Deep Imbalanced Regression

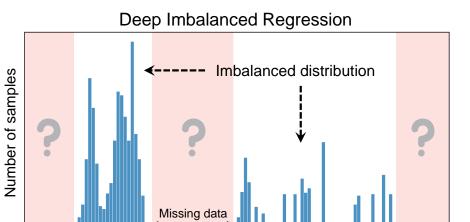
Yang Y, Zha K, Chen Y, Wang H, Katabi D

ICML 2021

Presenter: Gianmarco Midena

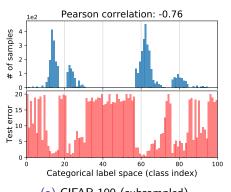
26 November 2024

Overview

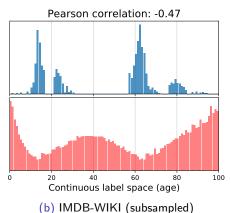


Continuous target value y

Test Error on Categorical vs. Continuous Label Space



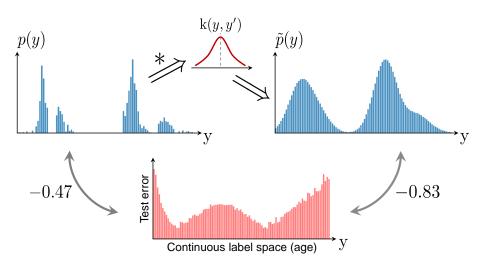
(a) CIFAR-100 (subsampled)



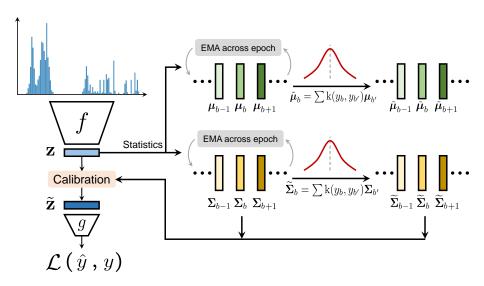
Problem Settings

- $\{(\mathbf{x}_i, y_i)\}_{i=1}^N$: training set
- $\mathbf{x}_i \in \mathbb{R}^d$: input
- $y_i \in \mathcal{Y}$: continuous label or target
- $b_i \in \mathcal{B}$: discrete label or target
- $\mathcal{Y} \subset \mathbb{R}$: continuous label space
- $\mathfrak{B} = \{1, \dots, M\} \subset \mathbb{Z}^+$: index space
 - divides \mathcal{Y} into M groups (bins) with equal intervals $[t_i, t_{i+1})$
 - $\{[t_0, t_1), \ldots, [t_{M-1}, t_M)\}$: discrete label space
 - $t_k \in \mathcal{Y}$
 - minimum resolution
 - ★ e.g., $\delta y \triangleq t_{j+1} t_j = 1$ in age estimation
- $\hat{y}_i = g(\mathbf{z}_i) \in \mathbb{R}$: predicted continuous label
- $\mathbf{z}_i = f(\mathbf{x}_i; \theta) \in \mathbb{R}^{d'}$: learned representation
- θ : trainable model parameters

Label Distribution Smoothing



Feature Distribution Smoothing



Baselines (1/2)

- Vanilla: neglects data imbalance
- Synthetic samples
 - ► SMOTER (Torgo et al. 2013)
 - Defines frequent and rare regions using label density.
 - Creates synthetic samples for pre-defined rare regions by linearly interpolating both inputs and labels.
 - ▶ SMOGN (Branco et al. 2017): augments SMOTER with Gaussian noise
- Focal-R

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma(|\beta e_i|)^{\gamma} e_i$$

- Error-aware loss
- ▶ Maps the absolute error into [0, 1].
- e_i : L_1 error for the *i*-th sample
- \triangleright β , γ : hyper-parameters
- ▶ Inspired by Focal Loss (Lin 2017) for classification

Baselines (2/2)

- Regressor re-training (RRT)
 - Two-stage training
 - Train encoder
 - 2 Re-train regressor with inverse re-weighting and frozen encoder.
 - ▶ Inspired by Kang et al. 2019
- Cost-sensitive re-weighting: re-weighting schemes based on label distribution
 - Inverse-frequency weighting (INV)
 - Square-root weighting variant (SQINV)

Evaluation

- Divide target space into disjoint regions (bins)
 - ► *Many-shot*: > 100 training examples
 - ► *Medium-shot*: 20-100 training examples
 - ► Few-shot: < 20 training examples
 - ► Zero-shot: 0 training examples
 - Inspired by Liu et al. 2019

Metrics

- Mean Absolute Error (MAE)
- Mean Squared Error (MSE)
- ► Pearson Correlation (PCC)
- Geometric Mean Error (GM)

$$GM = \sqrt[n]{\prod_{i=1}^{n} |y_i - \hat{y}_i|}$$

★ Pros: + fairness (uniformity) in prediction

Results (1/2)

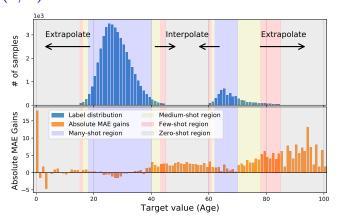


Figure: MAE gains of LDS + FDS over the vanilla model, on a curated subset of IMDB-WIKI-DIR.

Performance gains esp. for extrapolation & interpolation

Results (2/2)

Metrics		MA	E↓	 		GM ↓		
Shot	All	w/ data	Interp.	Extrap.	All	w/ data	Interp.	Extrap.
Vanilla	11.72	9.32	16.13	18.19	7.44	5.33	14.41	16.74
Vanilla + LDS	10.54	8.31	14.14	17.38	6.50	4.67	12.13	15.36
Vanilla + FDS	11.40	8.97	15.83	18.01	7.18	5.12	14.02	16.48
Vanilla + LDS + FDS	10.27	8.11	13.71	17.02	6.33	4.55	11.71	15.13
Ours (best) VS. VANILLA $+1.45 +1.21 +2.42 +1.17 +1.11 +0.78 +2.70 +1.61$								

Table: Interpolation & extrapolation results on a curated subset of IMDB-WIKI-DIR.

• Best results by smoothing both label & feature distributions

References

- Branco, Paula, Luís Torgo, and Rita P Ribeiro (2017). "SMOGN: a pre-processing approach for imbalanced regression". In: First international workshop on learning with imbalanced domains: Theory and applications. PMLR, pp. 36–50.
- Kang, Bingyi et al. (2019). "Decoupling representation and classifier for long-tailed recognition". In: arXiv preprint arXiv:1910.09217.
- Lin, T (2017). "Focal Loss for Dense Object Detection". In: arXiv preprint arXiv:1708.02002.
- Liu, Ziwei et al. (2019). "Large-scale long-tailed recognition in an open world". In: *Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF conference on computer vision and pattern recognition*, pp. 2537–2546.
- Torgo, Luís et al. (2013). "Smote for regression". In: *Portuguese conference on artificial intelligence*. Springer, pp. 378–389.
- Yang, Yuzhe et al. (2021). "Delving into deep imbalanced regression". In: *International conference on machine learning*. PMLR, pp. 11842–11851.