

TEOREMA 1 el algoritmo greedy
para el problema de la mochila es correcto.

DEM: p.p.q la solución que retorna el algoritmo
es óptima

p.p.q si x es la solución que retorna el algoritmo
greedy y y es cualquier otra solución viable, entonces

$$\text{valor}(x) \geq \text{valor}(y)$$

$$\text{peso}(y) \leq W$$

$$\text{p.p.q } \text{valor}(x) - \text{valor}(y) \geq 0 \quad \text{peso}(x) = W$$

$$\text{DEM: } \text{valor}(x) = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i v_i \quad 0 \leq x_i \leq 1 \quad \forall i$$

$$\text{valor}(y) = \sum_{i=1}^n y_i v_i$$

$$\text{valor}(x) - \text{valor}(y) = \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i v_i \right) - \left(\sum_{i=1}^n y_i v_i \right) =$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i v_i - y_i v_i) = \sum_{i=1}^n ((x_i - y_i) v_i) \quad (*)$$

Suponemos sin pérdida de generalidad que
los elementos en x están ordenados por
máximo $\frac{v_i}{w_i}$

$$x = \{1, 1, 1, \dots, 1, x_j, 0, 0, \dots, 0\}$$

$x_j > 0$

$$(*) = \sum_{i=1}^{j-1} \overbrace{((1 - y_i) v_i)}^{\geq 0} + (x_j - y_j) v_j + \sum_{i=j+1}^n \overbrace{((0 - y_i) v_i)}^{\leq 0} =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sum_{i=1}^{j-1} \left(\overbrace{(1-y_i)}^{\geq 0} v_i \right) + (x_j - y_j) v_j + \sum_{i=j+1}^n \left(\overbrace{(0-y_i)}^{\leq 0} v_i \right) = \\
&= \sum_{i=1}^{j-1} \left((1-y_i) \underbrace{v_i}_{\frac{v_i}{w_i}} \right) + (x_j - y_j) \underbrace{v_j}_{\frac{v_j}{w_j}} + \sum_{i=j+1}^n \left((0-y_i) \underbrace{v_i}_{\frac{v_i}{w_i}} \right) = \\
&= \sum_{i=1}^{j-1} \left((1-y_i) \frac{v_i}{w_i} w_i \right) + (x_j - y_j) \frac{v_j}{w_j} w_j + \sum_{i=j+1}^n \left((0-y_i) \frac{v_i}{w_i} w_i \right) \geq \\
&\geq \sum_{i=1}^{j-1} \left((1-y_i) \frac{v_j}{w_j} w_i \right) + (x_j - y_j) \frac{v_j}{w_j} w_j + \sum_{i=j+1}^n \left((0-y_i) \frac{v_j}{w_j} w_i \right) = \\
&= \frac{v_j}{w_j} \left[\sum_{i=1}^{j-1} \left((1-y_i) w_i \right) + (x_j - y_j) w_j + \sum_{i=j+1}^n \left((0-y_i) w_i \right) \right] = \\
&= \frac{v_j}{w_j} \left[\sum_{i=1}^{j-1} \left((x_i - y_i) w_i \right) + (x_j - y_j) w_j + \sum_{i=j+1}^n \left((x_i - y_i) w_i \right) \right] = \\
&= \frac{v_j}{w_j} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \left((x_i - y_i) w_i \right) \right) = \\
&= \frac{v_j}{w_j} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i w_i) - \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i w_i) \right) \stackrel{\geq 0}{=} \stackrel{\geq 0}{=} \\
&= \frac{v_j}{w_j} \left(\text{peso}(x) - \text{peso}(y) \right) = \underbrace{\frac{v_j}{w_j}}_{\geq 0} \underbrace{(w - \text{peso}(y))}_{\geq 0} \geq \\
&\geq 0 \quad \square
\end{aligned}$$