



## Foundation Calculus and Mathematical Techniques (CELEN037)

### Problem Sheet 5

### Topics: Techniques of integration

#### Topic 1: Simple Integration

1. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$(i) \int \left( \frac{3}{x} + \sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{4}{x} \right) dx$$

$$(ii) \int \left( \frac{x^2 + 3x - 2}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx$$

$$(iii) \int \frac{x^3 - 1}{x - 1} dx$$

$$(iv) \int \left( 2e^x + \frac{6}{x} + \ln 2 \right) dx$$

$$(v) \int \frac{1}{\tan 2x \cdot \sin 2x} dx$$

$$(vi) \int \sin^2 x dx$$

$$(vii) \int \sin \left( \frac{6}{x} \right) \cdot \cos^2 \left( \frac{x}{6} \right) dx$$

$$(viii) \int (x^3 - 2x^2) \left( \frac{1}{x} - 5 \right) dx$$

#### Topic 2: The method of substitution for integration

2. Evaluate the following integrals by using appropriate substitutions:

$$(i) \int (3x + 2)^4 dx$$

$$(ii) \int \sin(7x - 3) dx$$

$$(iii) \int x^3 \cdot \cos(x^4 - 1) dx$$

$$(iv) \int \frac{1}{7x + 5} dx$$

$$(v) \int \frac{e^{3\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$(vi) \int \frac{4x}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

$$(vii) \int e^{\sec x} \cdot \sec x \cdot \tan x dx$$

$$(viii) \int 2x \cdot e^{x^2 - 5} dx$$

$$(ix) \int \sec^2 x \cdot \sqrt{\tan x} dx$$

$$(x) \int \frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x} dx$$

$$(xi) \int (x + 3)^2 (x - 5)^5 dx$$

$$(xii) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} \cdot (1 + \sqrt{x})^2} dx$$

$$(xiii) \int \frac{5^x}{(5^x + 1)^3} dx$$

$$(xiv) \int e^{\cos x} \cdot \sin x dx$$

$$(xv) \int \frac{(\sqrt{x} + 3)^3 - 27}{x} dx$$

$$(xvi) \int x \cdot \sin(2x^2) dx$$

**Topic 3: More standard integrals**

3. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$(i) \int \frac{\sec^2 x}{\sqrt{\tan^2 x - 9}} dx$$

$$(ii) \int \frac{\cot x}{\sqrt{\sin^2 x - 16}} dx$$

$$(iii) \int \frac{e^{2x}}{1 + e^{4x}} dx$$

$$(iv) \int \frac{3x^3}{1 + x^8} dx$$

$$(v) \int \frac{\sec x \cdot \tan x}{\sqrt{3 - \sec^2 x}} dx$$

$$(vi) \int \frac{1}{x \cdot (\ln x + 3)(\ln x - 3)} dx$$

$$(vii) \int \frac{3^x}{1 - 9^x} dx$$

$$(viii) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e^{2x} - 3}} dx$$

**Topic 4: Integrals of the form  $\int f(ax + b) dx$** 

4. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$(i) \int \sec(5x - 1) \cdot \tan(5x - 1) dx$$

$$(ii) \int \sin 2x \cdot \cos x dx$$

$$(iii) \int \frac{1}{9x^2 + 24x + 15} dx$$

$$(iv) \int \cos 14x \cdot \cos 3x dx$$

$$(v) \int e^{1-2x} dx$$

$$(vi) \int \sec^2(-5x - 2) dx$$

## Answers

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1. (i)  $3 \ln |x| + \frac{3}{4}x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 8\sqrt{x} + C$  (ii)  $\frac{2}{5}x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 4\sqrt{x} + C$
- (iii)  $\frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + x + C$  (iv)  $2e^x + 6 \ln |x| + x \cdot \ln 2 + C$
- (v)  $-\frac{1}{4}(\cot x + \tan x) + C$  (vi)  $\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{4}\sin 2x + C$
- (vii)  $-\frac{1}{2}\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{3}{2}\cos\left(\frac{x}{6}\right) + C$  (viii)  $-\frac{5}{4}x^4 + \frac{11}{3}x^3 - x^2 + C$
  
2. (i)  $\frac{(3x+2)^5}{15} + C$  (ii)  $-\frac{1}{7}\cos(7x-3) + C$
- (iii)  $\frac{1}{4}\sin(x^4-1) + C$  (iv)  $\frac{1}{7}\ln|7x+5| + C$
- (v)  $\frac{2}{3}e^{3\sqrt{x}} + C$  (vi)  $2\sqrt{2x^2+1} + C$
- (vii)  $e^{\sec x} + C$  (viii)  $e^{x^2-5} + C$
- (ix)  $\frac{2}{3}(\tan x)^{\frac{3}{2}} + C$  (x)  $\ln|1+\sin x| + C$
- (xi)  $\frac{1}{8}(x-5)^8 + \frac{16}{7}(x-5)^7 + \frac{32}{3}(x-5)^6 + C$  (xii)  $-\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{x}} + C$
- (xiii)  $-\frac{\ln 5}{2(5^x+1)^2} + C$  (xiv)  $-e^{\cos x} + C$
- (xv)  $\frac{2}{3}(\sqrt{x}+3)^3 + 3(\sqrt{x}+3)^2 + 18(\sqrt{x}+3) + C$
- (xvi)  $-\frac{1}{4}\cos(2x^2) + C$
  
3. (i)  $\ln\left|\tan x + \sqrt{\tan^2 x - 9}\right| + C$  (ii)  $\frac{1}{4}\sec^{-1}\left(\frac{\sin x}{4}\right) + C$
- (iii)  $\frac{1}{2}\tan^{-1}(e^{2x}) + C$  (iv)  $\frac{3}{4}\tan^{-1}(x^4) + C$
- (v)  $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sec x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + C$  (vi)  $\frac{1}{6}\ln\left|\frac{\ln x - 3}{\ln x + 3}\right| + C$
- (vii)  $\ln 3 \cdot \ln\left|\frac{3^x+1}{3^x-1}\right| + C$  (viii)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\sec^{-1}\left|\frac{e^x}{\sqrt{3}}\right| + C$

4. (i)  $\frac{1}{5} \sec(5x - 1) + C$

(ii)  $-\frac{1}{6} \cos 3x - \frac{1}{2} \cos x + C$

(iii)  $\frac{1}{6} \ln \left| \frac{3x + 3}{3x + 5} \right| + C$

(iv)  $\frac{1}{34} \sin 17x + \frac{1}{22} \sin 11x + C$

(v)  $-\frac{1}{2} e^{1-2x} + C$

(vi)  $-\frac{1}{5} \tan(-5x - 2) + C$