THE HEBREW UNIVERSITY OF JERUSALEM ISRAEL INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDIES

http://www.as.huji.ac.il/

The Ada Lovelace Bicentenary Lectures on Computability

January, 2016

For full list of speakers, December to January, see: http://ias.huji.ac.il/adalovelacelectures

All lectures held at the Israel Institute for Advanced Studies, room 128 or room 130 Edmond J. Safra Building, Givat Ram Campus

Organizers:

Jack Copeland (University of Canterbury) Eli Dresner (Tel-Aviv University) Diane Proudfoot (University of Canterbury) (The project)

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Location, travel information, maps: http://www.as.huji.ac.il/content/general-information

This web site is http://www.cs.bham.ac.uk/~axs/lovelace-jerusalem.html PDF version http://www.cs.bham.ac.uk/~axs/lovelace-jerusalem.pdf

Last updated: Wed Jan 13 2016; 7 Apr 2016 (Videos added) Maintainer: A.Sloman

OVERVIEW WITH JANUARY TALK DETAILS BELOW

Links to videos added here 6 Apr 2016

Videos of lectures in December 2015

Monday, 21 December David Harel Lecture 1 - Computability in the Footsteps of Turing - A Personal Trip https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IQoAN1pO9Xc Tuesday, 22 December Yuri Gurevich

Lecture 2 - What is an algorithm?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I3MSDETx2a8

Wednesday, 23 December Moshe Y. Vardi

Lecture 3 - Humans, Machines, and the Future of Work

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2rEcHbgXzkM

Thursday, 31 December Scott Aaronson

Lecture 4 - Explorations in Universality

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=INxiZFTQPbc

Videos of lectures in January 2016 Monday, 18 January

Aviezri Fraenkel

Lecture 5 - Weizac - An Interim Adventure Between Ada and Responsa https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JVRHkdrMeME

Lcture 6

Doron Swade (No Video)

Tuesday, 19 January

Lecture 7 - Zero Knowledge Proofs and Applications

Michael Rabin

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N LG5Hcc8mM

Lecture 8 From Aristotle to the iPhone

Moshe Y. Vardi

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9YmEFCWlNLI

Wed, 20 January

Lecture 9 - When Does a Slime Mould Compute?

Susan Stepney

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ucieO7trYGg

Thursday, 21 January

Lecture 10-1 - Evolved Construction-kits for Building Minds, Part I

Aaron Sloman

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0OKM79N3ZOQ

Lecture 10-2 - Evolved Construction-kits for Building Minds, Part II

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pvRXNG9RYTU

Monday, 25th January

Lecture 11 - Proving the Church-Turing Thesis

Nachum Dershowitz

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vsdoPRVhv8k

Lecture 12 - Structure in the Theory of Computing

Avi Wigderson

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aDEfPfQS9 4

Thursday, 28th January

Lecture 13 - How to Build an Insecure System out of Perfectly Good Cryptography Radia Perlman

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OOg mPxExi0

OVERVIEW (Click on times for talk and speaker details, below) (Links to videos above)

Monday, 18 January

Monday 11:00-11:30 Aviezri Fraenkel (Weizmann Institute of Science)

Opening Remarks.

Weizac - An Interim Adventure Between Ada and Responsa

Monday 11:30 - 12:30 Doron Swade (Royal Holloway, University of London)

Myths and Method:

Ada Lovelace, Charles Babbage, and the First Computer Program

Monday 14:00 - 15:30 Q & A with Jo Francis (Flare Productions) and John Fuegi (University of Maryland) Screening of "To Dream Tomorrow"

Tuesday, 19 January

Tuesday 11:00 - 12:30 Michael Rabin (Harvard University)

Zero Knowledge Proofs and Applications

Tuesday 13:30 - 15:00

Jo Francis (Flare Productions) and John Fuegi (University of Maryland)

Looking for Lovelace: Tracking Ideas in Collaborative Work

Tuesday 16:00 - 17:00 Moshe Y. Vardi (Rice University)

From Aristotle to the iPhone

Wednesday, 20 January

Wednesday 11:00 - 12:30 Susan Stepney (University of York

When Does a Slime Mould Compute?

Wednesday 13:30 - 15:00 Shafi Goldwasser (MIT) --- TALK CANCELLED ---

Thursday, 21 January

Thursday 11:15 - 12:15 Aaron Sloman (Birmingham University)

Evolved Construction-kits for Building Minds, Part I

Thursday 13:30 - 14:30 Sloman Evolved Construction-kits for Building Minds, Part II (Interactive discussion of themes from Part I)

OVERVIEW CONTINUED (Click on times for talk details, below)

Monday 25 January

11:15 - 12:15 Nachum Dershowitz (Tel Aviv University)

Proving the Church-Turing Thesis

16:00 - 17:30 Avi Wigderson (Institute for Advanced Study, Princeton)

Structure in the Theory of Computing:

Algorithms, Randomness, Cryptography and Hardness

Thursday, 28 January

11:00 - 12:30 Radia Perlman (EMC Corporation)

How to Build an Insecure System out of Perfectly Good Cryptography

Sunday, 31 January

17:00 - 18:35 Stewart Shapiro (Ohio State University)

Computing with Numbers and Other Non-Syntactic Things

DETAILED SCHEDULE

Monday, 18 January 10:45 - 11:00 Coffee and biscuits

Monday 11:00-11:30 Aviezri Fraenkel (Weizmann Institute of Science) http://www.wisdom.weizmann.ac.il/~fraenkel/

Image

Opening Remarks.

Weizac - An Interim Adventure Between Ada and Responsa

Abstract

Weizac, was designed and built in 1954/55 at the Weizmann Institute of Science. We will attempt to convey the special pioneering spirit prevailing while constructing the first digital computer in the Middle East, its main characteristics and its profound impact in catapulting the then 6-year old state of Israel into the high-tech era that early. Time permitting, we will briefly describe the Responsa Project, the first viable full-text retrieval system, conceived 35 years before Google, whose first steps were done on Weizac.

Monday 11:30 - 12:30 Doron Swade (Royal Holloway, University of London) http://www.computerhistory.org/events/bio/Doron,Swade



Myths and Method:

Ada Lovelace, Charles Babbage, and the First Computer Program Abstract

Any celebration of Ada Lovelace is founded on a single publication, her Notes, published in 1843, on Charles Babbage's Analytical Engine. Lovelace includes as an example a description of how the Analytical Engine could calculate Bernoulli numbers and for this she has become known as "the first programmer". I propose to examine the basis of this claim. For this I will review the trajectory of Babbage's calculating Engines - his motives for designing them, his aspirations for their use, and their design - interleaving into this Lovelace's own work. Finall, I examine the substance of Lovelace's contribution to computing. I suggest that Lovelace deserves to be celebrated as fully as she is, but not necessarily for the reasons most frequently given.

12:30 - 13:30 Lunch

Monday 13:30 - 14:00 Q & A with Doron Swade

Monday 14:00 - 15:30 Screening of "To Dream Tomorrow," an award-winning documentary on Ada Lovelace

Jo Francis (Flare Productions) http://www.mith.umd.edu/flare/about/ and John Fuegi (University of Maryland) http://www.english.umd.edu/users/jfuegi



Abstract

Screening of "To Dream Tomorrow" an award-winning 52-minute documentary film on Ada Lovelace and her work with Charles Babbage followed by discussion and Q+A with the Director-Researchers Jo Francis and John Fuegi.

15:30 - 16:00 Afternoon tea

Tuesday, 19 January 10:45 - 11:00 Coffee and biscuits

Tuesday 11:00 - 12:30 Michael Rabin (Harvard University) http://www.seas.harvard.edu/directory/rabin



Zero Knowledge Proofs and Applications Abstract

We shall present the surprising concept of Zero Knowledge Proofs. A Prover knows a solution to a problem. He proves the existence of a solution and his knowledge of it to a Verifier. This is done in a Zero Knowledge fashion. Namely, the Verifier is convinced of the truth of the above two statements but learns nothing about the solution or anything else. We shall explain in an easily understood way. We shall also present a simple novel method for ZKPs and give important practical applications. The lecture is self-contained and widely accessible.

12:30 - 13:30 Lunch

Tuesday 13:30 - 15:00 Jo Francis (Flare Productions) and John Fuegi (University of Maryland) [details above]

Looking for Lovelace: Tracking Ideas in Collaborative Work Abstract

Jo Francis and John Fuegi will address topics and issues touched upon in the documentary and their accompanying Annals article, including structure, ideas, and purposes of the combined "Translation and Notes," and some of the challenges of those seen as "Other" in history.

15:00 - 15:45 Afternoon tea

Tuesday 16:00 - 17:00 Moshe Y. Vardi (Rice University)

http://www.cs.rice.edu/~vardi/



From Aristotle to the iPhone Abstract

Logic started as a branch of philosophy, going back to Greeks, who loved debates, in the classical period. Computers are relatively young, dating back to World War II, in the middle of the 20th century. This talk tells the story of how logic begat computing, tracing the surprising path from Aristotle to the iPhone. This is a story full of both intellectual drama, as well as real-life drama, with most of the characters dying young, miserable, or both.

Wednesday, 20 January 10:45 - 11:00 Coffee and biscuits

Wednesday 11:00 - 12:30 Susan Stepney (University of York)

https://www-users.cs.york.ac.uk/susan/



When Does a Slime Mould Compute? Abstract

Some people are using billiard balls, chemicals, bacteria, slime moulds, soap films, spaghetti, even black holes, as computers (although some of these only in theory yet). But what does it mean for such unconventional substrates to compute? I will introduce our framework for physical computing, give requirements for physical system to be used as a computer, and show how some unconventional substrates are indeed computing, and how others are not.

12:30 - 13:30 Lunch

Wednesday 13:30 - 15:00 Shafi Goldwasser (MIT) --- TALK CANCELLED --- https://www.csail.mit.edu/user/733



--- Talk cancelled ---

15:00 - 15:30 Afternoon tea

Thursday, 21 January

11:00 - 11:15 Coffee and biscuits

Thursday 11:15 - 12:15 Aaron Sloman (Birmingham University)

http://www.cs.bham.ac.uk/~axs



Evolved Construction-kits for Building Minds, Part I Abstract

This will be a highly interactive tutorial introduction to the Turing-inspired Meta-Morphogenesis Project, which brings together a host of problems and ideas about evolution, how it started on a lifeless planet, how natural selection produced branching layers of construction kits (some physical, some abstract, and some hybrid), and how these made possible increasingly complex and varied morphologies and behaviours based on increasingly complex and varied forms of information processing. Among many topics to be discussed are the unknown evolutionary precursors to human abilities to make mathematical discoveries leading up to Euclid's *Elements*, and related aspects of human and animal visual abilities. Support for Kant's philosophy of mathematics will be presented, along with criticisms of the visual, mathematical, and linguistic competences of current AI systems. Some possible ways of overcoming those limitations will be considered, with implications for current theories of how brains function. An extended abstract will be made available here: http://www.cs.bham.ac.uk/research/projects/cogaff/misc/links/lovelace-turing-jan-2015.html
More information on the Meta-Morphogenesis project is available here: http://www.cs.bham.ac.uk/research/projects/cogaff/misc/m-m-related.html

12:30 - 13:30 Lunch

13:30 - 14:30 Evolved Construction-kits for Building Minds, Part II (Interactive discussion of themes from Part I)

14:30 - 15:00 Afternoon tea

A partly related talk will be given in ELSC at 5pm.

Monday, 25 January

11:15 - 12:15 Nachum Dershowitz (Tel Aviv University)

http://www.cs.tau.ac.il/~nachumd/Homepage.html



Proving the Church-Turing Thesis Abstract

Ada Lovelace wrote presciently about the possibilities and limitations of digital numerical calculations. She recognized that Babbage's Analytical Engine was sui generis and wrote that "the engine [is] the material expression of any indefinite function of any degree of generality and complexity." This we now know was overstating her case. I will discuss the recent formalization of the notion of effective computation and some of its consequences vis-a-vis computability and complexity of computation.

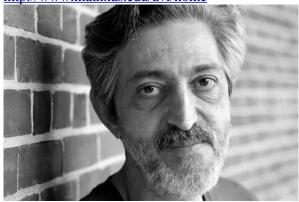
12:30 - 13:30 Lunch

13:30 - 14:30 Q & A with the lecturer

15:30 - 16:00 Afternoon tea

Monday 16:00 - 17:30 Avi Wigderson (Institute for Advanced Study, Princeton)

http://www.math.ias.edu/avi/home



Structure in the Theory of Computing:

Algorithms, Randomness, Cryptography and Hardness

The world around us, namely nature, society, science, mathematics,... presents us with a huge number and variety of computational problems, and for each we seek solutions which minimize various resources while maintaining other desirable properties. The Theory of Computation is charged with figuring out the feasibility and costs of this multitude of problems. Surprisingly, the past few decades of work have revealed remarkable structure: this complex world of problems, resources and properties clusters into few natural clusters which furthermore have conceptual meanings. I will try to survey some important aspects of this body of work, including: the tools of reduction and completeness, the reasons for clustering (which go to the very definition of computation by Turing), and the major challenges for better understanding of this universe.

Thursday, 28 January

10:45 - 11:00 Coffee and biscuits

Thursday 11:00 - 12:30 Radia Perlman (EMC Corporation)

http://internethalloffame.org/inductees/radia-perlman



How to Build an Insecure System out of Perfectly Good Cryptography Abstract

Academics tend to focus on subtle properties of the mathematical tools in cryptography. Industry standards bodies tend to fight over the syntax of messages. Although both of these are important, this talk focuses on broader system design issues that tend to get neglected. Examples will show deployed systems and standards that use perfectly good cryptography, but are insecure in practice, as well as lessons to be learned from these examples.

12:30 - 13:30 Lunch

Sunday, 31 January 16:30 - 17:00 Afternoon tea

Sunday 17:00 - 18:35 Stewart Shapiro (Ohio State University)

https://philosophy.osu.edu/people/shapiro.4



Computing with Numbers and Other Non-Syntactic Things Abstract

Michael Rescorla has argued that it makes sense to compute directly with numbers, and he faulted Turing for not giving an analysis of this. In line with a later paper of his, I'll argue that it only makes sense to compute directly with syntactic entities, such as strings on a given alphabet. Computing with numbers involves issues of notation, and broader issues involving de re propositional attitudes towards numbers and other non-syntactic abstract entities.