Computer System Design & Application 计算机系统设计与应用A

陶伊达 (TAO Yida) taoyd@sustech.edu.cn



Lecture 15

- Project Demo
- Course Review
- Grading Policy & Final Exam



- 何林翰、秦恺通
- 吴宇贤、汤嘉阳

Topics covered

Applications

- Data analytics and visualization
- C/S multithreaded applications
- Text scraping and processing
- Web applications & REST services

Principles

- OOP, AOP
- Functional programming
- Design principles
- JVM

Utilities

- Generic collections
- Lambdas & Stream
- Exception handling
- Files & I/O
- Annotations
- Reflection
- JUnit Testing
- Logging

Features

- GUI & JavaFX
- Networking
- Multithreading
- Web development
- Web services

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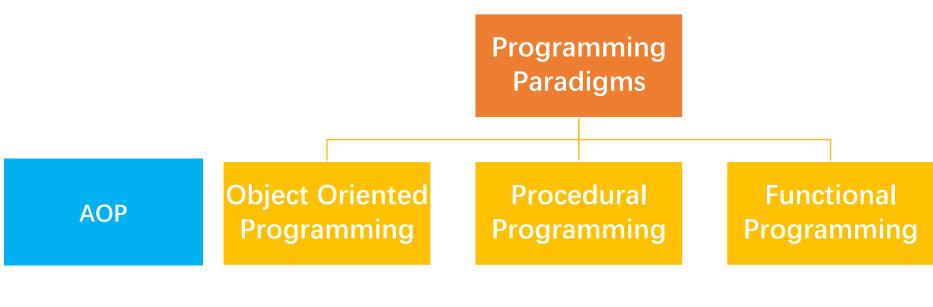
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Programming Paradigms



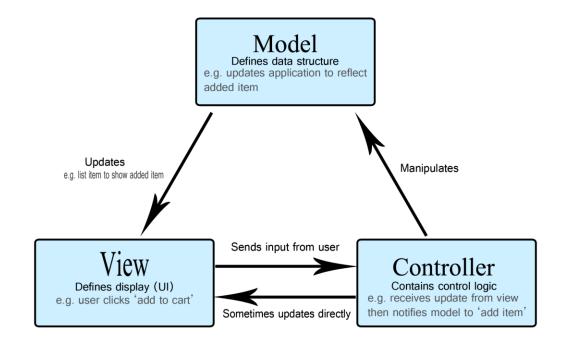
- Business logics
- Cross-cutting concerns
- Encapsulation
- Abstraction
- Inheritance
- Polymorphism

- First-class functions
- Higher-order functions
- No side effects

Design Principles

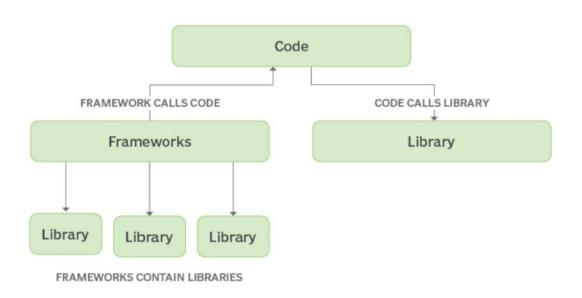
Software Design Principles

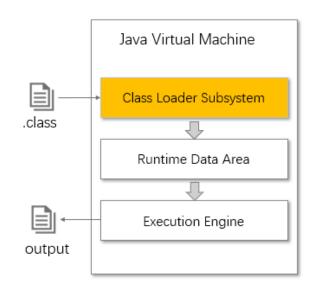
- High Cohesion (高内聚)
- Low Coupling (低耦合)
- Information Hiding (信息隐藏)



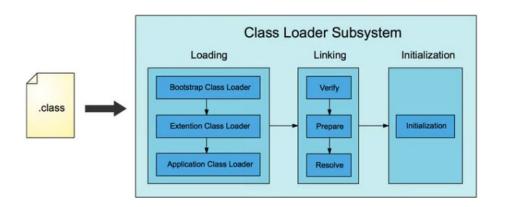
Inversion of Control

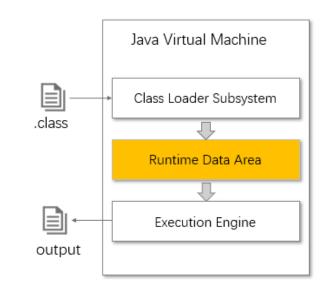
• Inversion of Control (IoC, 控制反转): a principle in SE which transfers the control of objects or portions of a program to a container or framework



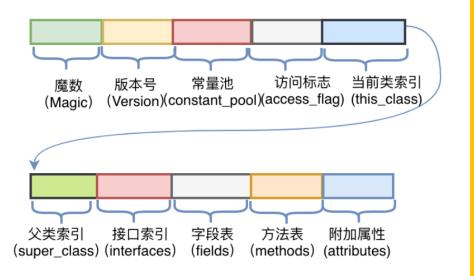


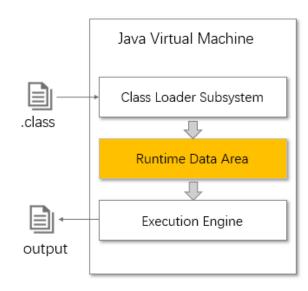
JVM Architecture



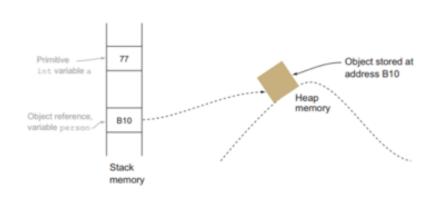


JVM Architecture

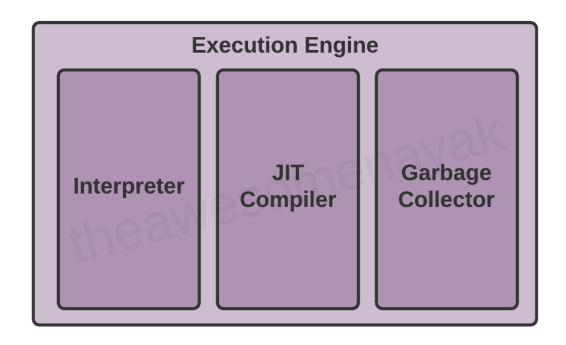




JVM Architecture



Execution Engine



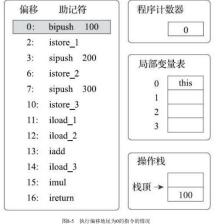
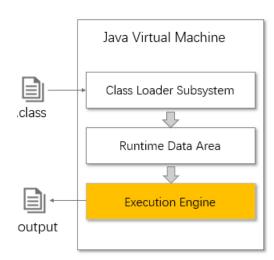
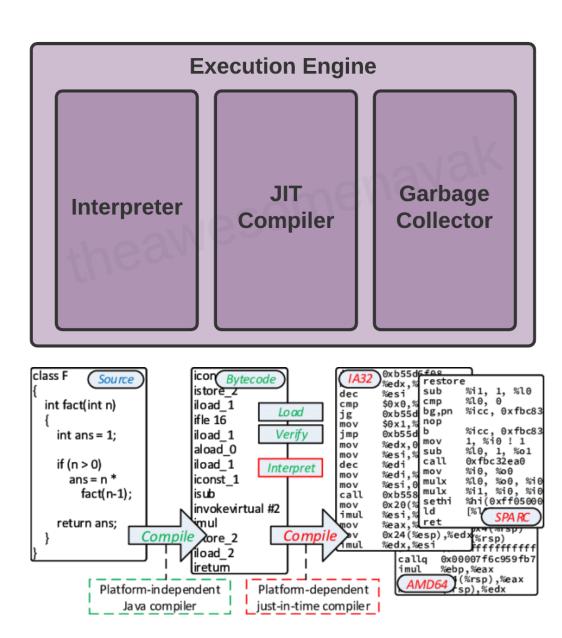


图8-5 执行编移地址为0的指令的情况 首先,执行编移地址为0的指令。Bipush指令的作用总称单字节的整型常量值(-128~127)推入 操作数栈项。跟随有一个参数。指明推送ທ家量值,这里是100。



Execution Engine



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Features

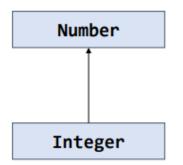
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- Networking
- Multithreading
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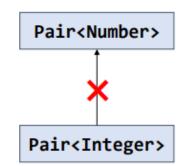
Generics

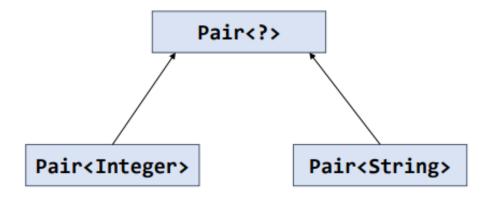
- Motivation & Benefits
- Syntax & Usages
 - Generic Classes
 - Generic Interfaces
 - Generic Methods
- Type erasure

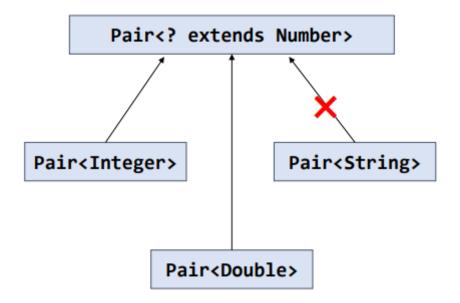
Generics

- Inheritance Rules
- Bounded Type Variables
- Wildcards

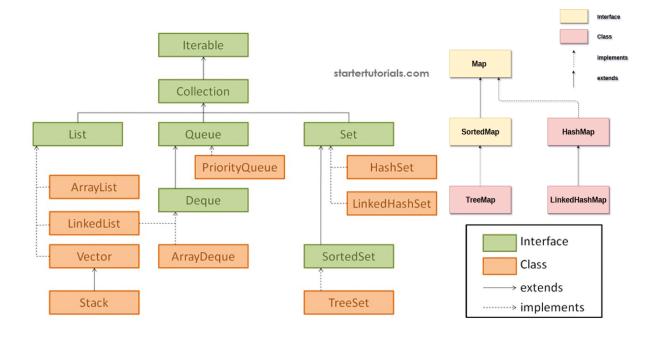




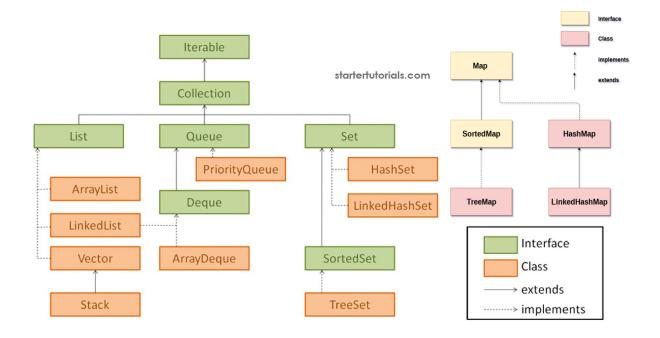




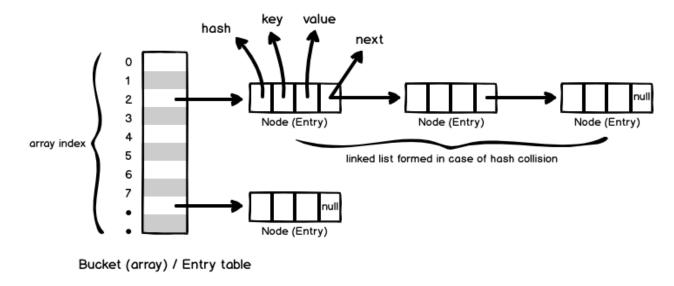
- Class hierarchy
- The Iterable<T> and Iterator<T> interfaces



- Commonly used collection implementations & characteristics
- Comparisons between different implementations

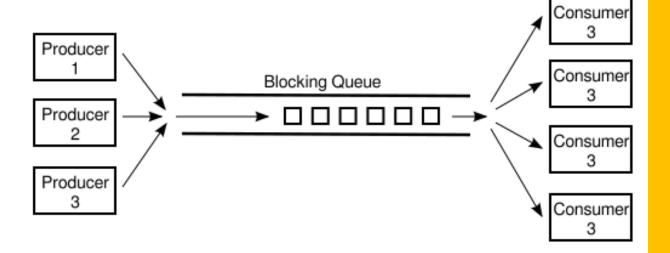


- hashCode() returns an integer value.
 By default, it converts the internal address of the object into an integer
- equals() checks if objects are equal.
 By default, Object.equals(Object
 obj) { return (this == obj);}
- If two objects are equal according to the equals(Object) method, then calling the hashCode method on each of the two objects must produce the same integer result (if you override equals, you must override hashCode.).



HashMap

- Non thread-safe collections
- Thread-safe collections
 - Copy-on-Write collections
 - Compare-and-Swap collections (CAS)
 - Collections using Lock



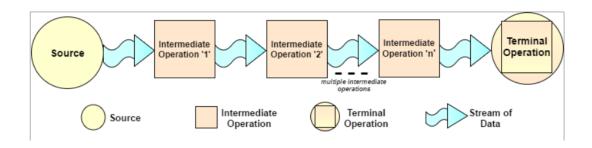
Lambda Expressions

- Lambda syntax
- Type inference
- Method references
 - Static method
 - Instance method (Bound)
 - Instance method (Unbound)
 - Constructor
- Common functional interfaces

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Stream API

- How to create a stream
- Common intermediate operations
- Common terminal operations



Stream API

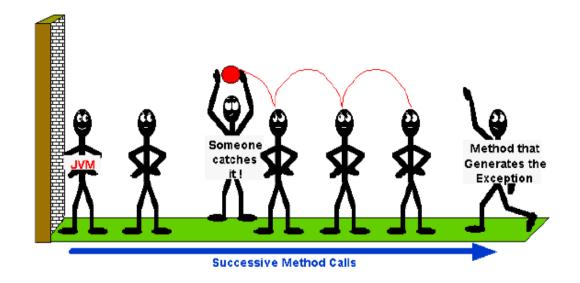
- Collecting results
- Write a stream pipeline/chain
- The Optional < T > class

Exception Handling

- Exception class hierarchy
- Checked vs unchecked exceptions

Exception Handling

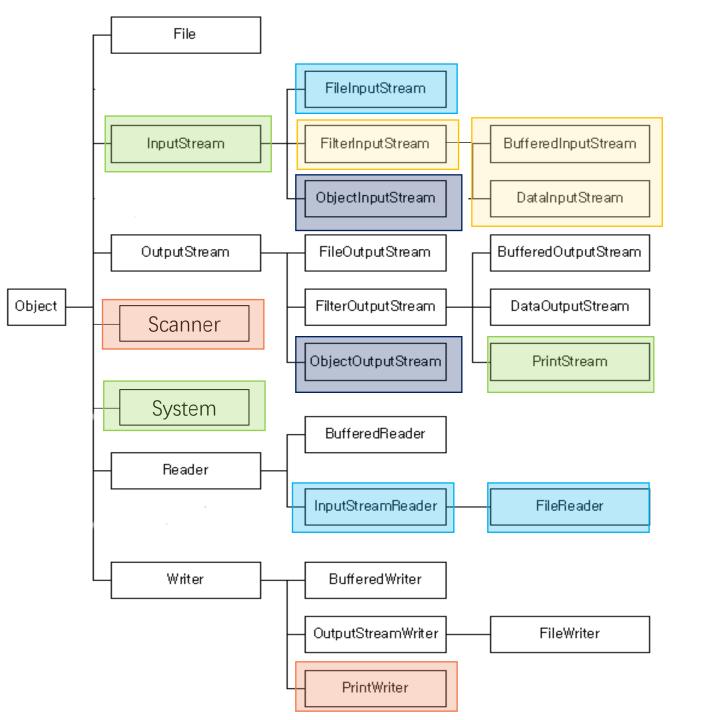
- Syntax & Control flow
- Try-catch, finally, throw



Encoding

- Basic knowledge of character encoding
- Unicode & Java char
- Common encoding schemes (e.g., UTF-8)



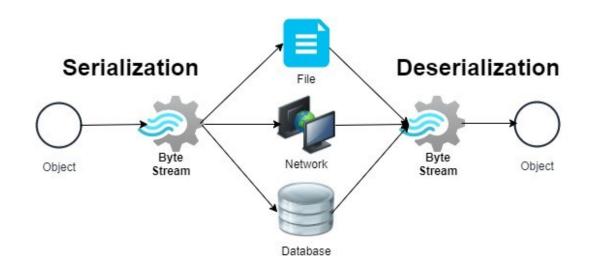


/0

- Class hierarchy
- Byte streams vs. character streams & conversions
- Commonly used classes and methods
- I/O from command line

Serialization

- Concept
- Implementation
- Customized serialization & deserialization

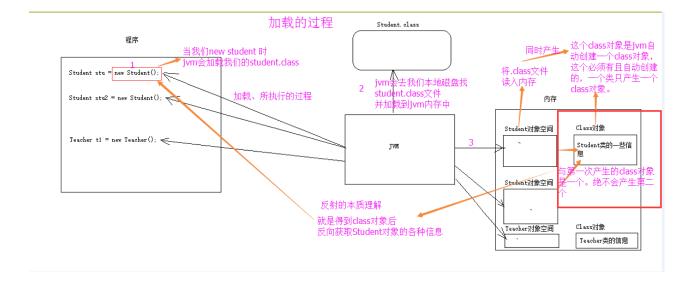


Files

- Absolute path & relative path
- Dot notations
- Basic operations for files and directories (e.g., traverse a directory recursively)

Reflection

- JVM class loading process
- Getting the Class object
- Examining fields and methods of a class
- Instantiating a class
- Invoking a method of an object
- Use cases



Annotations

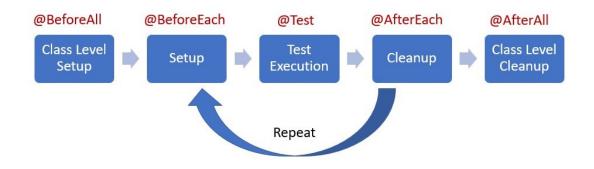
Built-in annotations

- @Deprecated
- @Override
- @SuppressWarnings
- @FunctionalInterface
- @SafeVarargs
- Meta-annotations
 - @Target
 - @Retention
 - @Documented
- Customized annotations

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JUnit Testing

- Test classes and test methods
- Lifecycle methods
- Test instance lifecycle
- Assertions & assumptions



Logging

- Requirements for logging
- Design of Apache Log4j
- Different log levels and meanings
- SLF4J and different logging impl

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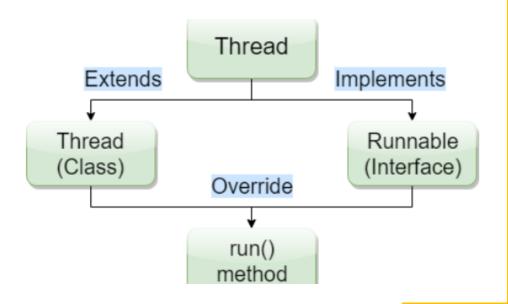
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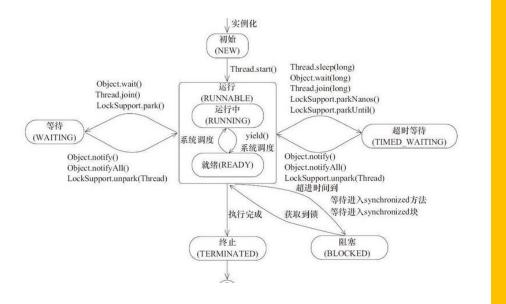
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Concurrency

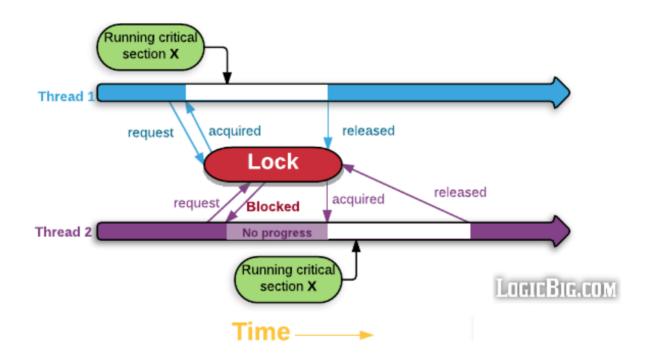
- Creating & Starting Threads
- Thread States





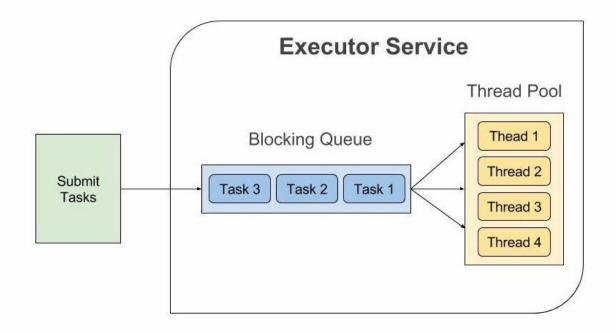
Concurrency

- Thread Safety
- Synchronization
 - The synchronized keyword
 - The Concurrency API (ReentrantLock, Condition)



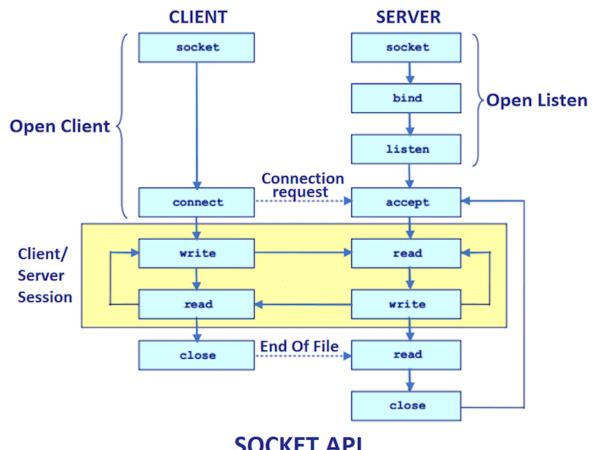
Concurrency

- Task execution
- Thread pools
- Submitting tasks
- Controlling groups of tasks



Networking

- Socket concepts
- Establishing connections
- Reading from and writing to a socket (sending requests & getting responses)



SOCKET API

Networking

- Protocols
- Using socket and multithreading to implement basic client & server programs

Table 2 A Simple Bank Access Protocol			
Client Request	Server Response	Description	
BALANCE n	n and the balance	Get the balance of account <i>n</i>	
DEPOSIT n a	n and the new balance	Deposit amount a into account n	
WITHDRAW n a	n and the new balance	Withdraw amount a from account n	
QUIT	None	Quit the connection	

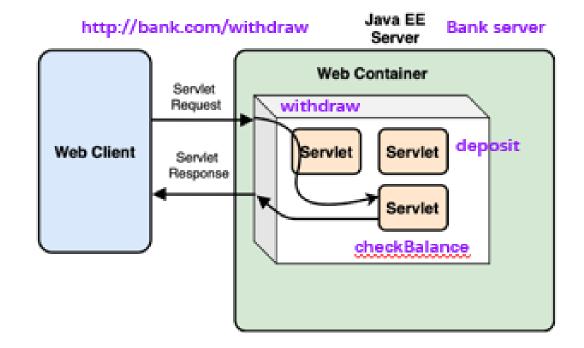
Java EE

- Java EE multitiered model
- Common Java EE specifications and corresponding implementations

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Servlet

- Concepts
- Workflow
- Implementation
- Lifecycle
- Containers



Data Persistence

- JDBC
- ORM
- JPA
- Hibernate

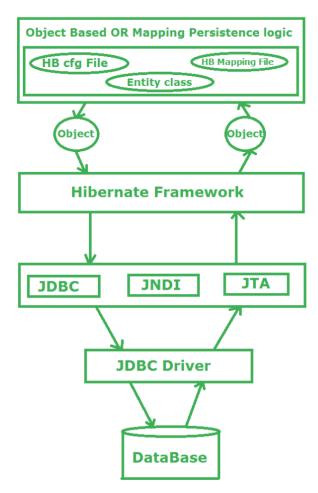
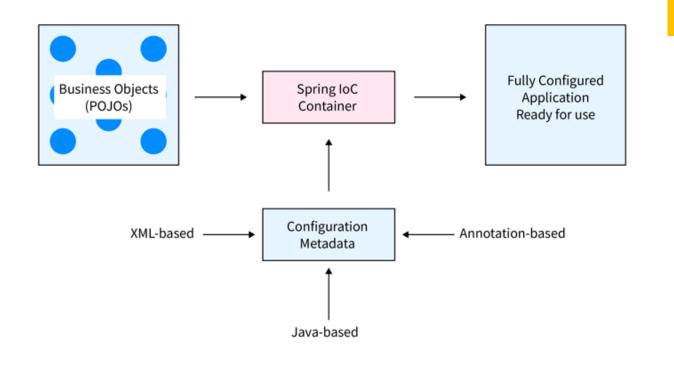


Fig: Working Flow of Hibernate framework to save/retrieve the data from the database in form of Object

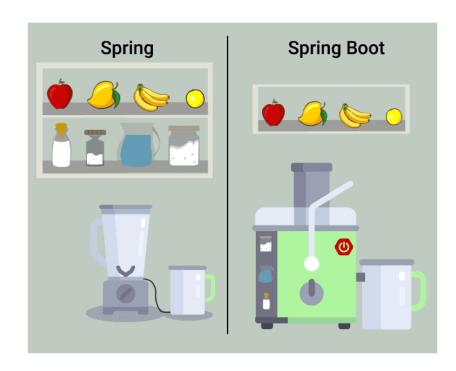
The Spring Framework

- IoC & Dependency Injection (typical annotations)
- Spring AOP concepts and terminology
- Spring MVC basic workflow



Spring Boot

- Basic concepts
- Workflow architecture
- Building a MVC web application
- Building a RESTful web service



JavaFX

- Basic concepts
 - Stage, scene, scene graph, node
 - Panes, controls, charts

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Grading Policy

	Score	Description
Assignments	25%	2 assignments Assignment 1: release at week 4 and due at week 7 Assignment 2: release at week 8 and due at week 11
Project	20%	Released at around week 10 Team: 2 people +0.5 for submitting the final project at week 15 +1 (max) for presenting at week 16 lecture
Labs	15%	Attendance Lab practices (+0.1 for finishing onsite. max +1)
Quiz	10%	Quizzes, exercises, participation during lectures
Final Exam	30%	Close-book (Two pieces of A4 cheat sheets allowed) No electronic device

Finally

- Q&A
- Teaching Evaluation

- 1. 网页端: 登录教务系统: https://tis.sustech.edu.cn/-业务办理-评教任 务-2024秋季学期学生评价任务。系统按课程类型设置评价任务(理论类、实验实践 类、体育类、艺术类),如页面上有多个评价任务,请逐一进入并提交评价。
- 2. 微信端: 通过微信进入"南方科技大学"微信企业号--教学质量管理平台,在 "我的任务-待评"中填写并提交本学期所选课程的所有听课评价。

操作指南请扫描下方二维码获取:



Thank You & Good Luck!