Assignment No. 3

3.1 Title

Apply a-priori algorithm to find frequently occurring items from given data and generate strong association rules using support and confidence thresholds.

3.2 Problem Definition:

Market Basket Analysis

3.3 Prerequisite:

Basic Concepts of ETL

3.4 Software Requirements:

Rapid Miner

3.5 Hardware Requirement:

PIV, 2GB RAM, 500 GB HDD, Lenovo A13-4089Model.

3.6 Learning Objectives:

Model associations between products by determining sets of items frequently purchased together and building association rules to derive recommendations.

3.7 Outcomes:

Create association rules which can be used for product recommendations depending on the confidences of the rules

3.8 Theory Concepts:

3.8.1 Association rule for mining:

- Proposed by R Agrawal and R Srikant in 1994.
- It is an important data mining model studied extensively by the database and data mining community.
- Assume all data are categorical.
- Initially used for Market Basket Analysis to find how items purchased by customers are related.

3.8.2 The Apriori algorithm:

- The best known algorithm
- Two steps:
 - Find all item sets that have minimum support (frequent item sets, also called large item sets).
 - It Create Association rule with support and Confidence.
 - E.g. if we buy tooth brush: it suggest Colgate and tongue cleaner

3.9 Data Set

T-Id	Item Set
T-1000	M,O,N,K,E,Y
T-1001	D,O,N,K,E,Y
T-1002	M,A,K,E
T-1003	M,U,C,K,Y
T-1004	C,O,O,K,E

Table 3.1: Data Set

Given: Minimum **Support** = 60% Minimum **Confidence** = 80%

Now find support count of each item set

Item Set	Support Count
M	3
0	4
N	2
Е	4
Y	3
D	1
A	1
U	1
С	2
K	5

Table 3.2: Candidate Table C1

- Now find out minimum Support
- Support = 60/100*5

=3

- Where 5 is Number of entry
- Compare Min Support with each item set

Item Set	Support Count
M	3
0	4
K	5
Е	4
Y	3

Table 3.3: L1 Support Count

Item Set	Support Count
MO	1
MK	3
ME	2
MY	2
OK	3
OE	3
OY	2
KE	4
KY	3
EY	2

Table 3.4: Candidate Table C2

• Now again Compare C2 with Min Support 3

Item Set	Support Count
MK	3
OK	3
OE	3
KE	4
KY	3

Table 3.5: L2 Support Count

- After satisfied minimum support criteria
- Make Pair to generate C3

Item Set	Support count
M,K,O	1
M,K,E	2
M,K,Y	2
O,K,E	3
O,K,Y	2

Table 3.6: Candidate Table C3

Now again compare the item set with min support 3

Item Set	Support Count
O,K,E	3

Table 3.7: L3 Support Count

Now create association rule with support and Confidence for {O,K,E}

• Confidence = Support/No. of time it Occurs

Association Rule	Support	Confidence	Confidence (%)
$O \wedge K \Rightarrow E$	3	3/3 = 1	1*100=100
$O \wedge E \Rightarrow K$	3	3/3 = 1	1*100=100
$K \wedge E \Rightarrow O$	3	3/4 = 0.75	0.75*100=75
E⇒ O ^ K	3	3/4 = 0.75	0.75*100=75
K⇒ O^E	3	3/5 = 0.6	0.6*100=60
O⇒ K ^ E	3	3/4 = 0.75	0.75*100=75

Table 3.8: Association Rule

• Compare this with Minimum Confidence=80%

Rule	Support	Confidence
$O \wedge K \Rightarrow E$	3	100
$O \wedge E \Rightarrow K$	3	100

Table 3.9: Support and Confidence

Hence final Association rule are

$$\{O \land K \Rightarrow E\}$$

$$\{O \land E \Rightarrow K\}$$

- From first observation we predict that if the customer buy item O and item K then defiantly he will by item E
- From Second observation we predict that the customer buy item O and item E then defiantly he will by item K.

3.10 Market Basket Analysis using Rapid Miner

Rapid Miner is a data science software platform developed by the company of the same name that provides an integrated environment for data preparation, machine learning, deep learning, text mining, and predictive analytics. It is used for business and commercial applications as well as for research, education, training, rapid prototyping, and application development and supports all steps of the machine learning process including data preparation, results visualization, model validation and optimization Rapid Miner is developed on an open core model. The Rapid Miner Studio Free Edition, which is limited to 1 logical processor and 10,000 data rows, is available under the AGPL license.

Commercial pricing starts at \$2,500 and is available from the developer.

MARKET BASKET ANALYSIS

Model associations between products by determining sets of items frequently purchased together and building association rules to derive recommendations.

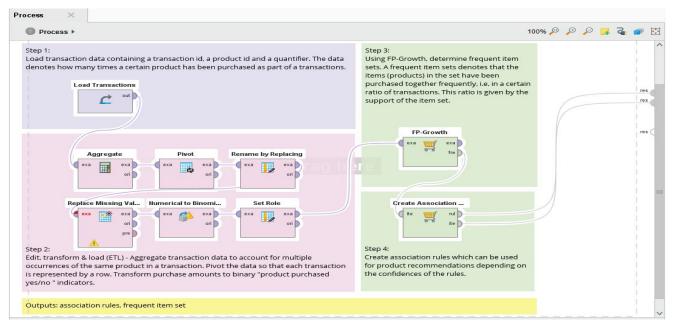


Figure 3.1: MARKET BASKET ANALYSIS

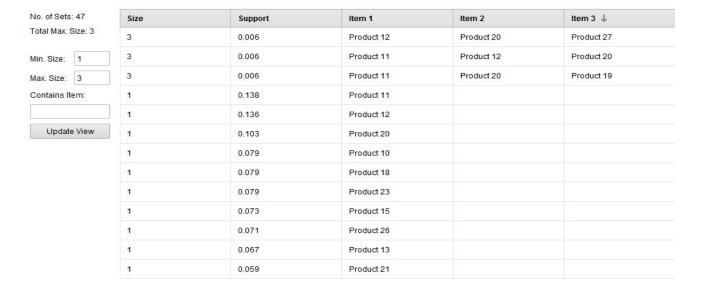


Figure 3.2: Frequent Item Sets (FP Growth)

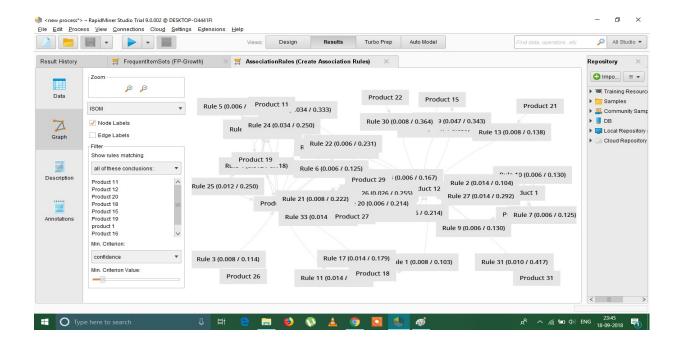


Figure 3.2: Full Association

3.11 Conclusion

Thus we learn that to find frequently occurring items from given data and generate strong association rules using support and confidence thresholds using a-priori algorithm

References:-

https://docs.rapidminer.com/downloads/RapidMiner-v6-user-manual.pdf