

4_3

2023-03-30

```
library(car)

## Loading required package: carData
library(dplyr)

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following object is masked from 'package:car':
##
##      recode
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##      filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##      intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(ggplot2)
library(hrbrthemes)

## NOTE: Either Arial Narrow or Roboto Condensed fonts are required to use these themes.
##      Please use hrbrthemes::import_roboto_condensed() to install Roboto Condensed and
##      if Arial Narrow is not on your system, please see https://bit.ly/arialnarrow
library(GGally)

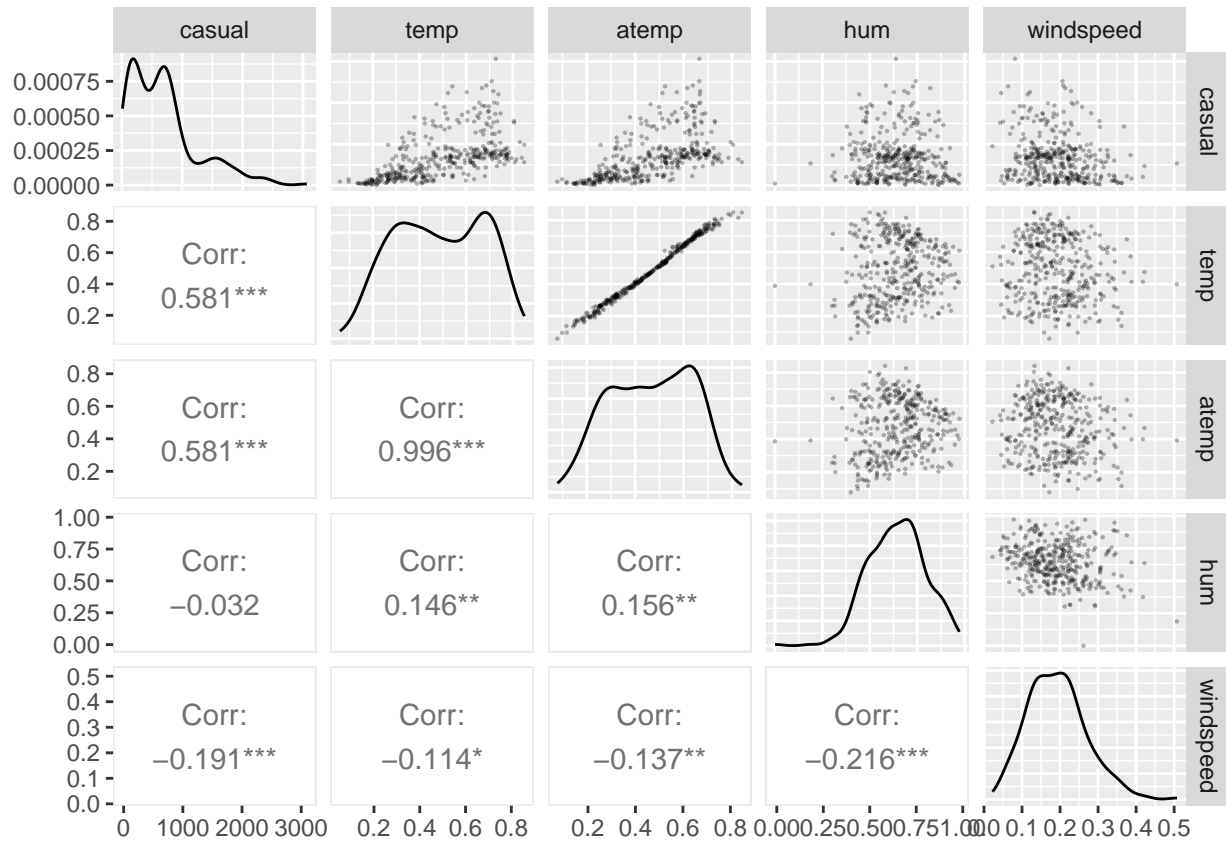
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'GGally':
##   method from
##   +.gg      ggplot2
library(gridExtra)

##
## Attaching package: 'gridExtra'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##      combine

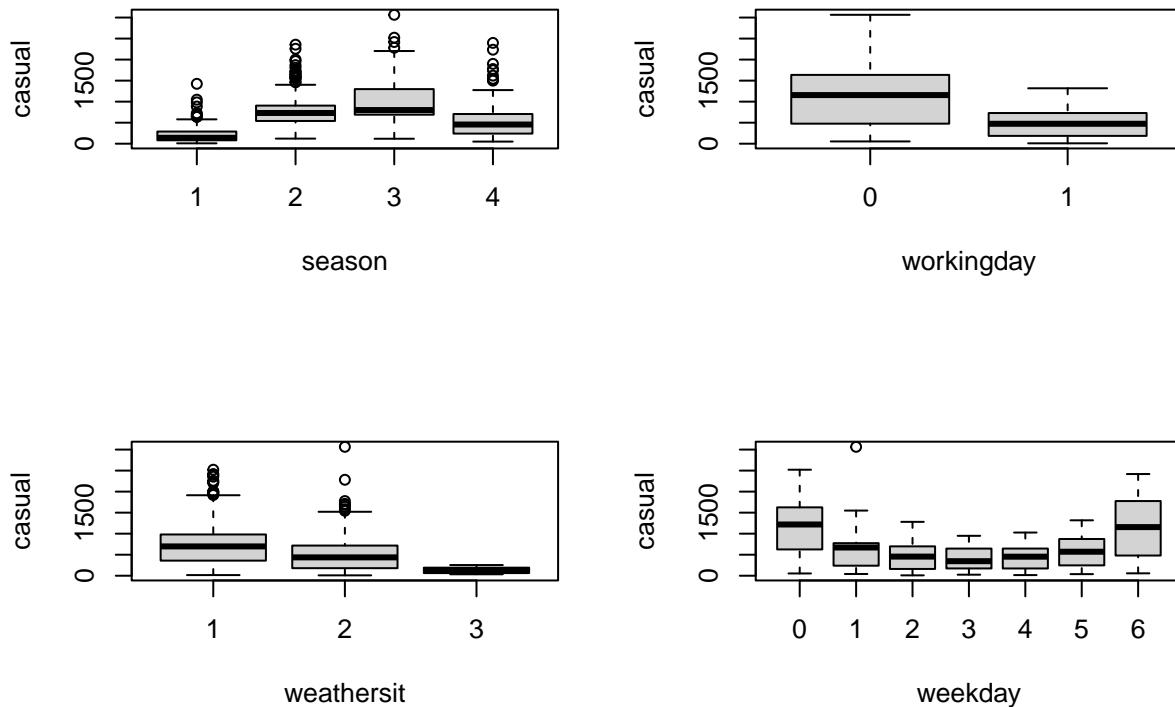
1. Model selection

daydata <- read.csv("/Users/bach_nguyen/MA 575/Labs/Project/Data/day.csv",header=TRUE)
df = data.frame(daydata)
train = df[df$yr == '0',]
validation = df[df$yr == '1',]
attach(train)
```

```
data <- data.frame(casual, temp, atemp, hum, windspeed)
ggpairs(data, upper = list(continuous = wrap("points", alpha = 0.3, size=0.1)),
lower = list(continuous = wrap('cor', size = 4)))
```



```
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
boxplot(casual~as.factor(season),ylab="casual", xlab="season")
boxplot(casual~as.factor(workingday),ylab="casual", xlab="workingday")
boxplot(casual~as.factor(weathersit),ylab="casual", xlab="weathersit")
boxplot(casual~as.factor(weekday),ylab="casual", xlab="weekday")
```



first try:

```
m1 = lm(casual ~ temp + atemp + hum + windspeed)
summary(m1)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = casual ~ temp + atemp + hum + windspeed)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -843.8  -261.3  -118.6   101.1  1850.0
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    418.0      157.6     2.653  0.008326 **
## temp           1621.2     1510.0     1.074  0.283706
## atemp           108.4     1701.8     0.064  0.949245
## hum            -566.7      161.3    -3.512  0.000500 ***
## windspeed     -1125.8      320.4    -3.514  0.000499 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 442.3 on 360 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.3747, Adjusted R-squared:  0.3678
## F-statistic: 53.94 on 4 and 360 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
vif(m1)
```

```
##      temp      atemp      hum  windspeed
## 152.509345 153.609171  1.071621  1.129341
```

-> From the multi collinearity plot, we can see temp and atemp are highly correlated. And temp is more

significant, keep temp

```
summary(aov(casual~season, train))
```

```
##              Df      Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## season         1   7071501 7071501    24.32 1.25e-06 ***
## Residuals     363 105562961  290807
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

-> season is significant to add to the model

```
summary(aov(casual~workingday, train))
```

```
##              Df      Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## workingday      1 33017099 33017099   150.5 <2e-16 ***
## Residuals     363 79617363  219332
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

-> workingday is significant to add to the model

```
summary(aov(casual~weekday, train))
```

```
##              Df      Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## weekday         1    43286   43286     0.14  0.709
## Residuals     363 112591176  310169
```

-> weekday is not significant

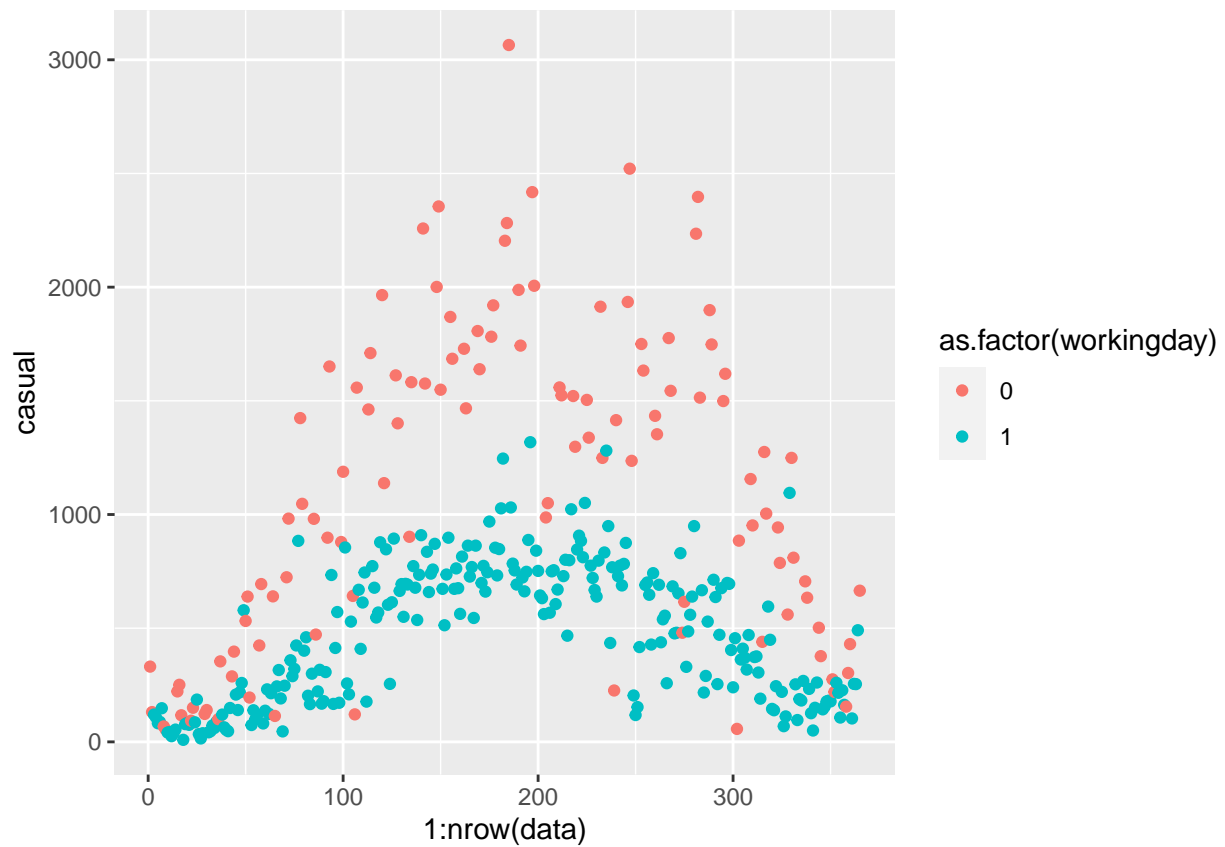
```
summary(aov(casual~holiday, train))
```

```
##              Df      Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## holiday         1    909365   909365     2.955 0.0865 .
## Residuals     363 111725096  307783
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

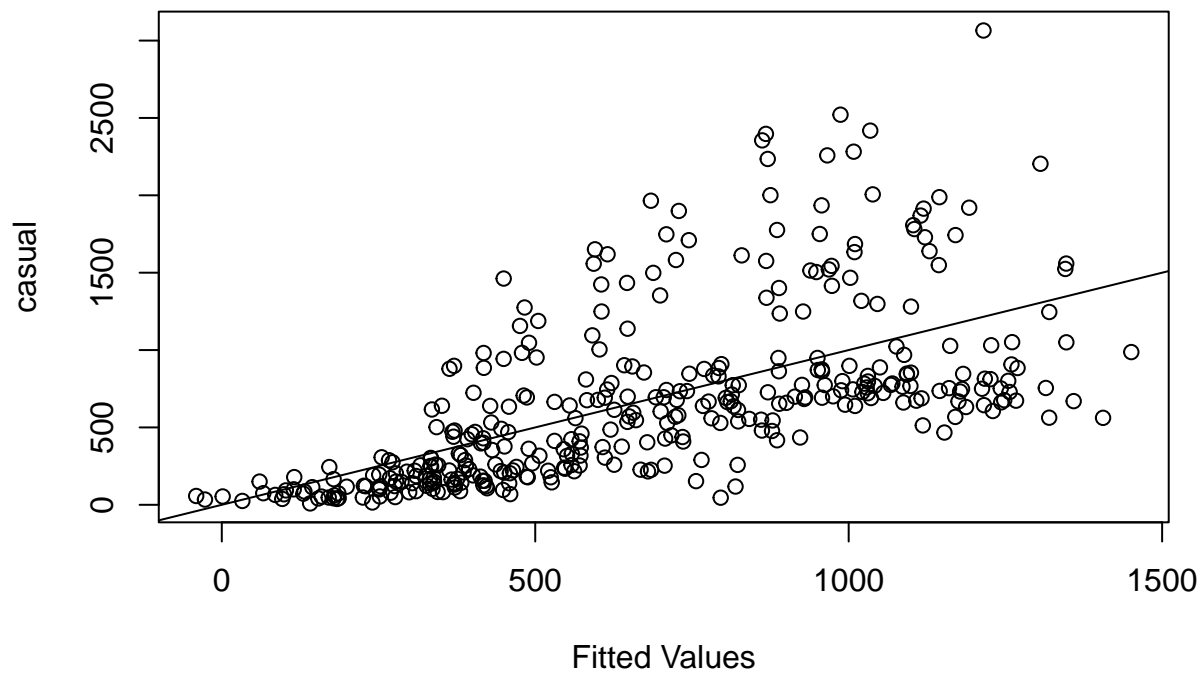
-> holiday is not significant

from the boxplot and below scatter plot, non-working days have higher bike rents.

```
ggplot(data = train) + geom_point(data=train, aes(x=1:nrow(data), y=casual, color=as.factor(workingday)))
```

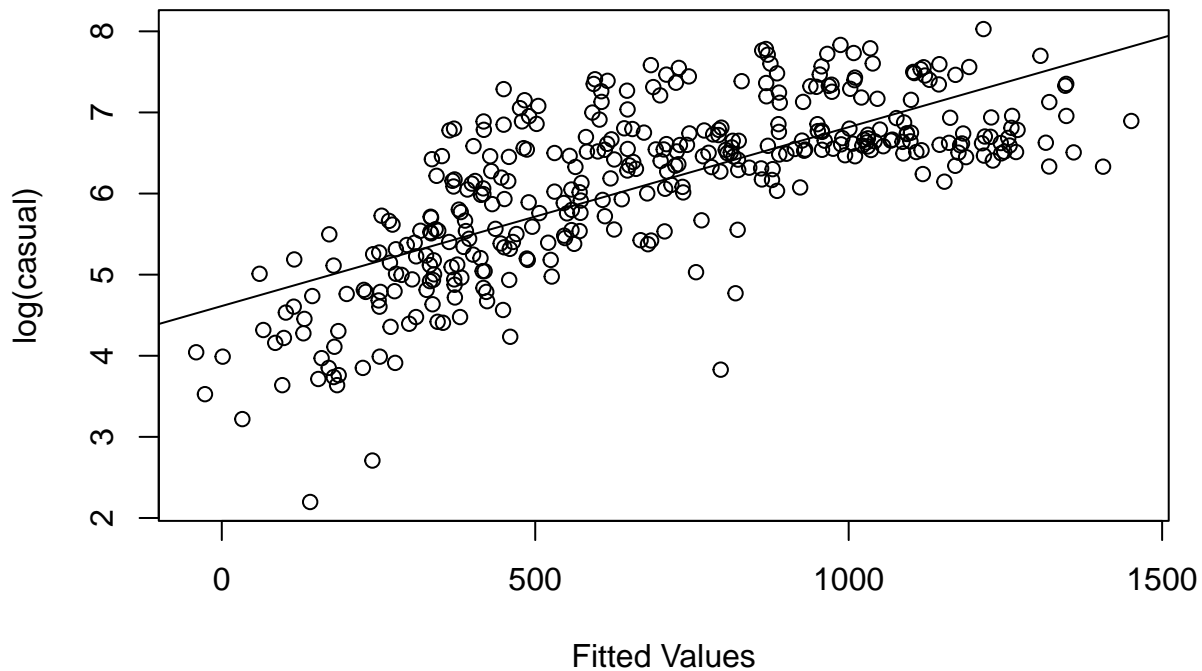


```
plot(m1$fitted.values,casual,xlab="Fitted Values")
abline(lsfit(m1$fitted.values,casual))
```



-> Use $\log(\text{casual})$

```
plot(m1$fitted.values,log(casual),xlab="Fitted Values")
abline(lsfitted(m1$fitted.values,log(casual)))
```



-> fit better

2. Choosing MLR

```
m = lm(log(casual) ~ temp + hum + windspeed + as.factor(season)+ as.factor(weathersit)+ as.factor(workingday))
summary(m)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log(casual) ~ temp + hum + windspeed + as.factor(season) +
##     as.factor(weathersit) + as.factor(workingday))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.12894 -0.26881  0.03594  0.29670  1.20239
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      5.39746    0.17278  31.240  < 2e-16 ***
## temp              3.25845    0.23404  13.923  < 2e-16 ***
## hum              -0.65358    0.22712  -2.878  0.00425 **
## windspeed        -1.02381    0.34901  -2.933  0.00357 **
## as.factor(season)2  0.74388    0.09213   8.074 1.07e-14 ***
## as.factor(season)3  0.39503    0.12088   3.268  0.00119 **
## as.factor(season)4  0.63993    0.08161   7.841 5.28e-14 ***
## as.factor(weathersit)2 -0.19855    0.06510  -3.050  0.00246 **
## as.factor(weathersit)3 -1.08888    0.14468  -7.526 4.34e-13 ***
## as.factor(workingday)1 -0.86531    0.05318 -16.271  < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
```

```
## Residual standard error: 0.4675 on 355 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.7985, Adjusted R-squared:  0.7934
## F-statistic: 156.3 on 9 and 355 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
m1_with_log <- lm(log(casual) ~ temp + hum + windspeed)
anova(m1_with_log, m)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
```

```
##
```

```
## Model 1: log(casual) ~ temp + hum + windspeed
```

```
## Model 2: log(casual) ~ temp + hum + windspeed + as.factor(season) + as.factor(weathersit) +
```

```
## as.factor(workingday)
```

```
##   Res.Df    RSS Df Sum of Sq    F    Pr(>F)
```

```
## 1      361 179.257
```

```
## 2      355  77.598  6    101.66 77.512 < 2.2e-16 ***
```

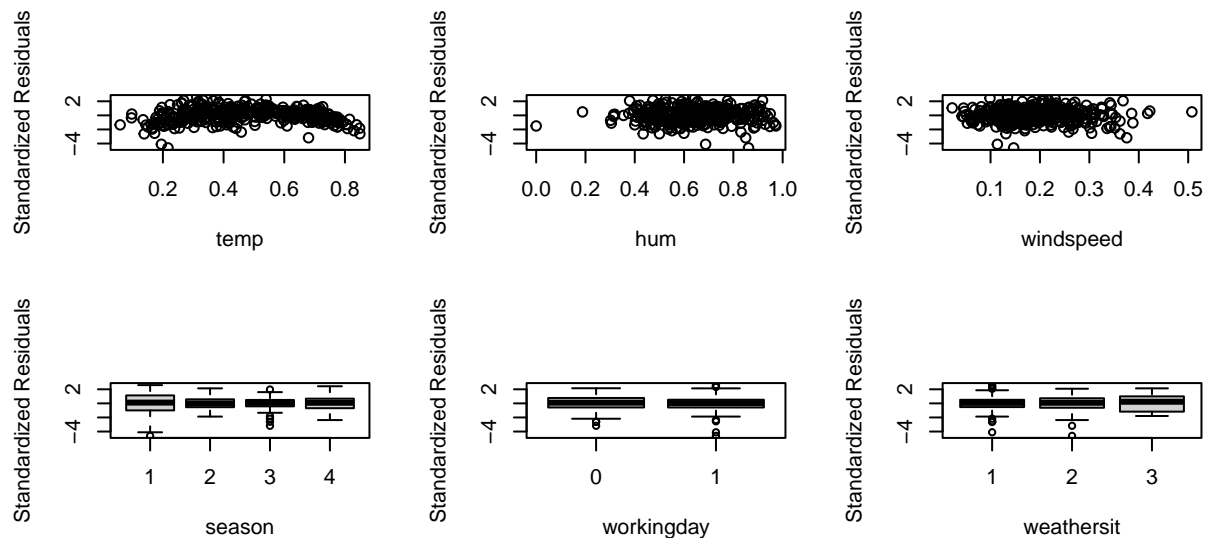
```
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

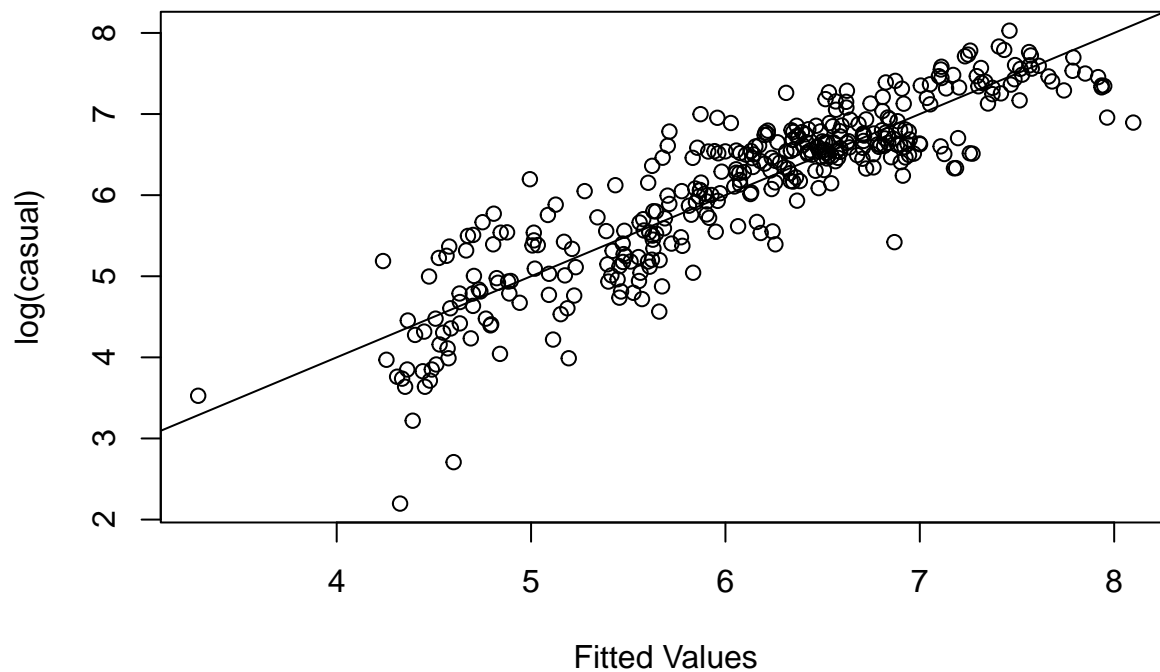
-> there is statistically evidence to use full model.

Begin the diagnostics:

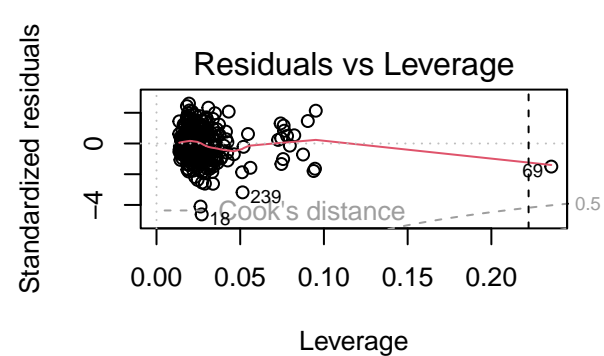
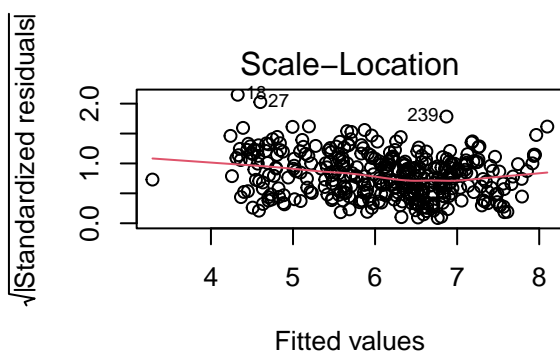
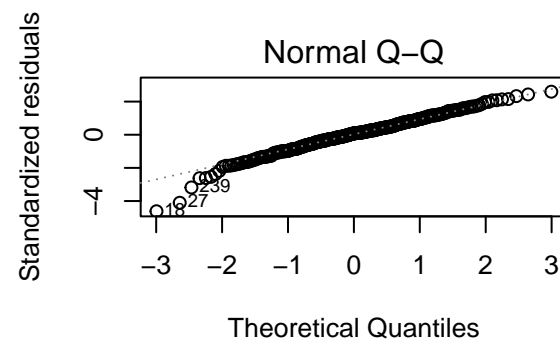
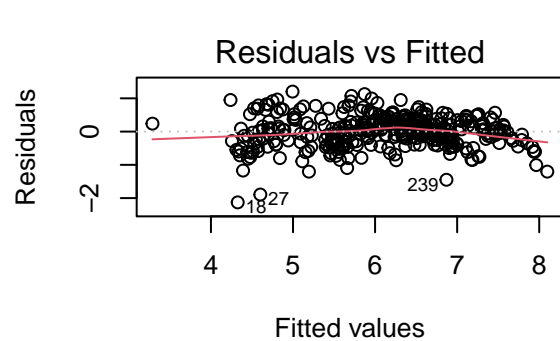
```
StanRes <- rstandard(m)
par(mfrow=c(3,3))
plot(temp,StanRes, ylab="Standardized Residuals")
plot(hum,StanRes, ylab="Standardized Residuals")
plot(windspeed,StanRes, ylab="Standardized Residuals")
boxplot(StanRes~as.factor(season),ylab="Standardized Residuals",xlab="season")
boxplot(StanRes~as.factor(workingday),ylab="Standardized Residuals",xlab="workingday")
boxplot(StanRes~as.factor(weathersit),ylab="Standardized Residuals",xlab="weathersit")
```



```
plot(m$fitted.values,log(casual),xlab="Fitted Values")
abline(lsfit(m$fitted.values,log(casual)))
```



```
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(m)
abline(v=2*8/72,lty=2)
```



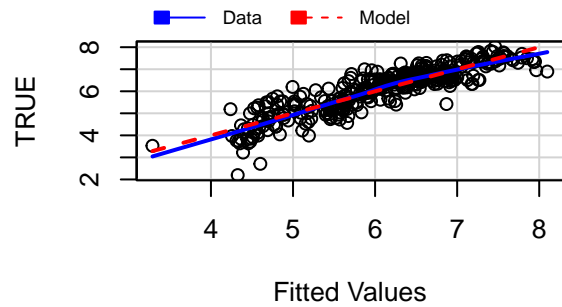
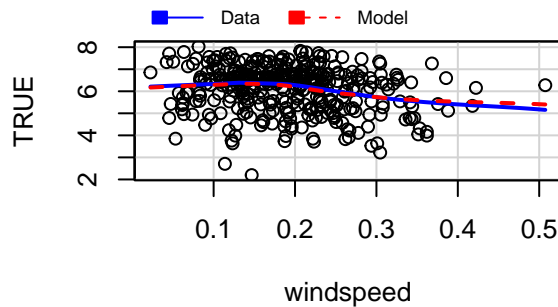
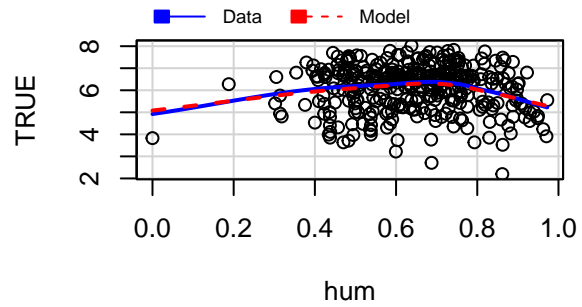
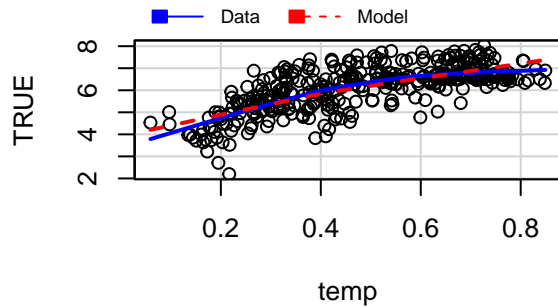
```
vif(m)
```

```
##              GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## temp          3.278830  1          1.810754
```

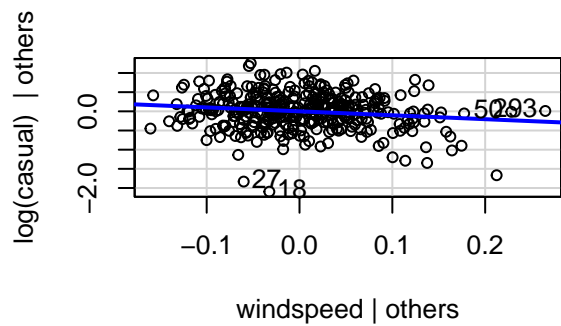
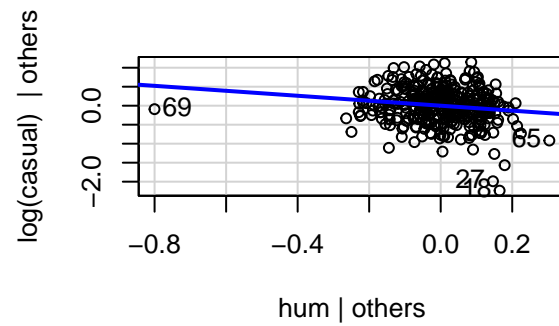
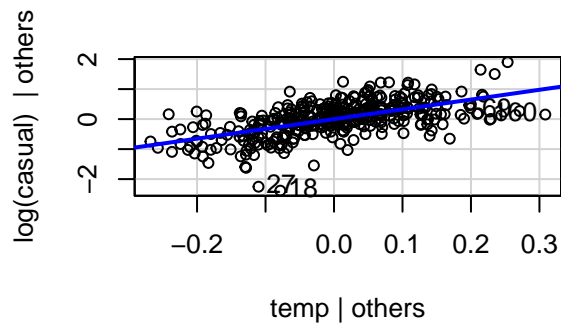


```
## hum          1.900579  1      1.378615
## windspeed    1.199210  1      1.095085
## as.factor(season) 3.632998  3      1.239874
## as.factor(weathersit) 1.819527  2      1.161421
## as.factor(workingday) 1.019139  1      1.009524
```

```
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
mmp(m,temp)
mmp(m,hum)
mmp(m,windspeed)
mmp(m,m$fitted.values,xlab="Fitted Values")
```



```
library(car)
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
avPlot(m,variable=temp,ask=FALSE, main="")
avPlot(m,variable=hum,ask=FALSE, main="")
avPlot(m,variable=windspeed,ask=FALSE, main="")
```



Validation

```
# Residuals for training data
```

```
ResMLS <- resid(m)
```

```
# Mean Square Error for training data
```

```
mean((ResMLS)^2)
```

```
## [1] 0.2125979
```

```
# Mean Square Error for validation data
```

```
# Residuals for validation data
```

```
#If the logical se.fit is TRUE, standard errors of the predictions are also calculated.
```

```
new_data <- data.frame(temp=validation$temp, hum=validation$hum, windspeed =validation$windspeed, season
```

```
output <- predict(m,se.fit = TRUE, newdata = new_data)
```

```
ResMLSValidation <- validation$casual - output$fit
```

```
mean((ResMLSValidation)^2)
```

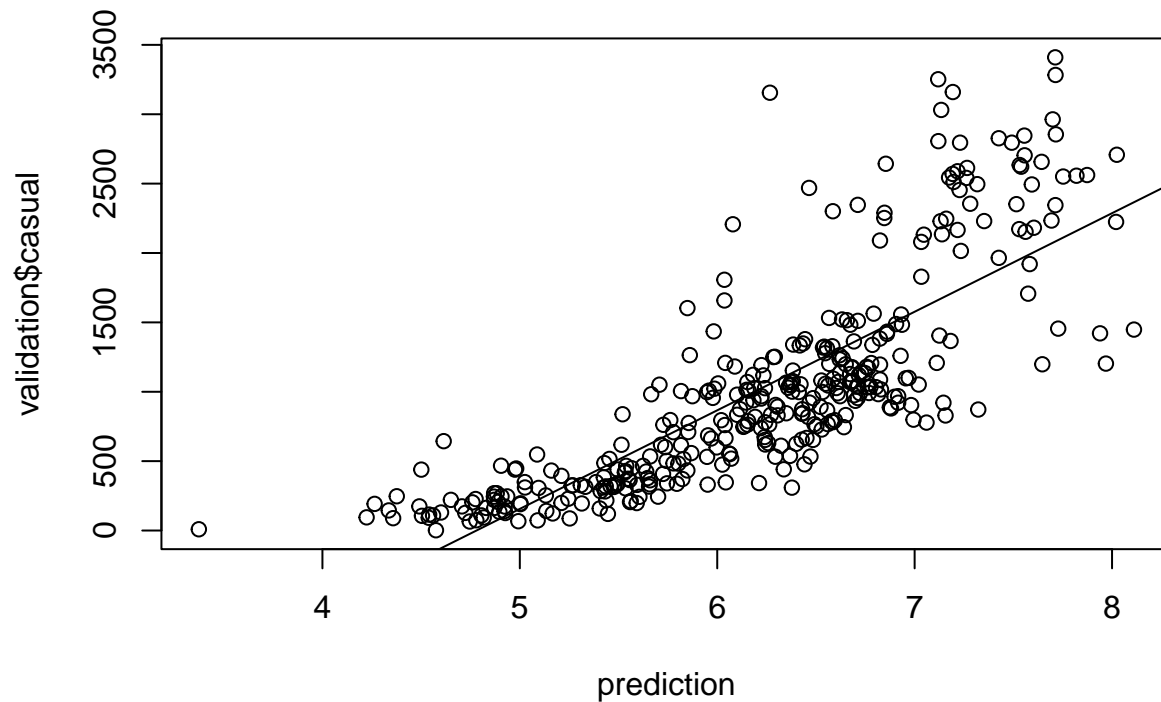
```
## [1] 1598144
```

```
mean((ResMLSValidation)^2) / mean((validation$casual)^2)
```

```
## [1] 0.9915269
```

```
plot(output$fit,validation$casual,xlab="prediction")
```

```
abline(lsfit(output$fit,validation$casual))
```



```
# Create data frame with validation observation and prediction
```

```
test = data.frame(validation$casual,exp(output$fit), 1:length(output$fit));
colnames(test)[1] = "Casual"
colnames(test)[2] = "Prediction"
colnames(test)[3] = "Index"
```

```
ggplot(data = test, aes(x = Index)) +
  geom_line(aes(y = Casual, color = "Casual")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = Prediction, color="Prediction"), linetype="twodash") +
  scale_color_manual(name = element_blank(), labels = c("Casual","Prediction"),
                    values = c("darkred", "steelblue")) + labs(y = "") +
  ggtitle("Validation")
```

Validation

