

```

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
dict1 = {
    "Names" : ["Adeeb", "Kundan", "Arbaaz", "Sujeet", "Saurav"],
    "Marks" : [9.25, 9.10, 9.65, 8.85, 9.55],
    "Gender" : ["Male", "Male", "Male", "Male", "Male"],
    "City" : ["Patna", "Samastipur", "Jasedi", "Gorakhpur", "Muzaffarpur"]
}
DF = pd.DataFrame(dict1) # displays dict1 in tabular form
print(DF)

```

	Names	Marks	Gender	City
0	Adeeb	9.25	Male	Patna
1	Kundan	9.10	Male	Samastipur
2	Arbaaz	9.65	Male	Jasedi
3	Sujeet	8.85	Male	Gorakhpur
4	Saurav	9.55	Male	Muzaffarpur

```

DF.to_csv("friends.csv") # exports DF in form of .csv file
DF.to_csv("friends-index-false.csv") # file doesn't contains index

```

```

# if dataframe is large and only few rows are needed to be displayed
print(DF.head(2)) # top 2 rows
print(DF.tail(2)) # bottom 2 rows

```

	Names	Marks	Gender	City
0	Adeeb	9.25	Male	Patna
1	Kundan	9.10	Male	Samastipur

	Names	Marks	Gender	City
3	Sujeet	8.85	Male	Gorakhpur
4	Saurav	9.55	Male	Muzaffarpur

```

# analysing numeric columns
print(DF.describe())

```

	Marks
count	5.000000
mean	9.280000
std	0.327109
min	8.850000
25%	9.100000
50%	9.250000
75%	9.550000
max	9.650000

```

# SERIES -----> Create, Manipulate, Query, Delete
arr1=[10,20,30,40,50]
print(pd.Series(arr1)) # converting arr1 to series (default indexing)
order=list("abcde")
print(pd.Series(arr1,index=order)) # converting arr1 to series (manual indexing)

```

```
0    10
1    20
2    30
3    40
4    50
dtype: int64
a    10
b    20
c    30
d    40
e    50
dtype: int64
```

```
# creating series with python disctionary
d={'a':1,'b':2,'c':3,'d':4,'e':5}
D=pd.Series(d)
print(D)
```

```
a    1
b    2
c    3
d    4
e    5
dtype: int64
```

```
# modifying index of D
D.index=list("ABCDE")
print(D)
```

```
A    1
B    2
C    3
D    4
E    5
dtype: int64
```

```
# Slicing
print(D[:3])
print(D[2:])
# Appending in series
D=D.append(pd.Series([6,7,8,9]))
print(D)
```

```
A    1
B    2
C    3
dtype: int64
C    3
D    4
E    5
dtype: int64
```

```
A    1
B    2
C    3
D    4
E    5
0    6
1    7
2    8
3    9
dtype: int64
```

```
# Deleting an index from series
D=D.drop('C')
print(D)
```

```
A    1
B    2
D    4
E    5
0    6
1    7
2    8
3    9
dtype: int64
```

```
# Series operations
arr1=[1,2,3,4,5]
arr2=[6,7,8,9,10,11,12]
s1=pd.Series(arr1)
s2=pd.Series(arr2)
print(s1.add(s2)) # adds corresponding elements. If corresponding
element doesn't exist, then NaN is displayed as result.
print(s1.sub(s2)) # subtract corresponding elements.
print(s1.mul(s2)) # multiply corresponding elements.
print(s1.div(s2)) # divides corresponding elements.
```

```
0    7.0
1    9.0
2   11.0
3   13.0
4   15.0
5    NaN
6    NaN
dtype: float64
0   -5.0
1   -5.0
2   -5.0
3   -5.0
4   -5.0
5    NaN
6    NaN
```

```

dtype: float64
0      6.0
1     14.0
2     24.0
3     36.0
4     50.0
5      NaN
6      NaN
dtype: float64
0      0.166667
1      0.285714
2      0.375000
3      0.444444
4      0.500000
5         NaN
6         NaN
dtype: float64

print("Median: ", s1.median(), s2.median()) # median
print("Maximum: ", s1.max(), s2.max()) # minimum
print("Minumum: ", s1.min(), s2.min()) # maximum

Median:  3.0 9.0
Maximum:  5 12
Minumum:  1 6

```

CREATING DATAFRAMES

```

dates=pd.date_range('today',periods=6) # range of dates from today to
(today+6)
num_arr=np.random.randn(6,4) # matrix of random numbers of size 6 x 4
cols=list("ABCD") # list of letters
df1=pd.DataFrame(num_arr,index=dates,columns=cols) # creating
dataframe
print(df1)

```

	A	B	C	D
2022-07-05 14:36:15.377793	0.593193	1.240269	-0.208822	-0.200679
2022-07-06 14:36:15.377793	-0.912069	0.250535	1.372377	0.223373
2022-07-07 14:36:15.377793	-0.633513	1.031650	0.882148	-1.362749
2022-07-08 14:36:15.377793	-0.290228	1.796676	0.184126	0.072104
2022-07-09 14:36:15.377793	-0.024622	0.459481	-1.088387	-2.016159
2022-07-10 14:36:15.377793	0.041543	-0.949165	-0.580626	0.373499

```

print(df1.dtypes) # data types of objects present in df1
print(df1.head(2)) # top 2 entries in df1
print(df1.tail(2)) # bottom 2 entries in df1

A      float64
B      float64
C      float64
D      float64

```

dtype: object

		A	B	C	D
2022-07-05 14:36:15.377793		0.593193	1.240269	-0.208822	-0.200679
2022-07-06 14:36:15.377793		-0.912069	0.250535	1.372377	0.223373
		A	B	C	D
2022-07-09 14:36:15.377793		-0.024622	0.459481	-1.088387	-2.016159
2022-07-10 14:36:15.377793		0.041543	-0.949165	-0.580626	0.373499

print(df1.index, df1.columns, df1.values) # attributes of DataFrame
function which was used to create df1

```
DatetimeIndex(['2022-07-05 14:36:15.377793', '2022-07-06  
14:36:15.377793',  
              '2022-07-07 14:36:15.377793', '2022-07-08  
14:36:15.377793',  
              '2022-07-09 14:36:15.377793', '2022-07-10  
14:36:15.377793'],  
              dtype='datetime64[ns]', freq='D') Index(['A', 'B', 'C',  
'D'], dtype='object') [[ 0.59319301  1.24026881 -0.2088224  -  
0.20067868]  
 [-0.91206878  0.25053455  1.37237718  0.22337309]  
 [-0.633513    1.0316501   0.88214769 -1.36274875]  
 [-0.29022834  1.79667601  0.18412582  0.07210363]  
 [-0.02462198  0.45948103 -1.08838699 -2.0161593 ]  
 [ 0.04154273 -0.94916484 -0.5806257   0.37349942]]
```

print(df1.T) # transpose of original DataFrame df1

	2022-07-05 14:36:15.377793	2022-07-06 14:36:15.377793	\
A	0.593193	-0.912069	
B	1.240269	0.250535	
C	-0.208822	1.372377	
D	-0.200679	0.223373	

	2022-07-07 14:36:15.377793	2022-07-08 14:36:15.377793	\
A	-0.633513	-0.290228	
B	1.031650	1.796676	
C	0.882148	0.184126	
D	-1.362749	0.072104	

	2022-07-09 14:36:15.377793	2022-07-10 14:36:15.377793
A	-0.024622	0.041543
B	0.459481	-0.949165
C	-1.088387	-0.580626
D	-2.016159	0.373499

print(df1.describe())

	A	B	C	D
count	6.000000	6.000000	6.000000	6.000000
mean	-0.204283	0.638241	0.093469	-0.485102

```

std      0.533153  0.955124  0.917432  0.974157
min      -0.912069 -0.949165 -1.088387 -2.016159
25%      -0.547692  0.302771 -0.487675 -1.072231
50%      -0.157425  0.745566 -0.012348 -0.064288
75%       0.025002  1.188114  0.707642  0.185556
max       0.593193  1.796676  1.372377  0.373499

```

creating new dictionary

```

data = {"animal" :
["cat", "cat", "snake", "dog", "dog", "cat", "snake", "cat", "dog", "dog"],
  "age" : [2.5, 3, 0.5, np.nan, 5, 2, 4.5, np.nan, 7, 3],
  "visits" : [1, 3, 2, 3, 2, 3, 1, 1, 2, 1],
  "priority" :
["yes", "yes", "no", "yes", "no", "no", "no", "yes", "no", "no"]}
labels = list("abcdefghij")
df2 = pd.DataFrame(data, index=labels)
print(df2)

```

	animal	age	visits	priority
a	cat	2.5	1	yes
b	cat	3.0	3	yes
c	snake	0.5	2	no
d	dog	NaN	3	yes
e	dog	5.0	2	no
f	cat	2.0	3	no
g	snake	4.5	1	no
h	cat	NaN	1	yes
i	dog	7.0	2	no
j	dog	3.0	1	no

print(df2.sort_values(by="age")) # sorting on the basis of age

	animal	age	visits	priority
c	snake	0.5	2	no
f	cat	2.0	3	no
a	cat	2.5	1	yes
b	cat	3.0	3	yes
j	dog	3.0	1	no
g	snake	4.5	1	no
e	dog	5.0	2	no
i	dog	7.0	2	no
d	dog	NaN	3	yes
h	cat	NaN	1	yes

print(df2[1:3]) # slicing

	animal	age	visits	priority
b	cat	3.0	3	yes
c	snake	0.5	2	no

print(df2[["age", "visits"]]) # query dataframe by tag

	age	visits
a	2.5	1
b	3.0	3
c	0.5	2
d	NaN	3
e	5.0	2
f	2.0	3
g	4.5	1
h	NaN	1
i	7.0	2
j	3.0	1

```
df3=df2.copy() # copying dataframe
print(df3)
```

	animal	age	visits	priority
a	cat	2.5	1	yes
b	cat	3.0	3	yes
c	snake	0.5	2	no
d	dog	NaN	3	yes
e	dog	5.0	2	no
f	cat	2.0	3	no
g	snake	4.5	1	no
h	cat	NaN	1	yes
i	dog	7.0	2	no
j	dog	3.0	1	no

```
print(df3.isnull()) # checking quantities which are null
```

	animal	age	visits	priority
a	False	False	False	False
b	False	False	False	False
c	False	False	False	False
d	False	True	False	False
e	False	False	False	False
f	False	False	False	False
g	False	False	False	False
h	False	True	False	False
i	False	False	False	False
j	False	False	False	False

```
df3.loc["f","age"]=1.55 # locating and changing values ---->
df3.loc[row_name,col_name] = new_value
print(df3)
```

	animal	age	visits	priority
a	cat	2.50	1	yes
b	cat	3.00	3	yes
c	snake	0.50	2	no
d	dog	NaN	3	yes
e	dog	5.00	2	no

```
print(df3["age"].mean()) # print average of age
print(df3["visits"].mean()) # print average of visits
print(df3["age"].sum()) # sum of ages
print(df3["visits"].sum()) # sum of visits
print(df3["age"].max()) # maximum of ages
print(df3["visits"].max()) # maximum of visits
print(df3["age"].min()) # minimum of ages
print(df3["visits"].min()) # minimum of visits
print(df3.sum()) # sum of every attribute
print(df3.max()) # maximum of every attribute
print(df3.min()) # minimum of every attribute
```

```
dtype: object
```

```
print(string)
```

2 d


```

3      aaa
4      baca
5      NaN
6      cba
7      cow
8      owl
dtype: object
0      A
1      C
2      D
3      AAA
4      BACA
5      NaN
6      CBA
7      COW
8      OWL
dtype: object
0      A
1      C
2      D
3      Aaa
4      BaCa
5      NaN
6      CBA
7      cow
8      owl
dtype: object

```

OPERATIONS FOR DataFrame MISSING VALUES

```

df4=df3.copy()
print(df4.fillna(df4["age"].mean())) # fill every NULL cell with
average value of age

```

	animal	age	visits	priority
a	cat	2.50000	1	yes
b	cat	3.00000	3	yes
c	snake	0.50000	2	no
d	dog	3.38125	3	yes
e	dog	5.00000	2	no
f	cat	1.55000	3	no
g	snake	4.50000	1	no
h	cat	3.38125	1	yes
i	dog	7.00000	2	no
j	dog	3.00000	1	no

```

print(df4.dropna(how="any")) # deleting data with NULL value

```

	animal	age	visits	priority
a	cat	2.50	1	yes
b	cat	3.00	3	yes

c	snake	0.50	2	no
e	dog	5.00	2	no
f	cat	1.55	3	no
g	snake	4.50	1	no
i	dog	7.00	2	no
j	dog	3.00	1	no

DataFrame file operations

```
df3.to_csv("animals.csv")
```

```
df_animals=pd.read_csv("animals.csv")
print(df_animals.head(3))
```

	Unnamed: 0	animal	age	visits	priority
0	a	cat	2.5	1	yes
1	b	cat	3.0	3	yes
2	c	snake	0.5	2	no

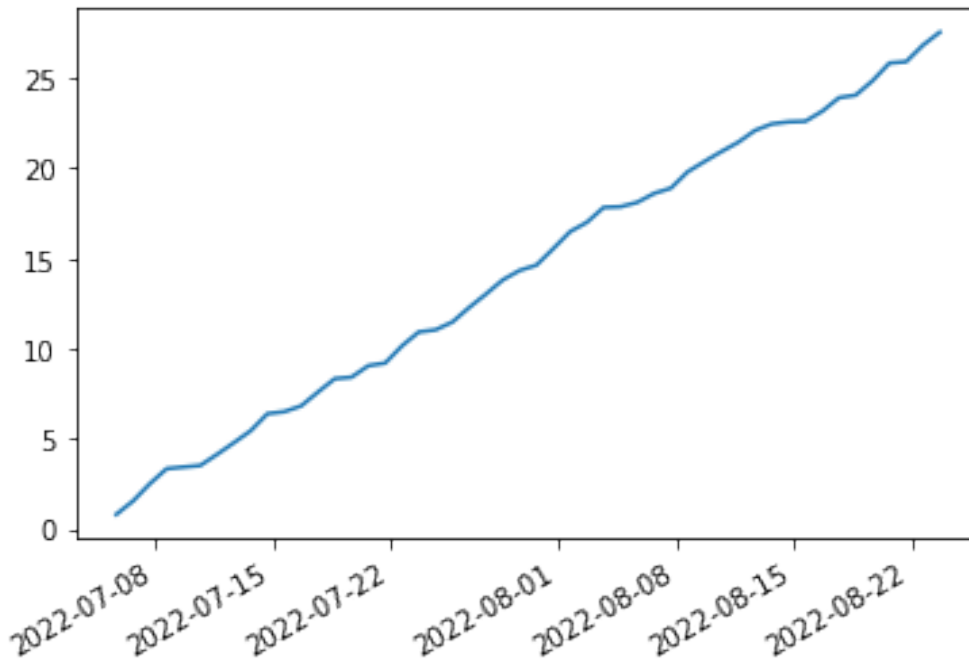
```
df3.to_excel("animals.xlsx", sheet_name="Sheet1")
df_animals2=pd.read_excel("animals.xlsx","Sheet1",index_col=None,na_values=["NA"])
print(df_animals2)
```

	Unnamed: 0	animal	age	visits	priority
0	a	cat	2.50	1	yes
1	b	cat	3.00	3	yes
2	c	snake	0.50	2	no
3	d	dog	NaN	3	yes
4	e	dog	5.00	2	no
5	f	cat	1.55	3	no
6	g	snake	4.50	1	no
7	h	cat	NaN	1	yes
8	i	dog	7.00	2	no
9	j	dog	3.00	1	no

Visualization in pandas

```
%matplotlib inline
ts=pd.Series(np.random.rand(50),
index=pd.date_range('today',periods=50))
ts=ts.cumsum()
ts.plot()
```

```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f288f1f7c90>
```



```
ts2=pd.DataFrame(np.random.rand(50,4), index=ts.index,
columns=list("ABXY"))
ts2=ts2.cumsum()
ts2.plot()
```

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f288ebfd690>

