## Lab\_3: [Write C programs to simulate UNIX commands]

Objective: In this laboratory we will be developing the c codes to simulate the basic and frequently used Linux/Unix commands and understand how these commands works.

Unix commands: ls, grep, cp, rm, cd

## Assignments:

- 1. Write a c program to simulate "ls" command using UNIX system calls. Algorithm:
  - 1. Store path of current working directory using getcwd system call.
  - 2. Scan directory of the stored path using scandir system call and sort the resultant array of structure.
  - 3. Display dname member for all entries if it is not a hidden file.
  - 4. Stop.
  - 5. [Output]: The filenames/subdirectories are listed, similar to ls command.
- 2. Write a c program to simulate "cp" command using UNIX system call. Algorithm:
  - 1. Get source and destination *filename* as command-line argument.
  - 2. Declare a buffer of size 1KB
  - 3. Open the source file in read-only mode using open system call.
  - 4. If file does not exist, then stop.
  - 5. Create the destination file using creat system call.
  - 6. If file cannot be created, then stop.
  - 7. File copy is achieved as follows:
    - **a.** Read 1KB data from source file and store onto buffer using read system call
    - **b.** Write the buffer contents onto destination file using write system call
    - **c.** If end-of-file then step 8 else step 7a.
  - 8. Close source and destination file using close system call.
  - 9. Stop.

- 10. [Output]: Thus a file is copied using file I/O. The cmp command can be used to verify that contents of both file are same.
- 3. Write a c program to simulate "grep" command using UNIX system call.

## Algorithm:

- 1. Get filename and search string as command-line argument.
- 2. Open the file in read-only mode using open system call.
- 3. If file does not exist, then stop.
- 4. Let length of the search string be n.
- 5. Read line-by-line until end-of-file
  - a. Check to find out the occurrence of the search string in a line by examining characters in the range 1-n, 2-n+1, etc
  - b. If search string exists, then print the line.
- 6. Close the file using close system call.
- 7. Stop.
- 8. [Output]: The program simulates grep command by listing lines containing the search text.
- 4. Write a c program to simulate "rm" command using UNIX system call Algorithm:
  - 1. Get *filename* as command-line argument.
  - 2. Open the file in read-only mode using read system call.
  - 3. If file does not exist, then stop.
  - 4. Close the file using close system call.
  - 5. Delete the file using unlink system call.
  - 6. Stop.
  - 7. [Output]: Thus files can be deleted in a manner similar to rm command. The deletion of file can be verified by using ls command.
- 5. Write a c program to simulate "cd" command using UNIX system call. (There are different versions of cd command. You chose one and simulate it. Write the algorithm in a separate file and submit.)

