Grammaire du langage CQL (Cassandra Query Language)

Les mots clés :

ADD	DISTINCT	LIMIT	STATIC
AGGREGATE	DOUBLE	LIST	STORAGE
ALL	DROP	LOGIN	STYPE
ALLOW	ENTRIES	MAP	SUPERUSER
ALTER	EXECUTE	MODIFY	TABLE
AND	EXISTS	NAN	TEXT
APPLY	FILTERING	NOLOGIN	TIME
AS	FINALFUNC	NORECURSIVE	TIMESTAMP
ASC	FLOAT	NOSUPERUSER	TIMEUUID
ASCII	FROM	NOT	TINYINT
AUTHORIZE	FROZEN	NULL	TO
BATCH	FULL	OF	TOKEN
BEGIN	FUNCTION	ON	TRIGGER
BIGINT	FUNCTIONS	OPTIONS	TRUNCATE
BLOB	GRANT	OR	TTL
BOOLEAN	IF	ORDER	TUPLE
BY	IN	PASSWORD	TYPE
CALLED	INDEX	PERMISSION	UNLOGGED
CLUSTERING	INET	PERMISSIONS	UPDATE
COLUMNFAMILY	INFINITY	PRIMARY	USE
COMPACT	INITCOND	RENAME	USER
CONTAINS	INPUT	REPLACE	USERS
COUNT	INSERT	RETURNS	USING
COUNTER	INT	REVOKE	UUID
CREATE	INTO	ROLE	VALUES
CUSTOM	JSON	ROLES	VARCHAR
DATE	KEY	SCHEMA	VARINT
DECIMAL	KEYS	SELECT	WHERE
DELETE	KEYSPACE	SET	WITH
DESC	KEYSPACES	SFUNC	WRITETIME
DESCRIBE	LANGUAGE	SMALLINT	

```
cassandra statement ::= statement ;
statement ::= ddl statement | dml statement | dcl statement
ddl statement ::= create_statement
              | use statement
              | alter statement
              | drop statement
              | truncate statement
dml statement ::= select statement
              | insert statement
              | update statement
              | delete statement
              | batch statement
dcl statement ::= grant statement
              | revoke statement
              | list statement
create statement ::= CREATE create statement ox;
create_statement_ox ::= KEYSPACE create keyspace statement
                    | create table ox create table statement
                    | custom ox INDEX create index statement
                    | MATERIALIZED create materialized statement
                    | ROLE create_role_statement
                    | USER create user statement
                    or replace ox create function aggregate
                    TYPE create type statement
                    | TRIGGER create trigger statement
create table ox ::= TABLE | COLUMNFAMILY
or replace ox ::= OR REPLACE | \varepsilon
create function aggregate ::= FUNCTION create function statement
                       | AGGREGATE create aggregate statement
custom ox ::= CUSTOM | \epsilon
keyspace:
create keyspace statement ::= is not exists keyspace name WITH options
if not exists ::= IF NOT EXISTS | \epsilon
options ::= option ( AND option )*
option ::= identifier = option aux
option aux ::= identifier | constant | map literal
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constant ::= string | integer | float | boolean | uuid | blob | NULL
map literal ::= { map_literal_aux | ε }
term ::= \{ aux 1 \}
       [ aux 2 ]
       | ( aux 3
       | identifier ( aux 4 )
       | constant
       1?
       | : identifier
aux 1 ::= opt data aux 1 1
       | identifier aux 1 2
       3 |
opt data ::= { aux 1 }
          [ aux 2 ]
          | ( aux 3
          | constant
          | ?
          | : identifier
aux 1 1 ::= : term ( , term : term )*
        | ( , term )*
aux_1_2 ::= : term ( , identifier : term )*
        ( aux 4 )
aux 2 ::= term (, term)* | \epsilon
aux 3 ::= term (, term)*) | cql type) term
aux 4 ::= term (, term)* | \epsilon
Table:
create table statement ::= if not exists table name
                         (column definition (, column definition)*
                         primary key ox para)
                         with property ox
table name ::= keyspace name ox name
keyspace name ox ::= keyspace. \mid \epsilon
name ::= unquoted name | quoted name
column definition ::= identifier cql type static ox primary key ox
static ox ::= STATIC \mid \epsilon
primary key ox ::= PRIMARY KEY | ε
primary key ox para ::= , PRIMARY KEY ( partition key clustering columns )
partition key ::= identifier | ( identifier (, identifier)* )
clustering columns ::= clustering_columns_ox | &
```

```
clustering columns ox ::= , identifier (, identifier)*
with property ox ::= WITH table option | \varepsilon
table options ::= COMPACT STORAGE table option ox
              | CLUSTERING ORDER BY (clustering order) table option ox
              | options
table option ox ::= table option \mid \epsilon
clustering order ::= identifier asc desc (, identifier asc desc )*
asc desc ::= ASC | DESC
Index:
create index statement ::= if not exists index name ox
                           ON table name (index identifier) using ox
index name ox ::= idf index {[a-zA-Z 0..9]*} | \epsilon
index identifier ::= idf column | option ox (idf column)
option ox ::= KEYS | VALUES | ENTRIES | FULL
using ox ::= using statement | \epsilon
using statement ::= USING string token index options ox
index option ox ::= index options | &
index option ::= WITH OPTIONS = map literal
materialized:
create materialized statement ::= VIEW if not exists idf view
                               AS select statement
                                PRIMARY KEY ( primary_key )
                               WITH table options
idf view ::= \{a-zA-Z \ 0...9\}+
create role statement ::= if not exists idf role role option ox
role option ox ::= WITH role options | \epsilon
role options ::= role op ( AND role op )*
role op ::= PASSWORD = string
          | LOGIN = boolean
          | SUPERUSER = boolean
          | OPTIONS = map literal
create user statement ::= if not exists idf role with pass ox user op ox
with pass ox ::= WITH PASSWORD string \mid \epsilon
user op ox ::= SUPERUSER | NOSUPERUSER | ε
```

```
create function statement ::= if not exists idf function ( arg dec )
                         called ox ON NULL INPUT
                         RETURNS cql type
                         LANGUAGE identifier
                         AS string
agr dec ::= identifier cql type (, identifier cql type )*
called ox ::= CALLED | RETURNS NULL | \varepsilon
create type statement ::= if not exists udt name
                       (field definition (, field definition)*)
field definition ::= identifier cql type
create trigger statement ::= if not exists trigger name
                       ON table name
                       USING string
use:
use statement ::= USE keyspace name
drop:
drop statement ::= DROP drop ox
drop ox ::= KEYSPACE drop keyspace statement
          | TABLE drop table statement
          | INDEX drop index statement
          | ROLE drop role statement
          | USER drop user statement
          | FUNCTION drop function statement
          | AGGREGATE drop aggregate statement
          TYPE drop type statement
          | TRIGGER drop trigger statement
          | MATERIALIZED drop_materialized_statement
drop keyspace statement ::= if exists keyspace name
drop table statement ::= if exists table name
drop index statement ::= if exists index name
drop role statement ::= if exists role name
drop user statement ::= if exists role name
drop function statement ::= if exists function name arg sin
arg sin ::= arg sin ox | \epsilon
arg_sin_ox ::= cql_type ( , cql_type)*
drop aggregate statement ::= if exists function name arg sin
```

```
drop type statement ::= if exists udt name
drop trigger statement ::= if exists trigger name ON table name
drop materialized statement ::= VIEW if exists view name
if exists ::= IF EXISTS | \epsilon
truncate:
truncate statement ::= TRUNCATE tab ox table name
tab ox ::= TABLE | COLUMNSFAMILY | ε
alter :
alter statement ::= ALTER alter aux
alter aux ::= KEYSPACE alter keyspace statement
          | TABLE alter table statement
          | ROLE alter role statement
          | USER alter user statement
          | TYPE alter user statement
alter keyspace statement ::= keyspace name WITH options
alter table statement ::= table name alter table instruction
alter table instruction ::= ALTER column name TYPE cql type
                 | ADD column name cql type (, column name cql type )*
                 | DROP column name ( column name )*
                 I WITH options
alter role statement ::= role name WITH role options
alter user statement ::= role_name alter_user_aux
alter user aux ::= WITH PASSWORD string token | user option
user option ::= SUPERUSER | NOSUPERUSER
alter type statement ::= udt name alter type modification
alter type modification ::= ALTER identifier TYPE cgl type
                 | ADD field definition
                 | RENAME identifier TO identifier (identifier TO identifier )*
field definition ::= identifier cql type
select:
select statement ::= SELECT option json distinct select statement aux
                  FROM table name
                  option where
                  option group
                  option order
                  option partition
                  option limit
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option allow
option ison distinct ::= |SON | DISTINCT | ε
select statement aux ::= select clause | *
select clause ::= selector option as idf (, selector option as idf)*
selector ::= column name | term | function name (option selector)
          | CAST ( selector AS cql type )
          | COUNT ( * )
option selector ::= selector (, selector )* | ε
option as idf ::= AS identifier | \epsilon
option where ::= WHERE where clause | \varepsilon
option group ::= GROUP BY group by clause | \epsilon |
option order ::= ORDER BY ordering clause | &
option partition ::= PER PARTITION LIMIT option type aux | ε
option limit ::= LIMIT option type aux | &
option allow ::= ALLOW FILTERING | ε
option type aux ::= integer | bind marker
bind marker ::= ? | : identifier
where clause ::= relation ( AND relation )*
relation ::= column name operator term
         ( column name ( , column name )* ) operator tuple literal
        | TOKEN (column name (, column name )*) operator term
operator ::= = | < | > | <= | >= | != | CONTAINS | CONTAINS KEY
tuple literal ::= ( term ( , term )* )
group by clause ::= column name (, column name)*
ordering clause ::= column name option order (, column name
                                                          option order )*
option order ::= ASC | DESC | ε
insert:
insert statement ::= INSERT INTO table name insert statement aux
                 if not exists option parameter
insert_statement_aux ::= names_values | json_clause
option parameter ::= USING update para (AND update para)* | ε
names values ::= names VALUES tuple literal
ison clause ::= ISON string option default
option default ::= DEFAULT default aux | ε
default aux ::= NULL | UNSET
names ::= ( column name ( , column name )* )
update para ::= update para aux option type aux
update para aux ::= TIMESTAMP | TTL
```

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update:
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update statement ::= UPDATE table name option using
                  SET assignment (, assignment)*
                  WHERE where clause
                  option if
assignment ::= column name assignment aux
assignment aux ::= column selection = term
               | = aff column name
aff column name ::= column name sign aux term
                | list literal + column name
sign aux ::= + | -
column selection ::= [ term ] | field name | ε
option if ::= IF option if aux | \epsilon
option if aux ::= EXISTS | condition ( AND condition )*
condition ::= simple selection operator term
simple selection ::= column name column selection
<mark>delete :</mark>
delete statement ::= DELETE option selection FROM table name
                option using WHERE where clause option if
batch:
batch statement ::= BEGIN option batch BATCH
                option using
                modification statement (; modification statement)*
                APPLY BATCH
option batch ::= UNLOGGED | COUNTER | ε
option_using ::= USING update_para ( AND update_para )* | &
modification statement ::= insert statement
                     | update statement
                     | delete statement
grant :
grant statement ::= GRANT grant role statement
                          grant permission statement
grant role statement ::= role name TO role name
grant permission statement ::= permissions ON resource TO role name
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permissions ::= ALL permissions statement
            | permission permission statement
permissions statement ::= PERMISSIONS | ε
permission statement ::= PERMISSION | ε
permission ::= CREATE | ALTER | DROP | SELECT | MODIFY
            | AUTHORIZE | DESCRIBE | EXECUTE
resource ::= ALL all statement
          | KEYSPACE keyspace name
          I table statement table name
          | ROLE role name
          | FUNCTION function name (function argument)
          | ( MBEAN | MBEANS ) string
function argument ::= cql type (, cql type)* | \epsilon
all statement ::= KEYSPACES | ROLES | MBEANS
             | FUNCTIONS all functions statement
all functions statement ::= IN KEYSPACE keyspace name | \varepsilon
table statement ::= TABLE | \epsilon
revoke:
revoke statement ::= REVOKE revoke statement aux
revoke statement aux ::= revoke role statement
                       | revoke permission statement
revoke role statement ::= role name FROM role name
revoke permission statement ::= permissions ON resource FROM role name
list:
list statement ::= LIST list statement aux
list statement aux ::= list role statement | USERS
                 | list permissions statement
list role statement ::= ROLES of role option no_recursive_option
of role option ::= OF role name | \epsilon
no recursive option ::= NORECURSIVE | ε
list permissions statement ::= permissions on resource option of option
on resource option ::= ON resource | ε
of option ::= OF role name no recursive option | \epsilon
cassandra data types:
cql type ::= native type | collection type | user defined type
| tuple type | custom type
native type ::= ASCII | BIGINT | BLOB | BOOLEAN | COUNTER | DATE
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| DECIMAL | DOUBLE | FLOAT | INET | INT | SMALLINT | TEXT | TIME | TIMESTAMP | TIMEUUID | TINYINT | UUID | VARCHAR | VARINT