
Research Journal

Undergraduate Research Assistant Notes

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Contents

22 July 2016

1 C. Elegans Life Stages

Walker Bussey-Spencer

- Looking at data with original model accounting for noise and include an intercept
- Created 2 non-overlapping sets out of the life stages
 - First set includes more data points and is called lower hierarchy
 - Second set includes fewer, more encompassing data points and is called higher hierarchy
- Running the MCMC with each of these different selected data sets.
- Meeting with Dr. Gilchrist:
- On the far right of Figure 1 we derived the weighting coefficient/expression coefficient ω as a function of time and ATP cost importance.
- Then, to handle the fact that we do not necessarily know the length of time stages or the definite occurrence of each time stage, we defined ω in terms of the probability of observing a given time stage for a certain amount of time divided by the total probability.
- There was also a factor of the cost importance in the particular stage compared to probably the overall cost importance.
- We established that the probability of observing a certain life stage was = 1 for the life stages which are inevitable for the C. Elegans, specifically: the embryonic stages, L1, L4, and Adult stage.
- The probability of observing dauer, L2 dauer, and post dauer were all equal, and also were equal to $1 - \text{probability of entering L2/L3}$.
- The last formula we arrived at was that the probability of a life stage is equal to the the product of the ω , the total time, and the average ATP cost divided by the product of the expected value of the time in the life stage and the life stage specific q value.

22 July 2016

- Since we know the expected time value and the omega value, we can obtain ratio values for the different q values, as the total time and average q can cancel out.
- We also can look at the assumption that the embryonic stages all have the same relative q values since there is a limited amount of energy in the egg that does not change in a ratio between life stages.
- The first step now is to write two codes that include all the dauer stages and differ only in the accounting for the two aforementioned non-overlapping sets.
- To Do:
 - Address how the measurements in a stage that consists of substages is generated.
 - Find out where Cedric got the data.
 - Look at how the mass of the worm changes with each life stage to gain insight into the q values.
 - Make sure sum of weighting constraints = 1.
 - Write the code for each set.

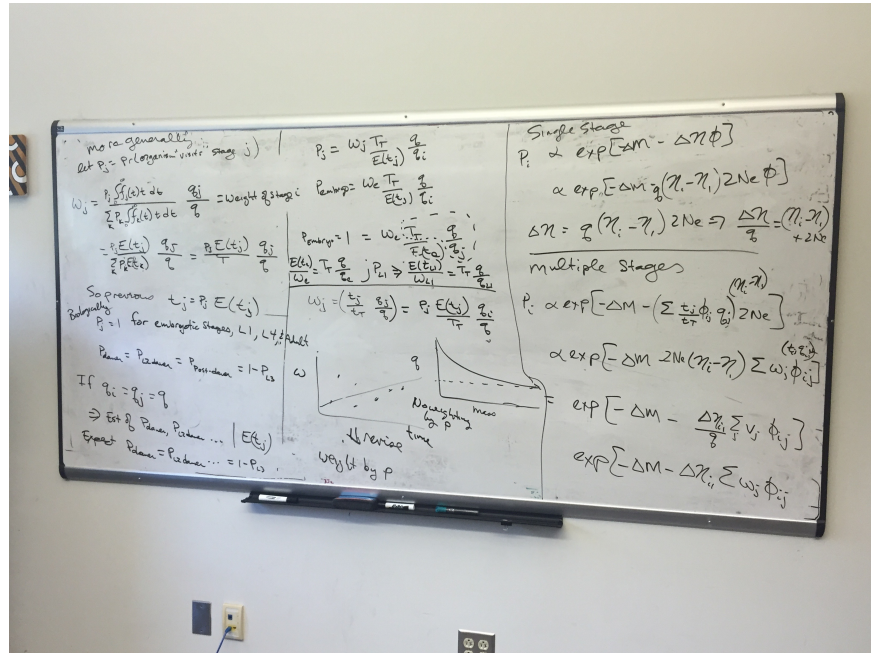


Figure 1: July 22nd Derivation of Expression Coefficient as a Multivariable Function

25 July 2016

1 C. Elegans Life Stages

- Morning Meeting:
 - Look up what unit testing is.
 - Look up mortality Leslie matrix.
 - Look up Hawk and Dove game.
- Trying to gain comfort and ability with this latex program and to become more adept at making notes.
- Asked Cedric where he got the life stages data and he gave me the link to the website:
- <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/gxa/experiments/E-MTAB-2812>
- Will try to type up the mathematics tomorrow.

26 July 2016

1 C. Elegans Life Stages

- Finished making code for both the higher nonoverlapping set with Dauer and the lower nonoverlapping set with Dauer both allow for an intercept α term.
 - Lower includes: 4-cell, gastrulating, enclosing, 3-fold, fully-elongated, L1, L2, L3, L4, adult, L2D, Dauer, Post-Dauer.
 - Higher includes: proliferating, elongating, fully-elongated, L1, L2, L3, L4, adult, L2D, Dauer, Post-Dauer.
- Running the Model currently.
- Looking into how the Empirical Life Stage Data was obtained.
- Name of the Experiment we got the data from: E-MTAB-2812 - Deep sequencing of the *Caenorhabditis elegans* transcriptome using RNA isolated from various developmental stages under various experimental conditions RW0001 - uninfected worms.
- Does it matter that the data comes from various strains?
- There is a slight variation in the different type of cells that each run looked at.
- Although most give the cell type as organism, there is also some data taken from specifically somatic cells and neuronal motor cells.
 - These different cell types have very different
 - The study also includes varying ages for some of their life stages.
 - * 3-fold Embryo has 12 runs that have ages ranging from 500-710 minutes old, but each run consists of a 150 minute span.
 - * Elongating Embryo has 15 runs that have ages ranging from 350-620 minutes old, but each run consists of a 150 minute span.
 - * Enclosing Embryo has 5 runs that have ages ranging from 170-350 minutes old with each run consisting of a 150 minute span.
 - * Fully Elongated Embryo has 17 runs, 9 of which do not have ages provided, with the other 8 ranging from 590-830 minutes and each spanning 150 minutes.

- * Gastrulating Embryo has 6 runs, 1 of which does not have an age provided, with the other 5 ranging from 80-300 minutes old, and all but one spanning 190 minutes each but the exception spans 150 minutes.
- * Late Cleavage has 7 runs that range from 230-470 minutes old, each spanning 150 minutes.
- * Proliferating Embryo has 28 runs, but only 14 runs have ages provided. These ages range from 0 - 200 minutes with each spanning 150 minutes.
- * There is no age data provided for the runs of 4-Cell Embryo, Adult, Dauer, Embryo, L1, L2, L3, L4, L2D-dauer, Post-Dauer.
- * Total of 201 runs analyzed.
- Analysis Methods: (Directly Quoted)
- Pipeline Version: iRAP 0.6.1p9
- Analyzed Libraries: Single-end only
- Filtering Steps:
 - * Step 1- Discard reads below minimum quality threshold.
 - * Step 2- Check of bacterial contamination; discard offending reads.
 - * Step 3- Discard reads with common uncalled characters (e.g. N)
 - * Step 4- Remove reads from pair-end libraries that were orphaned by filtering steps 1-3.
- Read Mapping: Against genome reference (Ensembl Metazoa release: 26) tophat2 version: 2.0.12
- Quantification: htseq2 version: 0.6.1p1
- Normalized Counts Per Gene:
 - * (FPKMs) are calculated from the raw counts by iRAP.
 - * These are averaged for each set of technical replicates, and then quantile normalized within each set of biological replicates using limma.
 - * Finally, they are averaged for all biological replicates (if any)
- Model finished running and I have the results located in files that I will push to github.
- I will run the other model tonight as it would be interrupted by my shutting my computer when I leave later.
- TO DO:
- Run Model with other set of data.
- Continue to research about the empirical data.
- Start writing code to compare the results.

27 July 2016

1 C. Elegans

- I ran the model for the higher hierarchy with dauer included last night and recorded the results in the file “Model_Results_Higher_With_Dauer”.
- The results from yesterday’s run of the lower hierarchy with dauer are in the file “Model_Results_Lowest_With_Dauer”.
- The mean log likelihood for the higher hierarchy with dauer was -57252.98 while the mean log likelihood for the lower hierarchy with dauer was -49394.46.
- In these two files I have the mean value for each weighting coefficients—called beta in the file—and the values of the 2.5% and 97.5% quantiles.
- *** Would overlapping gene use in different life stages affect the weighting and artificially increase or decrease the values in life stages that show similar transcription activity?... e.g. proliferating..
- I would assume that all the cell activity is similar throughout the replication processes in each of the proliferating stages.
- Getting an expected time equal to the full time of proliferation for the 4-cell stage is a hypothesis in the lower hierarchy.
- I further catalogued all of the ages given by the experiment into the same excel file that has the original life stage and order numbers.
- That file name is “Data/Ordered.Time.Spent.Lifestages.Celeg_1.csv”.
- Below I will attach two PDFs that have the graphic results from each trial run.

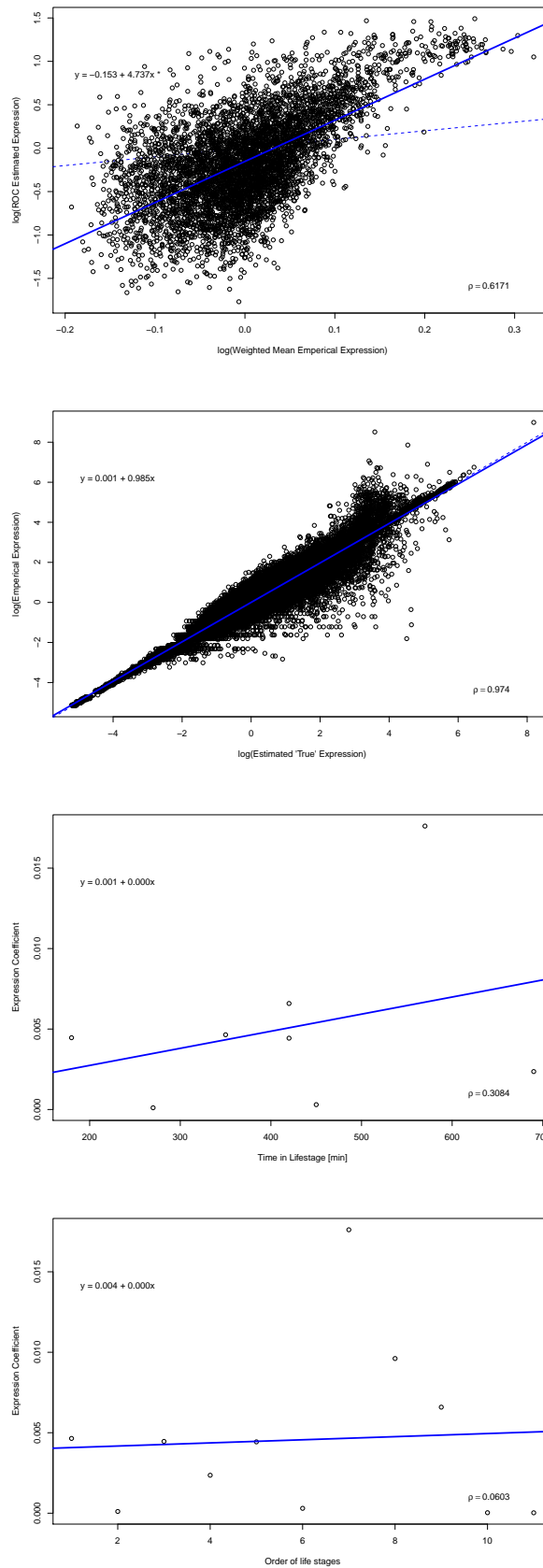


Figure 1: July 27th Graphs From Higher Hierarchy With Dauer Model Run

27 July 2016

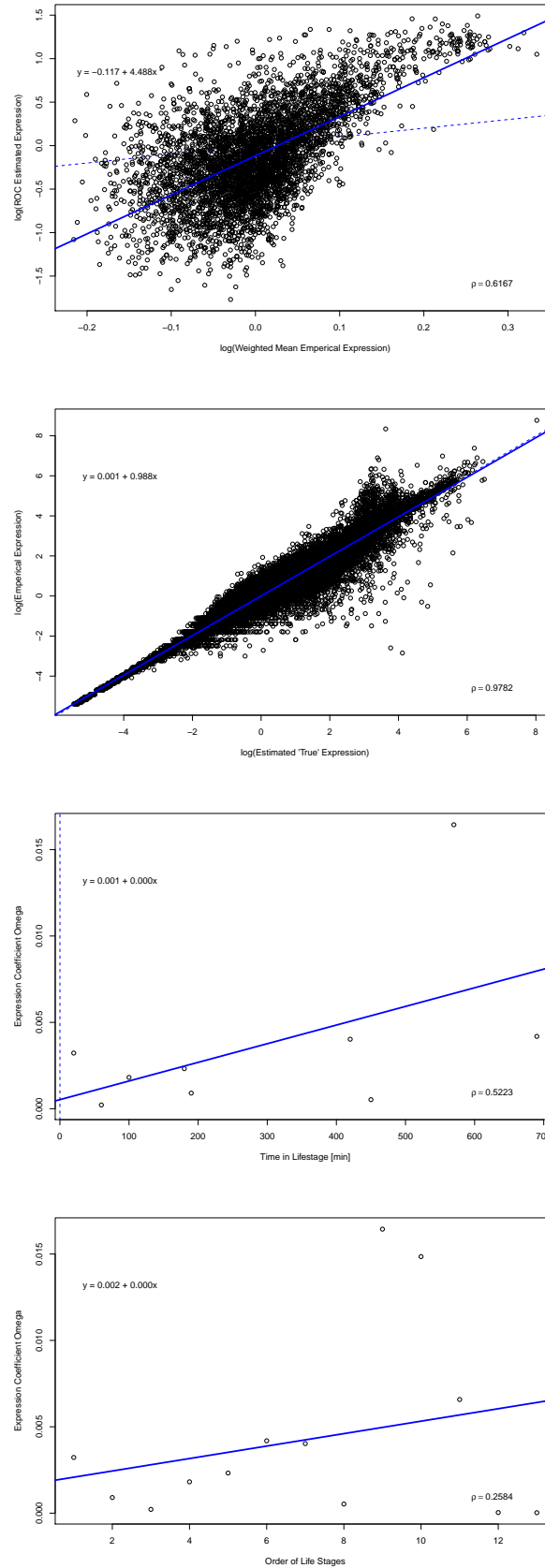


Figure 2: July 27th Graphs From Lower Hierarchy With Dauer Model Run

- **** Need to figure out how to display all 5 of the graphs that are on each pdf by splitting them onto multiple pages so they are not too small to read.
- The first graph for each set of Figures charts the log of the Roc Estimated Expression on the y-axis and the log of the Weighted Mean of the Observed data. *** Need to look at this
- The second graph displays the log Empirical Expression—the observed data— versus the log Estimated True Expression.
- The third graph displays the Time in Lifestage plotted with the Expression Coefficients
- The fourth graph displays the ordering of the life stages.
- I put these expected life stage durations and orderings in the file
- “Data/Ordered.Time.Spent.Lifestages.Celeg_1.csv”.
- The fifth graph displays the original log Roc expression data plotted against the log Mean Empirical Expression.