

Welcome

Final Project Submission

Please fill out:

- Student name: JOHN MWANGI GIKONYO
- Student pace: part time

Overview.

Microsoft wants to open a new movies studio. My work is to explore current and the well known studios and come up with well informed insights that will help making decisions. I will gather data from different studios, examine those data using data descriptive statistics and visualizations. At the end of this data analysis I will have well detailed report that Microsoft can use to build their new studio.

Business Problem

Microsoft want to open a movie studio. I have been tasked to provide well informed insights, where Microsoft should give priority when starting there new venture. Microsoft, being a new venture, should have high quality films for it to be competitive or as well take the highest market share. With this in mind they need knowledge that will assist them achieve their goal. By analyzing the movies that have been most recently watched, i can make recommendations about attributes that Microsoft's movies should have in order to achieve the highest revenue. I have based my analysis on four main factors:

- Genre type
- Release date
- Production House
- Runtime minutes
- Year of Release
- Production Budget

The above insights, I believe they will give us the most highly watched and profitable movies.

Data Understanding

I utilized five data sets provided by this project for my analysis.

- Boom movie data
- im.db data
- rt.movie_info data
- tmdb.movies data
- tn_movies_budgets data

```
# import libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import csv
import sqlite3
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
pd.options.display.float_format = '{:.2f}'.format
import seaborn as sns

tn_movie =
pd.read_csv("/home/ict/Downloads/dsc-phase-1-project-v2-4/tn.movie_bud
gets.csv")
tn_movie.head(5)
```

	id	release_date	movie \
0	1	Dec 18, 2009	Avatar
1	2	May 20, 2011	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides
2	3	Jun 7, 2019	Dark Phoenix
3	4	May 1, 2015	Avengers: Age of Ultron
4	5	Dec 15, 2017	Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi

	production_budget	domestic_gross	worldwide_gross
0	\$425,000,000	\$760,507,625	\$2,776,345,279
1	\$410,600,000	\$241,063,875	\$1,045,663,875
2	\$350,000,000	\$42,762,350	\$149,762,350
3	\$330,600,000	\$459,005,868	\$1,403,013,963
4	\$317,000,000	\$620,181,382	\$1,316,721,747

I was curious to check how release date affected the watch.

```
tn_movie['production_budget'] =
tn_movie['production_budget'].str.replace(',', '').str.replace('$',
 '').astype(int)
tn_movie['production_budget'].describe()
```

```
/snap/jupyter/6/lib/python3.7/site-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:1:
FutureWarning: The default value of regex will change from True to
False in a future version. In addition, single character regular
expressions will *not* be treated as literal strings when regex=True.
"""Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.
```

```
count      5782.00
mean      31587757.10
std       41812076.83
min        1100.00
25%       5000000.00
50%      17000000.00
75%      40000000.00
max      425000000.00
Name: production_budget, dtype: float64
```

```
tn_movie['domestic_gross'] =
tn_movie['domestic_gross'].str.replace(',', '').str.replace('$',
').astype(int)
tn_movie['domestic_gross'].describe()

/snap/jupyter/6/lib/python3.7/site-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:1:
FutureWarning: The default value of regex will change from True to
False in a future version. In addition, single character regular
expressions will *not* be treated as literal strings when regex=True.
    """Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.
```

```
count          5782.00
mean         41873326.87
std         68240597.36
min              0.00
25%         1429534.50
50%         17225945.00
75%         52348661.50
max        936662225.00
Name: domestic_gross, dtype: float64
```

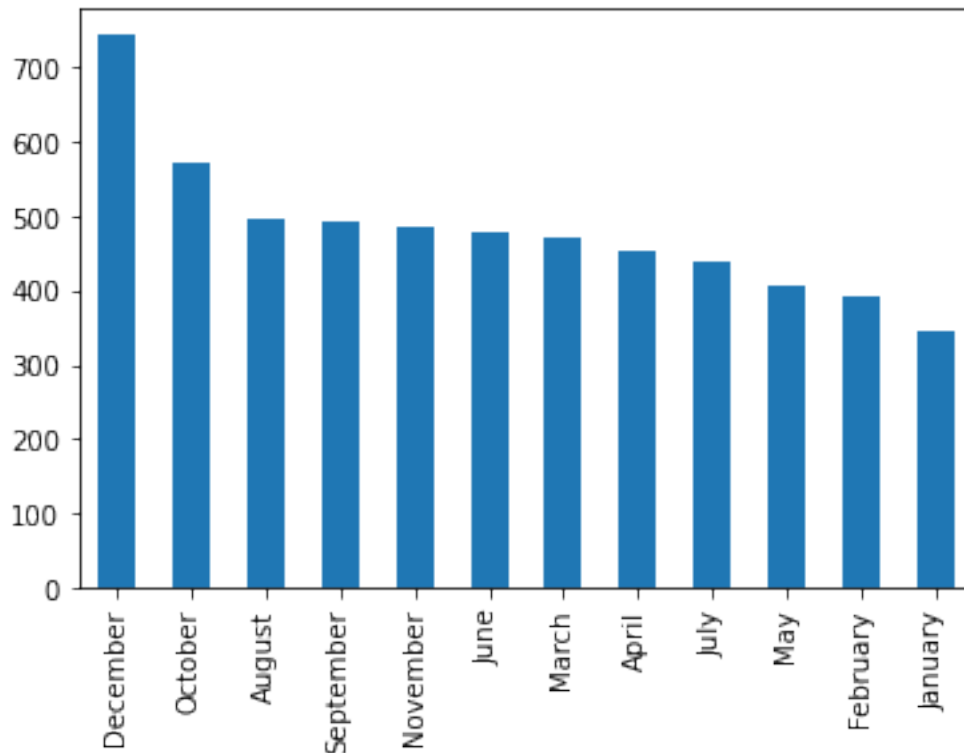
```
# converting string into integer and then get descriptive statistics
tn_movie['worldwide_gross'] =
tn_movie['worldwide_gross'].str.replace(',', '').str.replace('$',
').astype(int)
tn_movie['worldwide_gross'].describe()
```

```
/snap/jupyter/6/lib/python3.7/site-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:2:
FutureWarning: The default value of regex will change from True to
False in a future version. In addition, single character regular
expressions will *not* be treated as literal strings when regex=True.
```

```
count          5782.00
mean        91487460.91
std        174719968.78
min              0.00
25%         4125414.75
50%        27984448.50
75%        97645836.50
max       2776345279.00
Name: worldwide_gross, dtype: float64
```

```
# convert release date column to datetime values
tn_movie['release_date'] = pd.to_datetime(tn_movie['release_date'])
# create release month column
tn_movie['release_month'] = tn_movie['release_date'].dt.strftime('%B')
# plotting graph for release month
tn_movie['release_month'].value_counts().plot(kind='bar')
```

```
<AxesSubplot:>
```



#exploring bom.movie_gross data

```
bom_movie = pd.read_csv("/home/ict/python/moringa/projects/Phase1-project/data/bom.movie_gross.csv")
bom_movie
```

	domestic_gross \	title	studio
0	415000000.00	Toy Story 3	BV
1	334200000.00	Alice in Wonderland (2010)	BV
2	296000000.00	Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows Part 1	WB
3	292600000.00	Inception	WB
4	238700000.00	Shrek Forever After	P/DW
...
3382	6200.00	The Quake	Magn.
3383	4800.00	Edward II (2018 re-release)	FM
3384	2500.00	El Pacto	Sony
3385	2400.00	The Swan	Synergetic

```
3386                An Actor Prepares                Grav.  
1700.00
```

```
      foreign_gross  year  
0      652000000  2010  
1      691300000  2010  
2      664300000  2010  
3      535700000  2010  
4      513900000  2010  
...      ...      ...  
3382      NaN  2018  
3383      NaN  2018  
3384      NaN  2018  
3385      NaN  2018  
3386      NaN  2018
```

```
[3387 rows x 5 columns]
```

```
bom_movie['domestic_gross'].describe()
```

```
count      3359.00  
mean      28745845.07  
std       66982498.24  
min        100.00  
25%       120000.00  
50%       1400000.00  
75%       27900000.00  
max       936700000.00  
Name: domestic_gross, dtype: float64
```

```
# converting string integr and then get descriptive statistics
```

```
a = bom_movie['foreign_gross'].dropna().reset_index()  
a['foreign_gross'] = pd.to_numeric(a['foreign_gross'],  
errors='coerce')  
a['foreign_gross'].describe()
```

```
count      2032.00  
mean      75057041.63  
std      137529351.20  
min        600.00  
25%       3775000.00  
50%      18900000.00  
75%       75050000.00  
max      960500000.00  
Name: foreign_gross, dtype: float64
```

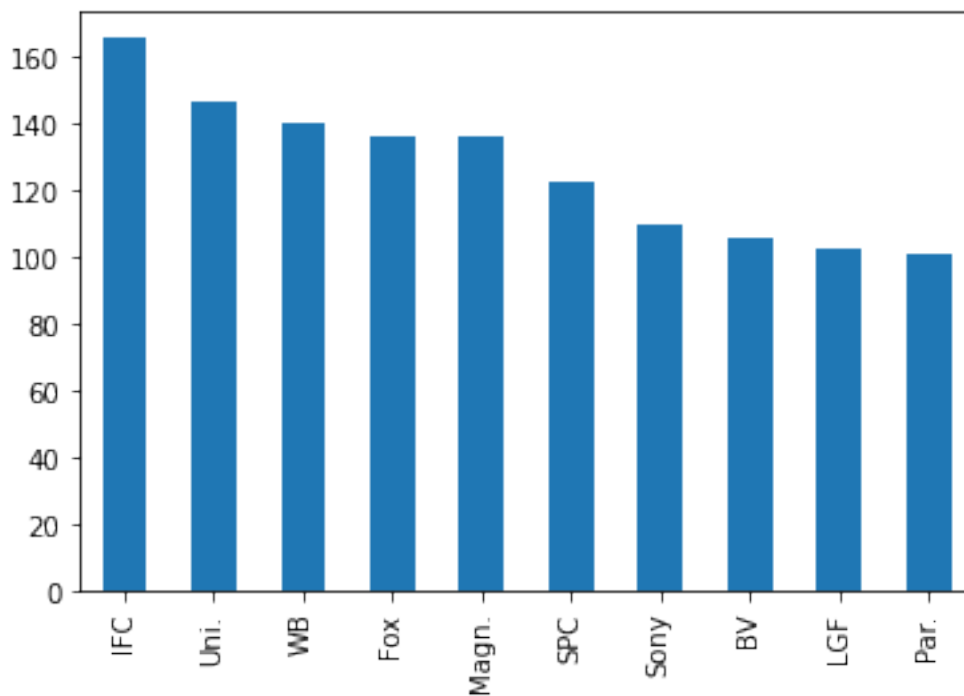
```
I was curious about how the studio impacted the number of watch.
```

```
bom_movie_studio = bom_movie['studio'].value_counts().head(10)  
bom_movie_studio
```

```
IFC      166
Uni.     147
WB       140
Fox      136
Magn.    136
SPC      123
Sony     110
BV       106
LGF      103
Par.     101
Name: studio, dtype: int64
```

```
# plotting studio
bom_movie['studio'].value_counts().head(10).plot(kind = 'bar')
```

<AxesSubplot:>



```
bom_movie['year'].value_counts().head(10)
```

```
2015     450
2016     436
2012     400
2011     399
2014     395
2013     350
2010     328
2017     321
2018     308
Name: year, dtype: int64
```

```
rt_reviews = pd.read_csv('/home/ict/python/moringa/projects/Phase1-
project/data/rt.movie_info.tsv', sep='\t')
rt_reviews.head(3)
```

	id	synopsis	rating	\
0	1	This gritty, fast-paced, and innovative police...	R	
1	3	New York City, not-too-distant-future: Eric Pa...	R	
2	5	Illeana Douglas delivers a superb performance ...	R	

	genre	director	\
0	Action and Adventure Classics Drama	William Friedkin	
1	Drama Science Fiction and Fantasy	David Cronenberg	
2	Drama Musical and Performing Arts	Allison Anders	

	writer	theater_date	dvd_date	currency	\
0	Ernest Tidyman	Oct 9, 1971	Sep 25, 2001	NaN	
1	David Cronenberg Don DeLillo	Aug 17, 2012	Jan 1, 2013	\$	
2	Allison Anders	Sep 13, 1996	Apr 18, 2000	NaN	

	box_office	runtime	studio
0	NaN	104 minutes	NaN
1	600,000	108 minutes	Entertainment One
2	NaN	116 minutes	NaN

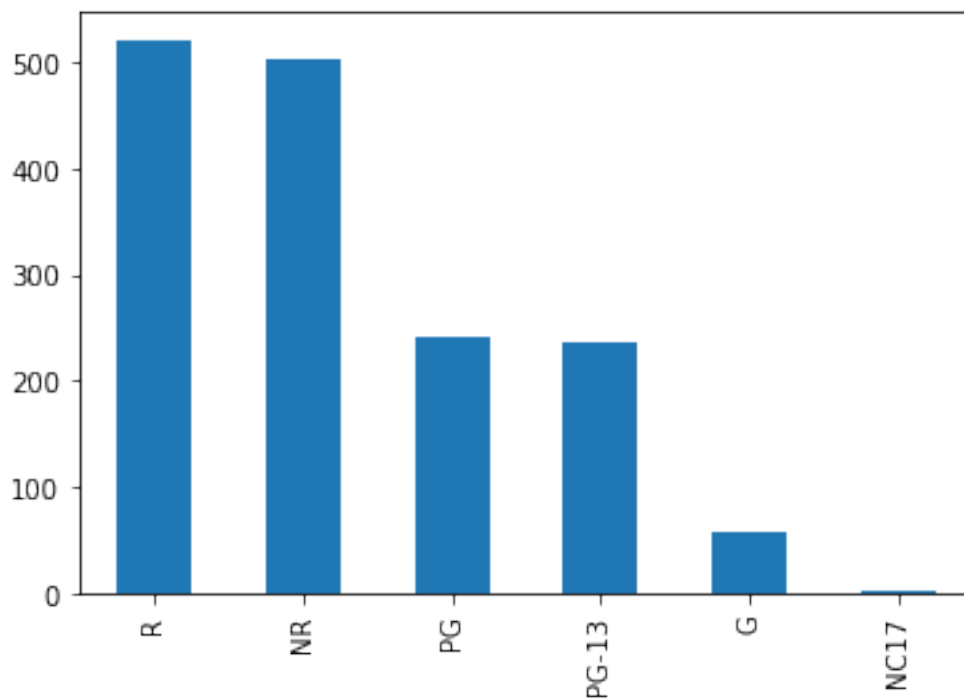
I wanted to know whether rating impacted the watching.

```
rt_reviews['rating'].value_counts()
```

```
R          521
NR          503
PG          240
PG-13       235
G            57
NC17         1
Name: rating, dtype: int64
```

```
rt_reviews['rating'].value_counts().plot(kind = 'bar')
```

<AxesSubplot:>



I was also curious and checked whether runtime minutes affected the watch
`rt_reviews['runtime'].value_counts().head(30)`

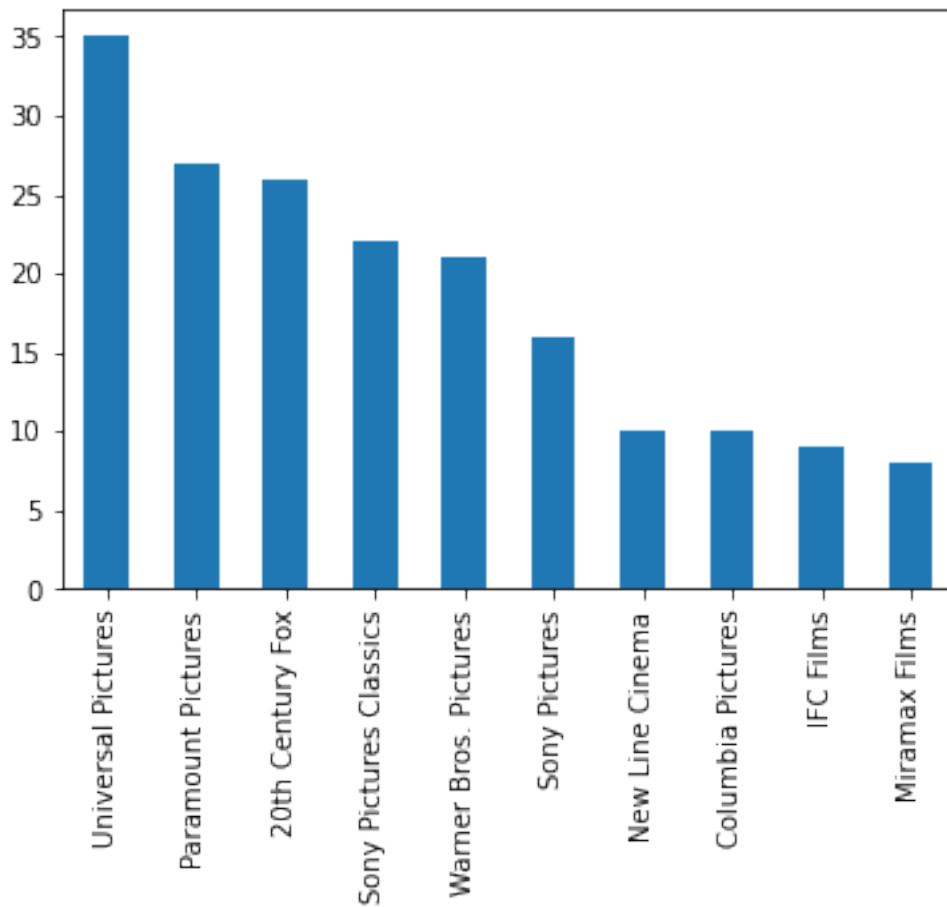
90 minutes	72
95 minutes	66
100 minutes	51
93 minutes	47
96 minutes	43
98 minutes	41
91 minutes	40
92 minutes	38
94 minutes	37
105 minutes	36
89 minutes	36
110 minutes	35
104 minutes	35
120 minutes	33
108 minutes	33
85 minutes	32
97 minutes	29
101 minutes	28
99 minutes	28
114 minutes	27
88 minutes	27
103 minutes	26
111 minutes	26
115 minutes	25
102 minutes	25


```
107 minutes    24
86 minutes     23
106 minutes    23
109 minutes    22
80 minutes     21
Name: runtime, dtype: int64
```

I was curious about how the studio impacted the number of watch.

```
rt_reviews['studio'].value_counts().head(10).plot(kind = 'bar')
```

<AxesSubplot:>



I was curious about how the studio impacted the number of watch.

```
rt_reviews['genre'].value_counts()
```

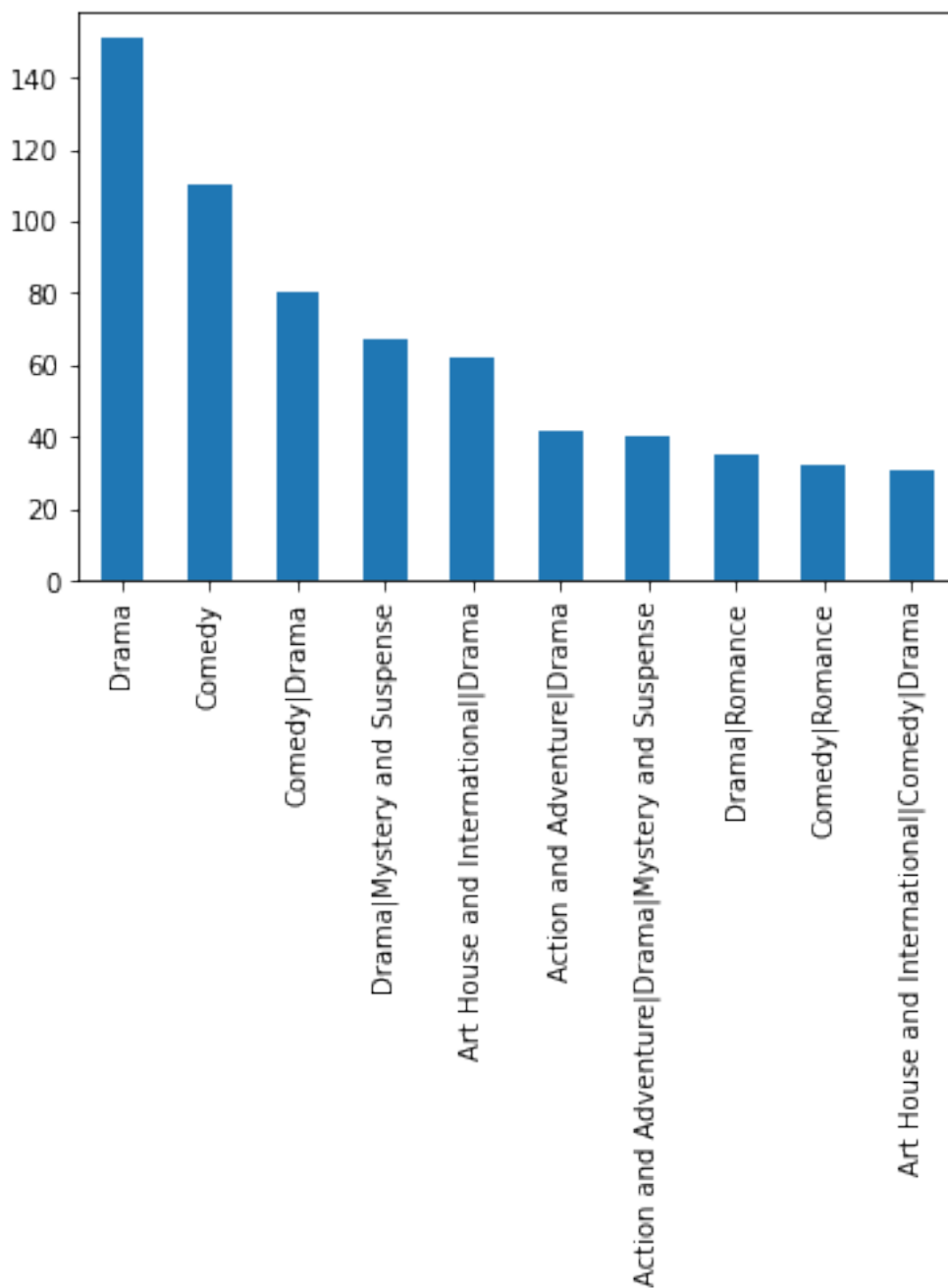
```
Drama
151
Comedy
110
Comedy|Drama
80
Drama|Mystery and Suspense
67
```

```
Art House and International|Drama
62
```

```
...
Art House and International|Drama|Sports and Fitness
1
Comedy|Documentary|Musical and Performing Arts|Special Interest
1
Comedy|Cult Movies|Mystery and Suspense|Science Fiction and Fantasy
1
Action and Adventure|Art House and International|Mystery and Suspense|
Special Interest      1
Comedy|Drama|Kids and Family|Sports and Fitness
1
Name: genre, Length: 299, dtype: int64

genre_count.head(10).plot(kind = 'bar')

<AxesSubplot:>
```



```
tmdb_review = pd.read_csv('/home/ict/python/moringa/projects/Phase1-
project/data/tmdb.movies.csv', )
tmdb_review.sample(10)
```

	Unnamed: 0	genre_ids	id	original_language	\
22866	22866	[27]	487472	en	
3231	3231	[99, 10402]	79201	en	
21820	21820	[28]	455252	en	
23464	23464	[27]	540957	en	
11755	11755	[28, 18]	257447	en	
8384	8384	[18]	179109	fr	

6528	6528	[]	135698	en
16447	16447	[35]	318974	en
23035	23035	[99, 36, 10770]	580698	en
13914	13914	[]	302685	en

	popularity \	original_title	
22866		Whisper	0.68
3231		God Bless Ozzy Osbourne	2.83
21820		King Arthur and the Knights of the Round Table	2.11
23464		The Armoire	0.60
11755		Tapped Out	3.73
8384		Les salauds	5.42
6528		Tyler Perry's I Don't Want to Do Wrong - The Play	1.11
16447		Ari Shaffir: Paid Regular	0.63
23035		High Tech Airport	0.64
13914		Abducted by Aliens: UFO Encounters of the 4th ...	0.60

	release_date	title
22866	2017-10-31	Whisper
3231	2011-04-24	God Bless Ozzy Osbourne
21820	2017-05-02	King Arthur and the Knights of the Round Table
23464	2017-07-01	The Armoire
11755	2014-05-27	Tapped Out
8384	2013-10-06	Bastards
6528	2012-10-23	Tyler Perry's I Don't Want to Do Wrong - The Play
16447	2015-01-13	Ari Shaffir: Paid Regular
23035	2017-01-01	High Tech Airport

13914 2014-01-14 Abducted by Aliens: UFO Encounters of the 4th ...

	vote_average	vote_count
22866	6.00	2
3231	7.00	13
21820	3.10	8
23464	6.50	2
11755	5.80	34
8384	5.90	49
6528	8.50	4
16447	7.00	1
23035	10.00	1
13914	5.00	1

tmdb_review.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

RangeIndex: 26517 entries, 0 to 26516

Data columns (total 10 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Unnamed: 0	26517 non-null	int64
1	genre_ids	26517 non-null	object
2	id	26517 non-null	int64
3	original_language	26517 non-null	object
4	original_title	26517 non-null	object
5	popularity	26517 non-null	float64
6	release_date	26517 non-null	object
7	title	26517 non-null	object
8	vote_average	26517 non-null	float64
9	vote_count	26517 non-null	int64

dtypes: float64(2), int64(3), object(5)

memory usage: 2.0+ MB

I was curious and wanted to know genre id representation and went further to fetch all the information needed. Here is the representation.

- MOVIE
- Action 28
- Adventure 12
- Animation 16
- Comedy 35
- Crime 80
- Documentary 99
- Drama 18
- Family 10751
- Fantasy 14

- History 36
- Horror 27
- Music 10402
- Mystery 9648
- Romance 10749
- Science Fiction 878
- TV Movie 10770
- Thriller 53
- War 10752
- Western 37

```
import ast
```

```
# convert the genre_ids column to list of integers
```

```
tmdb_review['genre_ids'] = tmdb_review['genre_ids'].apply(lambda x:  
ast.literal_eval(x) if x != '[]' else [])
```

```
# explode the genre_ids column
```

```
tmdb_review = tmdb_review.explode('genre_ids')
```

```
# count the number of occurrences of each genre id
```

```
genre_counts = tmdb_review['genre_ids'].value_counts()
```

```
print(genre_counts)
```

```
18      8303
35      5652
99      4965
53      4207
27      3683
28      2612
10749    2321
878      1762
10751    1565
80       1515
16       1486
12       1400
10402    1267
9648     1237
14       1139
10770    1084
36        622
10752     330
37        205
```

```
Name: genre_ids, dtype: int64
```

From the the above value count i was curious to see visualization on how genre performed.

```
# define a dictionary to map genre IDs to names
```

```
genre_dict = {
```

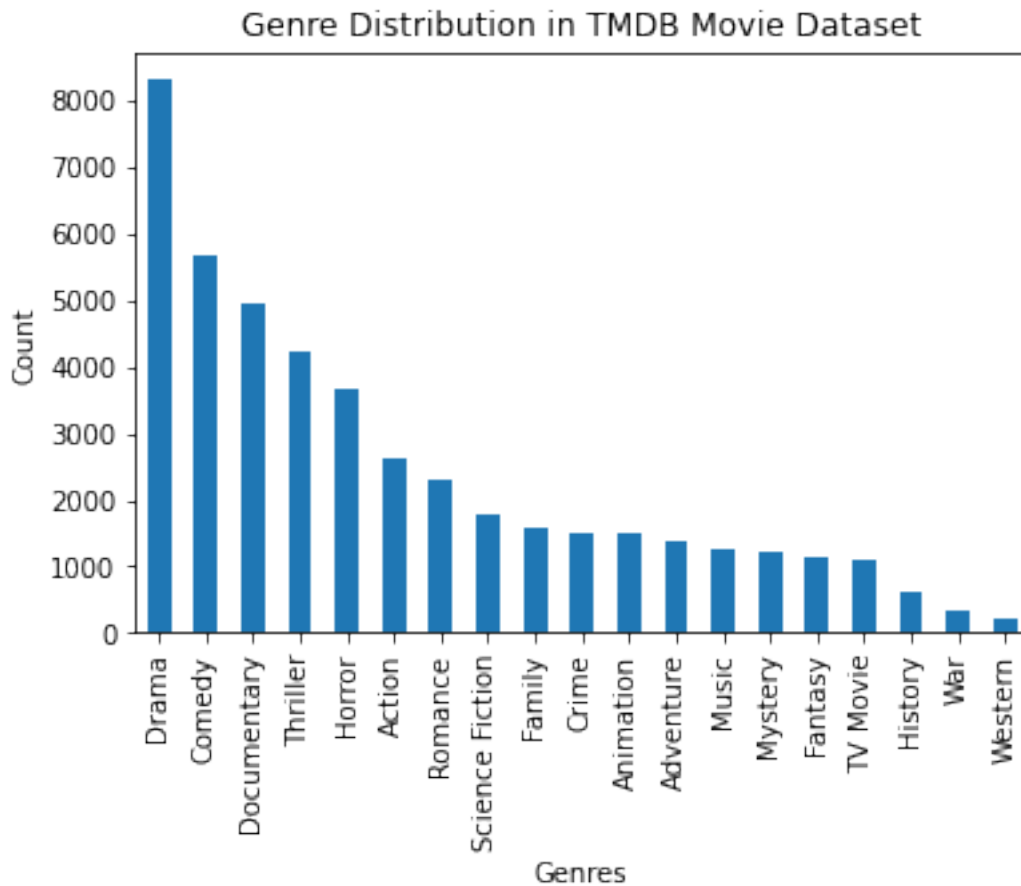
```

28: "Action",
12: "Adventure",
16: "Animation",
35: "Comedy",
80: "Crime",
99: "Documentary",
18: "Drama",
10751: "Family",
14: "Fantasy",
36: "History",
27: "Horror",
10402: "Music",
9648: "Mystery",
10749: "Romance",
878: "Science Fiction",
10770: "TV Movie",
53: "Thriller",
10752: "War",
37: "Western"
}

# create a Series with the count of each genre
genre_counts = pd.Series({
    genre_dict[k]: v for k, v in genre_counts.items()
})

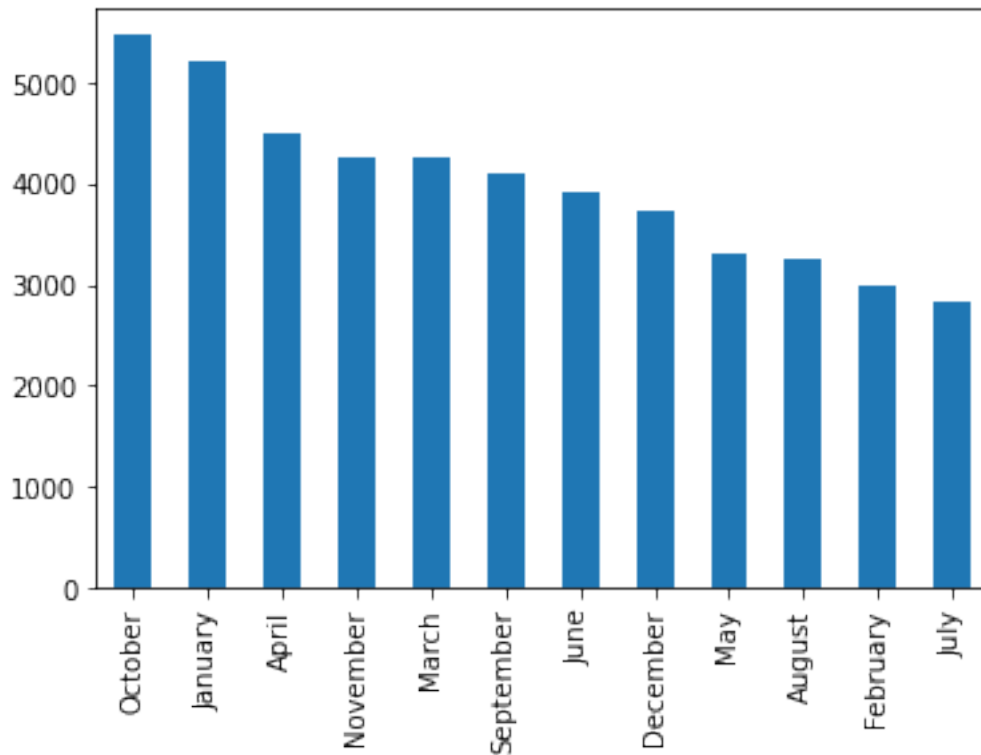
# plot the bar chart
genre_counts.plot(kind="bar")
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.xlabel("Genres")
plt.ylabel("Count")
plt.title("Genre Distribution in TMDb Movie Dataset")
plt.show()

```



I grouped release date the the months to see how it affected the watch.
convert release date column to datetime values
tmdb_review['release_date'] =
pd.to_datetime(tmdb_review['release_date'])
create release month column
tmdb_review['release_month'] =
tmdb_review['release_date'].dt.strftime('%B')
tmdb_review['release_month'].value_counts().plot(kind='bar')

<AxesSubplot:>



```
tmdb_review['release_month'].value_counts().head(30)
```

```
January      3132
October      3035
April        2566
March        2406
November     2338
September    2264
June         2166
December     1929
May          1865
August       1698
February     1614
July         1504
Name: release_month, dtype: int64
```

```
im_movies = sqlite3.connect('/home/ict/python/moringa/projects/Phase1-
project/data/im.db')
```

```
cursor = im_movies.cursor()
```

```
#execute the query to retrieve table names
```

```
cursor.execute("SELECT name FROM sqlite_master WHERE type='table';")
```

```
#fetch the results and print them out
```

```
tables = cursor.fetchall()
```

```
print(tables)
```

```
[('movie_basics',), ('directors',), ('known_for',), ('movie_akas',),
('movie_ratings',), ('persons',), ('principals',), ('writers',)]
```

```
IM_movies_review = pd.read_sql("""
```

```
SELECT *
FROM movie_basics
JOIN movie_ratings
    USING(movie_id);
""", im_movies)
```

```
IM_movies_review
```

	movie_id	primary_title
original_title \		
0	tt0063540	Sunghursh
Sunghursh		
1	tt0066787	One Day Before the Rainy Season
Ek Din		Ashad Ka
2	tt0069049	The Other Side of the Wind
the Wind		The Other Side of
3	tt0069204	Sabse Bada Sukh
Bada Sukh		Sabse
4	tt0100275	The Wandering Soap Opera
Errante		La Telenovela
...
...		
73851	tt9913084	Diabolik sono io
sono io		Diabolik
73852	tt9914286	Sokagin Çocuklari
Çocuklari		Sokagin
73853	tt9914642	Albatross
Albatross		
73854	tt9914942	La vida sense la Sara Amat
Sara Amat		La vida sense la
73855	tt9916160	Drømmeland
Drømmeland		

	start_year	runtime_minutes	genres
averagerating \			
0	2013	175.00	Action, Crime, Drama
7.00			
1	2019	114.00	Biography, Drama
7.20			
2	2018	122.00	Drama
6.90			
3	2018	NaN	Comedy, Drama
6.10			
4	2017	80.00	Comedy, Drama, Fantasy
6.50			
...
.			..

73851	2019	75.00	Documentary
6.20			
73852	2019	98.00	Drama,Family
8.70			
73853	2017	NaN	Documentary
8.50			
73854	2019	NaN	None
6.60			
73855	2019	72.00	Documentary
6.50			

	numvotes
0	77
1	43
2	4517
3	13
4	119
...	...
73851	6
73852	136
73853	8
73854	5
73855	11

[73856 rows x 8 columns]

```
# IM_movies_review['runtime_minutes'].plot(kind = 'bar')
# plt.show()
```

```
IM_movies_review['runtime_minutes'].value_counts().head(30)
```

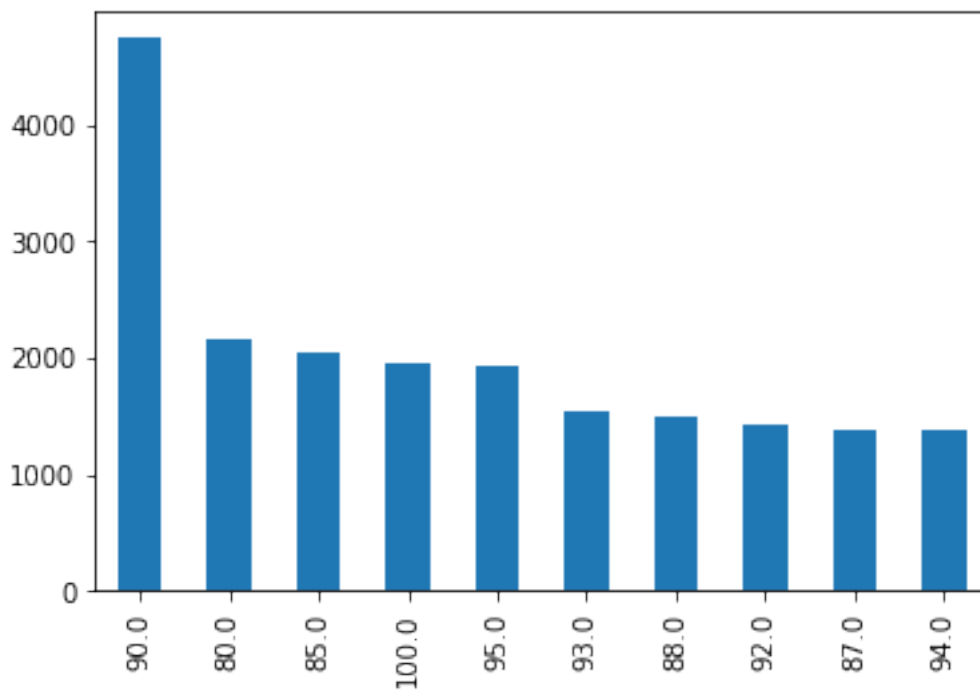
90.00	4742
80.00	2166
85.00	2057
100.00	1957
95.00	1933
93.00	1547
88.00	1487
92.00	1434
87.00	1381
94.00	1378
86.00	1352
75.00	1297
98.00	1284
91.00	1273
96.00	1266
82.00	1252
89.00	1247
97.00	1226
84.00	1208
105.00	1198

83.00	1155
110.00	1019
70.00	937
99.00	907
120.00	902
102.00	898
81.00	886
78.00	864
104.00	811
101.00	789

Name: runtime_minutes, dtype: int64

```
IM_movies_review['runtime_minutes'].value_counts().head(10).plot(kind
= 'bar')
```

<AxesSubplot:>



```
IM_movies_review['start_year'].value_counts()
```

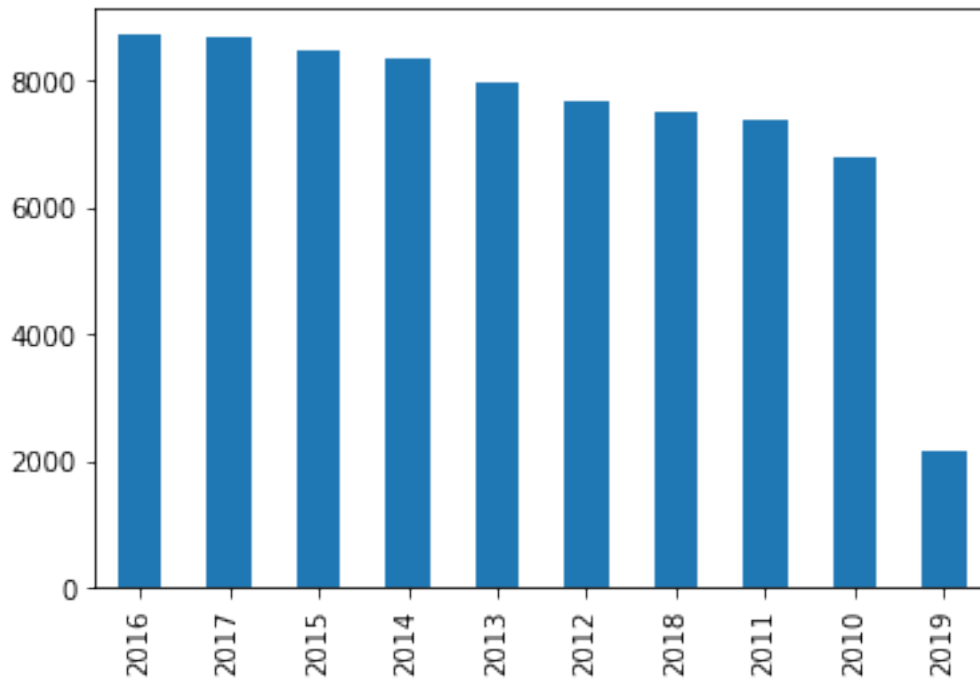
2016	8721
2017	8713
2015	8494
2014	8371
2013	7990
2012	7680
2018	7526
2011	7389
2010	6792

2019 2180

Name: start_year, dtype: int64

```
IM_movies_review['start_year'].value_counts().plot(kind = 'bar')
```

<AxesSubplot:>



#count of every genre

```
IM_movies_review['genres'].value_counts().head(30)
```

Drama	11612
Documentary	10313
Comedy	5613
Horror	2692
Comedy,Drama	2617
Thriller	1555
Drama,Romance	1510
Comedy,Romance	1236
Comedy,Drama,Romance	1208
Horror,Thriller	1004
Drama,Thriller	990
Action	979
Romance	717
Biography,Documentary	694
Documentary,Drama	582
Documentary,Music	579
Comedy,Horror	579
Action,Crime,Drama	562
Crime,Drama,Thriller	504
Crime,Drama	494

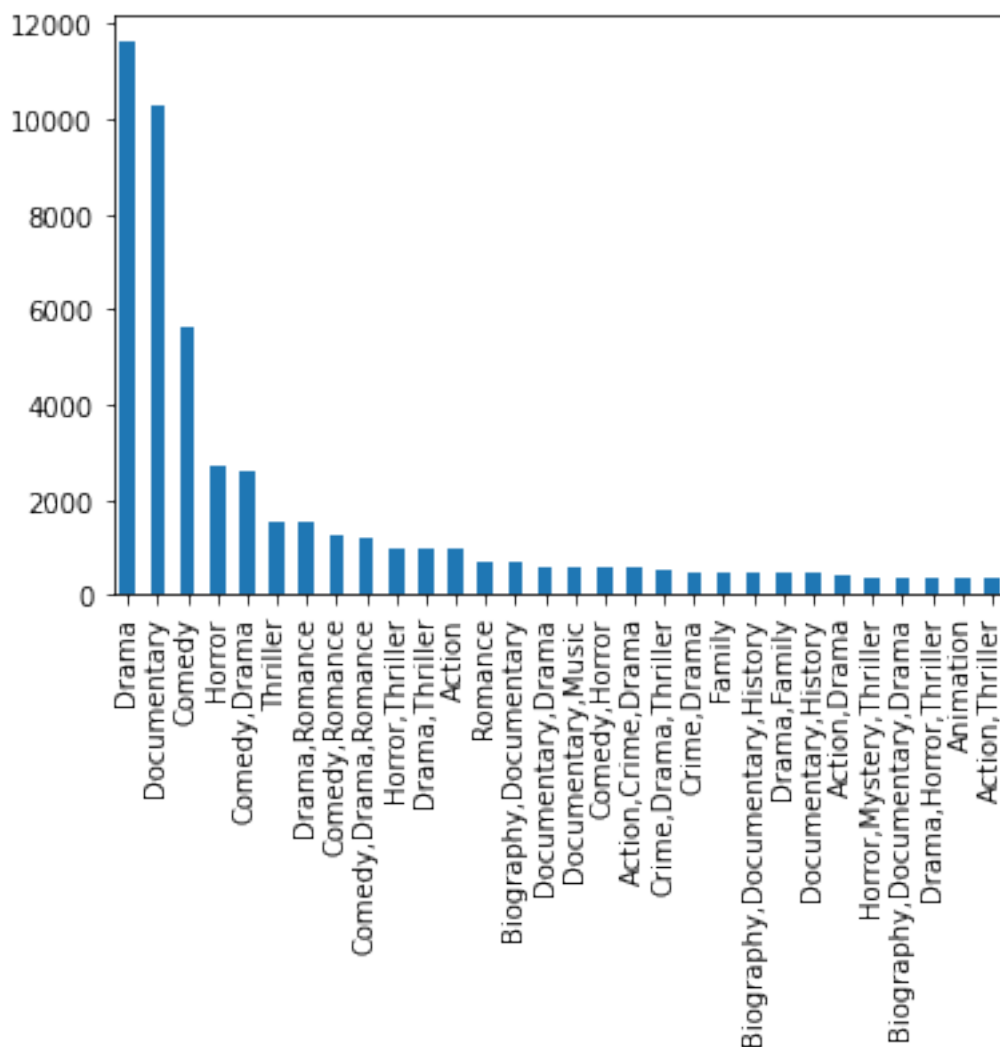
Family	491
Biography,Documentary,History	479
Drama,Family	478
Documentary,History	476
Action,Drama	395
Horror,Mystery,Thriller	378
Biography,Documentary,Drama	377
Drama,Horror,Thriller	356
Animation	348
Action,Thriller	345

Name: genres, dtype: int64

#how movies are watched based on genres

```
IM_movies_review['genres'].value_counts().head(30).plot(kind = 'bar')
```

<AxesSubplot:>



```
merged_data = pd.merge(IM_movies_review,tmdb_review,how = 'outer')
merged_data.shape
```

(111286, 18)

merged_data

	movie_id	primary_title \
0	tt0063540	Sunghursh
1	tt0066787	One Day Before the Rainy Season
2	tt0069049	The Other Side of the Wind
3	tt0069049	The Other Side of the Wind
4	tt0069204	Sabse Bada Sukh

...
111281	NaN	NaN
111282	NaN	NaN
111283	NaN	NaN
111284	NaN	NaN
111285	NaN	NaN

	original_title	start_year	runtime_minutes \
0	Sunghursh	2013.00	175.00
1	Ashad Ka Ek Din	2019.00	114.00
2	The Other Side of the Wind	2018.00	122.00
3	The Other Side of the Wind	2018.00	122.00
4	Sabse Bada Sukh	2018.00	NaN

...
111281	Jaws	NaN	NaN
111282	Laboratory Conditions	NaN	NaN
111283	Laboratory Conditions	NaN	NaN
111284	_EXHIBIT_84xxx_	NaN	NaN
111285	_EXHIBIT_84xxx_	NaN	NaN

	genres	averagerating	numvotes	Unnamed: 0
genre_ids \				
0	Action, Crime, Drama	7.00	77.00	NaN
NaN				
1	Biography, Drama	7.20	43.00	NaN
NaN				
2	Drama	6.90	4517.00	24185.00
35				
3	Drama	6.90	4517.00	24185.00
18				
4	Comedy, Drama	6.10	13.00	NaN
NaN				
...
...				
111281	NaN	NaN	NaN	26508.00
16				
111282	NaN	NaN	NaN	26512.00
27				
111283	NaN	NaN	NaN	26512.00
18				

111284	NaN	NaN	NaN	26513.00
18				
111285	NaN	NaN	NaN	26513.00
53				

	id	original_language	popularity	release_date	\
0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	299782.00	en	9.80	2018-11-02	
3	299782.00	en	9.80	2018-11-02	
4	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
...
111281	514492.00	en	0.60	2018-05-29	
111282	488143.00	en	0.60	2018-10-13	
111283	488143.00	en	0.60	2018-10-13	
111284	485975.00	en	0.60	2018-05-01	
111285	485975.00	en	0.60	2018-05-01	

	title	vote_average	vote_count
release_month			
0	NaN	NaN	NaN
NaN			
1	NaN	NaN	NaN
NaN			
2	The Other Side of the Wind	7.00	64.00
November			
3	The Other Side of the Wind	7.00	64.00
November			
4	NaN	NaN	NaN
NaN			
...
...			
111281	Jaws	0.00	1.00
May			
111282	Laboratory Conditions	0.00	1.00
October			
111283	Laboratory Conditions	0.00	1.00
October			
111284	_EXHIBIT_84xxx_	0.00	1.00
May			
111285	_EXHIBIT_84xxx_	0.00	1.00
May			

[111286 rows x 18 columns]

merged_data.isnull().sum()

movie_id	19592
primary_title	19592
original_title	0


```

start_year      19592
runtime_minutes 27655
genres          20448
averagerating   19592
numvotes        19592
Unnamed: 0      58357
genre_ids       61033
id              58357
original_language 58357
popularity      58357
release_date    58357
title           58357
vote_average    58357
vote_count      58357
release_month   58357
dtype: int64

```

```
merged_data.loc[merged_data.duplicated(subset=['title'])].head(4)
```

```

      movie_id      primary_title
original_title \
1  tt0066787  One Day Before the Rainy Season      Ashad Ka Ek
Din
3  tt0069049      The Other Side of the Wind  The Other Side of the
Wind
4  tt0069204      Sabse Bada Sukh      Sabse Bada
Sukh
5  tt0100275      The Wandering Soap Opera      La Telenovela
Errante

```

```

      start_year  runtime_minutes      genres  averagerating
numvotes \
1      2019.00      114.00      Biography,Drama      7.20
43.00
3      2018.00      122.00      Drama      6.90
4517.00
4      2018.00      NaN      Comedy,Drama      6.10
13.00
5      2017.00      80.00  Comedy,Drama,Fantasy      6.50
119.00

```

```

      Unnamed: 0  genre_ids      id  original_language  popularity
release_date \
1      NaN      NaN      NaN      NaN      NaN
NaT
3      24185.00      18 299782.00      en      9.80
2018-11-02
4      NaN      NaN      NaN      NaN      NaN
NaT
5      NaN      NaN      NaN      NaN      NaN

```

NaT

	title	vote_average	vote_count	release_month
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	The Other Side of the Wind	7.00	64.00	November
4	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
5	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

Data plotting for visualization

Genre plotting

set figure size

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
```

plot bar chart

```
IM_movies_review['genres'].value_counts().head(30).plot(kind='bar')
```

set x and y labels and title

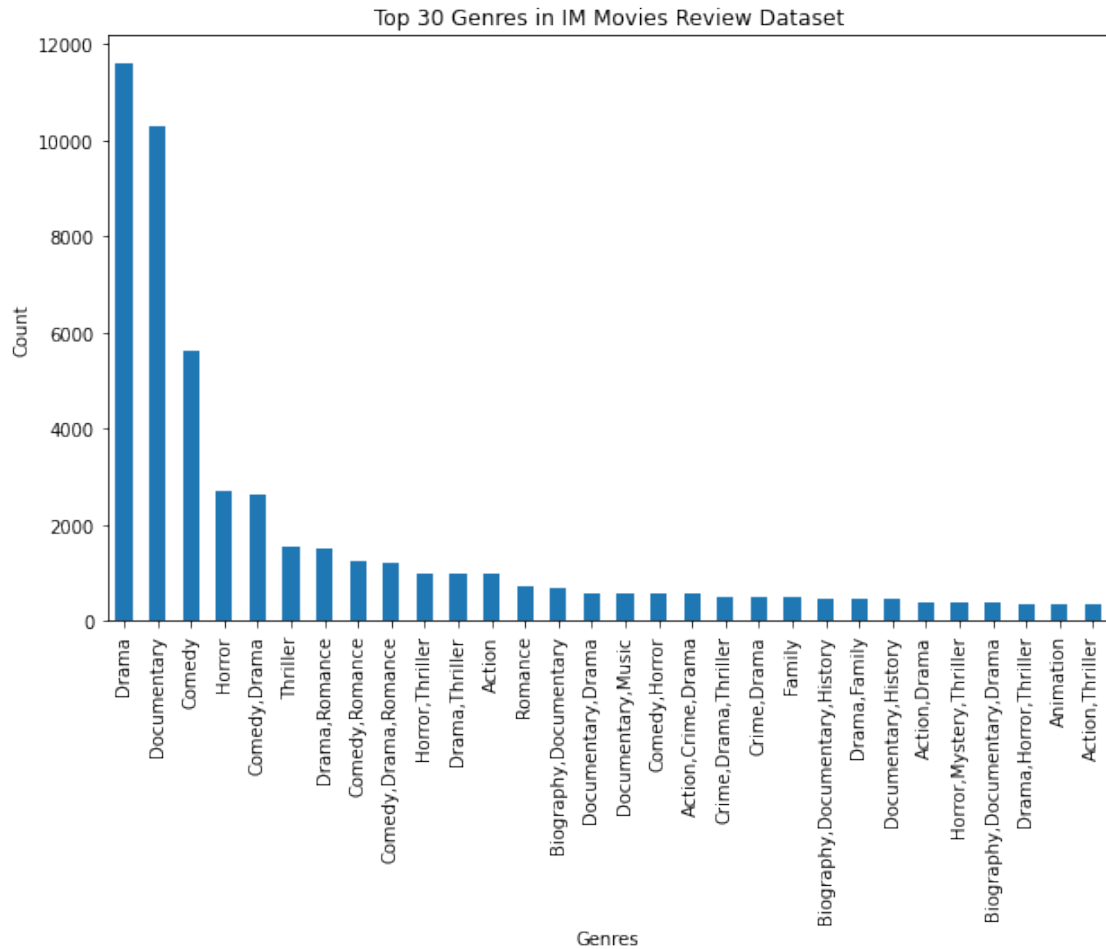
```
plt.xlabel('Genres')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Count')
```

```
plt.title('Top 30 Genres in IM Movies Review Dataset')
```

show the plot

```
plt.show()
```

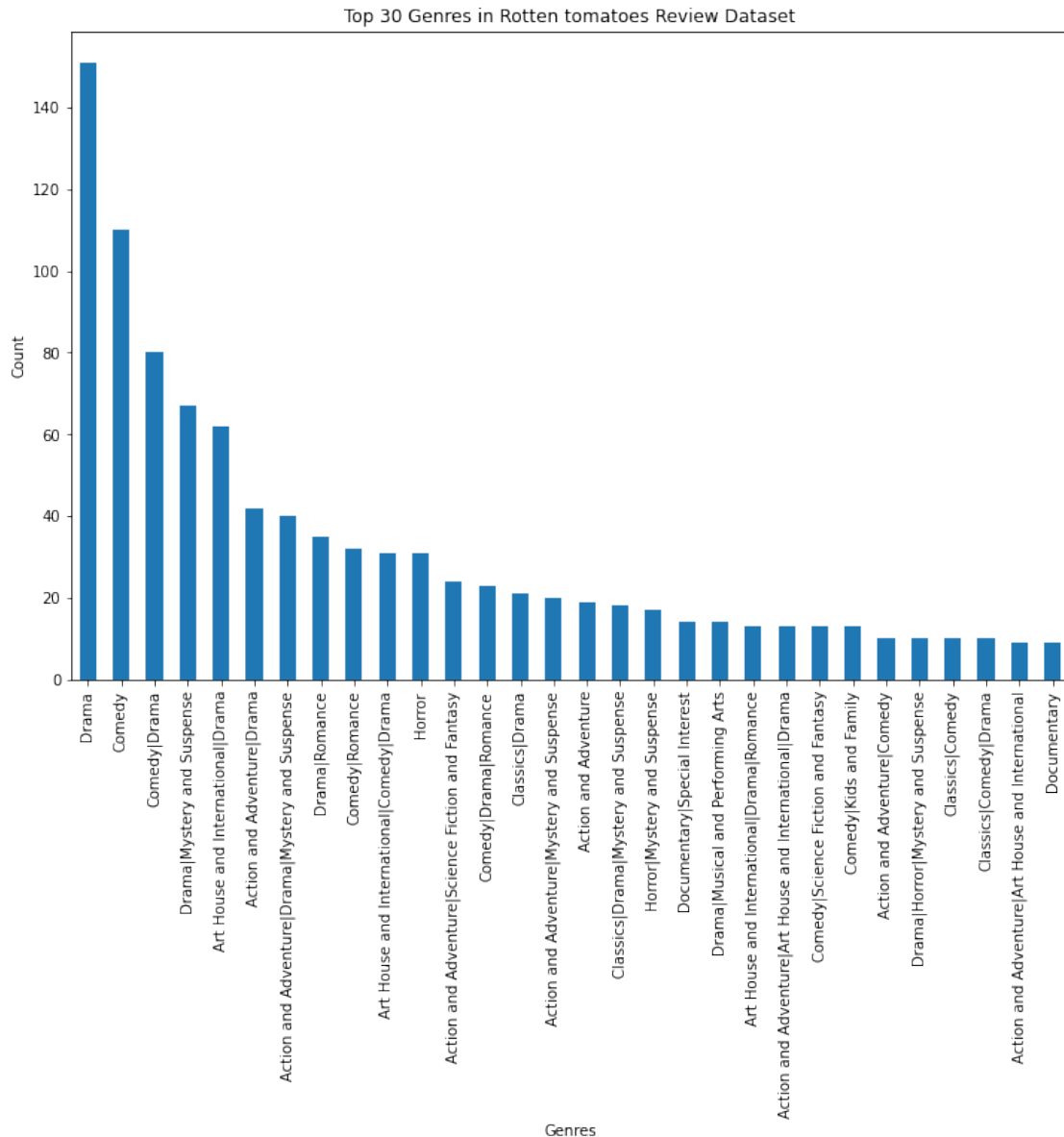


```
# set figure size
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))

# plot bar chart
rt_reviews['genre'].value_counts().head(30).plot(kind='bar')

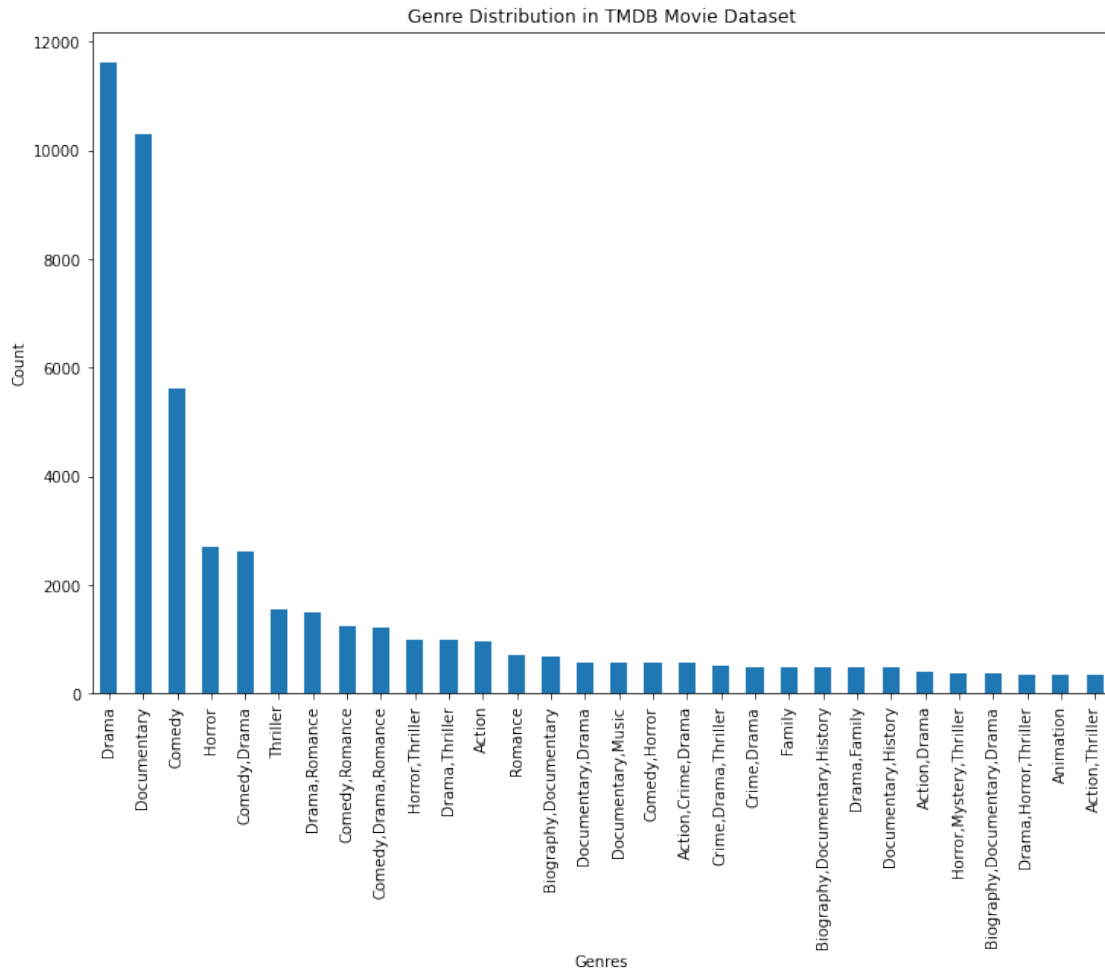
# set x and y labels and title
plt.xlabel('Genres')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Top 30 Genres in Rotten tomatoes Review Dataset')

# show the plot
plt.show()
```



```
# set figure size
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))

# plot the bar chart
genre_counts.plot(kind="bar")
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.xlabel("Genres")
plt.ylabel("Count")
plt.title("Genre Distribution in TMDB Movie Dataset")
plt.show()
```



Plotting Release months for better visualization

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
```

```
# plotting the bar chart
```

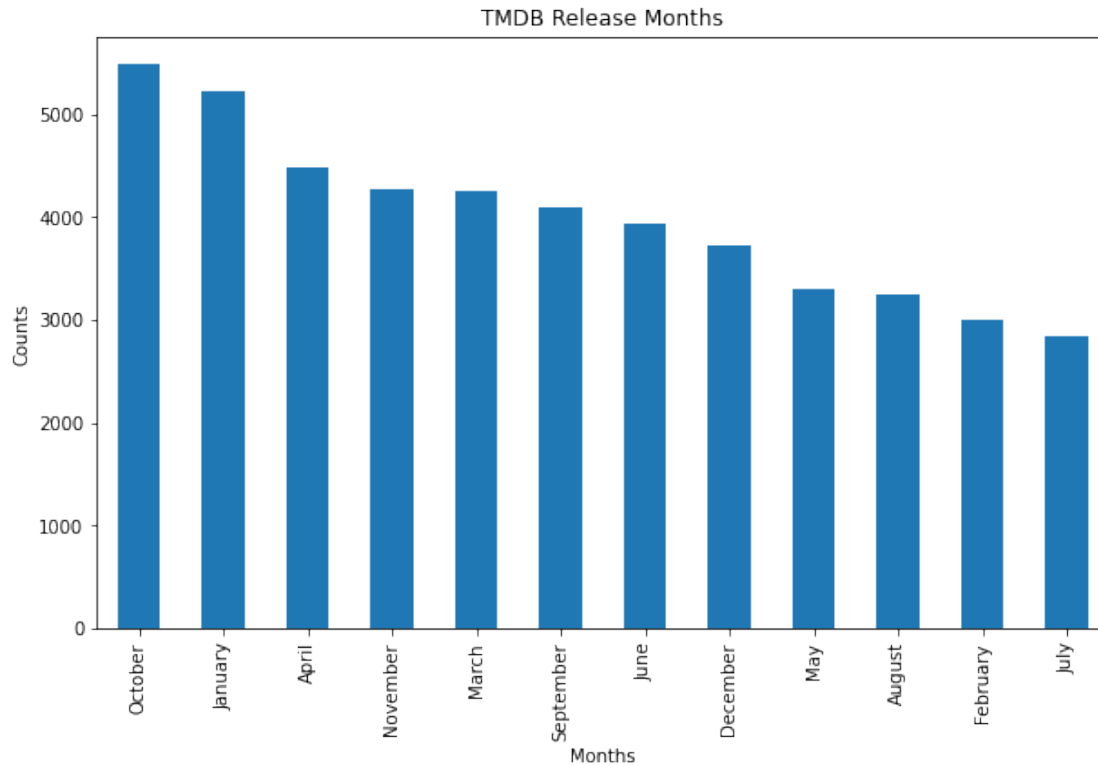
```
tmdb_review['release_month'].value_counts().head(30).plot(kind = 'bar')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Months')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Counts')
```

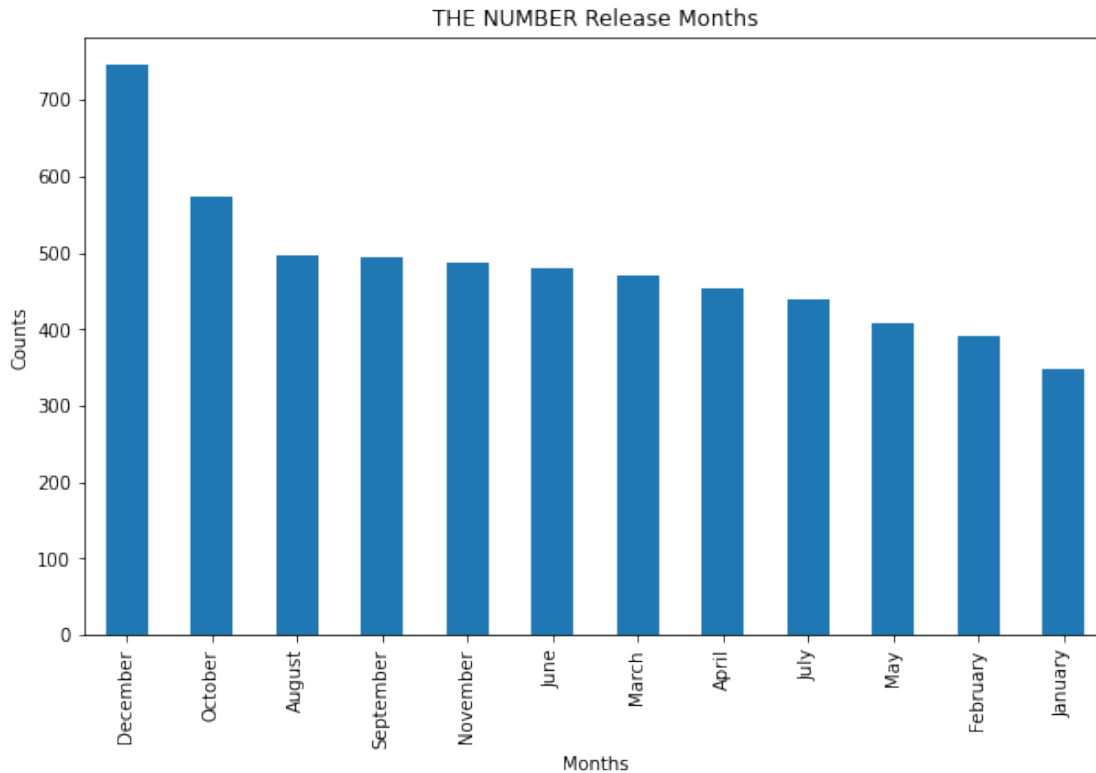
```
plt.title('TMDb Release Months')
```

```
plt.show()
```



In this dataset, movie release months were fairly evenly distributed throughout the year, with the most releases in October and the least in July.

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))  
# plotting the bar chart  
tn_movie['release_month'].value_counts().plot(kind='bar')  
plt.xlabel('Months')  
plt.ylabel('Counts')  
plt.title('THE NUMBER Release Months')  
plt.show()
```



In this dataset, movie release months were fairly evenly distributed throughout the year, with the most releases in December and the least in January.

Data visualization on studio

I wanted to see which studio has the most watch.

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
```

```
# plotting the bar chart
```

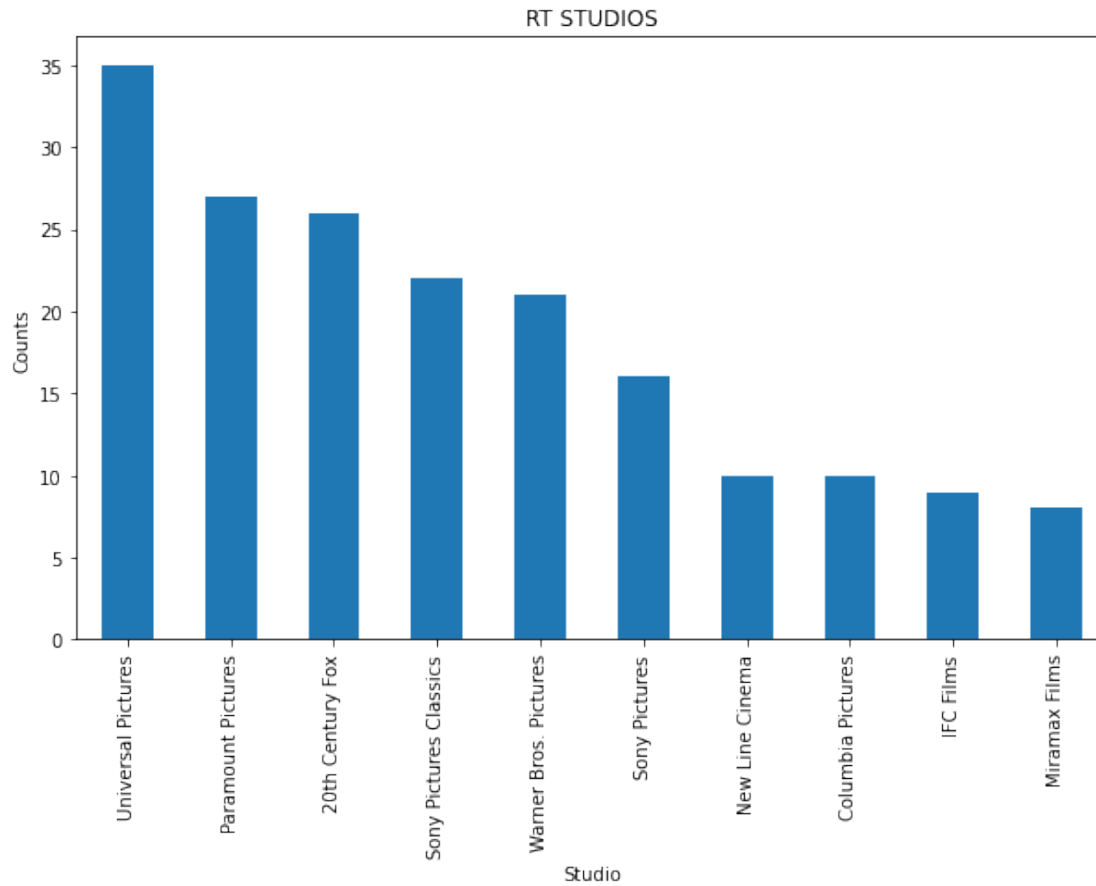
```
rt_reviews['studio'].value_counts().head(10).plot(kind = 'bar')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Studio')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Counts')
```

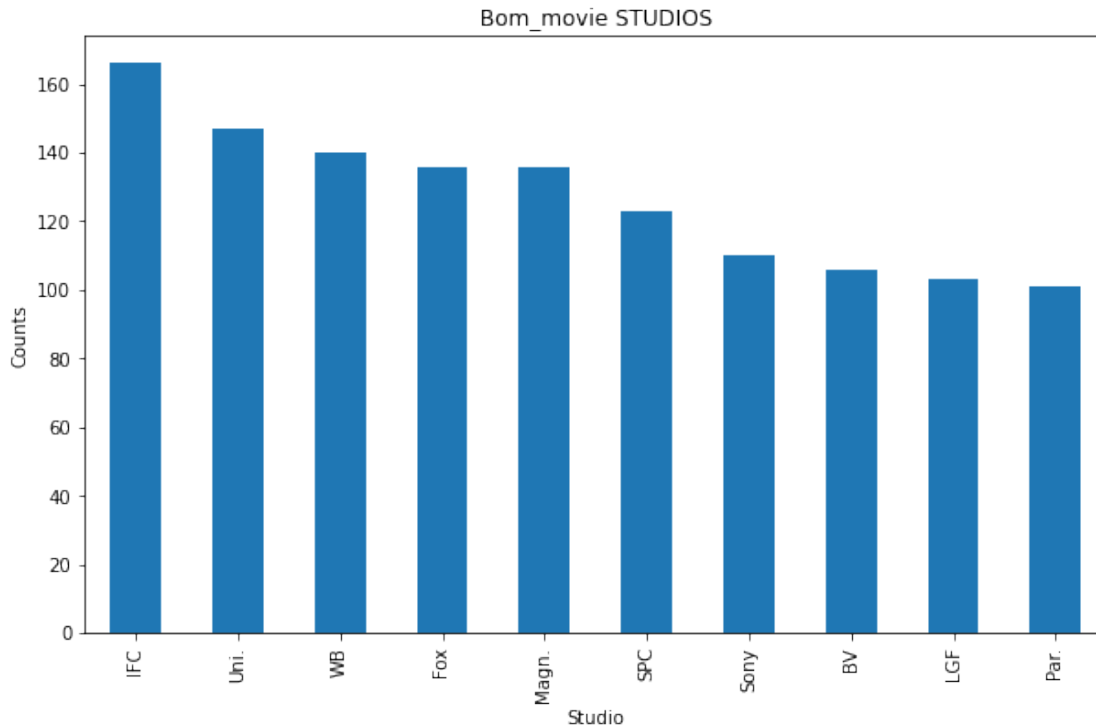
```
plt.title('RT STUDIOS')
```

```
plt.show()
```



In this dataset Universal picture was the most studio that produced the best performing movies

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))  
  
# plotting the bar chart  
bom_movie['studio'].value_counts().head(10).plot(kind = 'bar')  
plt.xlabel('Studio')  
plt.ylabel('Counts')  
plt.title('Bom_movie STUDIOS')  
plt.show()
```

Recommendations

Release Month Recommendations

From my findings above, the following is my recommendations regarding release month.

1. Release movie between August and December for the the highest sale/watch
2. Release movie on January it has the second biggest wave of sale/watch.

Genre

from the above analysis, all three datasets have one thing in common. Drama performed best than all other genres. Followed by comedy then documentaries. These are the areas to focus more on for the new studio to have a competitive grounds to compete with the existing ones.

Runtime

From all the above analysis in all datasets, its true and evident that 90 minutes are most preferred from the rest. As an analyst i would recommend taht the new upcoming microsoft studio to embark on 90 minutes timed movies for it to thrive and make good profit

Studio Recommendations.

From the above data analysis I would recommend that our major concentration should be on Universal pictures, followed by 20th century fox.

Conclusions

From the above analysis I would highly recomend microsoft to use data to create the new studio with all insight provided which will grately hekp them theri new venture.