

Math 120 QR

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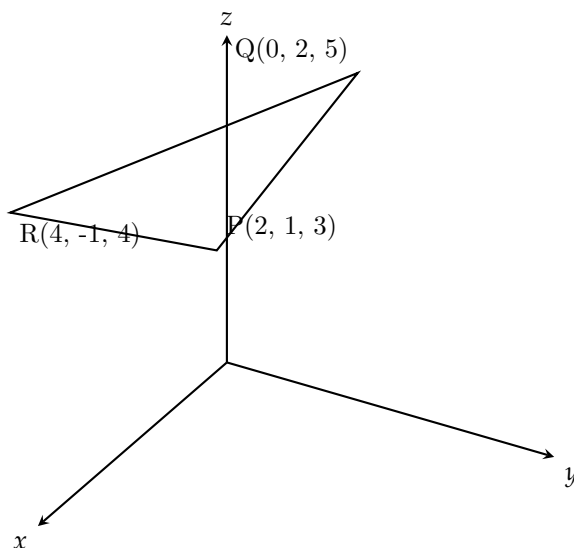
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Chapter 1

1.1 PSet 1

Question 1

Find the lengths of the sides of the triangle with vertices P (2, 1, 3), Q(0, 2, 5) and R(4, -1, 4). Is the triangle an acute triangle (all sides less than 90°), a right triangle, or an obtuse triangle (one angle greater than 90°)



Solution: Image:

$$\overrightarrow{PQ} = \langle 0 - 2, 2 - 1, 5 - 3 \rangle = \langle -2, 1, 2 \rangle$$

$$\overrightarrow{QR} = \langle 4 - 0, -1 - 2, 4 - 5 \rangle = \langle 4, -3, -1 \rangle$$

$$\overrightarrow{RP} = \langle 2 - 4, 1 - (-1), 3 - 4 \rangle = \langle -2, -2, 1 \rangle$$

$$|\overrightarrow{PQ}| = \sqrt{(-2)^2 + 1^2 + (-2)^2} = \sqrt{9} = 3$$

$$|\overrightarrow{QR}| = \sqrt{(4)^2 + (-3)^2 + (-1)^2} = \sqrt{26}$$

$$|\overrightarrow{RP}| = \sqrt{(-2)^2 + (-2)^2 + (1)^2} = \sqrt{9} = 3$$

angles:

$$|\overrightarrow{PQ}|^2 = 26 = 9 + 9 - 2(3)(3) \cos \theta$$

$$8 = -18 \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{8}{18} = -\cos(\theta)$$

$$\theta = \arccos\left(-\frac{8}{18}\right) \approx 116$$

Triangle is obtuse

Question 2

Find the equation of the sphere for which the line segment between the points $A(1, 1, 1)$ and $B(3, -7, 3)$ is a diameter. (This means that that A and B are antipodal points on the sphere.)

Solution:

diameter:

$$\sqrt{(3-1)^2 + (-7-1)^2 + (3-1)^2} = 6\sqrt{2}$$