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# MATHEMATICS ASSIGNMENT - II

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Q.1. Find fourier transform of the following functions:

(a)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$

Soln:-  $F\{f(x)\} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{isx} dx$

for  $x > 0$ ,

$$F\{f(x)\} = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} e^{isx} dx$$

So,  $F\{f(x)\} = \int_0^{\infty} \left( \frac{t}{is} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}-1} \cdot \frac{e^t dt}{-is}$

Let,  $-t = isx$

$-dt = is dx$

$\therefore dx = \frac{dt}{-is}$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{-is}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{-is}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{\pi i}{s}}$$

(b)  $f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-ikx} & \text{if } a < x < b \\ 0 & \text{if } x < a \text{ and } x > b \end{cases}$

Soln:-  $F\{f(x)\} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{isx} dx$

$$= \int_a^b e^{-ikx} e^{isx} dx$$

$$= \int_a^b e^{i(s-k)x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{i(s-k)} \left[ e^{i(s-k)x} \right]_a^b$$

$$= \frac{e^{i(s-k)b} - e^{i(s-k)a}}{i(s-k)}$$

(c)  $f(x) = \begin{cases} a^2 - x^2 & ; \text{ if } |x| < a \\ 0 & ; \text{ if } |x| > a \end{cases}$  Deduce,  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin x - x \cos x}{x^3} dx = \frac{\pi}{4}$

Soln:  $F\{f(x)\} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{isx} dx$

$$= \int_{-a}^a (a^2 - x^2) e^{isx} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2}{is} (e^{isa} - e^{-isa}) - \left[ \frac{x^2 e^{isx}}{is} - \frac{2x e^{isx}}{(is)^2} + \frac{2e^{isx}}{(is)^3} \right]_{-a}^a$$

$$= \frac{a^2}{is} (e^{isa} - e^{-isa}) - \left[ \frac{a^2 e^{isa}}{is} - \frac{2a e^{isa}}{(is)^2} + \frac{2e^{isa}}{(is)^3} - \left\{ \frac{a^2 e^{-isa}}{is} + \frac{2a e^{-isa}}{(is)^2} + \frac{2e^{-isa}}{(is)^3} \right\} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2a}{(is)^2} (e^{isa} + e^{-isa}) - \frac{2}{(is)^3} (e^{isa} - e^{-isa})$$

$$= \frac{4a}{i^2 s^2} \cos(sa) - \frac{4}{i^2 s^3} \sin(sa)$$

$$= \frac{4}{i^2 - s^3} (a.s. \cos(sa) - \sin(sa))$$

$$= \frac{4}{s^3} [\sin(sa) - as(\cos(sa))]$$

By inverse fourier transform,

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{4}{s^3} (\sin sa - as \cos sa) e^{-isx} ds$$

Putting  $sa = t$ ,

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{4a^3 (\sin t - t \cos t)}{t^3} \cdot \frac{dt}{a} \cdot e^{-\frac{itx}{a}}$$

$$= \frac{2a^2}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin t - t \cos t}{t^3} \cdot e^{-\frac{itx}{a}} dt$$

Putting  $x=0$ ,  $f(0) = a^2$ ,

$$a^2 = \frac{2a^2}{\pi} \cdot 2 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin t - t \cos t}{t^3} dt \quad \left( \because \frac{\sin t - t \cos t}{t^3} \text{ is even function} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4} = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin t - t \cos t}{t^3} dt$$

$$\therefore \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin x - x \cos x}{x^3} dx = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad \text{verified}$$

Q.2. Find the Fourier Sine transform of the following functions.

(a)  
Soln:

$$f(x) = x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F\{f(x)\} &= \int_0^{\infty} f(x) \sin x \, dx \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \frac{(e^{isx} - e^{-isx})}{2i} \, dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2i} \left[ \int_0^{\infty} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{isx} \, dx - \int_0^{\infty} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{-isx} \, dx \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Let, } I_1 &= \int_0^{\infty} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{isx} \, dx \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{-is}} \int_0^{\infty} t^{\frac{1}{2}-1} e^{(-t)} \, dt \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}}{\sqrt{-is}} = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{-is}} = \sqrt{\frac{\pi i}{s}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Let,} \\ -t &= isx \\ -dt &= is \, dx \\ \therefore dx &= \frac{-dt}{is} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Let, } I_2 &= \int_0^{\infty} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{-isx} \, dx \\ &= \frac{1}{is} \int_0^{\infty} t^{\frac{1}{2}-1} e^{-t} \, dt \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}}{\sqrt{is}} = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{is}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Let,} \\ t &= isx \\ \therefore dx &= \frac{dt}{is} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore F\{f(x)\} &= \frac{1}{2i} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{\pi i}{s}} - \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{is}} \right] \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{s}} \frac{1}{2i} (\sqrt{i} - \sqrt{-i}) \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{s}} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{i}} \left( \frac{\sqrt{i} - \sqrt{-i}}{\sqrt{i}} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{is}} (1 - \sqrt{-1}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{is}} (1 - i) \end{aligned}$$



$$(b) \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} x & ; 0 < x < 1 \\ 2-x & ; 1 < x < 2 \\ 0 & ; x > 2 \end{cases}$$

Soln:

$$\begin{aligned} F_s \{ f(x) \} &= \int_0^1 x \sin sx \, dx + \int_1^2 (2-x) \sin sx \, dx \\ &= \left| x \left( \frac{-\cos x}{s} \right) - 1 \left( \frac{-\sin x}{s^2} \right) \right|_0^1 + \left| (2-x) \left( \frac{-\cos sx}{s} \right) - \left( \frac{-\sin sx}{s^2} \right) \right|_1^2 \\ &= \frac{-\cos s}{s} + \frac{\sin s}{s^2} - \frac{\sin 2s}{s^2} - \left\{ \frac{-\cos s}{s} - \frac{\sin s}{s^2} \right\} \\ &= \frac{2\sin s - \sin 2s}{s^2} \end{aligned}$$

Q.3. Find fourier <sup>cosine</sup> transform of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & ; 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & ; x > 1 \end{cases}$

Soln:

$$\begin{aligned} F_c \{ f(x) \} &= \int_0^\infty f(x) \cos x \, dx \\ &= \int_0^\infty x^2 \cos x \, dx \\ &= \left| x^2 \frac{\sin x}{s} - 2x \left( \frac{-\cos x}{s^2} \right) + 2 \left( \frac{-\sin x}{s^3} \right) \right|_0^1 \\ &= \frac{\sin s}{s} + \frac{2\cos s}{s^2} - \frac{2\sin s}{s^3} \end{aligned}$$

Q.4. Find fourier cosine and sine transform of the function,  $f(x) e^{-ax}$ ;  $a > 0$ . Hence, find the values of integrals  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\omega \sin \omega x}{a^2 + \omega^2} \, d\omega$  and  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos \omega x}{a^2 + \omega^2} \, d\omega$

Soln:

$$\begin{aligned} F_c \{ f(x) \} &= \int_0^\infty e^{-ax} \cos \omega x \, dx \\ &= \left| \frac{e^{-ax}}{a^2 + \omega^2} (-a \cos \omega x + \omega \sin \omega x) \right|_0^\infty \\ &= - \left\{ \frac{1}{a^2 + \omega^2} (-a) \right\} \\ &= \frac{a}{a^2 + \omega^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_c \{ f(x) \} &= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-ax} \sin \omega x \, dx \\
 &= \left| \frac{e^{-ax}}{a^2 + \omega^2} (-a \sin \omega x - \omega \cos \omega x) \right|_0^{\infty} \\
 &= \frac{\omega}{a^2 + \omega^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

By inverse of fourier cosine transform,

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} F_c(\omega) \cos \omega x \, d\omega$$

$$\text{or, } \int_0^{\infty} \frac{a \cdot \cos \omega x}{a^2 + \omega^2} \, d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-ax}$$

$$\therefore \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x}{a^2 + \omega^2} \, d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2a} e^{-ax}$$

By inverse of fourier sine transform,

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} F_s(\omega) \sin \omega x \, d\omega$$

$$\text{or, } \frac{2}{\pi} = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\omega \sin \omega x}{a^2 + \omega^2} \, d\omega$$

$$\therefore \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\omega \sin \omega x}{a^2 + \omega^2} \, d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-ax}$$