Apply ANN on fruit 365 dataset to classify with accuracy of 90%

- 1. create ANN based model
- 2. use required hyper parameters according to required task
- 3. add layers if required

Explain complete task accordingly

```
In [1]: ## import necessary libraries
        import os
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import cv2
        from sklearn.model selection import train test split
        from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
        from sklearn.svm import SVC
        from sklearn.metrics import classification_report ,accuracy_score ,confusion_matrix
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
        from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
        from sklearn.svm import SVC
        import joblib
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import cv2
```

```
In [2]: ## listdir() will print folders in path directory
print(os.listdir("../OpenCvDataSet/fruits-360-original-size/fruits-360-original-size/Training"))
```

```
['apple_6', 'apple_braeburn_1', 'apple_crimson_snow_1', 'apple_golden_1', 'apple_golden_2', 'apple_golden_3', 'apple_granny_sm ith_1', 'apple_hit_1', 'apple_pink_lady_1', 'apple_red_1', 'apple_red_2', 'apple_red_3', 'apple_red_delicios_1', 'apple_red_ye llow_1', 'apple_rotten_1', 'cabbage_white_1', 'carrot_1', 'cucumber_1', 'cucumber_3', 'eggplant_violet_1', 'pear_1', 'pear_3', 'zucchini 1', 'zucchini dark 1']
```

```
In [3]: Folder paths in training data which have different fruit image data in it
       lder paths = [
         r"D:\Python Languages\Navttac AI course\OpenCvDataSet\fruits-360-original-size\fruits-360-original-size\Training\apple_6",
         r"D:\Python Languages\Navttac AI course\OpenCvDataSet\fruits-360-original-size\fruits-360-original-size\Training\apple braebur
          r"D:\Python Languages\Navttac AI course\OpenCvDataSet\fruits-360-original-size\fruits-360-original-size\Training\pear 3",
          r"D:\Python Languages\Navttac AI course\OpenCvDataSet\fruits-360-original-size\fruits-360-original-size\Training\cucumber 1",
In [4]: dataset = []
        for i in folder paths:
            folder name = os.path.basename(i)
            for file name in os.listdir(i):
                path = os.path.join(i,file name)
                if os.path.isfile(path):
                    img = cv2.imread(path , cv2.IMREAD GRAYSCALE)
                    if img is not None:
                        img_res = cv2.resize(img, (250,250))
                        flatten img = img res.flatten()
                        flattened image = img res.flatten().tolist()
                        dataset.append(flattened image + [folder name])
```

```
In [5]: ## convert the matrix into dataFrame and change last column name into Label

img_df = pd.DataFrame(data =dataset)
 img_df.rename(columns={img_df.iloc[:, -1].name : "label"},inplace=True)
 img_df
```

Out[5]:

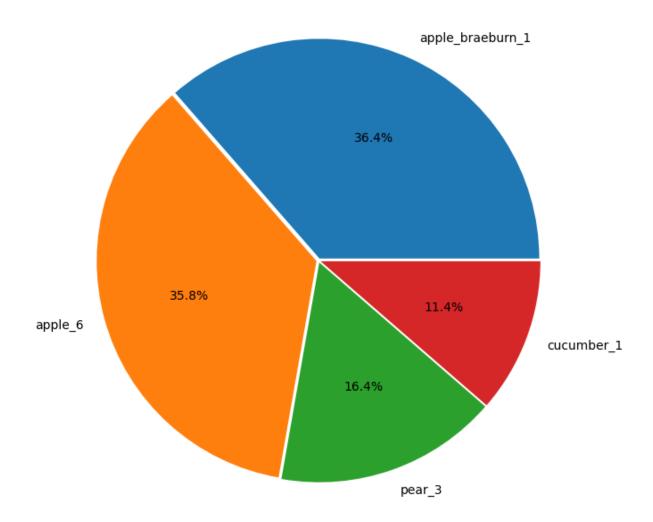
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	•••	62491	62492	62493	62494	62495	62496	62497	62498	62499	label
0	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255		255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	apple_6
1	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255		255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	apple_6
2	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255		255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	apple_6
3	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255		255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	apple_6
4	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255		255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	apple_6
874	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255		255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	cucumber_1
875	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255		255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	cucumber_1
876	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255		255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	cucumber_1
877	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255		255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	cucumber_1
878	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255		255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	cucumber_1

879 rows × 62501 columns

```
In [6]: ## store file to csv
img_df.to_csv("../OpenCvDataSet/image_dataframe.csv",index = False)
```

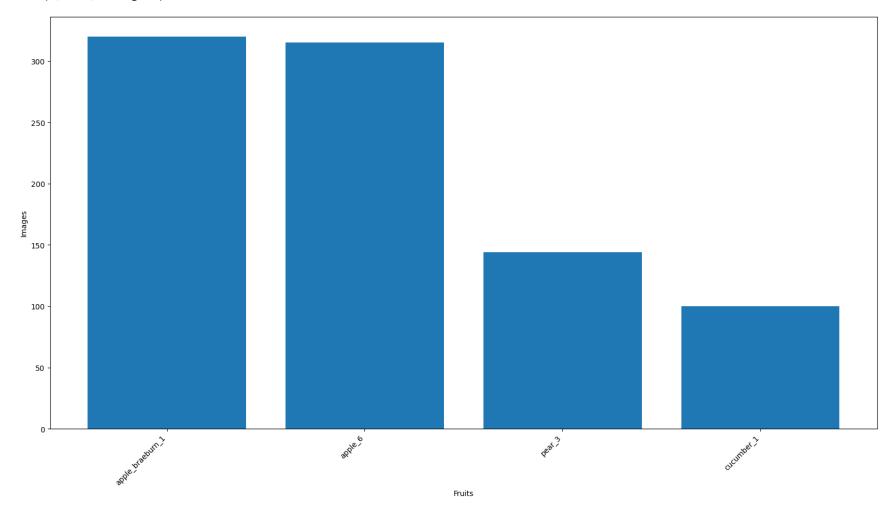
```
In [7]: ## Count the label value in row
y = img_df.iloc[: , -1]
y.value_counts()
```

```
In [8]: ## Show the pie chart of label data
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
plt.pie(y.value_counts(),labels=y.value_counts().index,autopct='%1.1f%%',explode = [0.01 for i in range(len(y.value_counts()))]
```



```
In [9]: ## show the bar graph of Label Data
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
plt.bar(y.value_counts().index, y.value_counts().values ,)
plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right');
plt.xlabel("Fruits")
plt.ylabel("Images")
```

Out[9]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Images')



Deep Learning

```
In [13]: import tensorflow as tf
    from tensorflow.keras import Sequential ## used for init our ANN model
    from keras.layers import Dense ## used for different layer structure
```

```
In [14]: ## Save the sequential function into classifier
## he Sequential class allows us to build ANN but as a sequence of layers.
model = Sequential()

# Add a dense layer with 128 units and 'relu' activation function as the input layer
model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu', input_shape=(250*250,)))

# Add another dense layer with 64 units and 'relu' activation function
model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))

# Add the output layer with the number of classes (number of unique labels) and 'softmax' activation function
model.add(Dense(len(encoder.classes_), activation='softmax'))

# Compile the model with 'categorical_crossentropy' loss function and 'adam' optimizer
model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])

# Print the model summary
model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense (Dense)	(None, 128)	8000128
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 64)	8256
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 4)	260

Total params: 8008644 (30.55 MB)
Trainable params: 8008644 (30.55 MB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

```
In [15]: ## Encode y Labels using onehotencoder
  from keras.utils import to categorical
  y train encoded = to categorical(y train)
  y test encoded = to categorical(y test)
  model.fit(x train ,y train encoded ,batch size = 32 ,epochs = 10 ,validation split = 0.2)
  Epoch 1/10
  7305
  Epoch 2/10
  9787
  Epoch 3/10
  v: 1.0000
  Epoch 4/10
  racy: 1.0000
  Epoch 5/10
  racy: 1.0000
  Epoch 6/10
  racy: 1.0000
  Epoch 7/10
  racy: 1.0000
  Epoch 8/10
  racy: 1.0000
  Epoch 9/10
  racy: 1.0000
  Epoch 10/10
  racy: 1.0000
Out[15]: <keras.src.callbacks.History at 0x145ca40e560>
```

```
In [16]: ## Predict the value
         y predict encoded = model.predict(x test)
         y pred = np.argmax(y predict encoded,axis = 1)
         In [17]: y test, y pred
Out[17]: (array([1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 3, 1, 1, 2, 0, 1, 3, 2, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 3, 3, 1,
                2, 0, 0, 3, 2, 0, 3, 0, 0, 2, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
                0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 3, 1, 2, 3, 0, 2, 3, 0,
                1, 1, 2, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 0, 3, 3, 1, 1, 1, 0, 3, 1, 1, 1,
                2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 0, 0, 1, 3, 1, 3, 3, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 3, 0, 2,
                0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 3, 0, 1, 0, 1, 2, 0, 0, 1, 3, 1, 2, 1, 1,
                0, 0, 3, 3, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 2, 3, 1, 3,
                0, 3, 2, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 3, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0]),
          array([1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 3, 1, 1, 2, 0, 1, 3, 2, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 3, 3, 1,
                2, 0, 0, 3, 2, 0, 3, 0, 0, 2, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
                0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 3, 1, 2, 3, 0, 2, 3, 0,
                1, 1, 2, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 0, 3, 3, 1, 1, 1, 0, 3, 1, 1, 1,
                2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 0, 0, 1, 3, 1, 3, 3, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 3, 0, 2,
                0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 3, 0, 1, 0, 1, 2, 0, 0, 1, 3, 1, 2, 1, 1,
                0, 0, 3, 3, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 2, 3, 1, 3,
                0, 3, 2, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 3, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0]
               dtype=int64))
In [18]: ## Evaluation Metrics
         print("Confusion Matric\n", confusion matrix(y test , y pred))
         print("\n\nAccuracy score:" , accuracy score(y test ,y pred))
         Confusion Matric
         [[62 0 0 0]
          [ 0 65 0 0]
         [ 0 0 23 0]
          [0 0 0 26]]
         Accuracy score: 1.0
```

```
In [19]: joblib.dump(model , "../TrainedModels/DL_ANN_ClassifierModel.pkl")
    joblib.dump(encoder , "../TrainedModels/DL_ANN_Classifier_LabelEncoder.pkl")
Out[19]: ['../TrainedModels/DL_ANN_Classifier_LabelEncoder.pkl']
```

Deployment

```
In [20]: ## import model and encoder
model1 = joblib.load("../TrainedModels/DL_ANN_ClassifierModel.pkl")
encoder1 = joblib.load("../TrainedModels/DL_ANN_Classifier_LabelEncoder.pkl")
```

```
In [21]: ## Make function for preprocessing and predicting
         labels = {i:label for i,label in enumerate(encoder1.classes )}
         def preprocessing(path):
             input img = cv2.imread(path,cv2.IMREAD GRAYSCALE)
             global imgsh
             imgsh = input_img
             resized_input_image = cv2.resize(input_img, (250, 250))
             flattened input image = resized input image.flatten().tolist()
             ##Scale the image before converting it into dataFrame
             return pd.DataFrame(np.array([flattened input image]) / 255)
         def prediction(path):
             y_preprocessed = preprocessing(path)
             y = model1.predict(y_preprocessed)
             y_{max} = np.argmax(y)
             return y max
         y p = prediction(".../OpenCvDataSet/fruits-360-original-size/fruits-360-original-size/Test/pear 3/r0 115.jpg")
         print("\n\nThe fruit is",labels[y_p])
         plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(imgsh,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB) )
         1/1 [======= ] - 0s 131ms/step
         The fruit is pear_3
Out[21]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x145d3863ac0>
```

