Features:

- Lr_dusty is true when the living room is dusty
- Gar_dusty is true when the garage is dusty
- Lr_dirty_floor is true when the living room floor is dirty
- Gar_dirty_floor is true when the garage floor is dirty
- Dustcloth_clean is true when the dust cloth is clean
- Rob_loc is the location of the robot, with values {Luogo}

Rooms:

- garage se è polveroso è extra-polveroso
- livingRoom non è extra-polveroso

Actions:

- move > si muove da una stanza all'altra
- dust > spolvera la stanza in cui si trova il robot, solo se la stanza sia polverosa e il panno sia pulito
- sweep > il robot spazza il pavimento della stanza in cui si trova

Esercizio 1

Give the STRIPS representation for dust. [Hint: because STRIPS cannot represent conditional effects, you may need to use two separate actions that depend on the robot's location.]

dust garage:

- preconditions: Dustcloth_clean Λ Gar_dusty Λ Rob_loc = Garage
- effects: ¬ Dustcloth_clean , ¬ Gar_dusty

dust living room:

- preconditions: Dustcloth_clean Λ Lr_dusty Λ Rob_loc = lr
- effects: ¬ Lr dusty

Esercizio 2

Rules for "living room is dusty"

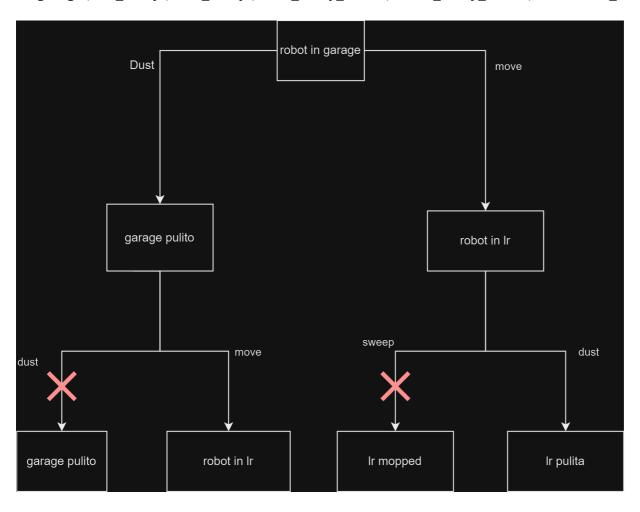
```
lr\_dusty \leftarrow \neg lr\_dusty \land Lr\_dirty\_floor \land Act = sweep \land Rob\_loc = livingRoom lr\_dusty \leftarrow lr\_dusty \land Rob\_loc \neq livingRoom \land Act \neq dust
```

Esercizio 3

Suppose that the initial state is that the robot is in the garage, both rooms are dusty but have clean floors and the goal is to have both rooms not dusty. Draw the first two levels (with two actions, so the root has children and grandchildren) of a forward planner with multiple-path pruning, showing the actions (but you do not have to show the states). Show explicitly what nodes are pruned through multiple-path pruning.

Initial state:

< garage , lr_dusty , Gar_dusty , ¬ Lr_dirty_floor , ¬ Gar_dirty_floor , Dustcloth_clean >



Esercizio 4

Pick two of the states at the second level (after two actions) and show what is true in those states.

let's pick the only 2 states that are possible after 2 actions: "robot in Ir", and "Ir pulita"

```
robot in Ir:
```

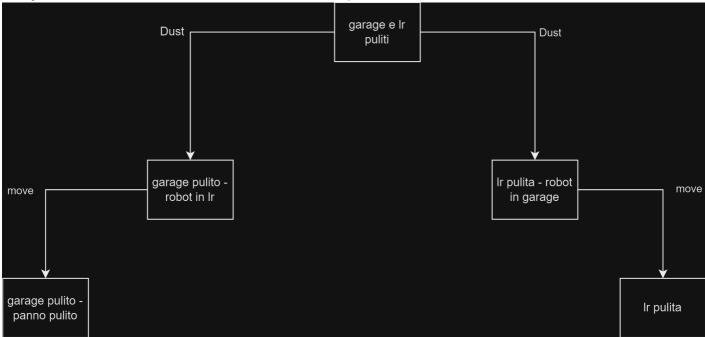
```
< lr , lr_dusty , ¬ Gar_dusty , ¬ Lr_dirty_floor , ¬ Gar_dirty_floor , ¬ Dustcloth_clean >
```

Ir pulita:

```
< lr,¬lr_dusty, Gar_dusty,¬Lr_dirty_floor,¬Gar_dirty_floor,¬Dustcloth_clean >
```

Esercizio 5

Suppose that the initial state is that the robot is in the garage, both rooms are dusty but have clean floors and the goal is to have both rooms not dusty. Draw the first two levels (with two actions, so the root has children and grandchildren) of a regression planner showing the actions but you do not have to show what the nodes represent.



Esercizio 6

Pick two of the nodes at the second level (after two actions) and show what the subgoal is at those nodes.

Subgoal "garage pulito - panno pulito":

```
< garage , lr_dusty , ¬ Gar_dusty , ¬ Lr_dirty_floor , ¬ Gar_dirty_floor , Dustcloth_clean
>
```

Subgoal "Ir pulita":

```
< lr,¬lr_dusty, Gar_dusty,¬Lr_dirty_floor,¬Gar_dirty_floor, Dustcloth_clean >
```

Esercizio 7

Draw the CSP for a planning horizon of two. Describe each constraint by specifying which values are (in)consistent.

State variables:

- 1. Lr_dusty
- 2. Gar_dusty
- Lr_dirty_floor
- 4. Gar_dirty_floor
- Dustcloth_clean
- 6. Rob_loc

Each variable has 0,1,2 variations (e.g. lr_dusty₀, lr_dusty₁, and so on)

Action variables: Action₀, Action₁

each variable has domain = { move in garage , move in lr , dust garage , dust lr , sweep garage ,
sweep lr }

Actions:

Dust actions:

Dust garage:

- preconditions: Dustcloth_clean Λ Gar_dusty Λ Rob_loc = Garage
- effects: ¬ Dustcloth_clean , ¬ Gar_dusty

Dust lr:

- preconditions: Dustcloth_clean Λ Lr_dusty Λ Rob_loc = lr
- effects: ¬ Lr_dusty
- Sweep actions:

Sweep garage

- preconditions: Gar_dirty_floor Λ Rob_loc = garage
- effects: ¬ Gar_dirty_floor, Gar_dusty

Sweep Ir

- preconditions: lr_dirty_floor Λ Rob_loc = lr
- effects: ¬ lr_dirty_floor , Lr_dusty

• Move actions:

Move in garage

• preconditions: Rob_loc = lr

• effects: Rob_loc = garage

Move in Ir

• preconditions: Rob_loc = garage

• effects: Rob_loc = lr

From now on, we'll use the notation of the type Variable t to refer to the variable t, where $t \in \{0, 1\}$ for Action variables, and $t \in \{0, 1, 2\}$ for State variables.

For every t:

Precondition constraints:

• For dust garage:

```
Dustcloth_clean _t \leftarrow \mathsf{Action}_t = \mathsf{dust} garage \mathsf{Gar\_dusty}\ _t \leftarrow \mathsf{Action}_t = \mathsf{dust}\ \mathsf{garage} \mathsf{Rob\_loc}\ _t = \mathsf{Garage}\ \leftarrow \mathsf{Action}_t = \mathsf{dust}\ \mathsf{garage}
```

• For dust Ir:

```
Dustcloth_clean _t \leftarrow \mathsf{Action}_t = \mathsf{dust} \ \mathsf{lr}
\mathsf{Lr\_dusty} \ _t \leftarrow \mathsf{Action}_t = \mathsf{dust} \ \mathsf{lr}
\mathsf{Rob\_loc} \ _t = \ \mathsf{lr} \ \leftarrow \mathsf{Action}_t = \mathsf{dust} \ \mathsf{lr}
```

• For sweep garage:

Gar_dirty_floor
$$t \leftarrow \mathsf{Action}_t = \mathsf{sweep} \ \mathsf{garage}$$

$$\mathsf{Rob_loc} \ t = \mathsf{garage} \ \leftarrow \mathsf{Action}_t = \mathsf{sweep} \ \mathsf{garage}$$

• For sweep lr:

$$Lr_dirty_floor_t \leftarrow Action_t = sweep_lr$$
 $Rob_loc_t = lr \leftarrow Action_t = sweep_lr$

• For move in garage:

```
Rob_loc _t = lr \leftarrow Action_t = move in garage
```

• For move in lr:

```
Rob_loc t = garage \leftarrow Action_t = move in lr
```

Effect constraints:

• For dust garage:

```
\neg Dustcloth_clean _{t+1} \leftarrow \mathsf{Action}_t = \mathsf{dust} garage \neg Gar_dusty _{t+1} \leftarrow \mathsf{Action}_t = \mathsf{dust} garage
```

• For dust lr:

```
¬ Dustcloth_clean _{t+1} \leftarrow \mathsf{Action}_t = \mathsf{dust} \ \mathsf{lr}
¬ \mathsf{Lr}\_\mathsf{dusty}\ _{t+1} \leftarrow \mathsf{Action}_t = \mathsf{dust} \ \mathsf{lr}
```

Frame Constraints:

• For Lr_dusty:

```
\operatorname{Lr\_dusty}_{t+1} = \operatorname{Lr\_dusty}_t \leftarrow \operatorname{Action}_t \neq \operatorname{dust} \operatorname{lr}
\operatorname{Lr\_dusty}_{t+1} = \operatorname{Lr\_dusty}_t \leftarrow \operatorname{Action}_t \neq \operatorname{sweep} \operatorname{lr}
```

• For Gar_dusty:

```
Gar_dusty _{t+1} = Gar_dusty _t \leftarrow Action_t \neq dust garage Gar_dusty _{t+1} = Gar_dusty _t \leftarrow Action_t \neq sweep garage
```

• For Lr_dirty_floor:

```
\texttt{Lr\_dirty\_floor}_{t+1} = \texttt{Lr\_dirty\_floor}_{t} \leftarrow \mathsf{Action}_{t} \neq \texttt{sweep lr}
```

• For Gar_dirty_floor:

```
\texttt{Gar\_dirty\_floor}~_{t+1} = ~\texttt{Gar\_dirty\_floor}~_{t} \leftarrow \texttt{Action}_{t} \neq ~\texttt{sweep garage}
```

• For **Dustcloth_clean**:

```
\texttt{Dustcloth\_clean}_{t+1} = \texttt{Dustcloth\_clean}_{t} \leftarrow \mathsf{Action}_{t} \neq \texttt{dust garage}
```

• For Rob_loc:

```
\begin{aligned} & \text{Rob\_loc}_{t+1} = & \text{Rob\_loc}_{t} \leftarrow & \text{Action}_{t} \neq & \text{move in garage} \\ & \text{Rob\_loc}_{t+1} = & \text{Rob\_loc}_{t} \leftarrow & \text{Action}_{t} \neq & \text{move in lr} \end{aligned}
```

