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2	=== CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ===	2
3	(Case Information and Case Designation Form – King County Superior Court)	3
4		4
5	1 Case Title:	5
6	Bo Shang v. Amazon.com, Inc.	6
7		7
8	2 Cause of Action:	8
9	TTO – Tort / Other	9
10		10
11	3 Case Category:	11
12	Civil – Tort / Other	12
13		13
14	4 Case Type Designation:	14
15	SEA – Seattle (King County Superior Court, Seattle Courthouse)	15
16		16
17	5 Plaintiff(s):	17
18	Name: Bo Shang	18
19	Address: 10 McCafferty Way	19
20	Phone: 781-999-4101	20
21	Email: bo@shang.software	21
22		22
23	6 Defendant(s):	23
24	Name: Amazon.com, Inc.	24
25	Address: 410 Terry Avenue North, Seattle, WA 98109	25
26		26
27	7 Attorney/Pro Se:	27
28	Pro Se (self-represented litigant)	28
29		29
30	8 I certify that this case meets the case assignment criteria for King County Superior Court.	30
31	Dated: February 27, 2025	31
32		32
33		33
34	Signature:	34
35	Printed Name:	35
36	(Pro Se)	36
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37	
38	
39	
40	=== SUMMONS ===
41	
12	(SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON FOR KING COUNTY)
13	
4	BO SHANG, an individual,)
5) Case No
6	Plaintiff,)
7	
8	SUMMONS
19	
0	TO: AMAZON.COM, INC.
1	410 Terry Avenue North
52	Seattle, WA 98109
3	
4	A lawsuit has been started against you in the above-entitled court. The plaintiff's Complaint, which is
5	attached, states the basis for this lawsuit.
6	
7	In order to defend against this lawsuit, you must respond to the Complaint by stating your defense in writing
8	and serving a copy upon the person signing this Summons within twenty (20) days after the service of this
9	Summons (or sixty (60) days if you are served outside the State of Washington), not counting the day of
0	service. If you fail to do so, a default judgment may be entered against you without further notice for the
1	relief demanded in the Complaint.
2	
3	If you serve a Notice of Appearance on the undersigned person, you are entitled to notice before a default
4	judgment may be entered.
5	
6	You may demand that the plaintiff file this lawsuit with the court. If you do so, the demand must be in writing
7	and served upon the person signing this Summons. Within fourteen (14) days after you serve the demand,
8	the plaintiff must file this lawsuit with the court or the service on you of this Summons and Complaint will be
9	void.
0	
'1	Dated: February 27, 2025
2	

Signature:
Printed Name:
Pro Se
10 McCafferty Way
781-999-4101
bo@shang.software
-
=== COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES, INJUNCTIVE RELIEF, AND OTHER RELIEF ===
) COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES,
v.) INJUNCTIVE RELIEF,
) AND OTHER RELIEF
AMAZON.COM, INC., a Delaware)
corporation,)
Defendant.)
I INTRODUCTION
1 Plaintiff, Bo Shang ("Plaintiff"), brings this action against Amazon.com, Inc. ("Amazon" or
"Defendant"), alleging that Defendant sold or facilitated the sale of a stolen Google Pixel 7A
smartphone through its Prime shipping program. Plaintiff contends that after discovering the phone
was stolen, Amazon: 1. Pequired Plaintiff to drop off the return in person at an Amazon-approved location; and
 Required Plaintiff to drop off the return in person at an Amazon-approved location; and Imposed a 20% restocking fee due to a purported 90-day return limit — even though the device's stolen
status was unknown to Plaintiff until after that period.
Status was antihown to riamum antih arter that period.
2 Plaintiff seeks compensatory damages, equitable relief, attorneys' fees (if permitted by law), and
any other relief deemed just and proper.
any care reas accinca just and proper.
II JURISDICTION AND VENUE

109	3 Subject Matter Jurisdiction: This Court has jurisdiction over the claims asserted herein under	109
110	RCW 2.08.010, which grants the Superior Court original jurisdiction in all civil actions where the	110
111	value of the claim exceeds the jurisdictional limits of inferior courts.	111
112		112
113	4 Personal Jurisdiction: Defendant Amazon.com, Inc. is headquartered in Seattle, Washington,	113
114	transacts substantial business in King County, and has purposely availed itself of the benefits and	114
115	protections of Washington laws. Therefore, personal jurisdiction is proper under RCW 4.28.185 and	115
116	general principles of due process.	116
117		117
118	5 Venue: Venue is proper in King County under RCW 4.12.025(1) because Defendant's principal	118
119	place of business is in King County, and a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to	119
120	Plaintiff's claims occurred in King County.	120
121		121
122	III PARTIES	122
123		123
124	6 Plaintiff, Bo Shang ("Plaintiff"), is an individual residing in [County/State], who purchased a Pixel	124
125	7A smartphone from Amazon's platform under the Amazon Prime shipping program.	125
126		126
127	7 Defendant, Amazon.com, Inc. ("Amazon" or "Defendant"), is a Delaware corporation with its	127
128	principal place of business located at 410 Terry Avenue North, Seattle, Washington 98109.	128
129		129
130	IV FACTUAL BACKGROUND	130
131		131
132	8 Purchase and Discovery of Stolen Status:	132
133	• On or about [date of purchase], Plaintiff purchased a Google Pixel 7A smartphone from Amazon. The	133
134	product was labeled "Prime," suggesting either it was sold by Amazon or fulfilled by Amazon on behalf of a	134
135	third-party seller.	135
136	 Plaintiff received and used the phone but subsequently discovered, through [documentation from 	136
137	manufacturer/mobile carrier/police report/other source], that the device had been reported stolen before	137
138	Plaintiff's purchase.	138
139		139
140	9 Notification to Amazon:	140
141	 Plaintiff promptly informed Amazon Customer Service of the phone's stolen status and requested a 	141
142	refund.	142
143	 Amazon instructed Plaintiff to drop off the device at an approved Amazon or carrier location. Plaintiff was 	143
144	forced to personally handle and transport the stolen item at his own expense and inconvenience.	144

145		145
146	10 Restocking Fee Imposed:	146
147	• Amazon refused to process the return without a 20% restocking fee, asserting that the phone was outside	147
148	the 90-day return window.	148
149	• Plaintiff contends that the stolen status was not discoverable through normal use until after this arbitrary	149
150	deadline; moreover, it is unconscionable to charge any restocking fee for returning a stolen product that	150
151	never should have been sold in the first place.	151
152		152
153	11 Harm to Plaintiff:	153
154	• Plaintiff relied on Amazon's representations of safety, security, and product legitimacy, especially for	154
155	"Prime" products.	155
156	• Plaintiff incurred financial, legal, and practical harm, including the inconvenience and potential liability of	156
157	possessing stolen goods, time and travel costs for dropping off the return, and the 20% restocking fee	157
158	demanded by Amazon.	158
159		159
160	12 Amazon's Role and Representations:	160
161	• By labeling the Pixel 7A purchase with "Prime," Amazon effectively represented to Plaintiff that the item	161
162	was vetted or at least subject to certain quality and authenticity controls.	162
163	• Plaintiff contends Amazon either owned the device before sale (as part of its Fulfillment by Amazon stock)	163
164	or acted as a primary facilitator, thus materially controlling the transaction.	164
165	• In numerous marketing statements, Amazon promotes its marketplace as safe and reliable, guaranteeing	165
166	customers they can "buy with confidence" under programs such as "A-to-Z Guarantee." However, these	166
167	assurances proved hollow in Plaintiff's case.	167
168		168
169	V CAUSES OF ACTION	169
170		170
171	Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth	171
172	herein.	172
173		173
174	COUNT I – VIOLATION OF THE WASHINGTON CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT (RCW 19.86)	174
175		175
176	13 The Washington Consumer Protection Act ("WCPA"), codified at RCW 19.86, prohibits unfair or	176
177	deceptive acts or practices in the conduct of trade or commerce.	177
178		178
179	14 Defendant, by enabling the sale of stolen goods under the Amazon Prime program and by	179
180	imposing an unconscionable restocking fee when the item was finally discovered to be stolen,	180

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181	committed one or more unfair or deceptive acts or practices likely to mislead a reasonable	181
182	consumer.	182
183		183
184	15 Case Law Support:	184
185	• Hangman Ridge Training Stables, Inc. v. Safeco Title Ins. Co., 105 Wn.2d 778, 784–85 (1986).	185
186	 Klem v. Washington Mut. Bank, 176 Wn.2d 771, 787 (2013). 	186
187		187
188	16 Amazon's acts and omissions proximately caused injury to Plaintiff's business or property,	188
189	including monetary loss and other damages, thus violating RCW 19.86.020.	189
190		190
191	17 Pursuant to RCW 19.86.090, Plaintiff seeks actual damages, treble damages up to statutory	191
192	limits, and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.	192
193		193
194	COUNT II – BREACH OF IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY (RCW 62A.2-314)	194
195		195
196	18 Under RCW 62A.2-314, every contract for the sale of goods includes an implied warranty of	196
197	merchantability, which ensures the product is fit for the ordinary purposes for which goods of that	197
198	kind are used, and that the product is lawfully sold (not stolen).	198
199		199
200	19 By advertising and fulfilling the sale of a stolen Google Pixel 7A, Defendant breached the implied	200
201	warranty of merchantability, as stolen merchandise cannot be lawfully resold and is inherently unfit	201
202	for normal ownership and use.	202
203		203
204	20 Case Law Support:	204
205	 Baughn v. Honda Motor Co., Ltd., 107 Wn.2d 127, 151 (1986). 	205
206	• Touchet Valley Grain Growers, Inc. v. Opp & Seibold Gen. Constr., Inc., 119 Wn.2d 334, 341 (1992).	206
207		207
208	21 As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's breach, Plaintiff suffered damages in an amount	208
209	to be proven at trial.	209
210		210
211	COUNT III – NEGLIGENCE / NEGLIGENT MISREPRESENTATION	211
212		212
213	22 Defendant owed a duty of care to Plaintiff as a consumer who relied on Defendant's platform and	213
214	"Prime" services. Given Amazon's representations of safety and security, it had a duty to prevent	214
215	the sale of stolen goods or at least conduct reasonable checks.	215
216		216
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217	23 Defendant breached this duty by failing to implement adequate inventory control, screening, or	217
218	verification processes to ensure that items sold or fulfilled via Amazon Prime were not stolen	218
219	property.	219
220		220
221	24 Case Law Support:	221
222	• Mbewe v. Amazon.com, Inc., No. 2:18-cv-00848-RAJ, 2019 WL 2994693 (W.D. Wash. July 9, 2019).	222
223	 Erie Ins. Co. v. Amazon.com, Inc., 925 F.3d 135 (4th Cir. 2019). 	223
224		224
225	25 Plaintiff relied on Amazon's statements and "Prime" labeling, believing the product was	225
226	legitimate and non-stolen. Plaintiff would not have purchased the phone had he known it was	226
227	stolen.	227
228		228
229	26 This reliance was justifiable given Amazon's longstanding marketing as a trusted e-commerce	229
230	platform. Defendant's negligent conduct directly and proximately caused harm to Plaintiff,	230
231	including but not limited to the cost of the phone, the time and expense of the forced return, and	231
232	the imposed restocking fee.	232
233		233
234	VI DAMAGES AND RELIEF SOUGHT	234
235		235
236	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests judgment in his favor as follows:	236
237		237
238	1 Compensatory Damages: For all losses, including but not limited to the purchase price of the	238
239	Pixel 7A, related fees, costs incurred to return the stolen device, and any other economic losses.	239
240		240
241	2 Treble Damages: As allowed under RCW 19.86.090 for violations of the Washington Consumer	241
242	Protection Act, up to the statutory maximum.	242
243		243
244	3 Injunctive Relief:	244
245	• Enjoining Defendant from imposing restocking fees on products that turn out to be stolen.	245
246	• Requiring Defendant to improve inventory and fulfillment procedures to prevent future sales of stolen	246
247	property.	247
248		248
249	4 Attorneys' Fees and Costs: Pursuant to RCW 19.86.090 (for CPA violations) and any other	249
250	applicable provision of law.	250
251		251
252	5 Pre- and Post-Judgment Interest: As permitted by law.	252
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253		253
254	6 Such Other and Further Relief as the Court deems just, equitable, and proper.	254
255		255
256	VII JURY DEMAND	256
257		257
258	Pursuant to CR 38 of the Washington Superior Court Civil Rules, Plaintiff demands trial by jury on all issues	258
259	so triable.	259
260		260
261	PRAYER FOR RELIEF	261
262		262
263	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, Bo Shang, prays for judgment against Defendant, Amazon.com, Inc., in an amount	263
264	to be proven at trial, including but not limited to compensatory and statutory damages, along with equitable	264
265	relief, interest, costs, and attorneys' fees (if allowed by law), and for such other relief as this Court deems	265
266	just and proper.	266
267		267
268	DATED this 4 day of Feb, 2025.	268
269		269
270	Respectfully submitted,	270
271		271
272		272
273	Signature:	273
274	Printed Name:	274
275	Pro Se	275
276	10 McCafferty Way	276
277	781-999-4101	277
278	bo@shang.software	278
279		279
280		280
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