



Scikit-Learn Cheatsheet

Open-source ML library for Python. Built on NumPy, SciPy, and Matplotlib.



Scikit-learn is a library in Python that provides many unsupervised and supervised learning algorithms. It's built upon some of the technology you might already be familiar with, like NumPy, pandas, and Matplotlib!

As you build robust Machine Learning programs, it's helpful to have all the `sklearn` commands all in one place in case you forget.

Linear Regression

Import and create the model:

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression  
  
your_model = LinearRegression()
```

Fit:

[Next](#)

[Get Help](#)

- `.coef_` : contains the coefficients
- `.intercept_` : contains the intercept

Predict:

```
predictions = your_model.predict(your_x_data)
```

- `.score()` : returns the coefficient of determination R^2

Naive Bayes

Import and create the model:

```
from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB  
  
your_model = MultinomialNB()
```

Fit:

```
your_model.fit(x_training_data, y_training_data)
```

Predict:

```
# Returns a list of predicted classes - one prediction for every data point  
predictions = your_model.predict(your_x_data)  
  
# For every data point, returns a list of probabilities of each class  
probabilities = your_model.predict_proba(your_x_data)
```

K-Nearest Neighbors

Import and create the model:

[Next](#)[Get Help](#)

```
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier

your_model = KNeighborsClassifier()
```

Fit:

```
your_model.fit(x_training_data, y_training_data)
```

Predict:

```
# Returns a list of predicted classes - one prediction for every data point
predictions = your_model.predict(your_x_data)

# For every data point, returns a list of probabilities of each class
probabilities = your_model.predict_proba(your_x_data)
```

K-Means

Import and create the model:

```
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans

your_model = KMeans(n_clusters=4, init='random')
```

- `n_clusters` : number of clusters to form and number of centroids to generate
- `init` : method for initialization
 - `k-means++` : K-Means++ [default]
 - `random` : K-Means
- `random_state` : the seed used by the random number generator [optional]

Fit:

Next

Get Help

Predict:

```
predictions = your_model.predict(your_x_data)
```

Validating the Model

Import and print accuracy, recall, precision, and F1 score:

```
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, recall_score, precision_score, f1_score

print(accuracy_score(true_labels, guesses))
print(recall_score(true_labels, guesses))
print(precision_score(true_labels, guesses))
print(f1_score(true_labels, guesses))
```

Import and print the confusion matrix:

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

print(confusion_matrix(true_labels, guesses))
```

Training Sets and Test Sets

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, train_size=0.8, test_size=0.2)
```

- `train_size` : the proportion of the dataset to include in the train split
- `test_size` : the proportion of the dataset to include in the test split
- `random_state` : the seed used by the random number generator [optional]

[Next](#)[Get Help](#)



Next

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