

SudoSLVRR: A Multithreaded Multi-Colony Ant Optimization with Ring and Random Communication Topologies as Sudoku Solver

John Michael E. Jabuen, Gian Myrl Renomeron, and
John Paul T. Yusong

Division of Natural Science and Mathematics
University of the Philippines Tacloban College
Magsaysay Boulevard, Tacloban City 6500, Leyte, Philippines

Abstract. A popular logic-based combinatorial problem known as Sudoku is computationally expensive because of its interdependent constraints. From traditional solvers to heuristics approaches, although effective when it comes to smaller puzzles, faces difficulties with more complex puzzles. This paper presents SudoSLVRR, a parallel multi-colony ant optimization as sudoku solver that addresses scalability limitations of the existing solvers. This framework combines constraint propagation and multi-colony ant optimization with dynamic collaborative mechanism (DCM-ACO) inside the multithreaded environment. Each multi-colony ant is executed inside each thread where threads exchange their iteration-best solution and best-so-far solution in ring and random communication topologies, respectively. The three-source pheromone update is performed by each thread based on the received information. Experimental results on 9×9 , 16×16 , and 25×25 Sudoku puzzles shows that the proposed framework was able to achieve higher solution success rate and less solution completion time even in larger Sudoku puzzles when compared to single-colony ant and non-parallel multi-colony ant solvers.

Keywords: Constraint Satisfaction Problem · Swarm Intelligence · Ant Colony Optimization · Dynamic Collaborative Mechanism · Parallel Optimization

1 Introduction

The rule of the logic-based Sudoku game includes filling the grid with numbers from 1 to n without repetition to row, column, and subgrid. A valid Sudoku solution must simultaneously satisfy multiple interdependent constraints which makes it a good benchmark for constraint satisfaction problems [3, 10]. Backtracking is the popular traditional way of solving Sudoku [13, 20, 22]. It tries to solve the puzzle by filling every cell with valid values then goes back to the previous assignment if it leads to invalid puzzle. It was then followed by heuristic approaches [15, 22] who mimicked human reasoning in solving Sudoku. However, these approaches suffered from exponential increase of time. To overcome

this limitation, metaheuristic approaches specifically swarm-based algorithms emerged. Artificial Bee Colony (ABC) [6], Ant Colony Optimization (ACO) [3], and Particle Swarm Optimization (PSO) [9, ?] are a few examples of these approaches. Though ABC's performance showed potential by simulating foraging behaviour, it still struggled on more complex Sudoku puzzles. Unlike PSO and ABC, ACO was able to provide solutions with less execution time thereby indicating that the convergence speed in ACO is faster. Due to its potential, a multi-colony ant optimization was designed to test its performance when there are multiple colonies of ants in the search space. The Dynamic Collaborative Multi-Colony Ant Optimization (DCM-ACO) allows sharing of pheromone information between multiple colonies which improves diversity and convergence speed thus outperforming the single colony [4]. Parallelization of swarm-based algorithms was developed as an effort to improve the performance of the algorithms. One of these is the Parallel Independent Runs (PIR) but no sharing of information between independent agents leads to redundant exploration in the search space [2]. There is another parallelization technique that focuses on ants which leads to synchronization overhead when a single ant updates global pheromone [7].

To address the exponential increase in time and stagnation, this paper proposes SudoSLVRR, a multithreaded sudoku solver that combines constraint propagation and DCM-ACO within threads that communicate according to the communication topologies. SudoSLVRR is designed to balance exploration and exploitation which improves scalability on large-scale Sudoku puzzles.

2 Related Works

3 SudoSLVRR: Algorithm Design and Structure

3.1 Dataset

4 Results and Discussion

5 Conclusions and Future Work

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