Petfinder Pawpularity Score prediction

Problem Statement

Millions of stray animals are on the streets without shelter around the world. To better adopt these animals, Pawpularity which is the visual appeal of the pet animals, significantly affects the adoption rate. Accurate predictions can help animal shelters and adoption platforms optimize photo selection, increasing adoption rate and reducing shelter overcrowding. This project analyzes the different algorithms, their strengths and weaknesses and proposes improvements.

Objectives

The purpose of this project is

- To review and understand existing approaches to predict Pawpularity using images as well as images with the meta data.
- To utilize the pretrained model with modification to improve performance for better prediction.

Data Description

The dataset consists of 9912 train images and 8 test images. Unlike other datasets, this dataset along with the images also contains meta which makes it different and needs different approaches to handle both images and meta data. The images are of different sizes and have three channels. The train and test files contain meta data for each image with label 0 and 1. The description of each feature is as below.

- Focus Pet stands out against uncluttered background, not too close / far.
- Eyes Both eyes are facing front or near-front, with at least 1 eye / pupil decently clear.
- Face Decently clear face, facing front or near-front.
- **Near** Single pet taking up significant portion of photo (roughly over 50% of photo width or height).
- Action Pet in the middle of an action (e.g., jumping).
- **Accessory** Accompanying physical or digital accessory / prop (i.e. toy, digital sticker), excluding collar and leash.
- Group More than 1 pet in the photo.
- **Collage** Digitally-retouched photo (i.e. with digital photo frame, combination of multiple photos).

- Human Human in the photo.
- Occlusion Specific undesirable objects blocking part of the pet (i.e. human, cage or fence).

 Note that not all blocking objects are considered occlusion.
- Info Custom-added text or labels (i.e. pet name, description).
- **Blur** Noticeably out of focus or noisy, especially for the pet's eyes and face. For Blur entries, "Eyes" column is always set to 0.

The final target variable is Pawpularity where the value is between 0 and 100. By looking at the Pawpularity distribution in Figure 1, most pets have low-to-moderate Pawpularity (20–40), only a few are highly popular, and the distribution is right-skewed with a spike at 100.

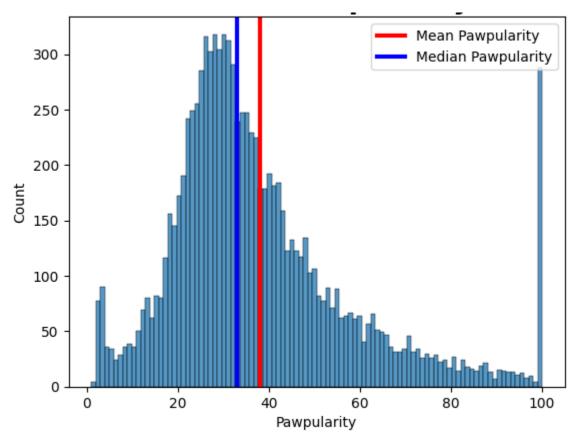


Figure 1 Pawpularity Score Distribution

By looking at each feature correlation **Figure 2**, the blur has minor correlation, However overall, there is not any significant correlation of all features with the target Pawpularity Score.

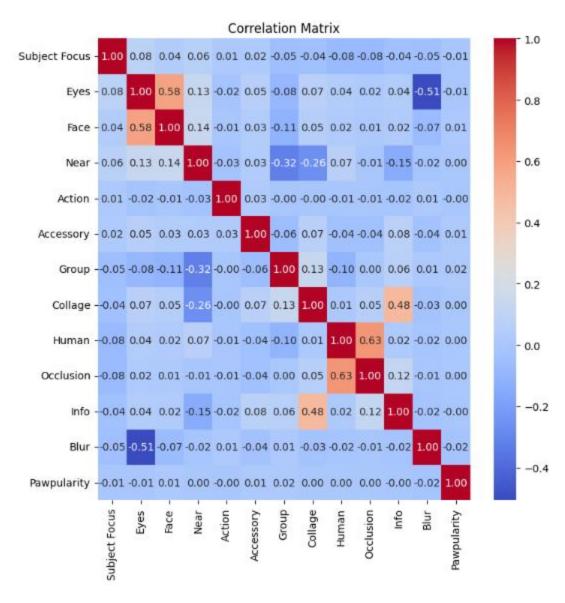


Figure 2 Correlation Matrix