## Functional and logic programming - written exam -

## **Important:**

- 1. Subjects are graded as follows: of 1p; A 1.5p; B 2.5p; C 2.5p; D 2.5p.
- 2. Prolog problems will be resolved using SWI Prolog. The following are required: (1) explanation of the code and of the reasoning behind it; (2) recursive model that solves the problem, for all the predicates used; (3) specification of every predicate (parameters and their meaning, flow model, type of the predicate deterministic/non-deterministic).
- 3. Lisp problems will be resolved using Common Lisp. The following are required: (1) explanation of the code and of the reasoning behind it; (2) recursive model that solves the problem, for each function used; (3) specification of every function (parameters and their meaning).
- A. The following function definition in LISP is given

  (DEFUN Fct(F L)

  (COND

  ((NULL L) NIL)

  ((FUNCALL F (CAR L)) (CONS (FUNCALL F (CAR L)) (Fct F (CDR L))))

  (T NIL)

  )

Rewrite the definition in order to avoid the double recursive call **(FUNCALL F (CAR L))**. Do NOT redefine the function. Do NOT use SET, SETQ, SETF. Justify your answer.

**B.** Given two lists composed of integer numbers and sublists of integer numbers, write a SWI-Prolog program that returns a list that contains all sublists that are formed by concatenation of two sublists, one from each of the two lists. For example, for the following two lists: [1,2, [4,2], 6, [3,2]] and [1,2,3,[5,6],8, 5,[2,3], 4,1,[3,3]] the result will be (not necessarily in this order): [[4,2,5,6], [4,2,2,3], [4,2,3,3], [3,2,5,6], [3,2,2,3], [3,2,3,3]].

**C.** Write a PROLOG program that generates the list of all subsets of even sum, using the elements of a list. Write the mathematical models and flow models for the predicates used. For example, for the list  $L=[2, 3, 4] \Rightarrow [[],[2],[4],[2,4]]$  (not necessarily in this order).

**D.** Given a nonlinear list, write a Lisp function to replace all the odd values from even levels with their natural successor. The superficial level is assumed 1. **A MAP function shall be used. Example** for the list (1 s 4 (3 f (7))) the result is (1 s 4 (4 f (7))).