# CS 218 – Assignment #2

Purpose: Become familiar with the tool chain  $\rightarrow$  the assembler, linker, and debugger. Refresh

concepts regarding data representation including binary, decimal, and hex. Display values

in memory for integers, reals, and characters.

Points: 25

## **Assignment:**

#### Part A:

Write a simple assembly language program to compute the following formulas:

```
bAns1 = bVar1 + bVar2
bAns2 = bVar1 - bVar2
wAns1 = wVar1 + wVar2
wAns2 = wVar1 - wVar2
dAns1 = dVar1 + dVar2
dAns2 = dVar1 - dVar2
```

Declare the following variables in the data segment (after the ".data").

bVar1	db	29	
bVar2	db	15	
bAns1	db	0	
bAns2	db	0	
wVar1	dw	2681	
wVar2	dw	1432	
wAns1	dw	0	
wAns2	dw	0	
dVar1	dd	174642532	
dVar2	dd	112126739	
dVar3	dd	-17239	
dAns1	dd	0	
dAns2	dd	0	
qVar1	dq	134287129615	
flt1	dd	-13.125	
flt2	dd	7.25	
tao	dd	6.28318	
myClass	db	"CS-218", NULL	
saying	db	"Live long and prosper.", NULL	
myName	db	"your name goes here", NULL	

Be sure to replace the "your name goes here" with your actual name (in quotes). Fail to replace your name will result in a 20% penalty.

#### Part B:

Complete the **Assignment #2 - Data Representation Worksheet** on the class web page. The assignment #2 worksheet answers on available from the debugger.

*Note*, the data representation worksheet will **not** be accepted late.

## **Submission:**

- All source files must assemble and execute on Ubuntu with yasm.
- Submit source files
  - Submit a copy of the program source file via the on-line submission
- Once you submit, the system will score the project and provide feedback.
  - o If you do not get full score, you can (and should) correct and resubmit.
  - You can re-submit an unlimited number of times before the due date/time.
- Late submissions will be accepted for a period of 24 hours after the due date/time for any given assignment. Late submissions will be subject to a ~2% reduction in points per an hour late. If you submit 1 minute 1 hour late -2%, 1-2 hours late -4%, ..., 23-24 hours late -50%. This means after 24 hours late submissions will receive an automatic 0.

# **Program Header Block**

All source files must include your name, section number, assignment, NSHE number, and program description. The required format is as follows:

```
; Name: <your name>
; NSHE ID: <your id>
```

; Section: <4-digit-section>

; Assignment: <assignment number>

; Description: <short description of program goes here>

Failure to include your name in this format will result in a loss of up to 20%.

## **Scoring Rubric**

Scoring will include functionality, code quality, and documentation. Below is a summary of the scoring rubric for this assignment.

Criteria	Weight	Summary
Assemble	-	Failure to assemble will result in a score of 0.
Program Header	20%	Must include header block in the required format (see above).
General Comments	20%	Must include an appropriate level of program documentation.
Program Functionality (and on-time)	60%	Program must meet the functional requirements as outlined in the assignment. Must be submitted on time for full score.

# **Debugger Commands:**

Execute the program in the debugger (in the same manner as assignment #1). You should review the DDD/GDB debugger information handout to understand the debugger commands examine memory variables.

You may use the provided "a2in.txt" to display the variables with the debugger.

- Each byte, word, double-word sized, and quadword variable is displayed twice (once in decimal and again in hex).
- The floating point values are display twice (once as a real value and again in hex).
- The strings are displayed twice, once showing both the decimal and ASCII values and then just the hex values for the first six characters

A brief summary of the command to examine memory is as follows:

x/<n><f><u> &<variable>Examine memory location <variable> number of locations to display, 1 is defualt. <n> <f> format: d – decimal x - hexu – unsigned c – character s - stringt – binary f – floating point b – byte (8-bits) unit size: < u>h – halfword (16-bits) w - word (32-bits)g - giant (64-bits)

For example, to display the 16-bit variable **wVar2** and the 32-bit variable **dVar1**, the commands would be as follows:

x/dh &wVar2
x/dw &dVar1
x/dg &qVar1

For future assignments you will need to select the correct command to display the data based on the defined size and any guidance from the assignment.