

Lab02 Passwords

Prepared By Wooi Ping Cheah

Reference: COMP3052.SEC PASSWORDS by Mike Pound

Installing Kali-Linux & Ubuntu VMs Locally

- In the previous lab session, you did your work on the Kali-Linux and Ubuntu virtual machines, which were installed on the UNNC's Virtual Desktop Infrastructure (VDI). You accessed the VDI from your local (physical) machine through a remote login.
- In this lab session, you will install Kali-Linux and Ubuntu virtual machines directly on your local (physical) machine (i.e., your own pc/laptop, or the workstation in the lab). This is usually more efficient than working on a remote VDI.
- First of all, you need to download the Oracle VM VirtualBox installer to your local (physical) machine from the following website:
<https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads>
You will then install the Kali-Linux and Ubuntu virtual machines from this installer.

Installing Kali-Linux & Ubuntu VMs Locally

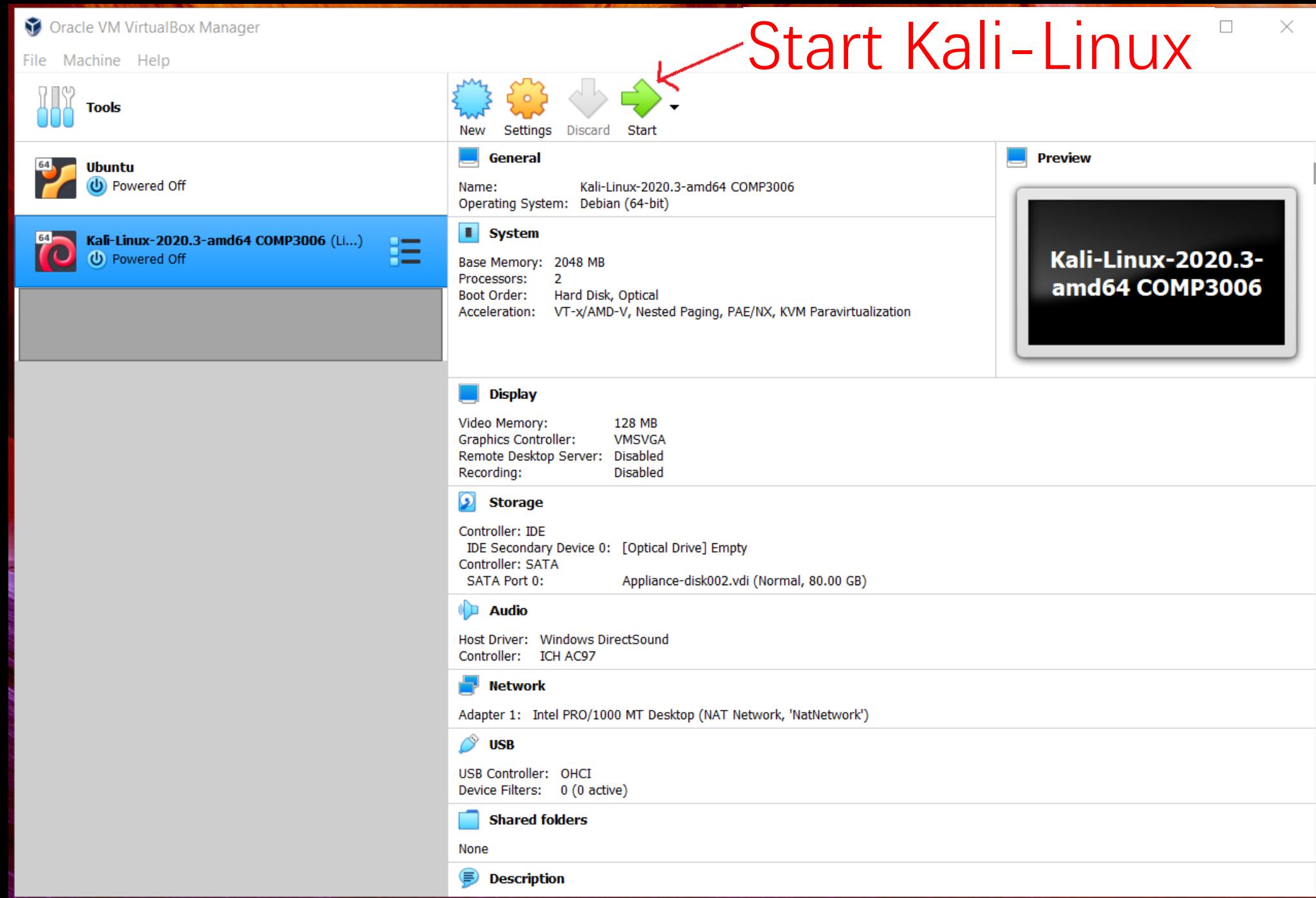
- Then, you need to download the SEC20220215VMs.ova file from one of the following websites:
 - <https://nottinghamedu1.sharepoint.com/:u/s/SEC/EcJfKxLK79dGrJTw2g9vQ8YB6awTY2SViK0S2CS2VT6jPw?e=zsz1S0>
 - <https://nottinghamedu1.sharepoint.com/:u/r/sites/SEC/Shared%20Documents/General/SEC20220215VMs.ova?csf=1&web=1&e=yJmIQ9>

This OVA file specifies how the Kali-Linux and Ubuntu virtual machines are to be configured for the purpose of this module.

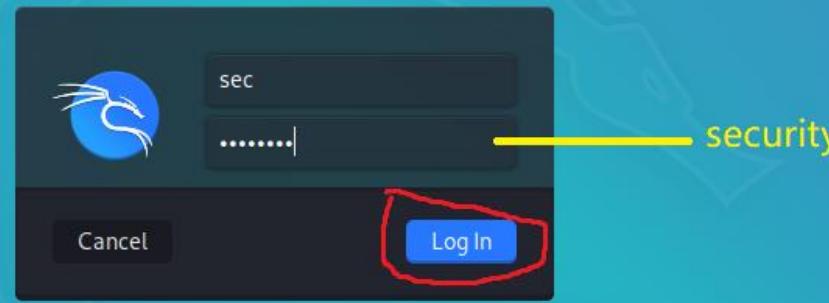
- You can now install and configure the Kali-Linux and Ubuntu virtual machines by following the instructions described in the following videoclip:
<https://video.nottingham.edu.cn/Panopto/Pages/Viewer.aspx?id=1b3d82b5-b12b-4302-90e7-afb800caf884&start=0>
(You need to log in with your UNNC's Moodle ID and password)

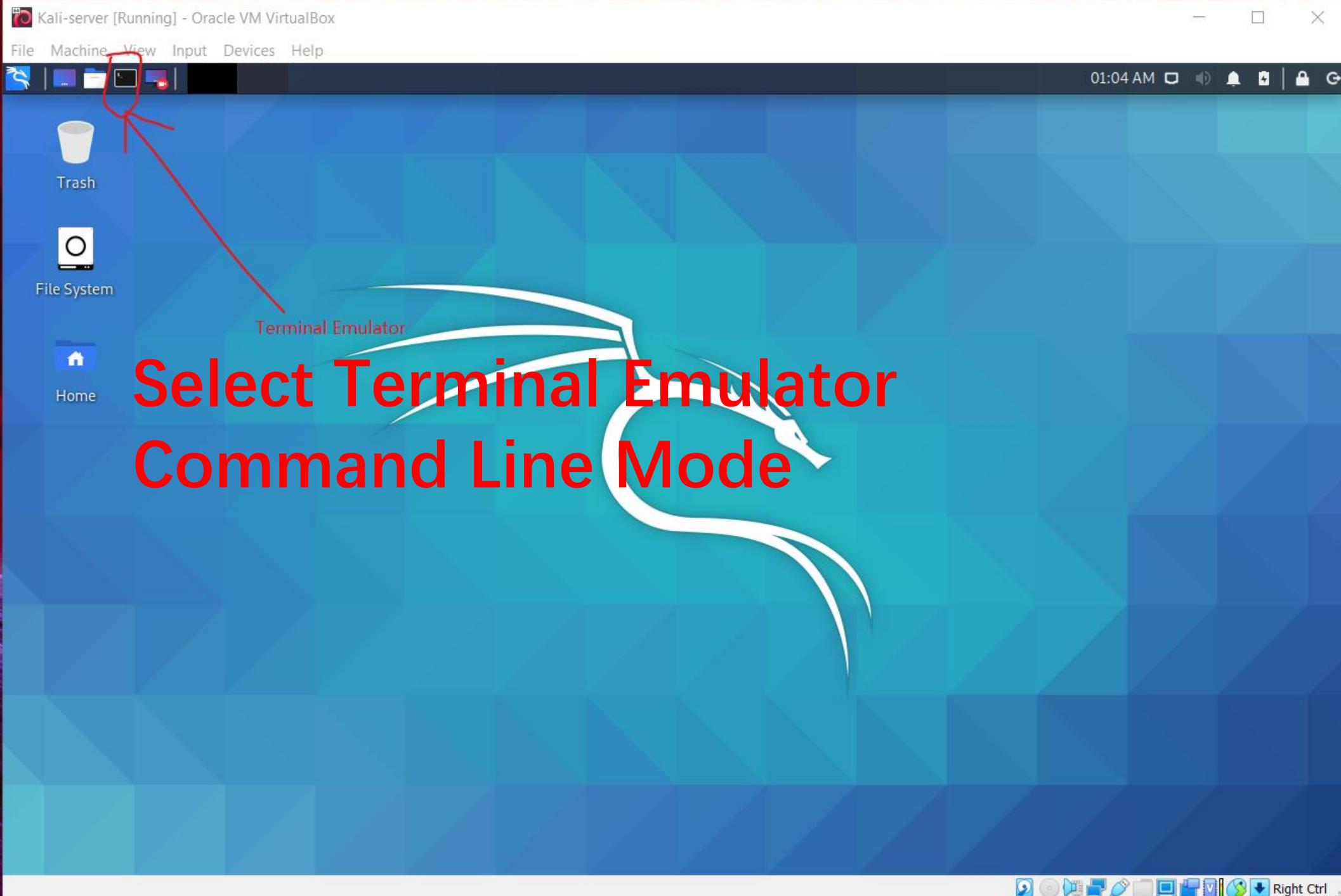
Installing Kali-Linux & Ubuntu VMs Locally

- Once you have successfully installed and configured the Kali-Linux and Ubuntu virtual machines on your local (physical) machine, you can start running Kali-Linux and working on your lab exercises about Password Authentication now.



Enter Username (sec) and
Password (security) &
Log In







sec@kali: ~

12:33 AM



File Actions Edit View Help

```
sec@kali:~$ ls -l
total 40
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 Downloads
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab1
drwxr-xr-x 4 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab2
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab3
drwxr-xr-x 6 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab4
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab5
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab6
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab7
```

sec@kali:~\$

sec@kali:~\$

sec@kali:~\$ sudo adduser uri

[sudo] password for sec:

Adding user `uri' ...

Adding new group `uri' (1002) ...

Adding new user `uri' (1002) with group `uri' ...

Creating home directory `/home/uri' ...

Copying files from `/etc/skel' ...

New password:

Retype new password:

passwd: password updated successfully

Changing the user information for uri

Enter the new value, or press ENTER for the default

Full Name []:

Room Number []:

Work Phone []: Press ENTER for all

Home Phone []:

Other []:

Is the information correct? [Y/n] Y

sec@kali:~\$

Add New User (Username = uri) using Super User Do Privilege (sudo)

New user (uri)

Password = security

Password for uri = Security1

Note: Adding a new user requires a super user privilege.

User sec can request for an upgrade to a super user.

The password of sec will be recorded for accountability

Kali-server [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

sec@kali: ~

sec@kali: ~

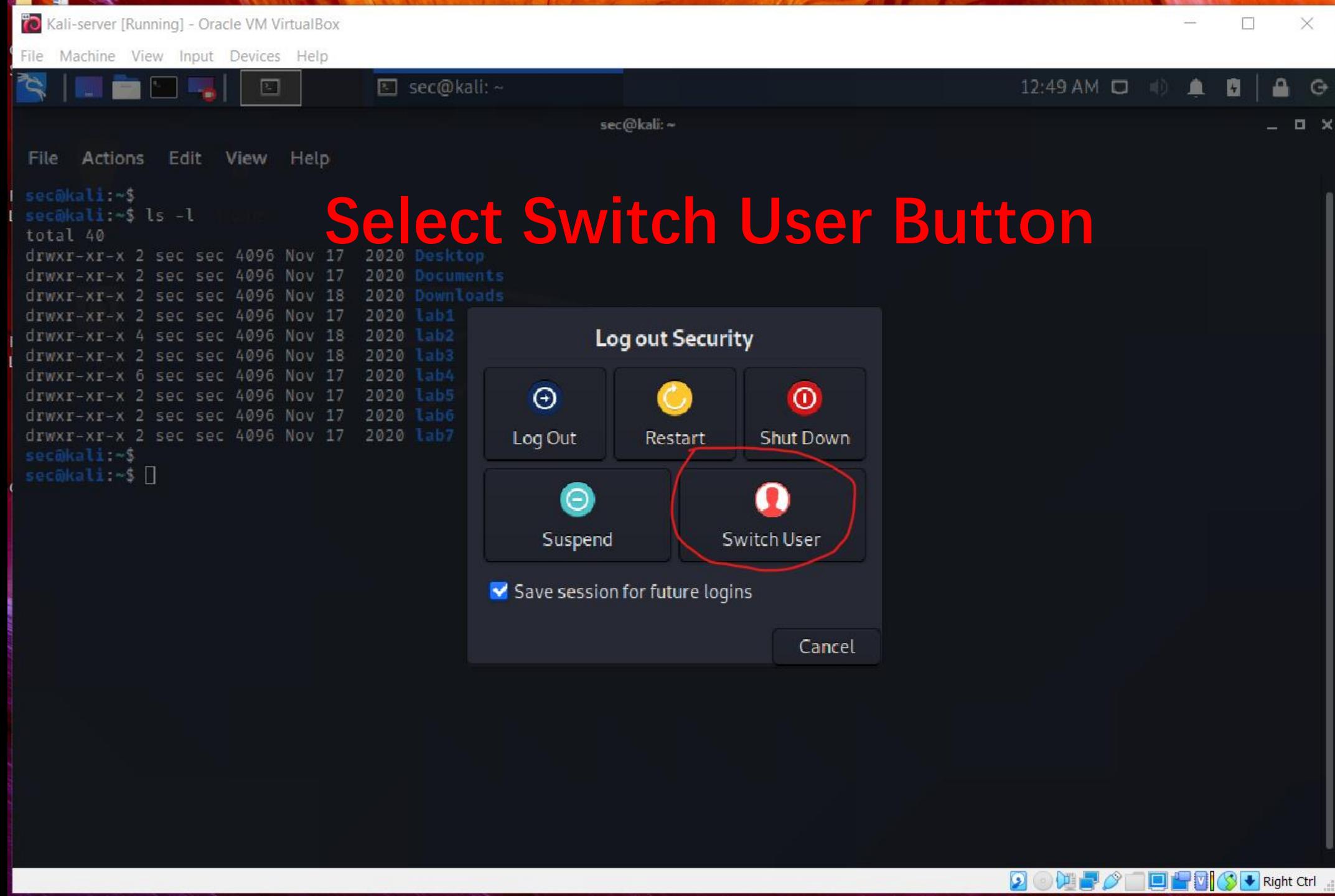
File Actions Edit View Help

```
sec@kali:~$ ls -l
total 40
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 Downloads
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab1
drwxr-xr-x 4 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab2
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab3
drwxr-xr-x 6 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab4
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab5
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab6
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab7
sec@kali:~$
```

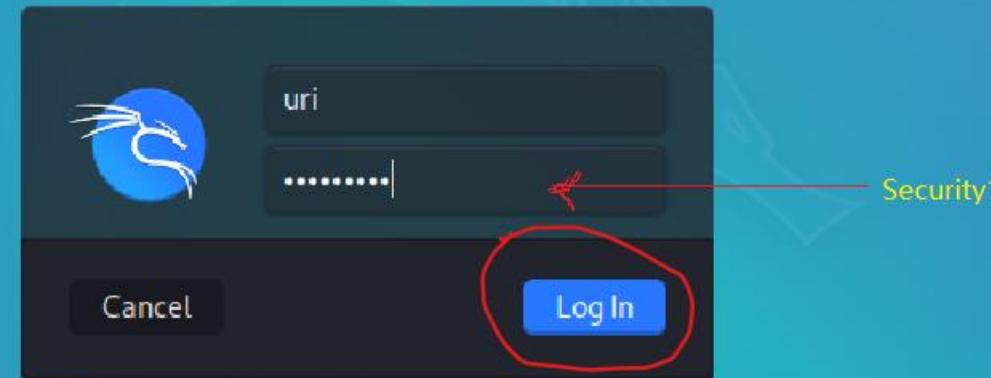
Power Button

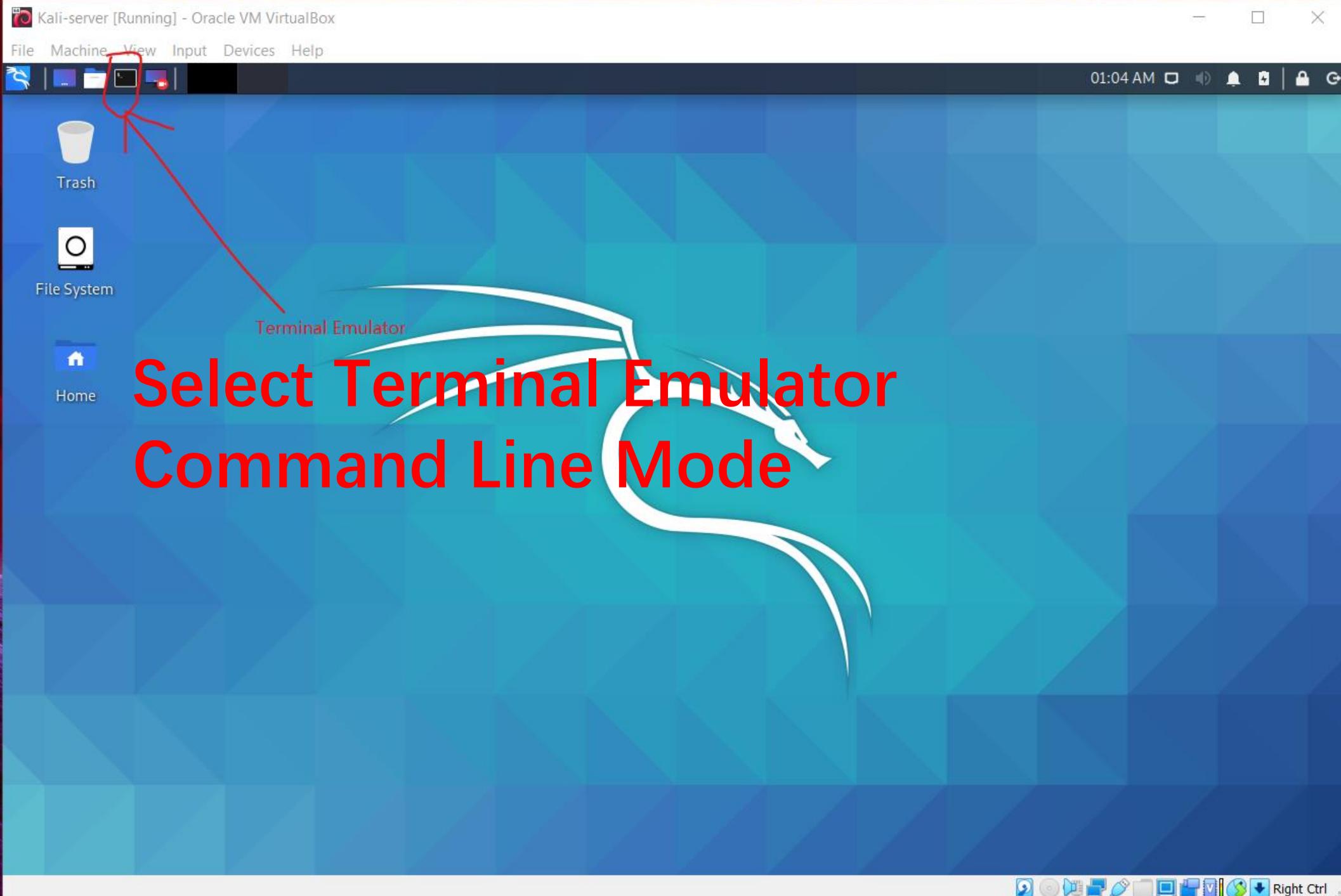
Click Power Button

We want to switch from user sec to user uri



Enter Username (**uri**) and Password
(**Security1**) & Log In





You have successfully logged in uri account

File Actions Edit View Help

```
uri@kali:~$ ls -l
```

total 32

```
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Downloads
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Music
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Pictures
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Public
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Templates
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Videos
```

User Name

Default Group Name



Kali-server [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

uri@kali: ~/Documents

uri@kali:~/Documents

File Actions Edit View Help

```
uri@kali:~$ ls -l
total 32
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Downloads
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Music
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Pictures
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Public
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Templates
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Videos
uri@kali:~$ cd Documents
uri@kali:~/Documents$ echo "Hello World" > file
uri@kali:~/Documents$ cat file
Hello World
uri@kali:~/Documents$
```

Output

Display

Redirect

Successfully Redirect Output of String to File & Display File

Failed to Copy Password File (shadow) Because User (uri) Not In Super User (sudo) Group

```
File Actions Edit View Help
uri@kali:~$ ls -l
total 32
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Downloads
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Music
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Pictures
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Public
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Templates
drwxr-xr-x 2 uri uri 4096 Jan 24 00:53 Videos
uri@kali:~$ 
uri@kali:~$ cd Documents
uri@kali:~/Documents$ 
uri@kali:~/Documents$ echo "Hello World" > file
uri@kali:~/Documents$ 
uri@kali:~/Documents$ cat file
Hello World
uri@kali:~/Documents$ 
uri@kali:~/Documents$ 
uri@kali:~/Documents$ cp /etc/shadow ~/Documents
cp: cannot open '/etc/shadow' for reading: Permission denied
uri@kali:~/Documents$ 
uri@kali:~/Documents$ sudo cp /etc/shadow ~/Documents
```

We trust you have received the usual lecture from the local System Administrator. It usually boils down to these three things:

- #1) Respect the privacy of others.
 - #2) Think before you type.
 - #3) With great power comes great responsibility.

```
[sudo] password for uri:  
uri is not in the sudoers file. This incident will be reported.  
uri@kali:~/Documents$
```

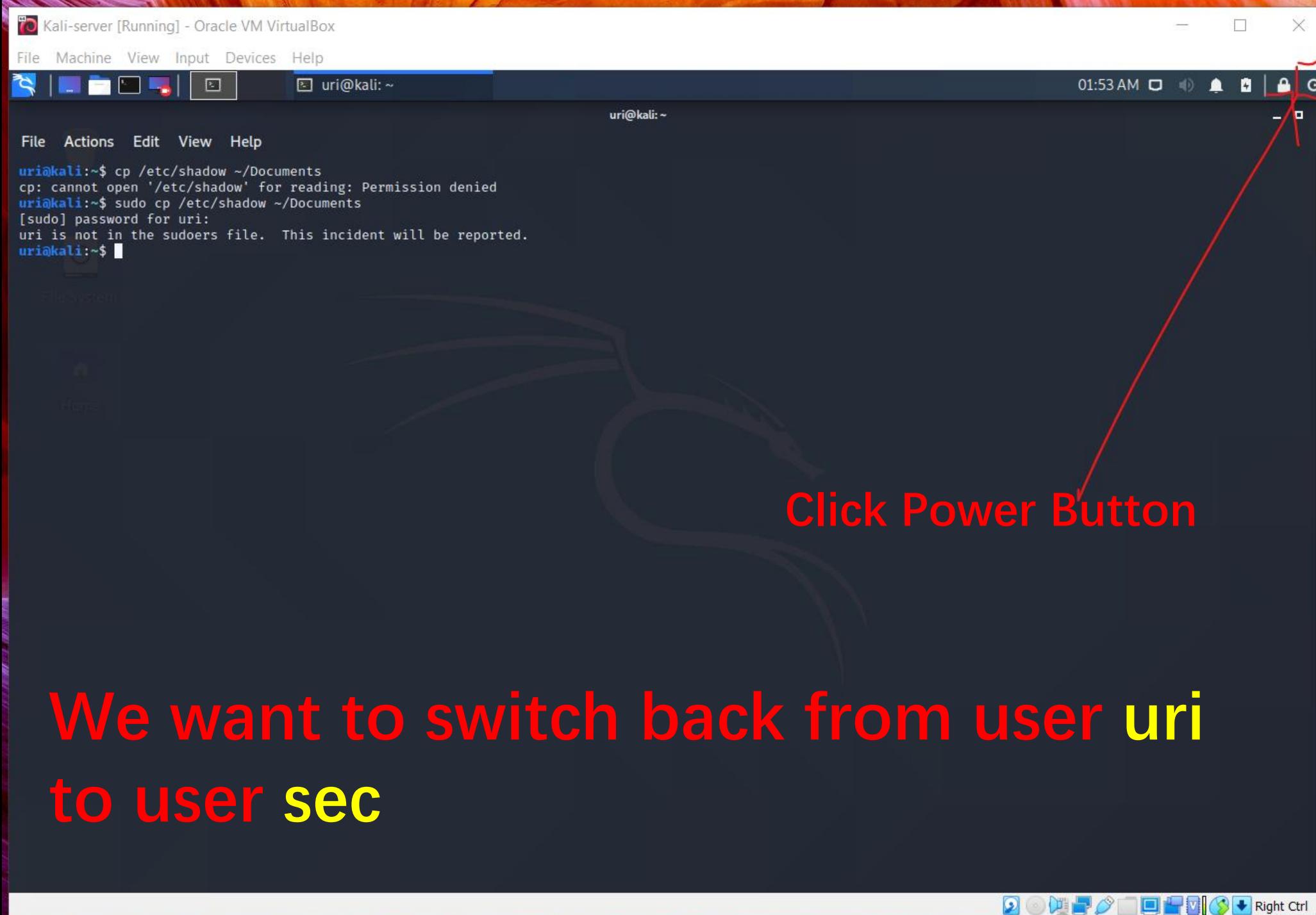
Try to copy password file (shadow) to current directory (Documents).

Failed. Super user privilege is required!

Elevate user to super user privilege using sudo command.

Password = Security1

Failed. Because uri not in sudo group (not a sudoer).



We want to switch back from user uri
to user sec

File Machine View Input Devices Help



uri@kali:~

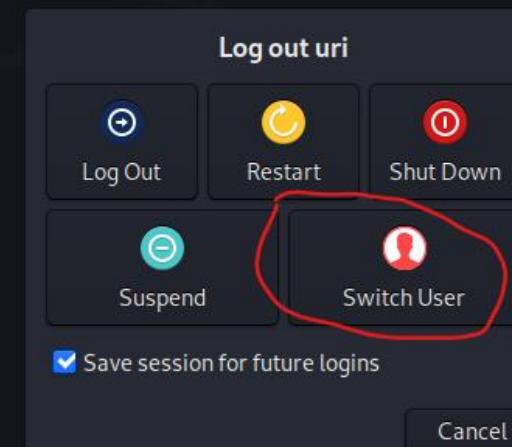
01:57 AM | 🔍 🔔 🔔 🔒 🔑 🔍

uri@kali:~

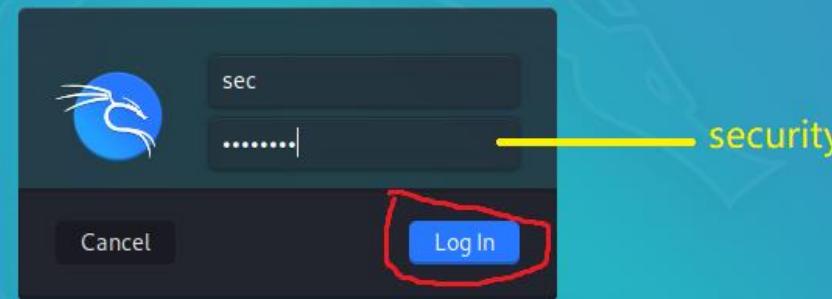
File Actions Edit View Help

```
uri@kali:~$ cp /etc/shadow ~/Documents
cp: cannot open '/etc/shadow' for reading: Permission denied
uri@kali:~$ sudo cp /etc/shadow ~/Documents
[sudo] password for uri:
uri is not in the sudoers file. This incident will be reported.
uri@kali:~$
```

Select Switch User Button



Enter Username (sec) and
Password (security) &
Log In





sec@kali: ~

02:07 AM



File Actions Edit View Help

```
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ ls -l  
total 40  
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Desktop  
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Documents  
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 Downloads  
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab1  
drwxr-xr-x 4 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab2  
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab3  
drwxr-xr-x 6 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab4  
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab5  
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab6  
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab7  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ sudo usermod -a -G sudo uri  
[sudo] password for sec:  
sec@kali:~$ groups uri  
uri : uri sudo  
sec@kali:~$
```

Add User (uri) to Super User (sudo) Group

Elevate sec to super user, and add uri to super user (sudo) group.

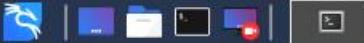
Enter password of sec = security

Display group of uri

Second group = sudo

First group = uri
(Default group)

You may refer to the following website to learn more about the Linux command "[sudo usermod -a -G sudo uri](#)":
<https://techoverflow.net/2019/04/30/what-does-sudo-usermod-a-g-docker-user-do-on-linux/>



sec@kali: ~

02:17 AM

sec@kali: ~

File Actions Edit View Help

```
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ ls -l  
total 40  
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Desktop  
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Documents  
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 Downloads  
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab1  
drwxr-xr-x 4 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab2  
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab3  
drwxr-xr-x 6 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab4  
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab5  
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab6  
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab7
```

```
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ sudo usermod -a -G sudo uri
```

```
[sudo] password for sec:
```

```
sec@kali:~$ groups uri
```

```
uri : uri sudo
```

```
sec@kali:~$
```

```
sec@kali:~$ sudo passwd uri
```

```
New password:
```

```
Retype new password:
```

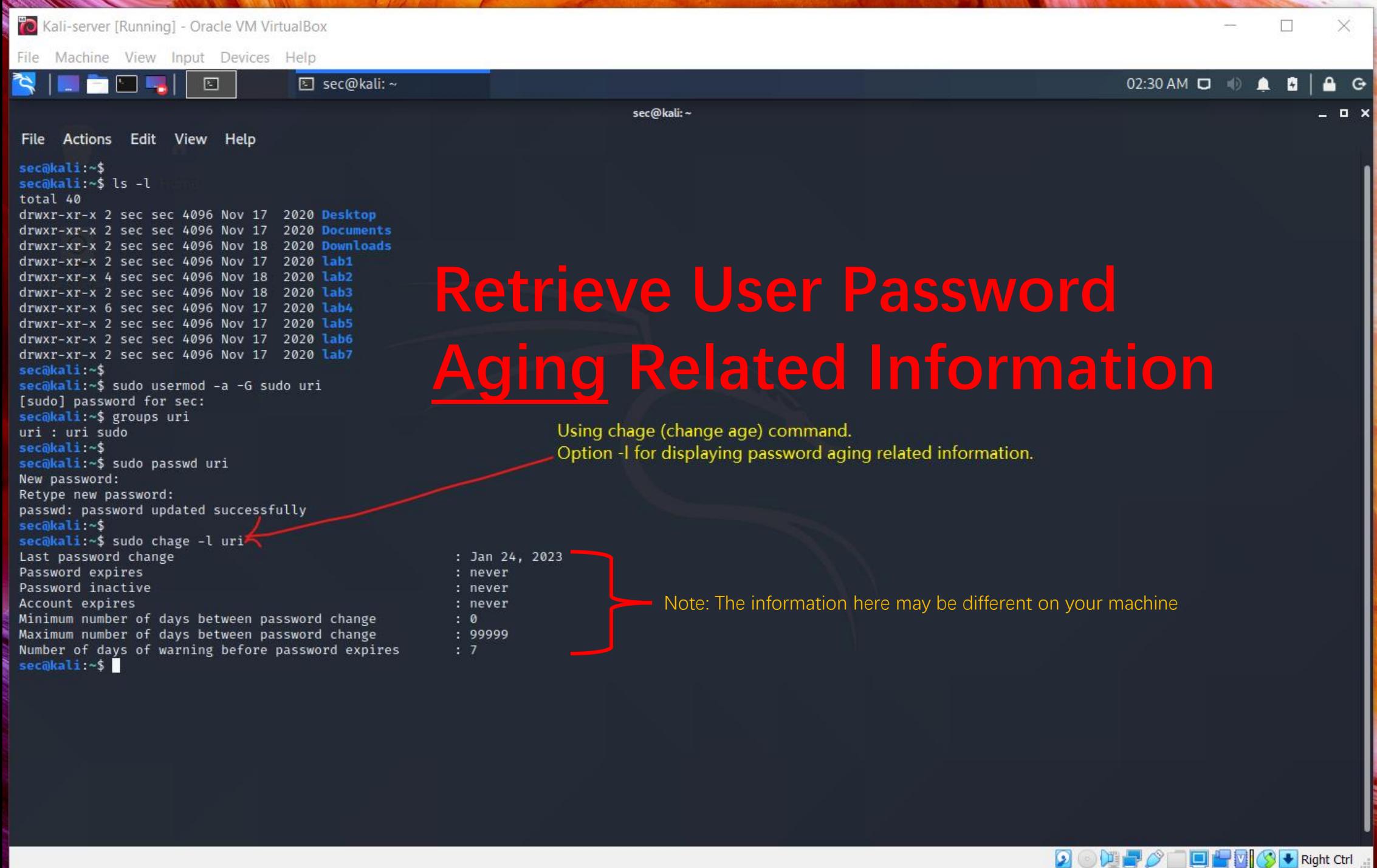
```
passwd: password updated successfully
```

```
sec@kali:~$
```

Change Password of User (uri)

Elevate to super user, and change password of user (uri).

Enter new password of uri = Security1?



Using chage (change age) command.
Option -l for displaying password aging related information.

- Note: The information here may be different on your machine



sec@kali:~

02:36 AM



sec@kali:~

File Actions Edit View Help

```
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 Downloads
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab1
drwxr-xr-x 4 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab2
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab3
drwxr-xr-x 6 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab4
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab5
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab6
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab7
```

```
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ sudo usermod -a -G sudo uri
[sudo] password for sec:
sec@kali:~$ groups uri
uri : uri sudo
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ sudo passwd uri
New password:
Retype new password:
passwd: password updated successfully
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -l uri
```

```
Last password change : Jan 24, 2023
Password expires : never
Password inactive : never
Account expires : never
Minimum number of days between password change : 0
Maximum number of days between password change : 99999
Number of days of warning before password expires : 7
```

```
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -d 2023-01-25 uri
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -l uri
```

```
Last password change : Jan 25, 2023
Password expires : never
Password inactive : never
Account expires : never
Minimum number of days between password change : 0
Maximum number of days between password change : 99999
Number of days of warning before password expires : 7
```

Update Last Password Change Date

Before update

You may see a different date

Option **-d** to update last password change date.

Use your own date, such as 2025-03-07

After update

You may see a different date, such as 2025-03-07

```
[File Actions Edit View Help

[sudo] password for sec:
sec@kali:~$ groups uri
uri : uri sudo
sec@kali:~$
sec@kali:~$ sudo passwd uri
New password:
Retype new password:
passwd: password updated successfully
sec@kali:~$
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -l uri
Last password change : Jan 24, 2023
Password expires : never
Password inactive : never
Account expires : never
Minimum number of days between password change : 0
Maximum number of days between password change : 99999
Number of days of warning before password expires : 7

sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -d 2023-01-25 uri
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -l uri
Last password change : Jan 25, 2023
Password expires : never
Password inactive : never
Account expires : never
Minimum number of days between password change : 0
Maximum number of days between password change : 99999
Number of days of warning before password expires : 7

sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -M 30 uri
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -l uri
Last password change : Jan 25, 2023
Password expires : Feb 24, 2023
Password inactive : never
Account expires : never
Minimum number of days between password change : 0
Maximum number of days between password change : 30
Number of days of warning before password expires : 7

sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ ]
```

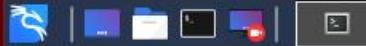
No date shown before setting to 30 days.

Before setting to 30 day

- Option -M to set the number of days for password validity.

The date shown after setting to 30 days.
You may see a different date, such as 2025-04-06

After setting to 30 day



sec@kali:~

02:54 AM



sec@kali:~

File Actions Edit View Help

Number of days of warning before password expires : 7

sec@kali:~\$

sec@kali:~\$

sec@kali:~\$ sudo chage -d 2023-01-25 uri

sec@kali:~\$

sec@kali:~\$ sudo chage -l uri

Last password change

: Jan 25, 2023

Password expires

: never

Password inactive

: never

Account expires

: 0

Minimum number of days between password change

: 99999

Maximum number of days between password change

: 99999

Number of days of warning before password expires

: 7

sec@kali:~\$

sec@kali:~\$

sec@kali:~\$ sudo chage -M 30 uri

sec@kali:~\$

sec@kali:~\$ sudo chage -l uri

Last password change

: Jan 25, 2023

Password expires

: Feb 24, 2023

Password inactive

: never

Account expires

: never

Minimum number of days between password change

: 0

Maximum number of days between password change

: 30

Number of days of warning before password expires

: 7

sec@kali:~\$

sec@kali:~\$

sec@kali:~\$ sudo chage -W 3 uri

sec@kali:~\$

sec@kali:~\$ sudo -l uri

sudo: uri: command not found

sec@kali:~\$

sec@kali:~\$ sudo chage -l uri

Last password change

: Jan 25, 2023

Password expires

: Feb 24, 2023

Password inactive

: never

Account expires

: never

Minimum number of days between password change

: 0

Maximum number of days between password change

: 30

Number of days of warning before password expires

: 3

Set Number of Days of Warning Before Password Expires

By default it is 7 days.

Option -W to set the number of days of warning before password expires.

Change to 3 days after setting.



sec@kali:~

03:01 AM



```
File Actions Edit View Help  
Maximum number of days between password change : 99999  
Number of days of warning before password expires : 7  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -M 30 uri  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -l uri  
Last password change : Jan 25, 2023  
Password expires : Feb 24, 2023  
Password inactive : never  
Account expires : never  
Minimum number of days between password change : 0  
Maximum number of days between password change : 30  
Number of days of warning before password expires : 7  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -W 3 uri  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ sudo -l uri  
sudo: uri: command not found  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -l uri  
Last password change : Jan 25, 2023  
Password expires : Feb 24, 2023  
Password inactive : never  
Account expires : never  
Minimum number of days between password change : 0  
Maximum number of days between password change : 30  
Number of days of warning before password expires : 3  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -I 3 uri  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -l uri  
Last password change : Jan 25, 2023  
Password expires : Feb 24, 2023  
Password inactive : Feb 27, 2023  
Account expires : never  
Minimum number of days between password change : 0  
Maximum number of days between password change : 30  
Number of days of warning before password expires : 3  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$
```

Set Number of Days for User to Change Expired Password Before Inactive

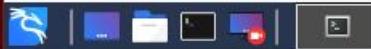
Option **-I** to set the number of days for user to change password before the password becomes inactive (i.e., 3 days of grace period).

The date when password is expired.

You may see a different date, such as 2025-04-06

The date when password becomes inactive.

You may see a different date, such as 2025-04-09



sec@kali: ~

03:09 AM

sec@kali: ~

File Actions Edit View Help

```
Maximum number of days between password change      : 30
Number of days of warning before password expires   : 7
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -W 3 uri
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ sudo -l uri
sudo: uri: command not found
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -l uri
Last password change          : Jan 25, 2023
Password expires               : Feb 24, 2023
Password inactive              : never
Account expires                : never
Minimum number of days between password change       : 0
Maximum number of days between password change       : 30
Number of days of warning before password expires    : 3
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -I 3 uri
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -l uri
Last password change          : Jan 25, 2023
Password expires               : Feb 24, 2023
Password inactive              : Feb 27, 2023
Account expires                : never
Minimum number of days between password change       : 0
Maximum number of days between password change       : 30
Number of days of warning before password expires    : 3
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -E 2023-12-31 uri
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ sudo chage -l uri
Last password change          : Jan 25, 2023
Password expires               : Feb 24, 2023
Password inactive              : Feb 27, 2023
Account expires                : Dec 31, 2023
Minimum number of days between password change       : 0
Maximum number of days between password change       : 30
Number of days of warning before password expires    : 3
sec@kali:~$ 
sec@kali:~$ 
```

Set Account Expiry Date

Option **-E** to set account expiry date. After this date the account will become inactive even though the password is still valid. Only the system administrator can reactivate it.

Use your own date, such as 2025-12-31

The account expiry date after setting.

You may see a different date, such as Dec 31, 2025

Kali-server [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

sec@kali: ~

sec@kali:~

File Actions Edit View Help

sec@kali:~\$ ls -l /etc/pam.d/

total 108

-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 384 Feb 7 2020 chfn
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 92 Feb 7 2020 chpasswd
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 581 Feb 7 2020 chsh
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1208 Jul 27 2020 common-account
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1221 Jul 27 2020 common-auth
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1480 Jul 27 2020 common-password
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1189 Jul 27 2020 common-session
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1154 Jul 27 2020 common-session-noninteractive
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 606 Feb 10 2020 cron
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1354 Feb 3 2020 lightdm
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1428 Feb 3 2020 lightdm-autologin
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 493 Feb 3 2020 lightdm-greeter
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 4126 Feb 7 2020 login
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 92 Feb 7 2020 newusers
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 520 Feb 14 2019 other
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 92 Feb 7 2020 passwd
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 270 Aug 11 2019 polkit-1
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 168 Feb 20 2020 ppp
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 143 Jun 25 2020 runuser
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 138 Jun 25 2020 runuser-l
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 84 Jul 4 2020 samba
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2133 Jun 7 2020 sshd
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2257 Jun 25 2020 su
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 95 Jul 12 2020 sudo
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 137 Jun 25 2020 su-l
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 317 Jul 5 2020 systemd-user

sec@kali:~\$

Display password and authentication related configuration files used by Password Authentication Module (PAM).

Password policies are defined in this file. We will open the file with nano, and look at the content later.

Encrypted/Hashed user passwords are kept in this file.

Display Password and Authentication Related Files

Note: It is a good idea to automate the password policies of an organisation.
A Password Authentication Module (PAM) provides exactly this kind of support.
The file “common-password” defines which PAM is adopted, and what password policies are used.



Kali-server [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

sec@kali:~

sec@kali:~

```
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 4126 Feb 7 2020 login
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 92 Feb 7 2020 newusers
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 520 Feb 14 2019 other
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 92 Feb 7 2020 passwd
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 270 Aug 11 2019 polkit-1
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 168 Feb 20 2020 ppp
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 143 Jun 25 2020 runuser
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 138 Jun 25 2020 runuser-l
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 84 Jul 4 2020 samba
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2133 Jun 7 2020 sshd
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2257 Jun 25 2020 su
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 95 Jul 12 2020 sudo
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 137 Jun 25 2020 su-l
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 317 Jul 5 2020 systemd-user
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ sudo cp /etc/pam.d/common-password /etc/pam.d/common-password.bak  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ ls -l /etc/pam.d/
total 112
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 384 Feb 7 2020 chfn
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 92 Feb 7 2020 chpasswd
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 581 Feb 7 2020 chsh
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1208 Jul 27 2020 common-account
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1221 Jul 27 2020 common-auth
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1480 Jul 27 2020 common-password
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1480 Jan 25 06:59 common-password.bak
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1189 Jul 27 2020 common-session
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1154 Jul 27 2020 common-session-noninteractive
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 606 Feb 10 2020 cron
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1354 Feb 3 2020 lightdm
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1428 Feb 3 2020 lightdm-autologin
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 493 Feb 3 2020 lightdm-greeter
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 4126 Feb 7 2020 login
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 92 Feb 7 2020 newusers
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 520 Feb 14 2019 other
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 92 Feb 7 2020 passwd
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 270 Aug 11 2019 polkit-1
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 168 Feb 20 2020 ppp
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 143 Jun 25 2020 runuser
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 138 Jun 25 2020 runuser-l
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 84 Jul 4 2020 samba
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2133 Jun 7 2020 sshd
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2257 Jun 25 2020 su
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 95 Jul 12 2020 sudo
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 137 Jun 25 2020 su-l
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 317 Jul 5 2020 systemd-user
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ sudo nano /etc/pam.d/common-password
[sudo] password for sec:
```

Open Password Policy File (common-password) Using Editor (nano)

Open password policy configuration file (common-password) using editor (nano).

Password = security

Kali-server [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

sec@kali:~

07:43 AM

Read and Understand Content of Password Policy File (common-password)

GNU nano 4.9.3

```

# /etc/pam.d/common-password - password-related modules common to all services
#
# This file is included from other service-specific PAM config files,
# and should contain a list of modules that define the services to be
# used to change user passwords. The default is pam_unix.

# Explanation of pam_unix options:
#
# The "sha512" option enables salted SHA512 passwords. Without this option,
# the default is Unix crypt. Prior releases used the option "md5".
#
# The "obscure" option replaces the old `OBSCURE_CHECKS_ENAB' option in
# login.defs.
#
# See the pam_unix manpage for other options.

# As of pam 1.0.1-6, this file is managed by pam-auth-update by default.
# To take advantage of this, it is recommended that you configure any
# local modules either before or after the default block, and use
# pam-auth-update to manage selection of other modules. See
# pam-auth-update(8) for details.

# here are the per-package modules (the "Primary" block)
password      [success=1 default-ignore]      pam_unix.so obscure sha512
# here's the fallback if no module succeeds
password      requisite                  pam_deny.so
# prime the stack with a positive return value if there isn't one already;
# this avoids us returning an error just because nothing sets a success code
# since the modules above will each just jump around
password      required                  pam_permit.so
# and here are more per-package modules (the "Additional" block)
password      optional                 pam_gnome_keyring.so
# end of pam-auth-update config

```

pam_unix.so is a traditional password authentication module for unix operating system. It is simpler than the later PAMs.

It provides very basic password checks that stop users choosing very weak passwords.

"obscure" password check method is selected. It provides simple checking, as follows:

- (1) Palindrome - It makes sure that the new password isn't the reverse of the last password.
- (2) Case Change Only - It makes sure that the new password isn't the case change only.
- (3) Similar - It ensures the old and new one aren't similar to each other.
- (4) Simple - Complex passwords have to be used instead of some common keywords, such as "password".
- (5) Rotated - It ensures that the new password isn't the rearrangement of characters of the last password, such as from "linux" to "inux".

sha512 hashing function is used.

Read and Understand Content of Password Policy File (common-password)

File Actions Edit View Help /etc/pam.d/common-password

GNU nano 4.9.3

AG Get Help ^O Write Out ^W Where Is ^K Cut Text ^J Justify
e ^X Exit ^R Read File ^\ Replace ^U Paste Text ^T To Spell

[Read 34 lines] ^C Cur Pos M-U Undo M-A Mark Text M-] To Bracket M-Q Previous ^B Back ^F Forward
^_ Go To Line M-E Redo M-6 Copy Text ^Q Where Was M-W Next ^G Right Ctrl

Kali-server [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

sec@kali: ~

sec@kali: ~

GNU nano 4.9.3 /etc/pam.d/common-password

```
# /etc/pam.d/common-password - password-related modules common to all services
#
# This file is included from other service-specific PAM config files,
# and should contain a list of modules that define the services to be
# used to change user passwords. The default is pam_unix.

# Explanation of pam_unix options:
#
# The "sha512" option enables salted SHA512 passwords. Without this option,
# the default is Unix crypt. Prior releases used the option "md5".
#
# The "obscure" option replaces the old `OBSCURE_CHECKS_ENAB' option in
# login.defs.
#
# See the pam_unix manpage for other options.

# As of pam 1.0.1-6, this file is managed by pam-auth-update by default.
# To take advantage of this, it is recommended that you configure any
# local modules either before or after the default block, and use
# pam-auth-update to manage selection of other modules. See
# pam-auth-update(8) for details.

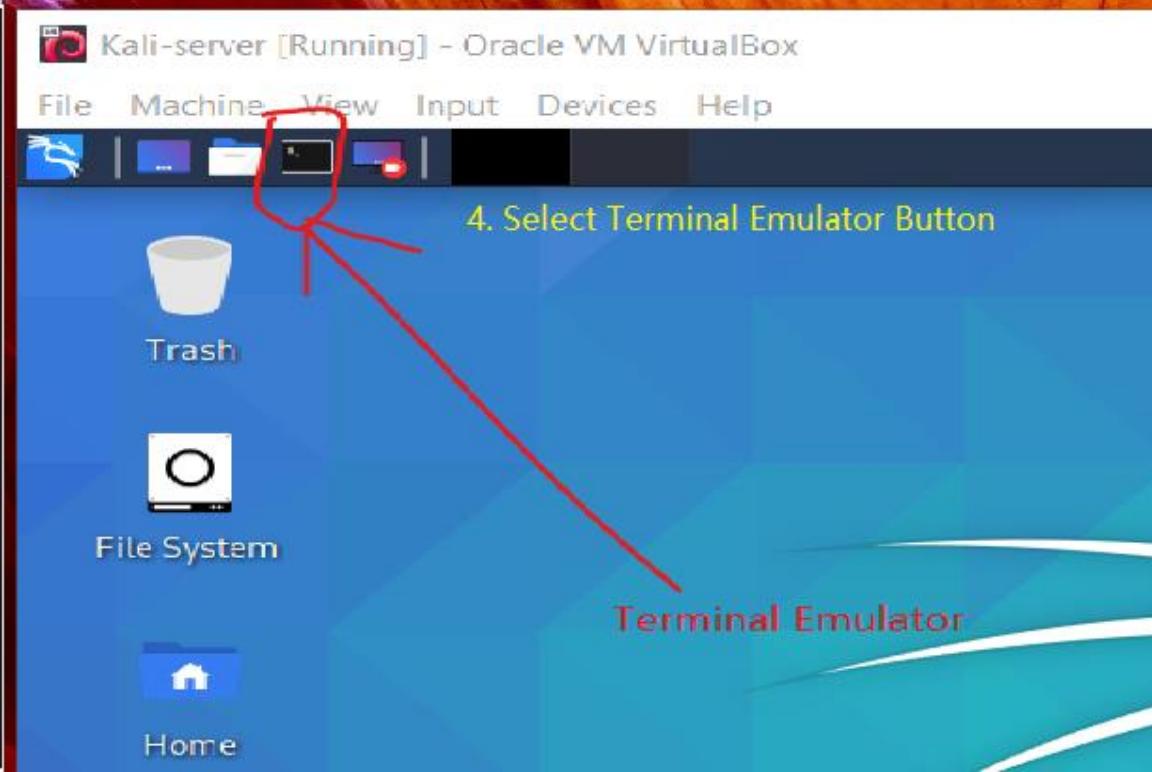
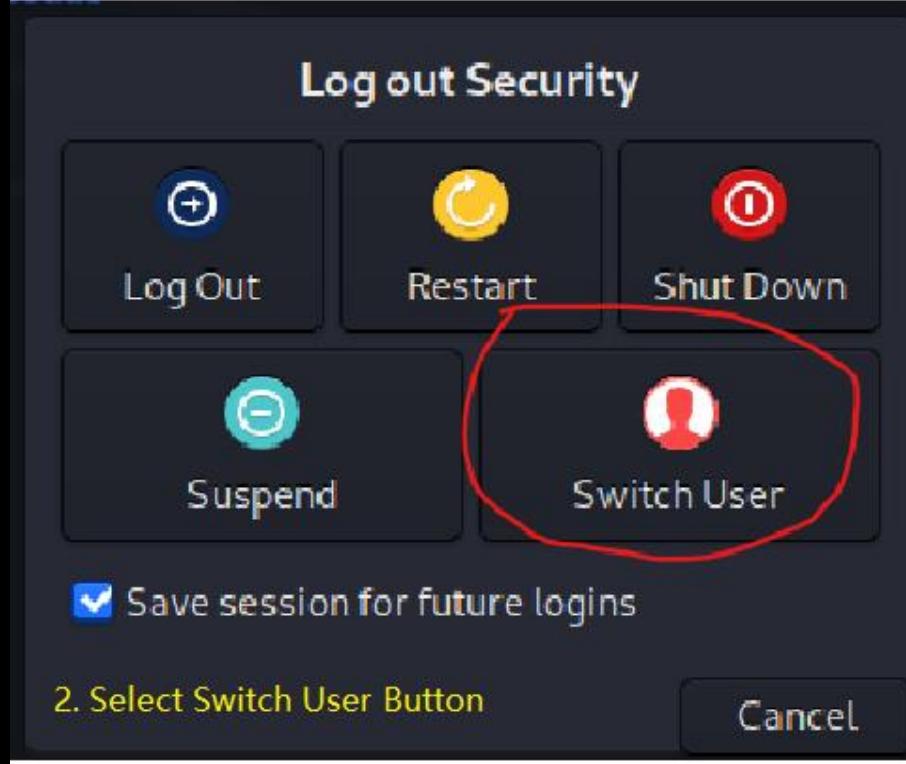
# here are the per-package modules (the "Primary" block)
password      [success=1 default=ignore]      pam_unix.so obscure sha512 minlen=10
# here's the fallback if no module succeeds
password      requisite                  pam_deny.so
# prime the stack with a positive return value if there isn't one already;
# this avoids us returning an error just because nothing sets a success code
# since the modules above will each just jump around
password      required                  pam_permit.so
# and here are more per-package modules (the "Additional" block)
password      optional                 pam_gnome_keyring.so
# end of pam-auth-update config
```

Change minimum password length to 10 characters.
By default it is 8 characters.

Change Minimum Password Length & Save (CTRL O) & Exit (CTRL X)

^G Get Help ^O Write Out ^W Where Is ^K Cut Text [Read 34 lines] ^J Justify ^C Cur Pos M-U Undo ^A Mark Text M-] To Bracket
^X Exit ^R Read File ^T To Spell ^U Paste Text ^G Go To Line M-E Redo M-6 Copy Text ^Q Where Was Right Ctrl

Switch User From (sec) To (uri)



Kali-server [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

uri@kali: ~

uri@kali:~\$ passwd

Changing password for uri.

Current password: _____ Security1?

New password: keretamu (8 characters)

Retype new password:

You must choose a longer password

New password: _____ kotabaharu (10 characters)

Retype new password:

passwd: password updated successfully

uri@kali:~\$ passwd

Changing password for uri.

Current password: _____ kotabaharu

New password: _____ Security1?

Retype new password:

passwd: password updated successfully

uri@kali:~\$

Test Passwords with Different Lengths

Kali Linux - Short Password (bad) and Palindrome

```
uri@kali:~$ passwd  
Changing password for user.  
Current password:  
New password: Security1?  
Retype new password:  
You must choose a longer password  
New password: bad  
Retype new password:  
Bad: new password cannot be a palindrome  
New password:  
Retype new password:  
You must choose a longer password  
passwd: Authentication token manipulation error  
passwd: password unchanged
```

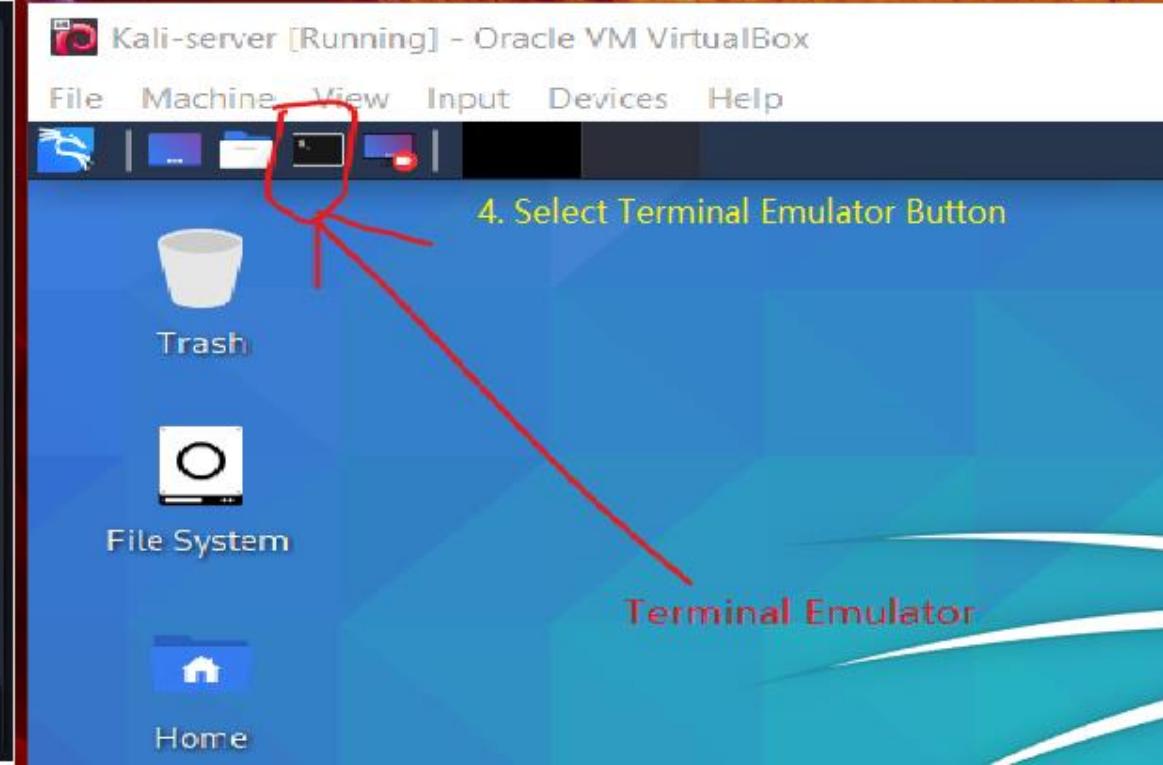
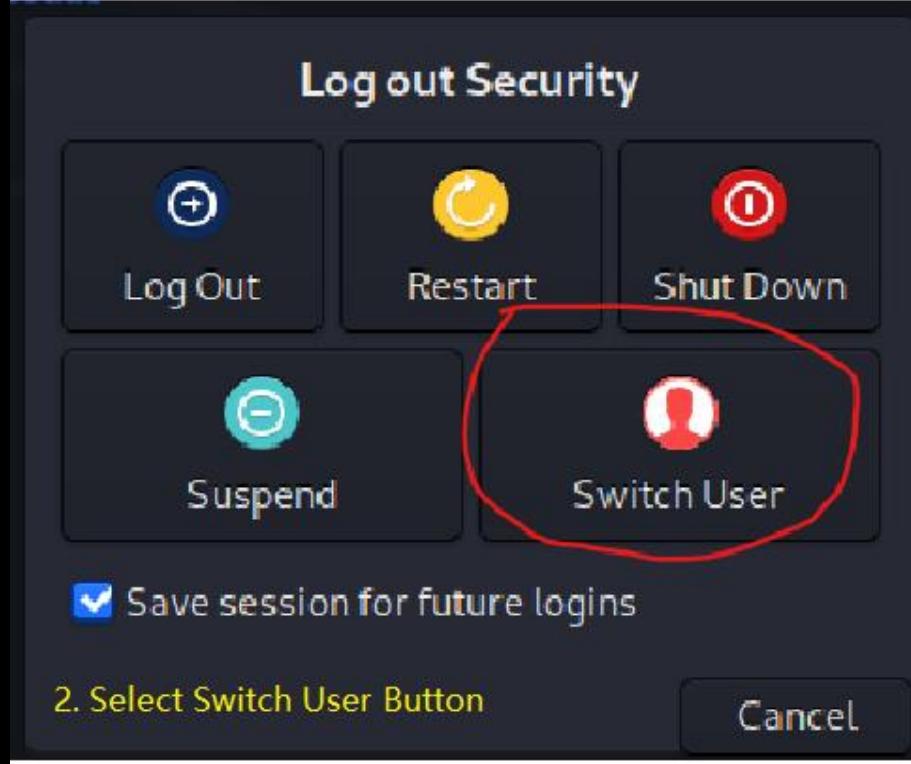
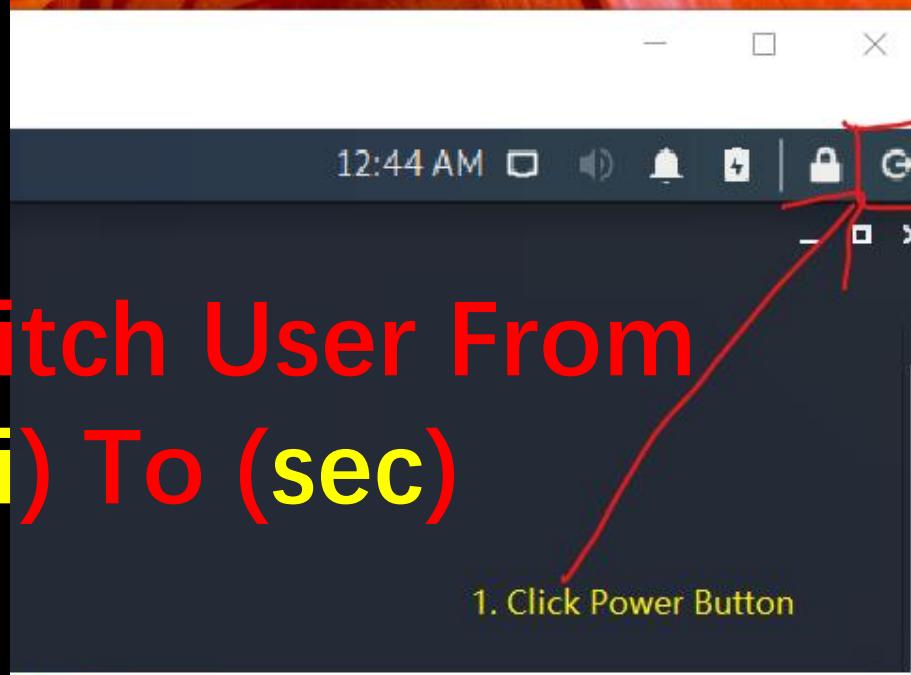
Security1? → bad
bad → racecar
racecar → bad
bad → bad

>Password (bad) is too short.
Password (racecar) is not acceptable because it is a palindrome.

By default, Password Authentication Module (pam_unix) allows 3 unsuccessful attempts, and 8 characters of password length.

`pam_unix` doesn't enforce very strong password policy, such as mix types of characters (lower case, upper case, numeric, special, etc.).

Switch User From (uri) To (sec)



Kali-server [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

sec@kali: ~

sec@kali: ~

File Actions Edit View Help

sec@kali:~\$
sec@kali:~\$
sec@kali:~\$ sudo -i _____
[sudo] password for sec:
root@kali:~#

Switch to root privilege to perform some system updates and installation.
We will exit root privilege once the system-level tasks are completed.

Note: Normally, we don't encourage the use of root privilege.

In the next few slides, we will need the root privilege to do some system level tasks.

First of all, we need to provide the latest list of sources (websites) from which we can get the updates of aps. The list of sources is stored in the file sources.list

Note: Apt stands for “Advanced Packaging Tool”. It is a package manager that is used for managing the installation, updating, and removal of software packages.

Kali-Linux-2020.3-amd64 COMP3006 (Linked Base for Kali-Linux-2020.3-amd64 COMP3006 and Kali-server) [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

sec@kali: ~

sec@kali:~\$ sudo -i
[sudo] password for sec:
root@kali:~#
root@kali:~# nano /etc/apt/sources.list

sources.list - A file containing a list of sources (i.e., websites) for downloading the updates

Open the file (sources.list) using editor (nano)

Open File Containing A List of Update Sources (sources.list)

Right Ctrl

File Machine View Input Devices Help



sec@kali:~

04:39 AM | 82% | 🔍 | G

sec@kali:~

File Actions Edit View Help

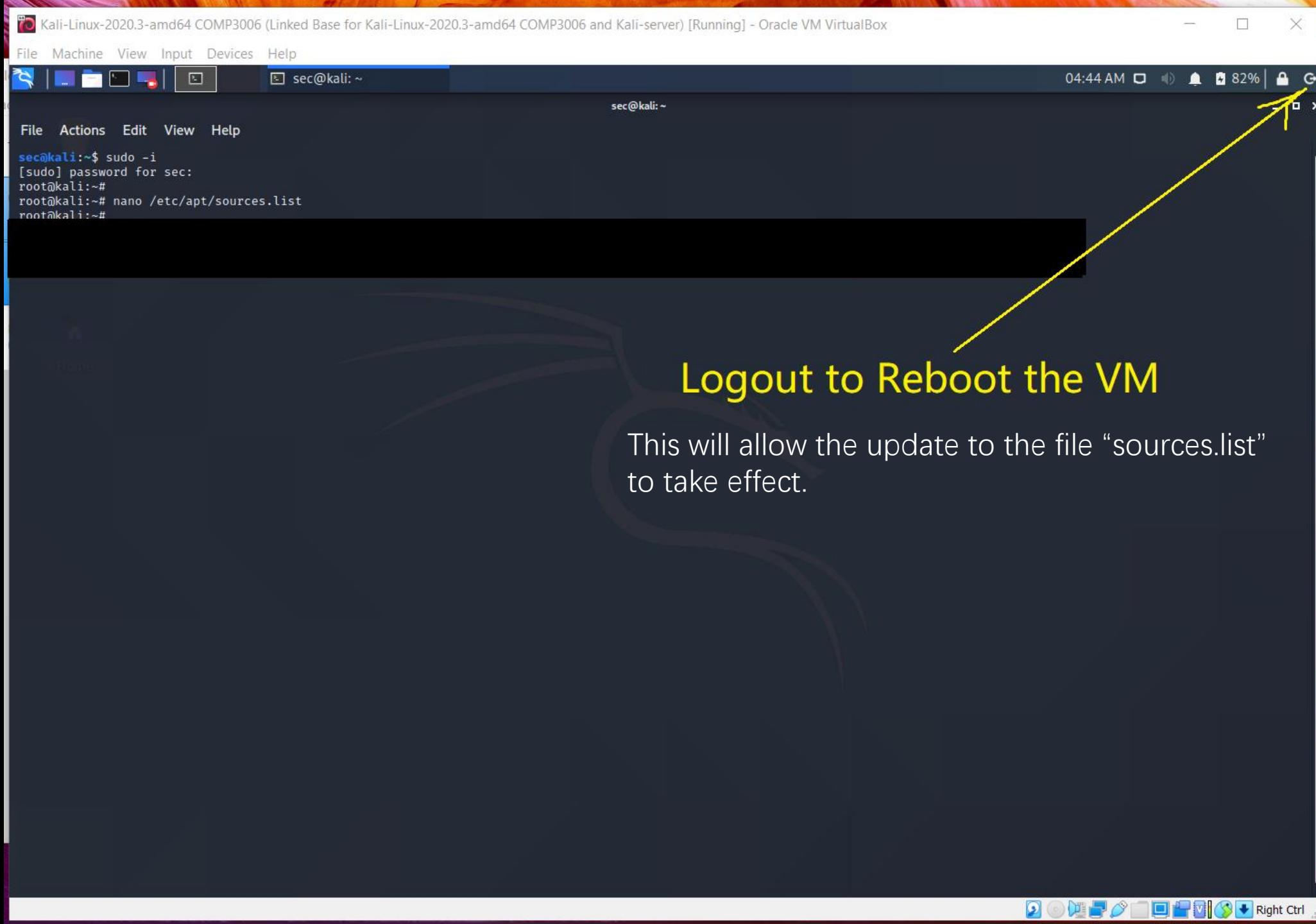
```
GNU nano 4.9.3                                         /etc/apt/sources.list                         Modified
# See https://www.kali.org/docs/general-use/kali-linux-sources-list-repositories/
deb http://http.kali.org/kali kali-rolling main contrib non-free
deb http://http.kali.org/kali sana main non-free contrib
deb http://security.kali.org/kali-security sana/updates main contrib non-free
deb http://old.kali.org/kali moto main non-free contrib
# Additional line for source packages
# deb-src http://http.kali.org/kali kali-rolling main contrib non-free
```

Make sure that these 4 URLs are available in this file (sources.list).
These are 4 sources (websites) for the latest updates.
Add these 4 lines if they are not found in the file.

- This is the symbol for a line of remark.

Check to Ensure a Complete Set of Update Sources & Save File & Exit File

^G Get Help ^O Write Out ^W Where Is ^K Cut Text ^J Justify ^C Cur Pos M-U Undo
^X Exit ^R Read File ^\ Replace ^U Paste Text ^I To Spell ^A Mark Text M-) To Bracket M-Q Previous
M-6 Copy Text ^Q Where Was M-W Next



File Machine View Input Devices Help



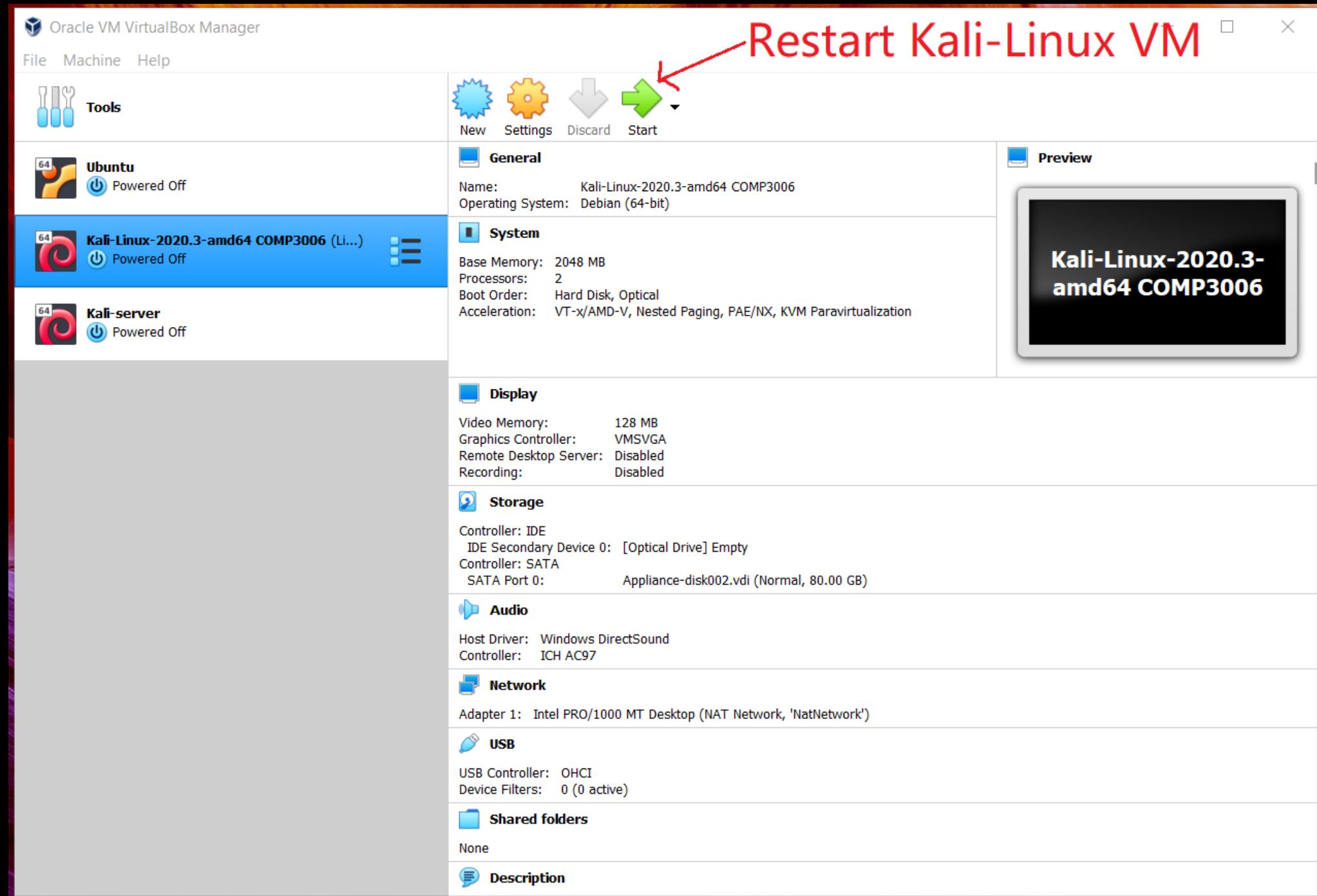
sec@kali:~

04:46 AM 82% Right Ctrl

sec@kali:~

Shut Down the VM





Log In As User (sec) and Password (security)



Kali-server [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

Switch to Root Privilege

File Machine View Input Devices Help

sec@kali: ~

sec@kali: ~

File Actions Edit View Help

```
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ sudo -i _____ Switch to root privilege.  
[sudo] password for sec: _____ Password = security  
root@kali:~#  
root@kali:~#  
root@kali:~# wget -O keyfile https://archive.kali.org/archive-key.asc  
-- 2023-01-26 08:20:23 -- https://archive.kali.org/archive-key.asc  
Resolving archive.kali.org (archive.kali.org) ... 192.99.45.140  
Connecting to archive.kali.org (archive.kali.org)|192.99.45.140|:443 ... connected.  
HTTP request sent, awaiting response ... 200 OK  
Length: 3155 (3.1K) [application/octet-stream]  
Saving to: 'keyfile'  
  
keyfile 100%[=====] 3.08K --KB/s in 0s  
  
Status information  
  
2023-01-26 08:20:24 (88.6 MB/s) - 'keyfile' saved [3155/3155]  
  
root@kali:~#  
root@kali:~#
```

Get Public Key File (archive-key.asc) from Kali Archive Website & Output to Local File (keyfile)

Get File (archive-key.asc) from Web & Output Public Keys to Local File (keyfile)

Kali-server [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

sec@kali: ~

sec@kali: ~

File Actions Edit View Help

sec@kali:~\$ sec@kali:~\$ sudo -i
[sudo] password for sec:
root@kali:~#
root@kali:~# wget -O keyfile https://archive.kali.org/archive-key.asc
-- 2023-01-26 08:20:23-- https://archive.kali.org/archive-key.asc
Resolving archive.kali.org (archive.kali.org) ... 192.99.45.140
Connecting to archive.kali.org (archive.kali.org)|192.99.45.140|:443 ... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response ... 200 OK
Length: 3155 (3.1K) [application/octet-stream]
Saving to: 'keyfile'

keyfile 100%[=====] 3.08K --KB/s in 0s

2023-01-26 08:20:24 (88.6 MB/s) - 'keyfile' saved [3155/3155]

root@kali:~#
root@kali:~# cat keyfile

—BEGIN PGP PUBLIC KEY BLOCK—

mQINBE9U1CgBEAChen9+cvBS8ioHoCU6wBbL9jaIkP7ZkPpjDsovMvimpZaozs8
fEAZM23gJlFratc+rRllV9hPZmGqhtT50RLDzC3yFOvFnJqAPvpVD02ipQCvNJD
0ewDhT62RDwk+Fhjk5esEDwP7Yc4CgohdGYQu1zTBSLL5qen3rckCnHF20nSiKnYM
8YCIKAYMt4VRArAvivj0MspxN+1xy2S8GYXX2felsu3Ir1DXvUIE7b/9sdK6MzBcq
jODH34Qx6isqAW0+K93lmVN+U4yFMzfEB74UMQNWKg39mCB0K/VfQ89ih4zvF9a
zEnbFzfF000h09oHF4ZTaufeI8JImp/x9FC+LveUyJot9t/xv0HVUd08Y4Pg04C
iXOTqqqm/DPF0AbHJGpTuonOsKy3/dyhk7Fvsn02MDms+RksukBEzypTIIzMBF
Uiwiq/GaaNRWw6ln0yE4wMmpwRa11QVDDWkMp0Or1tPV7M+EMAhZV7cyHdmRTOFL3
H0CxYnInis+k1NQ1kqtLxNrzWdxsXU25BMbEsAQq7ARTs7wpOnUK+y+qTG/V5nl
J6II+
tCWLJthIef22r8EYX1BQXRggamy0nxViC3S6kjU2Lb1qnDb/c7T9hB72
4T9yrRHJbygTvQD8JBADgRy7+XInCp01V4nAJZSu0qopEg082SDwK9FwARAQAB
tCZLYWxpIEpbvN4IFJlcG9zaXRvcnkgPGrlmdVsQGthbGkub3JnPokCVQQTAQoA
PwIBawYLCQghAwIGFQgCCQqlBZQhAwEChgECF4AWIQRexle6jk+0wh19jtRE/w
fy0L9gUCYe/xTgUJGD63pgAKCRDtRE/wfY0L9ofUD/9zichMeQ5+XhNpHTSmUN
9eCcis6NGIBw+hTfSxSttfCQBrxKGfYXwVcqGRiSpDp9FcqH5UsqP0zgJzmLBV
i0HfMRDpcCWJzk8VfWde/5Hv0P0XSx/Y+VR7PMJV02WkF700kM4bITx3M5BYY08s
leoZMNzo9sSR0GdzbxoIXkuBwMG+nw0qjfisyI8Qcs152Uk8YhdCkgaAb8vYyxMw0
qkJ6SIIENT6ycyZw4ueFZXZY/RYPJFvWEZYB0cFOMBnwlxFUZyr4fDdPruaPLZ
zBIU8jwEE372frdRuXilJ2Q+Me9jhSxvnJegJsHDdgelU6IDeAiaAaTzvufr3Km
YifZ1Q20xDzdN5RZ5x3vNV9cihVb3qizSu0y6LfppPeIPoai+ENzT4Wqhp6rfMMhF
2KcwhNFP+fAb+qs79YqIWnChrJniE5HODdgP6DY1ETmj6Bo+DC9RyasWT5pSJY
8rOVJ+1bE4sxltqvDvlAdR1LwIpHeskz4o/lAMPHSNTX2WBDJdYvhT28xTC3cYLA
kcdpvBbjj7C4VqgMvsPLg13lfr/A28AD06Axv323+OpPv6crsDbYoCIBpwBgHb96
AYyottiEfNnCJsR/m34TdlYvfW0KDYsbMYLCJH/uJk3L8TcdVBfkzDMmctsFV
nFY/xHhDFweArXNhru2CJLkCDQRPVNQoARAAoMoCt6yDngNUawaFLqFzzkQ2UDt1
LyWMMSqRusYmW7DbMqRg1816AhW3qGXlpET2QDK/C7np8kiwxz22cWkk2W7e877
bKGX1jh0k8jIZWxE15pBCBkTk+zB6elC263qiw36jxAlEnwd4eP00AY6SxD9x15H
fJ7zX0+2h4bVgofRGNmri5IA9SPLOyRJ0+dNm3Sh+MhdNMpvJp0dk0PWqq1ZP9LC

This is a list (or block) of trusted public keys obtained from (and recommended by) Kali Archive Website (archive.kali.org).

Each line in this block represents a public key for a trusted entity, in the form of a hash code.

Get File (archive-key.asc) from Web & Output Public Keys & Add to List of Trusted Keys

```
Kali-server [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
File Machine View Input Devices Help
sec@kali: ~
File Actions Edit View Help
H0CxYnInis+k1NQ1kqtLxNrzWdxsXU25BMbEsAQq7arTs7wpOnUK+yY+qTG/V5nl
SII+/CtWJthIef22r8EY+Q0XRggg_0nxViC_S6kjju_2Lb1ndb/c779hB7/3
4T9_rh3_wyv/08BJBAP_wy7+XInCrj014n_jzu_sqw_Eg08sdy_k9n_ARACiB
CZ_Ywxp15_pbny_IFJ_Gs_XRvcn_grepl_mV_Qc_hb_kub3_nP_kCV_QTAC_A
PwIbaWYLcgHawiGFQgCcQoLBbYCAwECHgECf4AWIQRExtE6jk+z0wh191jtRE/w
fY0L9gUCYe/xTgUJGD63pgAKCRDtRE/wfY0L9ofUD/9zichMeQ5+XxHnpHTSmUNR
9eCcis6NGIBW+hTFsxStfcBxKGFYXwVcqGRIiSDp9FcqH5UsqPOzgJzmLBLV
i0HfMRDpcCWJzk8VfWde/Y+VR7PMJV0zWkf7o0kM4bITx3M5BYY08s
leoZMNZo9sSR0GdzBxoIXkuBwMg+nw0qfsy18Qcs152Uk8YhdCkgaAb8YyyMwO
qKJ6SIIENT6ycyZw4ueFZXZY/RYPJFvWZEYB0cFOMBnwlxFUzyr4fDdPruaPLZW
zBIU8jwEE372frdRuXilJ2Q+Me9jhSxvnJegJsHDgeLU6IDeAiaAaTzvfr3KmA
YifZ1Q20xDzdN5RZ5x3vN9cjhvb3qizSue0y6LfpeIPoaa+ENzT4WqhP6rMMhF
2KcwhNFP+faB+qs79YqIWnChrJNi5HQDDgP6DY1ETmjj6Bo+DC9RyasWT5psJYA
8rOVJ+1bE4sxlqtvDvLAdr1LwIpHeskz4o/LAMPHNSTX2WBDJdYvhT28xTc3cYL
kcdpvBbjj7C4VqgMvsPLg13lfr/A28AD06AxY323+OpPv6crsDbYocIBpwBgHb96
AYyottiEfNnLBcys/rm34TdlYvFW0KDybsMYLCJH/uzJK3l8TCdVBfkzDMMcTSFV
nFY/xHhDFweArXNHru2CJLkCDQRPVNQoARAAsMoCT6yDngNuawaFLqFzzk2UDt1
LyWMM5qRusYmVW7DbMqRgl816AhW3qGXLpET2QDK/C7np8kiwkz2cWk2W7e877
bkGX1jh0k8jIZWxE15pBCBkTk+zbe1lC263qiw36jxalEnwd4eP00AY65xD9x15H
fJ7zXO+2hF4bVgofRGNmz5IA9SPL0yRJo+dNm3Sh+MhdNMpvJp0dk0Pwqq1zP9LC
1XCYNtjlImsemugilloKirdpwAcHJ6XqhyI5IujftmUfn6hL33MA134Auy/4ElUFU
9DjvW17lu+rTP8jdQbC10/epbmru7qtRNUMF7q+MERZQCPqn7sq084zGGHd
hVRQjAlef6xULvhRllfCkjSrpnHFcYlZPXQuxuhSlZyCnJrG1XmgLB5SAFPxi
K1oBydqZOYPsPGKZSvMhpBpv9yr2tM6yBjBzBV3/wQCaH9Yp3sZD9RxSWtAvk3e
zRjQon81W4S0J6dUZL2mog7gWzDj9v42cIV890ezS077dpeL2fsZOur3fMrM1ZPf
JKue8SrvlVVV1wySA6VxBss71iWZNEHC5gD/geC863Fa0xxKFZxWxD+MeM/hrUef
mj67f04rjzTgKFRtivmSKzggA3Fe0Ucg0gadG9sGH/gfxToA1T/xxEWeyuwJi0
2SVS/iBjQnfjcjDMAEQEAAKyCPAQyAQoAjgIbDYhBETGUtoQT7PTCH3W01ET/B9
jQv2BQjh7/j1BQkypri6AAoJE01ET/B9jQv2cjjYQAJIs0ukH0j109uVIY84TOYru
4+SMCh6AJkLY/600EX8zTBIB0641dsSwk2XyXF+exrlhp/v5ctPb+TbYTDUsQA4
o2LTJ/rLpUIGJU041Fa0VMCCyCJA0010VpEGU1QwRCQ+NnLDHKdNjvJgF9Y3dpY
LL38806BY0tBPf/+DtsoeJLkb6dohJmyk6ls5zi7z/Y2ab1AmwVXBefYolisl69
OcGbNrabitMdd/zdCVxyoHuXaYEuqdMLgyTDoP19I2gSB0xIH17z/rHFCDaSSB
jDDE/+mLZLcbj9pSuQn40ZWEPELuz1Yyji4bSWYQ/gr5UQh0cNmH1KVULm/s68x
1MBUvWLXFxqb+T7PqWeUAIMTZTjfBiMqjjPz261zBBeQDKyciEy/UnunvX+e1cNQ
1aDzeqaQ30qJaoFbjmzE218SelQvWCCWQ241xgQzp8/xd3ae5oQnwdc0Z6azymu
15dzA+1VxXqLTVZ5gH1/74PZP1yeKpgmSx3LrP3gp0P7Rp99wTZ77b91ayR9ZyEP
IdcIJF0QNSIrKXHjdh5pTqvLhnw58wjGOfhfyA0/YgsV2wbBy6uSOAoGEZMg+hs4
4P3CudqoHqeHZocfLpRwRqheyZc+n2AGxN+RFpvaRV9cs8ciuHyvGHTgq7eear53
ktZPxNR6/WtX7iCfqkg4
=3Lxm
-----END PGP PUBLIC KEY BLOCK-----
root@kali:~#
root@kali:~#
root@kali:~#
root@kali:~# wget -q -O - https://archive.kali.org/archive-key.asc | apt-key add
OK
root@kali:~#
root@kali:~#
root@kali:~#
root@kali:~#
```

quiet - to not display status information

No status information

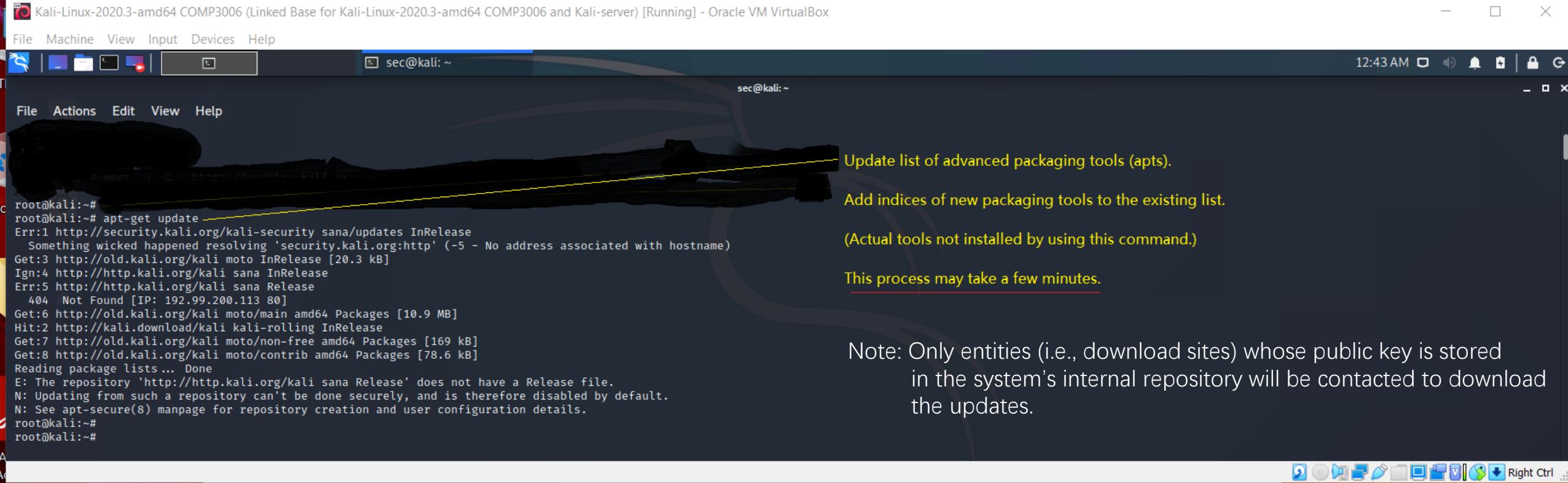
Output

Standard output (i.e., screen)

Add PGP public keys to the list of trusted keys

It will add this list/block of trusted keys to the system's internal repository of trusted public keys for future reference.

Update List of Advanced Packaging Tools (apts)



Kali-Linux-2020.3-amd64 COMP3006 (Linked Base for Kali-Linux-2020.3-amd64 COMP3006 and Kali-server) [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

sec@kali: ~

sec@kali: ~

File Actions Edit View Help

root@kali:~# apt-get update
Err:1 http://security.kali.org/kali-security sana/updates InRelease
 Something wicked happened resolving 'security.kali.org:http' (-5 - No address associated with hostname)
Get:3 http://old.kali.org/kali moto InRelease [20.3 kB]
Ign:4 http://http.kali.org/kali sana InRelease
Err:5 http://http.kali.org/kali sana Release
 404 Not Found [IP: 192.99.200.113 80]
Get:6 http://old.kali.org/kali moto/main amd64 Packages [10.9 MB]
Hit:2 http://kali.download/kali kali-rolling InRelease
Get:7 http://old.kali.org/kali moto/non-free amd64 Packages [169 kB]
Get:8 http://old.kali.org/kali moto/contrib amd64 Packages [78.6 kB]
Reading package lists... Done
E: The repository 'http://http.kali.org/kali sana Release' does not have a Release file.
N: Updating from such a repository can't be done securely, and is therefore disabled by default.
N: See apt-secure(8) manpage for repository creation and user configuration details.

root@kali:~#
root@kali:~#

Update list of advanced packaging tools (apts).

Add indices of new packaging tools to the existing list.

(Actual tools not installed by using this command.)

This process may take a few minutes.

Note: Only entities (i.e., download sites) whose public key is stored in the system's internal repository will be contacted to download the updates.

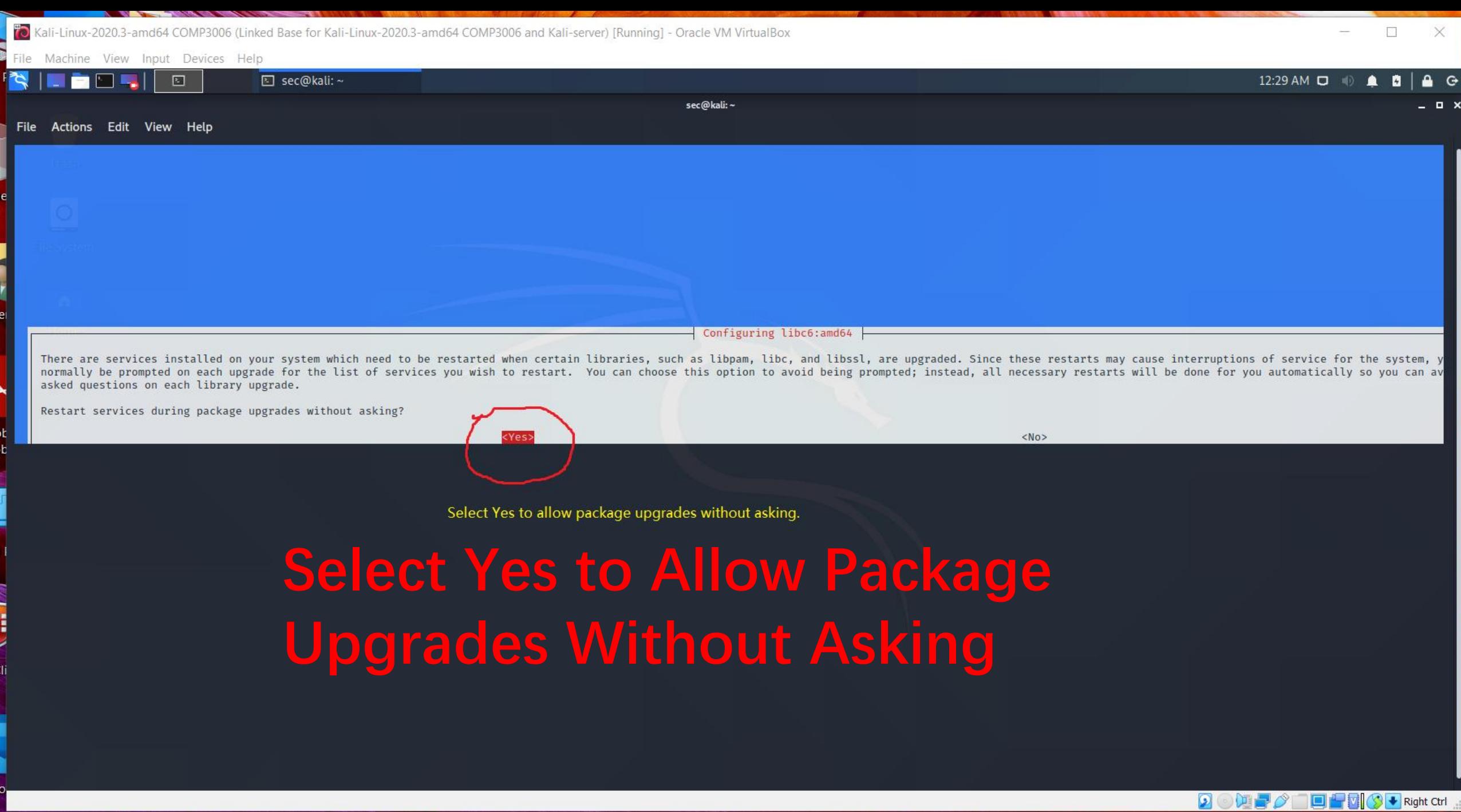
Install Package (`libpam-cracklib`) to Get Password Authentication Module (`pam_cracklib.so`)

```
root@kali:~# apt-get update
Err:1 http://security.kali.org/kali-security sana/updates InRelease
  Something wicked happened resolving 'security.kali.org:http' (-5 - No address associated with hostname)
Get:3 http://old.kali.org/kali moto InRelease [20.3 kB]
Ign:4 http://http.kali.org/kali sana InRelease
Err:5 http://http.kali.org/kali sana Release
  404 Not Found [IP: 192.99.200.113 80]
Get:6 http://old.kali.org/kali moto/main amd64 Packages [10.9 MB]
Hit:2 http://kali.download/kali kali-rolling InRelease
Get:7 http://old.kali.org/kali moto/non-free amd64 Packages [169 kB]
Get:8 http://old.kali.org/kali moto/contrib amd64 Packages [78.6 kB]
Reading package lists... Done
E: The repository 'http://http.kali.org/kali sana Release' does not have a Release file.
N: Updating from such a repository can't be done securely, and is therefore disabled by default.
N: See apt-secure(8) manpage for repository creation and user configuration details.
root@kali:~#
root@kali:~#
root@kali:~# apt-get install libpam-cracklib
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following package was automatically installed and is no longer required:
 libjsoncpp1
Use 'apt autoremove' to remove it.
The following additional packages will be installed:
 binutils binutils-common binutils-x86_64-linux-gnu cracklib-runtime firefox-esr gcc-12-base libbinutils libc-bin libc-dev-bin libc-l10n libc6 libc6-dev libc6-i386 libcrack2 libctf-nobfd0 libctf0 libdeflate0 libffi8
 libgdk-pixbuf2.0-0 libgdk-pixbuf-xlib2.0-0 libgdk-pixbuf2.0-0 libgdk-pixbuf2.0-common libgprofng0 libjansson4 liblerc4 libnsl-dev libnspr4 libnss3 libstdc++6 libtiff6 libtirpc-common libtirpc-dev libtirpc3 libvpx7
 libwebp7 libx11-6 libx11-xcb1 libzstd1 locales rpcsvc-proto wamerican
Suggested packages:
 binutils-doc fonts-stix | otf-stix fonts-lmodern glibc-doc libnss-nis libnss-nisplus manpages-dev
Recommended packages:
 manpages-dev libc-devtools
The following NEW packages will be installed:
 cracklib-runtime gcc-12-base libcrack2 libdeflate0 libffi8 libgdk-pixbuf2.0-0 libgdk-pixbuf-xlib2.0-0 libgprofng0 liblerc4 libnsl-dev libpam-cracklib libtiff6 libtirpc-dev libvpx7 libwebp7 rpcsvc-proto wamerican
The following packages will be upgraded:
 binutils binutils-common binutils-x86_64-linux-gnu firefox-esr libbinutils libc-bin libc-dev-bin libc-l10n libc6 libc6-dev libc6-i386 libctf-nobfd0 libctf0 libgdk-pixbuf2.0-0 libgdk-pixbuf2.0-common libjansson4 libnspr4 lib
 libstdc++6 libtirpc-common libtirpc3 libx11-6 libx11-xcb1 libzstd1 locales
25 upgraded, 18 newly installed, 0 to remove and 1809 not upgraded.
Need to get 84.4 MB of archives.
After this operation, 42.5 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] Y
Get:2 http://old.kali.org/kali moto/main amd64 libpam-cracklib amd64 1.1.3-7.1 [83.7 kB]
Get:1 http://kali.download/kali kali-rolling/main amd64 libffi8 amd64 3.4.4-1 [22.9 kB]
Get:1 http://kali.download/kali kali-rolling/main amd64 libffi8 amd64 3.4.4-1 [22.9 kB]
Get:1 http://kali.download/kali kali-rolling/main amd64 libffi8 amd64 3.4.4-1 [22.9 kB]
```

Install the package (`libpam-cracklib`) to get the Password Authentication Module (`pam_cracklib.so`).
(`pam_cracklib.so`) is a stronger password authentication module than the standard module (`pam_unix.so`).

This process may take a few minutes to complete.

Enter Y to continue.



Select Yes to Allow Package Upgrades Without Asking

Kali-Linux-2020.3-amd64 COMP3006 (Linked Base for Kali-Linux-2020.3-amd64 COMP3006 and Kali-server) [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

sec@kali: ~

sec@kali: ~

File Actions Edit View Help

Unpacking libpam-cracklib:amd64 (1.1.3-7.1) ... **Unpacking**

Setting up libc-l10n (2.36-8) ...

Setting up liblberc4:amd64 (4.0.0+ds-2) ...

Setting up libtirpc-common (1.3.3+ds-1) ...

Setting up libgdk-pixbuf2.0-common (2.42.10+dfsg-1) ...

Setting up binutils-common:amd64 (2.40-2) ...

Setting up libdeflate0:amd64 (1.14-1) ...

Setting up libctf-nobfd0:amd64 (2.40-2) ...

Setting up locales (2.36-8) ...

Installing new version of config file /etc/locale.alias ...

Generating locales (this might take a while) ...

en_US.UTF-8 ... done

Generation complete.

Setting up libjansson4:amd64 (2.14-2) ...

Setting up rpcsvc-proto (1.4.3-1) ...

Setting up libnspr4:amd64 (2:4.35-1) ...

Setting up wamerican (2020.12.07-2) ...

Setting up libcrack2:amd64 (2.9.6-5) ...

Setting up libwebp7:amd64 (1.2.4-0.1) ...

Setting up libffi8:amd64 (3.4.4-1) ...

Setting up libtiff6:amd64 (4.5.0-3) ...

Setting up libc6-i386 (2.36-8) ...

Setting up libx11-6:amd64 (2:1.8.3-3) ...

Setting up libgdk-pixbuf-2.0-0:amd64 (2.42.10+dfsg-1+b1) ...

Setting up libvpx7:amd64 (1.12.0-1) ...

Setting up libbinutils:amd64 (2.40-2) ...

Setting up libc-dev-bin (2.36-8) ...

Setting up libctf0:amd64 (2.40-2) ...

Setting up libtirpc3:amd64 (1.3.3+ds-1) ...

Setting up libx11-xcb1:amd64 (2:1.8.3-3) ...

Setting up libgdk-pixbuf-xlib-2.0-0:amd64 (2.40.2-2) ...

Setting up libnss3:amd64 (2:3.87-1) ...

Setting up cracklib-runtime (2.9.6-5) ...

Skipping line: 1

Setting up libgprofng0:amd64 (2.40-2) ...

Setting up libtirpc-dev:amd64 (1.3.3+ds-1) ...

Setting up libgdk-pixbuf2.0-0:amd64 (2.40.2-2) ...

Setting up libnsl2:amd64 (1.3.0-2) ...

Setting up firefox-esr (102.6.0esr-1) ...

Setting up binutils-x86-64-linux-gnu (2.40-2) ...

Setting up binutils (2.40-2) ...

Setting up libpam-cracklib:amd64 (1.1.3-7.1) ... **Setting up**

Setting up libnsl-dev:amd64 (1.3.0-2) ...

Setting up libc6-dev:amd64 (2.36-8) ...

Processing triggers for desktop-file-utils (0.26-1) ...

Processing triggers for mime-support (3.64) ...

Processing triggers for hicolor-icon-theme (0.17-2) ...

Processing triggers for libc-bin (2.36-8) ...

Processing triggers for man-db (2.9.3-2) ...

Processing triggers for kali-menu (2020.3.2) ...

Processing triggers for dictionaries-common (1.28.1) ...

root@kali:~#

01:14 AM

Right Ctrl

Kali-Linux-2020.3-amd64 COMP3006 (Linked Base for Kali-Linux-2020.3-amd64 COMP3006 and Kali-server) [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

sec@kali: ~

File Actions Edit View Help

Processing triggers for hicolor-icon-theme (0.17-2) ...
Processing triggers for libc-bin (2.36-8) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.9.3-2) ...
Processing triggers for kali-menu (2020.3.2) ...
Processing triggers for dictionaries-common (1.28.1) ...
root@kali:~#
root@kali:~# ls -l
total 0
root@kali:~# exit

sec@kali:~\$ ls -l
total 40
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 Downloads
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab1
drwxr-xr-x 4 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab2
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab3
drwxr-xr-x 6 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab4
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab5
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab6
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab7

sec@kali:~\$
sec@kali:~\$ sudo nano /etc/pam.d/common-password
[sudo] password for sec:

Exit root privilege

Open password policy file (common-password) using editor (nano)

Password = security

Exit Root Privilege & Open Password Policy File (common-password) Using Editor (nano)

Observe Change of Content in Password Policy File (common-password)

GNU nano 4.9.3

/etc/pam.d/common-password - password-related modules common to all services

This file is included from other service-specific PAM config files,
and should contain a list of modules that define the services to be
used to change user passwords. The default is pam_unix.

Explanation of pam_unix options:

The "sha512" option enables salted SHA512 passwords. Without this option,
the default is Unix crypt. Prior releases used the option "md5".

The "obscure" option replaces the old `OBSCURE_CHECKS_ENAB' option in
login.defs.

See the pam_unix manpage for other options.

As of pam 1.0.1-6, this file is managed by pam-auth-update by default.
To take advantage of this, it is recommended that you configure any
local modules either before or after the default block, and use
pam-auth-update to manage selection of other modules. See
pam-auth-update(8) for details.

here are the per-package modules (the "Primary" block)
password requisite pam_cracklib.so retry=3 minlen=8 difok=3
password [success=1 default=ignore] pam_unix.so obscure use_authtok try_first_pass sha512
here's the fallback if no module succeeds
password requisite pam_deny.so
prime the stack with a positive return value if there isn't one already;
this avoids us returning an error just because nothing sets a success code
since the modules above will each just jump around
password required pam_permit.so
and here are more per-package modules (the "Additional" block)
password optional pam_gnome_keyring.so
end of pam-auth-update config

Stronger password authentication module

Maximum 3 attempts are allowed to select password

Minimum length of password is 8 characters

Minimum number of characters that must be different from the previous password is 3

Tells pam_unix to try the previous PAM (pam_cracklib) approved password in case that satisfies this module as well.

Tells pam_unix not to do any of its own password checks, instead accept the password that the user inputs after it's been thoroughly checked by pam_cracklib.

File Actions Edit View Help

```
GNU nano 4.9.3                                     /etc/pam.d/common-password

# /etc/pam.d/common-password - password-related modules common to all services
#
# This file is included from other service-specific PAM config files,
# and should contain a list of modules that define the services to be
# used to change user passwords. The default is pam_unix.

# Explanation of pam_unix options:
#
# The "sha512" option enables salted SHA512 passwords. Without this option,
# the default is Unix crypt. Prior releases used the option "md5".
#
# The "obscure" option replaces the old `OBSCURE_CHECKS_ENAB' option in
# login.defs.
#
# See the pam_unix manpage for other options.

# As of pam 1.0.1-6, this file is managed by pam-auth-update by default.
# To take advantage of this, it is recommended that you configure any
# local modules either before or after the default block, and use
# pam-auth-update to manage selection of other modules. See
# pam-auth-update(8) for details.

# here are the per-package modules (the "Primary" block)
password      requisite          pam_cracklib.so retry=3 minlen=8 difok=3 lcredit=-1 uccredit=-1 dcredit=-1 ocredit=-1
password      [success=1 default=ignore]    pam_unix.so obscure use_authtok try_first_pass sha512
# here's the fallback if no module succeeds
password      requisite          pam_deny.so
# prime the stack with a positive return value if there isn't one already;
# this avoids us returning an error just because nothing sets a success code
# since the modules above will each just jump around
password      required           pam_permit.so
# and here are more per-package modules (the "Additional" block)
password      optional           pam_gnome_keyring.so
# end of pam-auth-update config
```

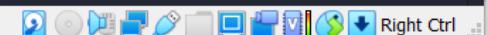
At least one lowercase character

/At least one uppercase character

At least one numeric character

At least one other/special character

^G Get Help **^O Write Out** **^W Where Is** **^K Cut Text** **^J Justify** **[Read 35 lines]**
^X Exit **^R Read File** **^V Replace** **^U Paste Text** **^T To Spell** **^C Cur Pos** **M-U Undo** **M-A Mark Text** **M-]** **To Bracket** **M-Q Previous** **^B Back**
^_ Go To Line **M-E Redo** **M-6 Copy Text** **^Q Where Was** **M-W Next** **^F Forward**



```
File Actions Edit View Help  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ sudo nano /etc/pam.d/common-password  
[sudo] password for sec:
```

```
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ password  
bash: password: command not found  
sec@kali:~$ passwd  
Changing password for sec.
```

```
Current password: _____ security
New password: _____
BAD PASSWORD: is too simple
New password: _____ Sayakamu
BAD PASSWORD: is too simple
New password: _____
BAD PASSWORD: it is based on a dictionary word
passwd: Have exhausted maximum number of retries for service
```

```
sec@kali:~$ passwd  
sec@kali:~$ passwd  
Changing password for sec.  
Current password: _____  
New password: _____  
BAD PASSWORD: is too simple  
New password: _____ 1234567  
BAD PASSWORD: it is too simplistic/systematic  
New password: _____  
BAD PASSWORD: is too simple  
passwd: Have exhausted maximum number of retries for service
```

```
passwd: password unchanged  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ █
```

Test passwords with different formats and complexity

Stronger passwords are required under pam_cracklib password authentication module.

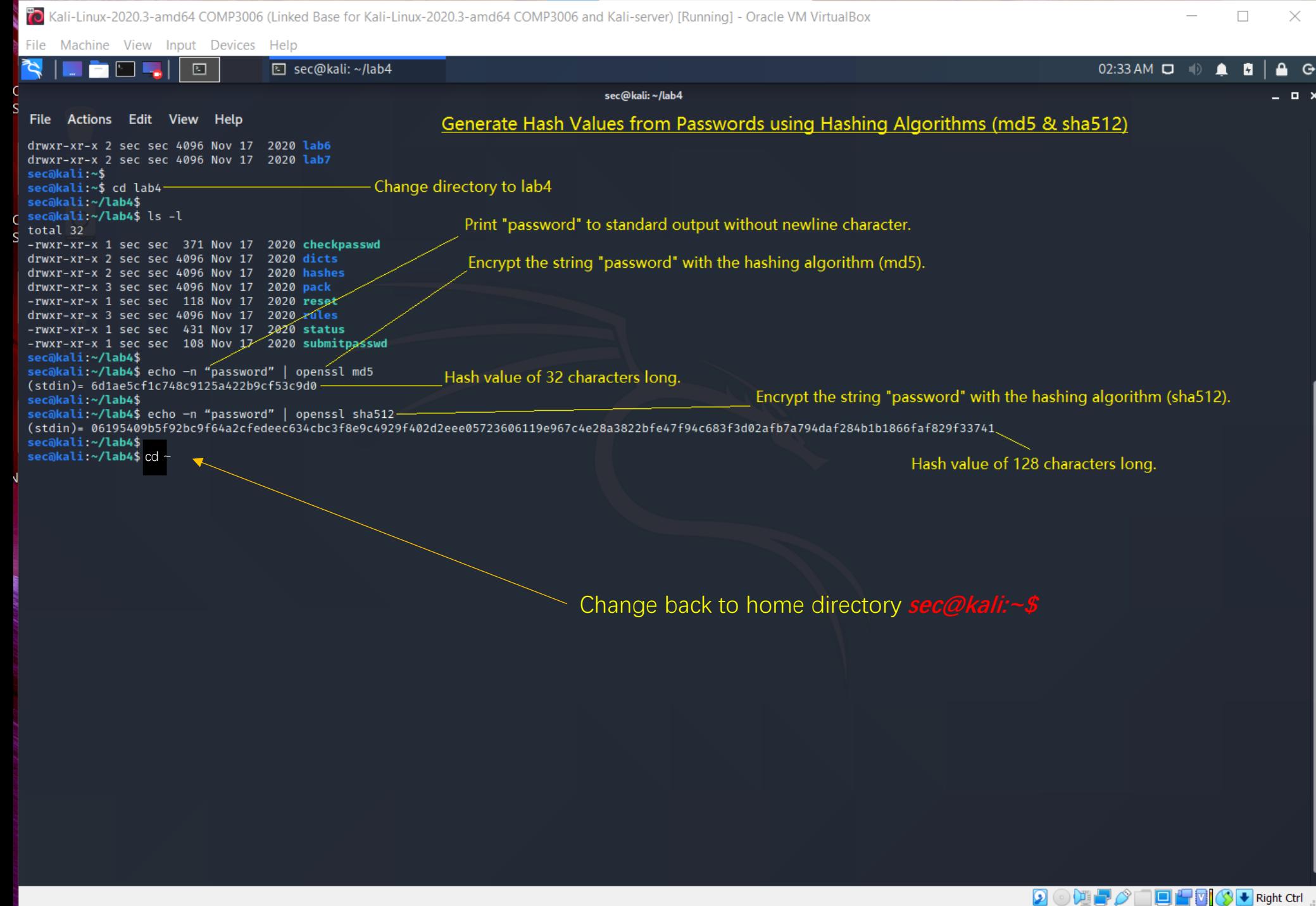
sukahat

dutech

—tidaksuka

—UNNCNINGBO





Kali-Linux-2020.3-amd64 COMP3006 (Linked Base for Kali-Linux-2020.3-amd64 COMP3006 and Kali-server) [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

sec@kali: ~

sec@kali: ~

Create Script File (generate.sh) to Generate Hashes from Passwords in Plain Text

sec@kali:~\$
sec@kali:~\$
sec@kali:~\$ ls -l
total 40
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 Downloads
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab1
drwxr-xr-x 4 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab2
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab3
drwxr-xr-x 6 sec sec 4096 Feb 5 10:05 lab4
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab5
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab6
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab7
sec@kali:~\$
sec@kali:~\$ sudo nano generate.sh
[sudo] password for sec:

Create Script File (generate.sh) Using Editor (nano)

Password = security

```
GNU nano 4.9.3
echo -n "Password" | openssl md5 | cut -c 10-41 | tee -a hashes.txt
echo -n "HELLO" | openssl md5 | cut -c 10-41 | tee -a hashes.txt
echo -n "MYSECRET" | openssl md5 | cut -c 10-41 | tee -a hashes.txt
echo -n "Test1234" | openssl md5 | cut -c 10-41 | tee -a hashes.txt
echo -n "P455w0rd" | openssl md5 | cut -c 10-41 | tee -a hashes.txt
echo -n "GuessMe" | openssl md5 | cut -c 10-41 | tee -a hashes.txt
echo -n "S3CuReP455W0rd" | openssl md5 | cut -c 10-41 | tee -a hashes.txt
```

>Passwords

Select hashing algorithm (md5)

Return the substring from the 10th character to 41st character.
A total of 32 characters as specified by md5 algorithm.

Output to screen and text file (hashes.txt).

Output without ending newline character

^G Get Help

Write Out

 Where I

^K Cut Text

 Justify

^C Cur Pos

M-U Undo

M-A Mark Text

[M-] To Bracket

| Previous

Exit

^R Read File

 Replace

^U Paste Text

 To Spell

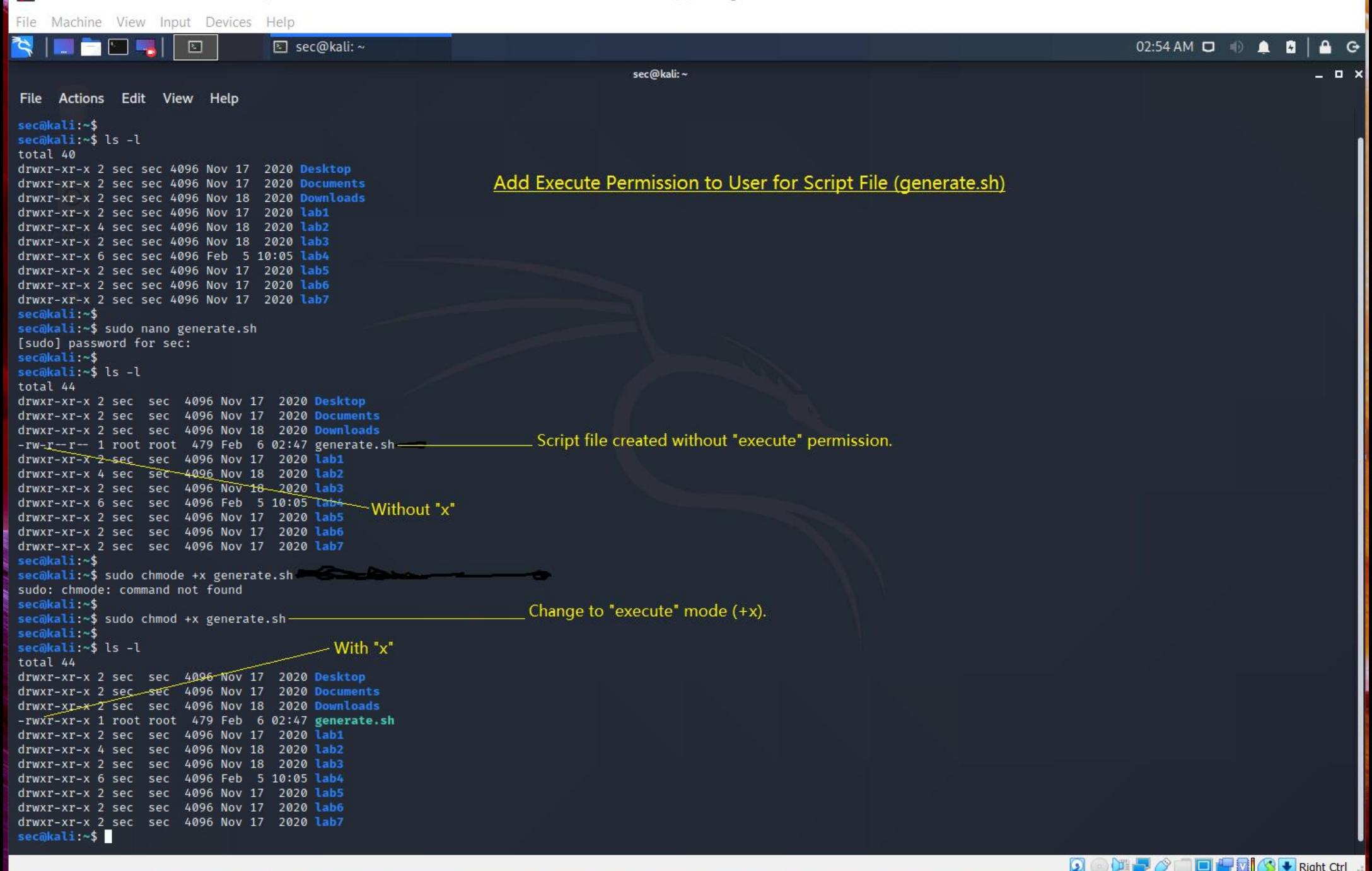
 Go To Line

M-E Redo

M-6 Copy Text

 Where Was

Next



File Machine View Input Devices Help



sec@kali: ~

02:59 AM | 🔍 📲 🌐 🌐 🌐 🌐 🌐 🌐

— □ ×

sec@kali: ~

File Actions Edit View Help

```
drwxr-xr-x 4 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab2
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab3
drwxr-xr-x 6 sec sec 4096 Feb 5 10:05 lab4
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab5
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab6
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab7
```

Run Script File (generate.sh) to Generate Hashes and Store The Values in Text File (hashes.txt)

```
sec@kali:~$
```

```
sec@kali:~$ sudo chmod +x generate.sh
sudo: chmod: command not found
```

```
sec@kali:~$
```

```
sec@kali:~$ sudo chmod +x generate.sh
```

```
sec@kali:~$
```

```
sec@kali:~$ ls -l
```

```
total 44
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 Downloads
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 479 Feb 6 02:47 generate.sh
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab1
drwxr-xr-x 4 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab2
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab3
drwxr-xr-x 6 sec sec 4096 Feb 5 10:05 lab4
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab5
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab6
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab7
```

```
sec@kali:~$
```

```
sec@kali:~$ ./generate.sh
```

Run script file (generate.sh)

```
dc647eb65e6711e155375218212b3964
```

```
eb61eedad90e3b899c6bcbe27ac581660
```

```
958152288f2d2303ae045cffc43a02cd
```

```
2c9341ca4cf3d87b9e4eb905d6a3ec45
```

```
75b71aa6842e450f12aca00fdf54c51d
```

```
031cbcccd3ba6bd4d1556330995b8d08
```

```
b5af0b804ff7238bce48adef1e0c213f
```

```
sec@kali:~$
```

```
sec@kali:~$ ls -l
```

```
total 48
```

```
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 Downloads
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 479 Feb 6 02:47 generate.sh
-rw-r--r-- 1 sec sec 231 Feb 6 02:58 hashes.txt
```

Hash values also output to file (hashes.txt).

```
sec@kali:~$
```



File Machine View Input Devices Help

03:12 AM

sec@kali: ~

File Actions Edit View Help

```
sec@kali:~$ sudo chmod +x generate.sh
sec@kali:~$ ls -l
total 44
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 Downloads
-rw-rxr-x 1 root root 479 Feb 6 02:47 generate.sh
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab1
drwxr-xr-x 4 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab2
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab3
drwxr-xr-x 6 sec sec 4096 Feb 5 10:05 lab4
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab5
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab6
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab7
```

```
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ ./generate.sh  
dc647eb65e6711e155375218212b3964  
eb61eead90e3b899c6bcbe27ac581660  
958152288f2d2303ae045cffc43a02cd  
2c9341ca4cf3d87b9e4eb905d6a3ec45  
75b71aa6842e450f12aca00fdf545c51d  
031bcccd3ba6bd4d1556330995b8d08  
b5af0b804ff7238bce48adef1e0c213f
```

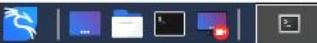
```
sec@kali:~$ ls -l
total 48
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 Downloads
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 479 Feb 6 02:47 generate.s
-rw-r--r-- 1 sec sec 231 Feb 6 02:58 hashes.txt
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab1
drwxr-xr-x 4 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab2
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab3
drwxr-xr-x 6 sec sec 4096 Feb 5 10:05 lab4
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab5
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab6
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab7
```

```
sec@kali:~$  
sec@kali:~$ cat hashes.txt  
dc647eb65e6711e155375218212b3964  
eb16eade90e3b899c6cbcbe27ac581660  
958152288f2d2303ae045cffc43a02cd  
2c9341ca4cf3d87b9e4eb905d6a3ec45  
75b71aa6842e450f12aca00fdf45c51d  
9217b7ad2d76cb7d145f6322095e51d90
```

```
sec@kali:~$
```

Display content of file (hashes.txt)

File Machine View Input Devices Help



sec@kali:~\$

12:14 AM | 79% | G

sec@kali:/usr/share/wordlists

File Actions Edit View Help

```
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 479 Feb 18 00:02 generate.sh
-rw-r--r-- 1 sec sec 231 Feb 18 00:05 hashes.txt
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab1
drwxr-xr-x 4 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab2
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab3
drwxr-xr-x 6 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab4
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab5
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab6
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab7
```

sec@kali:~\$

```
sec@kali:~$ cat hashes.txt
dc647eb65e6711e155375218212b3964
eb61eead90e3b899c6bcbe27ac581660
958152288f2d2303ae045cffc43a02cd
2c9341ca4cf3d87b9e4eb905d6a3ec45
75b71aa6842e450f12aca00fdf54c51d
031cbcccd3ba6bd4d1595330995b8d08
b5af0b804ff7238bce48adef1e0c213f
```

sec@kali:~\$

sec@kali:~\$

```
sec@kali:~$ cd cd /usr/share/wordlists/
bash: cd: too many arguments
```

sec@kali:~\$

```
sec@kali:~$ cd /usr/share/wordlists/
```

```
sec@kali:/usr/share/wordlists$
```

```
sec@kali:/usr/share/wordlists$ ls -l
```

```
total 52108
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 25 Jul 27 2020 dirb → /usr/share/dirb/wordlists
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 30 Jul 27 2020 dirbuster → /usr/share/dirbuster/wordlists
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 41 Jul 27 2020 fasttrack.txt → /usr/share/set/src/fasttrack/wordlist.txt
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 45 Jul 27 2020 fern-wifi → /usr/share/fern-wifi-cracker/extras/wordlists
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 46 Jul 27 2020 metasploit → /usr/share/metasploit-framework/data/wordlists
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 41 Jul 27 2020 nmap.lst → /usr/share/nmap/nselib/data/passwords.lst
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 53357329 Jul 17 2019 rockyou.txt.gz
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 25 Jul 27 2020 wfuzz → /usr/share/wfuzz/wordlist
```

```
sec@kali:/usr/share/wordlists$
```

```
sec@kali:/usr/share/wordlists$
```

```
sec@kali:/usr/share/wordlists$ sudo gunzip rockyou.txt.gz
```

```
sec@kali:/usr/share/wordlists$
```

```
sec@kali:/usr/share/wordlists$ ls -l
```

```
total 136644
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 25 Jul 27 2020 dirb → /usr/share/dirb/wordlists
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 30 Jul 27 2020 dirbuster → /usr/share/dirbuster/wordlists
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 41 Jul 27 2020 fasttrack.txt → /usr/share/set/src/fasttrack/wordlist.txt
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 45 Jul 27 2020 fern-wifi → /usr/share/fern-wifi-cracker/extras/wordlists
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 46 Jul 27 2020 metasploit → /usr/share/metasploit-framework/data/wordlists
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 41 Jul 27 2020 nmap.lst → /usr/share/nmap/nselib/data/passwords.lst
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 139921507 Jul 17 2019 rockyou.txt
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 25 Jul 27 2020 wfuzz → /usr/share/wfuzz/wordlist
```

```
sec@kali:/usr/share/wordlists$
```

```
sec@kali:/usr/share/wordlists$
```

Change Directory (wordlists) & Unzip Dictionary File (rockyou.txt.gz)

Change to directory (wordlists)

Zipped dictionary file (rockyou.txt.gz)

Unzip dictionary file (rockyou.txt.gz)

Unzipped dictionary file (rockyou.txt)

File Machine View Input Devices Help

sec@kali: ~

```
File Actions Edit View Help
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 41 Jul 27 2020 nmap.lst → /usr/share/nmap/nselib/data/passwords.lst Dictionary file
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 139921507 Jul 17 2019 rockyyou.txt
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 25 Jul 27 2020 wfuzz → /usr/share/wfuzz/wordlist
sec@kali:/usr/share/wordlists$ Change back to home directory
sec@kali:/usr/share/wordlists$ cd ~
sec@kali:$
sec@kali:~$ ls -l
total 48
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 Downloads
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 479 Feb 18 00:02 generate.sh
-rw-r--r-- 1 sec sec 231 Feb 18 00:05 hashes.txt
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab1
drwxr-xr-x 4 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab2
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab3
drwxr-xr-x 6 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab4
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab5
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab6
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab7
sec@kali:~$
```

Recover Passwords from Hashes Using Hashcat Under Attack Mode 0

Dictionary Attack

Attack Mode 0 - Straight attack by trying out all the passwords stored in a dictionary

Input File - File containing hash values to be recovered

Output File - File containing recovered passwords in plain text

The dictionary used

```
sec@kali:~$ sudo hashcat -m 0 -a 0 hashes.txt -o passwords.txt /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt
hashcat (v6.0.0) starting ...

OpenCL API (OpenCL 1.2 pocl 1.5, None+Asserts, LLVM 9.0.1, RELOC, SLEEP, DISTRO, POCL_DEBUG) - Platform #1 [The pocl project]
* Device #1: pthread-Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-8250U CPU @ 1.60GHz, 1429/1493 MB (512 MB allocatable), 2MCU
```

Type of hash function (md5)

```
Minimum password length supported by kernel: 0
Maximum password length supported by kernel: 256

Hashes: 7 digests; 7 unique digests, 1 unique salts
Bitmaps: 16 bits, 65536 entries, 0x0000ffff mask, 262144 bytes, 5/13 rotates
Rules: 1

Applicable optimizers:
* Zero-Byte
* Early-Skip
* Not-Salted
* Not-Iterated
* Single-Salt
* Raw-Hash

ATTENTION! Pure (unoptimized) backend kernels selected.
Using pure kernels enables cracking longer passwords but for the price of drastically reduced performance.
If you want to switch to optimized backend kernels, append -O to your commandline.
See the above message to find out about the exact limits.

Watchdog: Hardware monitoring interface not found on your system.
Watchdog: Temperature abort trigger disabled.

Host memory required for this attack: 64 MB
```

Reference: How to Crack Hashes with Hashcat — a Practical Pentesting Guide
<https://www.freecodecamp.org/news/hacking-with-hashcat-a-practical-guide/>

Kali-Linux-2020.3-amd64 COMP3006 (Linked Base for Kali-Linux-2020.3-amd64 COMP3006 and Kali-server) [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

sec@kali: ~

sec@kali: ~

Host memory required for this attack: 64 MB

Dictionary cache hit:

- * Filename..: /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt
- * Passwords.: 14344385
- * Bytes.....: 139921507
- * Keyspace..: 14344385

Approaching final keyspace - workload adjusted.

Session.....: hashcat

Status.....: Exhausted

Hash.Name....: MD5

Hash.Target....: hashes.txt

Time.Started....: Mon Feb 6 03:50:53 2023 (7 secs)

Time.Estimated ...: Mon Feb 6 03:51:00 2023 (0 secs)

Guess.Base.....: File (/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt)

Guess.Queue.....: 1/1 (100.0%)

Speed.#1.....: 2124.8 KH/s (0.23ms) @ Accel:1024 Loops:1 Thr:1 Vec:8

Recovered.....: 5/7 (71.43%) Digests

Progress.....: 14344385/14344385 (100.00%)

Rejected.....: 0/14344385 (0.00%)

Restore.Point....: 14344385/14344385 (100.00%)

Restore.Sub.#1...: Salt:0 Amplifier:0-1 Iteration:0-1

Candidates.#1....: \$HEX[206b72697374656e616e6e65] → \$HEX[042a0337c2a156616d6f732103]

Started: Mon Feb 6 03:50:50 2023

Stopped: Mon Feb 6 03:51:01 2023

sec@kali:~\$

sec@kali:~\$ sudo ls -l

total 52

drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Desktop

drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 Documents

drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 Downloads

-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 479 Feb 6 02:47 generate.sh

-rw-r--r-- 1 sec sec 231 Feb 6 02:58 hashes.txt

drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab1

drwxr-xr-x 4 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab2

drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 18 2020 lab3

drwxr-xr-x 6 sec sec 4096 Feb 5 10:05 lab4

drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab5

drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab6

drwxr-xr-x 2 sec sec 4096 Nov 17 2020 lab7

-rw----- 1 root root 126 Feb 6 03:50 passwords.txt

sec@kali:~\$

sec@kali:~\$

sec@kali:~\$ sudo nano passwords.txt

Open file containing recovered passwords (passwords.txt)

Kali-Linux-2020.3-amd64 COMP3006 (Linked Base for Kali-Linux-2020.3-amd64 COMP3006 and Kali-server) [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

sec@kali: ~

12:32 AM 79% |

File Actions Edit View Help

GNU nano 4.9.3

dc647eb65e6711e155375218212b3964:Password
eb61eedad90e3b899c6bcbe27ac581660:HELLO
75b71aa6842e450f12aca00fdf54c51d:P455w0rd
2c9341ca4cf3d87b9e4eb905d6a3ec45:Test1234
958152288f2d2303ae045cffc43a02cd:MYSECRET

Simple and Commonly Used Passwords Are Easily Cracked!

Hash values

Recovered passwords

Observe Recovered Passwords

^G Get Help ^W Write Out ^K Cut Text ^J Justify ^C Cur Pos M-U Undo M-A Mark Text M-[To Bracket M-Q Previous ^B Back
^X Exit ^R Read File ^\ Where Is ^U Paste Text ^T To Spell ^_ Go To Line M-E Redo M-6 Copy Text ^Q Where Was M-W Next ^F Forward