Ghub Pegasus WMS Workflow with MATLAB Example

Ghub

- Ghub scientific gateway is built on the HUBzero platform for scientific collaboration.
- Ghub provides you and other members of the Ghub community a single community place, accessible from anywhere in the world via a web browser, and hosts analytical tools, data, and other shared resources.
- Who develops the analytical tools on Ghub? You and others member of the Ghub community.
- Here we outline the procedure for developing a Pegasus WMS computational workflow analytical tool on Ghub.

Pegasus WMS

- Computational workflows are a formalization of the manual computational workflow job steps that a scientist performs to obtain scientific results.
- A Workflow Management System (WMS) comprises software that manages the distribution and execution of computational workflows.
- The Pegasus WMS was selected as the best general purpose WMS to provide the structured platform required for implementing computational workflows on the HUBzero platform [1, 2, 3].

Example Pegasus WMS Architecture

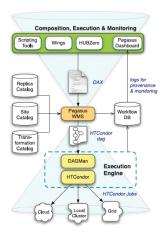


Figure 1: Pegasus WMS Architecture Example[4]

- HTCondor is a workload scheduling system for computational jobs.
- HTCondor provides a job queuing mechanism, scheduling policy, priority scheme, resource monitoring, and resource management.
- DAGMan is a HTCondor tool that allows multiple jobs to be organized as a
 workflow, represented as a directed acyclic graph (DAG) in which the nodes
 represent computational tasks and edges represent the dependencies of those
 tasks [5].
- DAGMan automatically submits workflow jobs such that certain jobs need to be complete before other jobs start running.
- DAGMan provides the workflow engine for Pegasus.

- Pegasus requires three information catalogs to plan a workflow. These are the Site Catalog, the Transformation Catalog and the Replica Catalog.
- The Site Catalog describes the site where the workflow jobs are to be executed.
 For Ghub, workflow jobs are executed on CCR's UB-HPC cluster
 general-compute nodes by interfacing with CCR's SLURM (Simple Linux Utility
 for Resource Management) Workload Manager.
- The Transformation Catalog describes the launch scripts invoked by the workflow jobs. The launch scripts loads and then runs executable modules available on CCR. Execution of workflow jobs on UB-HPC requires access to executable modules available on CCR.
- The Replica Catalog tells Pegasus where to find the input files required by the workflow jobs.

Ghub Pegasus WMS Interface

- Pegasus comprises a set of system components which can be invoked via command line tools or an API interface.
- On Ghub, a Jupyter Notebook provides the interface which allows the user to interface with Pegasus, via Pegasus Python API commands, to create a YAML formatted file defining the workflow jobs, the input and output for the jobs, and the job dependencies.
- The Ghub submit command line tool allows Pegasus jobs to be executed remotely.
- The Ghub submit command line tool is used to plan and launch Pegasus workflow jobs via the Pegasus kickstart process.

Compiling and Running a Pegasus WMS Workflow

- Pegasus processes the YAML file, resolving data and software locations and all required data movements, and creates the required information catalogs and compiles a DAG file. DAGMan, as directed by the DAG file, orders the jobs according to their dependencies, and submits the jobs ready for execution to HTCondor.
- SLURM provides the framework for queuing jobs, allocating compute nodes, and starting the execution of jobs. When a SLURM job execution completes, the final status of the finished job is returned to Pegasus.

Pegasus WMS Workflow Process Steps I

Step 1: Get user's workflow parameters.

Step 2: Create a workflow using Pegasus API commands.

Step 3: For each executable required by the workflow:
Create a launch script for the executable.
Add the launch script to the Transformation Catalog.

Step 4: For each parallel run of the launch script(s):
Create a job for the launch script.
Add arguments for the job based on user's parameters.
Add inputs and outputs for the job.

Add dependencies for the job. Add the job to the workflow.

Add the inputs for the job to the Replica Catalog.

Pegasus WMS Workflow Process Steps II

Step 5: Create the YAML file for the workflow.

Step 6: Plan and submit the YAML file.

Step 7: Wait for the workflow to complete.

Step 8: View and analyze the workflow's output.

MATLAB Example

- The procedure to implement a simple pipeline Pegasus workflow is demonstrated with the Ghub_Pegasus_WMS_MATLAB_Example project.
- This project's workflow executes MATLAB scripts on CCR to perform coordinate conversions.
- Clone the Ghub_Pegasus_WMS_MATLAB_Example on Ghub and follow the steps outlined by the README.md file.

Simple Pipeline Workflow Architecture

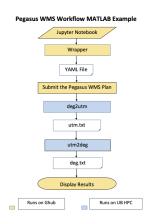


Figure 2: User Interface

Workflow's Output

Workflow completed successfully

```
Pegasus workflow in progress. This should take approximately 30 minutes...
self.parent:
self.tooldir: /home/theghub/renettej/AAA_notebooks/ghubex3
self.bindir: /home/theghub/renettej/AAA notebooks/ghubex3/bin
self.datadir: /home/theghub/renettei/AAA notebooks/ghubex3/data
self.workingdir: /home/theghub/renettej/AAA_notebooks/ahubex3
self.rundir:
self.latitude: 42.886447
self.longitude: -78.878369
self.maxwalltime: 10
Wrapper 5 0 1...
tooldir: /home/theghub/renettej/AAA notebooks/ghubex3
matlab launch exec path: /home/theghub/renettei/AAA notebooks/ghubex3/remotebin/matlabLaunch.sh
Run 38987 registered 1 job instance. Fri Dec 1 12:46:02 2023
Run 38987 instance 1 released for submission. Fri Dec 1 12:46:32 2023
(413970.0) DAG Submitted at WF-ccr-ghub Fri Dec 1 12:46:36 2023
(413970.0) DAG Running at WF-ccr-ghub Fri Dec 1 12:47:51 2023
(413970.0) DAG Running at WF-ccr-ghub Fri Dec 1 12:53:27 2023
(413970.0) DAG Running at WF-ccr-ghub Fri Dec 1 12:59:27 2023
(413970.0) DAG Running at WF-ccr-ghub Fri Dec 1 13:06:07 2023
(413970.0) DAG Running at WF-ccr-ghub Fri Dec 1 13:11:27 2023
(413970.0) DAG Done at WF-ccr-qhub Fri Dec 1 13:19:28 2023
Workflow elapsed time: 33.518590517838796 [min]
```

Figure 3: Workflow Output

Workflow's UB CCR Scratch Directory

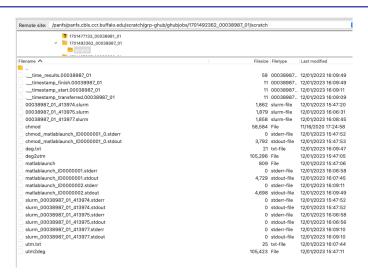


Figure 4: UB CCR Scratch Directory

References I

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References II



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References III



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