

vignetteSurvivalTimes

2022-11-10

Survival times outcomes.

first we make a training set.

For simulating new censored survival times we need more than one probability, we use the baselinehazard, stored in the plpModel, we also need a model for the censoring. First we make the traing set.

```
plpData <- PatientLevelPrediction::loadPlpData(
  "~/R/internshipErasmusMC/simulate-new-patients-outcomes/plp_democox/Data" )

populationSettings <- PatientLevelPrediction::createStudyPopulationSettings(
  binary = TRUE,
  includeAllOutcomes = FALSE,
  firstExposureOnly = FALSE,
  washoutPeriod = 180,
  removeSubjectsWithPriorOutcome = FALSE,
  priorOutcomeLookback = 99999,
  requireTimeAtRisk = TRUE,
  minTimeAtRisk = 1,
  riskWindowStart = 1,
  startAnchor = 'cohort start',
  riskWindowEnd = 7300,
  endAnchor = 'cohort start'
)
executeSettings <- PatientLevelPrediction::createExecuteSettings(
  runSplitData = TRUE,
  runSampleData = FALSE,
  runfeatureEngineering = FALSE,
  runPreprocessData = TRUE,
  runModelDevelopment = TRUE,
  runCovariateSummary = TRUE
)
splitSettings <- PatientLevelPrediction::createDefaultSplitSetting(
  testFraction = 0.25,
  trainFraction = 0.75,
  splitSeed = 123,
  nfold = 3,
  type = 'stratified'
)
sampleSettings <- PatientLevelPrediction::createSampleSettings(
  type = 'none'
```

```

)
featureEngineeringSettings <-
  PatientLevelPrediction::createFeatureEngineeringSettings(
    type = 'none'
  )
preprocessSettings <- PatientLevelPrediction::createPreprocessSettings(
  minFraction = 0,
  normalize = TRUE,
  removeRedundancy = TRUE
)
TrainingSet <- PlasmodeSim::MakeTraingSet(
  plpData = plpData,
  executeSettings = executeSettings,
  populationSettings = populationSettings,
  splitSettings = splitSettings,
  sampleSettings = sampleSettings,
  preprocessSettings = preprocessSettings,
  featureEngineeringSettings = featureEngineeringSettings,
  outcomeId = 3
)

```

```

## Outcome is 0 or 1
## seed: 123
## Creating a 25% test and 75% train (into 3 folds) random stratified split by class
## Data split into 656 test cases and 1974 train cases (658, 658, 658)
## Train Set:
## Fold 1 658 patients with 120 outcomes - Fold 2 658 patients with 120 outcomes - Fold 3 658 patients v
## 103 covariates in train data
## Test Set:
## 656 patients with 119 outcomes
## Removing 2 redundant covariates
## Normalizing covariates
## Tidying covariates took 0.52 secs
## Train Set:
## Fold 1 658 patients with 120 outcomes - Fold 2 658 patients with 120 outcomes - Fold 3 658 patients v
## 101 covariates in train data
## Test Set:
## 656 patients with 119 outcomes

```

Fit the model

To fit the model we make the modelsettings and we run the function `fitModelWithCensoring`.

```

modelSettings <- PatientLevelPrediction::setCoxModel()

fitCensor <- PlasmodeSim::fitModelWithCensoring(
  Trainingset = TrainingSet$Train,
  modelSettings = modelSettings
  # now i have only one model setting
  # should i change this to two seperate settings
)

```

```
## Running Cyclops
## Done.
## GLM fit status: OK
## Creating variable importance data frame
## Prediction took 0.132 secs
## Running Cyclops
## Done.
## GLM fit status: OK
## Creating variable importance data frame
## Prediction took 0.135 secs
```

Generate new outcomes from a population.

```
population <- PatientLevelPrediction::createStudyPopulation(
  plpData = plpData,
  outcomeId = 3,
  populationSettings = populationSettings
)
```

```
## Outcome is 0 or 1
```

```
NewOutcomes <- PlasmodeSim::simulateSurvivaltimesWithCensoring(
  censorModel = fitCensor,
  plpData = plpData,
  population = population,
  populationSettings = populationSettings,
  numberToSimulate = 10
)
```

```
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates and normalizing
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates covariates and normalizing took 0.182 secs
## Prediction took 0.262 secs
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates and normalizing
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates covariates and normalizing took 0.18 secs
## Prediction took 0.267 secs
```

```
head(NewOutcomes)
```

```
##   rowId survivalTime outcomeCount
## 1  2367           18             1
## 2   500          7300             0
## 3  2086           20             1
## 4  2279          7300             0
## 5   287          7300             0
## 6   290          5862             0
```

```
#for simulation the uncensored data
```

```
newdata <- PlasmodeSim::simulateSurvivaltimes(
  plpModel = fitCensor$outcomesModel,
```

```

    plpData = plpData,
    numberToSimulate = 10,
    population = population,
    populationSettings = populationSettings
)

```

```

## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates and normalizing
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates covariates and normalizing took 0.181 secs
## Prediction took 0.261 secs

```

```
head(newdata)
```

```

##   rowId outcome
## 1  1961     7300
## 2  1134     7300
## 3  1720     7300
## 4  2369     7300
## 5   418     7300
## 6  2599     7300

```

Make an unfitted model

```

# makeCoxModel.

plpModel <- fitCensor$outcomesModel
coeff <- plpModel$model$coefficients
survival <- plpModel$model$baselineSurvival$surv
times <- plpModel$model$baselineSurvival$time

unfittedmodel <- PlasmodeSim::makeCoxModel(
  coefficients = coeff,
  baselinehazard = survival,
  timesofbaselinhazard = times,
  featureEngineering = NULL # = NULL is the standart setting.
)

newdata <- PlasmodeSim::simulateSurvivaltimes(
  plpModel = unfittedmodel,
  plpData = plpData,
  numberToSimulate = 10,
  population = population,
  populationSettings = populationSettings
)

```

```
## Prediction took 0.184 secs
```

```
head(newdata)
```

```
##   rowId outcome
```

```
## 1    54    67
## 2  1229   7300
## 3   552   7300
## 4  2376   7300
## 5  1447   7300
## 6  1709    30
```

Make an unfitted model with censoring

```
#we can swap outcomes with censoring.
unfittedcensor<- list(censorModel = unfittedmodel,
                     outcomesModel = fitCensor$outcomesModel)

NewOutcomes <- PlasmodeSim::simulateSurvivaltimesWithCensoring(
  censorModel = unfittedcensor,
  plpData = plpData,
  population = population,
  populationSettings = populationSettings,
  numberToSimulate = 200
)
```

```
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates and normalizing
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates covariates and normalizing took 0.171 secs
## Prediction took 0.266 secs
## Prediction took 0.191 secs
```

```
head(NewOutcomes)
```

```
##   rowId survivalTime outcomeCount
## 1   658           51             0
## 2  1864          7300             0
## 3  1317          7300             0
## 4   1193           86             1
## 5   1518          7300             0
## 6   1883          7300             0
```

Adjust the BaselineSurvival

```
adjustedModel <- PlasmodeSim::AdjustBaselineSurvival(
  plpModel = plpModel,
  TrainingSet = TrainingSet$Train,
  plpData = plpData,
  populationSettings = populationSettings,
  timeTofixat = 3592,
  proptofixwith = 0.87,
  intervalSolution= c(-100,100)
)
```

```
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates and normalizing
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates covariates and normalizing took 0.175 secs
## Prediction took 0.25 secs
```

```
NewOutcomes <- PlasmodeSim::simulateSurvivaltimesWithCensoring(
  censorModel = list(censorModel = fitCensor$outcomesModel,
                     outcomesModel = adjustedModel),
  plpData = plpData,
  population = population,
  populationSettings = populationSettings,
  numberToSimulate = 2000
)
```

```
## Prediction took 0.186 secs
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates and normalizing
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates covariates and normalizing took 0.181 secs
## Prediction took 0.262 secs
```

```
head(NewOutcomes)
```

```
##   rowId survivalTime outcomeCount
## 1   705           56             1
## 2   306           14             1
## 3  1066          7300             0
## 4   678          7300             0
## 5   532           64             0
## 6  1942           58             1
```

plotting the survival

the function `kaplanMeierPlot` visualised the kamplanmeier estimate of a given dataset. It works with `ggplot`. we can easily compare the simulated data sets with the real dataset by putting them in one plot. For the true data set we set the colour to red.

```
NewOutcomes <- PlasmodeSim::simulateSurvivaltimesWithCensoring(
  censorModel = fitCensor,
  plpData = plpData,
  population = population,
  populationSettings = populationSettings,
  numberToSimulate = 656
)
```

```
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates and normalizing
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates covariates and normalizing took 0.182 secs
## Prediction took 0.266 secs
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates and normalizing
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates covariates and normalizing took 0.179 secs
## Prediction took 0.262 secs
```

```

NewOutcomes2 <- PlasmodeSim::simulateSurvivaltimesWithCensoring(
  censorModel = fitCensor,
  plpData = plpData,
  population = population,
  populationSettings = populationSettings,
  numberToSimulate = 656
)

## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates and normalizing
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates covariates and normalizing took 0.175 secs
## Prediction took 0.269 secs
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates and normalizing
## Removing infrequent and redundant covariates covariates and normalizing took 0.173 secs
## Prediction took 0.269 secs

ggplot2::ggplot()+
  PlasmodeSim::KaplanMeierPlot( NewOutcomes )+
  PlasmodeSim::KaplanMeierPlot( NewOutcomes2 )+
  PlasmodeSim::KaplanMeierPlot( TrainingSet$Test$labels, colour = 'red' )+
  ggplot2::xlim(c(0,120))

## Warning: Removed 227 rows containing missing values ('geom_step()').
## Warning: Removed 231 rows containing missing values ('geom_step()').
## Warning: Removed 283 rows containing missing values ('geom_step()').

```

