

AI61003 Linear Algebra for AI & ML

Assignment 01 - Problem 02

(a) To prove: $\text{avg}(\alpha x + \beta 1_n) = \alpha \text{avg}(x) + \beta$
 where $x, 1_n \in \mathbb{R}^n$; $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}$

$$\text{Let } y = \alpha x + \beta 1_n \quad (y \in \mathbb{R}^n)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{avg}(y) &= \frac{1_n^T \cdot y}{n} \\ &= \frac{1_n^T \cdot (\alpha x + \beta 1_n)}{n} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\because \text{scalar multiplication is distributive}) \\ &= \frac{1}{n} (\alpha 1_n^T x + \beta 1_n^T 1_n) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\because 1_n^T 1_n &= n) \\ &= \frac{1}{n} (\alpha 1_n^T x + \beta n) \\ &= \alpha \left(\frac{1_n^T x}{n} \right) + \beta \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\text{by definition of } \text{avg}(x)) \\ &= \alpha \text{avg}(x) + \beta \end{aligned}$$

$\Rightarrow \text{avg}(\alpha x + \beta 1_n) = \alpha \text{avg}(x) + \beta$
 Hence proved.

(b) To prove: $\text{std}(\alpha x + \beta 1_n) = |\alpha| \text{std}(x)$
 where $x, 1_n \in \mathbb{R}^n$; $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Let } y &= \alpha x + \beta 1_n \quad (y \in \mathbb{R}^n) \\ \hat{y} &= y - \left(\frac{1_n^T y}{n} \right) 1_n \end{aligned}$$

By definition,

$$\text{std}(y) = \text{rms}(\hat{y}) = \|\hat{y}\|_2 / \sqrt{n}$$

$$\|\hat{y}\|_2^2 = \hat{y}^T \hat{y}$$

$$\text{Now } \hat{y} = \alpha x + \beta 1_n - \frac{1}{n} (1_n^T (\alpha x + \beta 1_n)) 1_n$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (\because \text{scalar multiplication is distributive}) \\ & = \alpha x + \beta 1_n - \frac{1}{n} (\alpha 1_n^T x + \beta 1_n^T 1_n) 1_n \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (\because 1_n^T 1_n = n) \\ & = \alpha x + \cancel{\beta 1_n} - \frac{1}{n} (\alpha 1_n^T x) 1_n - \cancel{\beta 1_n} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{by definition of } \hat{x}) \\ & = \alpha \left(x - \frac{1}{n} (1_n^T x) 1_n \right) = \alpha \hat{x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \|\hat{y}\|_2^2 = (\alpha \hat{x})^T (\alpha \hat{x}) = \alpha^2 \hat{x}^T \hat{x}$$

$$\|\hat{y}\|_2 = \sqrt{\alpha^2 \hat{x}^T \hat{x}} = |\alpha| \|\hat{x}\|_2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \text{std}(y) &= |\alpha| \|\hat{x}\|_2 / \sqrt{n} \\ & (\text{by definition of } \text{std}(x)) \\ &= |\alpha| \text{std}(x) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{std}(\alpha x + \beta 1_n) = |\alpha| \text{std}(x)$$

Hence proved.