

Math 244

PSET 2

Feb 3 2025

# Contents

Problem 1	2
Problem 2	2
Problem 3	2
Problem 4	3
Problem 5	3

## Section 1.5 Problem 5

### Question

Prove the associativity of composing relations: If  $R$ ,  $S$ , and  $T$  are relations such that  $(R \circ S) \circ T$  is well defined, then  $R \circ (S \circ T)$  is well defined and equal to  $(R \circ S) \circ T$ .

### Remark For prob 1

We know  $(w, z)$  lies in  $(R \circ S) \circ T$  iff there is some  $y$  such that

$$1 \quad (w, y) \in R \circ S \text{ and}$$

$$2 \quad (y, z) \in T$$

$(w, y) \in R \circ S$  means:

$$(w, x) \in R \quad \text{and} \quad (x, y) \in S$$

So we have  $(x, y) \in S$  and  $(y, z) \in T$ , which implies  $(y, z) \in S \circ T$ . So,  $(w, x) \in R$  and  $(y, z) \in S \circ T$  means that  $(w, z) \in R \circ (S \circ T)$ .

$$(R \circ S) \circ T \subseteq R \circ (S \circ T)$$



## Section 1.6 Problem 3

### Question

Prove that a relation  $R$  is transitive if and only if  $R \circ R \subseteq R$ .

### Key Idea

We need to show

$$\Rightarrow \text{If } R \text{ is transitive, then, } R \circ R \subseteq R$$

$$\Leftarrow \text{If } R \circ R \subseteq R, \text{ then } R \text{ is transitive.}$$



### Remark $\Rightarrow$

We assume that  $R$  is transitive.

By def of relational composition we know that for a pair  $(a, c) \in R \circ R$  there exists some  $b$  s.t.

$$(a, b) \in R \quad \text{and} \quad (b, c) \in R$$



## Section 1.6 Problem 6

### Question

Describe all relations on a set  $X$  that are equivalences and orderings at the same time.

## Section 2.1 Problem 4

### Question

Let  $(X, \leq)$ ,  $(Y, \leq)$  be ordered sets. We say that they are *isomorphic* if there exists a bijection  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  such that for every  $x, y \in X$ , we have  $x \leq y$  if and only if  $f(x) \leq f(y)$ .

- a) Draw Hasse diagrams for all non-isomorphic ordered sets with 3 elements posets.
- b) Prove that any two  $n$ -elements linearly ordered sets are isomorphic.

## Section 2.2 Problem 3

### Question

- a) Consider the set  $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$  ordered by the divisibility relation  $|$ . What is the maximum possible number of elements of a set  $X \subseteq \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$  that is ordered linearly by the relation  $|$
- b) Solve the same question for the set  $2^{\{1, 2, \dots, n\}}$  ordered by the inclusion relation  $\subseteq$ .