

Figure 1: Plot of P2

Problem 1.

- $p'(x) = 3x^2 10x + 7$ and we have $p'(2) = 3 \times 2^2 10 \times 2 + 7 = -1$
- Using $\epsilon^2 = 0$, we have

$$p(2+\epsilon) = -2 + 7(2+\epsilon) - 5(2+\epsilon)^2 + (2+\epsilon)^3$$

$$= -2 + (7 \times 2 + 7\epsilon) - (5 \times 2^2 + 5 \times 4\epsilon) + (8+3 \times 4\epsilon)$$

$$= (-2+7 \times 2 - 5 \times 2^2 + 2^3) + \epsilon(7-5 \times 4 + 3 \times 4)$$

$$= 0 - \epsilon$$

So we have $p'(x_0 = 2) = -1$

Problem 2.

In this problem, the main function is compare Plot.m. And the test is included in this function. The testing and plotting program is **P2test.m**. I used 1×10^{-5} as tolerance, so some of the tests failed. And I got the figure 1.

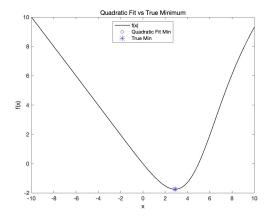
Problem 3.

• We have $y = \tanh(x)$ then $y' = 1 - \tanh(x)^2$

$$f'(x) = \tanh\left(\frac{x - x_0}{\sigma}\right) + \frac{x}{\sigma}\left[1 - \tanh^2\left(\frac{x - x_0}{\sigma}\right)\right]$$

• We have

$$f'(x) = \frac{2(x-x_0)}{\sigma} \exp\left(\frac{-(x-x_0)^2}{\sigma}\right)$$



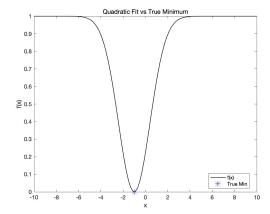


Figure 2: P3 Nice

Figure 3: P3 nasty

In this problem, the main function is quadratic_fit.m. Two working program is **test_nice.m** and **test_nasty.m**. In test_nasty.m, if it fail to get a number, it will just plot the true value by fsolve(). It should looks like 2 and 3.

Problem 4.

In this problem, the main function is brents_method.m. And the working and testing program is **P4_test.m**. The result should be like figure 4 and 5.

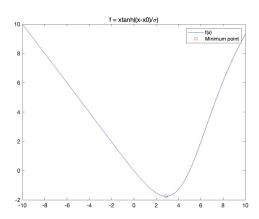


Figure 4: P4 Nice

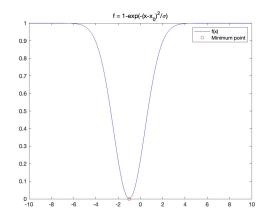


Figure 5: P4 nasty