

### [Lab-5: CPU Scheduling]

#### Assignments:

1. To write a c program to simulate First Come First Serve (FCFS) algorithm.

process	p1	p2	p3	p4
Service Time	3	5	2	4

- Find the average waiting time and average turn-around time?  
(Assume that all the process arrived at time 0)

#### - Algorithm:

Step 1: Start the process

Step 2: Accept the number of processes in the ready Queue

Step 3: For each process in the ready Q, assign the process name and the burst time

Step 4: Set the waiting of the first process as 0 and its burst time as its turnaround time

Step 5: for each process in the Ready Q calculate

a).Waiting time (n) = waiting time (n-1) + Burst time (n-1)

b).Turnaround time (n)= waiting time(n)+Burst time(n)

Step 6: Calculate

a) Average waiting time = Total waiting Time / Number of process

b) Average Turnaround time = Total Turnaround Time / Number of process

Step 7: Stop the process

Process NO	P1	P2	P3	P4
Service time	3	5	2	4

Soln:

0	3	8	10	14
P1	P2	P3	P4	

Process NO	Service Time (B.T/S.T)	TAT = CT-AT	WT = TAT-BT
P1	3	3-0=3	3-3=0
P2	5	8-0=8	8-5=3
P3	2	10-0=10	10-2=8
P4	4	14-0=14	14-4=10

Avg. waiting Time (WT<sub>avg</sub>) =  $\frac{0+3+8+10}{4} = 5.25$

Avg. Turn around Time (TAT<sub>avg</sub>) =  $\frac{3+8+10+14}{4} = 8.75$

2. Write a c program to simulate the SJF (Shortest Job First) algorithm.

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Consider the following table with four processes and their service times.

Process	Burst Time (Service Time)
P <sub>1</sub>	5
P <sub>2</sub>	2
P <sub>3</sub>	4
P <sub>4</sub>	6

Assume that all processes are arrived at the same time. First process starts execution at time 0. Compute the following with SJF scheduling.

- (i) Waiting time of each process
- (ii) Turn around time of each process
- (iii) Average waiting time of processes
- (iv) Average turn around time of processes

Algorithm:

- Step 1: Start the process
- Step 2: Accept the number of processes in the ready Queue
- Step 3: For each process in the ready Q, assign the process id and accept the CPU burst time
- Step 4: Start the Ready Q according the shortest Burst time by sorting according to lowest to highest burst time.
- Step 5: Set the waiting time of the first process as 0 and its turnaround time as its burst time.
- Step 6: Sort the processes names based on their Burt time
- Step 7: For each process in the ready queue, calculate
  - a) Waiting time(n)= waiting time (n-1) + Burst time (n-1)
  - b) Turnaround time (n)= waiting time(n)+Burst time(n)
- Step 8: Calculate
  - c) Average waiting time = Total waiting Time / Number of process
  - d) Average Turnaround time = Total Turnaround Time / Number of process
- Step 9: Stop the process

*Soln:-*

Process No.	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>4</sub>
Burst Time (BT)	5	2	4	6

*Gantt chart*

P <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>4</sub>
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Timeline: 0      2      6      11      17

Process No.	BT	TAT = CT - AT	WT = TAT - BT
P <sub>1</sub>	5	11 - 0 = 11	11 - 5 = 6
P <sub>2</sub>	2	2 - 0 = 2	2 - 2 = 0
P <sub>3</sub>	4	6 - 0 = 6	6 - 4 = 2
P <sub>4</sub>	6	17 - 0 = 17	17 - 6 = 11

$W_{Tavg} = \frac{6+0+2+11}{4} = 4.75$ 
 $TAT_{avg} = \frac{11+2+6+17}{4} = 9$

3. Write a c program to simulate Shortest Remaining Time First (SRTF) algorithm.

Consider the following table

Process	Arrival Time	Service Time
$P_1$	0	6
$P_2$	1	3
$P_3$	2	1
$P_4$	3	4

Compute the following using the SRTF scheduling.

- Waiting time of each process
- Turn around time of each process
- Average waiting time of processes
- Average turn around time of processes

Algorithm:

- 1- Traverse until all process gets completely executed.
  - a) Find process with minimum remaining time at every single time lap.
  - b) Reduce its time by 1.
  - c) Check if it's remaining time becomes 0
  - d) Increment the counter of process completion.
  - e) Completion time of current process = current\_time +1;
  - f) Calculate waiting time for each completed process.
 
$$wt[i] = \text{Completion time} - \text{arrival\_time} - \text{burst\_time}$$
  - g) Increment time lap by one.
- 2- Find turnaround time (waiting\_time + burst\_time).

