Inserting Font File

To insert a font file in an HTML document, you can use the `@font-face` CSS rule to specify a custom font and then apply that font to specific elements using CSS. Here are the steps:

HTMI

<meta http-equiv="content-type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8"</pre>

k rel="stylesheet" href="../Css/Fonts.css" title="" type="" />

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<1DOCTYPE html>

<title>الخطوط</title>

border: 10px solid gre;

border: 10px solid red: background-color: gray; font-size: 40px; font-style: italic;

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border: 10px solid gre; /* مدود ولونها background-color: yellow; /* أون الخلية

font-style: الطائدة: (display: inline-block; /* نوع العرض */ text-align: center; /* محلالة النص */ border-radius: 50px; /* مثال حواف القصر */ *

font-variant: small-caps; /* نعط المروف */

font-size: 40px; /* حجم الخط */ font-style: italic; /* لمط الخط

- 1. **Download and Host the Font**: First, obtain the font file (e.g., `customfont.woff2`) and host it on your server or use a font service like Google Fonts. Ensure that you have the correct file format (e.g., WOFF2 for web use).
- 2. **Create a CSS File**: Create a CSS file (e.g., `stylus's`) and define the `@font-face` rule to specify your custom font
- 3. **Link CSS File**: In the `<head>` section of your HTML document, link the CSS file containing the `@font-face`
- 4. **Apply the Font in CSS**: In your CSS, apply the custom font to specific elements or globally:
- 5. **Use the Font in HTML**: In your HTML content, apply the custom font using the CSS class or ID.
- 6. **Fallback Fonts**: It's a good practice to include fallback fonts in case the custom font isn't available on the user's device. This ensures readability even if the custom font fails to load:

تم تنزيل الخطوط وتم تضمينها

