

CNRS - Concours chercheurs 2025  
CR Section 53 - Concours n° 53/03

*Épistémologie des modèles distributionnels de langage  
par apprentissage machine*  
Explicabilité formelle et interprétabilité théorique

Juan Luis Gastaldi

[http://www.jlgastaldi.com/assets/gastaldi\\_cnrs\\_cr.pdf](http://www.jlgastaldi.com/assets/gastaldi_cnrs_cr.pdf)



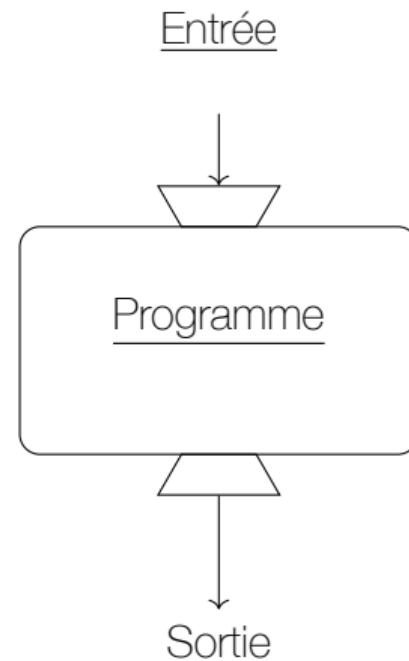
1997-2007	Recherche pré-doctorale <b>Sciences Po, Philosophie, Maths</b> Argentine, France (UNR, ENS, Paris 1, UPMC)	2023-Présent	Nouvelle recherche doctorale <b>Informatique (ML, TAL)</b> Suisse, USA (ETH Zurich)
2008-2014	Recherche doctorale <b>Philo et Hist des Sciences</b> France (Bordeaux Montaigne)		
2015-2022	Professeur d'Ens. Artistique <b>Philo et Hist des Idées</b> France (MO.CO.ESBA)		
2015-2022	Recherche post-doctorale <b>Philo et Informatique</b> France, Suisse, Tchéquie, USA (ETH, MSCA, CUNY, CMU)		

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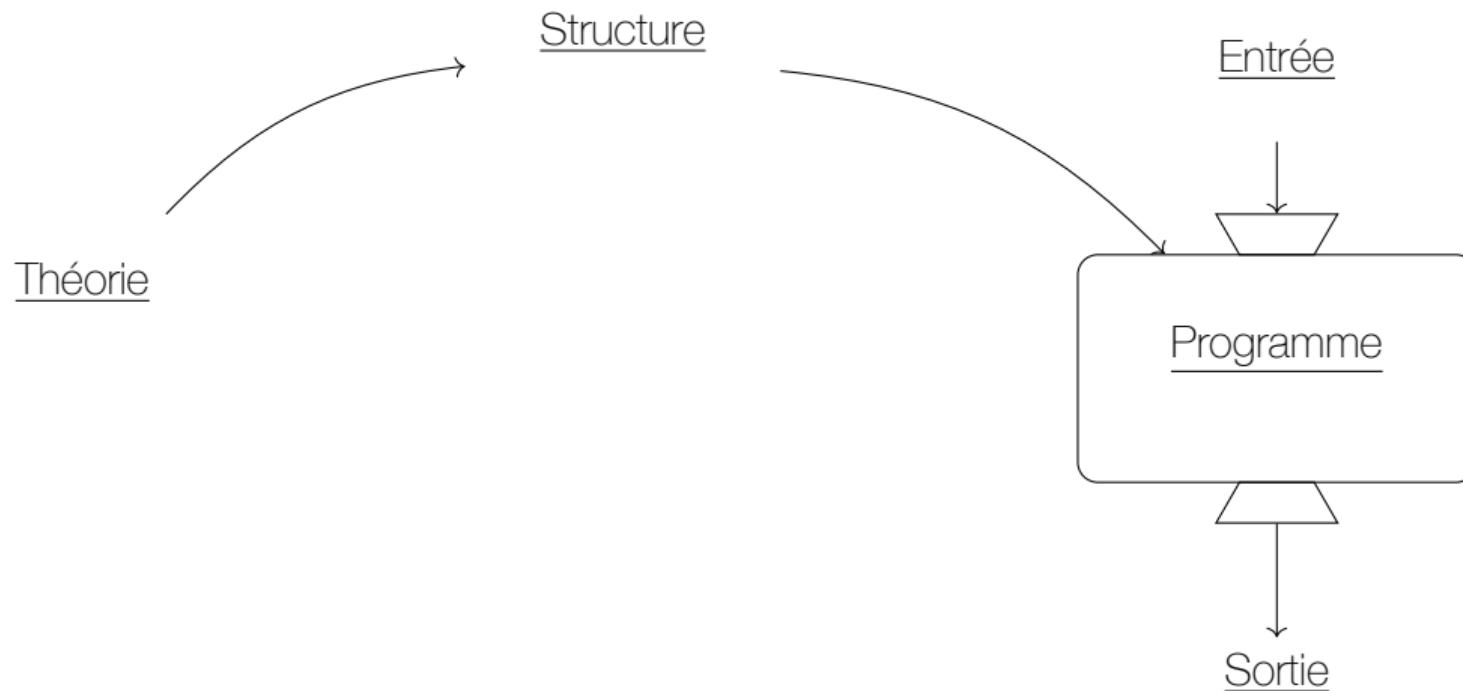
2023-Présent Nouvelle recherche doctorale  
**Informatique (ML, TAL)**  
Suisse, USA  
(ETH Zurich)

Recherche
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Formalisme critique: Alliance entre les humanités critiques et les sciences formelles</li><li>– Approche philosophique, historique, théorique et technique</li><li>– Thèse en Philosophie: Philosophie et histoire de la mathématisation de la logique (Gastaldi, 2014)</li><li>– Thèse en Informatique: Tokenisation en TAL (Gastaldi et al., 2024; Julianelli et al., 2024; Vieira et al., 2024; Zouhar et al., 2023a, 2023b)</li></ul>

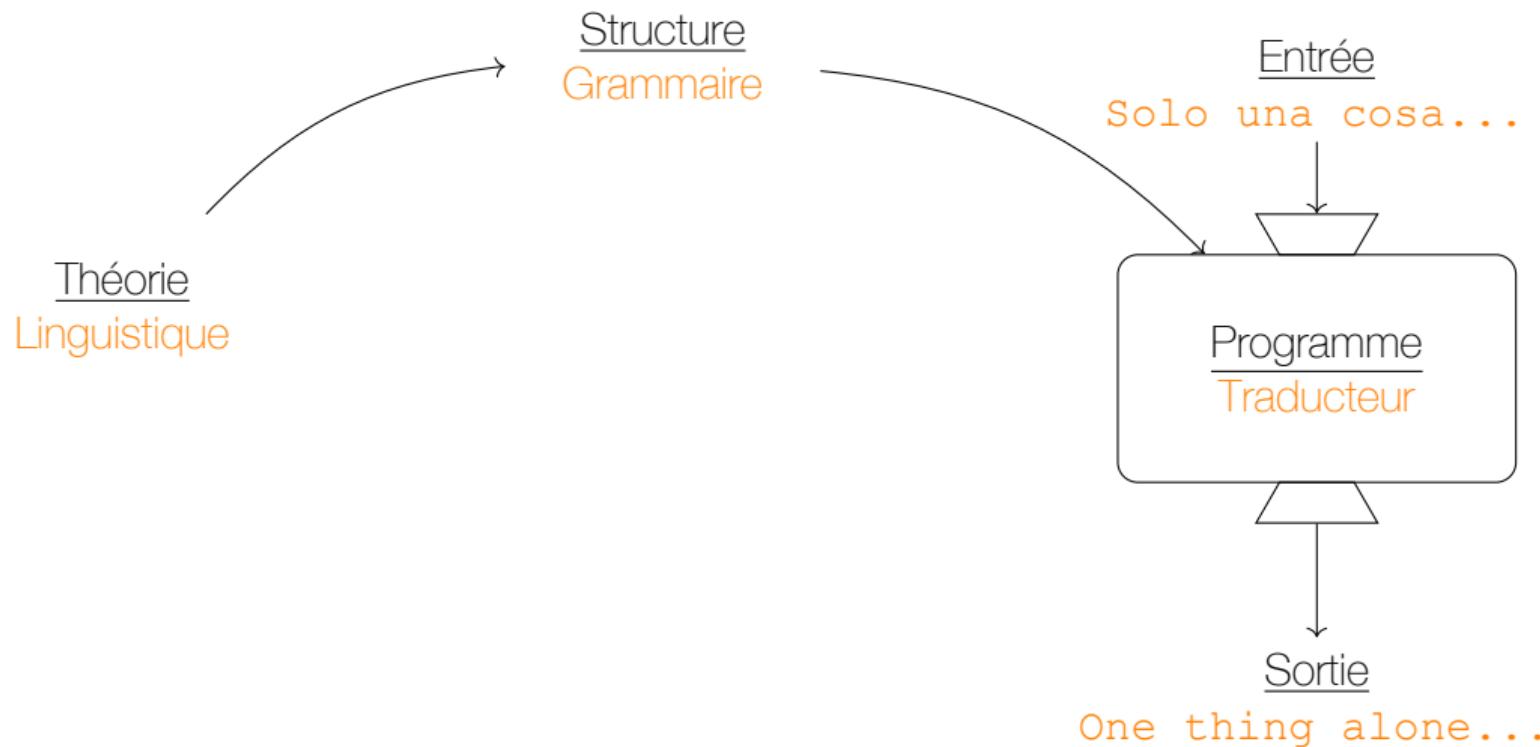
# La structure implicite des données



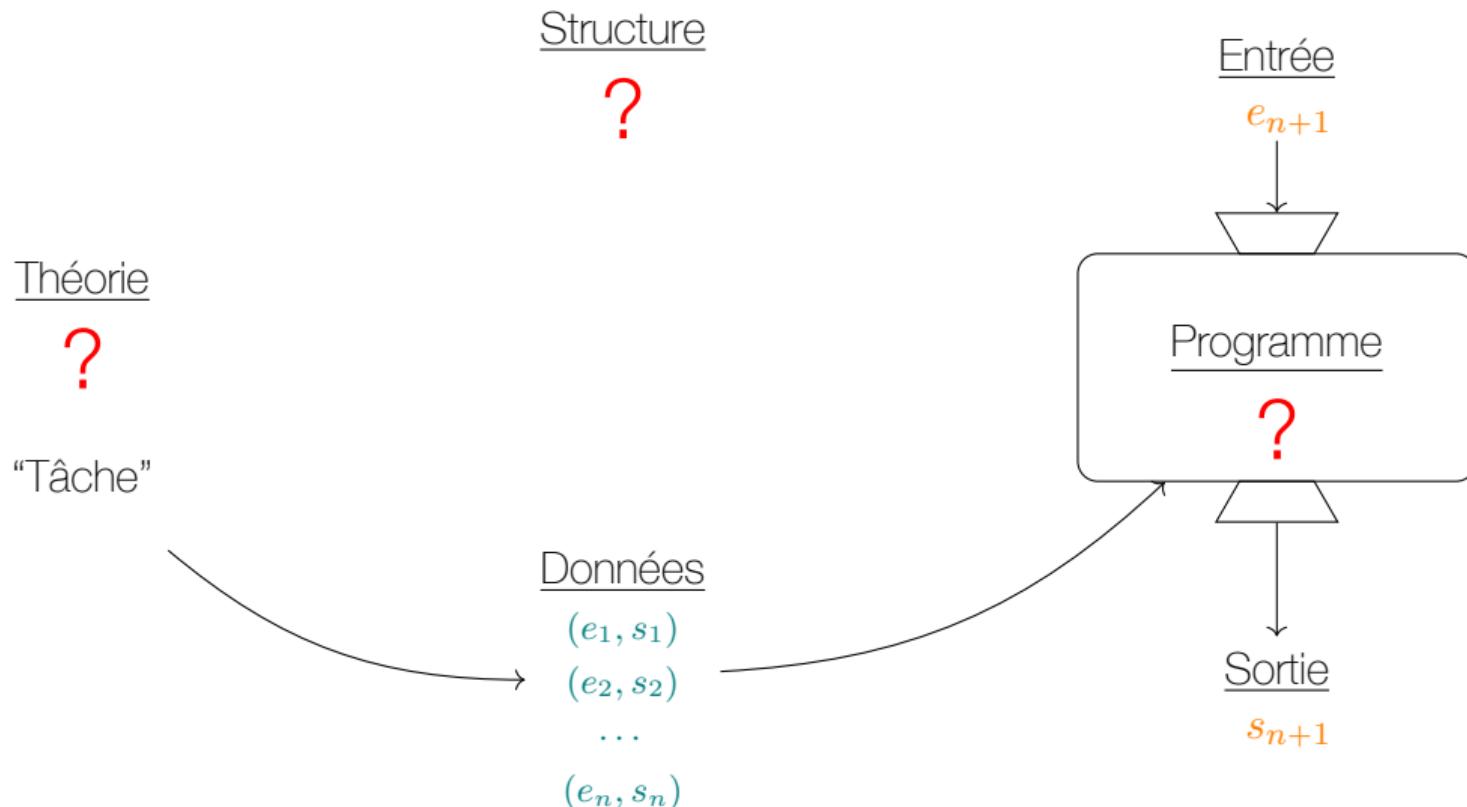
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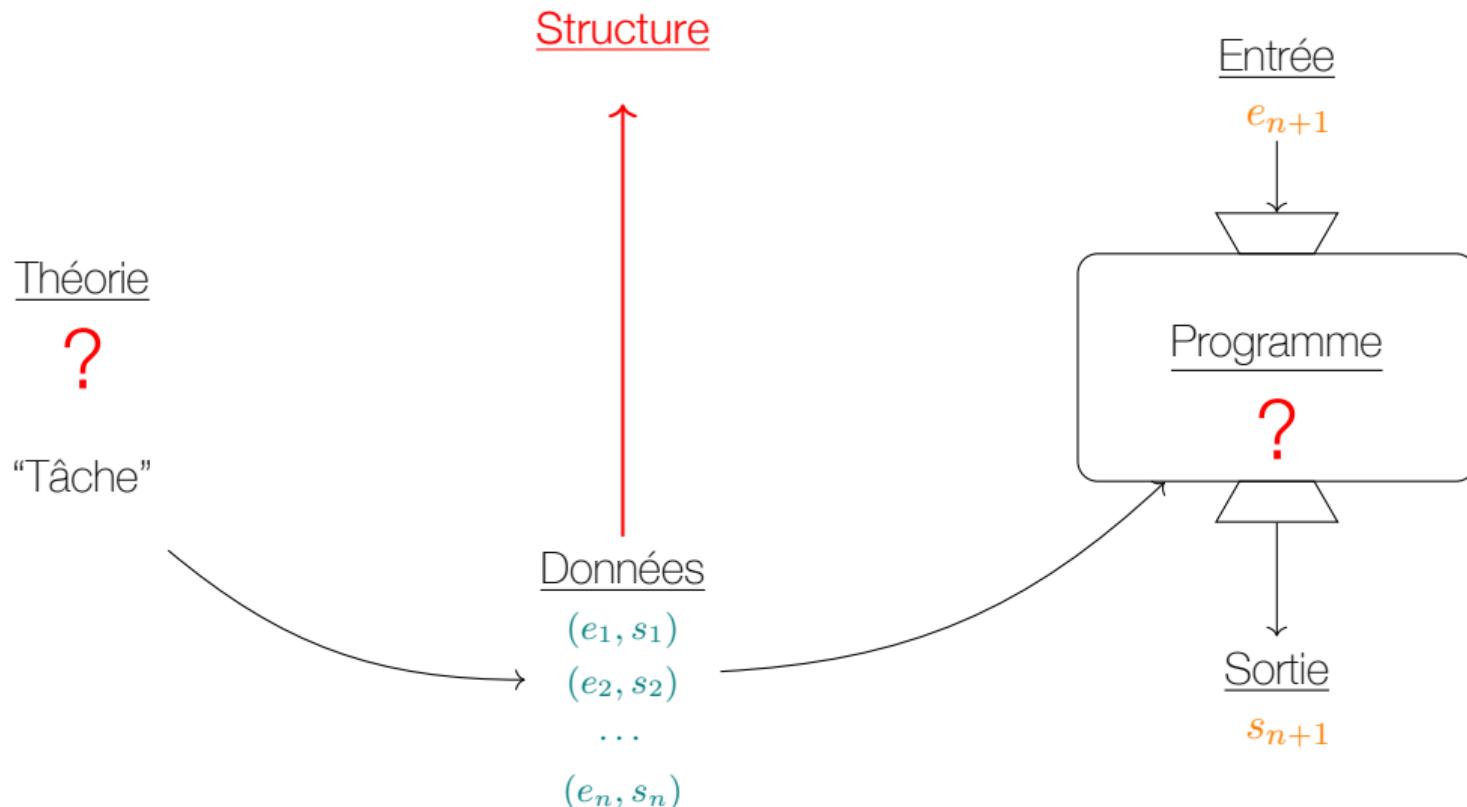
# La structure implicite des données



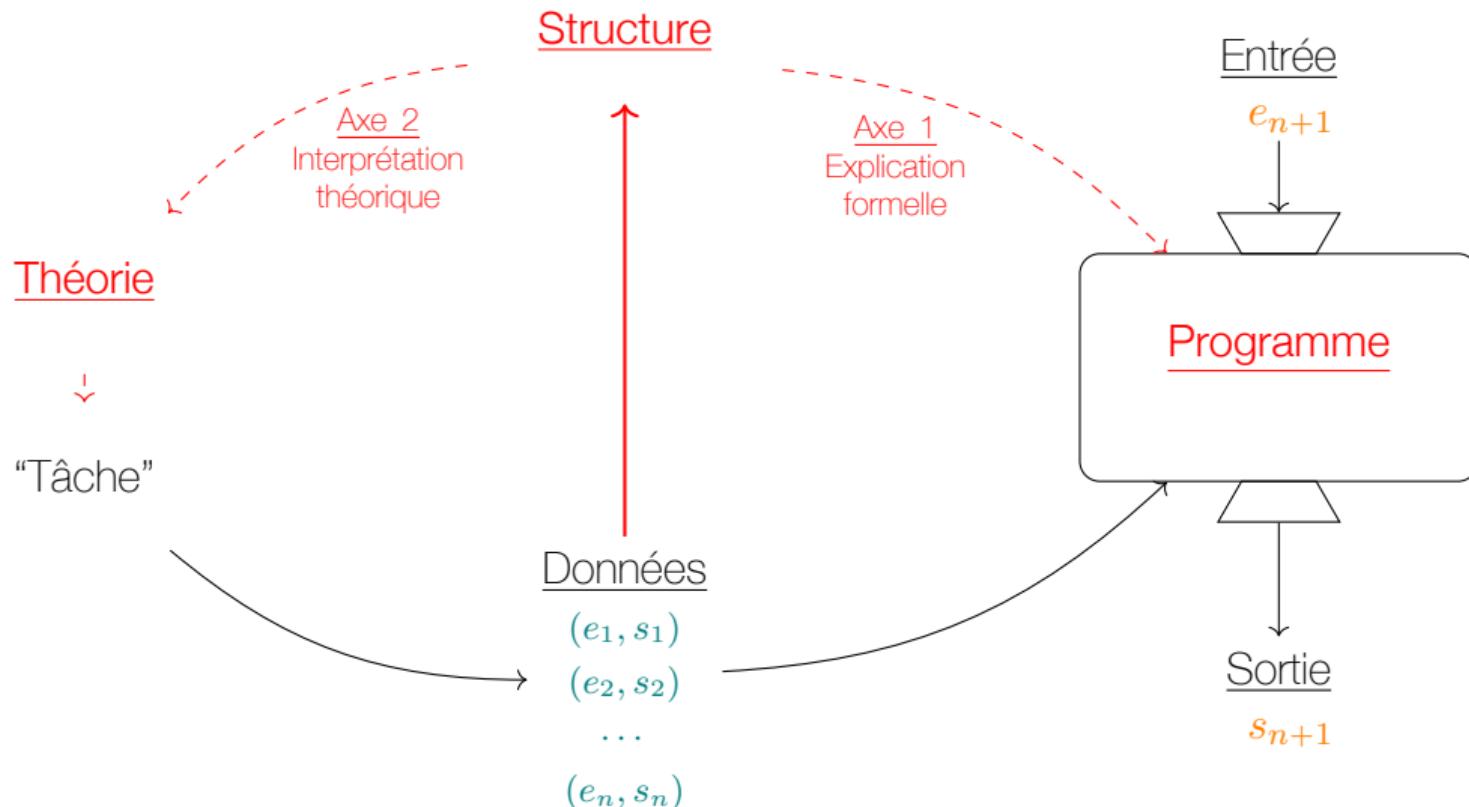
# La structure implicite des données



# La structure implicite des données

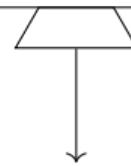
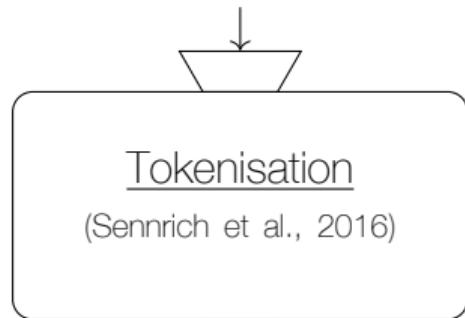


# La structure implicite des données



# Axe 1: Explicabilité formelle

Epistemology of Machine Learning  
Distributional Language Models

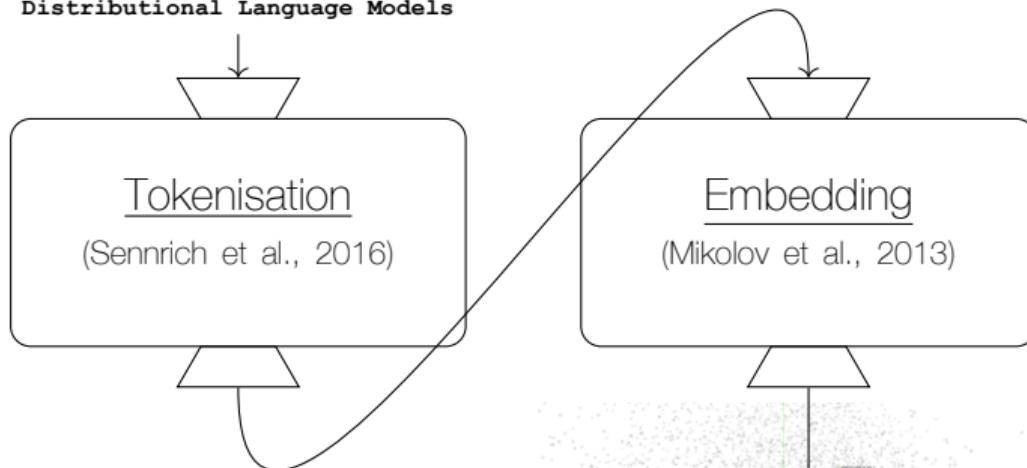


Epistemology of Machine Learning  
Distributional Language Models

(<https://tiktokizer.vercel.app>)

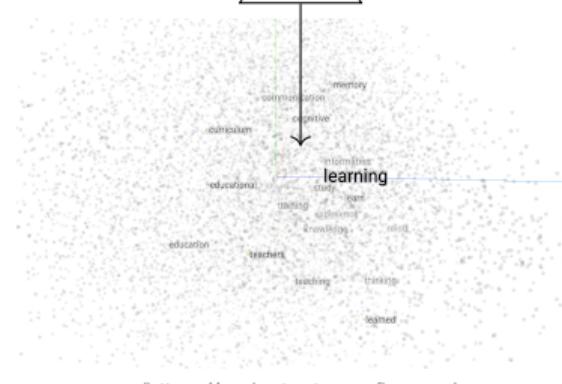
# Axe 1: Explicabilité formelle

**Epistemology of Machine Learning  
Distributional Language Models**



**Epistemology of Machine Learning  
Distributional Language Models**

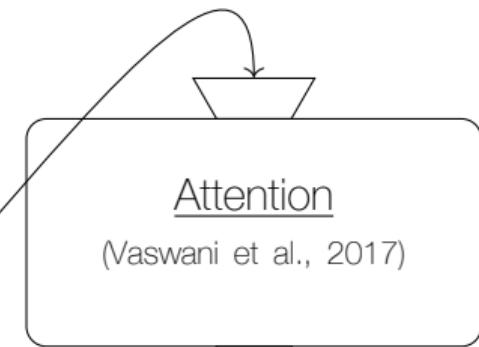
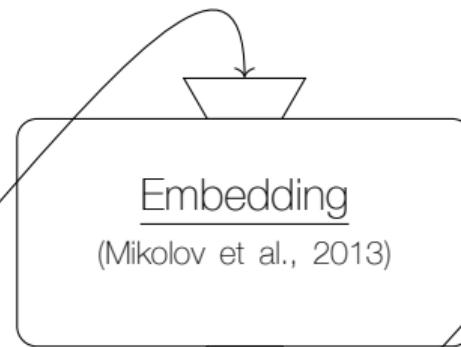
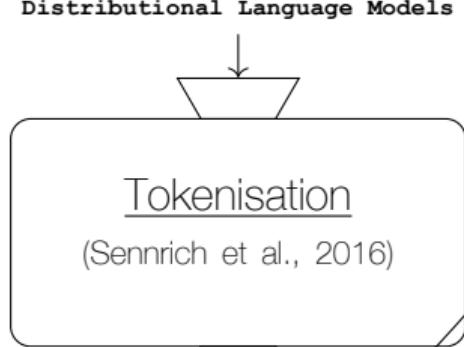
(<https://tiktoktokenizer.vercel.app>)



(<https://projector.tensorflow.org>)

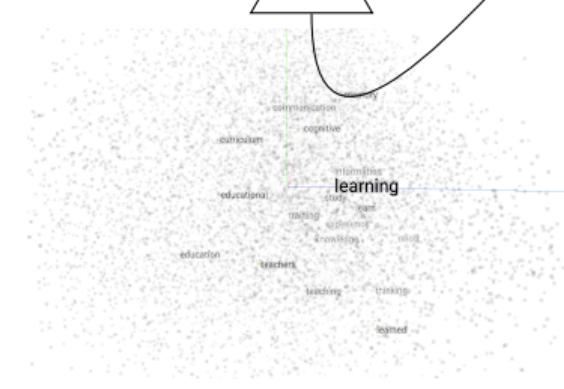
# Axe 1: Explicabilité formelle

Epistemology of Machine Learning  
Distributional Language Models



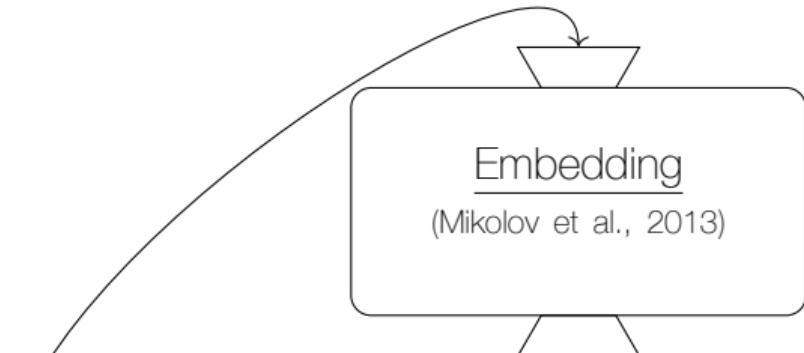
Epistemology of Machine Learning  
Distributional Language Models

(<https://tiktokrizer.vercel.app>)



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(<https://github.com/jessevieg/bertviz>)

# Axe 1: Explicabilité formelle



Epistemology of Machine Learning  
Distributional Language Models

(<https://tiktoktokenizer.vercel.app>)



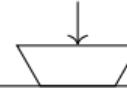
(<https://projector.tensorflow.org>)

# La structure des embeddings

Structure

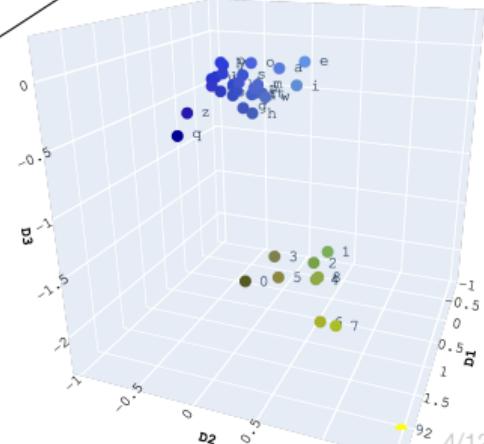
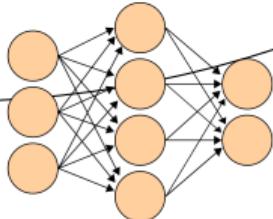
?

{-, /, 0, 1, 2, ..., 8, 9, =,  
a, b, c, ..., w, x, y, z, é}



Embedding

Données

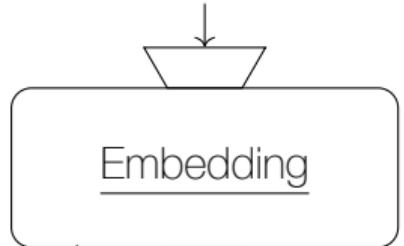


# La structure des embeddings

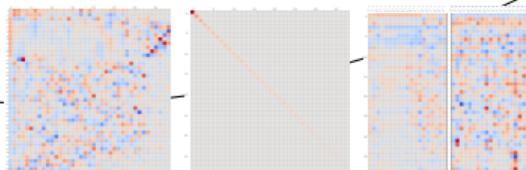
Structure

?

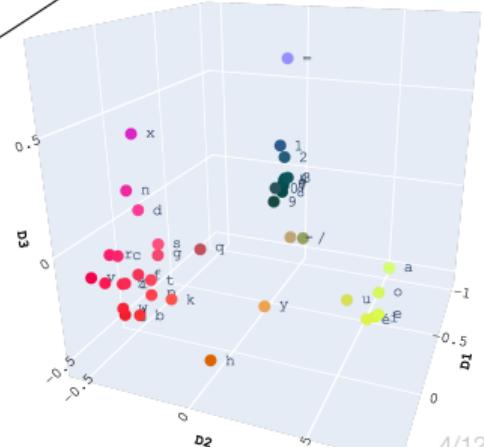
{-, /, 0, 1, 2, ..., 8, 9, =,  
a, b, c, ..., w, x, y, z, é}



Données



SVD

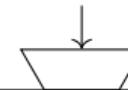


# La structure des embeddings

## Structure

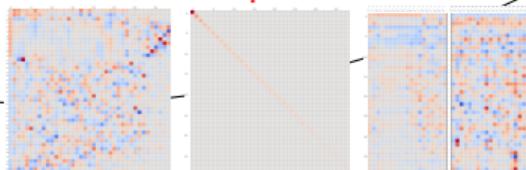


$\{-, /, 0, 1, 2, \dots, 8, 9, =,$   
 $a, b, c, \dots, w, x, y, z, \acute{e}\}$

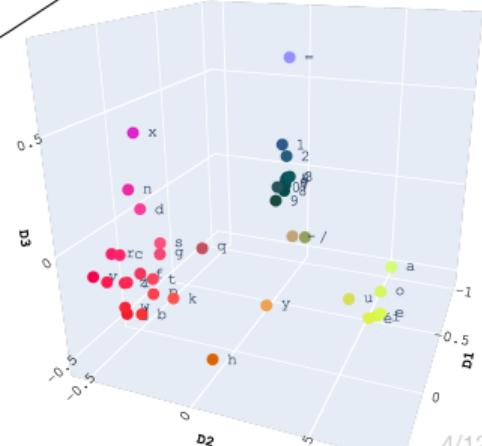


Embedding

## Données



SVD



# La structure des embeddings

Structure

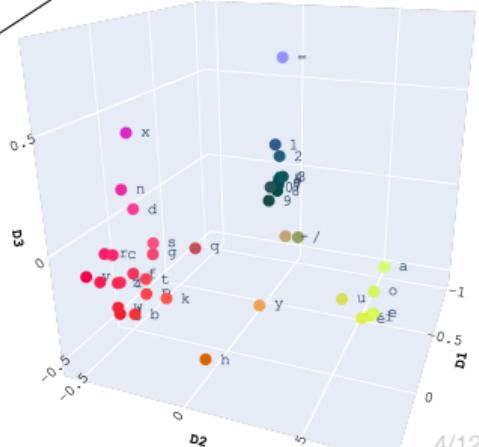
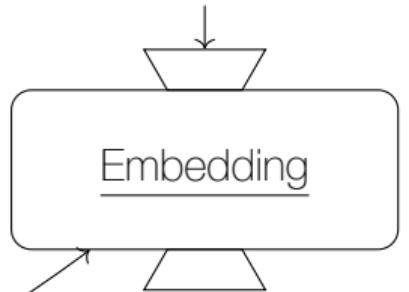
?

Données



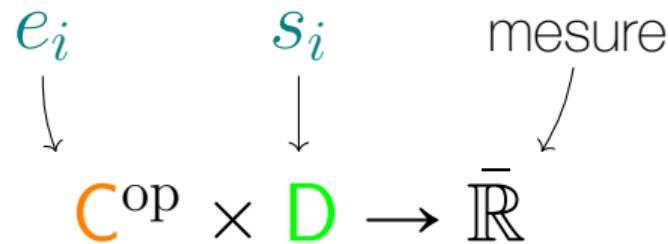
$$C^{\text{op}} \times D \rightarrow \bar{\mathbb{R}}$$

$\{-, /, 0, 1, 2, \dots, 8, 9, =,$   
 $a, b, c, \dots, w, x, y, z, \acute{e}\}$



Structure

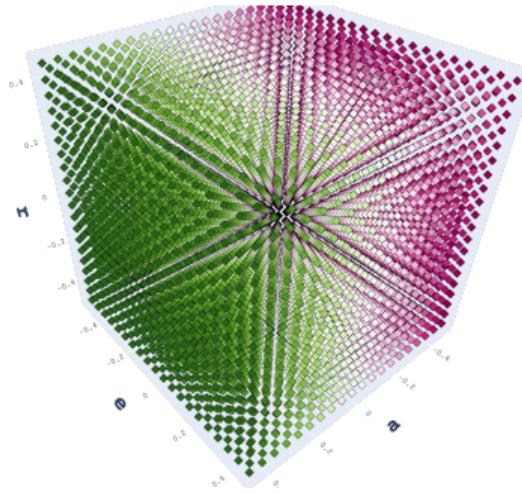
?



Structure

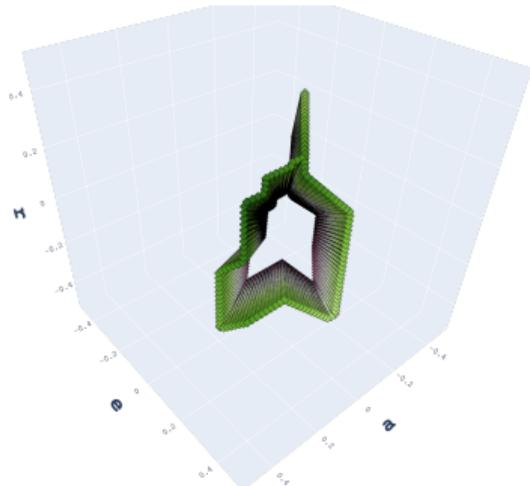
?

$$\begin{array}{ccc} e_i & s_i & \text{mesure} \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \swarrow \\ C^{\text{op}} \times D & \rightarrow & \bar{\mathbb{R}} \\ & \Downarrow & \\ M^*: \bar{\mathbb{R}}^{C^{\text{op}}} & \leftrightarrows & (\bar{\mathbb{R}}^D)^{\text{op}}: M_* \end{array}$$

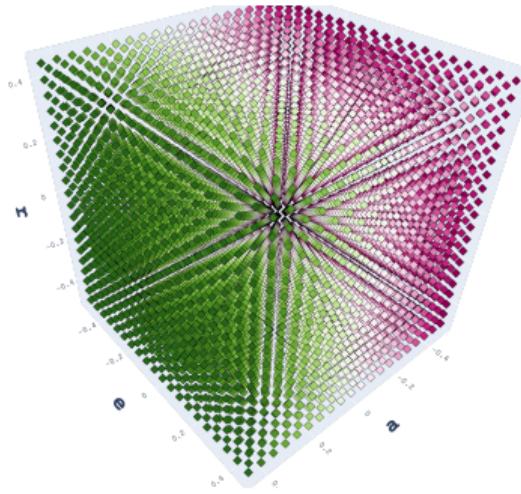
Structure

$$\begin{array}{c} \textcolor{orange}{C}^{\text{op}} \times \textcolor{green}{D} \rightarrow \bar{\mathbb{R}} \\ \Downarrow \\ \mathcal{M}^*: \bar{\mathbb{R}}^{\textcolor{orange}{C}^{\text{op}}} \rightleftarrows (\bar{\mathbb{R}}^{\textcolor{green}{D}})^{\text{op}}: \mathcal{M}_* \end{array}$$

## Structure



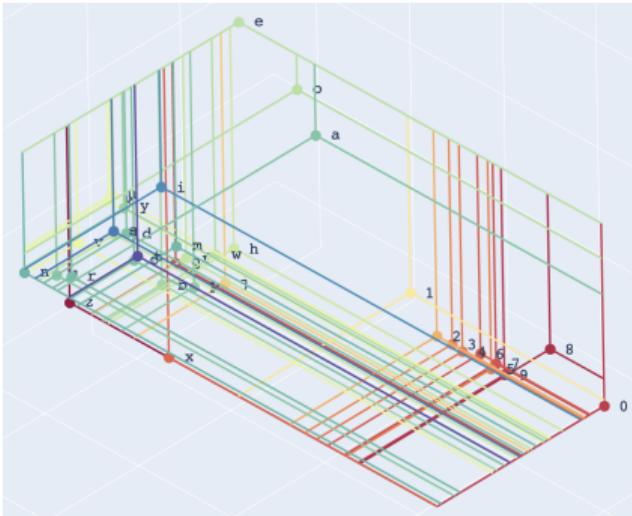
$$\mathcal{M}_* \mathcal{M}^*$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \textcolor{orange}{C}^{\text{op}} \times \textcolor{green}{D} \rightarrow \bar{\mathbb{R}} \\
 \Downarrow \\
 \mathcal{M}^*: \bar{\mathbb{R}}^{\textcolor{orange}{C}^{\text{op}}} \rightleftarrows (\bar{\mathbb{R}}^{\textcolor{green}{D}})^{\text{op}}: \mathcal{M}_*
 \end{array}$$

# Noyau et Types

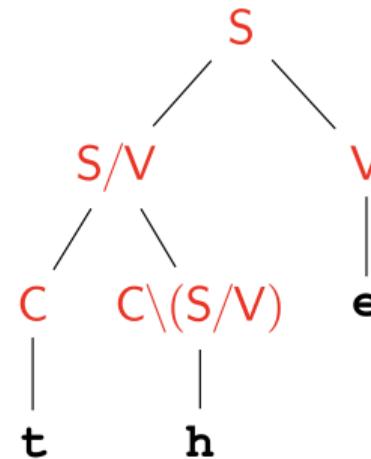
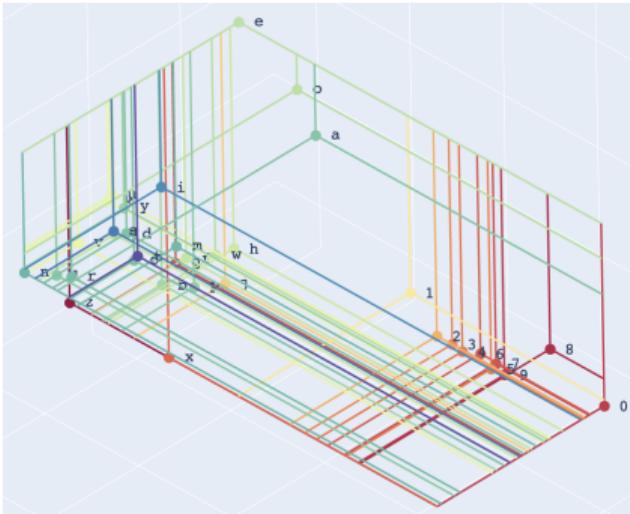
## Structure



$$\begin{array}{c} \textcolor{orange}{C}^{\text{op}} \times \textcolor{green}{D} \rightarrow \bar{\mathbb{R}} \\ \Downarrow \\ \mathcal{M}^*: \bar{\mathbb{R}}^{\textcolor{orange}{C}^{\text{op}}} \rightleftarrows (\bar{\mathbb{R}}^{\textcolor{green}{D}})^{\text{op}}: \mathcal{M}_* \end{array}$$

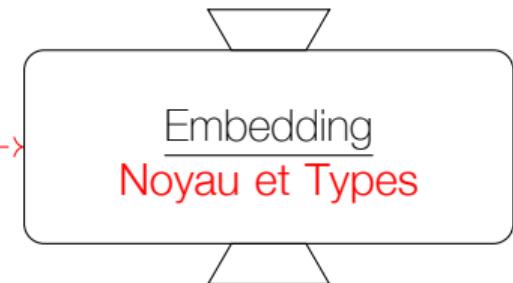
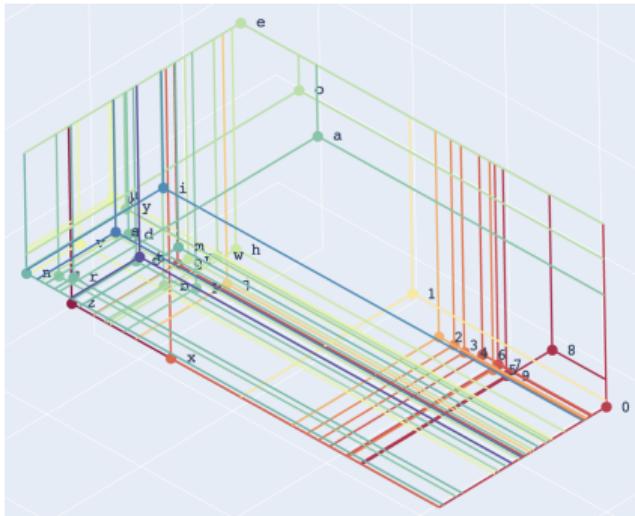
# Noyau et Types

## Structure

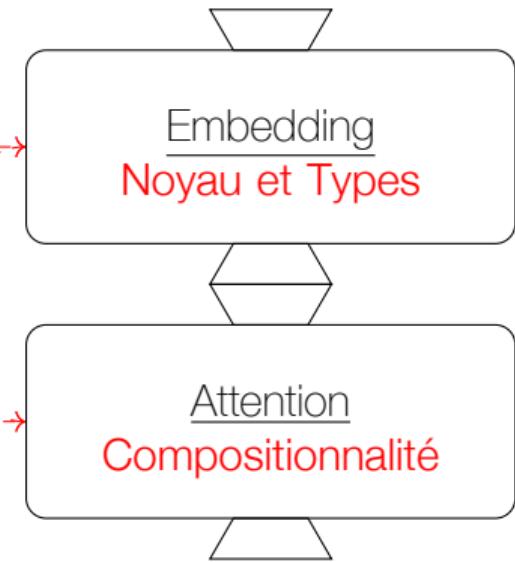
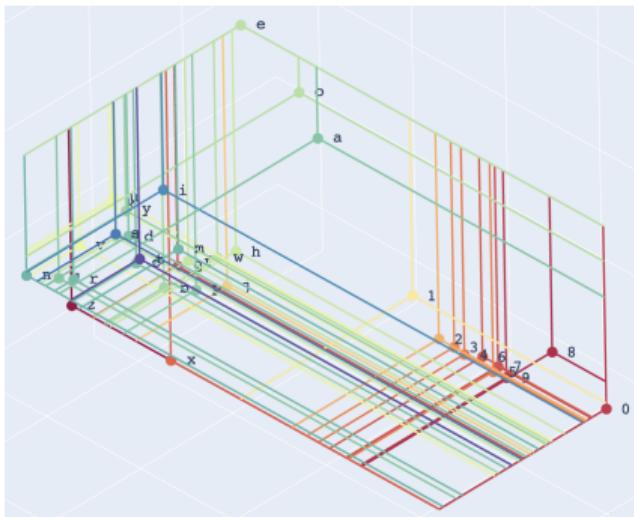


$$\begin{array}{c} \textcolor{orange}{C}^{\text{op}} \times \textcolor{green}{D} \rightarrow \bar{\mathbb{R}} \\ \Downarrow \\ \mathcal{M}^*: \bar{\mathbb{R}}^{\textcolor{orange}{C}^{\text{op}}} \rightleftarrows (\bar{\mathbb{R}}^{\textcolor{green}{D}})^{\text{op}}: \mathcal{M}_* \end{array}$$

## Structure

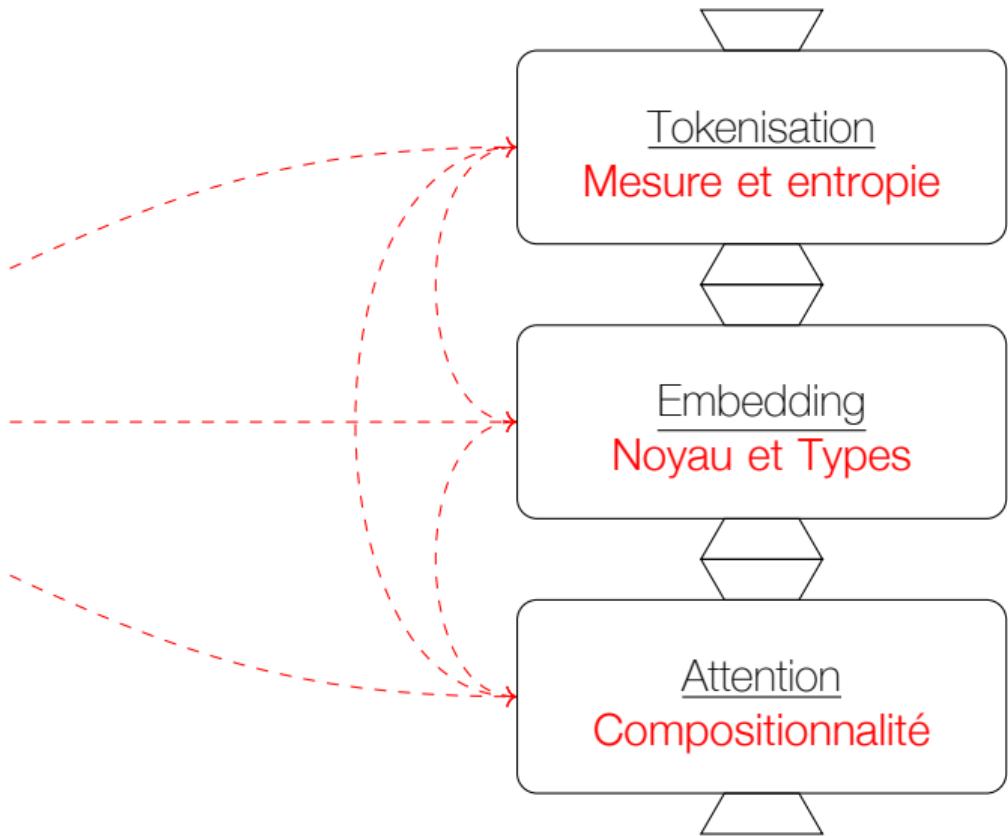
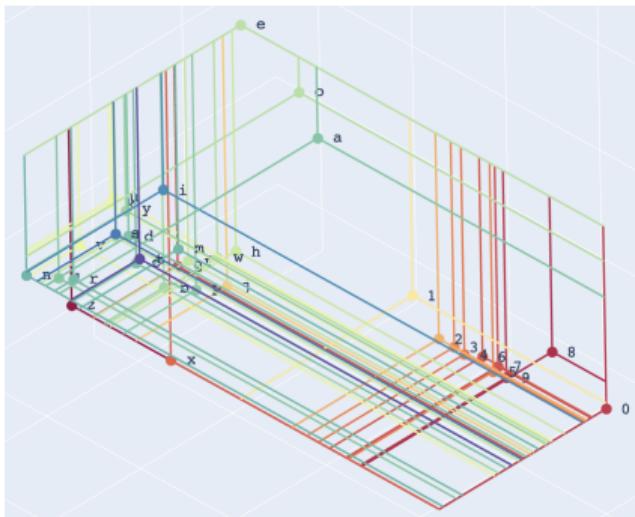


## Structure



# Axe 1: Objectifs

## Structure



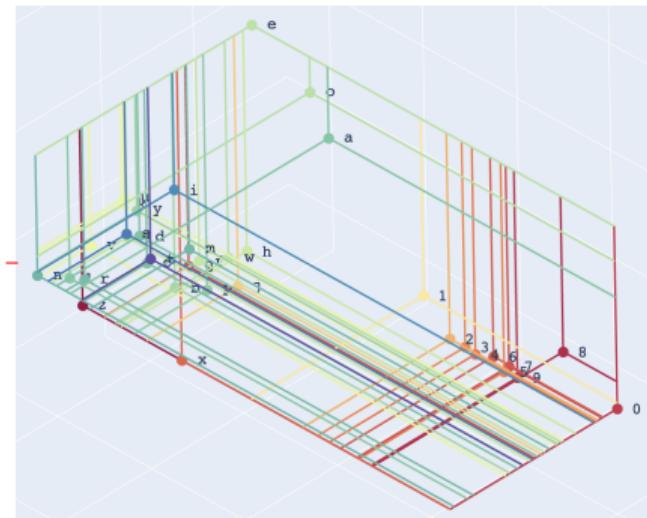
## Axe 2: Interprétabilité théorique

Théorie  
"Tâche"

?



Structure



# Axe 2: Interprétabilité théorique

$$\textcolor{orange}{C}^{\text{op}} \times \textcolor{green}{D} \rightarrow \bar{\mathbb{R}}$$

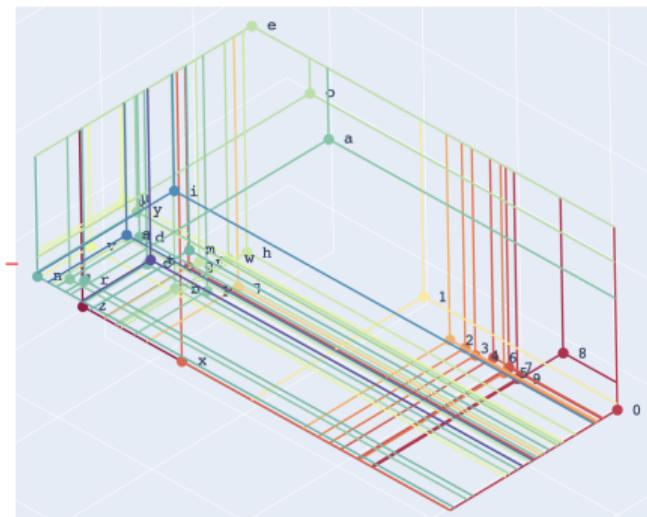
## Hypothèse distributionnelle

Le contenu des unités linguistiques est déterminé par leur *distribution* dans un corpus.

Théorie  
"Tâche"



## Structure



# Axe 2: Interprétabilité théorique

$$\textcolor{orange}{C}^{\text{op}} \times \textcolor{green}{D} \rightarrow \bar{\mathbb{R}}$$

## Hypothèse distributionnelle

Le contenu des unités linguistiques est déterminé par leur *distribution* dans un corpus.

Théorie  
"Tâche"

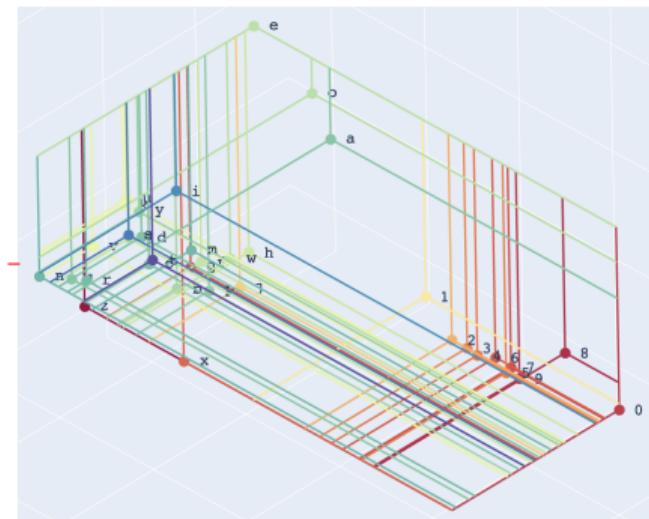


## Hypothèse structurale

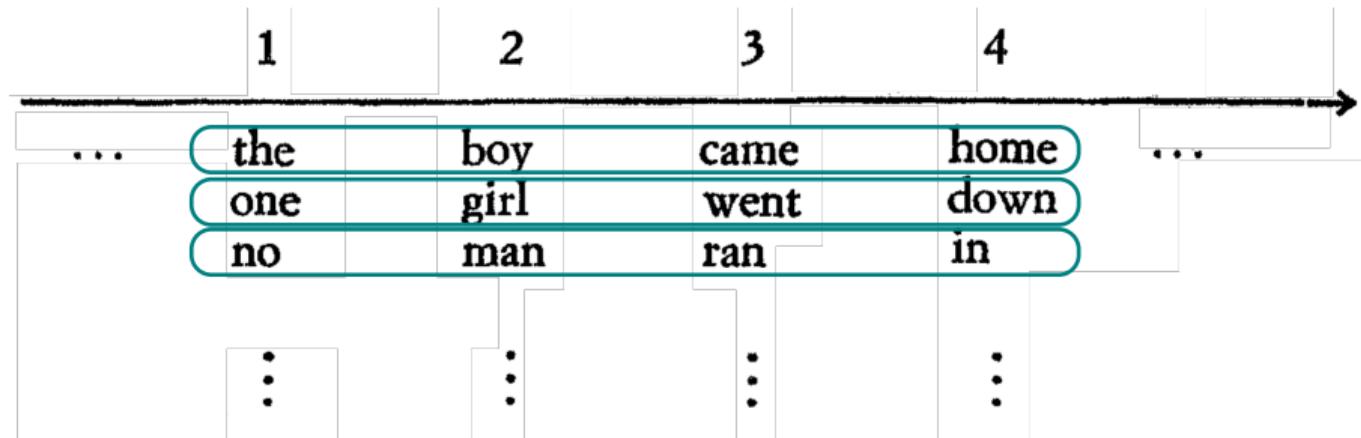
Le contenu linguistique est l'effet d'une structure virtuelle dérivée des pratiques linguistiques dans une communauté.

$$\bar{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{C}^{\text{op}}} \leftrightarrow (\bar{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{D}})^{\text{op}}$$

## Structure

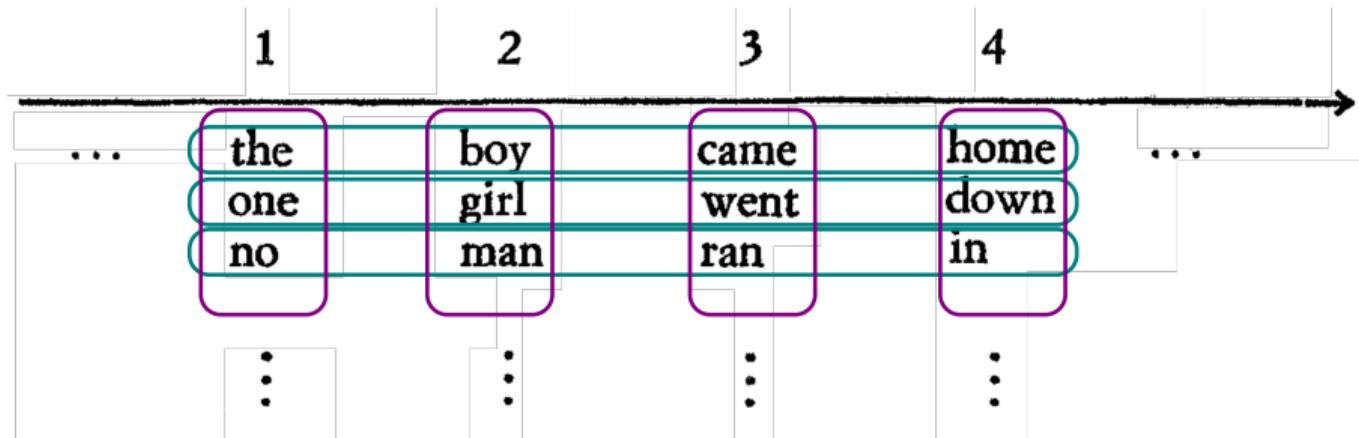


# Syntagmes et Paradigmes



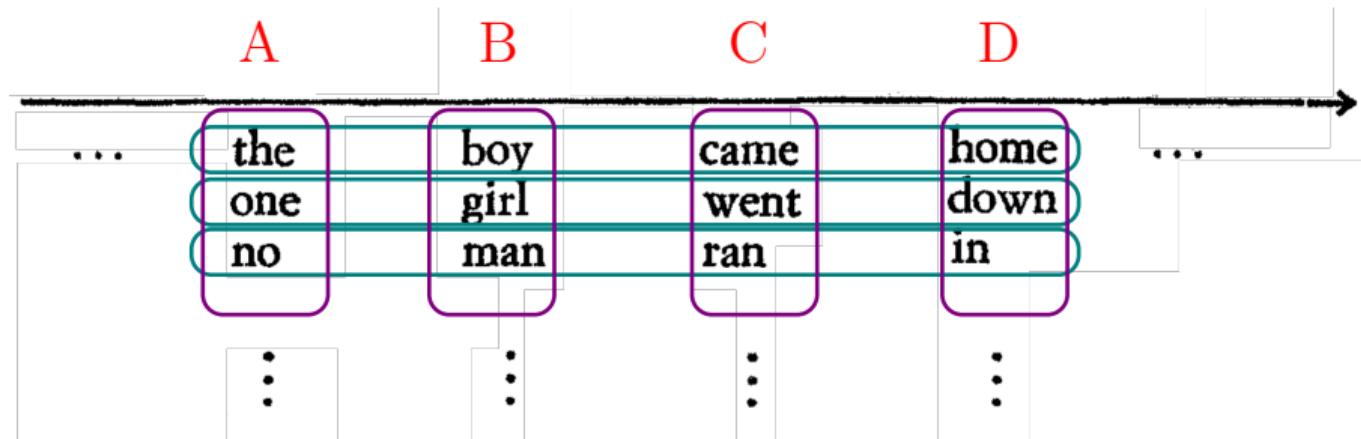
(Hjelmslev, 1971)

# Syntagmes et Paradigmes



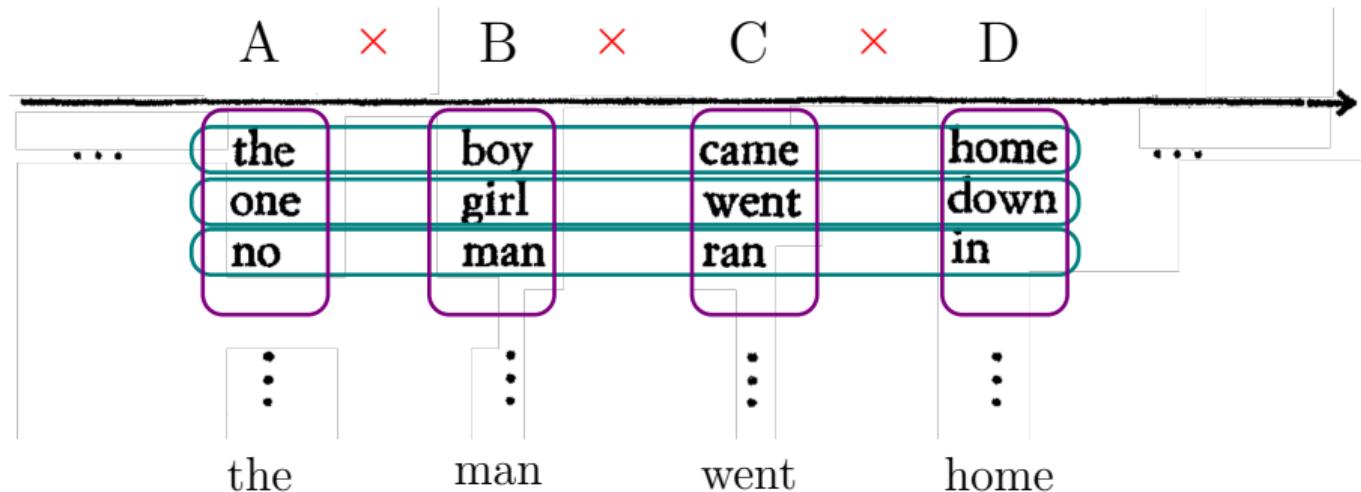
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# Syntagmes et Paradigmes

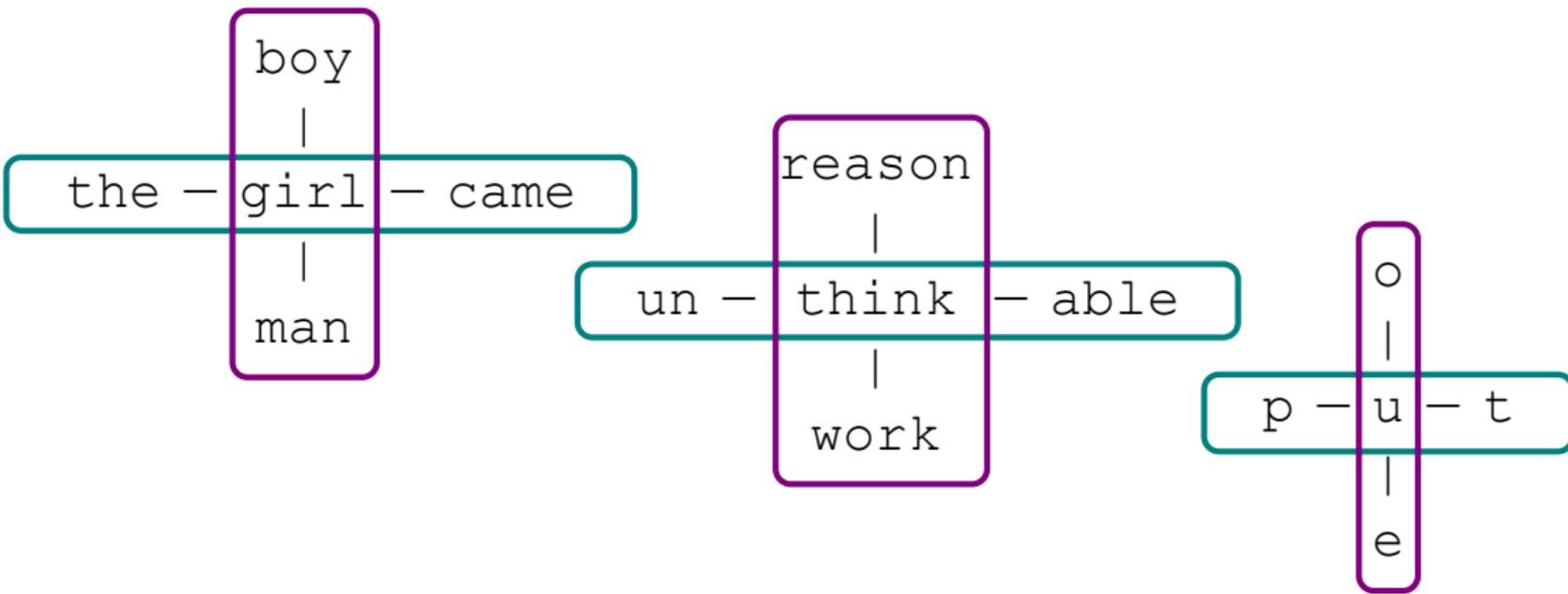


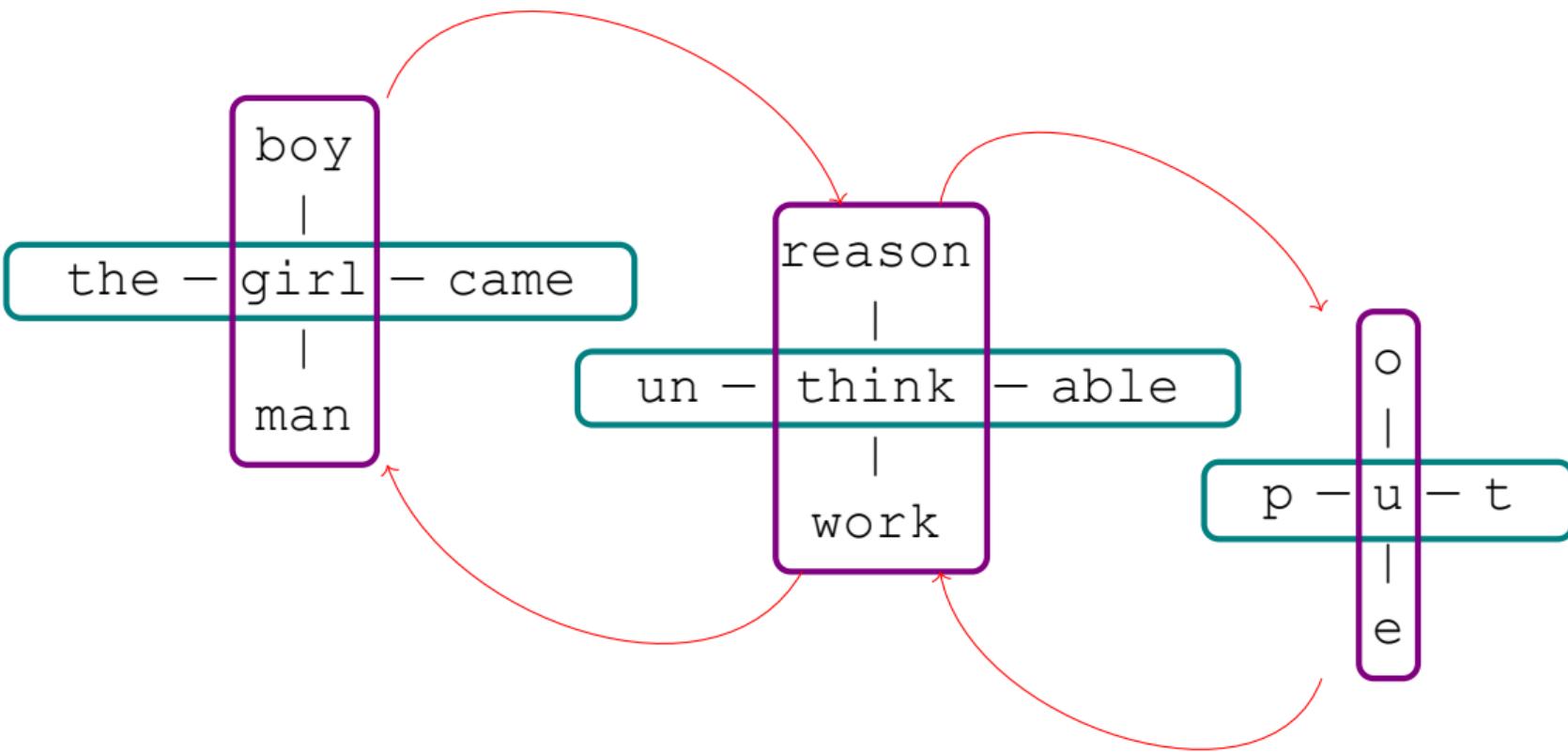
(Hjelmslev, 1971)

# Syntagmes et Paradigmes



(Hjelmslev, 1971)





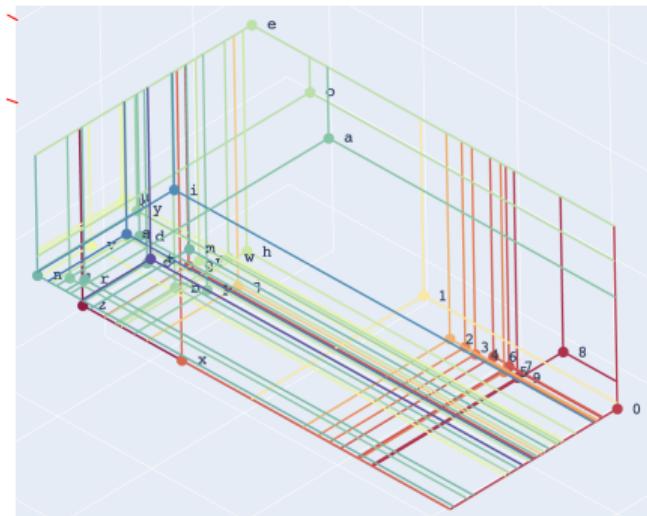
## Axe 2: Objectifs

Unités  
Classes  
Relations

Sémantique  
Syntaxe  
Morphologie  
Phonologie



Structure



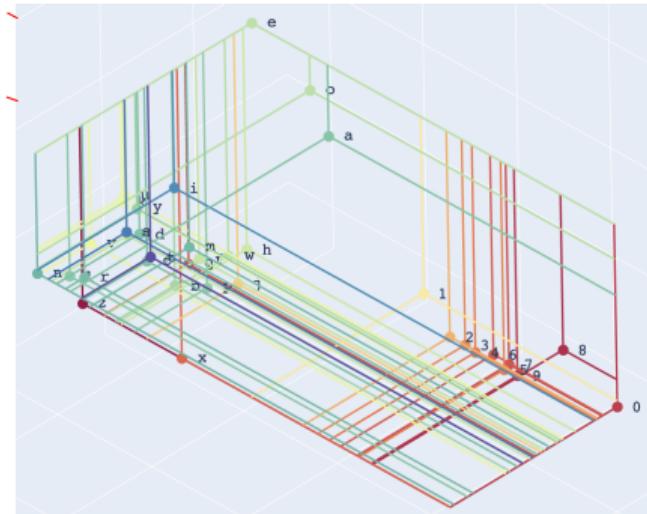
## Axe 2: Objectifs

Unités  
Classes  
Relations

Sémantique  
Syntaxe  
Morphologie  
Phonologie

	o	a	e	u	ø	i	ɛ	ɔ	ɑ	ɔ̄	f	ʃ	k	χ	g	ʒ	m	p	v	b	n	s	θ	t	z	ð	d	h	ɹ	#
1. Vocalic/Non-vocalic	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2. Consonantal/Non-consonantal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
3. Compact/Diffuse	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
4. Grave/Acute	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
5. Flat/Plain	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
6. Nasal/Oral	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
7. Tense/Lax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
8. Continuant/Interrupted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
9. Strident/Mellow	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

(Jakobson et al., 1952)



## Compétences interdisciplinaires

- ◊ Doctorats en Philo et en Info (en cours)
- ◊ Publications en Philo, Info et Maths  
(Phil&Tech, Minds and Machines, Synthese)  
(ACL, ICLR, ICML, AMS)
- ◊ Conférences invitées  
Montréal, NYC, Cambridge, Montpellier,  
Singapour (6 derniers mois)  
Venice (keynote), Dagstuhl (2 mois prochains)

## Gestion de la recherche

- ◊ Directeur du Dép. de Rech. (MO.CO.ESBA)
- ◊ Directeur executif du Turing Center (ETH)
- ◊ Marie Skłodowska-Curie Fellow
- ◊ Projet "Human Forms"  
(soumis à E. Schmidt Foundation)
- ◊ Cluster "Foundations of AI"  
(CUNY, Simons Foundation)

## Participation dans la communauté scientifique

- ◊ (Vice)-Président de HaPoC
- ◊ Évaluateur pour Horizon Europe (MSCA)
- ◊ Reviewer (Nature SR, Phil&Tech, HSSC, ACL)

## Enseignement et encadrement

- ◊ Enseignement interdisciplinaire international  
(Argentine, France, Tchéquie, Suisse)
- ◊ Encadrement d'étudiants  
en Philosophie, Informatique, Art (L, M)

## LIPN, UMR 7030 (Paris)

- ◊ Équipe LoCal (Logique et Calcul)
- ◊ Accent sur les **fondements**  
(théorie des types, théorie de catégories, TAL)
- ◊ Rapprochement de différentes équipes  
(eg. axe "Sc. des données")
- ◊ Forte interdisciplinarité  
(santé, linguistique, physique, philosophie)

## LIRMM, UMR 5506 (Montpellier)

- ◊ Équipe **TEXTE** (Exploration et exploitation de données textuelles)
- ◊ Accent sur les **applications**  
(grammaires catégorielles, TAL, th. des types)
- ◊ Activités **transversales**  
(eg. axe "IA et Sc. des données")
- ◊ Forte interdisciplinarité  
(projet Muse: "Nourrir, Soigner, Protéger")

## Dans les deux cas

- ◊ Collaboration et contact avec des membres et la direction
- ◊ Intégration des aspects **épistémologiques** et **sociétaux** dans la recherche
- ◊ Présentation de mon travail aux équipes

# Références I

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CNRS - Concours chercheurs 2025  
CR Section 53 - Concours n° 53/03

*Épistémologie des modèles distributionnels de langage  
par apprentissage machine*  
Explicabilité formelle et interprétabilité théorique

Juan Luis Gastaldi

[http://www.jlgastaldi.com/assets/gastaldi\\_cnrs\\_cr.pdf](http://www.jlgastaldi.com/assets/gastaldi_cnrs_cr.pdf)



# De l'algèbre linéaire aux catégories

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 X & \xrightarrow{M_x} & \mathbb{R}^Y \\
 \downarrow & \nearrow M^* & \uparrow \\
 \mathbb{R}^X & \xleftarrow{M_y} & Y
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 C & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{M}_c} & (\text{Set}^D)^{\text{op}} \\
 \downarrow \text{Yoneda} & \nearrow \mathcal{M}^* & \uparrow \text{Yoneda} \\
 \text{Set}^{C^{\text{op}}} & \xleftarrow{\mathcal{M}_d} & D
 \end{array}$$

$$M_* M^*: \mathbb{R}^X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^X$$

$$M^* M_*: \mathbb{R}^Y \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^Y$$

$$M_* M^* u_i = \lambda_i u_i$$

$$M^* M_* v_i = \lambda_i v_i$$

$$\mathcal{M}_* \mathcal{M}^*: \text{Set}^{C^{\text{op}}} \rightarrow \text{Set}^{C^{\text{op}}}$$

$$\mathcal{M}^* \mathcal{M}_*: (\text{Set}^D)^{\text{op}} \rightarrow (\text{Set}^D)^{\text{op}}$$

$$\text{Fix}(\mathcal{M}_* \mathcal{M}^*) := \{f \in \text{Set}^{C^{\text{op}}} \mid \mathcal{M}_* \mathcal{M}^*(f) \cong f\}$$

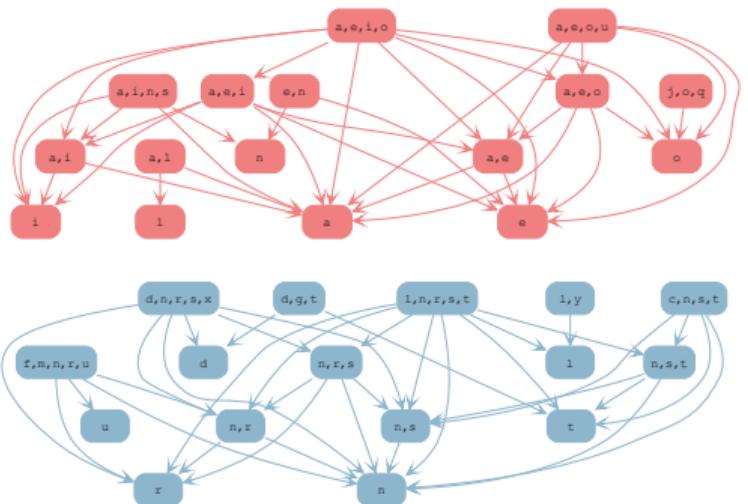
$$\text{Fix}(\mathcal{M}^* \mathcal{M}_*) := \{g \in (\text{Set}^D)^{\text{op}} \mid \mathcal{M}^* \mathcal{M}_*(g) \cong g\}$$

# Structures catégoriques

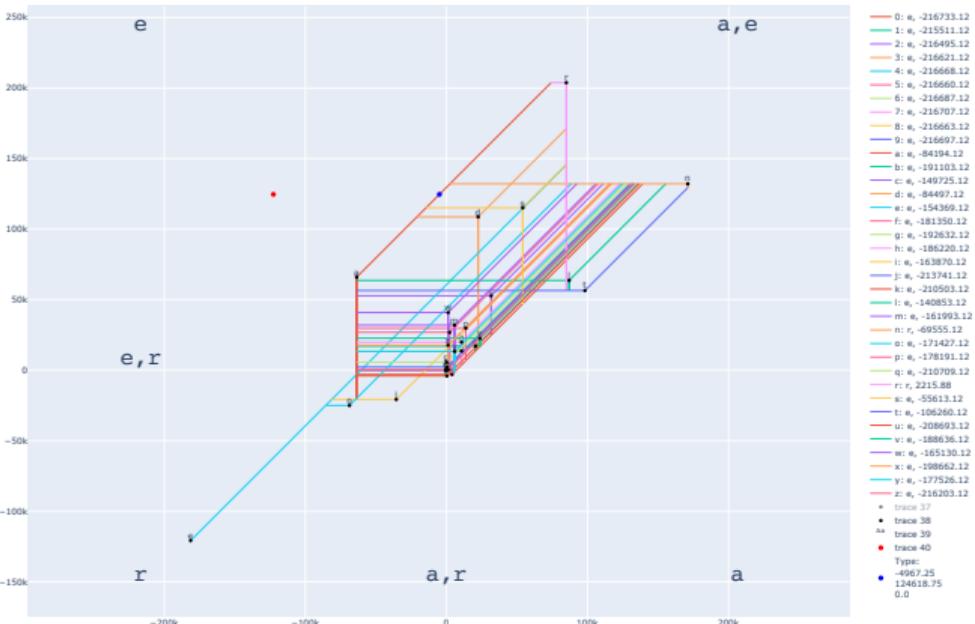
## Algèbre linéaire



$$\mathcal{M}^*: \mathbf{2}^{\mathbf{C}^{\text{op}}} \leftrightarrows (\mathbf{2}^{\mathbf{D}})^{\text{op}}: \mathcal{M}_*$$



$$\mathcal{M}^*: \bar{\mathbb{R}}^{\mathbf{C}^{\text{op}}} \leftrightarrows (\bar{\mathbb{R}}^{\mathbf{D}})^{\text{op}}: \mathcal{M}_*$$



# Théorie des types computationnels

## Definition (Polaire/Orthogonal - Girard, 2006)

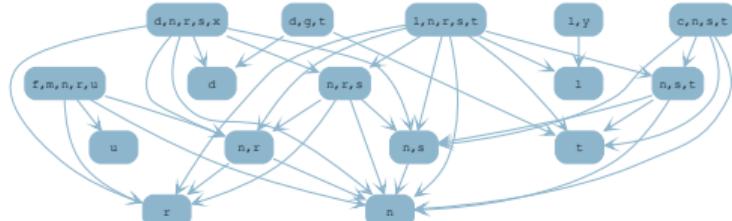
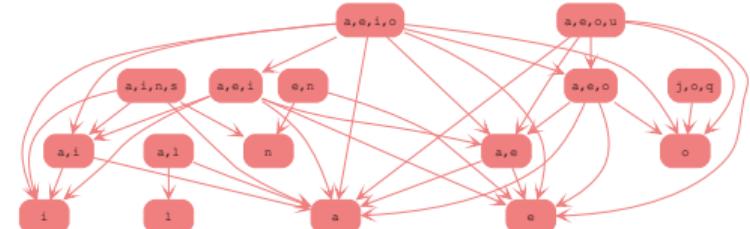
[É]tant donnée une fonction binaire

$a, b \rightsquigarrow \langle a|b \rangle : A \times B \rightarrow C$  et un sous-ensemble  $P \subset C$  (le « pôle »), on peut définir le *polaire*  $X^\perp \subset B$  d'un sous-ensemble  $X \subset A$  (resp.  $Y^\perp \subset A$  d'un sous-ensemble  $Y \subset B$ ) par :

$$X^\perp := \{y \in B : \forall x \in X, \langle a|b \rangle \in P\}$$

$$Y^\perp := \{x \in A : \forall y \in Y, \langle a|b \rangle \in P\}$$

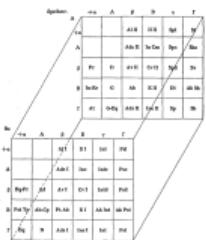
- ◊ L'application « polaire » est décroissante:  $X \subset X' \Rightarrow X'^\perp \subset X^\perp$ .
- ◊ L'ensemble  $\text{Pol}(A) \subset \mathcal{P}(A)$  des ensembles *polaires*, i.e., de la forme  $Y^\perp$ , est stable par intersections arbitraires. En particulier,  $A$  est polaire et  $X^{\perp\perp}$  est le plus petit ensemble polaire contenant  $X$ .
- ◊ En conséquence,  $X^{\perp\perp\perp} = X^\perp$ .



# Axe 2: Interprétabilité théorique

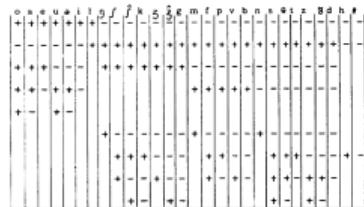
## Hypothèse distributionnelle

Le contenu des unités linguistiques est déterminé par leur distribution dans un corpus.

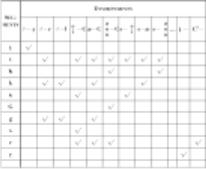


(Hjelmslev, 1935)

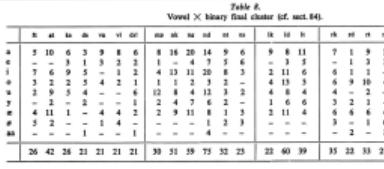
1. Vocalic/Non-vocalic
2. Consonantal/Non-consonantal
3. Compact/Diffuse
4. Grave/Acute
5. Flat/Plain
6. Nasal/Oral
7. Tense/Lax
8. Continuant/interrupted
9. Strident/Mellow



(Jakobson et al., 1952)



(Harris, 1960)



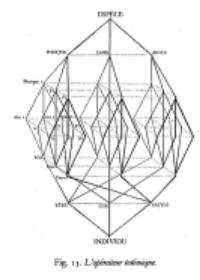
(Spang-Hanssen, 1959)

## Hypothèse structurale

Le contenu linguistique est l'effet d'une structure virtuelle dérivée des pratiques linguistiques dans une communauté.

Répondeur	Famille	Éducation	Condition sociale	Faculté
Père	+	+	-	
Mère, infirmier	+	+	+	10
Frères	+	+	+	
Mère de la femme	+	+	+	
Frère de la femme, époux	+	+	+	
Ami (intime)	+	+	0	
Chef	+	+	+	
Président	+	+	+	
Ministre de l'Intérieur	+	+	+	
Médecin	+	+	+	
Directeur	+	+	+	
Directrice	+	+	+	
Président du Conseil	+	+	+	
Présidente du Conseil	+	+	+	
King	+	-	-	

(Lévi-Strauss, 1949)



(Lévi-Strauss, 1962)



(Bourdieu, 1979)



(Foucault, 1966)

Figure IIIb: Keyword self-organization considered as a partial whole\*



(Latour et al., 2012)



(Bourdieu, 1994)

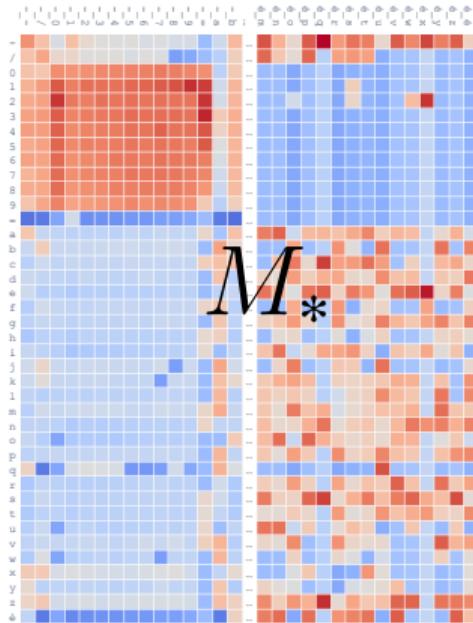
# Axe 1: Objectifs

- ◊ Short Term
  - ◊ Systematizing, Formalizing, and Testing
  - ◊ Enriching Over  $\bar{\mathbb{R}}$
  - ◊ Defining a Product over the Nucleus
- ◊ Medium Term
  - ◊ Characterizing Tokenization from a Structural Standpoint
  - ◊ Scaling for Real World Data
- ◊ Long Term
  - ◊ Assessment of state-of-the-art DNN language models in the light of the proposed formal framework (performance and efficiency comparison, limit properties, verification guarantees).
  - ◊ Exploration of other base categories and measures.
  - ◊ Further optimization.
  - ◊ Development of software packages and a usable integrated software framework for the scientific community.

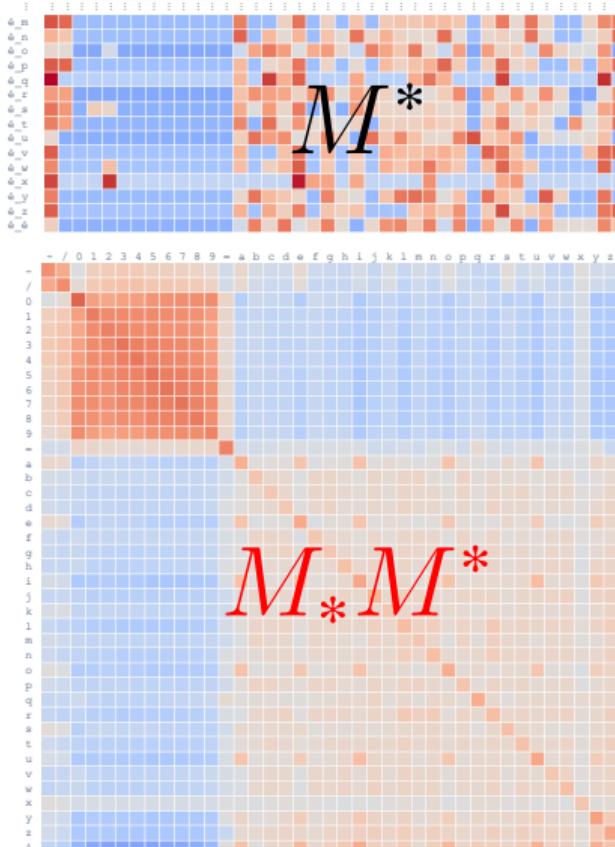
## Axe 2: Objectifs

- ◊ Short Term
  - ◊ Characterizing Epistemological Stakes through a Historical Lens
  - ◊ Interpreting Paradigms as Types
  - ◊ Addressing Semantic Aspects
- ◊ Medium Term
  - ◊ Revisiting the Theory of Distinctive Features and Exploring Possible Extensions
  - ◊ Studying the Syntactic properties of the Nucleus' compositional Structure
- ◊ Long Term
  - ◊ The study of pragmatic limits to the formal content captured by the set of types definable through a structural analysis of linguistic data.
  - ◊ The evaluation of the effects on ML models of the bias towards written language.
  - ◊ The assessment of other classically structuralist principles such as segmentation and double patterning.
  - ◊ A critique of the Symbolist-Connectionist debate in light of the results established in this program.
  - ◊ The exploration of possible applications of the framework proposed to non-linguistic data (sounds, images, formal languages, etc.)
  - ◊ The study of the conditions for the generalization of the use of the model proposed across scientific disciplines, specially in the Social Sciences and the Humanities.

# $M_* M^*$ comme matrice de covariance



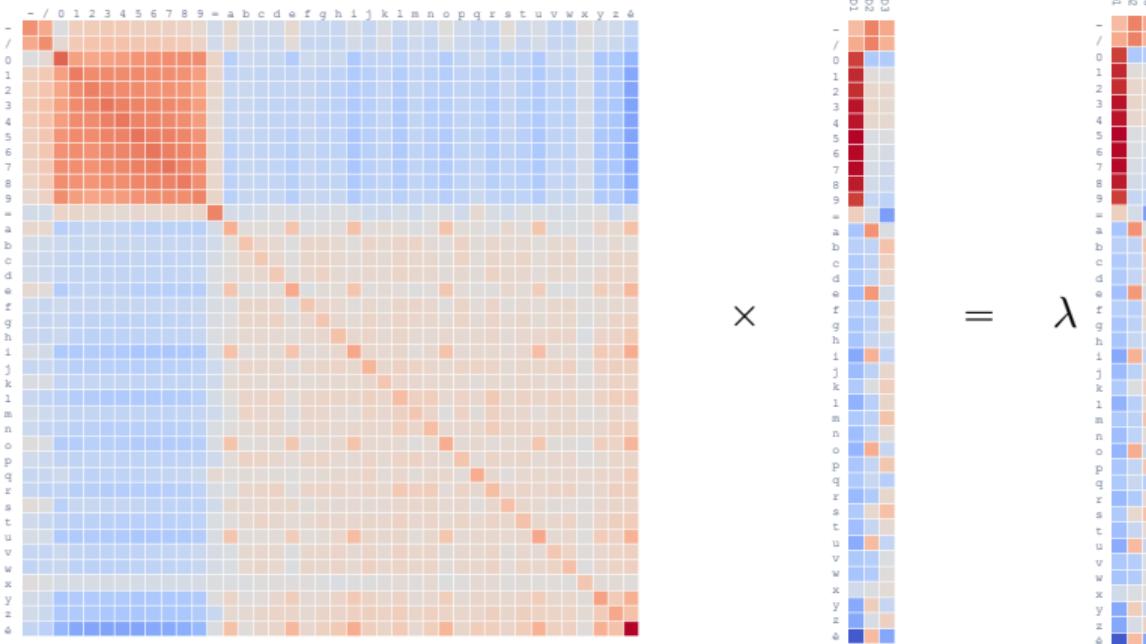
$M_*$



$M_* M^*$

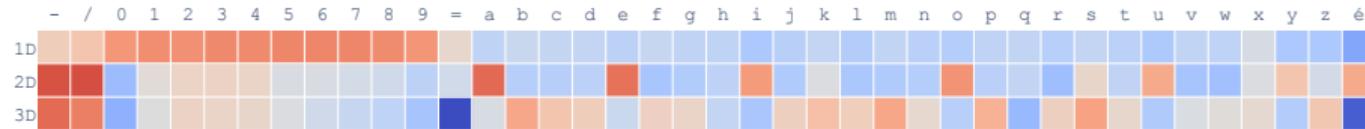
# Vecteurs propres comme points fixes

$$M_* M^* u = \lambda u$$

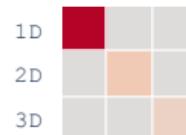


# Traits structuraux

Eigenvectors of  $M_* M^*$ :



Eigenvalues of  $M_* M^*$  and  $M^* M_*$ :

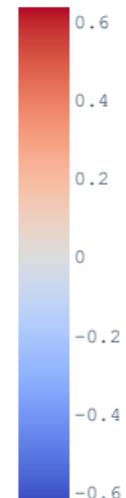


Eigenvectors of  $M^* M_*$ :



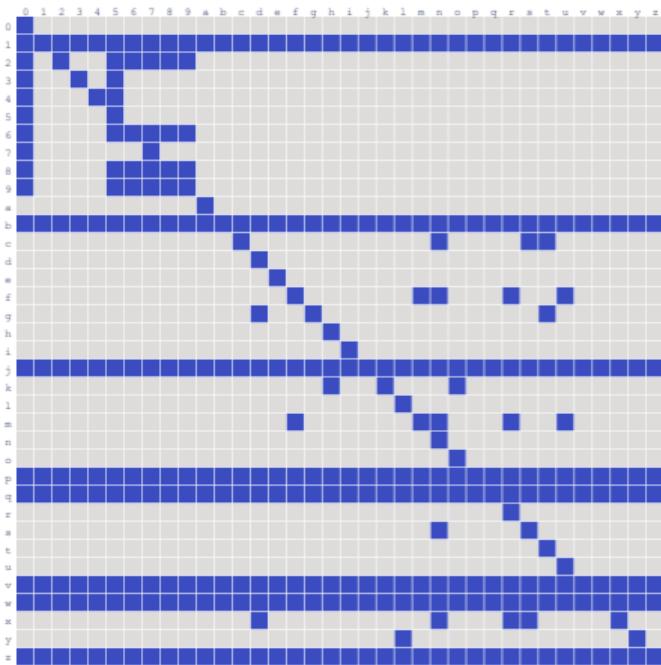
# Mots

	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
D 1	church	university	field	house	centre	...	held	used	offered	found	made
D 2	use	leave	keep	buy	meet	...	boy	club	sun	uk	hotel
D 3	show	boy	project	move	play	...	production	size	interests	activities	nature
D 4	used	expected	made	considered	allowed	...	london	europe	scotland	france	england
D 5	used	expected	food	water	england	...	during	couple	under	series	lot
D 6	perhaps	indeed	under	during	in	...	cup	bit	series	couple	lot
D 7	difficult	hard	easy	necessary	close	...	won	gave	started	saw	took
D 8	europe	scotland	england	france	lot	...	middle	want	needs	army	could
D 9	wish	tried	seem	seemed	began	...	received	established	won	published	produced
D 10	10	15	20	30	3	...	from	on	black	into	through



# Points fixes booléens

$$M_i^* M_*^i \textcolor{blue}{d} = d$$



★



?  $\equiv$



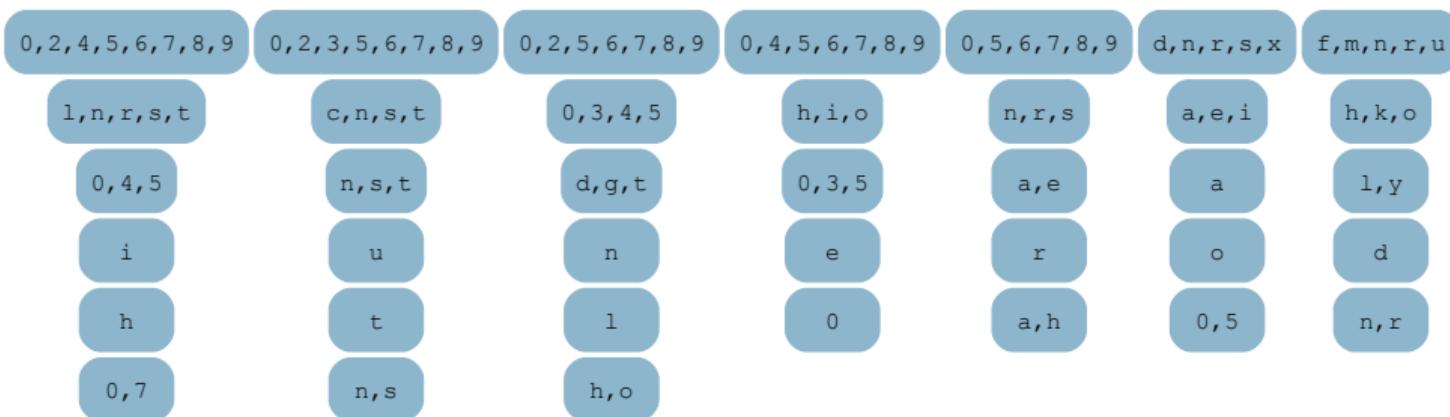
# “Eigensets”

$$\mathcal{M}_*\mathcal{M}^*f = f$$

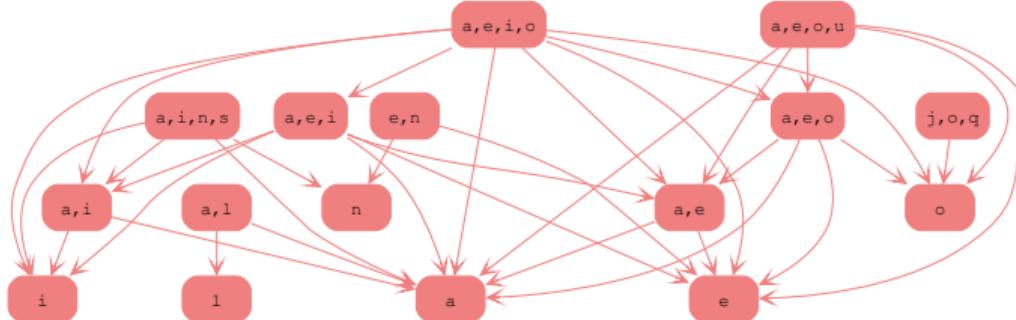
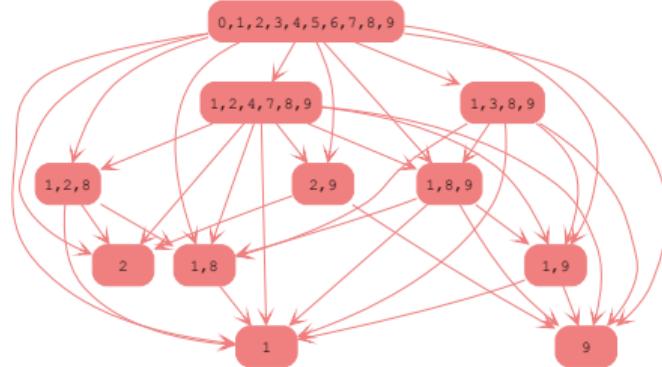
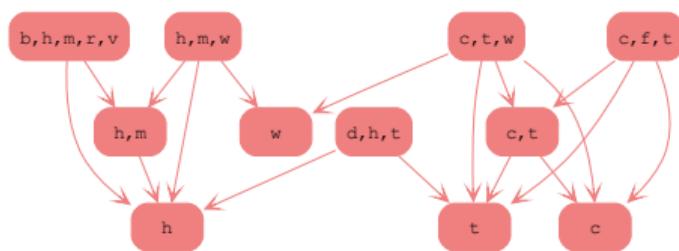
$0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9$	$1,2,4,7,8,9$	$b,h,m,r,v$	$a,e,i,o$	$a,e,o,u$	$a,i,n,s$	$1,3,8,9$
$1,2,8$	$h,m,w$	$1,8,9$	$d,h,t$	$j,o,q$	$c,f,t$	$c,t,w$
$a,e,o$	$a,e,i$	$h,m$	$2,9$	$a,i$	$w$	$1,9$
$1,8$	$a,e$	$l$	$t$	$n$	$c$	$h$
$2$	$i$	$e$	$a$	$o$	$1$	$9$
$e,n$	$a,l$	$c,t$				

# “Eigensets”

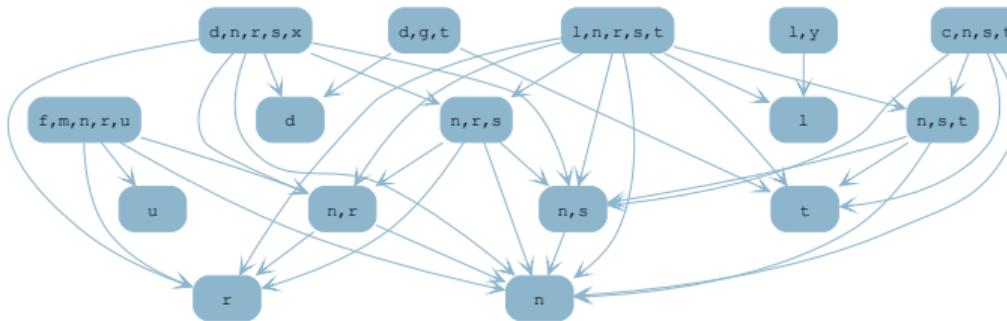
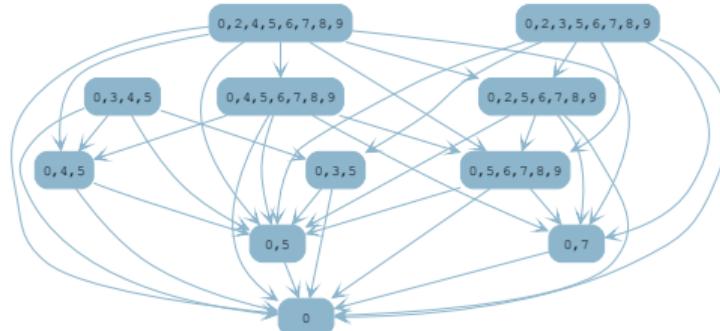
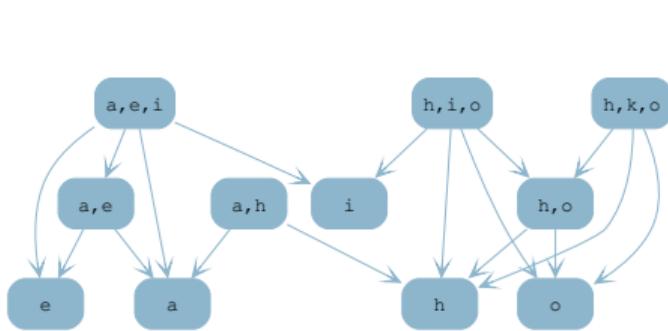
$$M_i^* M_*^i \mathbf{d} = \mathbf{d}$$



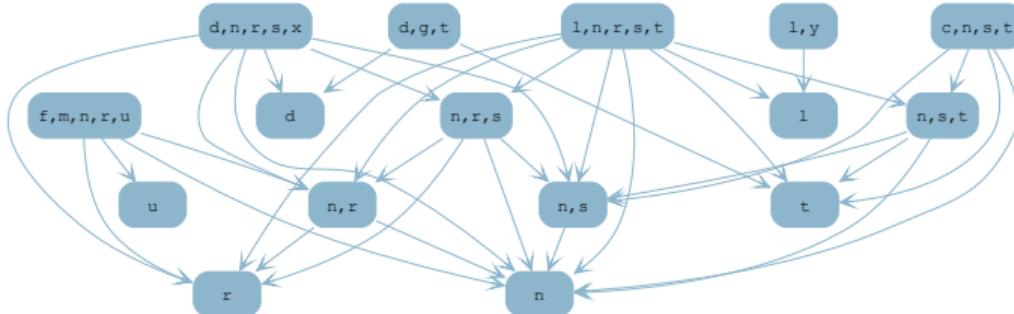
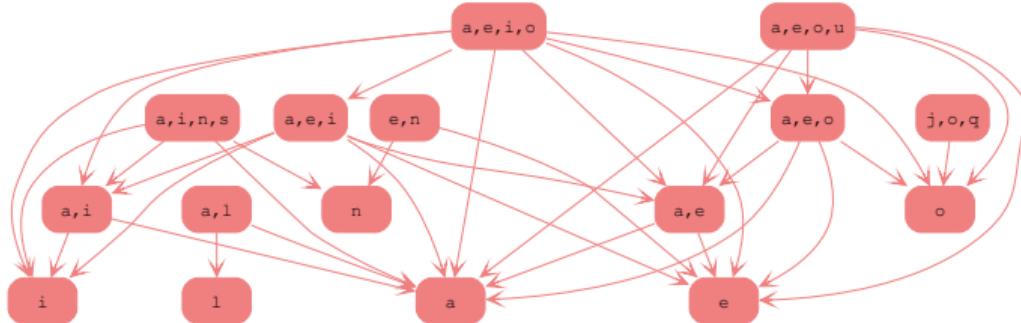
# Quelle Structure?



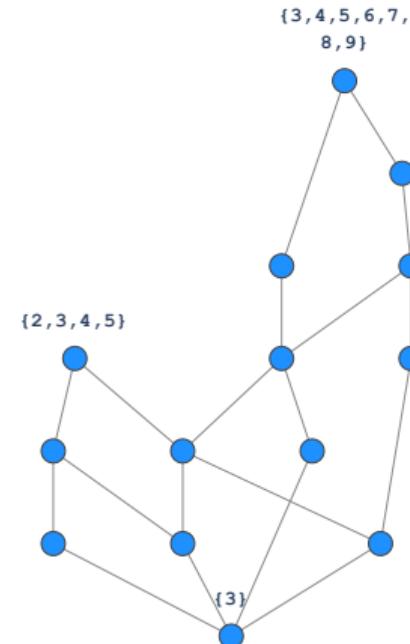
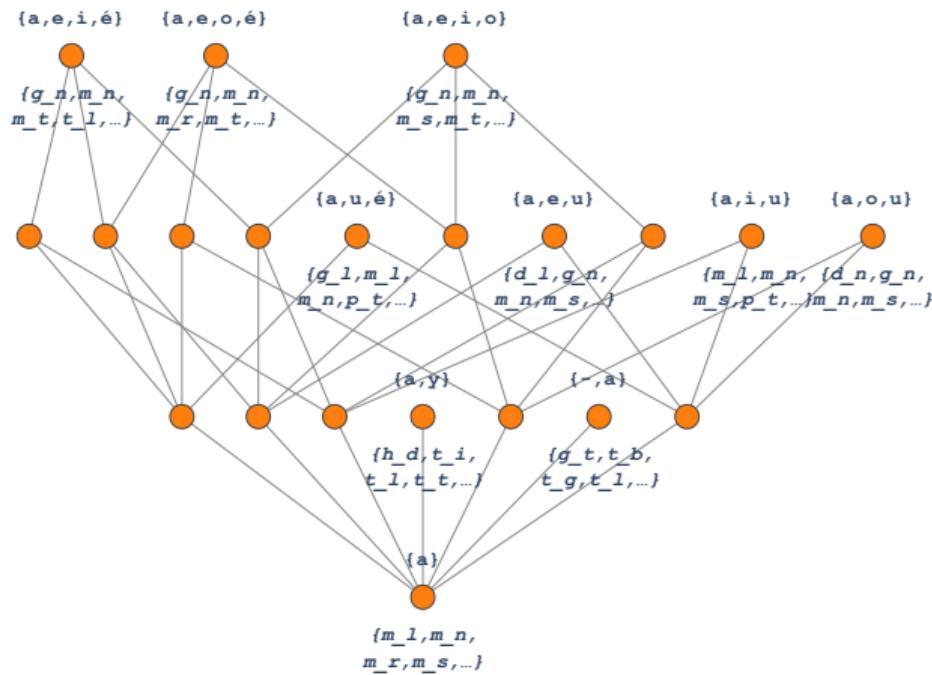
# Quelle Structure?



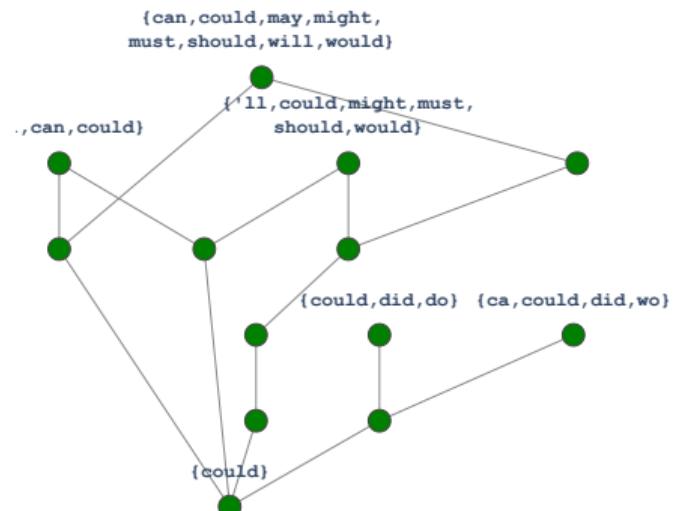
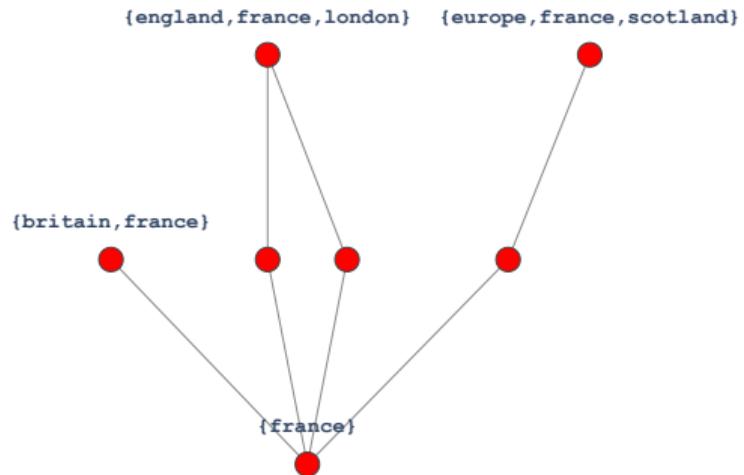
# Quelle Structure?



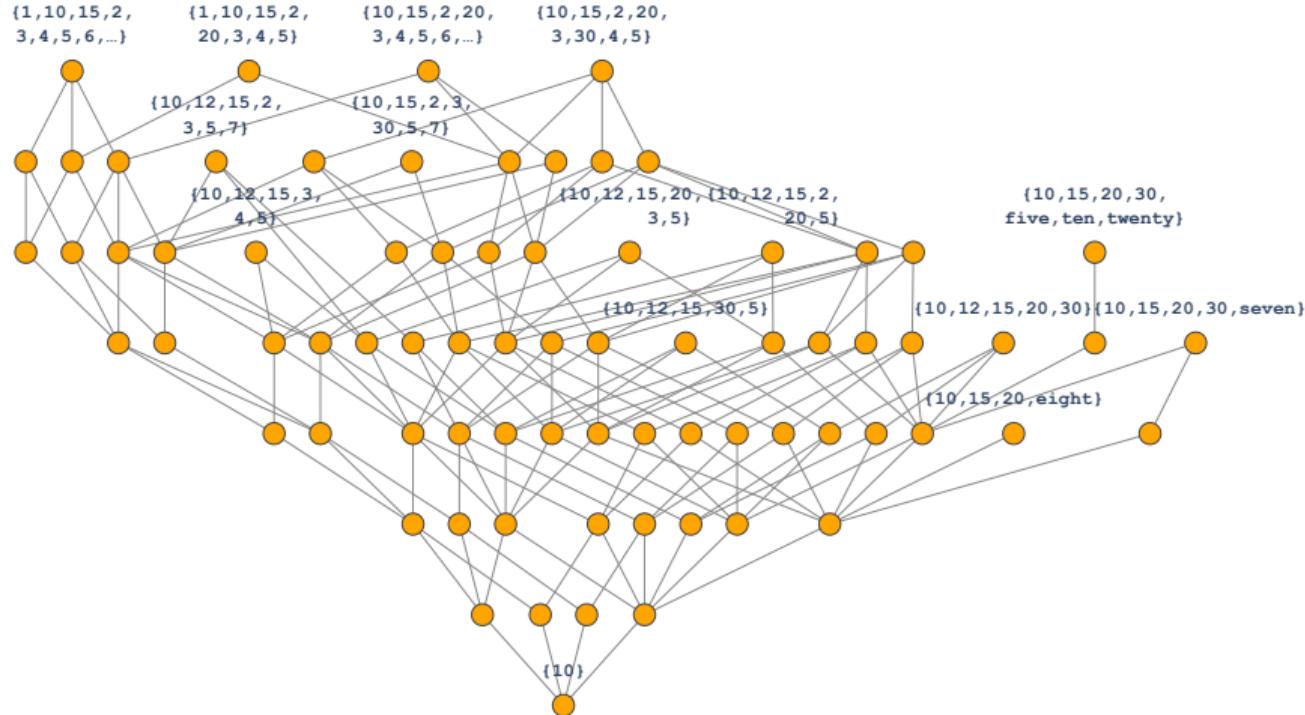
# Concepts formels



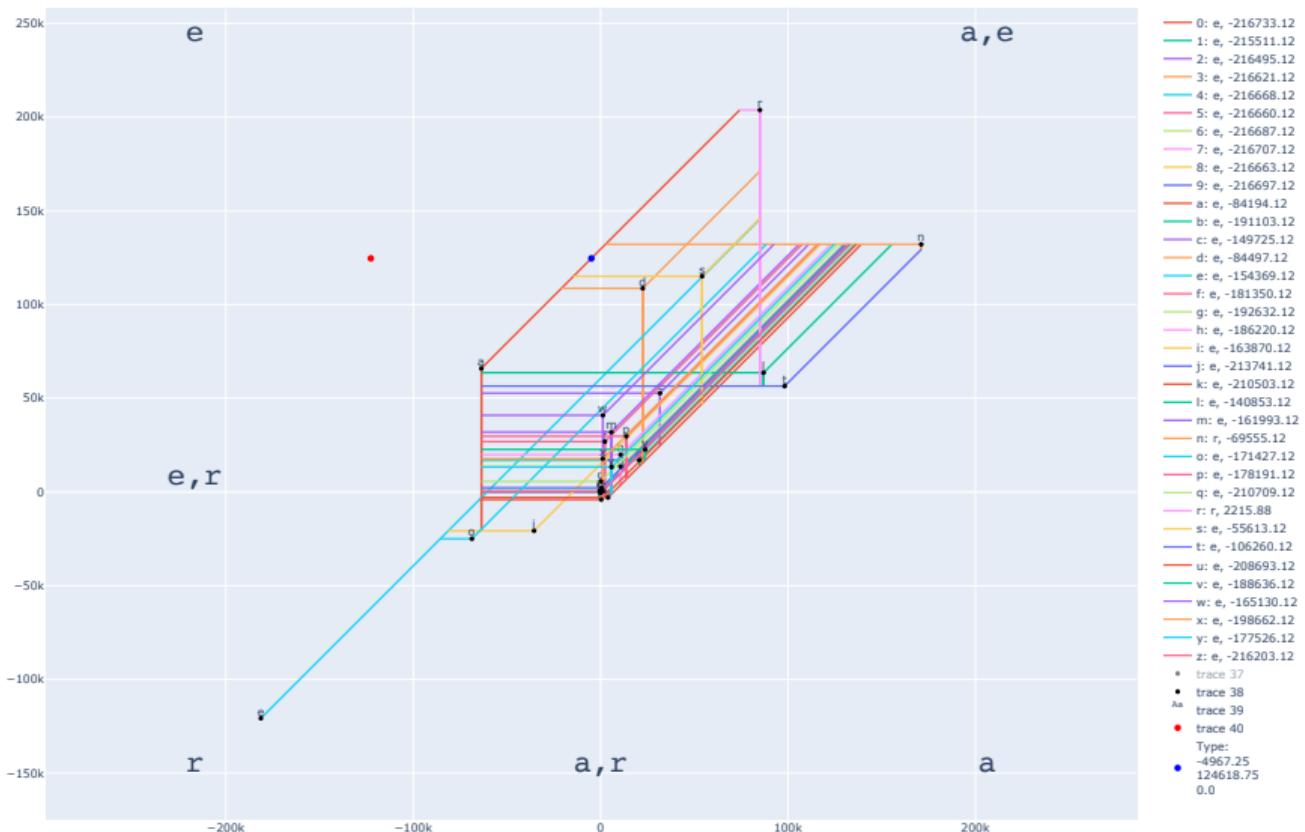
# Concepts formels (mots)



# Concepts formels (mots)



# Structure interne du noyau



# Matrice et analogie

a = your  
c = my

w = apartment  
x = house  
y = chair  
z = stool

your : house  
my : apartment

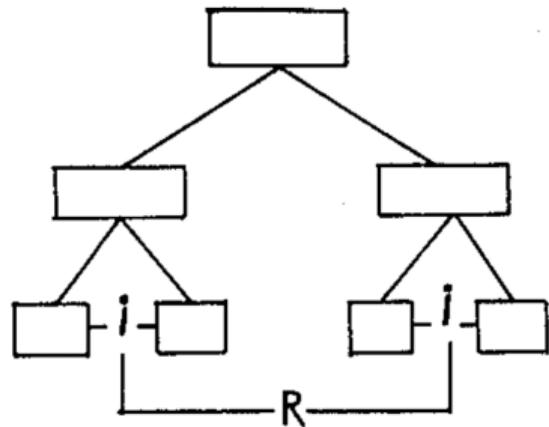
	...	w	x	y	z	...
...	...	0	0	0	0	...
a	...	0	1	1	0	...
b	...	0	0	1	1	...
c	...	1	0	0	1	...
...	...	0	0	0	0	...

Une **sémiotique** [...] est une hiérarchie dont chacune des composantes admet une analyse ultérieure en classes définies par relation mutuelle, de telle sorte que chacune de ces classes admette une analyse en dérivés définis par mutation mutuelle.

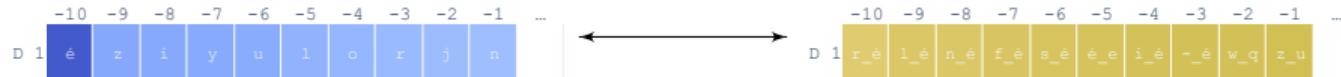
(Hjelmslev, 1975, Df. 24)

Une **mutation** [...] est une fonction existant entre des dérivés du premier degré d'une seule et même classe, une fonction qui a une relation à une fonction entre d'autres dérivés de premier degré d'une seule et même classe et appartenant au même rang.

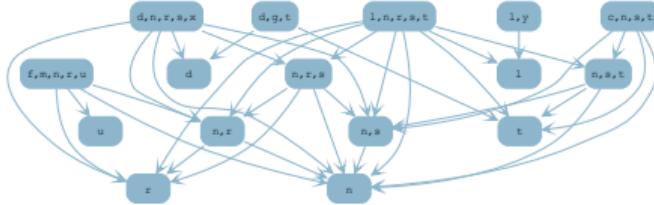
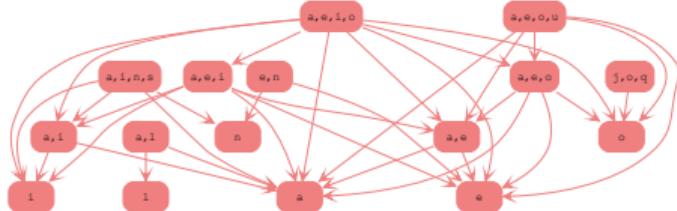
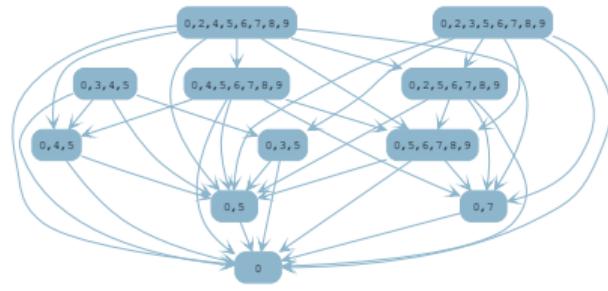
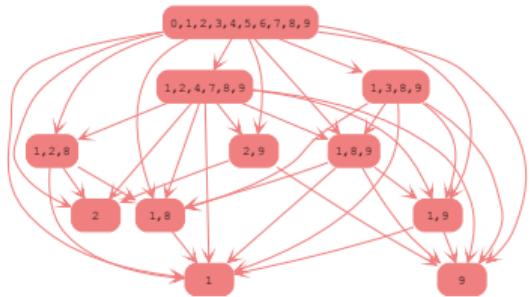
(Hjelmslev, 1975, Df. 23)



## Syntagmatique et Texte (Vecteurs)



# Syntagmatique et Texte (Noyau/Types)



# Paradigmatique et Langue (Vecteurs)

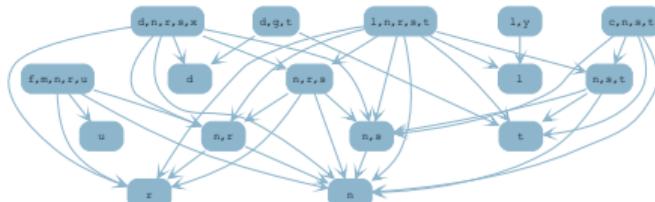
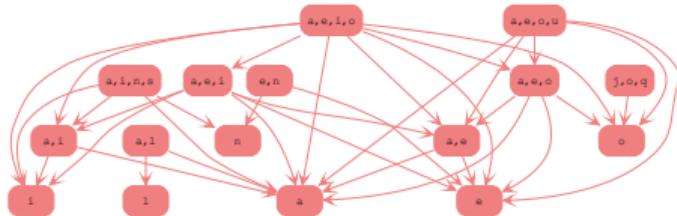
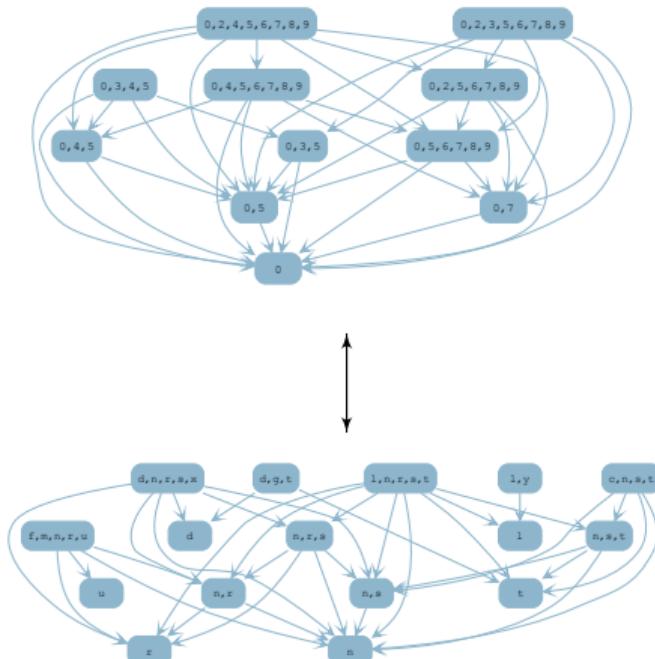
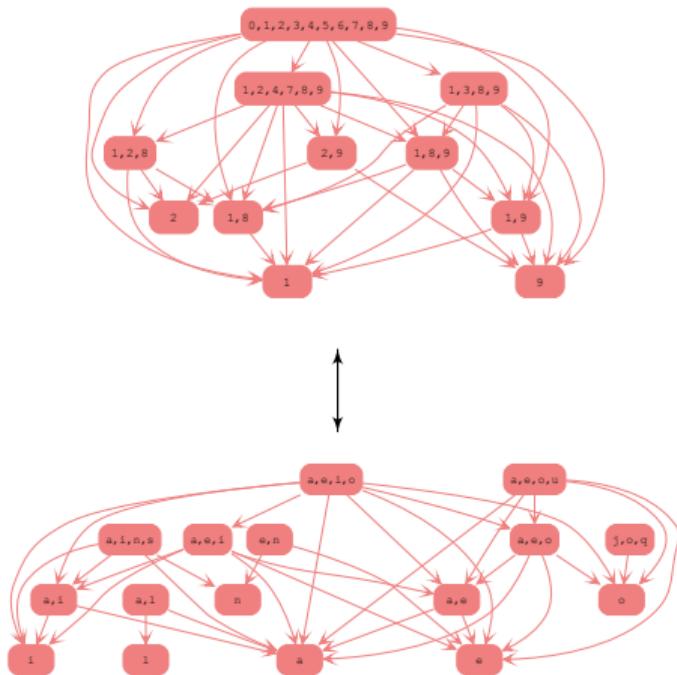
-10	-9	-8	-7	-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	...
D 1	é	z	i	y	u	l	o	r	j	n
...	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	0	9	2	1	8	4	3	7	6	5

-10	-9	-8	-7	-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	...
D 1	x_é	l_é	n_é	f_é	s_é	e_é	i_é	u_é	w_q	z_u
...	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	=_9	=_6	7_-9	9_-9	=_5	9_-5	9_-7	9_-6	9_-8	9_0

0	r	w	v	f	l	j	m	g	n	...
D 2	3	y	u	é	i	o	e	a	-	/
	z	p	f	m	g	t_g	é_m	z_m	z_g	z_q

0_é	5_é	8_é	-_é	2_é	u_é	=_o	9_é	4_é	7_é	...
D 2	d_m	z_p	z_f	k_m	r_g	t_g	é_m	z_m	z_g	z_q
	z	p	f	m	g	t_g	é_m	z_m	z_g	z_q

# Paradigmatique et Langue (Noyau/Types)



# Illustration du contenu formel

(Gastaldi and Pellissier, 2021)

## Characteristic Content

```
{cat, dog, spider,  
gavagai}
```

Atomic Type

## Syntactic Content

"the gavagai is on the  
mat"

Profunctor Nucleus

## Informational Content

```
{cat:0.059%,  
dog:0.012%,  
spider:0.009%  
gavagai:0.000%}
```

Probability Distribution