```
C Set5Q1.c U X C Set5Q2.c U
                               C Set5Q3.c U
                                                                C Set5Q1.c U X
C > CA1 > C Set5Q1.c > 分 main()
                                                                C > CA1 > C Set5Q1.c > 分 main()
                                                                 41
      #include <stdio.h>
                                                                       Checks if Stack is Full or not
                                                                 42
                                                                 43
      #define TRUE 1
                                                                       int isFull()
                                                       Table 1
      #define FALSE 0
                                                                 45
                                                                           if (top >= SIZE - 1)
      void push(int);
                                                                 47
                                                                               return TRUE;
      int pop();
 11
                                                                           else
      void printStack();
 12
                                                                               return FALSE;
      void reverse();
 13
      void MinElement();
 15
                                                                 52
      // Stack data structure
                                                                       Checks if Stack is Empty or not
 17
      int top = -1;
      int arr stack[20];
                                                                       int isEmpty()
      int SIZE = 0;
                                                                           if (top == -1)
 21
      int main()
                                                                               return TRUE;
 22
                                                                           else
 23
           int temp;
                                                                               return FALSE;
           /* Inserting elements in stack */
 25
           printf("Enter the number of elements
           (not more than 20): ");
           scanf("%d", &SIZE);
                                                                        Adds an element to stack and then increment
           printf("Enter the elements of stack:\n");
           for(int i=0; i<SIZE; i++){
 29
               scanf("%d", &temp);
                                                                       void push(int num)
               push(temp);
                                                                           if (isFull())
           printf("Original Stack\n");
 32
                                                                               printf("Stack is Full...\n");
           printStack();
                                                                           else
           reverse();
                                                                 71
           printf("\nReversed Stack\n");
                                                                 72
                                                                               top = top + 1;
           printStack();
                                                                               arr stack[top] = num;
                                                                 73
          MinElement();
           return 0;
 38
                                                                 75
                                                                 76
```

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ზ Ш ...
C Set5Q1.c U X C Set5Q2.c U
                               C Set5Q3.c U
                                                                C Set5Q1.c U X
C > CA1 > C Set5Q1.c > 分 main()
                                                                C > CA1 > C Set5Q1.c > 分 reverse()
                                                       int pop()
                                                                122
                                                                123
                                                                               push(top);
           if (isEmpty())
 82
                                                                124
               printf("Stack is Empty...\n");
 83
                                                                125
           else
                                                                126
 85
                                                                127
                                                                       void reverse()
               top = top - 1;
                                                                128
               return arr stack[top + 1];
                                                                           if (!isEmpty())
                                                                129
                                                                130
                                                                               /* keep on popping top element of
                                                                131
                                                                               stack in
      // Prints elements of stack
                                                                               every recursive call till stack is
                                                                132
      void printStack()
                                                                               empty */
                                                                133
                                                                               int top = pop();
           if (top == -1) // checks if stack is
                                                                               reverse();
                                                                134
           empty
                                                                135
                                                                               /* Now, insert the top element at
                                                                136
               printf("Stack is empty\n");
                                                                               the bottom of stack */
                                                                               insertAtBottom(top);
                                                                137
           else
                                                                138
                                                                139
               for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--)
                                                                140
                                                                141
                                                                       // for finding the index of min element
                   printf("%d ", arr stack[i]);
                                                                142
                                                                       void MinElement()
                                                                143
               printf("\n");
                                                                           int index = 0;
                                                                           for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--)
                                                                145
                                                                146
                                                                               if (arr stack[i] < arr stack[index])</pre>
                                                                147
      void insertAtBottom(int item)
                                                                148
                                                                                    index = i;
                                                                149
110
           if (isEmpty())
                                                                150
111
                                                                151
112
               push(item);
                                                                           printf("\nMinimum element is present at
                                                                152
113
                                                                           index %d and is %d(th) element from the
           else
114
                                                                           top.\n", index, top-index+1);
115
                                                                153
116
               /* Store the top most element of
```

Enter the number of elements (not more than 20): 5

Enter the elements of stack: 32 45 67 12 56 Original Stack 56 12 67 45 32

Reversed Stack 32 45 67 12 56

Minimum element is present at index 1 and is 4(th) element from the top. [crypticani@fedora DSA Programs]\$ ||

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წე Ⅲ ...
C Set5Q1.c U
               C Set5Q2.c U
                               C Set5Q3.c U X
                                                                       C Set5Q3.c U X
C > CA1 > C Set5Q3.c > 分 display()
                                                                       C > CA1 > C Set5Q3.c > \Theta display()
                                                              #include <stdio.h>
      #include <stdlib.h>
                                                                                                                                      FACT
      struct node
                                                                              void insert()
           int data;
                                                                                  struct node *ptr;
           struct node *next;
                                                                                  int item;
      };
      struct node *front;
                                                                                  ptr = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node))
      struct node *rear;
                                                                                  if (ptr == NULL)
      void insert();
 12
                                                                                       printf("\n0VERFLOW\n");
 13
      void display();
                                                                                       return;
 15
      void main()
                                                                                  else
           int choice;
                                                                                       printf("\nEnter value: ");
           while(1)
                                                                                       scanf("%d", &item);
                                                                                       ptr->data = item;
               printf("\nQueue operation");
                                                                                       if (front == NULL) //inserting node in empty
               printf("\n1.insert an element\n2.Display the
 21
               printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
                                                                                           front = ptr;
               scanf("%d", &choice);
                                                                                           rear = ptr;
               switch (choice)
                                                                                           front->next = NULL;
                                                                                           rear->next = NULL;
               case 1:
                   insert();
                                                                                       else //inserting node next to the previous n
                   break;
               case 2:
                                                                                           rear->next = ptr;
                   display();
                                                                                           rear = ptr;
                   break:
                                                                                           rear->next = NULL;
               case 0:
                   exit(0);
                                                                                       printf("Inserted!\n");
                   break;
               default:
                   printf("\nEnter valid choice!!\n");
                                                                              void display()
```

