1. 设 $\{X_n; n \geq 0\}$ 是时齐的 Markov 链,状态空间  $I = \{1,2,3,4\}$ ,一步转移矩阵

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/4 & 1/4 & 1/4 & 1/4 \\ 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
。 已知  $P(X_0 = 1) = 1/4$ , $P(X_0 = 2) = 3/4$ 。 计算 (1)

$$P(X_2 = 2)$$
; (2)  $P(X_1 = 2, X_3 = 2, X_4 = 4)$ ; (3)  $P(X_0 = 1 | X_1 = 1)$ ;

(3) 
$$P(X_0 = 1 | X_1 = 1)$$

(4) 
$$\Rightarrow T_4 = \min\{n \ge 0 : X_n = 4\}, \quad \Re P(T_4 < \infty).$$

$$(1) = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{16} = \frac{9}{64}$$

$$(2) = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{16} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{9}{1024}$$

(3)=
$$\frac{P(X_0 = 1, X_1 = 1)}{P(X_1 = 1)} = \frac{4}{7}$$

(4) 
$$h_2 = \frac{1}{4}(h_2 + h_3 + 1)$$
,

得 
$$h_2 = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\therefore P(T_4 < \infty) = \frac{3}{4}h_2 = \frac{9}{20}$$

 $h_3 = \frac{1}{2}(h_2 + 1)$ 

2. 设 $\{X_n; n \ge 0\}$ 是时齐的 Markov 链,状态空间  $I = \{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ ,一步转移概率

为; 
$$p_{12} = p_{13} = p_{43} = p_{45} = p_{54} = p_{56} = p_{65} = p_{63} = \frac{1}{2}, p_{21} = \frac{1}{3}, p_{23} = \frac{2}{3}, p_{32} = 1$$
;

初始分布为 $P(X_0 = 1) = P(X_0 = 6) = 1/2$ 。

- (1)求出所有的互达等价类,并指出哪些是闭的;
- (2)求出各状态的周期和常返性;
- (3)计算所有正常返态的平均回转时;
- (4)计算  $\lim_{n\to\infty} P(X_n=2)$  和  $\lim_{n\to\infty} P(X_n=5)$  。

- (1) 互达等价类有: {1, 2, 3}, {4, 5, 6} ₽ 其中{1, 2, 3} 闭
- (2) 1, 2, 3正常返,非周期↓ 4, 5, 6暂留,周期为 2 ↓
- (3)  $\{X_n\}$  限制在 $\{1, 2, 3\}$  上得到一个新的 Markov 链,其平稳分布满足:

$$\pi_1 + \pi_2 + \pi_3 = 1; \quad \pi_1 = \frac{1}{3}\pi_2; \quad \pi_2 = \frac{1}{2}\pi_1 + \pi_3 + \pi_3 = \frac{1}{3}\pi_2$$

解得
$$\pi_1 = \frac{2}{13}$$
,  $\pi_2 = \frac{6}{13}$ ,  $\pi_1 = \frac{5}{13}$ ,  $4$ 

$$\mu_1 = \frac{13}{2}, \quad \mu_2 = \frac{13}{6}, \quad \mu_3 = \frac{13}{5}$$

(4) 
$$\lim P(X_n = 2) = \frac{6}{13}$$
,  $\lim P(X_n = 5) = 0$ 

3. 甲乙两人玩游戏,每局里赢一元的概率为 0.4,输一元的概率为 0.3,平局的概率为 0.3,假设一开始里有 1 元,乙有 2 元,游戏直到某人输光为止, $X_n$ 为第 n 局后里拥有的钱数,则 $\{X_n; n \geq 1\}$ 是一个时齐的 Markov 链,状态空间  $I = \{0,1,2,3\}$ ,求 (1) 一步转移矩阵 P ;

(2)  $P(X_2 = 1)$ ; (3)  $P(X_2 = 1, X_4 = 2)$ ; (4) 里输的概率。  $\forall$ 

3. (1)  $P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ 

(2) 
$$P(X_2 = 1) = p_{11}p_{11} + p_{12}p_{21} = 0.3 \times 0.3 + 0.4 \times 0.3 = 0.21$$

(3) 
$$P(X_2 = 1, X_4 = 2) = P(X_2 = 1)(p_{11}p_{12} + p_{12}p_{22}) = 0.0504$$

$$h_1 = 0.3h_0 + 0.3h_1 + 0.4h_2$$
(4)  $h_2 = 0.3h_1 + 0.3h_2 + 0.4h_3$ 

$$h_0 = 1, h_3 = 0 \Rightarrow h_1 = \frac{21}{37}$$

4. 设 $\{X_n; n \ge 0\}$ 是时齐的 Markov 链,状态空间 $I = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ ,一步转移概率为:

$$p_{11}=p_{54}=p_{62}=0.4, p_{12}=p_{56}=p_{65}=0.6$$
, $p_{21}=p_{34}=p_{43}=1$ 。(1)求出所有的互达  
等价类,并指出哪些是闭的;(2)求出各状态的周期和常返性;(3)计算所有正常返态的平  
均回转时;(4)计算  $\lim_{n\to\infty}p_{12}^{(n)}$  和  $\lim_{n\to\infty}p_{55}^{(n)}$  。 $\downarrow$ 

- 4. (1)互达等价类: {1,2},{3,4},{5,6},其中{1,2},{3,4}是闭的
  - (2) 1, 2, 3, 4 正常返, 5, 6 暂留, 1, 2 非周期, 3, 4, 5, 6 周期为 2 →
  - (3)  $0.6\pi_1 = \pi_2$ ,  $\pi_1 + \pi_2 = 1$ ,  $\pi_3 = \pi_4$ ,  $\pi_3 + \pi_4 = 1$

得
$$(\pi_1, \pi_2) = (\frac{5}{8}, \frac{3}{8}), (\pi_3, \pi_4) = (\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$$
,所以  $(\mu_1, \mu_2, \mu_3, \mu_4) = (\frac{8}{5}, \frac{8}{3}, 2, 2)$ 

(4) 
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} p_{12}^{(n)} = \pi_2 = \frac{3}{8}$$
,  $\lim_{n \to \infty} p_{55}^{(n)} = 0$