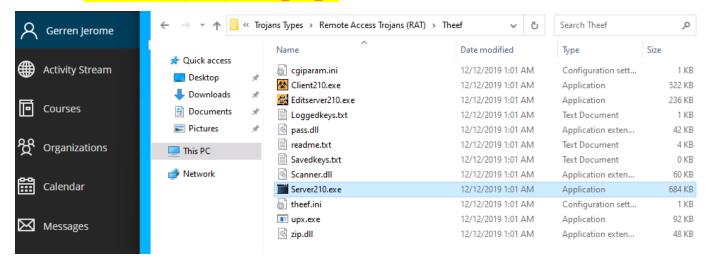


Confirm session in njRAT between WIN_SVR_22 and WIN_11

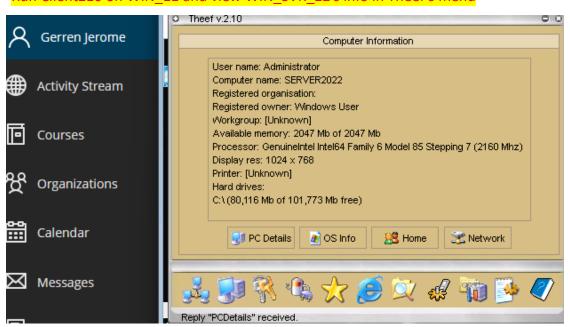


Create a Trojan server using Theef RAT Trojan

Run Server210 (Theef) on WIN_SVR_22



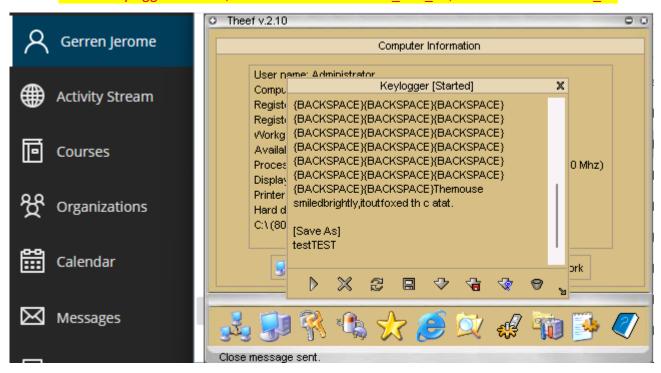
Run Client210 on WIN 11 and view WIN SVR 22's info in Theef's menu



Show results of Spy screen in Theef



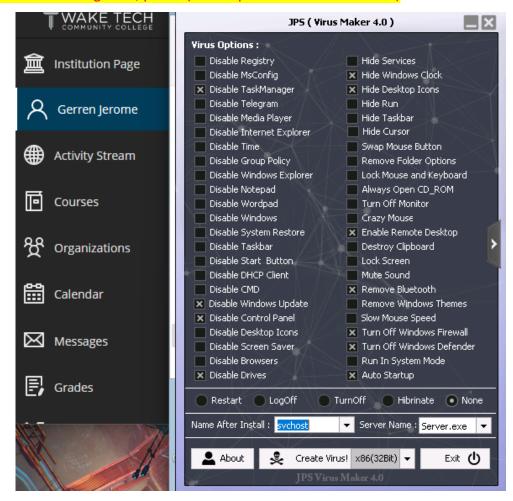
Launch keylogger in Theef, write some stuff on WIN SVR 22, then confirm on WIN 11



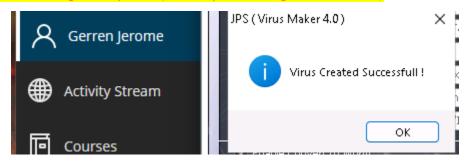
Infect the target system using a virus.

Create a virus using the JPS Virus Maker Tool and infect the target system.

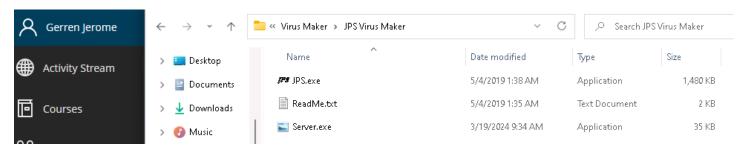
Create and config virus, part 1 (Virus Options – Left hand menu)



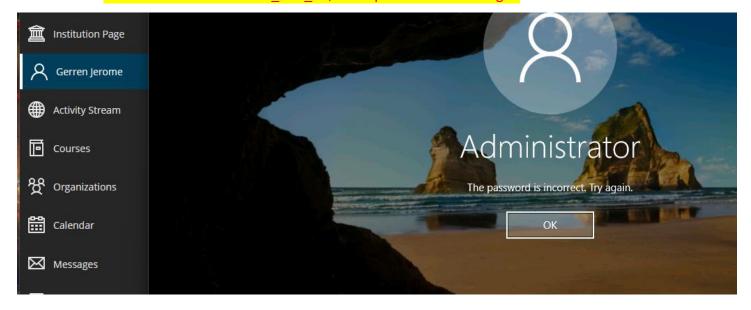
Create and config virus, part 2 (Virus Options – Right hand menu)



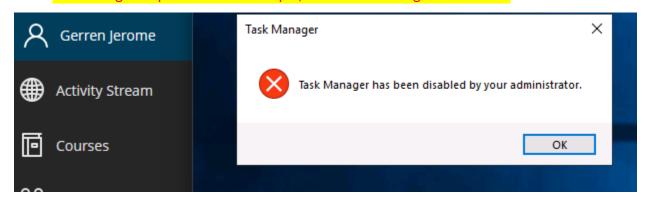
Confirm server.exe is in the JPS Virus Maker folder.



Launch server.exe on WIN SVR 19, attempt to restart and login.

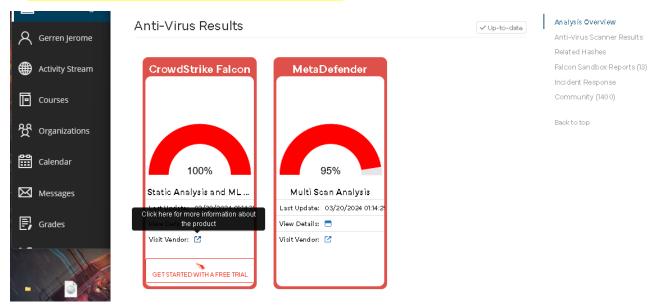


After using new password from Step 9, show Task Manager is disabled.

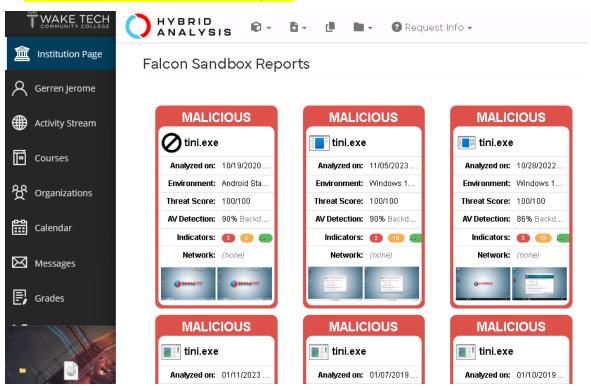


Perform static malware analysis

Perform malware scanning using Hybrid Analysis

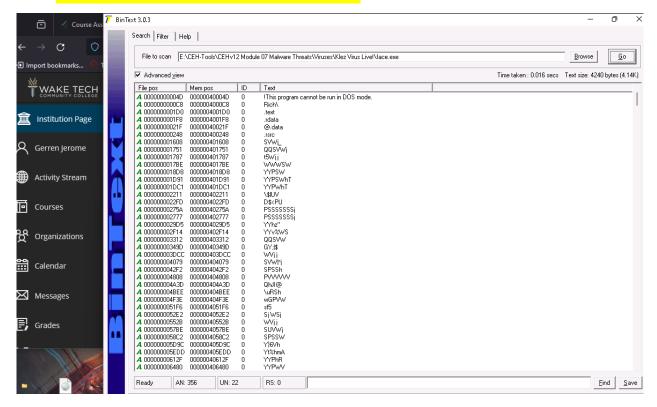


Information from Falcon Sandbox Reports



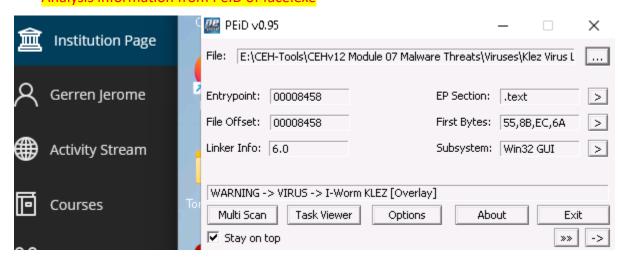
Perform a strings search using BinText.

Extracted information from face.exe in BinText.



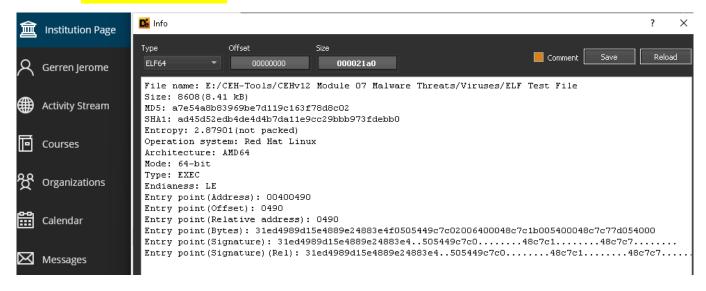
Identify packaging and obfuscation methods using Peid

Analysis information from PeID of face.exe

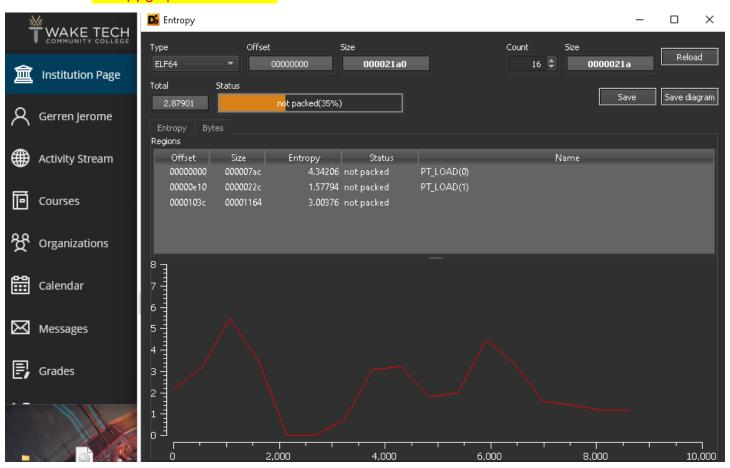


Analyze ELF executable file using Detect It Easy (DIE)

File info of ELF test file

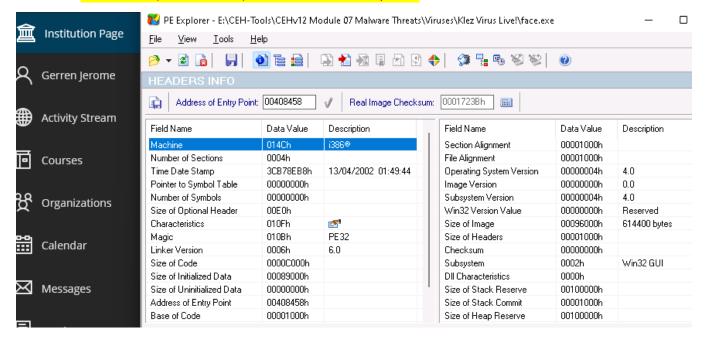


Entropy graph of ELF test file

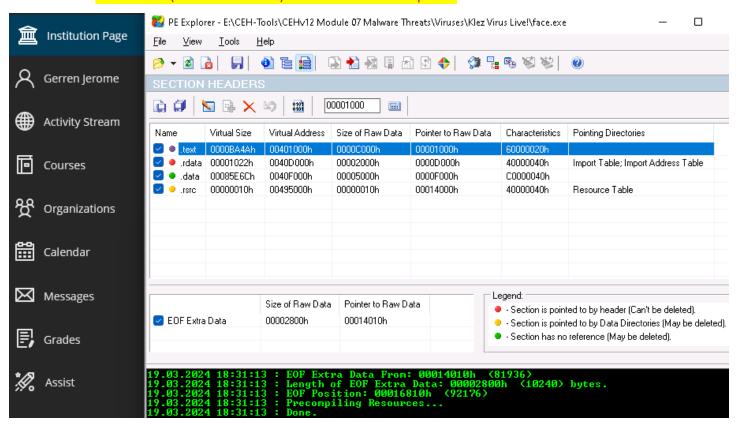


Find the portable executable (PE) info of a malware executable file using PE Explorer

Scan result (Headers Info) for face.exe in PE Explorer



Scan result (Section Headers) for face.exe in PE Explorer

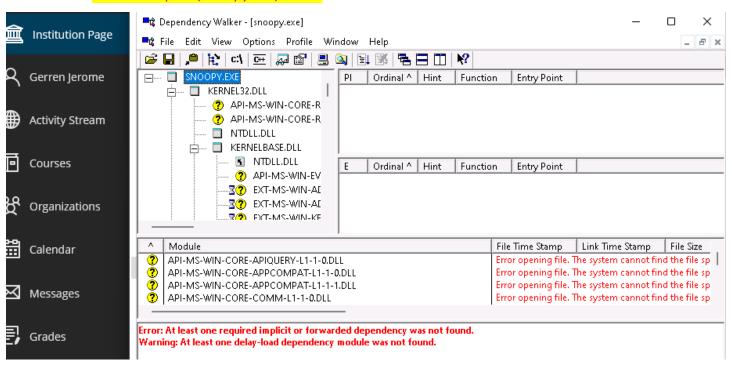


Hex viewer before closing.

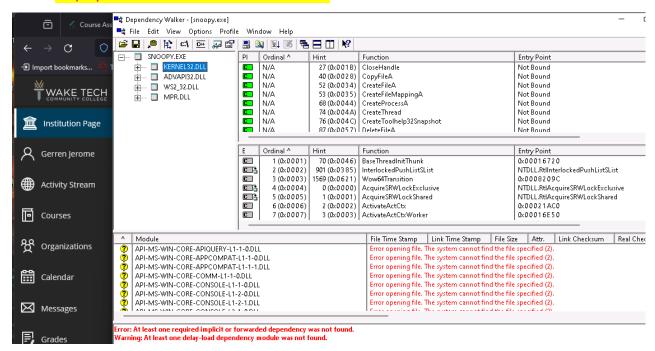
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\boxtimes	Messages	0000500 00400500 ugh space for environment R6008 - not enough space for 0000540 00400540 nts R6002 - floating point not loaded Microsoft 0000580 00400580 C++ Runtime Library Runtime Error! Program: -TEXT/HEX RAW Size: 00002000h; Vitual Size: 00001022h	Visual

Identify file dependencies using Dependency Walker

Confirm import (Snoopy.exe) in DW

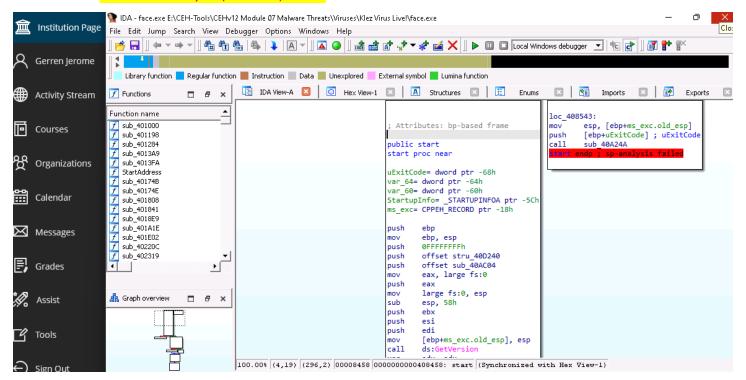


Display DLL details in DW for KERNEL32.dll

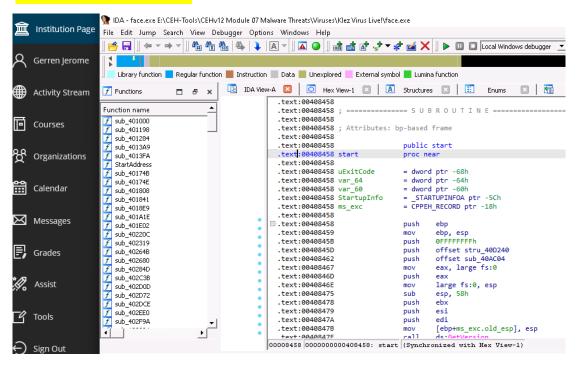


Perform malware disassembly using IDA and OllyDbg

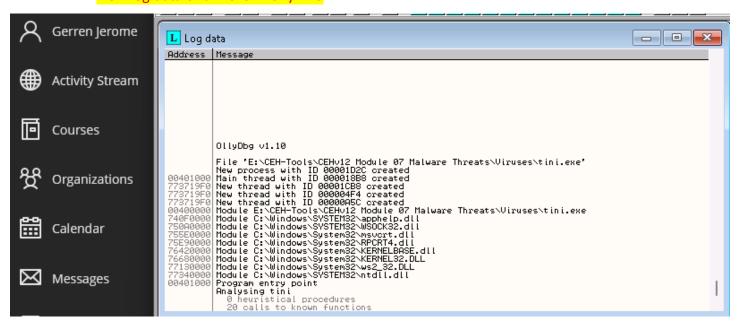
Results of analysis (face.exe) in IDA



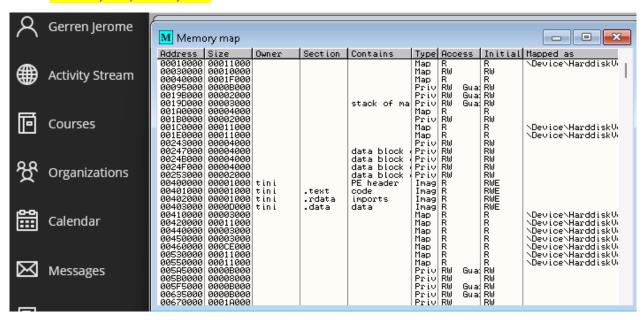
Text view of face.exe in IDA



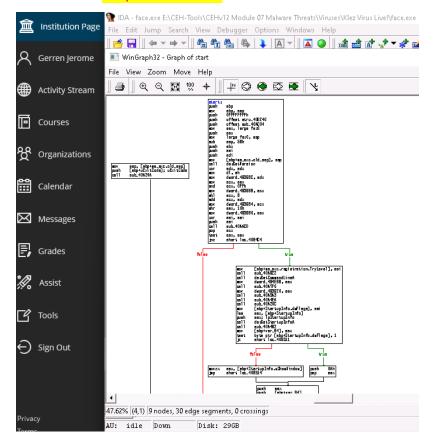
view log data of tini.exe in OllyDBG



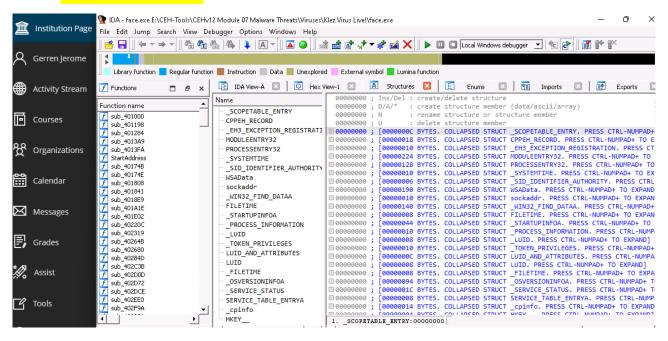
Memory map in OllyDBG



Graph view in IDA.

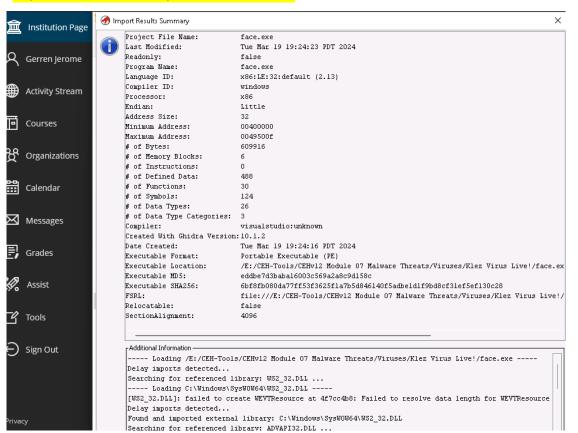


Structures view in IDA

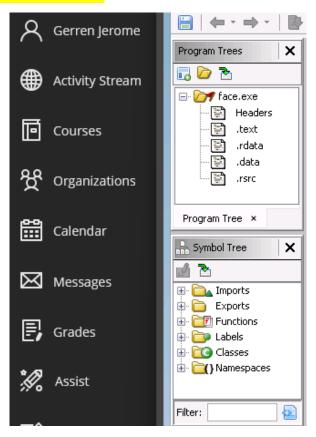


Perform malware disassembly using Ghidra.

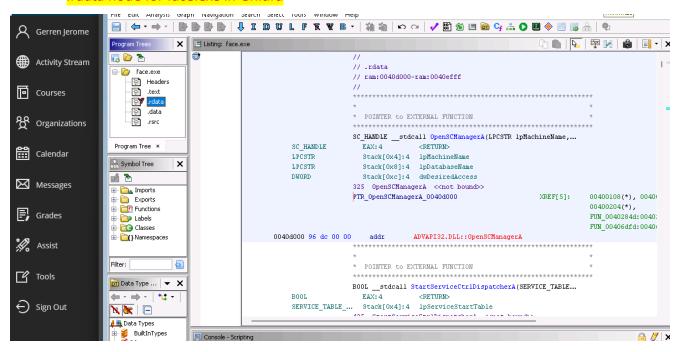
Import Results Summary window in Ghidra.



Symbol tree for face.exe in Ghidra



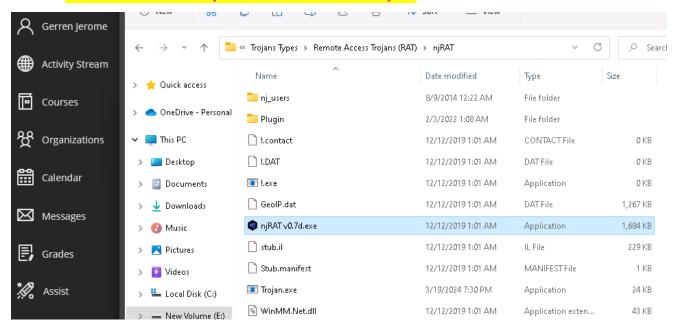
.rdata node for face.exe in Ghidra



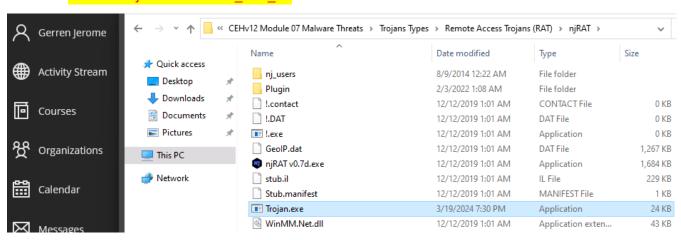
Perform dynamic malware analysis.

Perform port monitoring using TCPView and CurrPorts

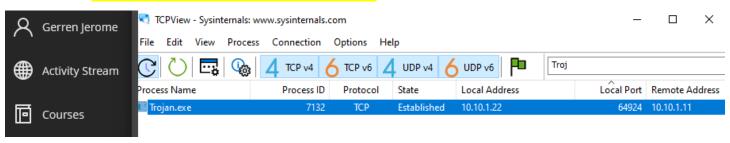
confirm creation of Trojan.exe in CEH-Tools with njRAT



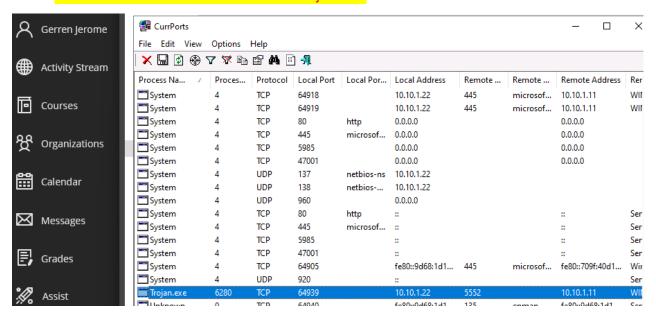
launch Trojan.exe on WIN_SVR_22



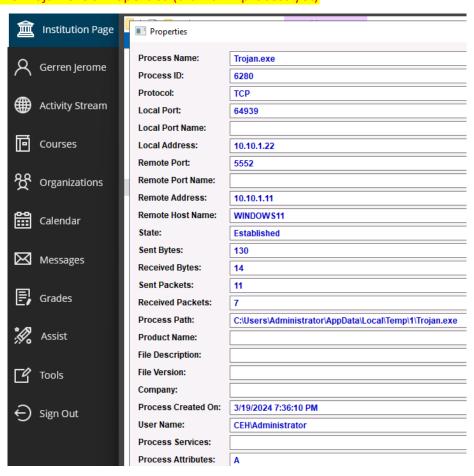
filter TCPview scan results to find Trojan.exe



filter scan results in CurrPorts to find Trojan.exe.

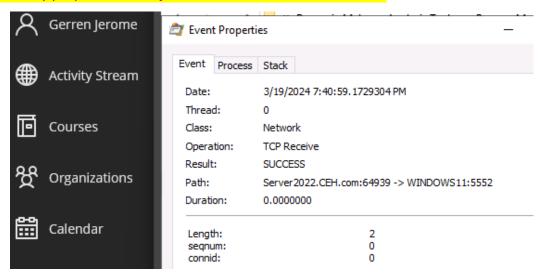


Examine Trojan.exe's Properties (didn't kill process yet)



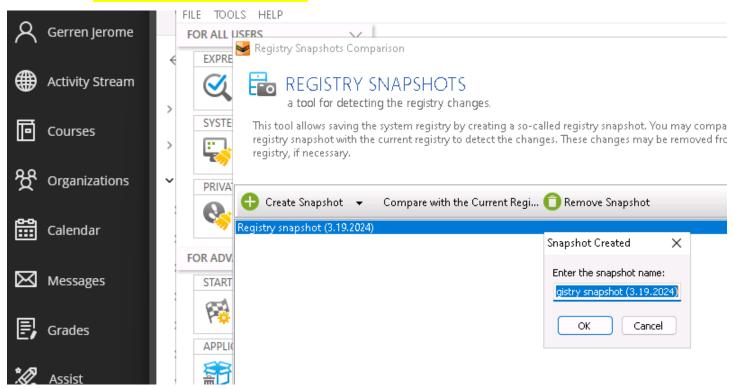
Perform process monitoring using Process Monitor

Identify properties of Trojan.exe from 4a in Process Monitor

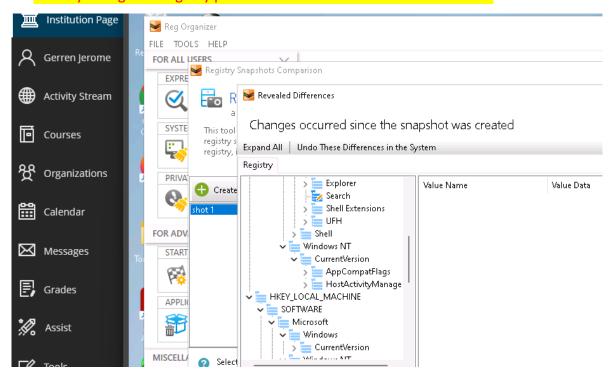


Perform registry monitoring using Reg Organizer

Create snapshot in Reg Organizer

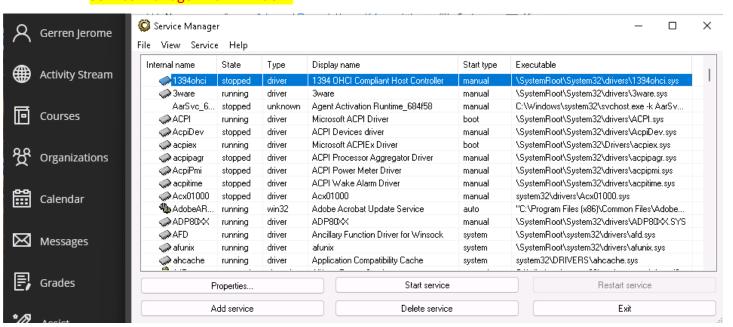


Identify changes in Registry post-install of SoftPerfect Network Scanner



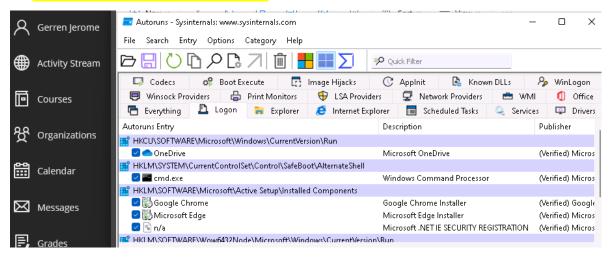
Perform Windows services monitoring using Windows Service Manager (SrvMan) (1 task)

Service Manager main window.

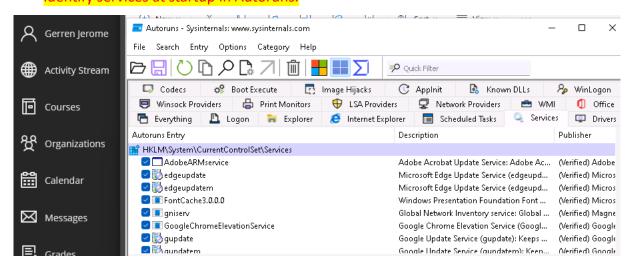


Perform startup program monitoring using Autoruns for Windows and WinPatrol

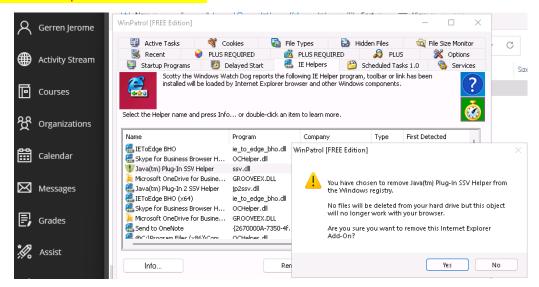
Identify login processes in Autoruns.



Identify services at startup in Autoruns.



View IE Helpers tab in WinPatrol

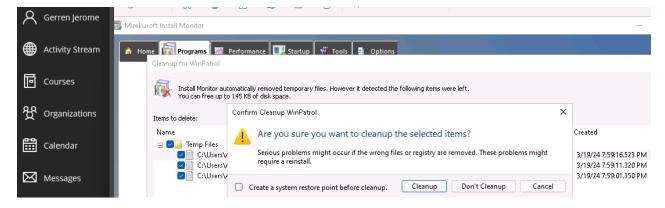


Show expanded view of Windows Batch File information.



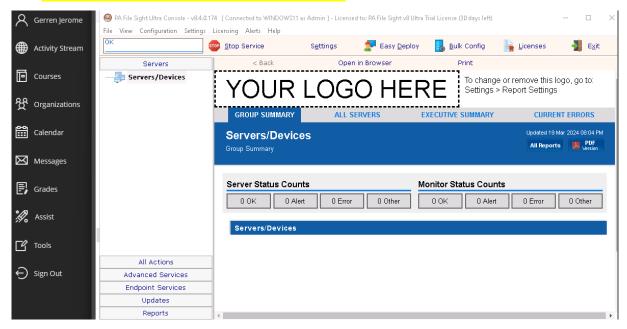
Perform installation monitoring using Mirekusoft Install Monitor

confirm cleanup of WinPatrol



Perform files and folder monitoring using PA File Sight

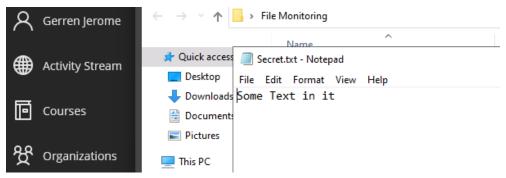
Install and load up PA File Sight Ultra's console.



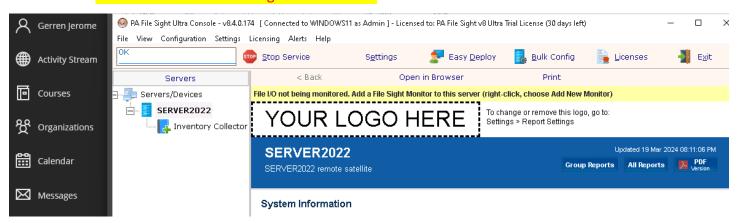
Configure satellite monitoring service.



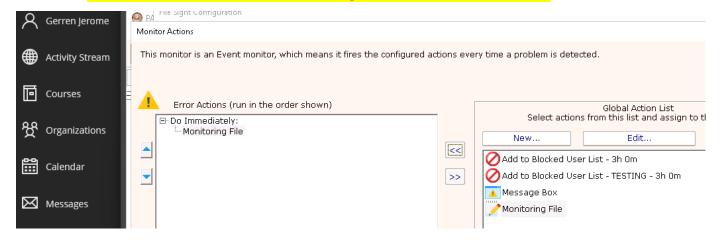
i) Screengrab: Step 21 – Create secret.txt on WIN_SVR_22



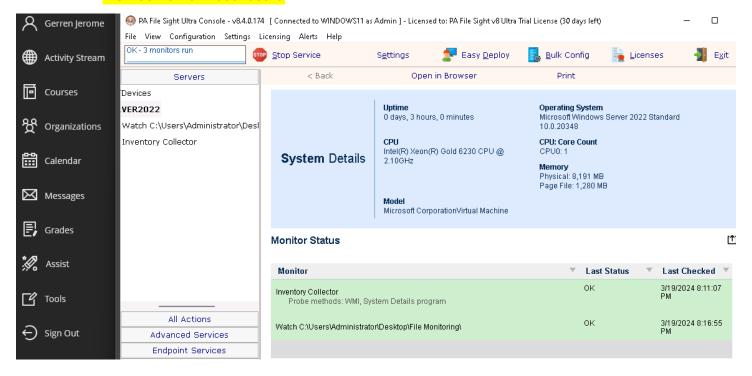
Confirm remote monitoring on Server2022.



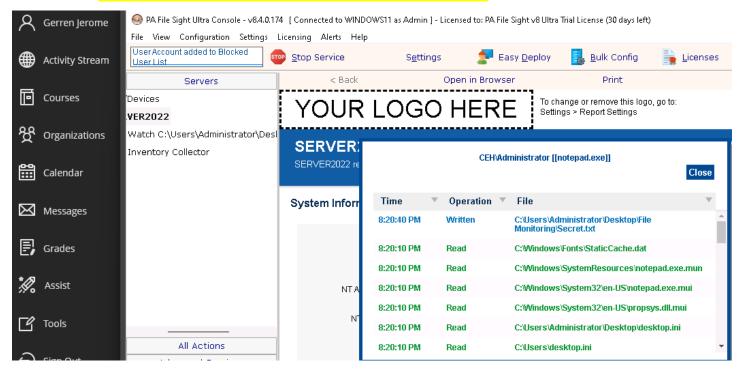
Create ruleset and instantiate Monitoring File action in Monitor Actions



View Server2022 dashboard

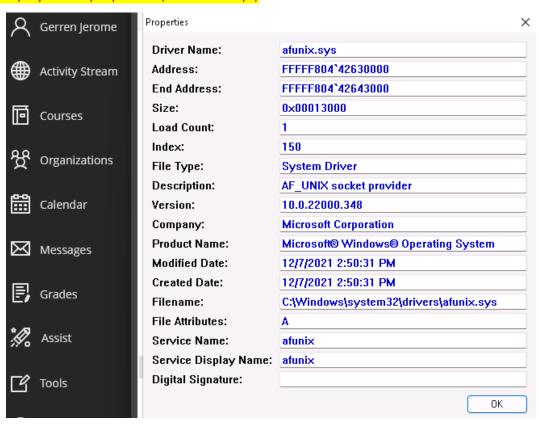


Confirm monitor is capturing correctly (activity in Secret.txt)



Perform device driver monitoring using DriverView and Driver Reviver

Display driver properties (not afunix.sys)

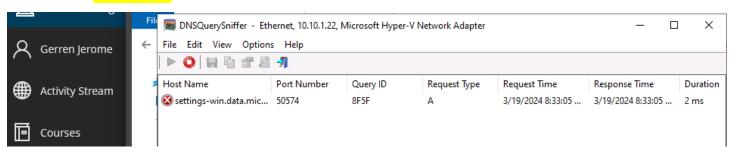


Status Driver Reviver scan



Perform DNS monitoring using DNSQuerySniffer.

Start sniffer.



Observe logged changes to DNS.

