Computer Organization and Architecture

Module 4-a

Data Path and Control Path Example with Verilog

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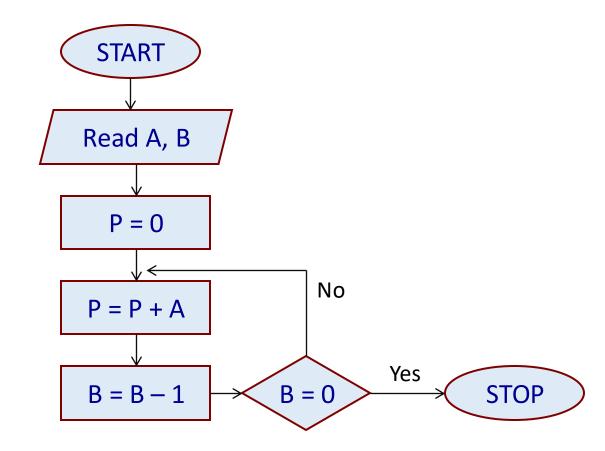
Data Path and Control Path

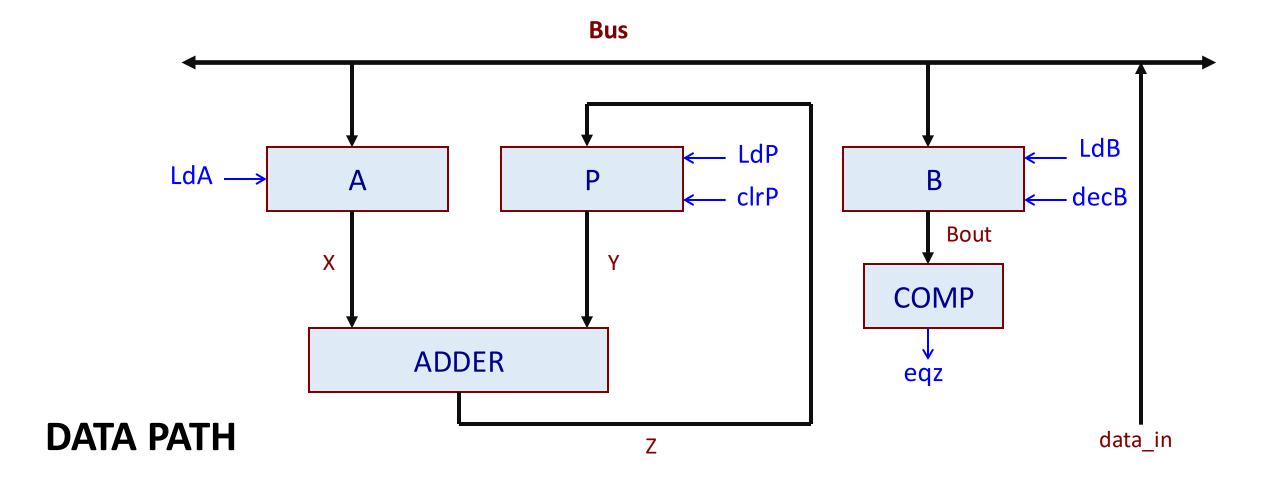
Introduction

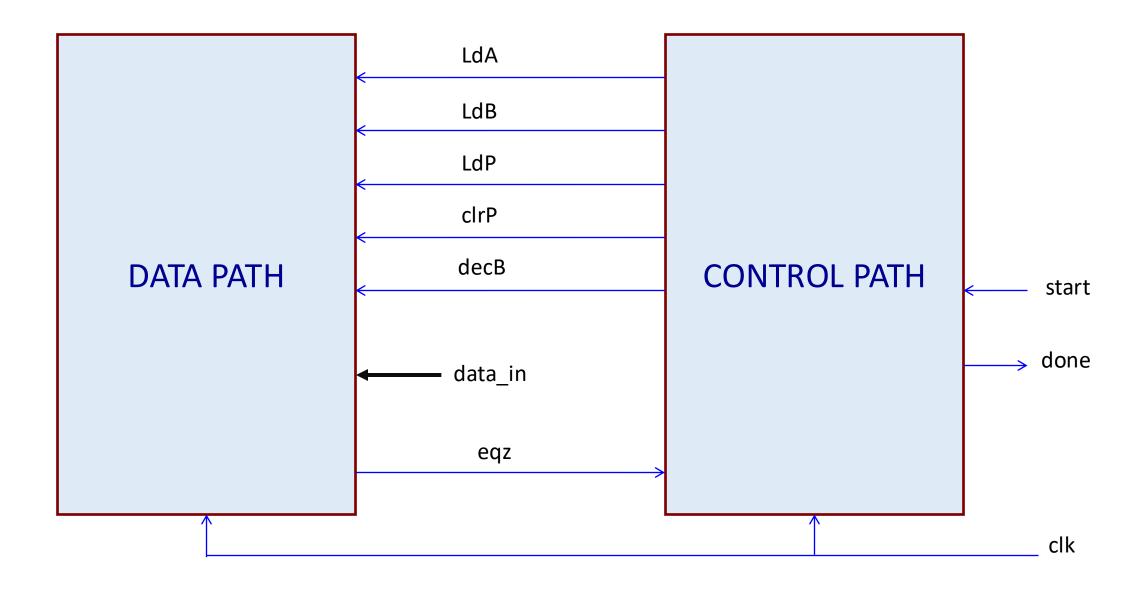
- In a complex digital system, the hardware is typically partitioned into two parts:
 - a) Data Path, which consists of the functional units where all computations are carried out.
 - Typically consists of registers, multiplexers, bus, adders, multipliers, counters, and other functional blocks.
 - b) Control Path, which implements a finite-state machine and provides control signals to the data path in proper sequence.
 - In response to the control signals, various operations are carried out by the data path.
 - Also takes inputs from the data path regarding various status information.

Example 1: Multiplication by Repeated Addition

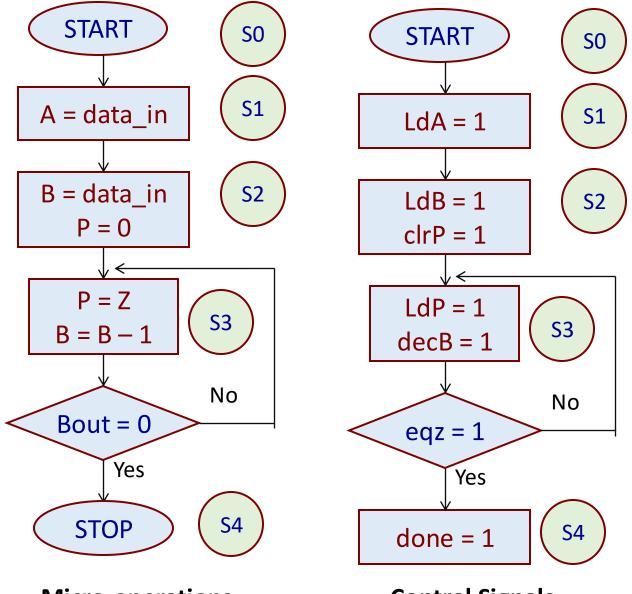
- We consider a simple algorithm using repeated addition.
 - Assume B is non-zero.
- We identify the functional blocks required in the data path, and the corresponding control signals.
- Then we design the FSM to implement the multiplication algorithm using the data path.





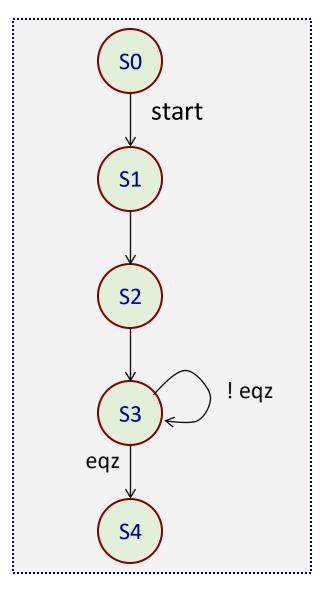


CONTROL PATH



Micro-operations

Control Signals



State Transitions

```
module MUL datapath (eqz, LdA, LdB, LdP, clrP, decB, data in, clk);
  input LdA, LdB, LdP, clrP, decB, clk;
  input [15:0] data in;
  output eqz;
  wire [15:0] X, Y, Z, Bout, Bus;
                                                          THE DATA
  PIPO1 A (X, Bus, LdA, clk);
  PIPO2 P (Y, Z, LdP, clrP, clk);
                                                             PATH
  CNTR B (Bout, Bus, LdB, decB, clk);
 ADD AD (Z, X, Y);
 EQZ COMP (eqz, Bout);
endmodule
```

```
module PIPO1 (dout, din, ld, clk);
  input [15:0] din;
  input ld, clk;
  output reg [15:0] dout;
  always @ (posedge clk)
    if (ld) dout <= din;
endmodule
module ADD (out, in1, in2);
  input [15:0] in1, in2;
  output reg [15:0] out;
  always @(*)
    out = in1 + in2;
endmodule
```

```
module PIPO2 (dout, din, ld,
                      clr, clk);
  input [15:0] din;
  input ld, clr, clk;
  output reg [15:0] dout;
  always @ (posedge clk)
    if (clr) dout <= 16'b0;
    else if (ld) dout <= din;</pre>
endmodule
module EQZ (eqz, data);
  input [15:0] data;
  output eqz;
  assign eqz = (data == 0);
endmodule
```

```
module CNTR (dout, din, ld, dec, clk);
  input [15:0] din;
  input ld, dec, clk;
  output reg [15:0] dout;
  always @(posedge clk)
   if (ld) dout <= din;
    else if (dec) dout <= dout - 1;
endmodule</pre>
```

```
module controller (LdA, LdB, LdP, clrP, decB, done, clk, eqz, start);
  input clk, eqz, start;
  output reg LdA, LdB, LdP, clrP, decB, done;
  req [2:0] state;
 parameter S0=3'b000, S1=3'b001, S2=3'b010, S3=3'b011, S4=3'b100;
  always @ (posedge clk)
   begin
      case (state)
        S0: if (start) state <= S1;
        S1: state <= S2;
        S2: state <= S3;
        S3: #2 if (eqz) state <= S4;
        S4: state <= S4;
        default: state <= S0;</pre>
      endcase
    end
```

THE CONTROL **PATH**

```
always @(state)
 begin
    case (state)
           begin #1 LdA = 0; LdB = 0; LdP = 0; clrP = 0; decB = 0; end
      S0:
     S1: begin #1 LdA = 1; end
     S2: begin #1 LdA = 0; LdB = 1; clrP = 1; end
     S3:
          begin \#1 LdB = 0; LdP = 1; clrP = 0; decB = 1; end
          begin #1 done = 1; LdB = 0; LdP = 0; decB = 0; end
     S4:
    default: begin #1 LdA = 0; LdB = 0; LdP = 0; clrP = 0; decB = 0; end
   endcase
  end
endmodule
```

```
module MUL test;
                                                    THE TEST
  reg [15:0] data in;
                                                     BENCH
                                                                               \mathbf{x}
  reg clk, start;
                                                                               \mathbf{x} 0
 wire done;
                                                                         35
                                                                               0 0
                                                                         45
                                                                              17 0
 MUL datapath DP (eqz, LdA, LdB, LdP, clrP, decB, data in, clk);
                                                                         55
                                                                              34 0
                                                                         65
                                                                              51 0
  controller CON (LdA, LdB, LdP, clrP, decB, done, clk, eqz, start);
                                                                         75
                                                                              68 0
                              initial
                                                                         85
                                                                              85 0
  initial
                                                                         88
                                                                              85 1
                                begin
   begin
                                 #17 data in = 17;
      clk = 1'b0;
                                  #10 data in = 5;
      #3 start = 1'b1;
                                end
      #500 $finish;
                              initial
    end
                                begin
                                   $monitor ($time, " %d %b", DP.Y, done);
  always #5 clk = ~clk;
                                  $dumpfile ("mul.vcd"); $dumpvars (0, MUL test);
                                 end
                            endmodule
```